

# SMI-2023: 14th International Conference on Stopping and Manipulation of Ions and Related Topics



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## A first review of the SLOWRI/MRTOF-MS project at BigRIPS/ZeroDegree

*Tuesday, 9 May 2023 09:00 (30 minutes)*

Multi-reflection time-of-flight (MRTOF) mass spectrometry [1] has become a new powerful tool for fast and precise measurements of atomic masses. It is a breakthrough-technology considering the required duration of a measurement and the small number of rare events needed to reach a relative mass precision of  $\delta m/m \leq 10^{-7}$ . In order to utilize the powerful isotope production capabilities of the RIBF facility and study nuclear masses for cutting-edge research, a new MRTOF mass spectrograph (MRTOF-MS) has been assembled; it became operational for the first time in spring 2020 [2]. The new device has been coupled to a cryogenic gas cell to convert the radioisotopes produced at relativistic energies into a low-energy beam amenable to ion trapping. The setup underwent an initial on-line commissioning at the BigRIPS facility at the end of 2020, wherein more than 70 nuclear masses were measured.

In this talk, I will explain the MRTOF technique and the new setup at BigRIPS along with advances like decay-correlated mass spectroscopy. Also the technological challenges will be discussed, e.g. providing low-energy ion beams at RIBF and reaching high mass accuracy. The topics will include efforts to decrease mass-dependent effects coming from non-static electric fields in the mass spectrometer, and some studies to increase the resolving power of the MRTOF system.

Furthermore, a short summary of the first commissioning experiments and follow-up mass measurements will be presented. Among other measurements presented, these results include new masses of neutron-rich titanium and vanadium isotopes revealing a vanishing of a shell gap at  $N = 34$ , which is known to be pronounced in Ca isotopes [3].

[1] H. Wollnik, M. Przewloka, Int. J. Mass Spectrom. Ion Proc. 96 (1990) 267.

[2] M. Rosenbusch et al., Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A 1047, 167824 (2023).

[3] S. Iimura et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 130, 012501 (2023).

**Primary authors:** Dr ROSENBUSCH, Marco (KEK, WNSC); Prof. WADA, M. (KEK, WNSC); Dr CHEN, S. (The University of Hong Kong, University of York); TAKAMINE, A. (RIKEN); Dr IIMURA, S. (RIKEN, Rikkyo University); Mr HOU, D. (Institute of Modern Physics); Mr XIAN, W. (The University of Hong Kong); Mr YAN, S. (Jinan University); Dr SCHURY, P. (KEK, WNSC); Dr HIRAYAMA, Y. (KEK, WNSC); Dr ITO, Y. (JAEA); Dr ISHIYAMA, H. (RIKEN); Dr KIMURA, S. (RIKEN); Dr KOJIMA, T. M. (RIKEN); Prof. LEE, J. (The University of Hong Kong); Dr LIU, J. (Institute of Modern Physics); Prof. MICHIMASA, S. (Center for Nuclear Study, The University of Tokyo); Prof. MIYATAKE, H. (KEK, WNSC); Dr MOON, J.-Y. (Institute for Basic Science); Dr MUKAI, M. (KEK, WNSC); Dr NAIMI, S. (RIKEN, IJCLab); Dr NISHIMURA, S. (RIKEN); Dr NIWASE, T. (KEK, WNSC); Dr SONODA, T. (RIKEN); Dr WATANABE, Y.X (KEK, WNSC); Prof. WOLLNIK, H. (New Mexico State University)

**Presenter:** Dr ROSENBUSCH, Marco (KEK, WNSC)

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