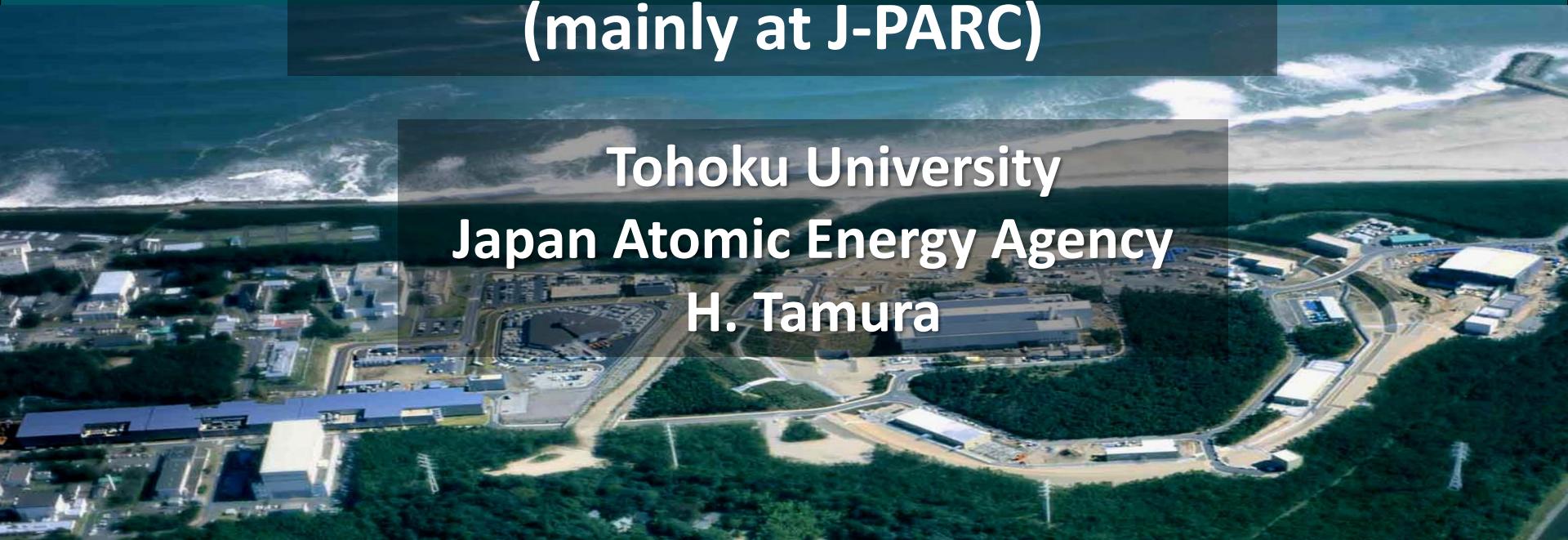


2023.2.14

EMMI workshop in Bologna

Recent results and prospects in hypernuclear physics (mainly at J-PARC)

Tohoku University
Japan Atomic Energy Agency
H. Tamura



Contents

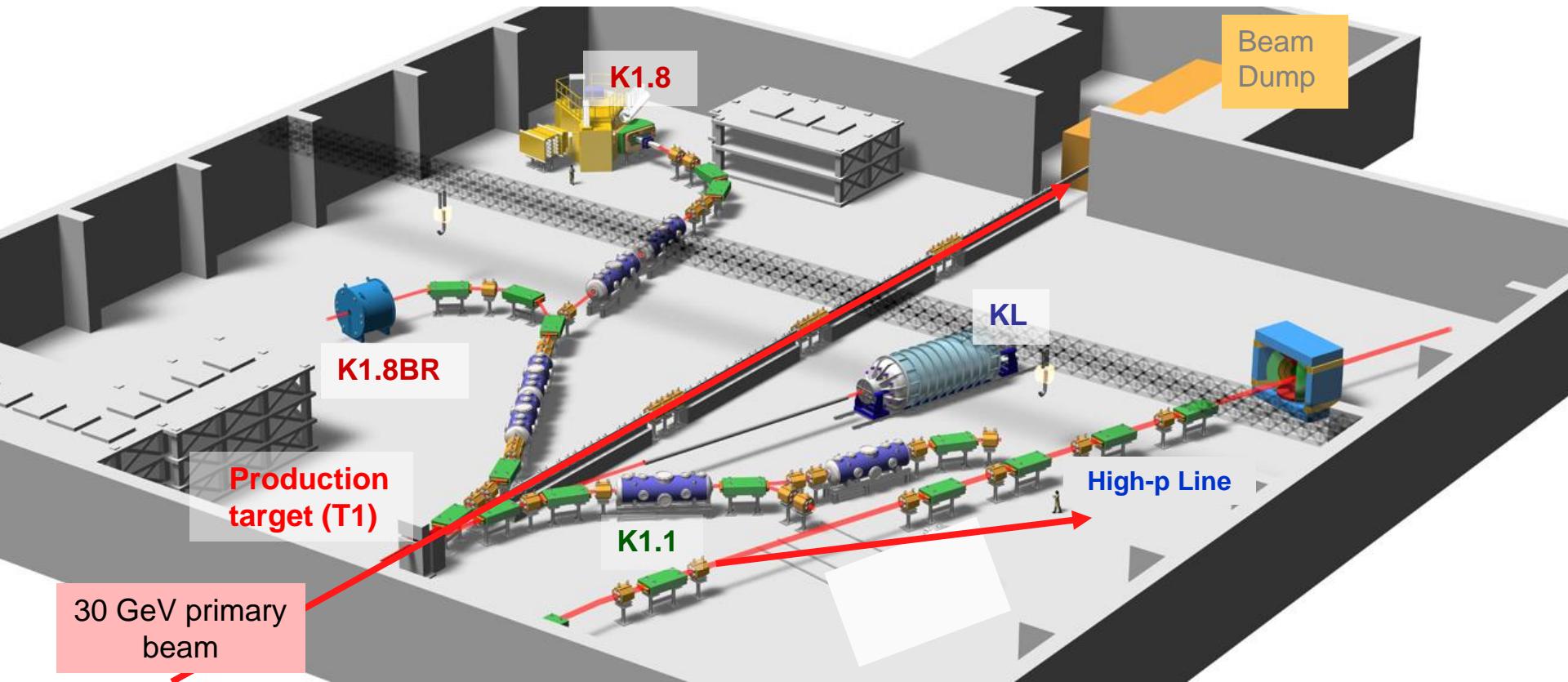
- 1. Introduction –Present status at J-PARC**
- 2. Few-body ($A=3,4$) Λ hypernuclei**
- 3. Double strange ($\Xi / \Lambda\Lambda$) hypernuclei**
- 4. Ξ -atomic X-rays**
- 5. Summary**

