

SFRS magnet testing and conformity (R25.1, R25.2)

Kei Sugita

on behalf of S-FRS sc magnet production and testing work packages

26th FAIR Machine Advisory Committee Meeting





Outline

- Work package description
- Recommendations addressed (R25.1, R25.2)
- Magnet production and testing status
- Conformities
- Schedule
- Summary





Work package description



Dipole magnet production

WPL: Hans Müller

FAIR procurement French in-kind, technical follow-up by CEA





Production & Factory acceptance test (FAT) **FAT** acceptance

Transport permission to CERN

Multiplet production

WPL: Eun Jung (Melanie) Cho German in-kind



Production & Factory acceptance test (FAT) FAT acceptance

Transport permission to CERN

Magnet testing at CERN



WPL: Kei Sugita (interim) German in-kind Collaboration with CERN

Site Acceptance Test (SAT)

SAT acceptance Transport permission to GSI

SAT acceptance Transport permission to GSI

Pre-assembly

responsible: Vasileios Velonas 🝱 🖼 🎹



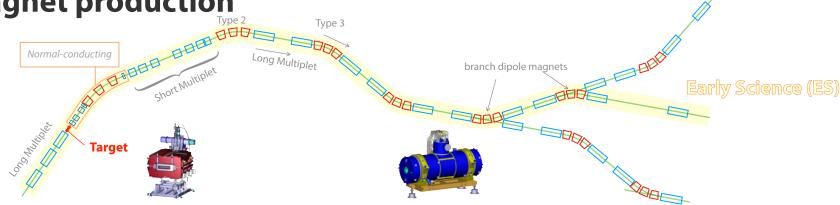
incoming inspections preparation and interface setup for installation, storage





Work package description

magnet production



	Dipole magı	net ELY	TT ENERGY	Multip	lets	SUPERCONDUCTO	7 RS									
	Type 2	Type 3	Branch		24 diff	24 different configurations										
total quantity	3	18	3	7 short + 23 long												
for ES	3	10	2		7 shor	t + 13 long (16	types)									
length [m]	3.3	3.0	3.0	2.7 to 7.0												
height [m]	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3												
weight [ton]	52	55	49	27 to 65												
LHe volume [L]	50	50	50													
aperture [mm]	170×794	170×794	170×794			380										
				Short Quadrupole	Long Quadrupole	Sextupole	Steering Dipole	Octupole (in SQ)								
number of magnets	3	18	3	44	34	41	14	42								
max. current [A]	260	260	308	330	330	320	308	176								
inductance [H]	26	23	23	30	42	1.04	0.07	0.1								
stored energy [MJ]	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.77	1.1	0.037	0.0026	0.0013								

FAIR

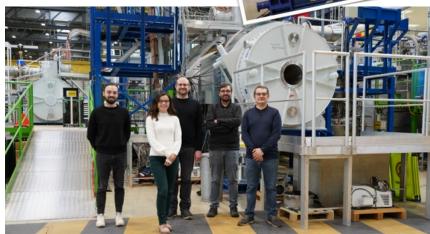


Bulletin CERN

Work package description

- magnet testing collaboration with CERN
 - CERN prepares and maintains the facility as available
 - GSI coordinates and executes the testing
 - five experts from GSI are seconded
 - leave of two colleagues (end of Oct. /early next year)
 - replacement hiring processes ongoing
 - support resource from GSI to CERN









Work package description





- incoming check
- setup interfaces
- room temp. testing
- documentations
- ready for installation (storage)





Experts from various GSI departments involved. Respectful cooperation is essential.





Recommendations addressed

- R25.1
 - Consider the design, procurement and validation of a spare moving fluxmeter.
- Critical components of the fluxmeter were delivered.
- As redundancy, we have a stretched wire system, which will be actually used as main device for the field measurement of the series dipole magnets. The existing fluxmeter can be used as back up of the stretched wire.





