



Hot fusion studies at the BGS with light projectiles and ^{238}U targets

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Preliminary results from a systematic study of hot fusion
reactions with ions from ^{22}Ne through ^{31}P and ^{238}U targets



LBNL Heavy Element Group



Principal Investigators:

Heino Nitsche (UCB Chemistry Faculty, group leader)
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Liv Stavsetra (^{244}Pu Targets)

Graduate Students:

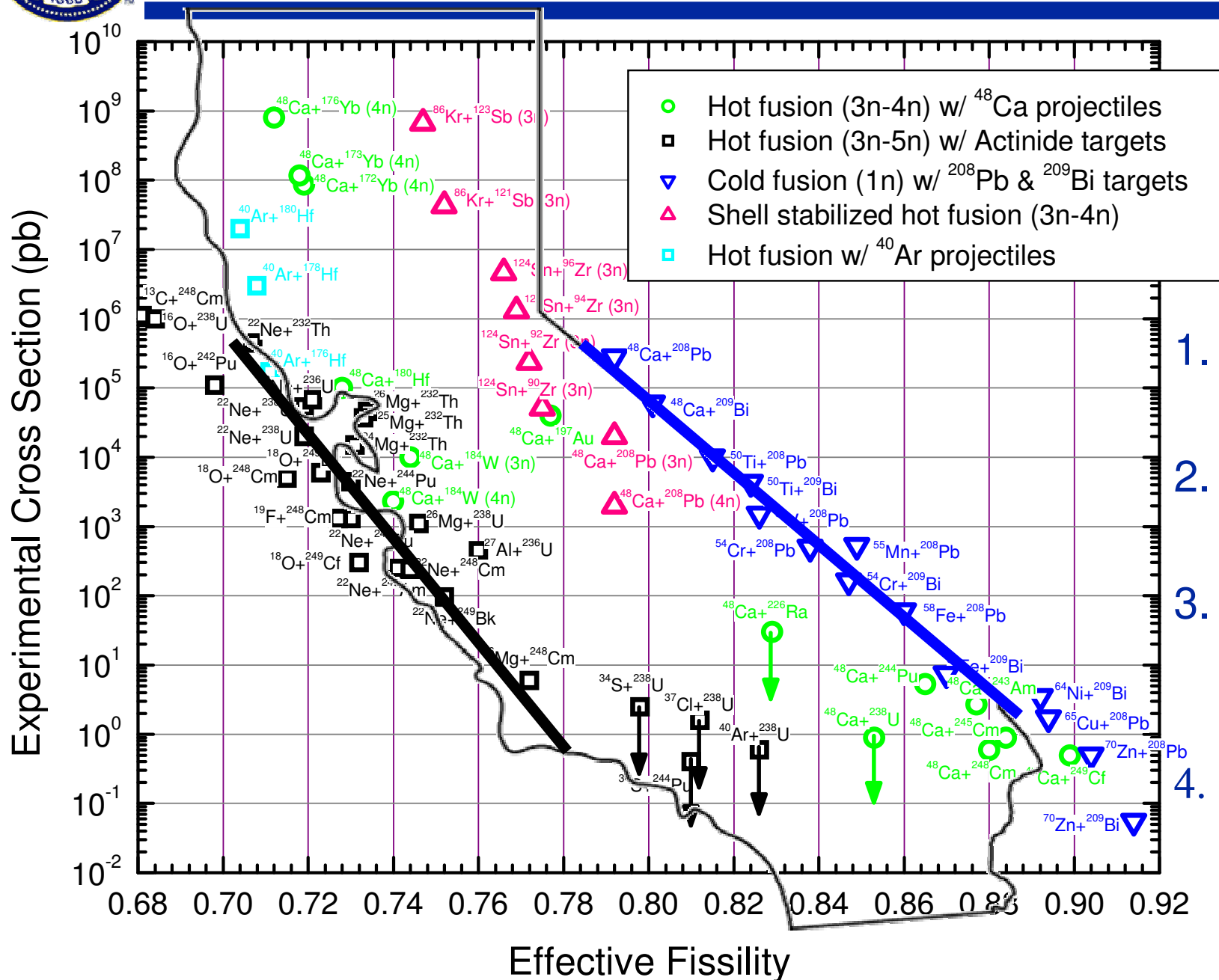
Irena Dragojevic (Cold fusion)
Mitch Andre Garcia (Gas phase chemistry)
Jacklyn Gates (Hot fusion; Db extraction chemistry)
Sarah Nelson (Cold fusion)

Collaborators

OSU, PSI/Bern, GSI, TUM, ANL



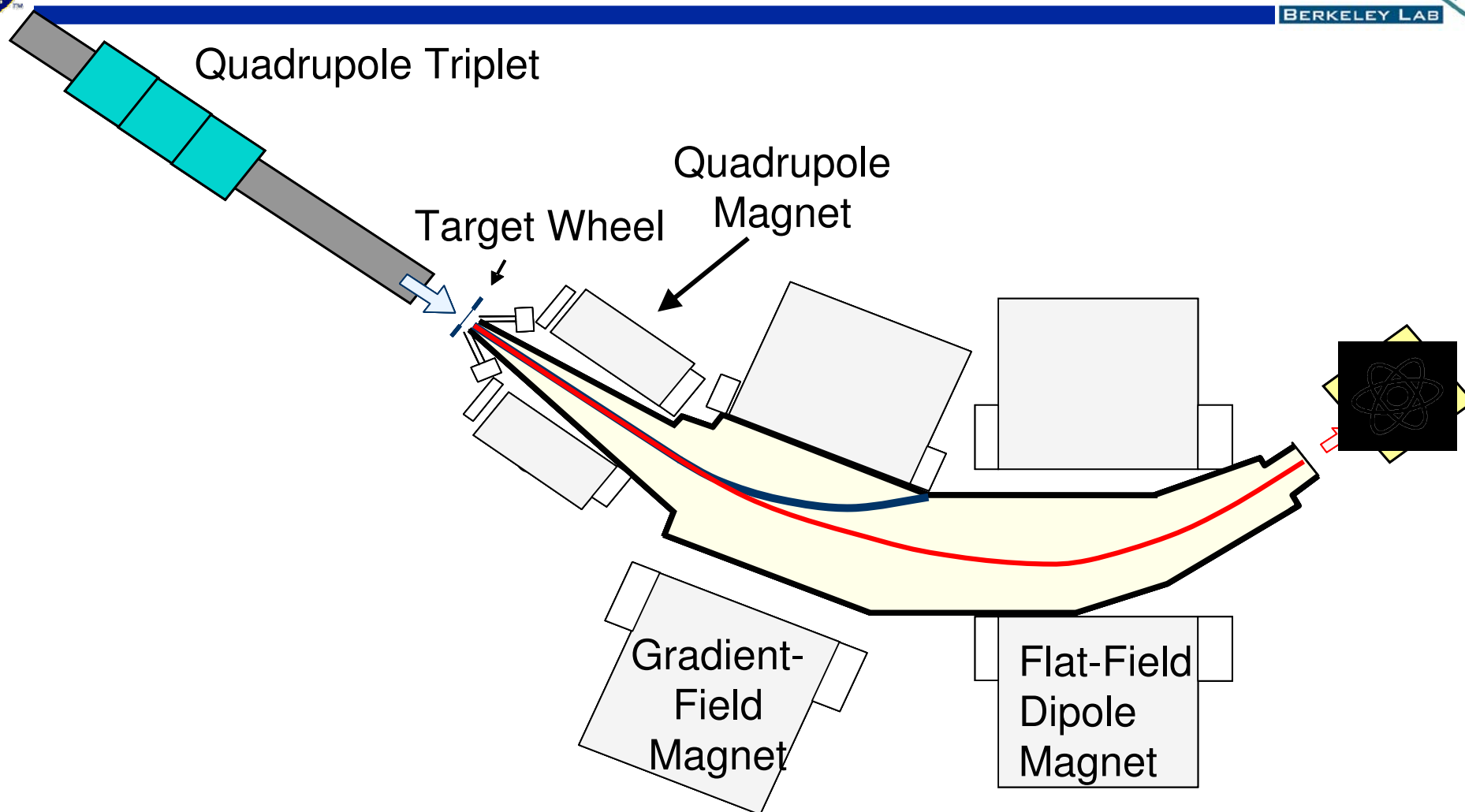
What Can We Learn from a Systematic Study of Compound Nucleus Reactions with ^{238}U targets?



