

Super FRS: status, plans, challenges, hopes, help needed

Haik Simon – GSI Darmstadt

Hopes: Universe in the Laboratory: Exotic Nuclei

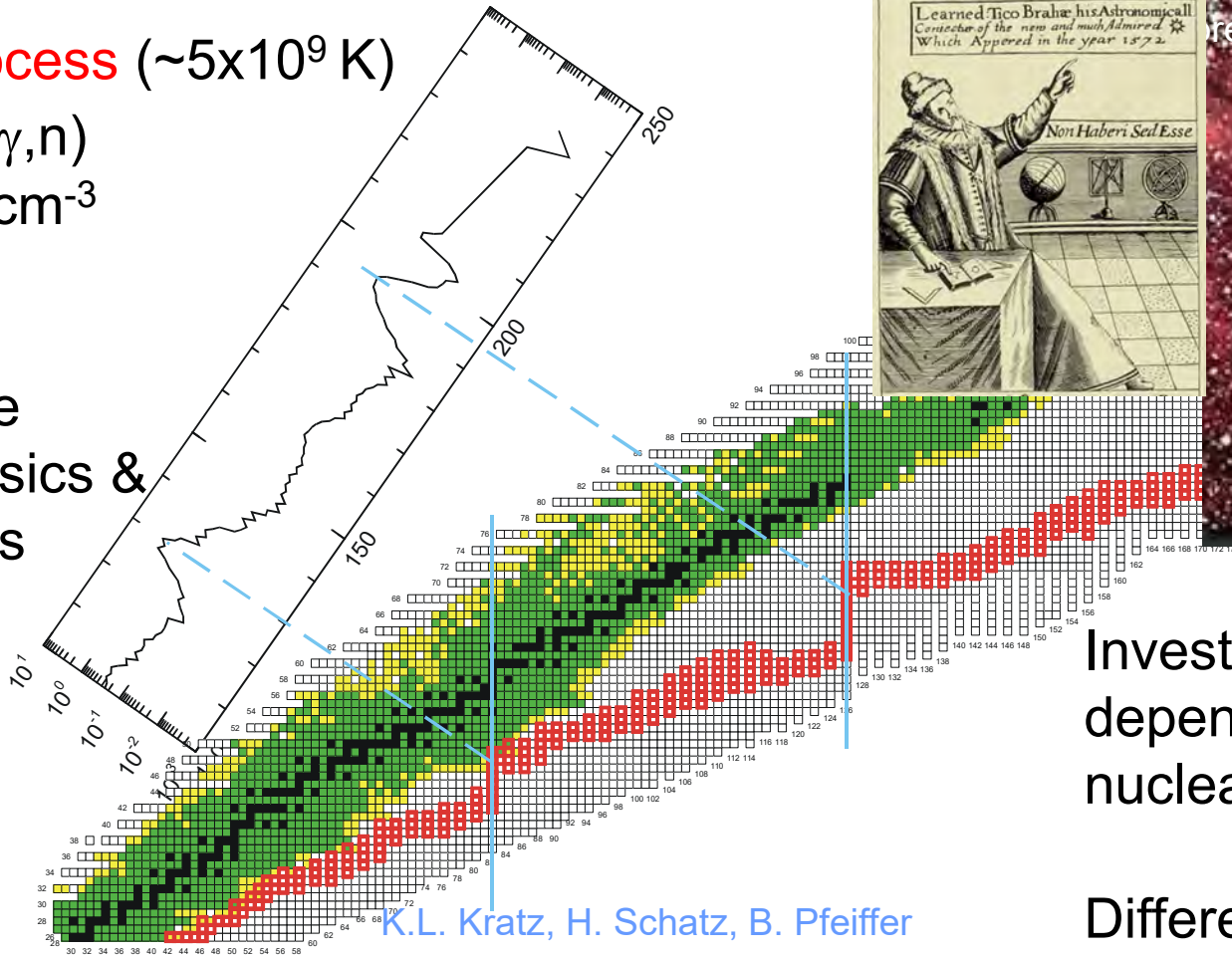
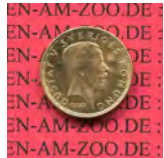
Sites of Nucleosynthesis ($A \geq 56$)

e.g. **r-process** ($\sim 5 \times 10^9$ K)

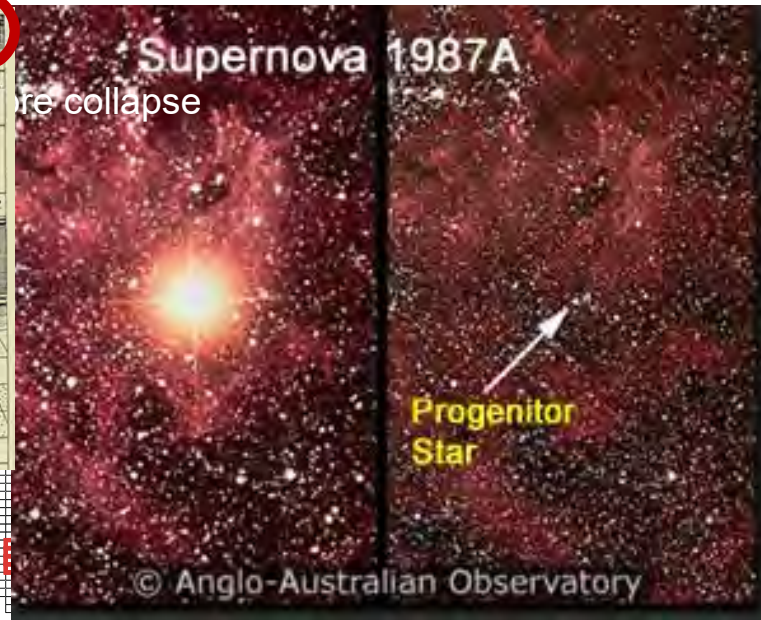
$(n, \gamma) \leftrightarrow (\gamma, n)$