1. Introduction

Present status at J-PARC

J-PARC Hadron Hall

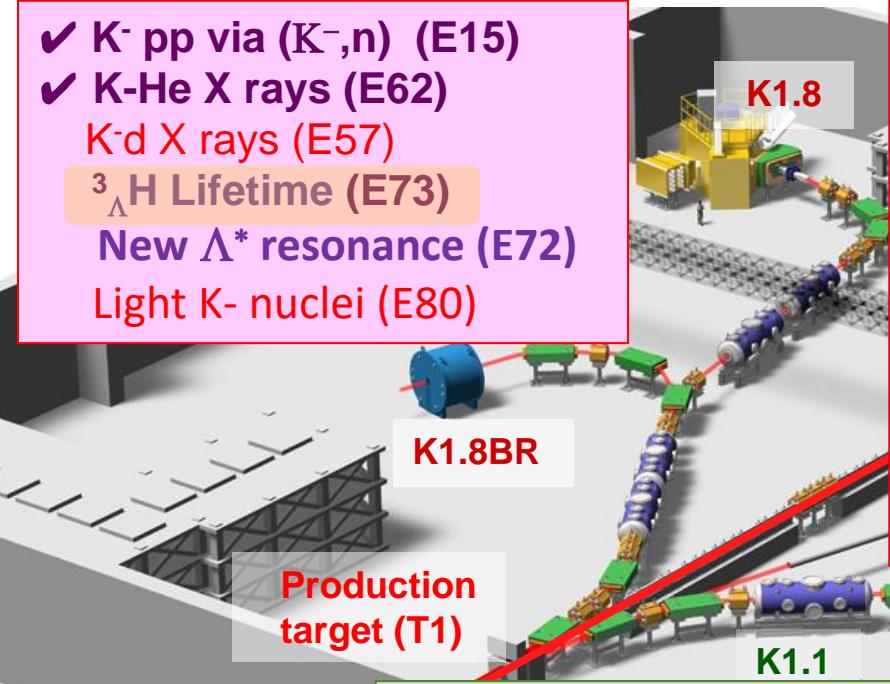
Present status of nuclear/hadron experiments



J-PARC

Present status of nuclear physics

- ✓ K⁻ pp via (K⁻,n) (E15)
- ✓ K-He X rays (E62)
- K-d X rays (E57)
- ³_ΛH Lifetime (E73)
- New Λ* resonance (E72)
- Light K- nuclei (E80)



- ✓ Θ⁺ pentaquark search (E19)
- ✓ n-rich Λ hypernuclei (E10)
- ✓ K-pp via (π⁺,K⁺) (E27)
- ✓ γ spectroscopy of Λ hypernuclei (E13)
- ✓ Ξ hypernuclei (E05)
- ✓ ΛΛ / Ξ hyp. in emulsion + Ξ-atom X rays (E07)
- ✓ Σ p scattering (E40)
- Ξ-Fe X rays (E03)
- H dibaryon search (E42)
- ¹²_ΞBe via (K⁻,K⁺) (E70) + Ξ-C X rays (E96)
- ⁵_{ΛΛ}H via (K⁻,K⁺) (E75)
- Nucleon resonances (E45)
- High resolution (π,K) for light Λ hyp. (E94)
- ΛN-ΣN cusp (E90), ω-nucleus (E26)

30 GeV primary beam

γ spectroscopy of Λ hyp. (E63)
ΛNN weak decay (E18)
Λp scattering (E86), φ-nucleus (E29)

φ meson mass in nucleus (E16, E88)
Charmed baryons (E50)

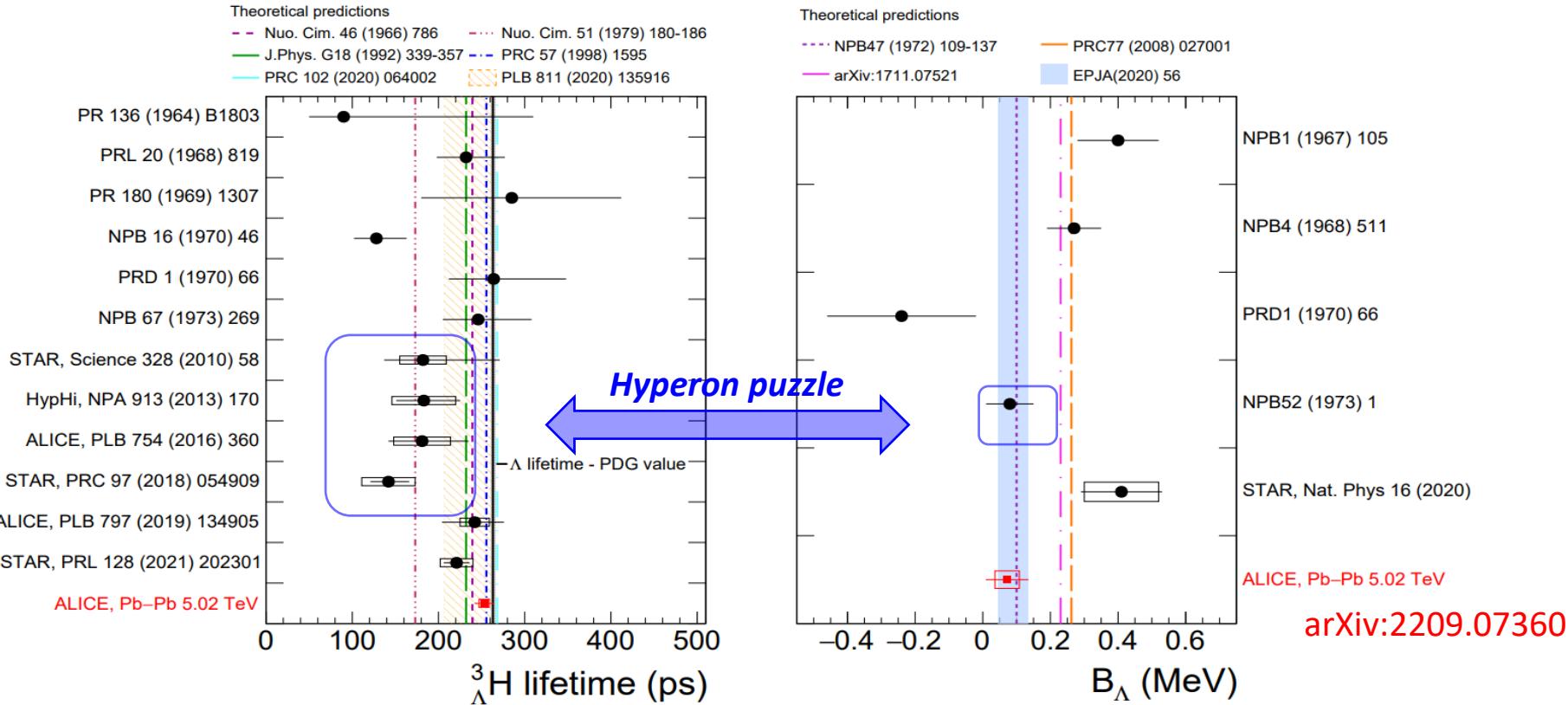
- ✓ Published
- BT finished, under analysis
- Fully approved, under preparation
- Stage-1 approved

2. Few-body ($A=3,4$) Λ hypernuclei

Features of few-body hypernuclei

- Precise few-body calculations possible
- Experimentally clear due to simple level structure
- Quite sensitive to YN interaction
 - ${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ puzzle : $\tau - B_{\Lambda}$ relationship
 - Charge Symmetry Breaking puzzle (${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H} / {}^4_{\Lambda}\text{He}$)
 - Large effects of spin-isospin dependence of YN interaction
 - Large effects of $\Lambda\text{N}-\Sigma\text{N}$ coupling

Compilation on hypertriton (ALICE arXiv:2209.07360)



Precise data via different methods from HI are necessary.