1. Capture cross sections
2. Fusion hindrance
3. Critical angular momentum for fusion
4. $\Gamma_n/\Gamma_{\text{tot}}$



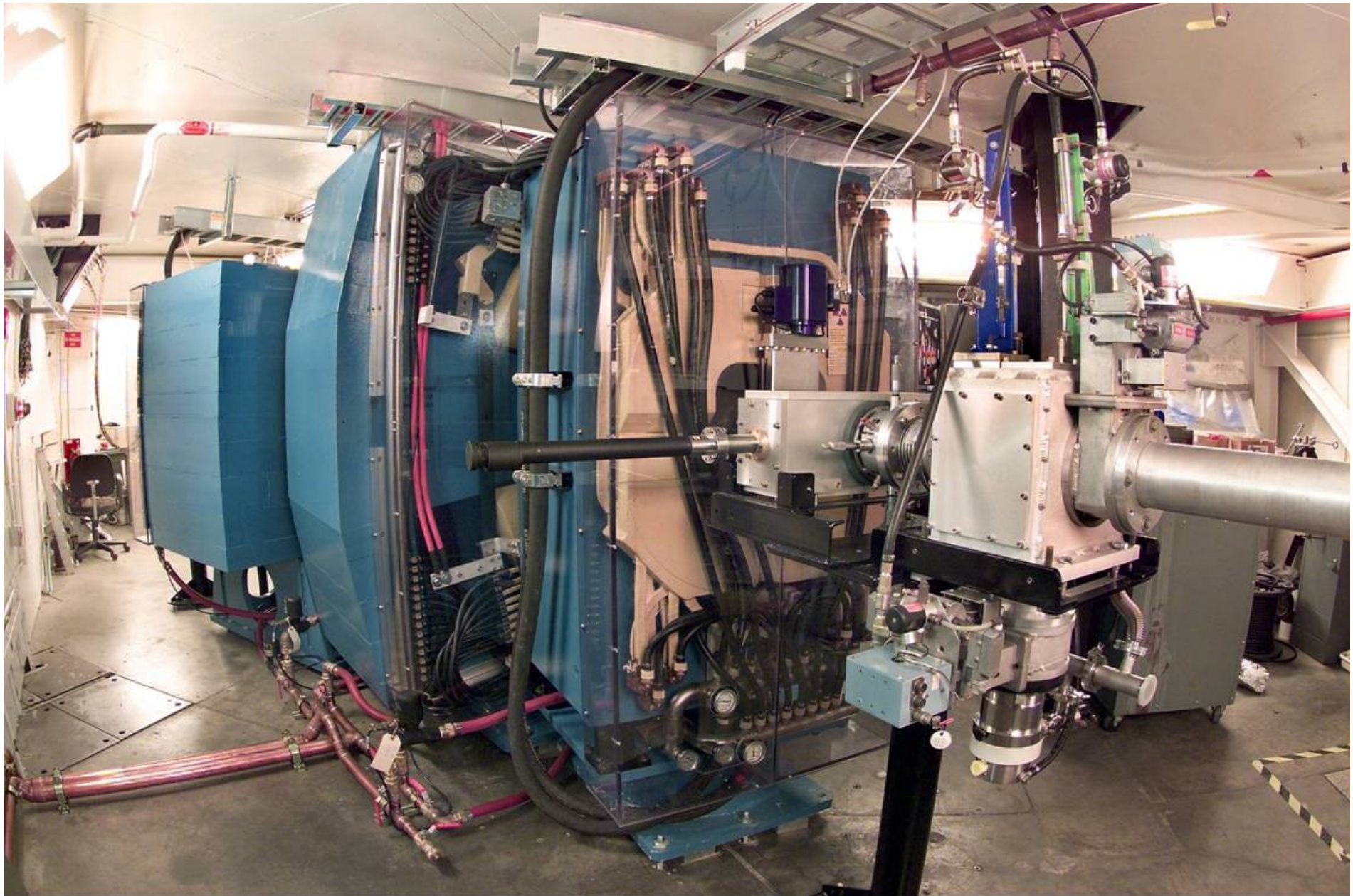
Berkeley Gas-filled Separator



- ✓ Large acceptance: 45 msr ($\pm 9^\circ$ vertical, $\pm 4.5^\circ$ horizontal)
⇒ High transmission (Ni+Pb: ~70%; Mg+U: 15-18%)
- ✓ Large bend angle: 70°
⇒ Large dispersion: 2 cm/(% Bp)

