## Status of the FOOT detectors

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# FOOT silicons for measuring fast protons and light ions

Sensor type:	single-sided
Dimension:	96 x 96 mm <sup>2</sup>
Thickness	150 µm
Implant pitch	50 µm
Readout pitch	150 µm, 640 ch
Readout strips	640
Max trigger rate	Up to ~6 kHz
ASIC	IDE1140 (VA140), IDEAS, Norway
Readout:	ADC board (Perugia) + de10nano FPGA

### Every 3rd strip is bonded



### 64ch CSA ASIC







### vacuum feed-through

signal cables



CAEN DC power unit for silicon bias (controlled by external ARDUINO)

DC supply



### Final two-arm configuration in 2022 10+2 FOOTs + 50 mm LH<sub>2</sub> target







### Step-motor to move inbeam detectors

### Active cooling of FE-boards



### From R3BRoot simulations by A. Revel

Acc. (p,2p)	20%
Res. Theta	2mrad
Res. Vertex_Z	0,17mm
Res. MissM (p,2p)	4,5MeV
Acc. (p,2pn) t,u>0.5GeV/c2	35%
Res. MissP (p,2pn)	3,8MeV

# DAQ tree viewer with 12 FOOT

## Local DAQ node

DE9	all-trig	±5o	±20o	miss	sync-trig	>200
DE1	-12 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	7 ± 12	0%
DE4	-6 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6 ± 11	0%
DE6	-3 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4 ± 12	0%
DE7	-1 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6 ± 12	0%
DE12	-1 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2 ± 12	0%
DE13	-8 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8 ± 12	0%
DE11	-5 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4 ± 11	0%
DE10	0 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-3 ± 11	0%
DE2	-9 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8 ± 12	0%
DE15	-14 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8 ± 12	0%
DE16	-16 ± 13	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6 ± 11	0%
26.7	k localhost	9000 Foot	ГО	23.9M	1.2% <mark>&gt;</mark> 16778.2k	S127.0.0.
	-	-				S -
					>	S -
					< 8395	5k 0.0%
					14679cdf111	15-1 3195
					Ittorycuriii	.15 1.5155
<b>o</b> -	10.99.2.38	Master	192	2.0k 0.1	1%>< 192.6	ik 0.0% –
-0.0	97s -0.005pp	om -7.54u	JS			

 ><	10.99.2.37	LOSV	165.4k	0.0%	><	167.8k	0.0% —	
 ><	10.99.2.91	LOST	108.1k	0.0%	><	108.8k	0.0% —	
 ><	10.99.2.125	FIB3133	1011.5k	0.4%	><	<b>1019.3</b> k	0.1% —	

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# Common DAQ

10	Master	all-trig	±5o	±20o	miss	sync-trig	>20
01	?	-10 ± 24	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	11 ± 26	(
02	S2	318 ± 6	99.9%	0.0%	0.0%		
03	RPC	-35 ± 22	99.9%	0.0%	0.0%	-12 ± 20	(
04	?	-4 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	15 ± 21	(
<b>0</b> 6	?	-1 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	<b>10</b> ± 22	(
07	?	1 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	11 ± 23	(
<b>0</b> 9	?	2 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	5 ± 20	(
0a	CAL_M	1292 ± 23	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	498 ± 20	(
0b	CAL_W	1307 ± 22	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	529 ± 19	(
0c	?	1 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	7 ± 22	(
0d	?	-6 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	14 ± 22	(
0e	Music	231 ± 6	99.9%	0.0%	0.0%	234 ± 6	(
0f	?	-3 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	<b>10</b> ± 21	(
12	?	2 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	4 ± 23	(
13	?	-7 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	14 ± 22	(
14	?	-12 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	12 ± 23	(
15	?	-14 ± 23	90.9%	0.0%	0.0%	12 ± 23	(
	20.7	'k 10,10,24	.15	<b>TO</b> 182	25.8k	0.2%	т
	20.1	_	_			>>	- 510
	02:1	. <mark>9</mark> 9958.3M	/d/land7/	202205_	s522/ln	nd∕idle_main0109_0	0001
	02:1	9 2677.5M	/d/land7/	202205	s522/1n	nd/idle main0109 0	0002



lmd

### Available detectors/electronics

- 10 for R3B + 6 for FRS
  - 3 are currently in Perugia for fixing broken bonds, will be picked up soon
- All necessary cables/connectors are available since 2022
- 5 additional sensors from HAMAMATSU are delivered to GSI • Will be transported to Perugia for FE assembly and bonding, ASICs are ready for all 5 dets
- - Expected to be ready in autumn 2023
- (DE10-nano + ADC boards + CAEN HV) x 15 some ADC/HV have problems, will be tested
- New IR laser for testing silicons is available in the detector lab (safety checks are passed)
- Mechanics for the test is not yet assembled
  - A system for moving the laser beam on the detector surface has to be prepared
- 8+2 detectors are available for the upcoming beamtime

# Jülich test in July 2023

### Similar to FOOT-L3T setup from 2021 test in Jülich



Each detector will be mounted in individual protection box

Electronics box for two FOOTs





## New cables for the upcoming experiments





- Replacement of the temporary used flat cables
- All new LEMO cables are delivered (with ERNI connectors on the det side)
- Tested for only one FOOT during 2022 beamtime
- LEMO vacuum feedthroughs are available, 3 additional flanges will be prepared
- The cables are bulky and stiff! May need to be shortened on the vacuum side

- 1 FOOT = 2 LEMO
- 1 flange = 5 LEMO
- 10 FOOTs = 20 LEMO = 4 flanges





- Further analysis and investigations under different conditions are needed:
  - Varying trigger rates, physical rates and amplitudes of signal into ASICs
  - Testing with infrared laser
  - Trying alternative ASIC <—> FPGA communication
- Understanding "strange" signals in edge channels of every ASIC
- Increasing possible trigger rate as much as possible
  - At present full readout cycle is  $\sim 80$  us. In the experiment operated at max  $\sim 6$  kHz (deadtime set to  $\sim 150$  us)
- Testing readout with FEBEX4 (N. Kurz, K. Koch) instead of ADC understanding dependence of the baseline on the trigger rate
- Possibility of getting a test board from IDAS (ADC+FPGA+firmware) with the Mezzanine board for the ASIC
- Modify/improving FE circuit?
- At present, no zero suppression is implemented in the DAQ —> large data size
- Hybrid configuration with ALPIDE detectors for the upcoming experiments?

# Outlook