Direct timing measurement at J-PARC

Decay pion at MAMI
Analysis of emulsion at J-PARC

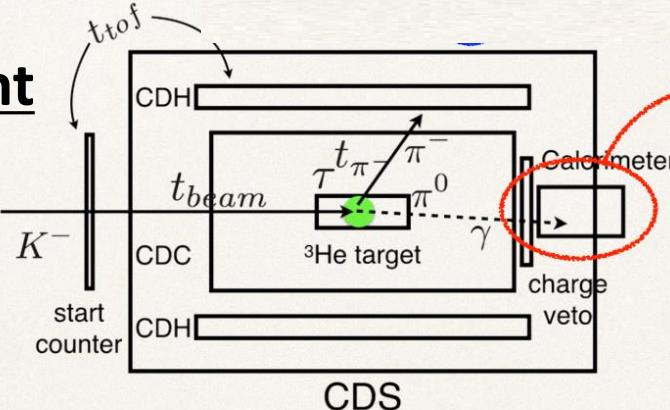
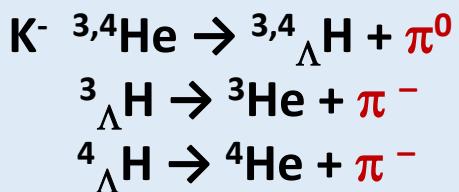
arXiv:2209.07360

Hypertriton: New data after 2018 and prospects

Experiment	Reaction	Method	$\tau(^3\Lambda H)$	$\tau(^4\Lambda H)$	$B_\Lambda(^3\Lambda H)$
STAR	HIC (Au+Au) $\sqrt{s}=3\text{GeV}$	decay length inv. mass	$142+24-21 \pm 29$ $221 \pm 15 \pm 19$	$218 \pm 6 \pm 13$	$0.41 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.11$ under analysis
ALICE	HIC (Pb+Pb) $\sqrt{s}=5\text{TeV}$	decay length inv. mass	$242+34-38 \pm 17$ $253 \pm 11 \pm 6$	preliminary	0.072 ± 0.063 ± 0.036
HADES	HIC (Ag+Ag) $\sqrt{s}=2.55\text{GeV}$	decay length	$256 \pm 22 \pm 36$ (preliminary)	$222 \pm 8 \pm 13$ (preliminary)	
WASA-FRS	HIC ($^6\text{Li} + ^{12}\text{C}$) 2GeVA	decay length	under analysis	under analysis	under analysis
J-PARC E73	$^{3,4}\text{He}(K^-, \pi^0)$	decay time	test data taken run in 2023	$190 \pm 8 \pm ??$ to be published	-
MAMI	$^7\text{Li}(e, K^+)$	decay pion momentum	-	-	under analysis $\Delta M \sim \pm 0.02$
J-PARC E07	K ⁻ on emulsion	decay time decay energy	under analysis	later	under analysis
JLab E12-19-002	$^3\text{He}(e, e' K^+)$	missing mass	-	-	approved
ELPH	$^{3,4}\text{He}(\gamma, K^+)$	decay time	proposed	partly approved	

Direct timing measurement

J-PARC E73

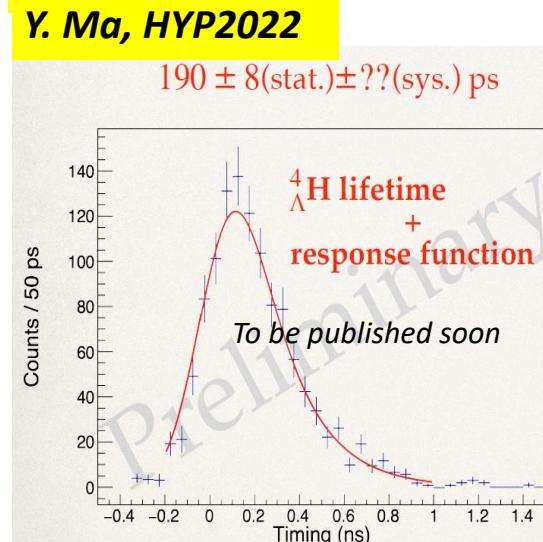
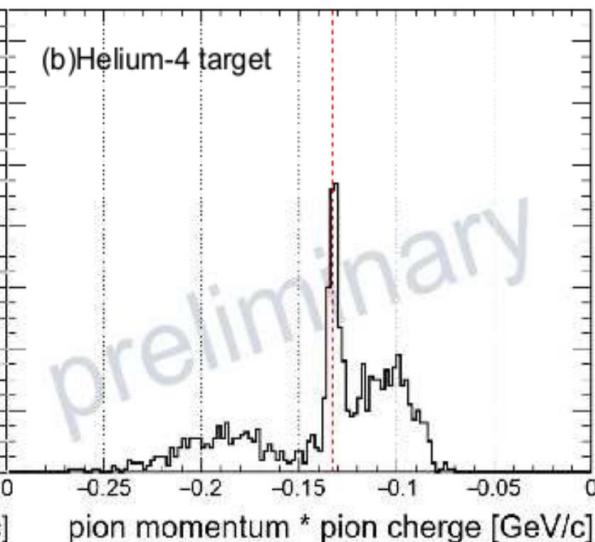
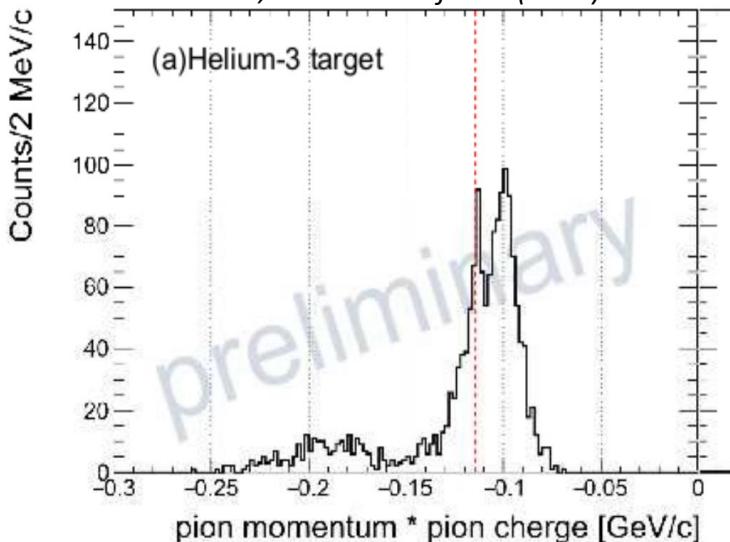


5x8 PbF₂ Cherenkov Calo
R&D has been completed

${}^3\Lambda\text{H}$ decay time can be derived by TOF and CDS tracking

The idea of *direct measurement*: $T_{\text{CDH}} - T_0 = t_{\text{beam}} + t_{\pi^-} + \tau;$

T. Akaishi et al., EPJ Web Conf. 271 (2022) 01003



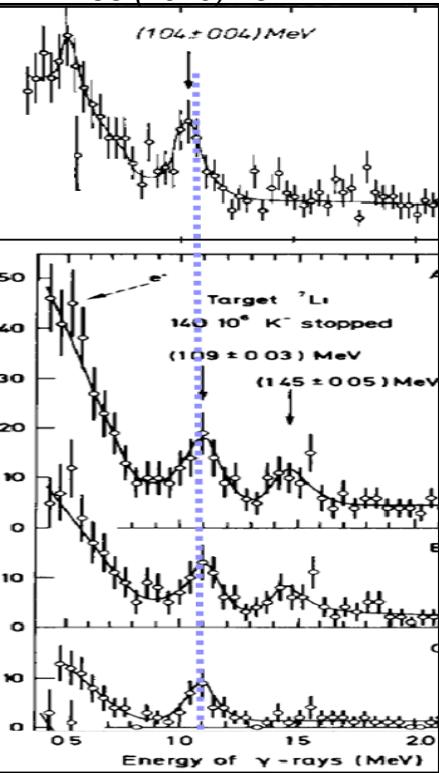
Charge Symmetry Breaking in A=4 Λ hypernuclei