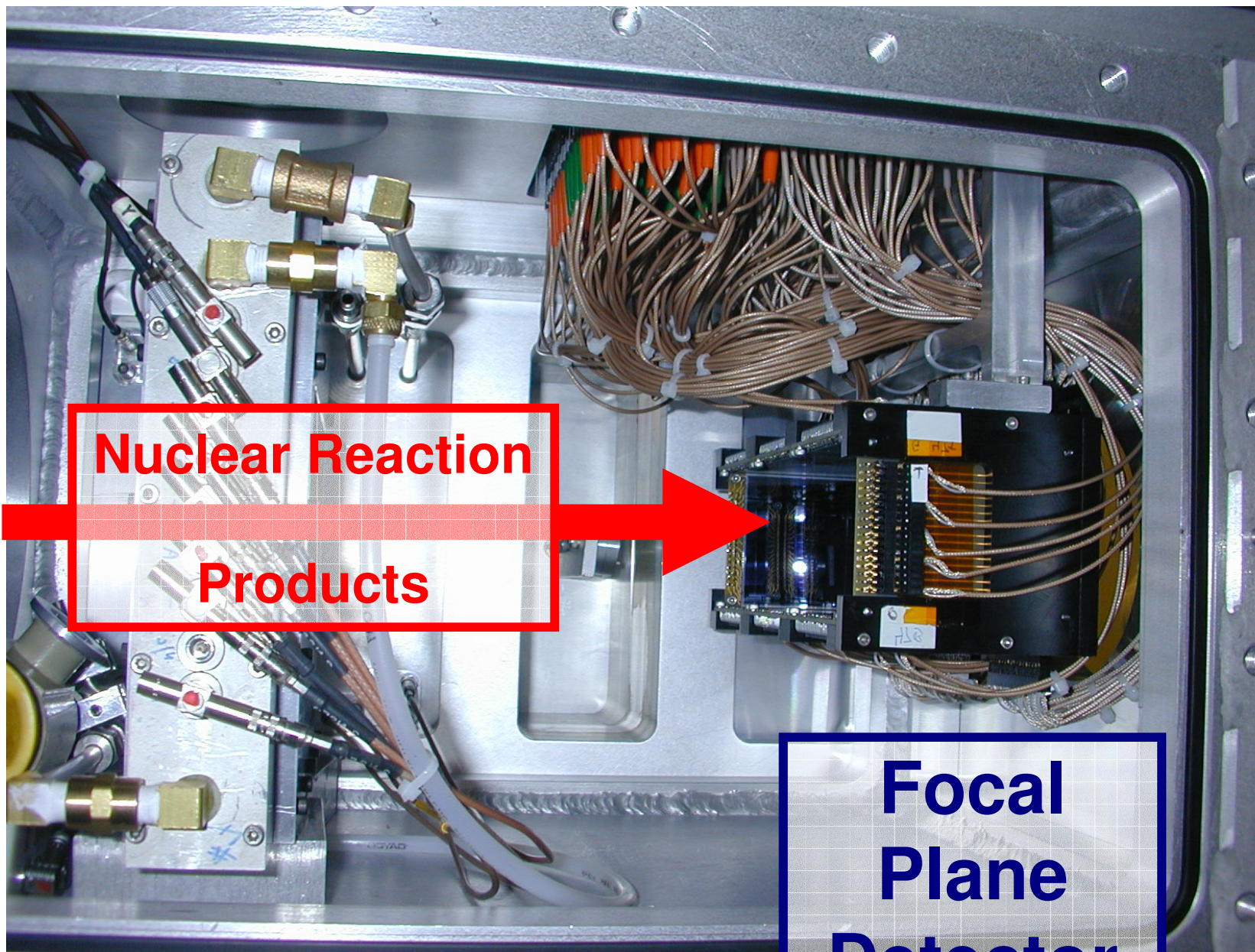


BGS

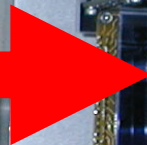




Detector Setup



**Nuclear Reaction
Products**



**Focal
Plane
Detector**



Systematic Study with ^{238}U targets and neutron rich projectiles from ^{18}O to ^{31}P



$^{238}\text{U}(^{18}\text{O},xn)^{256-x}\text{Fm}$ (results from radiochemical experiments of Donets et al.)

$^{238}\text{U}(^{19}\text{F},xn)^{257-x}\text{Md}$ (results from radiochemical experiments of Donets et al.)

$^{238}\text{U}(^{22}\text{Ne},xn)^{260-x}\text{No}$ (0.158 mg/cm² UF₄ targets, six-point excitation function completed)

chopped beam, measured nobelium alpha singles during beam pause

$^{238}\text{U}(^{23}\text{Na},xn)^{261-x}\text{Lr}$ (0.158 mg/cm² UF₄ targets, three-point excitation function completed)

chopped beam, EVR-alpha correlations measured (EVR during beam pulse, alpha during pause)

$^{238}\text{U}(^{26}\text{Mg},xn)^{264-x}\text{Rf}$ (0.471 mg/cm² UF₄ targets, six-point excitation function completed)

DC beam short EVR-SF correlations for ^{260}Rf and ^{258}Rf .

chopped beam for ^{259}Rf , EVR during beam pulse, ^{259}Rf alpha during pause

$^{238}\text{U}(^{27}\text{Al},xn)^{265-x}\text{Db}$ (0.471 mg/cm² UF₄ targets, three-point excitation function completed)

DC beam, EVR-Db alpha shut off beam to search for Lr daughter alpha

$^{238}\text{U}(^{30}\text{Si},xn)^{268-x}\text{Sg}$ (0.471 mg/cm² UF₄ targets, four-point excitation function completed)

DC beam, EVR-Sg shut off beam to search for Rf daughter alpha

$^{238}\text{U}(^{31}\text{P},xn)^{269-x}\text{Bh}$ (cross sections too small?)

$^{238}\text{U}(^{34}\text{S},xn)^{272-x}\text{Hs}$ (upper limit from DGFRS)