$n \geq 10^{20} \text{ cm}^{-3}$

**Nuclear
Structure
Astrophysics &
Reactions**



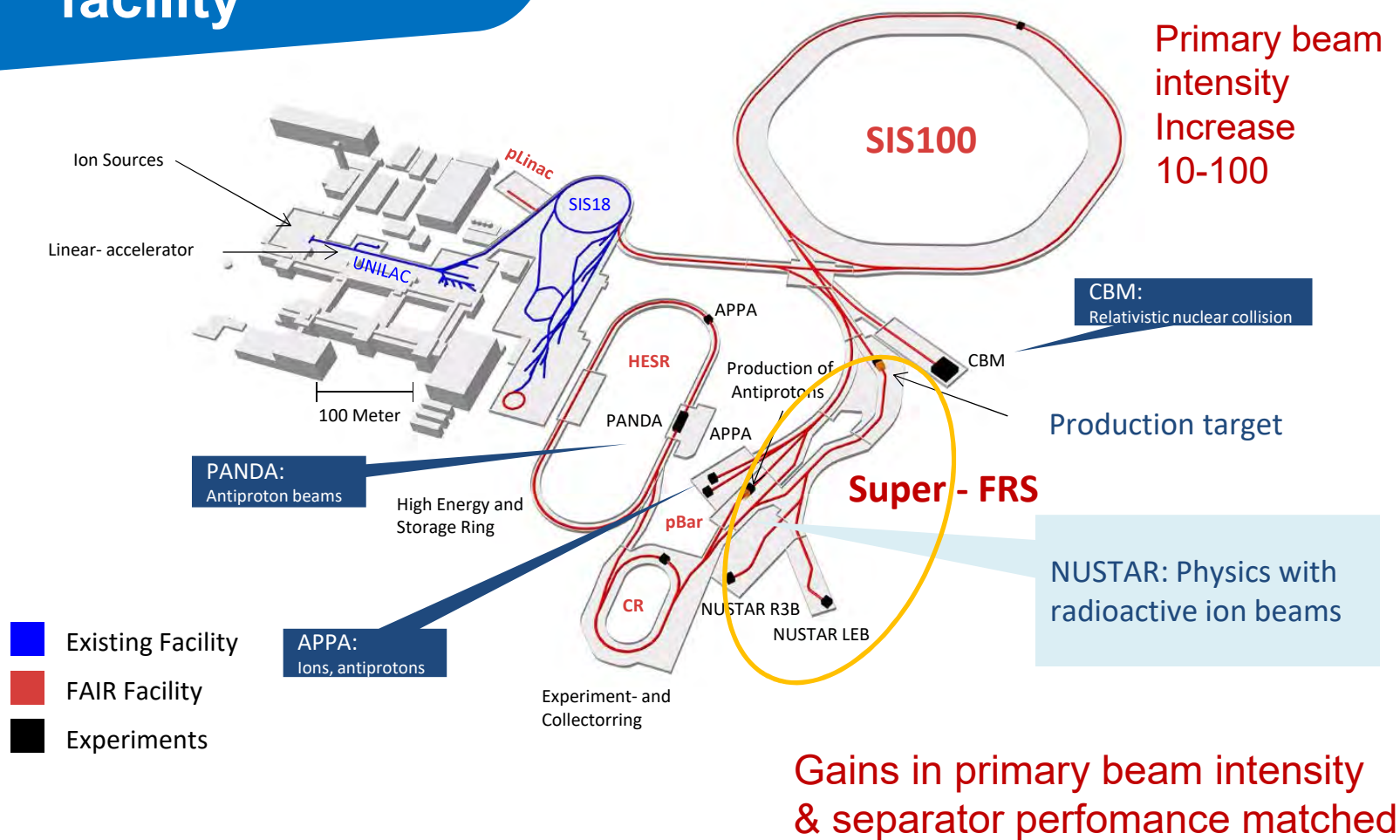
K.L. Kratz, H. Schatz, B. Pfeiffer



Investigate abundance pattern depends strongly on nuclear structure - **extrapolation** !

Different probes in variety of **NUSTAR** experiments → J. Gerl

FAIR – schematic view of the facility

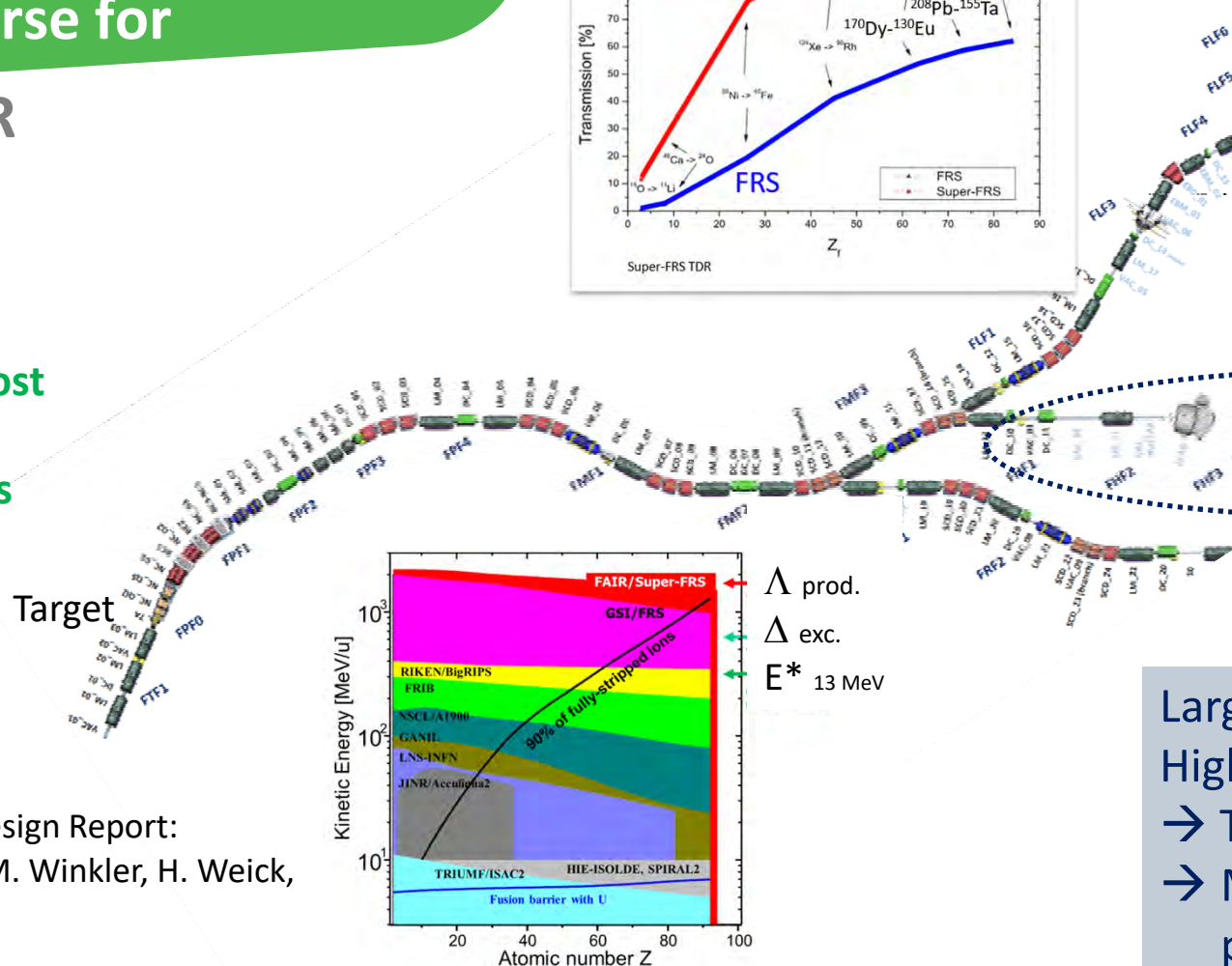
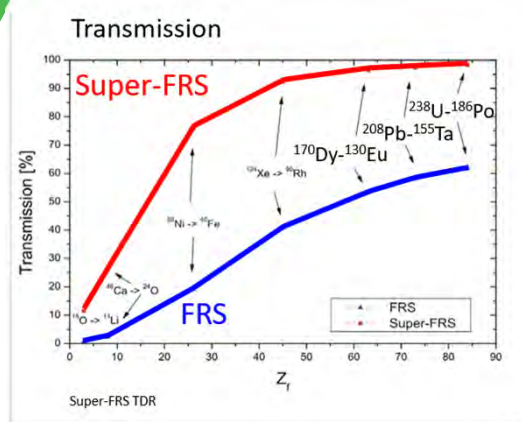


Super-FRS (@SIS18/SIS100) workhorse for NUSTAR



One of
worlds most
powerful
separators
for exotic
nuclei

Technical Design Report:
H. Geissel, M. Winkler, H. Weick,
et al. (2009)