Precise data are necessary to be compared with few-body calculations

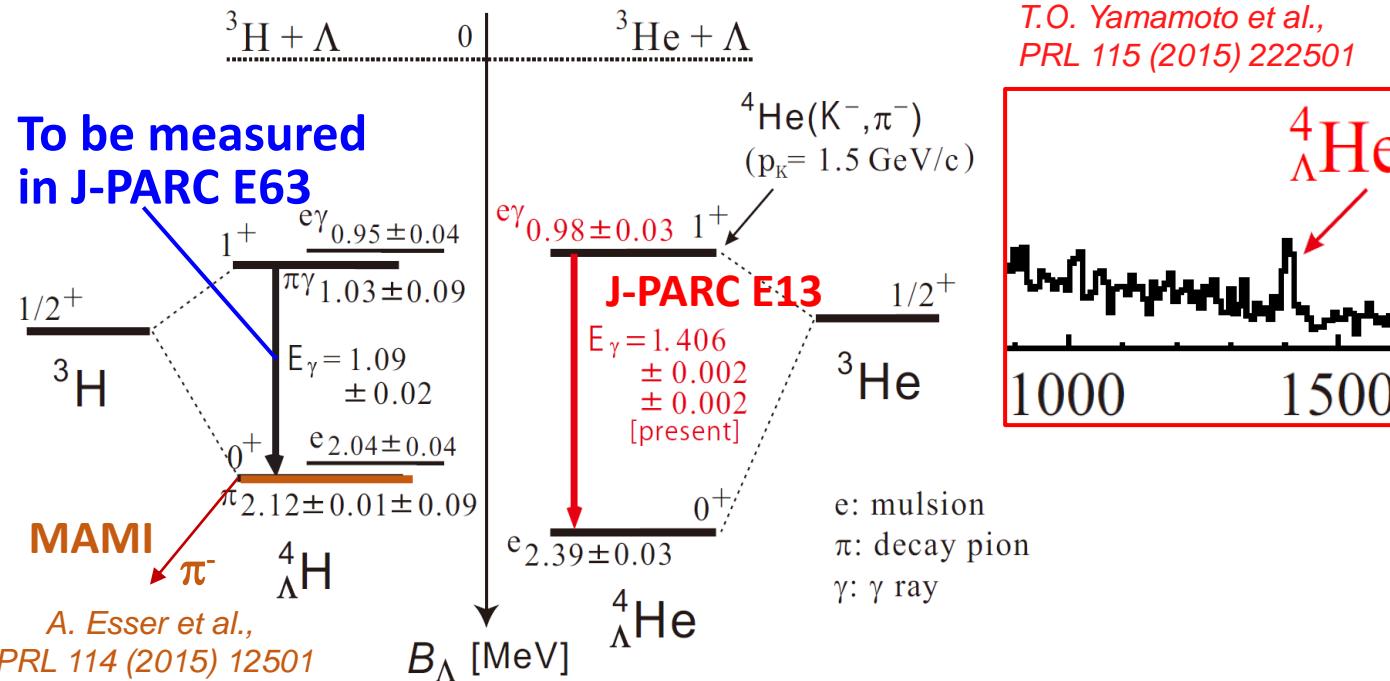
Bedjidian et al.

PLB 62 (1976) 467

PLB 83 (1979) 252



${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ γ -ray will be precisely measured with Ge detector array
via ${}^7\text{Li}(\text{K}^-, \pi^-) {}^7_{\Lambda}\text{Li}^*$, ${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{Li}^* \rightarrow {}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}^* + X$



Level scheme of A=3 Λ hypernuclei

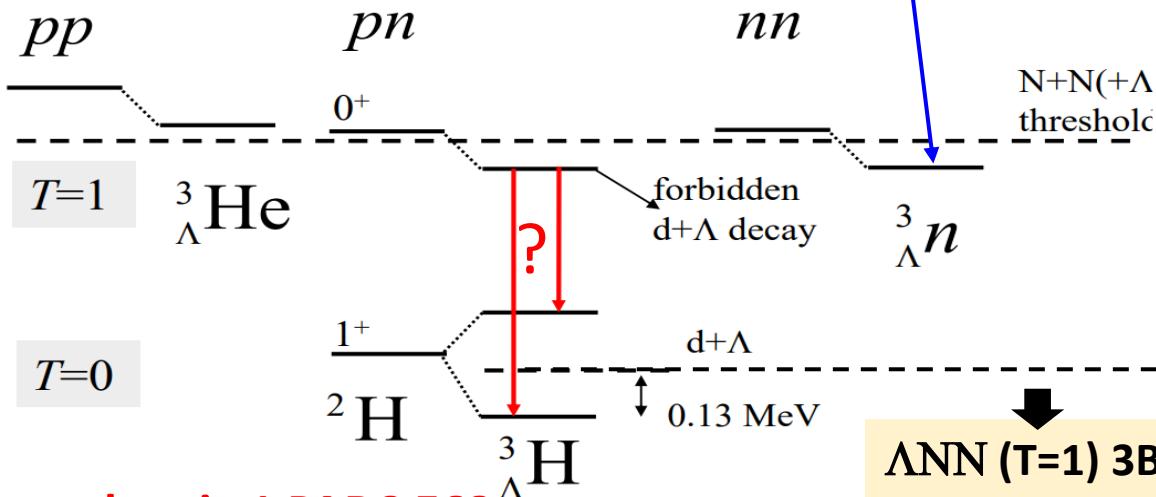
HypHI (${}^6\text{Li} + {}^{12}\text{C}$) reported a bound state.

C. Rappold et al., Phys. Rev. C 88, 041001(R) (2013)

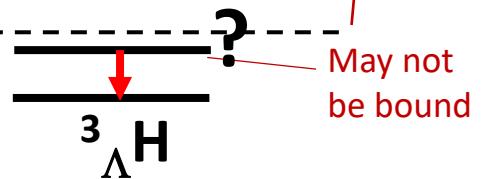
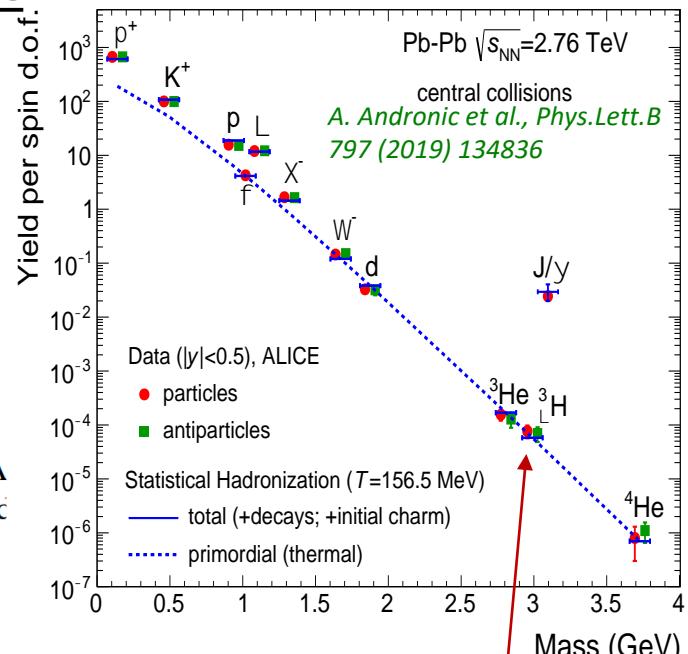
JLab Hall A (E12-17-003) ${}^3\text{H}(\text{e}, \text{e}'\text{K}^+)$ found no bound state but suggests a resonance.