Recommendations addressed

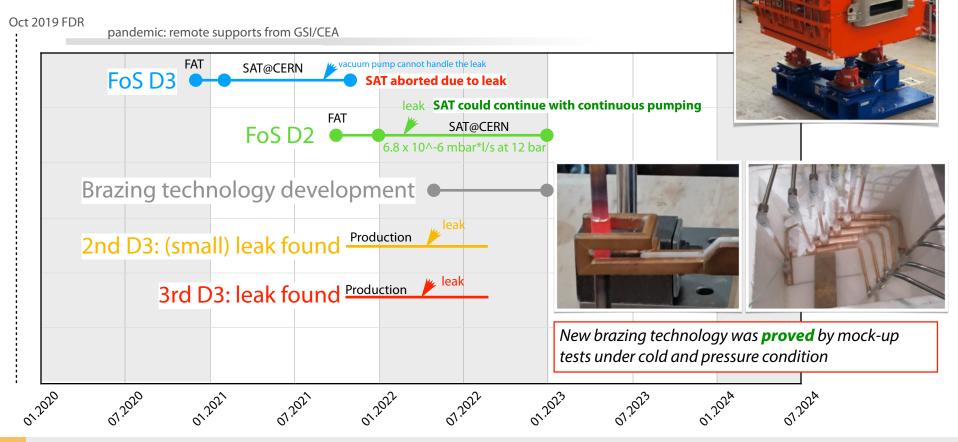
- R25.2
 - Add additional holding points and reception tests both at the manufacturer's premises and after delivery to CERN.
- Yes. Most of the contents below are related to finding of non-conformities and actions taken by GSI/FAIR





dipole magnet (2022)

Leak from the thermal shield requiring **new brazing technology development (completed)**







dipole magnet (2023)

2nd D3: High voltage test failure (Jan.)



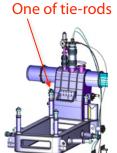
3rd D3: leak and bad quality of old brazings







leak vacuum/outside (Sep.)







Many problems

Reparation actions and re-assembly process required more time and efforts than expected.

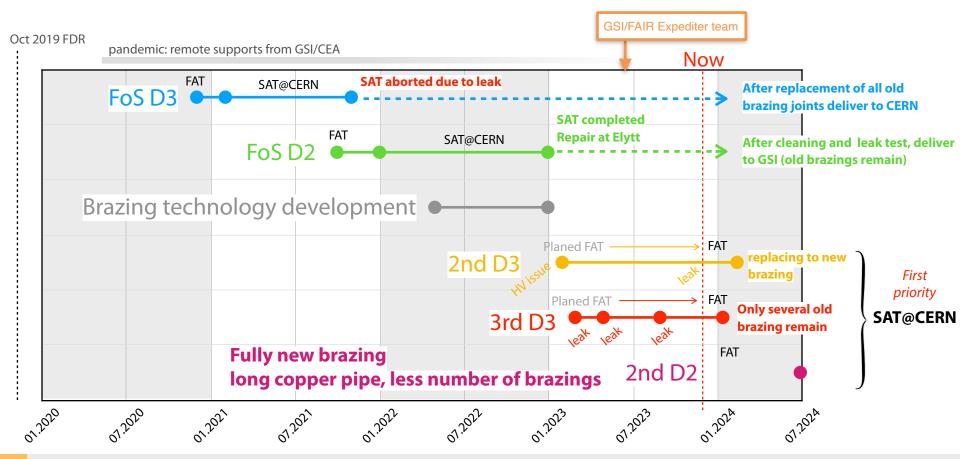




dipole magnet

No magnet delivery in 2023

Beginning of 2024, 2 dipole magnets will be delivered to CERN







dipole magnet

D08 (B0)

D09 (B0)

D10 (B0)

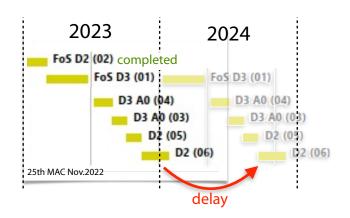
D11 (Branch B)

