# **Results of first TASCA commissioning**



TASCA

1. Study of <u>ion-optical</u> parameters of <u>High Transmission</u> and <u>Small Image modes</u>

2. Comparison <u>experimental data</u> with <u>Monte-Carlo</u> simulations

<u>Experiment 1 (27 April 2006):</u> <sup>30</sup>Si (5.45 MeV / u) + <sup>181</sup>Ta (400 μg / cm<sup>2</sup>) -> <sup>205-206</sup>Fr

<u>Experiment 2 (16 - 17 May 2006):</u> <sup>54</sup>Cr (4.18 MeV / u) + <sup>nat</sup>Gd (500 μg / cm<sup>2</sup>) -> <sup>208-211</sup>Ra

ünchen

A.Semchenkov, TASCA2006 workshop.

TU Munich, 29.09.2006







<b><u>Results of calculations and simulations:</u></b>							
DQ	h <mark>Q</mark> v 4	<sup>8</sup> Ca + <sup>238</sup> U ->	<sup>283</sup> 112	2 <u>DQ</u>	<u>, Q</u> h		
<u>TRANS-</u> <u>PORT:</u>	<u>MONTE-</u> <u>CARLO:</u>	Angula Acceptance	r ces:	<u>TRANS-</u> <u>PORT:</u>	<u>MONTE-</u> CARLO:		
± 110 mrad ± 40 mrad	≈ 80 mrad ≈ 46 mrad	<ul><li>← Horizon</li><li>← Vertica</li></ul>	tal → I →	≈ 34 mrad ≈ 40 mrad	≈ 34 mrad ≈ 42 mrad		
≈ 14 msr	≈ 12 msr	← Solid ang	gle 🔶	≈ 4.3 msr	≈ 4.5 msr		
<b>≈ 65</b> %	<b>≈ 59 %</b>	← Transmis	sion 🗲	<b>≈ 40</b> %	<b>≈ 35</b> %		
≈ 14 cm ≈ 2.5 cm ≈ 35 cm <sup>2</sup>	≈ 16 cm ≈ 3 cm ≈ 48 cm <sup>2</sup>	<ul> <li>← Horiz. image</li> <li>← Vert. image</li> <li>← Image ar</li> </ul>	e size → size → ea →	≈ 3 cm ≈ 3 cm ≈ 7 cm <sup>2</sup>	≈ 4 cm ≈ 4 cm ≈ 12 cm <sup>2</sup>		
G S L Dar	mstadt	TU Müncher	A.Semo TASCA2000 TU Munich	chenkov, 6 workshop, 1, 29.09.2006	TASCA		

#### **Results from test experiments** (distribution in the <u>FPD</u>)



## <sup>30</sup>Si + <sup>181</sup>Ta - > <sup>205,206</sup>Fr <sup>54</sup>Cr + <sup>nat</sup>Gd - > <sup>208-211</sup>Ra



#### Parameters of the first test in Vacuum mode

<sup>30</sup>Si beam through TASCA

Parameter	Test with beam		
Particle	<sup>30</sup> Si		
Energy	7.7 MeV/u		
Total kinetic energy (TKE)	230.8 MeV		
Charge state from accelerator	6 +		
Magnetic Rigidity	2 Tm		
Size in the target position	ø 6 mm		
Maximum possible angular spread	< 3 mrad		
Beam current	~ 16 nA <sub>part</sub>		

**U München** 



A.Semchenkov, TASCA2006 workshop, TU Munich, 29.09.2006







#### **Test in gas - filled mode with reaction products:**

 $^{30}Si + ^{181}Ta - > ^{205,206}Fr$ 

Parameter			
<b>Beam</b> particle	<sup>30</sup> Si		
Energy	5.45 MeV/u		
Total kinetic energy (TKE)	163.4 MeV		
Charge state from accelerator	6 +		
Magnetic rigidity	1.7 Tm		
Size in the target position	ø 6 mm		
Maximum possible angular spread	< 3 mrad		
Beam current	~ 16 nA <sub>part</sub>		
Thickness of the Carbon vacuum window foil	52 μg/cm <sup>2</sup>		
Target material (self-supported)	<sup>181</sup> Ta (metallic)		
Thickness	400 μg/cm <sup>2</sup>		
A.Sen TASCA20 TIL Munic	nchenkov, 06 workshop, ch. 29.09.2006		