K. N. Suzuki et al., Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. 2022, 013D01 (2022)

B. Pandey et al., Phys. Rev. C 105 (2022) 5, L051001



$\Delta\text{NN} (\tau=1) \Delta\text{BF}$
 $\Delta\Lambda - \Sigma\Lambda$ coupling



Byproduct in J-PARC E63
M. Ukai, EPJ Web of Conf. 271, 01008 (2022)

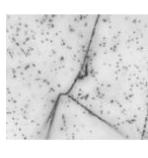
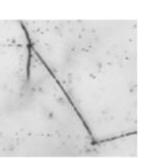
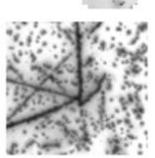
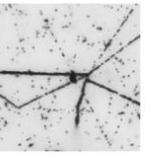
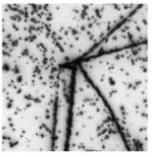
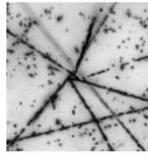
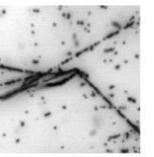
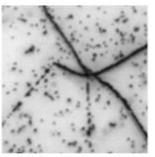
3. Double strange (Ξ / $\Lambda\Lambda$) hypernuclei

List of detected events in E07 (Jun., 2022)

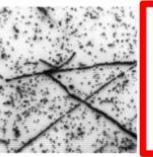
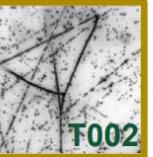
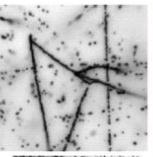
2/15

Nakazawa, HYP2022

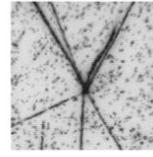
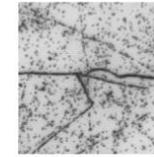
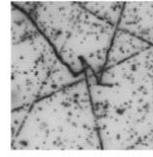
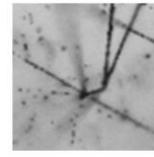
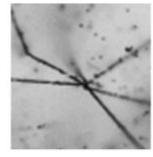
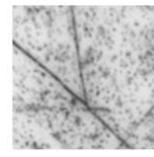
14 double-Λ events



13 twin-hyper events



6 others



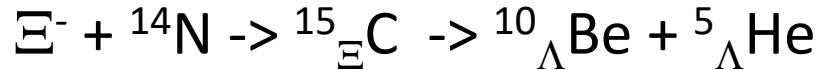
1st scanning finished.

X-ray microscope for a better track resolution.

Overall scan with machine learning has been developed.
=> T. Saito



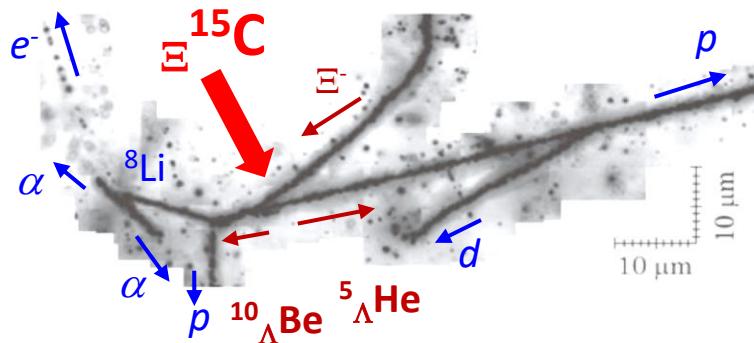
Unambiguous determination of B_{Ξ} of Ξ hypernucleus



K. Nakazawa et al. PTEP 2015, 033D02 (2015)

S. H. Hayakawa, PRL 126, 062501 (2021)

Kiso event (KEK E373)



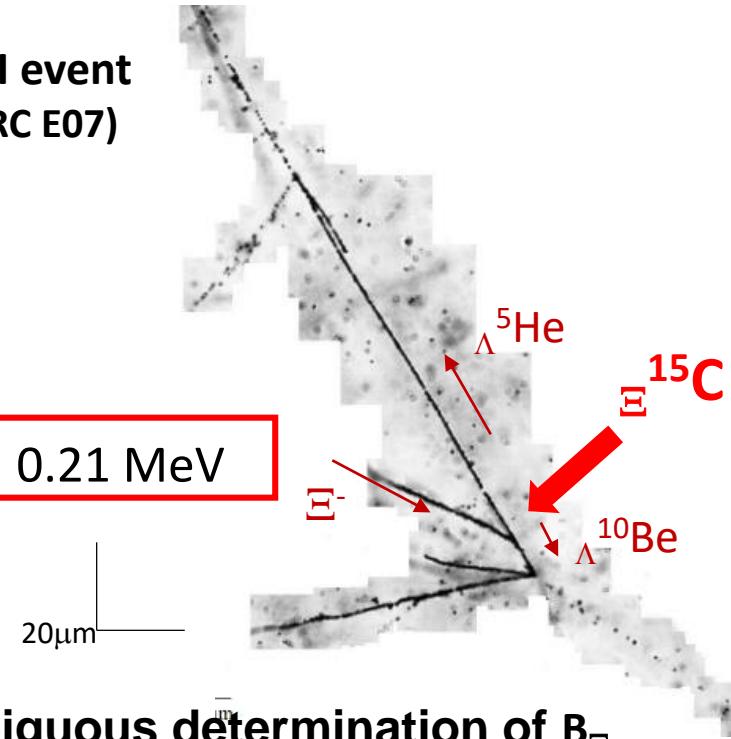
The first clear Ξ hypernucleus

$$B_{\Xi^-} = 4.38 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV},$$

or $1.11 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV}$

Much deeper than the Coulomb binding energy

IBUKI event
(J-PARC E07)



$$B_{\Xi^-} = 1.27 \pm 0.21 \text{ MeV}$$

Unambiguous determination of B_{Ξ}

Observation of s-state Ξ hypernucleus ?



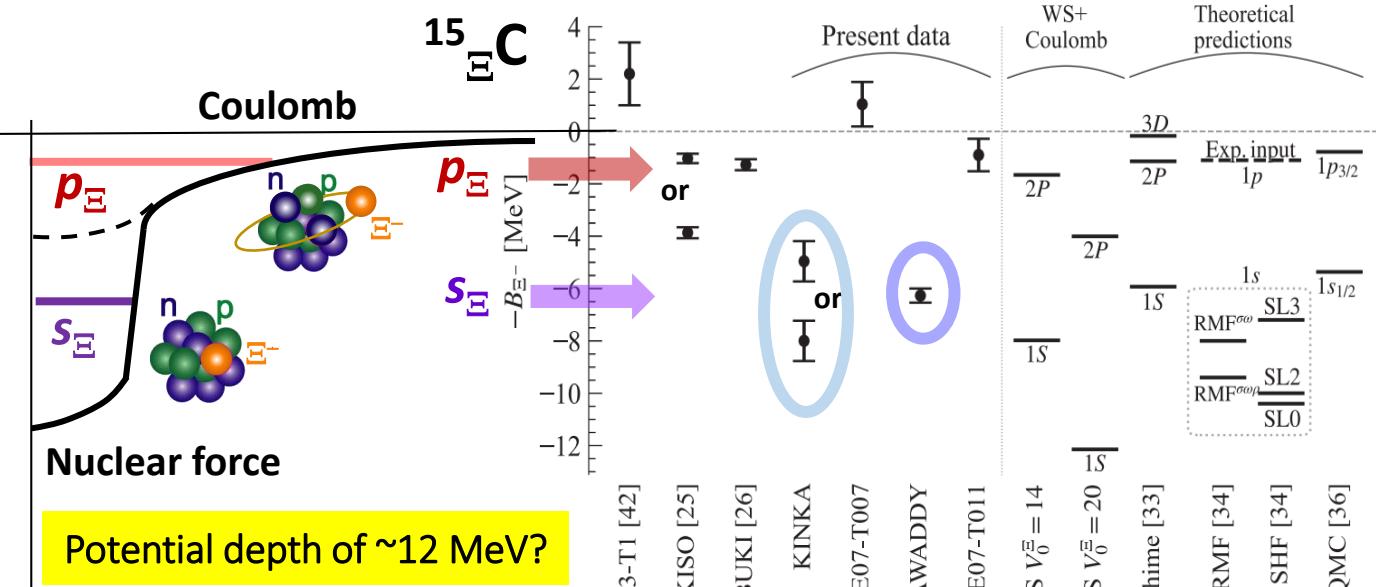
M. Yoshimoto et al., Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. 2021, 073D02