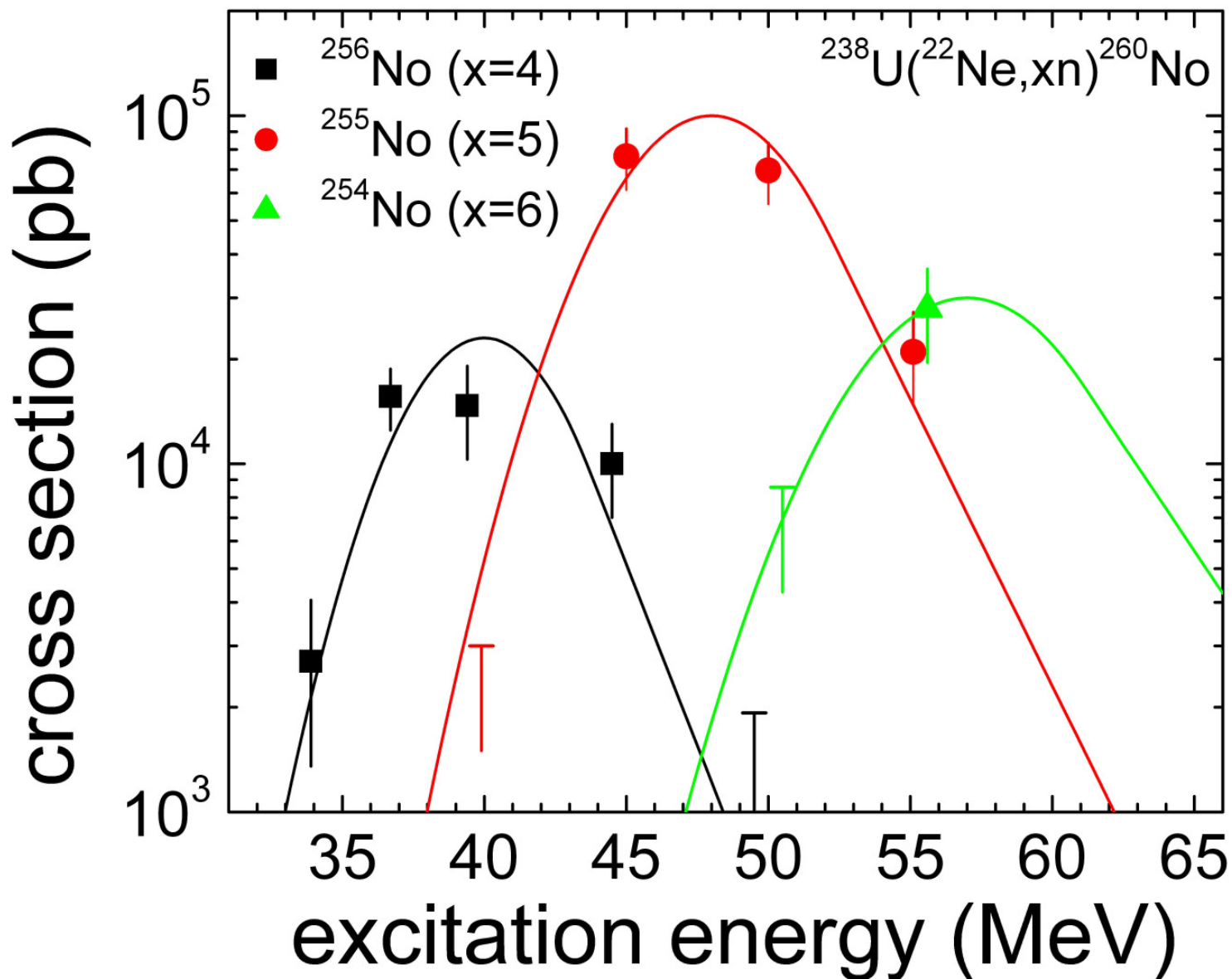
$^{238}\text{U}(^{37}\text{Cl},xn)^{275-x}\text{Mt}$ (~1.6 pb upper limit was not sensitive enough)

DC beam, EVR with MWPC signal, alpha w/o MWPC, beam shutoff to search for daughters

$^{238}\text{U}(^{40}\text{Ar},xn)^{278-x}\text{Ds}$ (0.7 pb upper limit from SHIP)

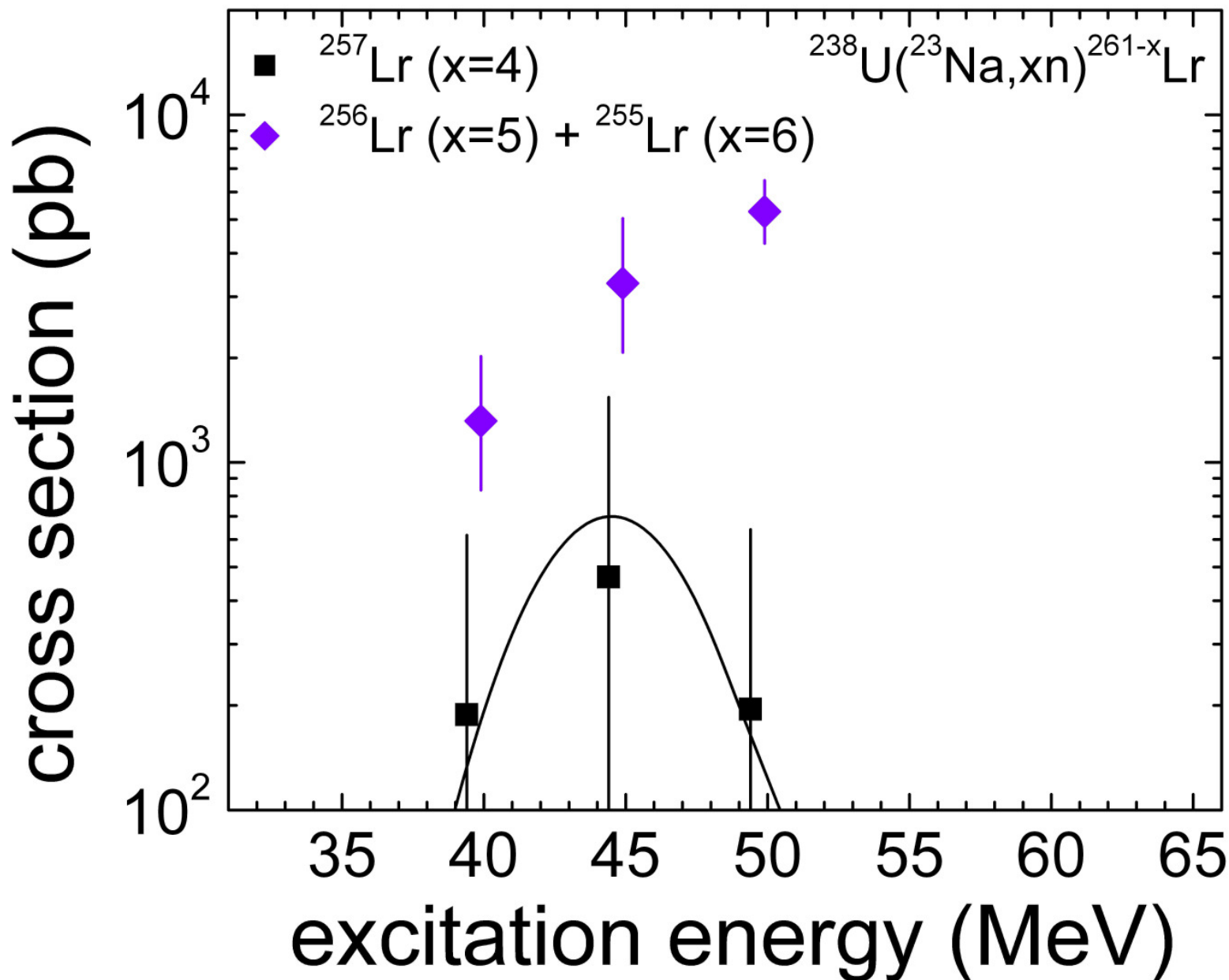


$^{238}\text{U}(^{22}\text{Ne}, xn)^{260-x}\text{No}$



Notes:

1. All data have been normalized by 1.34 to correct for portion of the excitation function missing the detector
2. Separation of ^{255}No and ^{254}No is difficult
3. ^{256}No peak has interference from ^{213}Po

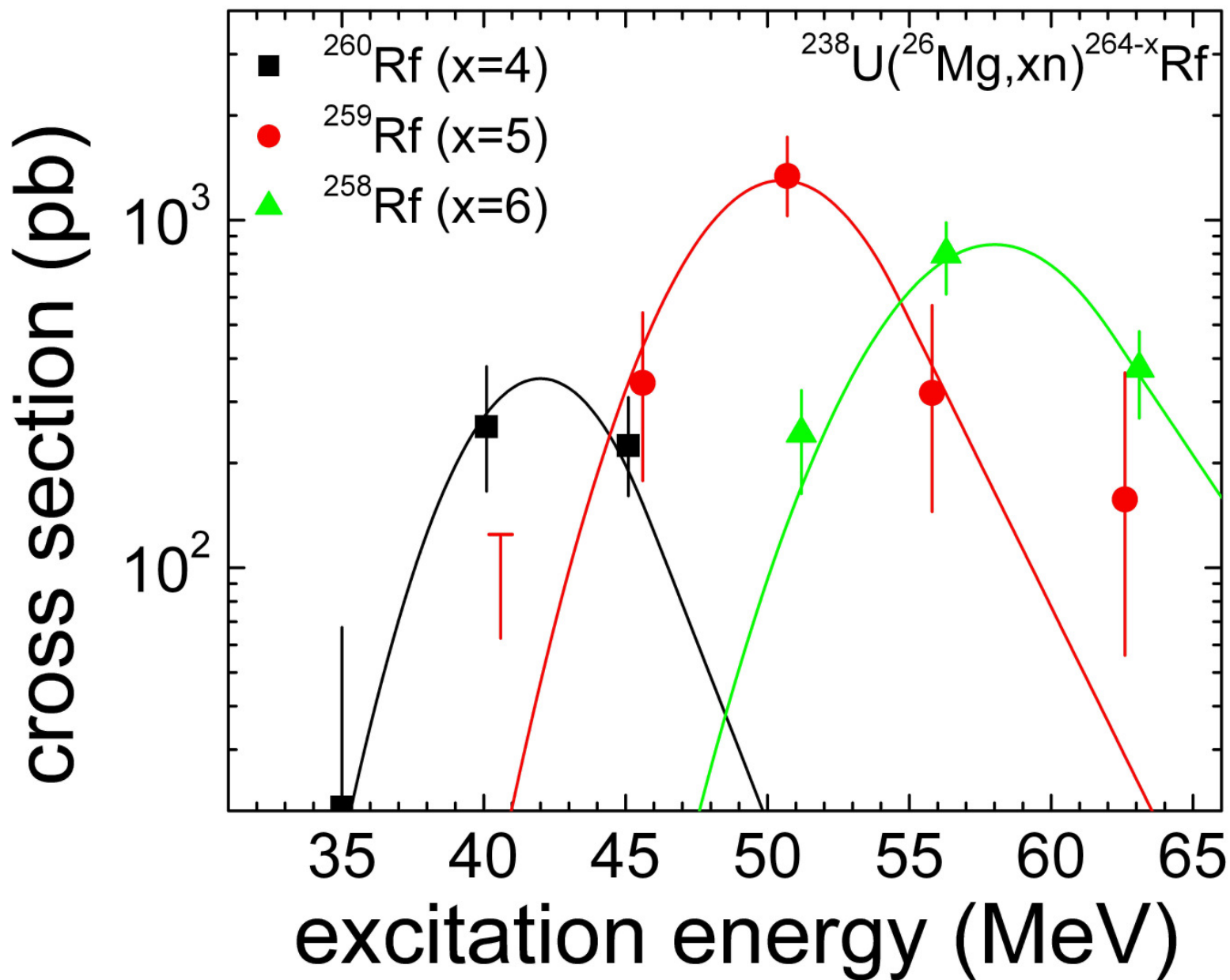


Notes:

1. Could not distinguish between ^{254}Lr and ^{255}Lr , so cross sections are the sum of 5n and 6n exit channels

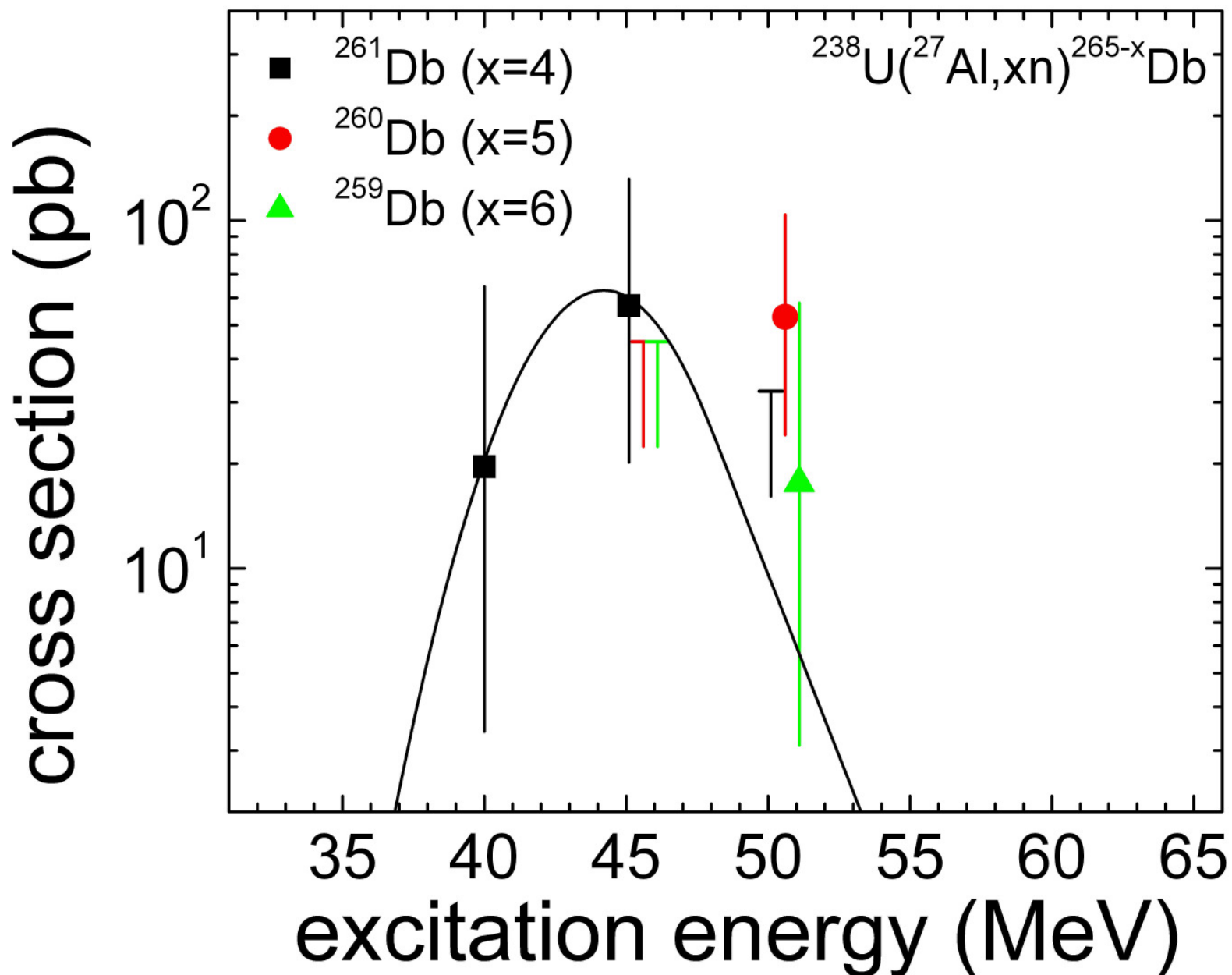


$^{238}\text{U}(^{26}\text{Mg},xn)^{264-x}\text{Rf}$



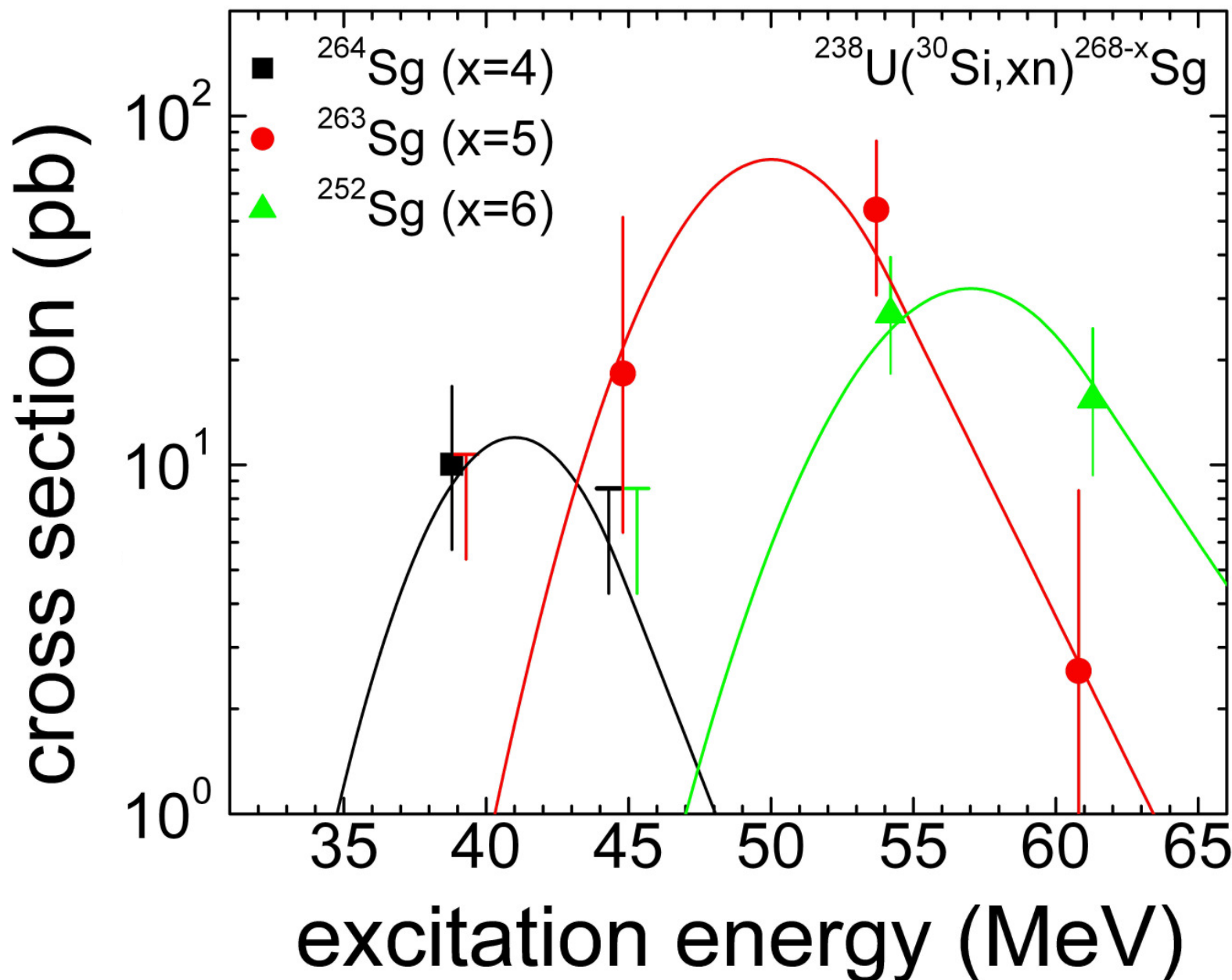


$^{238}\text{U}(^{27}\text{Al},xn)^{265-x}\text{Db}$



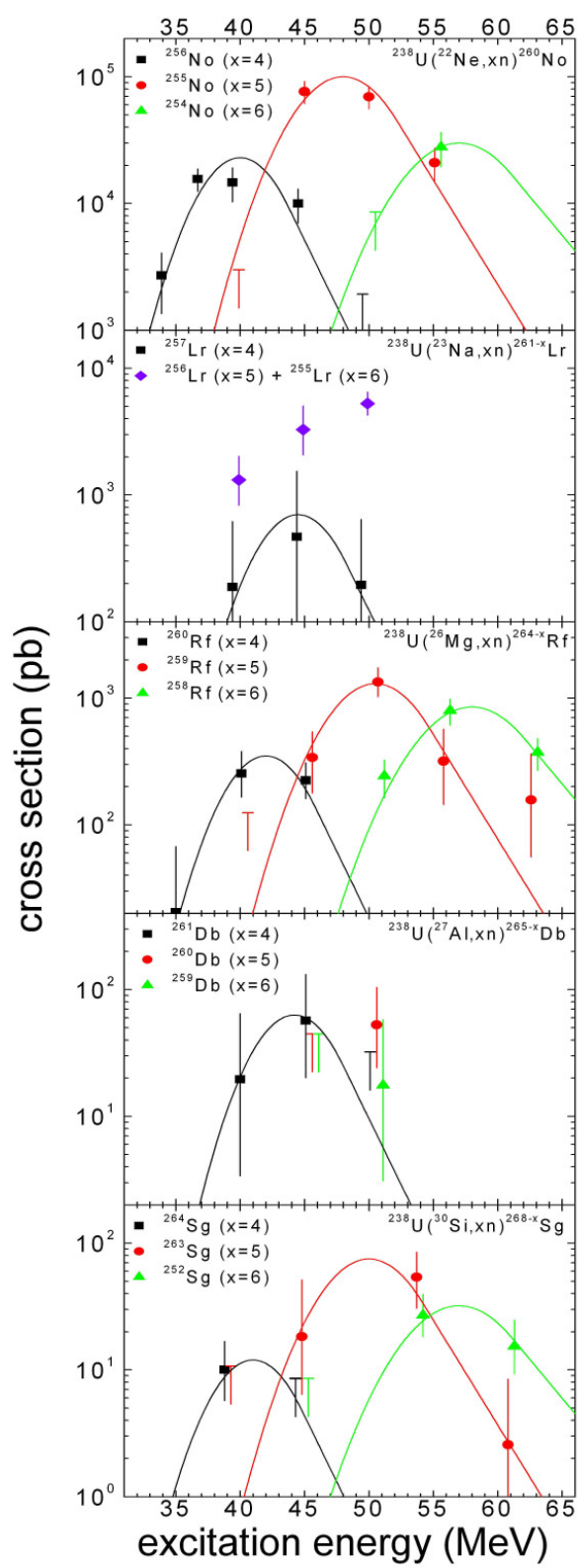


$^{238}\text{U}(^{30}\text{Si}, xn)^{268-x}\text{Sg}$



Notes:

1. ^{264}Sg decays via SF 37_{-11}^{+27} ms