D12 (B2)

D14 (Branch C)

D15 (C1)

		dipole magnet (ES releva	ant)
	Name	status / issues	next step
1	FoS D2	SAT completed	reparation at Elytt, transport to GSI
2	2nd D2	production ongoing (fully new brazing)	transport to CERN (prio. 1)
3	3rd D2		
4	FoS D3	reparation (leak)	transport to CERN
5	2nd D3	reparation (HV, <mark>leak</mark>)	transport to CERN (prio. 1)
6	3rd D3	reparation (leak)	transport to CERN (prio. 1)
7	D07 (B0)		



Production status

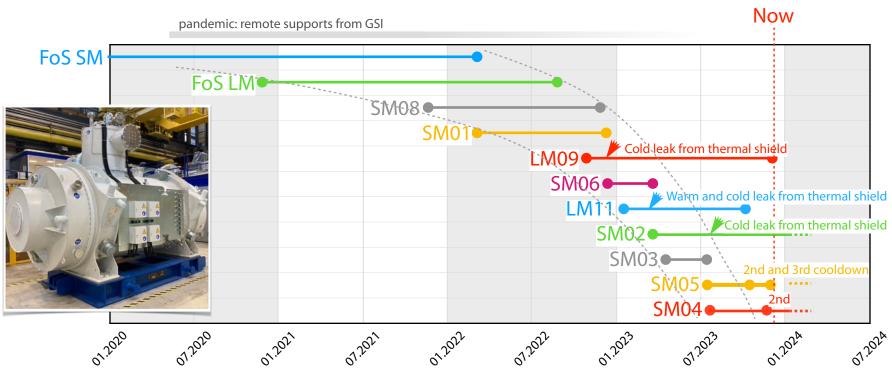
- coil: completed for 11 magnets
- yoke: completed for 6 magnets, for 5 magnets ongoing
- branch dipole magnets
 - cryostat production resumed (subcontractor in China)
 - an alternative manufacturer (subcontractor in EU) of the coil casing (soon)
- 2 production lines are operational since mid-2023
- presence of GSI and CEA for critical production, testing, FAT process
- additional platform will be available in Feb. 2024 for 2 dipole magnets at benches





multiplets

Testing@CERN

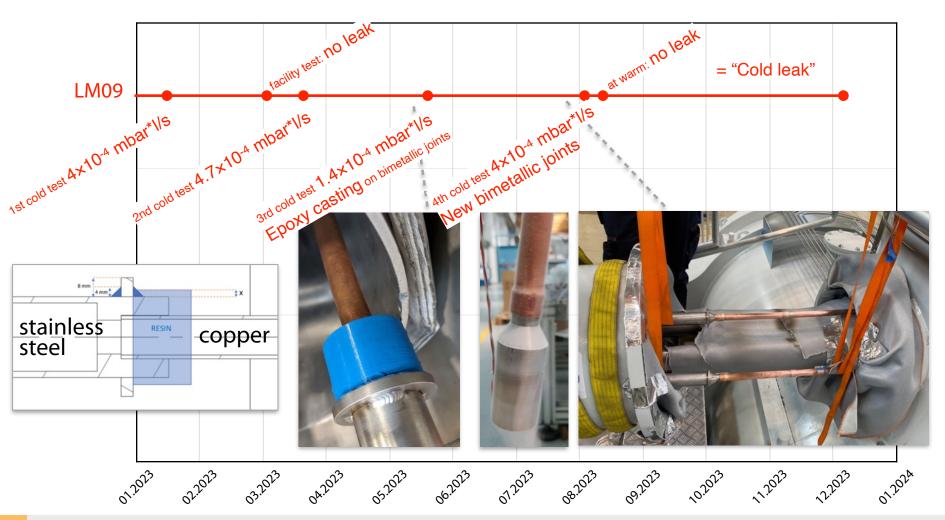


- Testing is "series" mode: SM06, SM03 / SM05, SM04 (several cold down to prove no leak)
 - Delay is due to non-conformity of the multiplets (NOT due to test activity/facility)
- LM09, LM11, SM02: leak from the thermal shield, no leak detected at warm FAT