IRRAWADDY (E07)

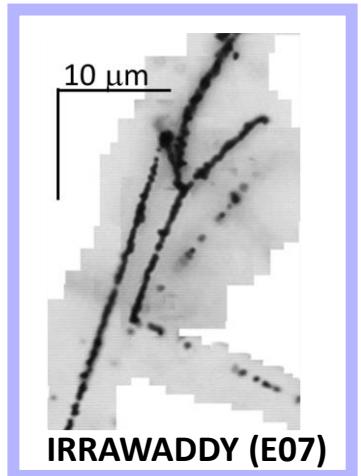
${}^5_{\Lambda}\text{He} + {}^5_{\Lambda}\text{He} + {}^4\text{He} + \text{n} : 6.27 \pm 0.27 \text{ MeV}$

KINKA (KEK E373)

${}^9_{\Lambda}\text{Be} + {}^5_{\Lambda}\text{He} + \text{n} : 8.00 \pm 0.77 \text{ or } 4.96 \pm 0.77 \text{ MeV}$



$\Xi\text{N} \rightarrow \Lambda\Lambda$ in Nijmegen/ HAL QCD $\Rightarrow \Xi$ absorption mainly at 3D / 2P orbits
 Observation of s states \Rightarrow extremely weak $\Xi\text{N} \rightarrow \Lambda\Lambda$ interaction?



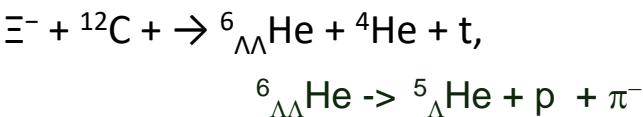
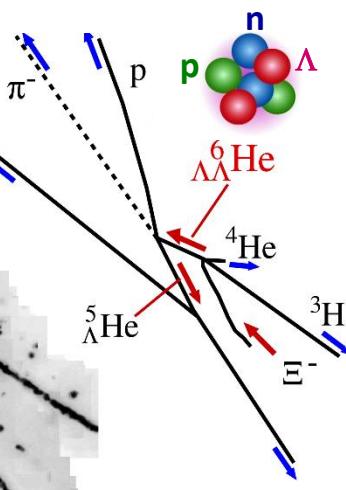
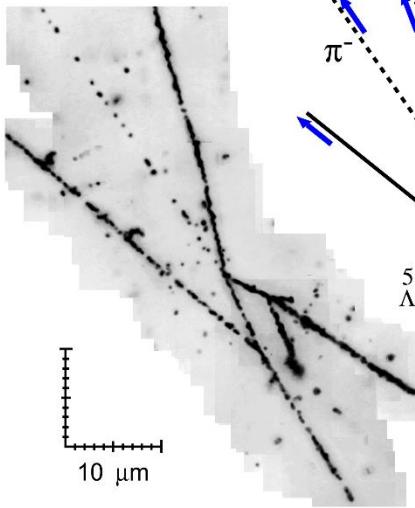
Caution:
 Theories seem to agree with the data, but they used the BNL suggestion of $U_\Xi \sim -15 \text{ MeV}$.

Why Ξ survives until it cascades down to the 0s orbit ??

=> Gal's talk

$\Lambda\Lambda$ hypernuclei (J-PARC E07)

Nagara event

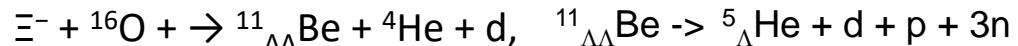
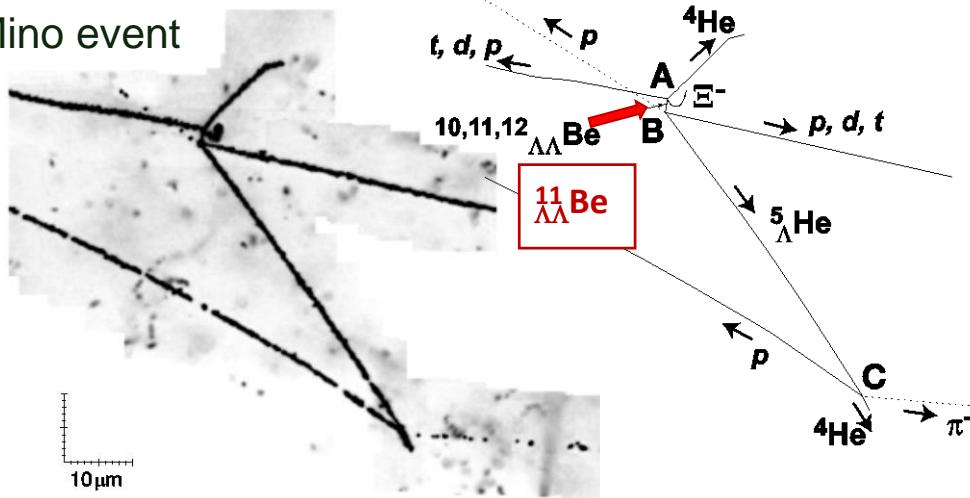


$$\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda} = 0.67 \pm 0.17 \text{ MeV}$$

H. Takahashi et al., PRL 87 (2001) 212502

=> $\Lambda\Lambda$ is weakly attractive

Mino event



$$\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda} = 1.87 \pm 0.37 \text{ MeV}$$

H. Ekawa et al., PTEP 2019 (2019) 021D02

Weakly attractive $\Lambda\Lambda$ force is confirmed.

But consistency with Nagara should be studied.
Different effect of $\Lambda\Lambda$ - ΞN coupling
A-dependence of $0s_\Lambda$ wave function

4. E-atomic X-rays

Ξ^- atomic X-rays at J-PARC

Atomic X rays (shifts and widths) give clear quantitative info. on the Ξ -nuclear potential