2. ^{262}Sg $t_{1/2}$ is 15_{-3}^{+5} ms (previous value $6.9_{-1.8}^{+3.8}$ ms)
3. $13 \pm 8\%$ SF branch in ^{263}Sg measured



$$x = 4n$$

$$x = 5n$$

$$x = 6n$$



Notes:

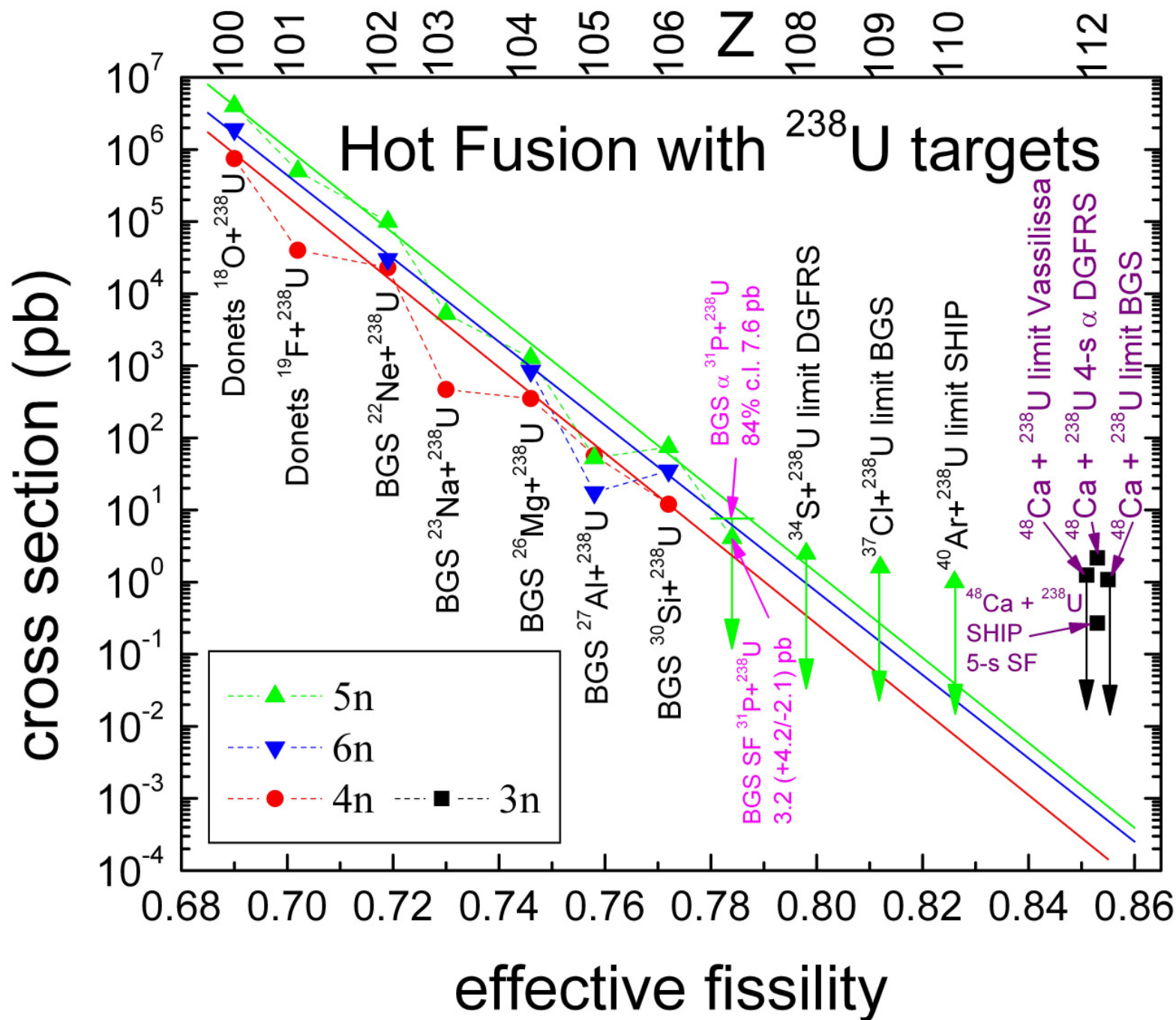
1. Excitation functions measured for 4,5 and 6n of even-Z projectiles
2. Partial excitation functions for odd-Z projectiles
3. 6n is wider than 5n which is wider than 4n
4. Ratios of 4n/5n and 5n/6n remain constant





PRELIMINARY DATA:

Still changing weekly!



