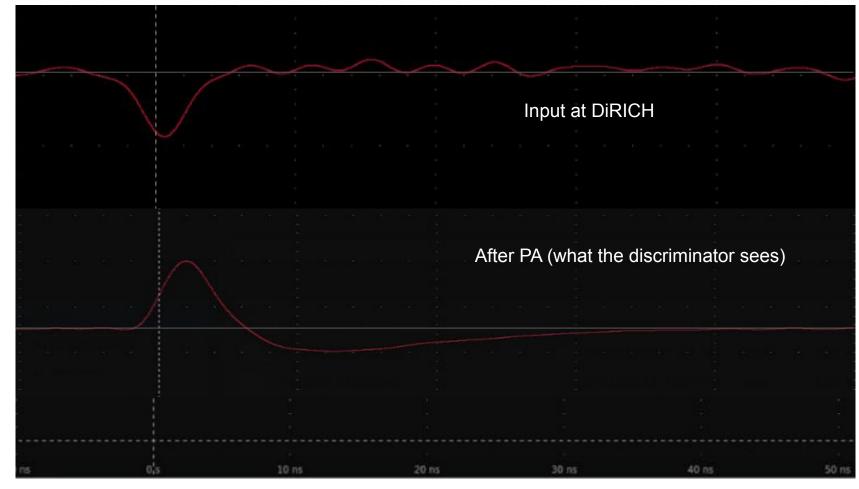
Status of Picosecond Measurements

- Utkarsh Verma



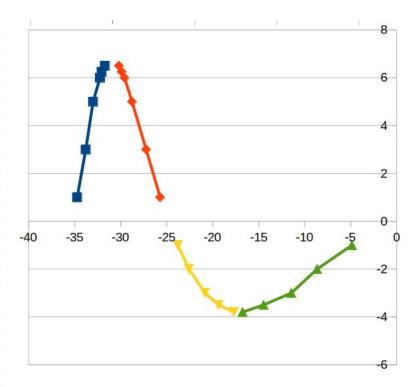
0ns

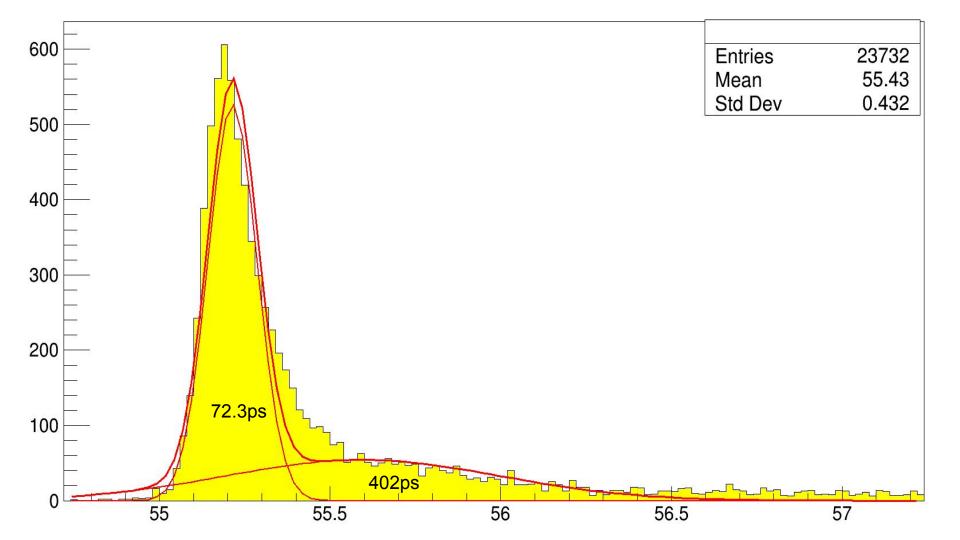
10ns

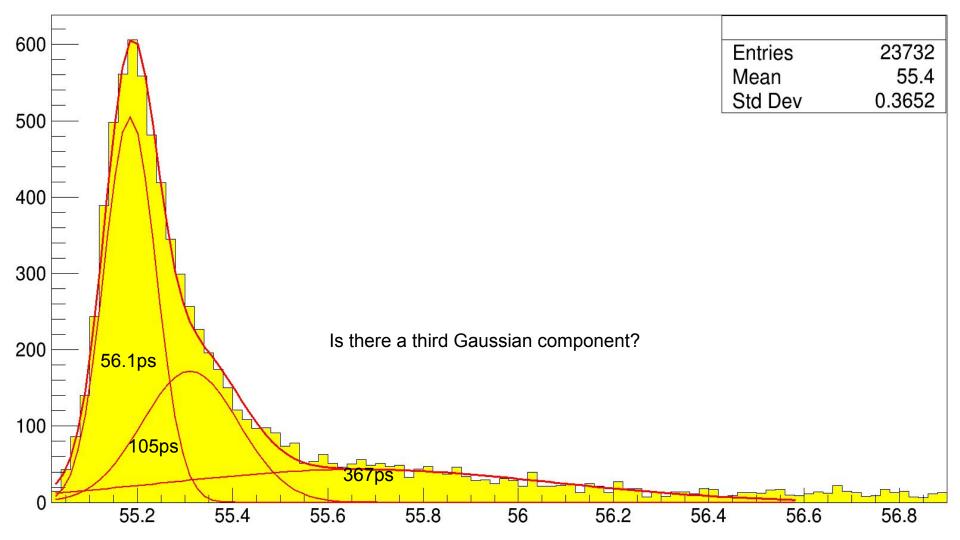
50ns

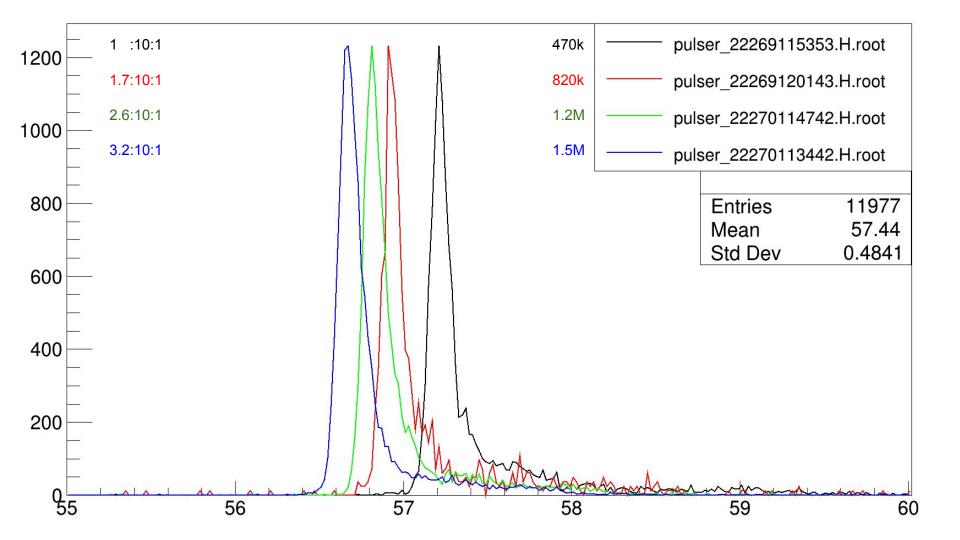
Scan with pocket pulser

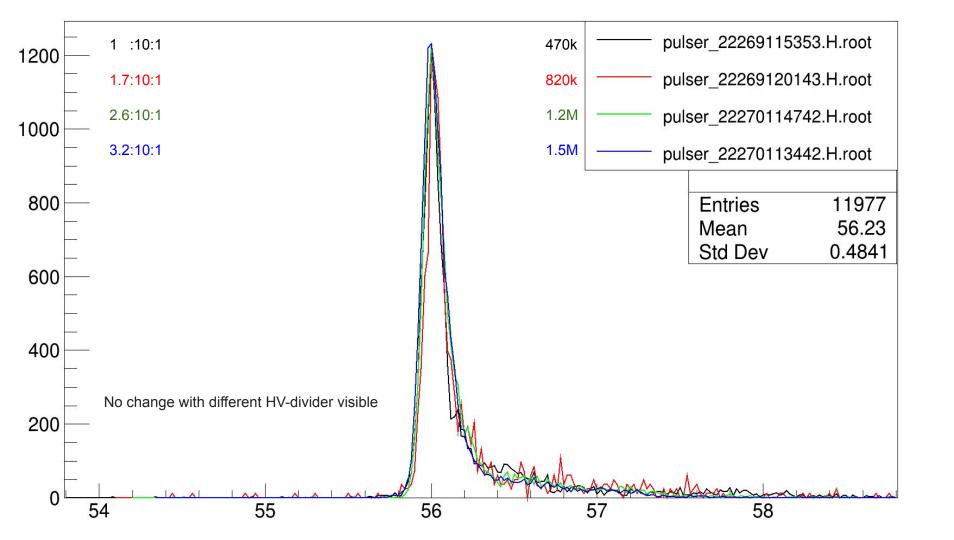