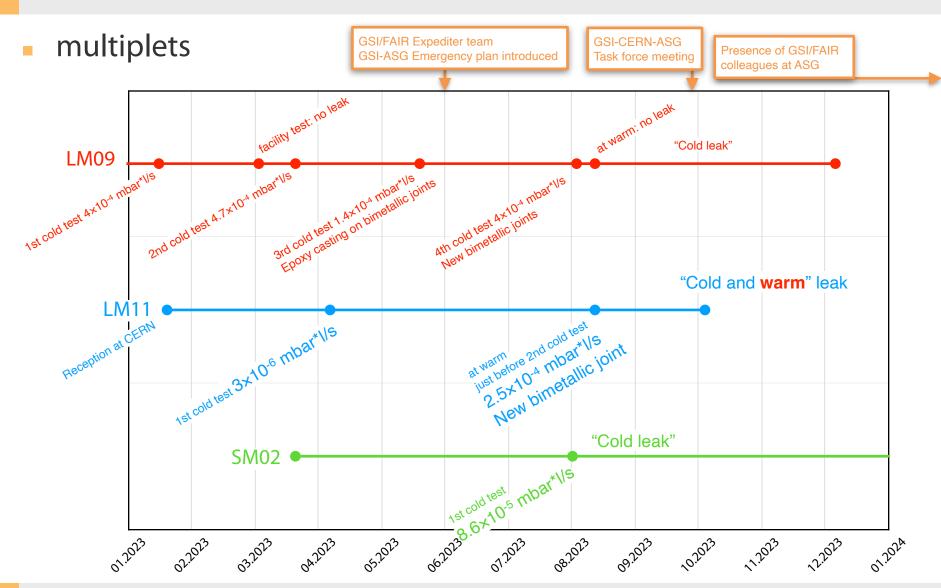


multiplets LM09







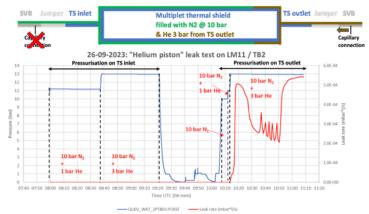




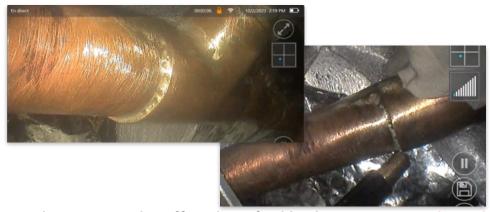


multiplets LM11

Investigation at CERN by GSI/CERN

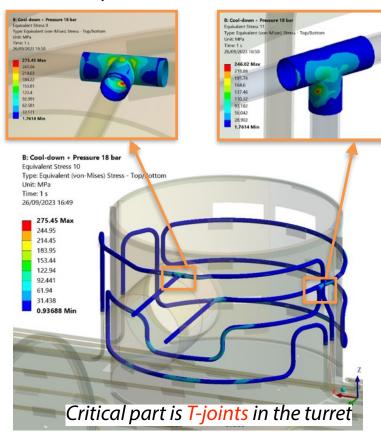


Helium piston indicated the leak at outlet side



Endoscope and sniffer identified leak at T-joint outlet side

FEM simulation by ASG



LM11 was sent back to ASG for further investigation and reparation



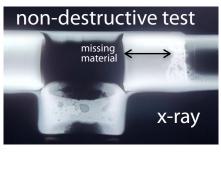


multiplets LM11
Investigation by GSI-CERN-ASG

x-ray inspection

- validated for brazing qualification
- all joints from now on will be x-ray tested
- acceptance decided with agreed criteria

 to be introduced to the dipole magnet as well (under discussion)