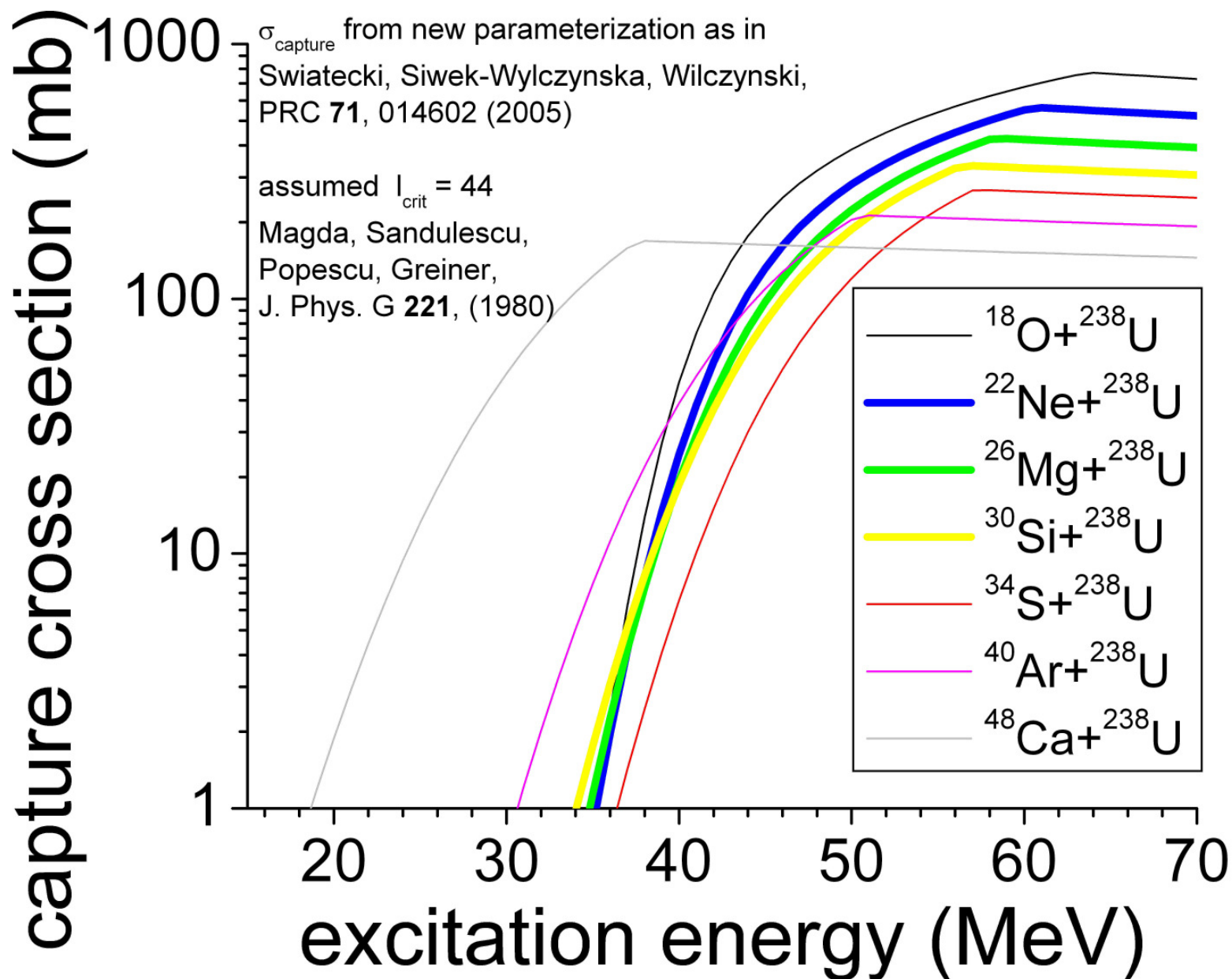
Notes:

1. Lines are fits to even-Z projectile points
2. 5n always highest
3. 6n lower by factor of 3
4. 4n lower by factor of 6



PRELIMINARY DATA:

Still changing weekly!





$\Gamma_n/\Gamma_{\text{tot}}$ Calculations



- EXTREMELY PRELIMINARY: still changing daily!

$$\frac{\Gamma_n}{\Gamma_{\text{tot}}}(49\text{MeV}) = \frac{\sigma_{5n}(49\text{MeV}) \sigma_{\text{fus}}(41\text{MeV})}{\sigma_{4n}(41\text{MeV}) \sigma_{\text{fus}}(49\text{MeV})}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_n}{\Gamma_{\text{tot}}}(57\text{MeV}) = \frac{\sigma_{6n}(57\text{MeV}) \sigma_{\text{fus}}(49\text{MeV})}{\sigma_{5n}(49\text{MeV}) \sigma_{\text{fus}}(57\text{MeV})}$$

Reaction	$\Gamma_n/\Gamma_{\text{tot}}$ (57 MeV)	$\Gamma_n/\Gamma_{\text{tot}}$ (49 MeV)
$^{18}\text{O}+^{238}\text{U}$	1.11	0.28
$^{22}\text{Ne}+^{238}\text{U}$	0.66	0.16
$^{26}\text{Mg}+^{238}\text{U}$	0.53	0.32
$^{30}\text{Si}+^{238}\text{U}$	1.02	0.21



Hot Fusion with ^{238}U Targets Summary and outlook



Conclusions:

- Preliminary results from a systematic study of hot fusion reactions with ions from ^{22}Ne through ^{31}P and ^{238}U targets
- 5n cross section always highest
- Cross sections show exponential decrease with increasing Z
- Odd-even effect increases with increasing Z?
- Systematics can be applied to reactions with other actinide targets

Future Experiments:

- Complete $^{238}\text{U}(^{31}\text{P}, xn)^{269-x}\text{Bh}$
- Search for $^{238}\text{U}(^{26}\text{Mg}, 3n)^{261}\text{Rf}$ to assess possibilities for production of n-rich nuclides
- “Test to destruction” with small target wheel $^{40}\text{Ar}+^{208}\text{Pb}$