Low energy
Branch with
Energy buncher

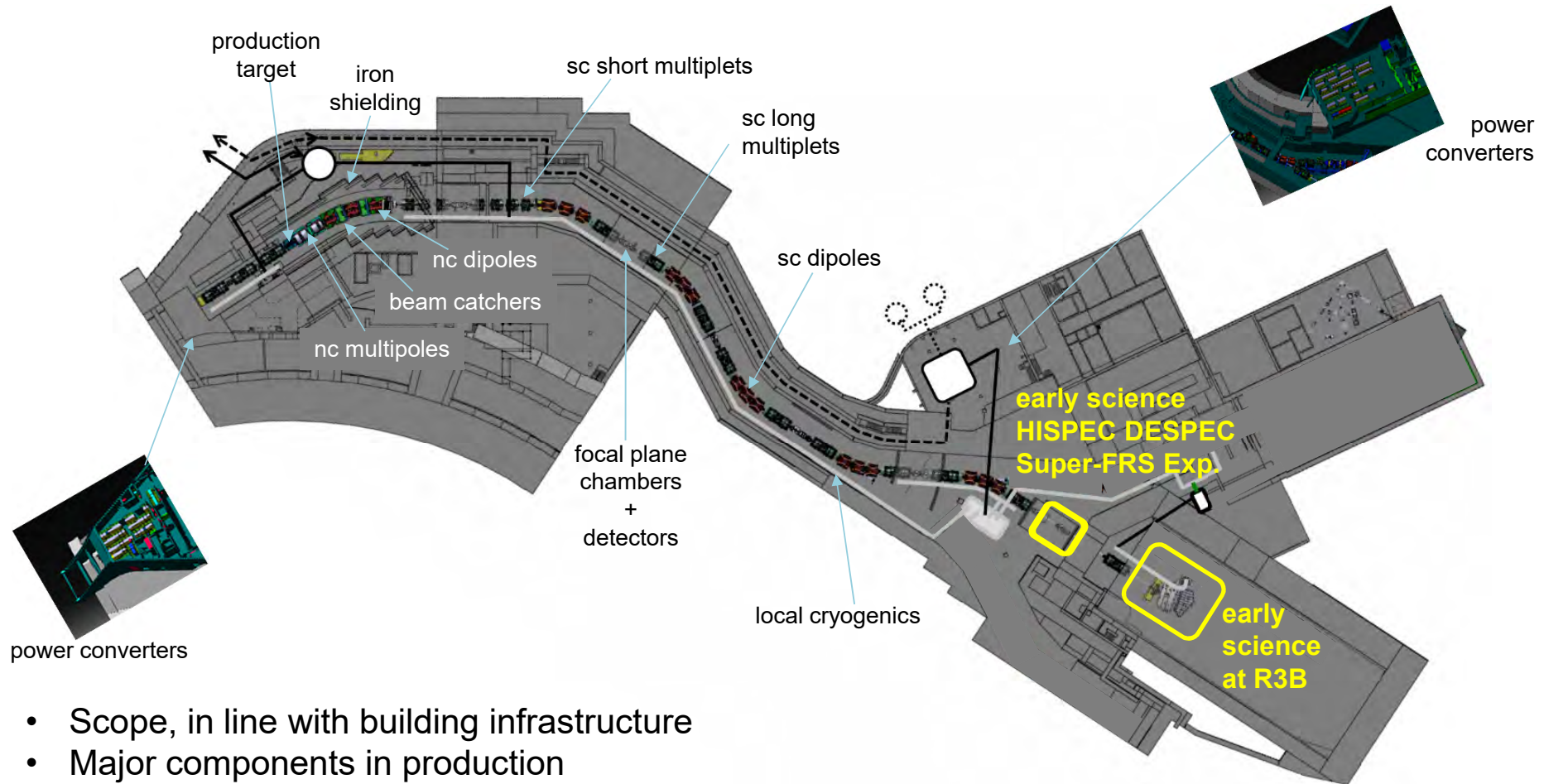
High energy Branch

Early Science Objective

Ring Branch

Large acceptance
High rigidity, minimized losses
→ Thick production targets
→ Most effective use of
primary beam for experiments

Status: Main components for early science aiming for 2026/2027



- Scope, in line with building infrastructure
- Major components in production

Status: Example for major component: sc multiplets in series production

i	Nomenclature	ASG-Name	Task Name	2019					2020				2021				2022				2023	
				Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
			FAT																			
✓	FPF2YMQ12	FoS SM	SM_02 FoS																			
✓	FHF1YMQ11	FoS LM	LM_11 FoS																			
✓	FSP1YMQ01	SM-02	SM_08 (spare)																			
✓	FPF3YMQ11	SM-01	SM_04																			
✓	FPF2YMQ13	SM-03	SM_03																			
✓	FPF3YMQ12	SM-04	SM_05																			
	FPF3YMK14	SM-08	SM_07																			
	FTF1YMQ06	LM-09	LM_01																			
	FTF1YMQ09	LM-10	LM_02																			
	FTF1YMQ04	LM-11	LM_03																			
	FPF3YMQ13	SM-05	SM_06																			
	FPF2YMQ11	SM-06	SM_01																			
	FHF2YMQ11	LM-29	LM_13																			
	FPF4YMQ11	LM-14	LM_04																			
	FMF1YMQ21	LM-20	LM_06																			
	FHF1YMQ21	LM-15	LM_12																			
	FRF3YMQ21	LM-16	LM_22																			
	FLF2YMQ21	LM-17	LM_16																			
	FMF1YMQ11	LM-18	LM_05																			
	FMF3YMQ21	LM-25	LM_10																			
	FMF2YMQ11	LM-21	LM_07																			
	FMF2YMQ21	LM-22	LM_08																			
	FMF3YMO11	LM-23	LM_09																			

FoS SM

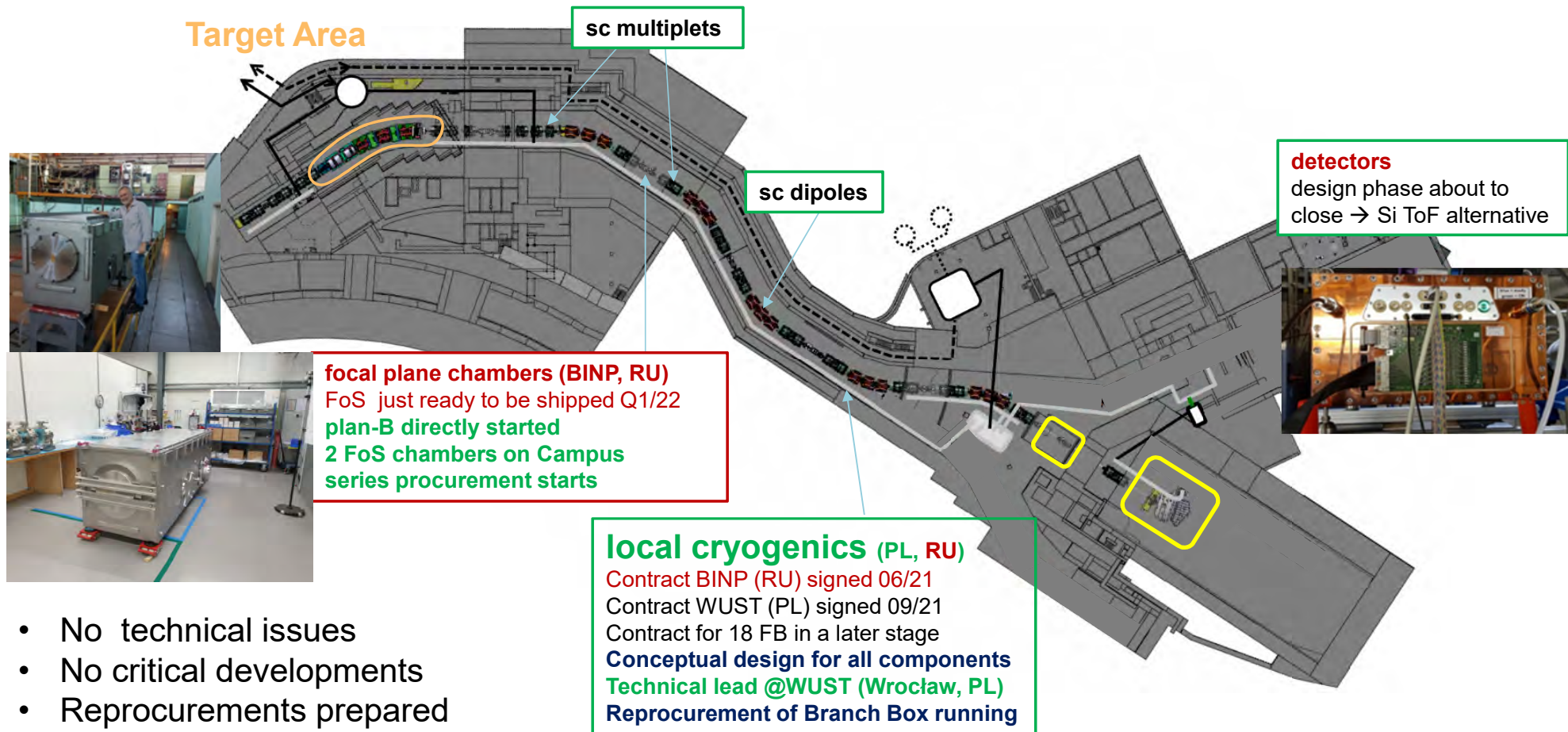
early science



early science
(20 multiplets)