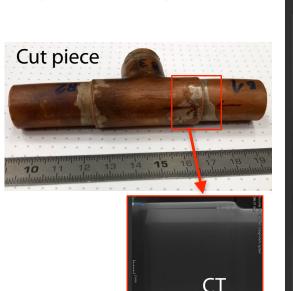


Root cause:

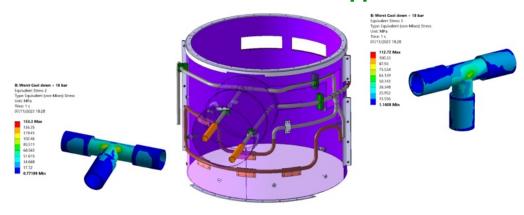
Bad brazing quality of T joint, possible damage associated with the high stress.

Proposed solution (under discussion):

Replacement with stainless steel pipes and welding to reduce number of brazing/ additional mechanical supports







- reparation at ASG with presence of GSI at workshop
- after reparation and successful FAT, LM11 will be delivered to CERN in Feb. 2024 for re-SAT.
- root cause investigation and reparation on LM09 and SM02 must be done (only "cold leak")
- discussion on the other manufactured multiplets is ongoing



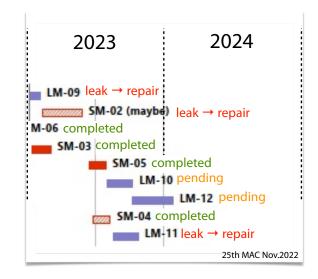


multiplets

going well critical on-hold

		• Off-fiold		
		multiplets (ES relevant)		
	name	status	next step	D
1	LM11	cold and warm leak / repair at ASG	re-test at CERN	high radiation area
2	LM09	cold leak	repair	atior
3	LM10	FAT approved (test pending)	repair or CERN	radië
4	SM06	pre-assembly completed	repair] <u>d</u>
5	FoS SM	pre-assembly completed (leak accepted)	installation	ح
6	SM03	pre-assembly ongoing	installation	
7	SM01	pre-assembly completed	installation	
8	SM04	cold test at CERN (no leak)	repair or GSI	
9	SM05	cold test at CERN (no leak)	repair or GSI	
10	SM08	pre-assembly completed	installation	
11	LM14	FAT approved (test pending)	repair or CERN	
12	LM18	assembly suspended	x-ray inspec.	
13	LM20	FAT approved (test pending)	repair or CERN	
14	LM21	magnet production ongoing		
15	LM22	magnet production ongoing		
16	LM23	magnet set completed	module assembly	
17	LM25	magnet production ongoing		
		pre-assembly completed		
18	FoS LM	(to be swapped to LM12)	installation	
19	LM15	FAT approved (conditional)	repair or CERN	
20	LM29	FAT approved (test pending)	repair or CERN	
	LM12	magnet production ongoing		
	LM13	magnet production ongoing		

		multiplets (not ES relevant)	
	name	status	next step
•••	SM02	spare / cold leak	repair
	LM16	FAT 90%	FAT completion
	LM17	FAT submitted (approval pending)	FAT approval
	LM19	magnet set completed	module assembly
	LM27	magnet set completed	module assembly