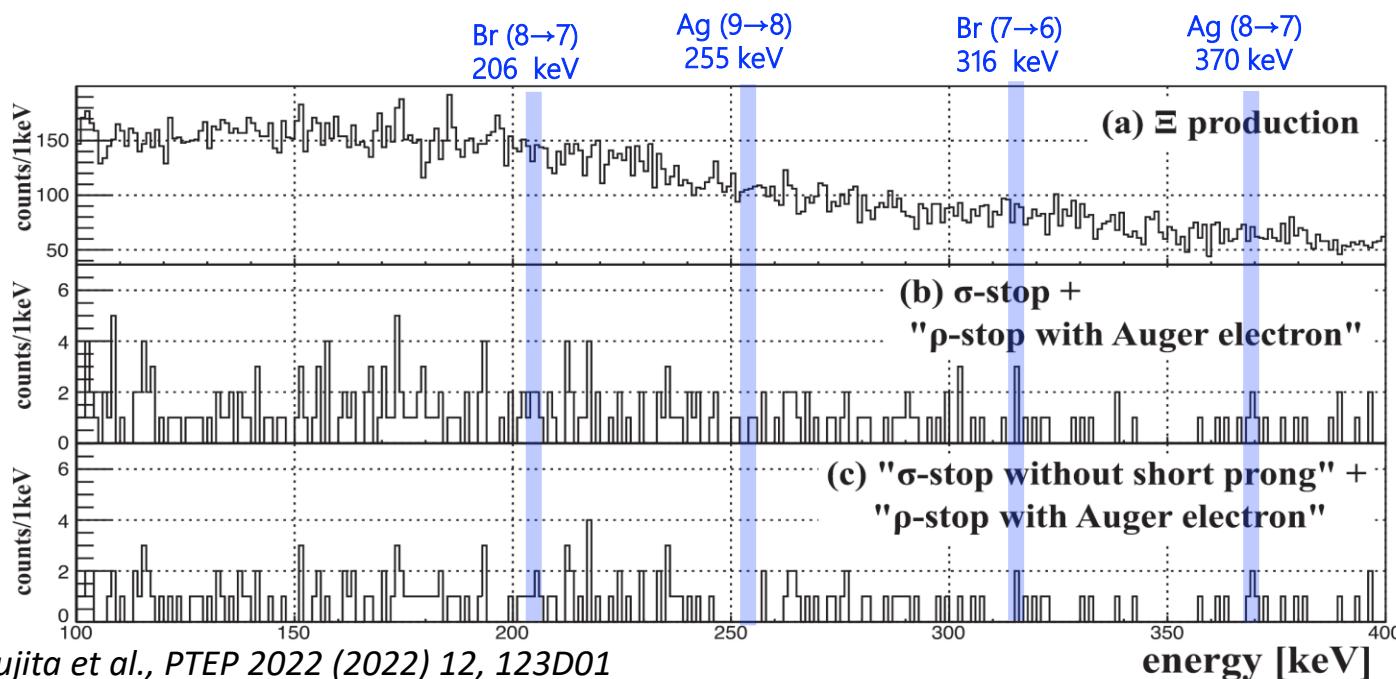
Ξ -Ag/Br atomic X rays in emulsion (J-PARC E07)

“Reaction-Xray-Emulsion” triple-coincidence hybrid method

Ξ absorption events
selected via emulsion
image analysis

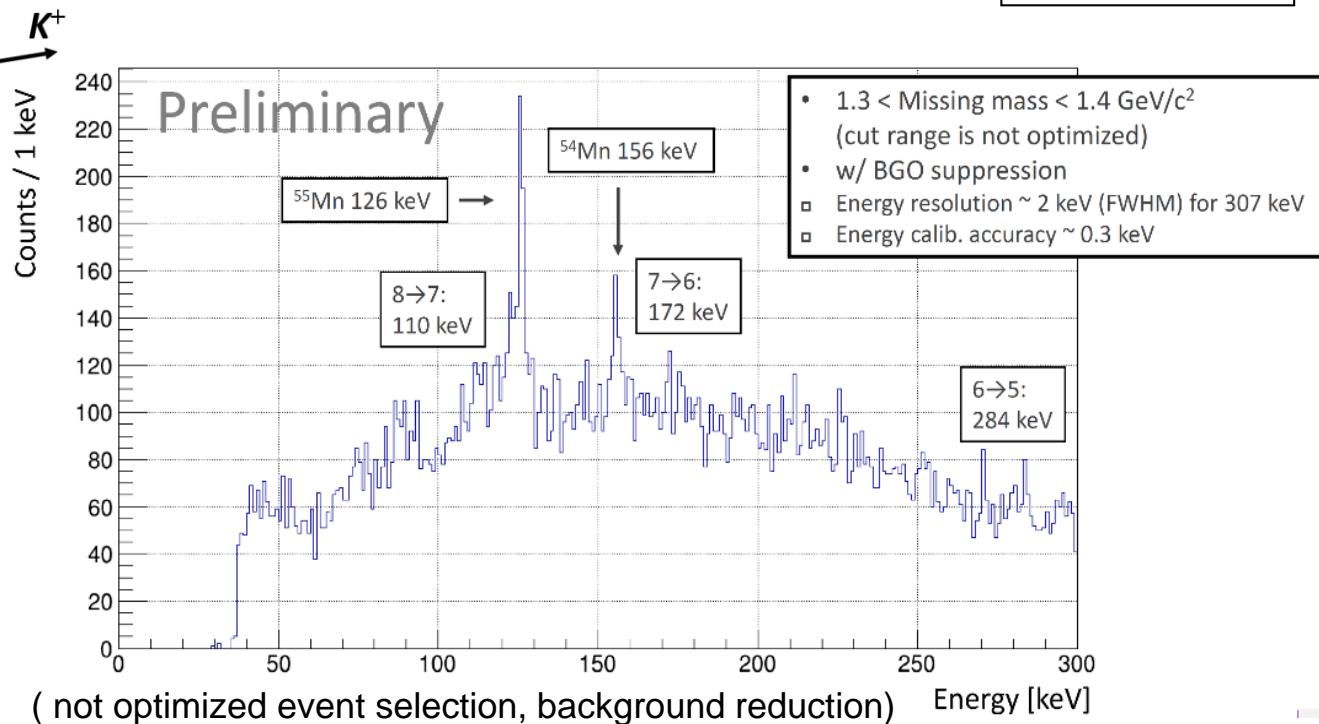
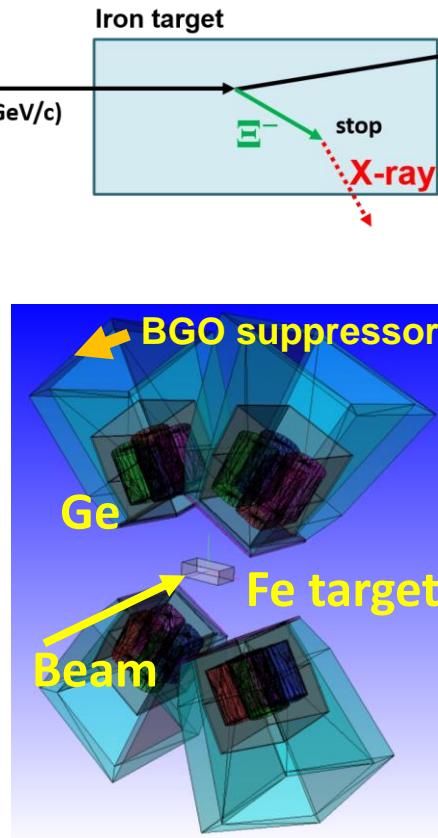
- BG level reduced to 1/170
- Calibration method of <0.1 keV developed

X-ray peaks not observed due to lower emulsion and Ge detector efficiencies than expected



E^- Fe atomic X-ray (J-PARC E03-1st)

Y. Ishikawa,
HYP2022, 2022.6



No clear peak structures are found at present.