Threshold	Leading	Trailing correc	ted	Trailing
3	-27.18	-33.76	ninv, +i	2.47
1	-34.72	-25.7		10.53
3	-33.79	-27.228		9.002
5	-32.99	-28.761		7.469
6	-32.24	-29.569		6.661
6.25	-32.06	-29.885		6.345
6.5	-31.71	-30.177		6.053
7			0 counts	
-1	-23.78	-4.85		31.38
				07.50
-2				27.59
-3				24.79
-3.5			1	21.78
-3.8		-16.74		19.49
-5			0 counts	







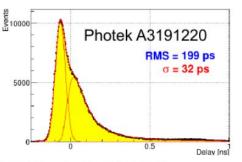




Time resolution

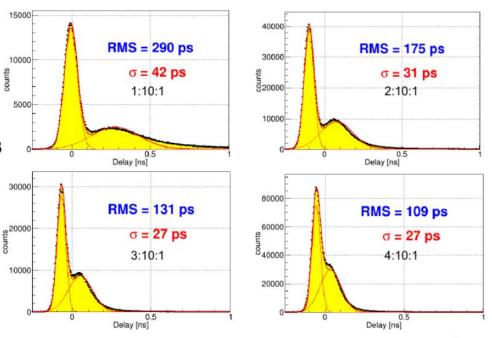


- Higher CE of Photonis comes with a price: more collected recoil electrons
 → worse time resolution (especially RMS!)
- Solution: increase of HV between PC and MCPin → shift of recoil peak into the main peak → better TTS (σ) and RMS (-0.5...2 ns)
- RMS timing improves by a factor 2 3