multiplets







Conformities

CAT rocults

5	AT re	sults							partia	lly ok	
	/	34163							not	ok	
	condition	subject	FoS D2	FoS SM	FoS LM	SM08	SM01	LM09	SM06	SM03	
SAT Aa	on lorry	incoming goods inspection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	warm	accelerometer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		visual check	-		-			-			
		continuity test	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
		sensor alive test	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		LV test	-	-		-		-	-	-	
		HV test		-		-	-	-	-	-	
		continuity test		-			-	-	-	-	
		sensor alive test	-	-			-	-	-	-	
		LV test	-	-		-	-	-		-	
SAT Ab	warm	continuity test		-	-	-	-		-	-	
		sensor alive test	·	-	-	-		-	-		
	warm vacuum	external vacuum leak test		-	-	-				-	
		internal helim leak test		-	-	-	-			-	
		external helium leak test			-	-	-		-	-	
	cool down	cool down duration to 80 K		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	at 4 K	static heat load to 80 K			-	-		-	-	-	
		static heat load to 4 K					-				
		HV test		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	J
		sensor alive test	-	-	-						Λ
	powering	dynamic heat load						-		-	
		powering test				-	-	-	•		
		magnetic field measurement*	-	ja.		-		-	-	-	
		magnetic axis measurement				-		-	-		
	warm vacuum	continuity test	•	-					•	·	1
		sensor alive test	-	-	-	-	-		14	-	
	warm	HV test		-	-	-	-		-	-	
		continuity test		-	-	-	-		-	-	
		sensor alive test	-	,,	,-	,-	-		pa		
	others	fiducialization			-	-	-	-		-	
		accelerometer		-	-	-			\$ \$		
									. ~ ~		i 🗀

electrical test failures / leak from connectors mostly solved by interventions by the manufacturers

criteria of the magnetic property is set to most demanding magnets, but which is actually depends on the location along S-FRS.

for every magnet, beam optics evaluation is being executed.

clarification of the criteria.

- clear evaluation of FAT at the manufacturers on big issues
 - emergency plan, task forces ✓

regular meeting on QA 🗸

• follow up of non-conformities, to track and monitor the quality in general

minor issues / non-conformities

- intervention: time consuming at CERN/GSI
- tighter quality control at the manufacturers is being introduced.
- presence of GSI at workshop

accepted conditionally accepted rejected

ok

*as set of the magnets **evaluation on FoSD3, LM11, SM02 (to be prepared) and SM05, SM04 are ongoing.

Acceptance



Schedule

- testing planning: critical (incl. re-test of the repaired magnets)
 - with number of assumptions on the productions
 - must be optimised and adapted to the reality with flexibilities
 - intensive "repaired" and "improved" magnet testing in 2024

2023									_			
		10-2	2023			11-2	2023			12-2	2023	
reception												
•												
	SM05											
test bench												
test bellell			SM04									
	LM09											
shipping	SM02											
shipping	LM11	LM11										

tentative schedule, to be confirmed

2024																								
		01-2	2024	-	02-2024				03-2024				04-7	2024			05-7	2024		06-2024				
					SCD_06	SCD_06						7	LM09(Re)	LM09(Re)	LM09(Re)		SM06(Re)	SM06(Re)	SM06(Re)	SM06(Re)	SM06(Re)	SM06(Re)		
reception						LM11(Re)	LM11(Re)			1					LM10	LM10					SM02(Re)	SM02(Re)	SM02(Re)	SM02(Re)
						'			SCD_05	SCD_05		1	ĺ					[
	SM05	SM05	SM05	SM05							SCD_05	SCD_05	SCD_05	SCD_05	SCD_05	LM09(Re)								
test bench						,	SCD_06		SM06(Re)	SM06(Re)														
	SM04	SM04	SM04	SM04	SM04	SM04		LM11(Re)	LM10															
					SM05	SM05	SM05										LM11(Re)	LM11(Re)				SCD_06	SCD_06	SCD_06
shipping	SM02	SM02	SM02													SCD_05	SCD_05	SCD_05	SCD_05					
3							SM04	SM04	SM04															



Summary

dipole magnets

- new brazing technology is being implemented. (technical /schedule risk)
- all defects on all magnets must be cured. (technical risk)

multiplets

GSI approved reparation and quality control strategy must be implemented.
 (technical / schedule risk)

testing

- the magnet modules must be passed FAT with presence of GSI.
- the magnet modules quality must be verified by GSI at SAT@CERN.
- GSI resource at CERN must be refilled very urgently (schedule risk)
- how to speed-up testing, compress test duration (under discussion)

overall project schedule

must be re-established as soon as reliable production plans are available.



Many thanks to GSI/FAIR colleagues, CEA and CERN experts as well as the colleagues from the manufacturers.