First-of-Series Magnets tested
at GSI and prepared for tunnel

Status & Challenges: Russian in-kind: replacement strategy necessary



Status & Challenges: Russian in-kind: replacement strategy necessary

Target Area

Target chamber

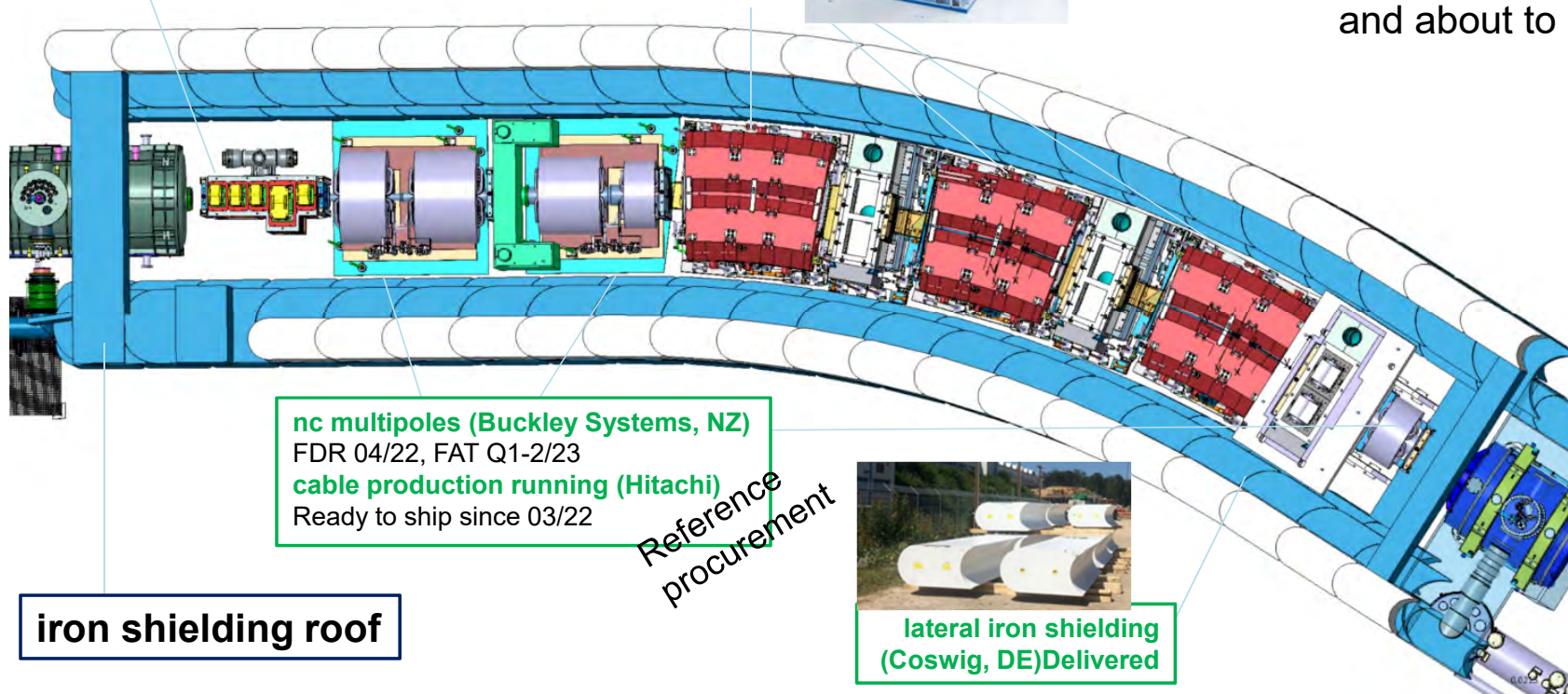
nc dipoles (2 of 3 BINP)

FoK dipole on campus 1/3

FDR yoke ready, production

about to be started, cable delivery Q1/23

Tender starts asap (kickoff next week).



nc multipoles (Buckley Systems, NZ)

FDR 04/22, FAT Q1-2/23

cable production running (Hitachi)

Ready to ship since 03/22

iron shielding roof

Reference
procurement



lateral iron shielding
(Coswig, DE) Delivered

- No technical issues
- No critical developments
- Reprocurements prepared and about to start.

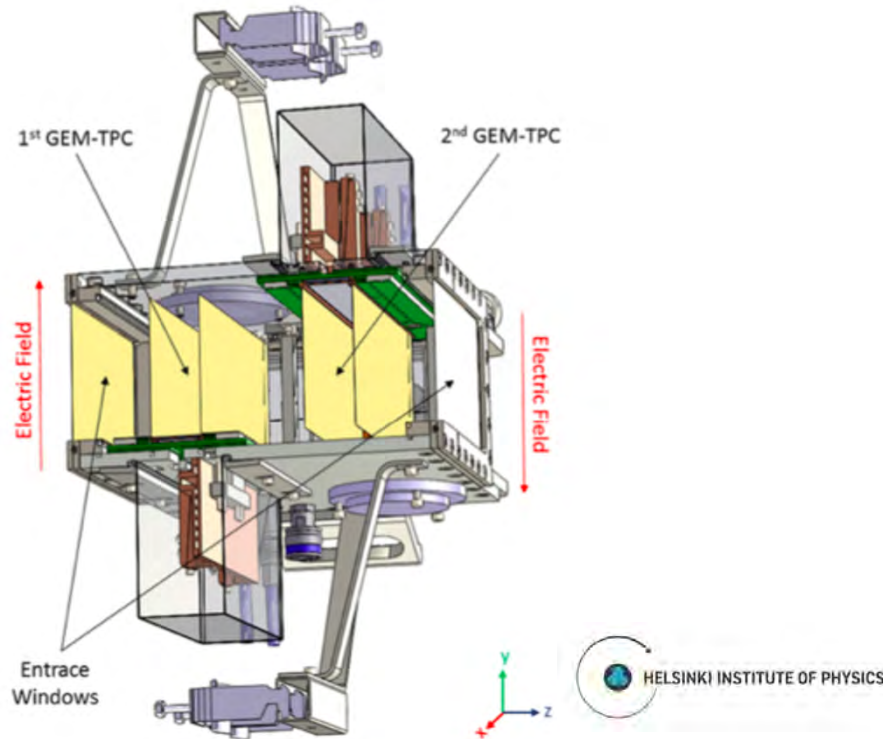
Status: Next steps

- Apart from Ion Optical Hardware:
Instrumentation / Related Analysis / Software
is key factor for the **performance** of the separator
- Short Development Cycles → Late in the chain
- Cutting Edge technology
with synergies to HEP-Astrophysics
Communities



Technical challenges in instrumentation

Example: GEM TPC for high rate tracking (Super-FRS)



F. Garcia, *et al.*, Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A 884 (2018) 18–24.
A. Prochazka, *et al.*, GSI Scientific Report (2014) 500 [doi:10.15120/GR-2015-1-FG-SFRS-04](https://doi.org/10.15120/GR-2015-1-FG-SFRS-04)

Beam Particle ID
→ $B\rho$ - ΔE -TOF method:
Requirements

$$\begin{array}{lcl} B\rho = A/Z \cdot \beta \cdot \gamma & \rightarrow & A/Z, P \\ \text{TOF} = L/\beta & \rightarrow & \\ \Delta E \sim Z^2/\beta^2 & \rightarrow & Z \end{array}$$

Pos res. $\sigma \leq 1 \text{ mm}$

Timing res. $\sigma: 50 \text{ ps}$

ΔE resolution $\sigma: 1\text{-}2 \%$

$p \dots U$: large dynamic range

Rate capability some MHz

high rate also required for calorimetry with gas detectors

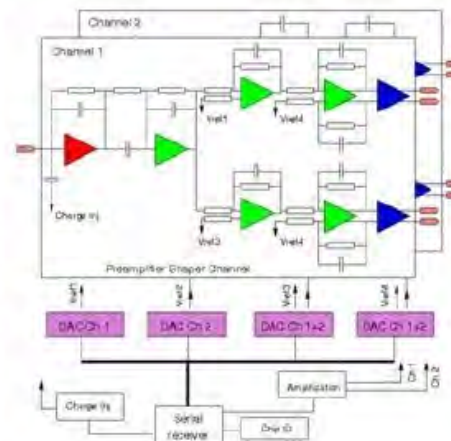
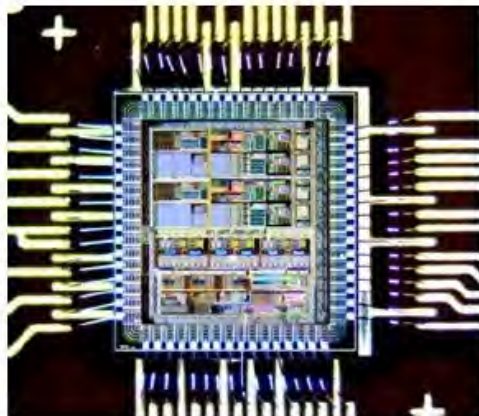
-sampling techniques / timestamped readout

digital signal processing

Technical challenges in instrumentation

Example: GEM TPC for high rate tracking (Super-FRS)