BG level is consistent with our expectation

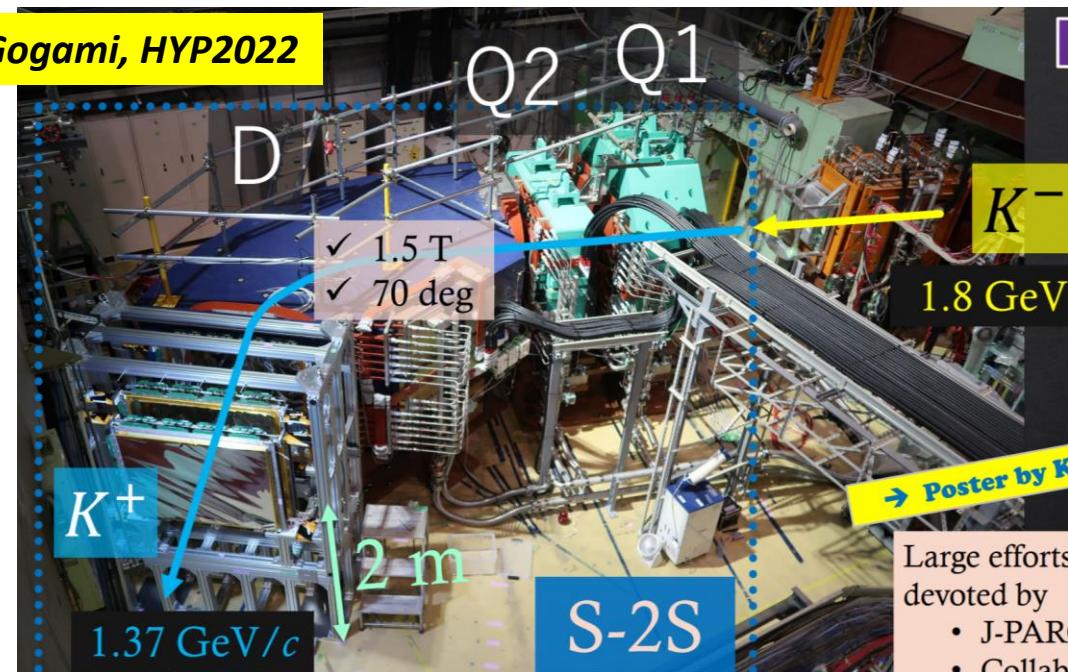
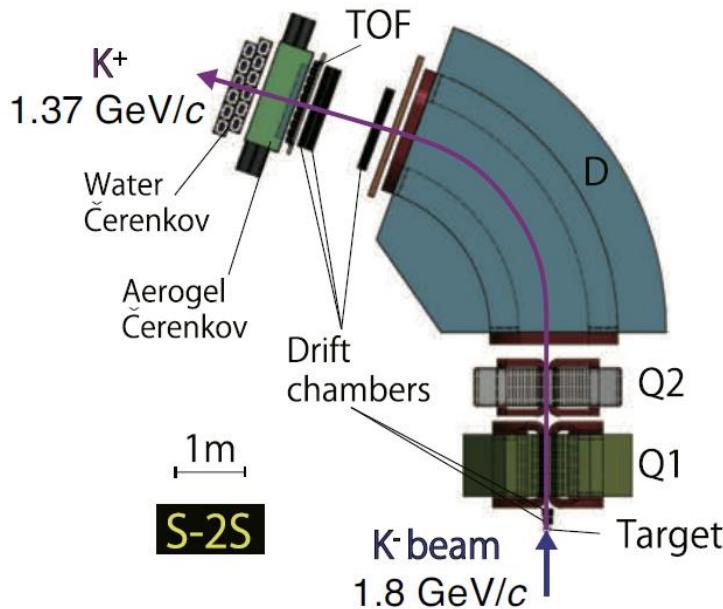
X ray yields are found to be smaller than expected.

Spectroscopy of Ξ hypernuclei via (K^-, K^+) reaction

E70 (Nagae) : $^{12}\text{C}(K^-, K^+)^{12}_{\Xi}\text{Be}$

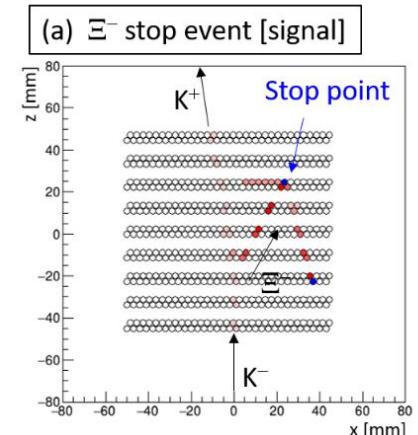
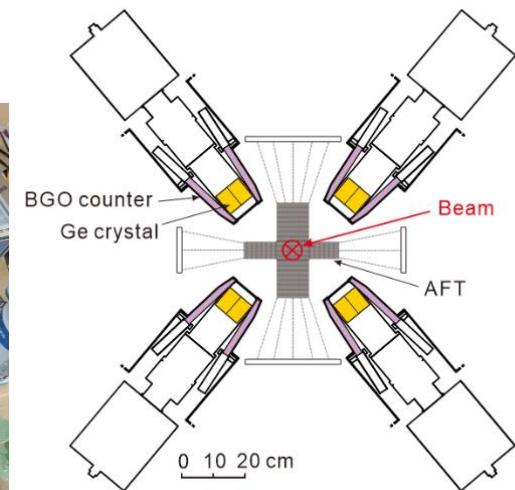
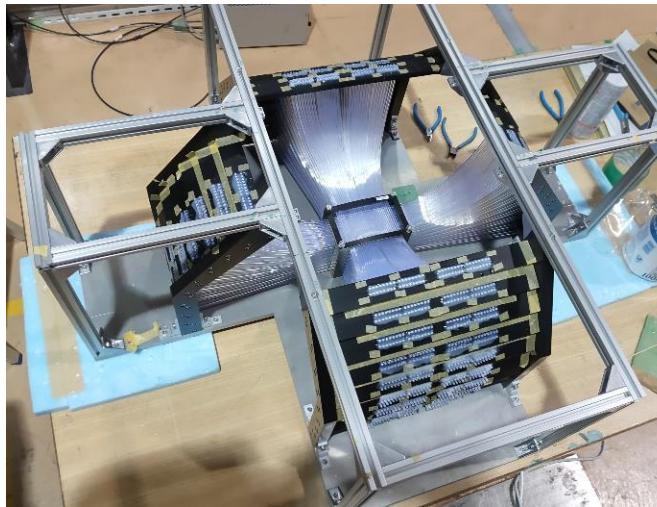
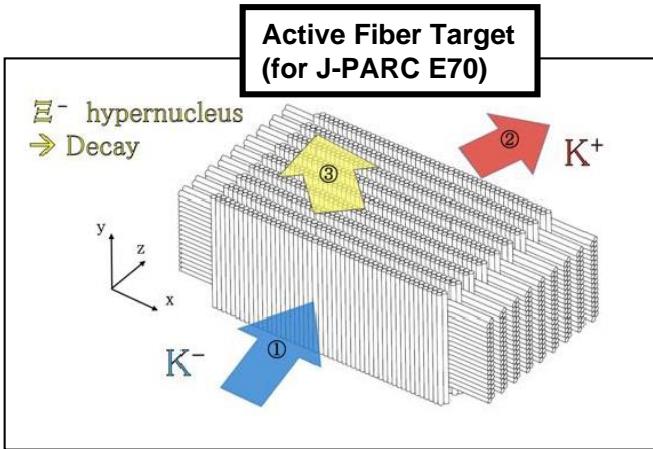
E75 (Fujioka) : $^7\text{Li}(K^-, K^+)^7_{\Xi}\text{H}$, $^7_{\Xi}\text{H} \rightarrow {}^5_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{H}$

A new dedicated spectrometer, S-2S has been installed. Run from 2023.



Ξ stop tagging with AFT for Ξ atomic X-rays (E96)

Active Fiber Target (AFT) gives
 Ξ track information → Ξ stop tag



Energy loss correction for missing mass spectroscopy of Ξ hypernuclei (E70)

$$\Delta M = \text{a few MeV} \Rightarrow \sim 1 \text{ MeV (FWHM)}$$

Identify Ξ stop events with AFT => **~95% B.G. reduction**
with **70% survival ratio** for stop event
Run in 2023.

Summary

- ${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ puzzle: new ALICE results appeared. Measurements with other methods still necessary.
- J-PARC E73: ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ lifetime measured, run for ${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ this year.
- ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}/{}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ γ -ray measurement is planned.
- New ${}^{15}_{\Xi}\text{C}$ hypernuclear events observed. Some have a large B_{Ξ} value, suggesting an s_{Ξ} state?
- Ξ atomic X-ray measurement tried twice, but not observed yet.
- ${}^{12}\text{C}(\text{K}^-, \text{K}^+) {}^{12}_{\Xi}\text{Be}$ spectroscopy will start soon, together with a Ξ -C atomic X-ray measurement.