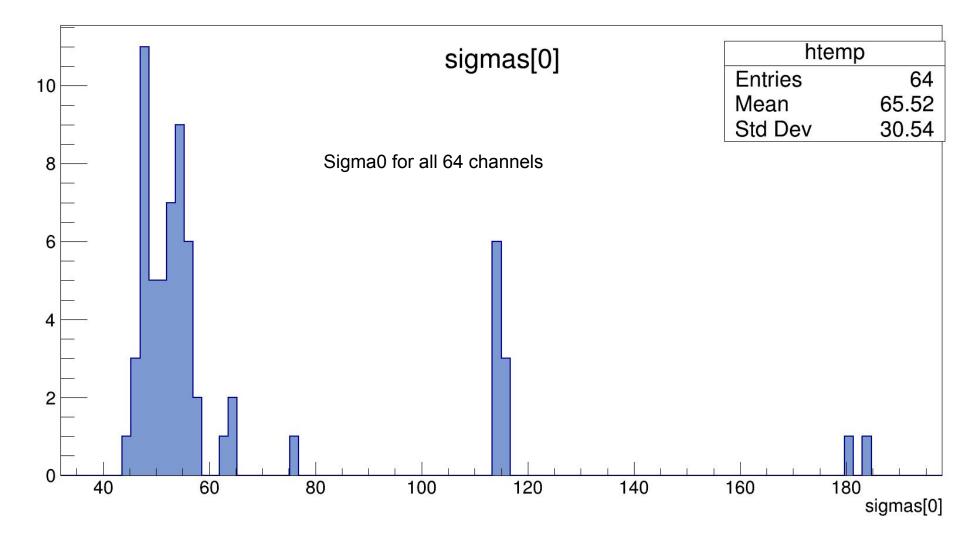


RICH2022 - September 15th, 2022 - Steffen Krauss

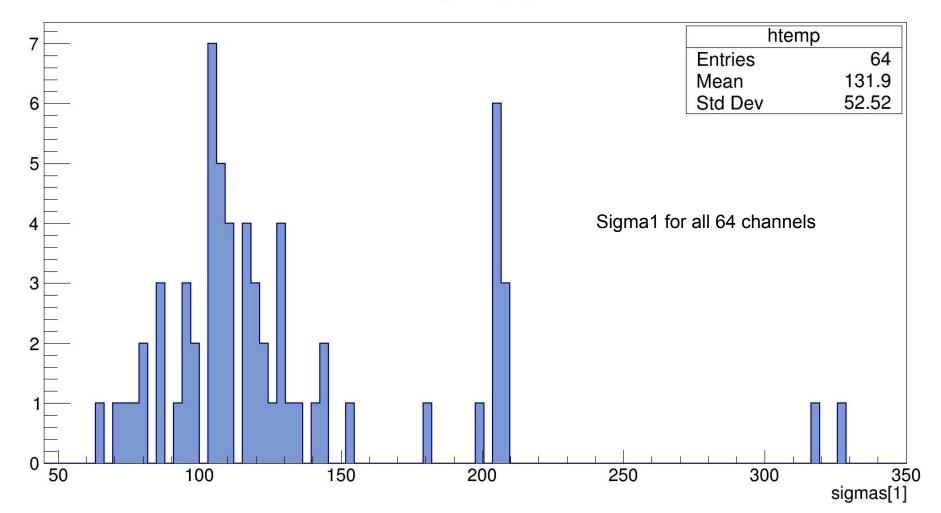
Photonis 9002193 with different voltage dividers, from 1:10:1 (PC-MCPin:MCPin-MCPout:MCPout-Anode) to 4:10:1



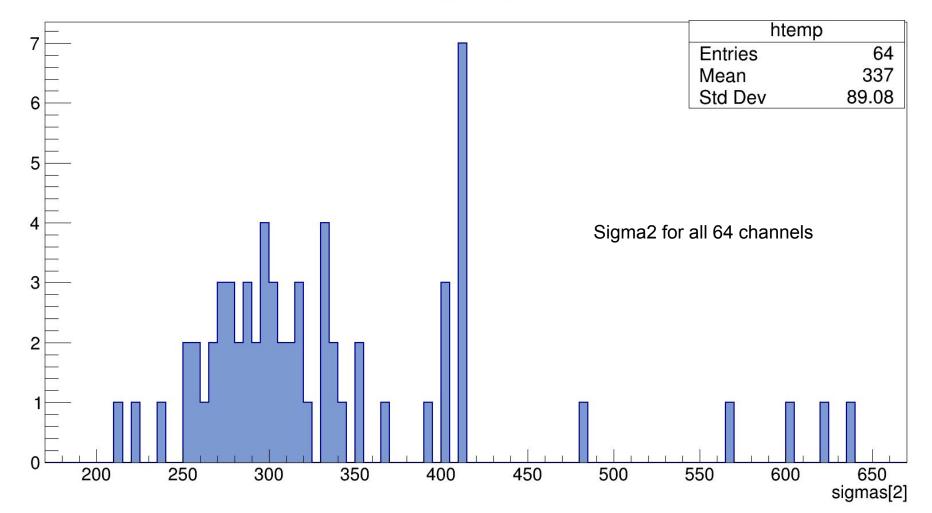
Results from Erlangen



sigmas[1]



sigmas[2]



Next

- Further measurements
- Oscilloscope plot