PANDA – EMC: Barrel Readout Electronics



APFEL ASIC 1.5 overview:

Analog Readout

- Each readout channel consist of
 - charge sensitive preamplifier
 - third order shaper stage
 - differential output driver
- Two outputs per channel with different amplification to cover the dynamic range
- Two equivalent channels per chip

Digital Part:

- Serial interface on chip for the auto calibration to detect the right DC voltages for a given temperature to cover the whole dynamic range
- Optional charge injection
- Read and write of the DAC settings
- Chip ID for single chip bus communication

K. Brinkmann/U. Thoma – ASIC:

P. Wieczorek and H. Flemming, *IEEE Nucl. Sci. Sym. & Med. Imag. Conf.* (2010) 1319

APFEL ASIC (0,35 μ m AMS): 2 outputs with different GAIN

Digital interface for configuration

Rate/ch. \sim 350kHz

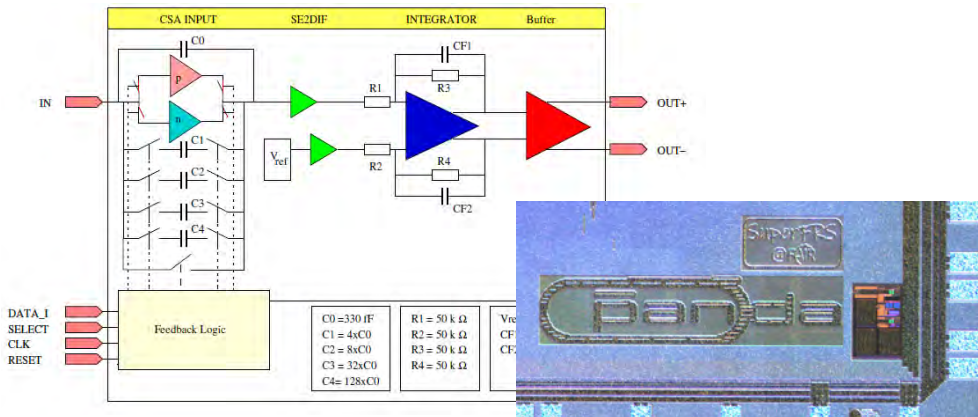
Power \leq 50 mW/ch (22k Ch.)

➔ Similar Demands for GEM-TPC
ASIC developments & Systems

Technical challenges in instrumentation

Example: GEM TPC for high rate tracking (Super-FRS)

AWAGS ASIC



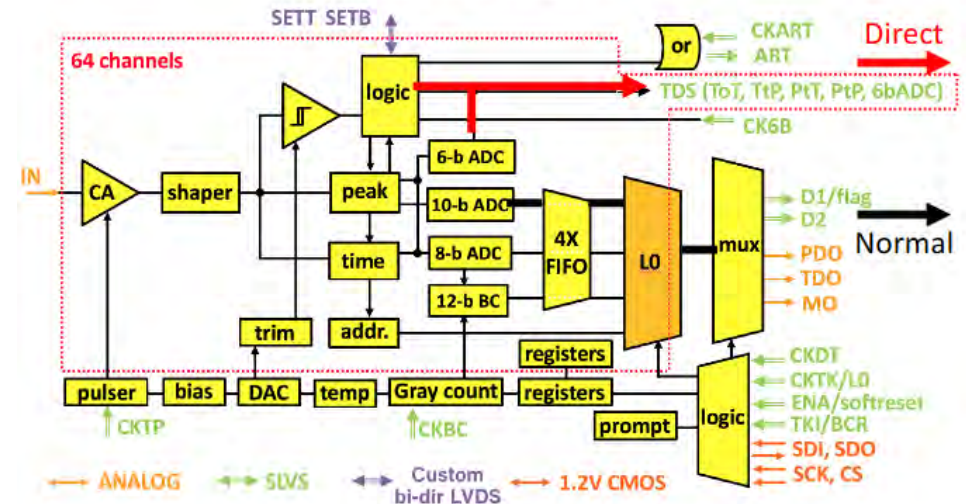
P. Wiczorek, H. Deppe, H. Flemming,
Low noise amplifier with adaptive gain setting
(AWAGS),
accepted from JINST as TWEPP2021
proceeding.

ASIC with adaptive gain;

- very large dynamic range

AWAGS

VMM3 block diagram



VMM3a: „Swiss army knife“ ASIC (HEP)

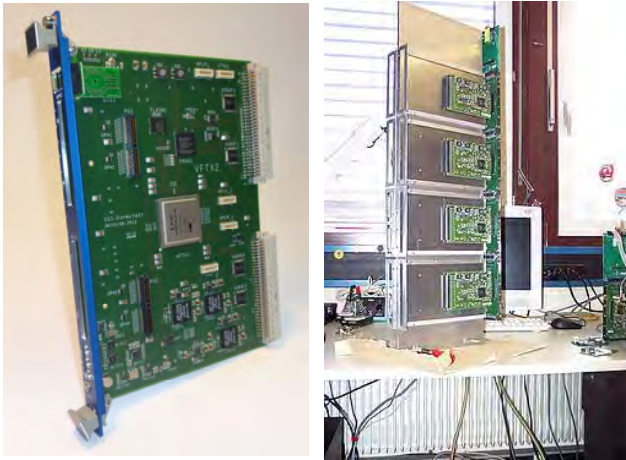
ATLAS small wheel (μ MEGAS)

Perfect fit for GEM readout ?

Availability of building blocks allows
for optimized solutions → build systems !

Enabling technologies

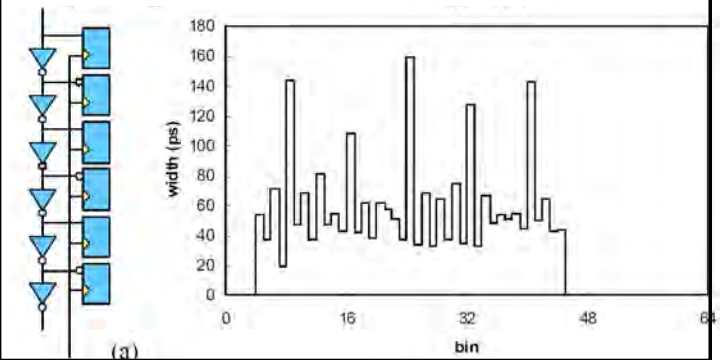
- Precision timing (few...100 ps)



Design & Production
of **systems** based on
developed technologies

- Time distribution systems
 - e.g. Based on WR network (... KM3NeT)
 - <https://white-rabbit.web.cern.ch/>
 - CAMPUS wide (e.g, ToF: Separator – Exp.)
- FPGA TDCs down to 7ps resolution
- Precise position measurement
- Amplitude information via time over threshold
- E.g. ToF Wall based on plastic scintillator
 - $\sigma_t=14\text{ps}$, $\sigma_E/E=1\%$

The 10-ps Wave Union TDC:
Improving FPGA TDC Resolution
beyond Its Cell Delay
Jinyuan Wu and Zonghan Shi
IEEE Nucl. Sci. Symp. Conf. Rec. (2008)



Status: Current Field of intense collaboration

- Distributed high rate DAQ (km scale, few 10ps resolution time base)