#### <u>Dipole magnet</u> current optimization <sup>30</sup>Si + <sup>181</sup>Ta - > <sup>205,206</sup>Fr





#### **<u>a</u>** - spectrum in the <u>FPD</u>:

<sup>30</sup>Si + <sup>181</sup>Ta - > <sup>205,206</sup>Fr

#### Energy spectra limits 6.6 - 7.2 MeV



#### Parameters of the second test Beam & Target

Parameters of the beam				
Beam particle	<u>54 Cr</u>			
Energy / TKE : - initial beam	5.08 MeV/u / 274 MeV			
<ul> <li>at the centre of the target</li> </ul>	4.25 MeV/u / 229 MeV			
Charge state from accelerator	7 +			
Magnetic rigidity in vacuum	2.5 Tm			
Size in the target position	ø 6 mm			
Maximum possible angular spread	< 3 mrad			
Parameters of the target				
Target material	nat Gd <sub>2</sub> O3			
Thickness	500 μg / cm² <mark>(Gd)</mark>			
Atomic number of most enriched isotopes	155, 156, 157, 158, 160			
<b>E S Darmstadt TU München A.Semchenkov,</b> <b>TASCA2006 workshop,</b> <b>TU Munich, 29.09.2006 TASCA</b>				





**C** – counts concentrated in 4 -6 strips

Horizontal image size: 2 - 3 cm

> SHE CHEM

TU Munich, 29.09.2006

TASCA



#### <u>Pressure modification in TASCA</u> <sup>54</sup>Cr + <sup>nat</sup>Gd - > <sup>208-211</sup>Ra







SHE CHEM

TU Munich, 29.09.2006

TASCA

## <u>Results from test experiments compared with</u> <u>MONTE-CARLO simulations</u>



# **CONCLUSIONS:**

DQQ – configuration is the optimized TASCA configuration:
 → most efficient and most versatile
 High Transmission (DQ<sub>h</sub>Q<sub>v</sub>) and Small Image (DQ<sub>v</sub>Q<sub>h</sub>)
 mode:

- Successfully tested
  Distribution of experimentally observed products
  in the Focal Plane Detector compared with
  ion-optical calculations and Monte Carlo simulations:
  - very good agreement

High Transmission mode for "slow" SHE chemistry:

→ 14\*4 cm<sup>2</sup> RTC window will have very high transmission Small Image mode for "fast" SHE chemistry:

München

ø3 cm RTC window will have high transmission





## <u>Next TASCA commissioning experiments</u> <u>using intense <sup>40</sup> Ar beams</u>

**Reactions** (November 2006):

- **1.** <sup>40</sup>Ar + <sup>238</sup>U ->  **background and target test using FPD**
- 2. <sup>40</sup>Ar + <sup>208</sup>Pb -> <sup>248</sup>Fm\* -> <sup>245</sup>Fm + 3n - high rigidity ( Bρ ≈2.06 T\*m) test using FPD + RTC
- 3. <sup>40</sup>Ar + <sup>144</sup>Sm -> <sup>184</sup>Hg\* -> <sup>180</sup>Hg + 4n FPD + RTC test
- 4. <sup>40</sup>Ar + <sup>154</sup>Sm -> <sup>194</sup>Hg\* -> <sup>190</sup>Hg + 4n RTC test

5. <sup>40</sup>Ar + <sup>160</sup>Gd -> <sup>200</sup>Pb\* -> <sup>196</sup>Pb + 4n - RTC test



TU München

A.Semchenkov, TASCA2006 workshop, TU Munich, 29.09.2006



#### **<u>Next TASCA experiments with 40 Ar beam</u>**

#### **Simulated parametes of reactions:**

Targ.	Thick.	Com.	<b>Exit</b>	Prod.	Calc.	Simulated Transm. %		Detector	
	µg/cm²	Nuc.	ch.	lsot.	Βρ/Τm				
						H	S	FPD	RTC
<sup>208</sup> Pb	420	<sup>248</sup> Fm*	<u>3n</u>	<sup>245</sup> Fm	2.06	<b>48</b>	29	H/S	H/S
<sup>144</sup> Sm	470	<sup>184</sup> Hg*	<b>4n</b>	<sup>180</sup> Hg	1.57	59	37	S	S
<sup>154</sup> Sm	470	<sup>194</sup> Hg*	<b>4n</b>	<sup>190</sup> Hg	1.66	50	31		<b>(H/S)</b>
<sup>160</sup> Gd	470	<sup>196</sup> Pb*	<b>4n</b>	<sup>190</sup> Hg	1.65	55	35		Η

In the table denotes: H - High Transmission and S - Small Image mode



TU München