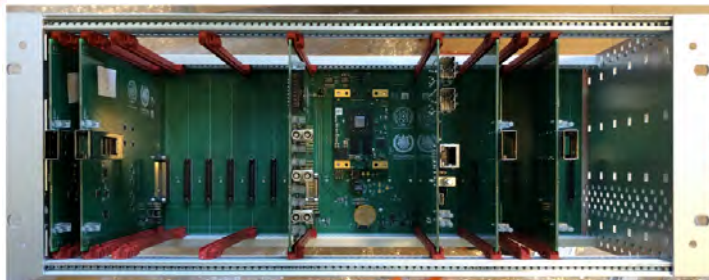
produced in SE

prototype:
Heimdal/Bifrost
fibre signal
exchange points



Design: Michael Munch (Aarhus)
Review: Håkan T Johansson

Collaboration CTH-AAU-GSI



Series production/testing to come



CHALMERS



FAIR In-Kind Contract

Contract No:
IKC/PSP 2.4.6.3.1.2

on
the in-kind Contribution (IKC)

Super-FRS experimental DAQ system

for the Construction of the FAIR facility

according
to the Technical Document 4 attached to the FAIR Convention

between

the Facility for Antiproton and Ion Research in Europe GmbH (FAIR),
Limited Liability FAIR Company subject to the German law,
located at Planckstraße 1, 64291 Darmstadt,
represented by the Managing Directors
hereinafter referred to as "the Company",

and

Vetenskapsrådet (Swedish Research Council)
located at Västra Järnvägsgränd 3, Box 1035, 101 38 Stockholm
represented by the Director General
hereinafter referred to as "the Shareholder"

and

Chalmers tekniska högskola AB, Department of Physics,
located at SE 41296 Göteborg, Sweden
represented by the Head of Department
hereinafter referred to as "the Provider" and/or "Contractor"

hereinafter collectively referred to as "the Parties",

which have agreed on the following:

Strong links
to experiment



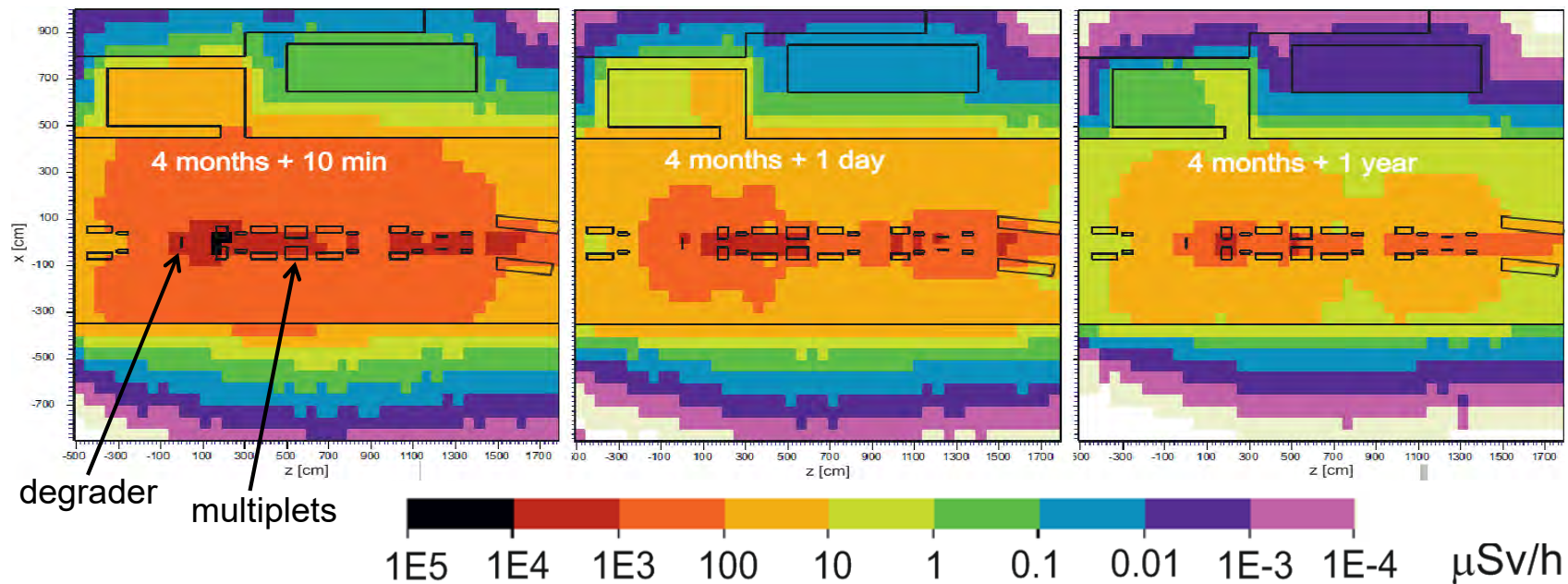
Technical Report
for the Design of the NUSTAR Data Acquisition S



Future demands with „First science scenario“ - Intense SIS100 beams

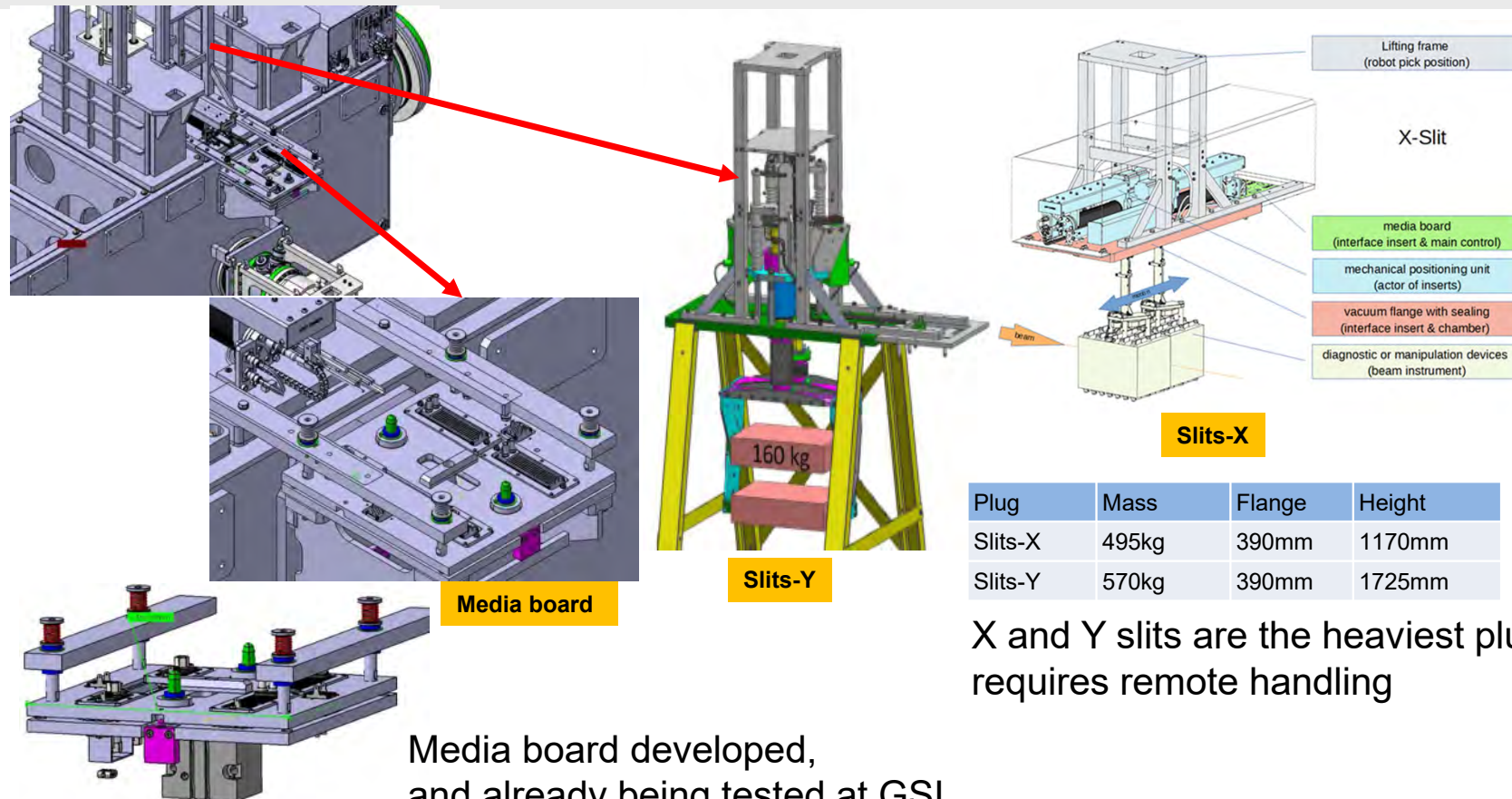
- Dose rate by activation pre-separator mid focus, calculated with FLUKA
- Al degrader and magnets as components
- Beam up to: $0.6 \times 10^{10}/s$ fission fragments for 2×10^{11} $^{238}\text{U}/s$ on target.

beam on target + cooling time



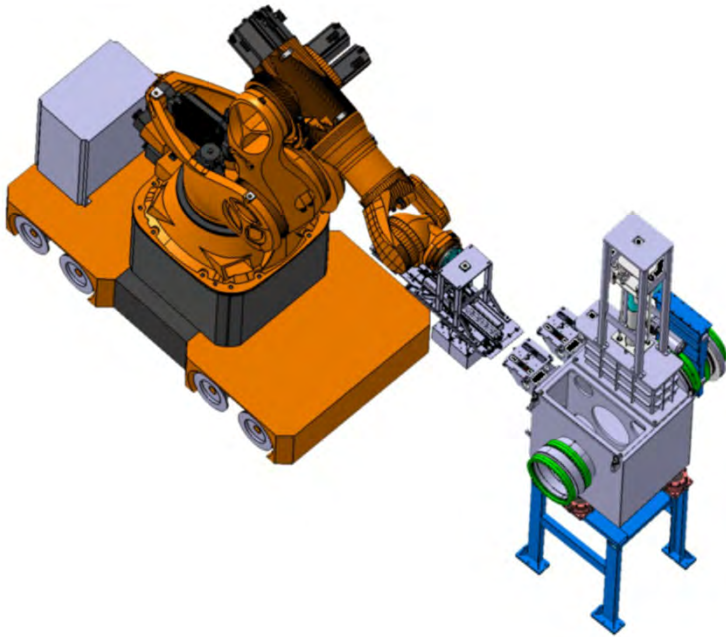
→ remote handling

High intensity - remote handling

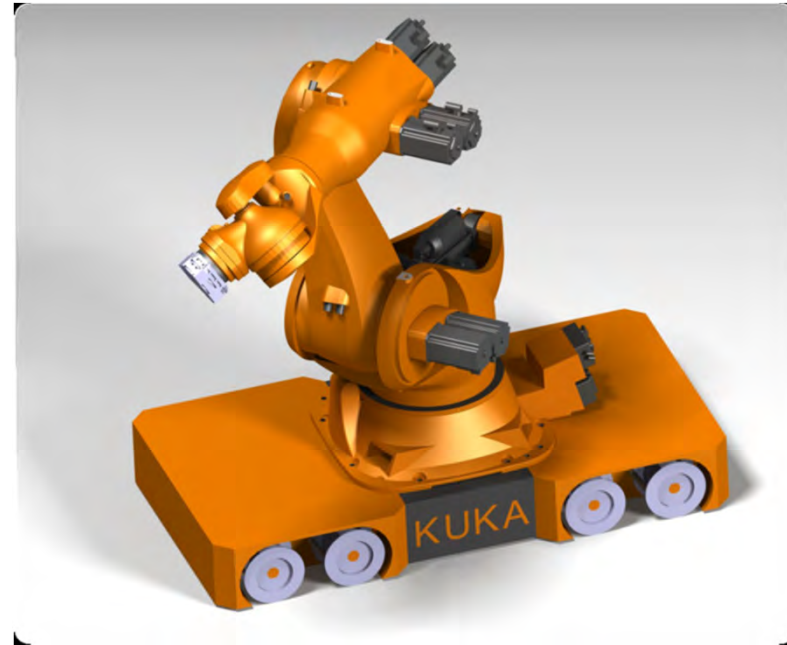


X and Y slits are the heaviest plugs that requires remote handling

Remote handling – robotics concept

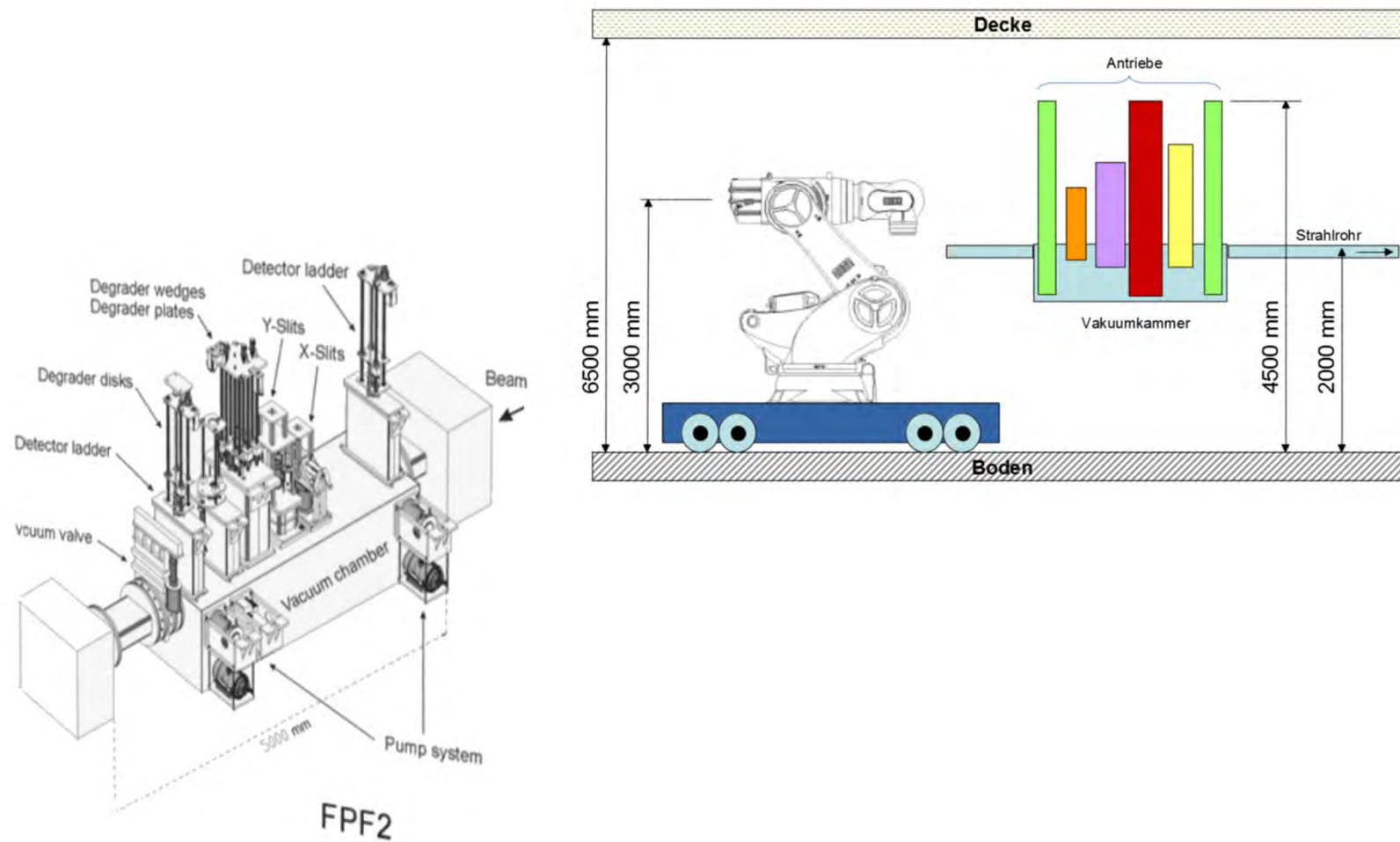


Robot system handling the beamline insert

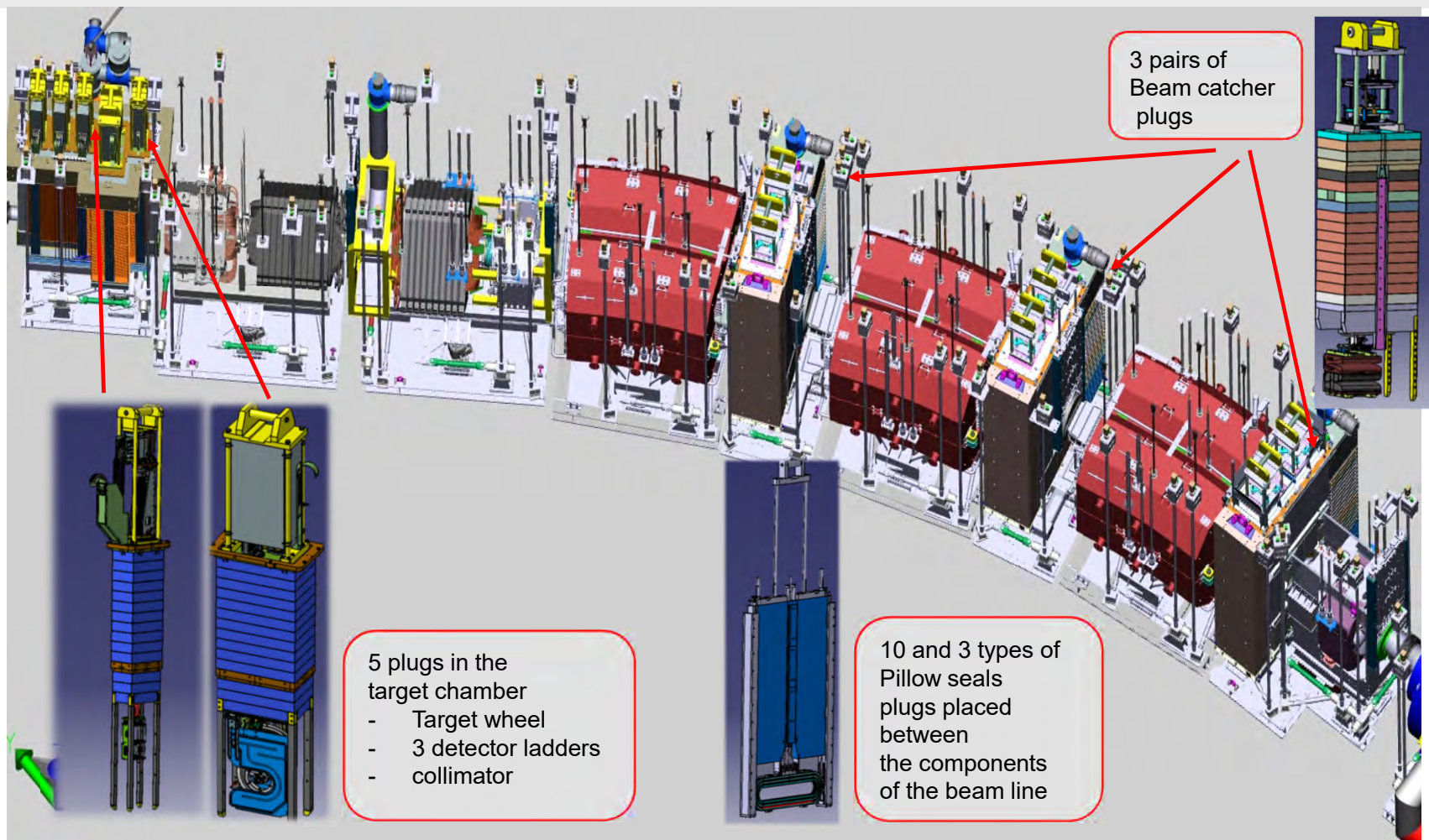


KUKA TITAN
handling mounted
on KUKA
omnimove

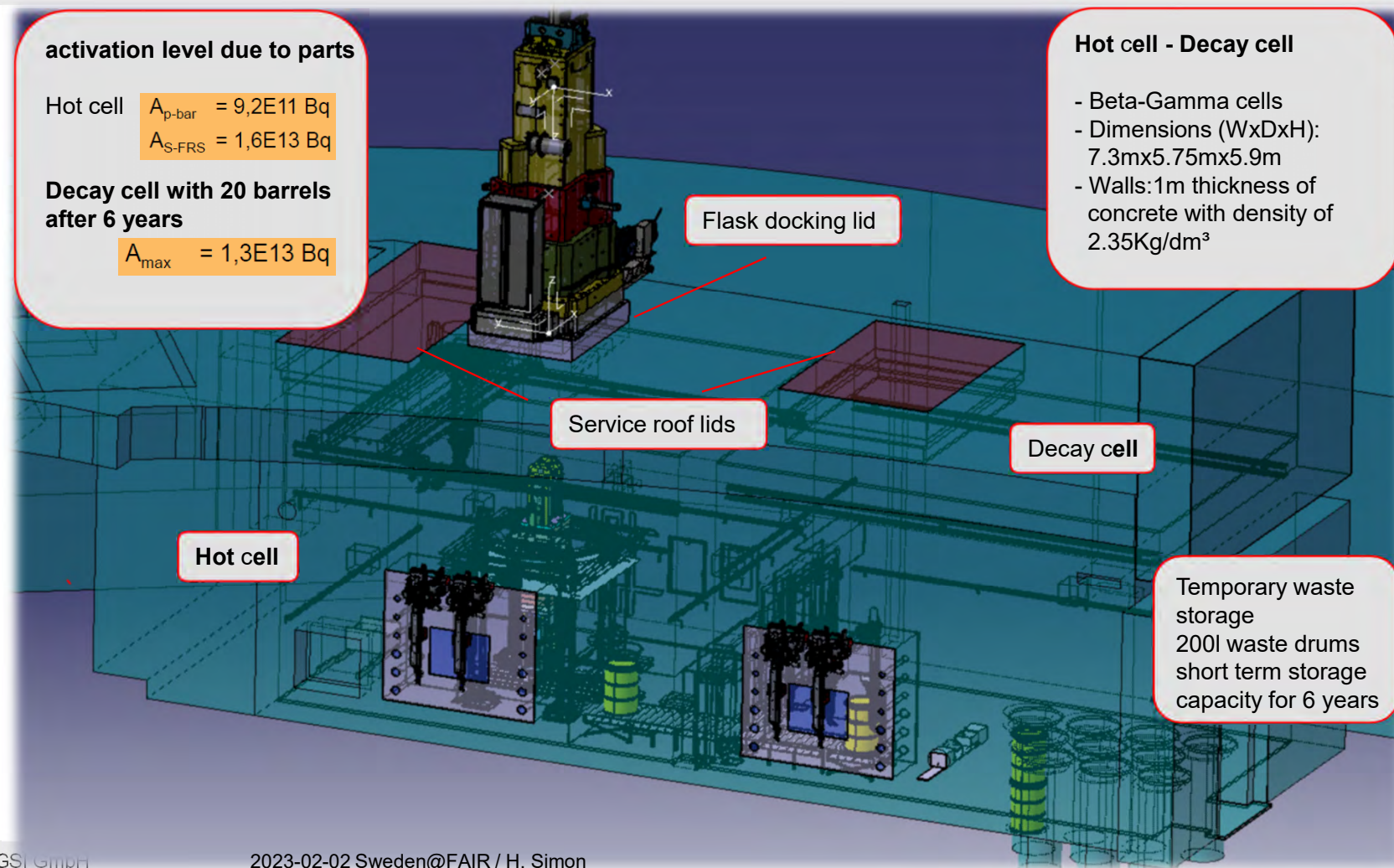
Remote handling – robotics concept



Remote handling - Super FRS target region



Hot cell layout



Hopes/help needed: Areas of work & techniques

- Several areas of collaboration in instrumentation packages
 - high performance DAQ, production, high rate detector upgrade
 - Sampling techniques and related firmware/software solutions
 - ps timing
- Hot cell and remote handling
 - Industrial robots, handling concepts, training
 - Hot cell equipment – interior and interfaces
- Controls
 - Industrial controls
 - Software developments
- Completion of the MSV (2030+)
 - LEB buncher spectrometer, (LEB, RB)
(i.e. sc-magnets, cryogenics, vacuum, power converters, related instrumentation and controls)



Thanks

- Super-FRS project group



Stay tuned: www.gsi.de/superfrs