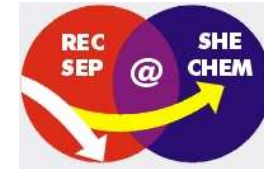


Multi-Coincidence Spectroscopy of SHE using the TASI Spec Setup

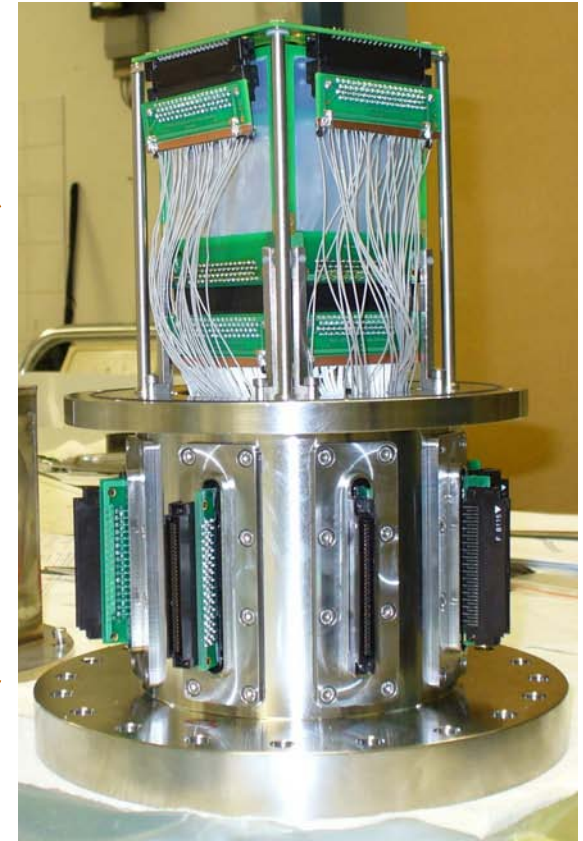
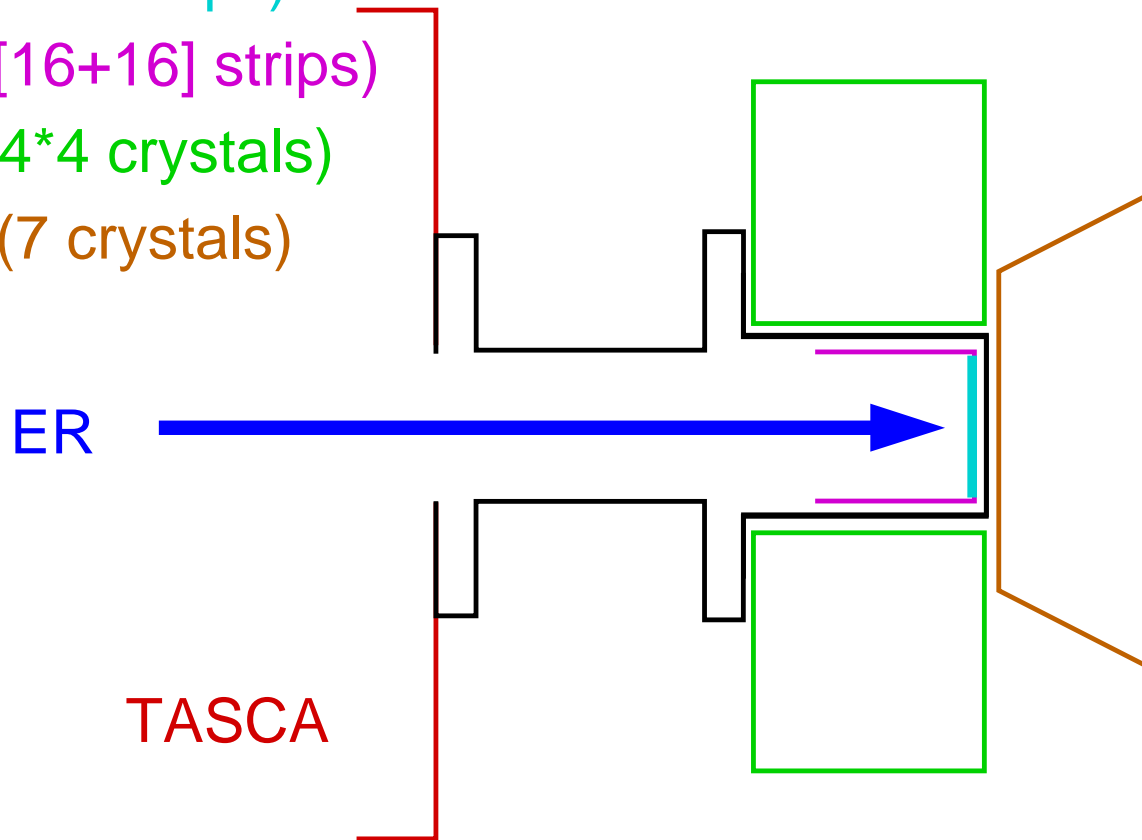
- * The **TASiSpec** Setup
- * The GEANT4 Code
- * First Experimental Results
- * Next Approved Experiment
- * TRAPSpec



The **TASiSpec** Detector Set-up

TASCA in Small Image Mode Spectroscopy

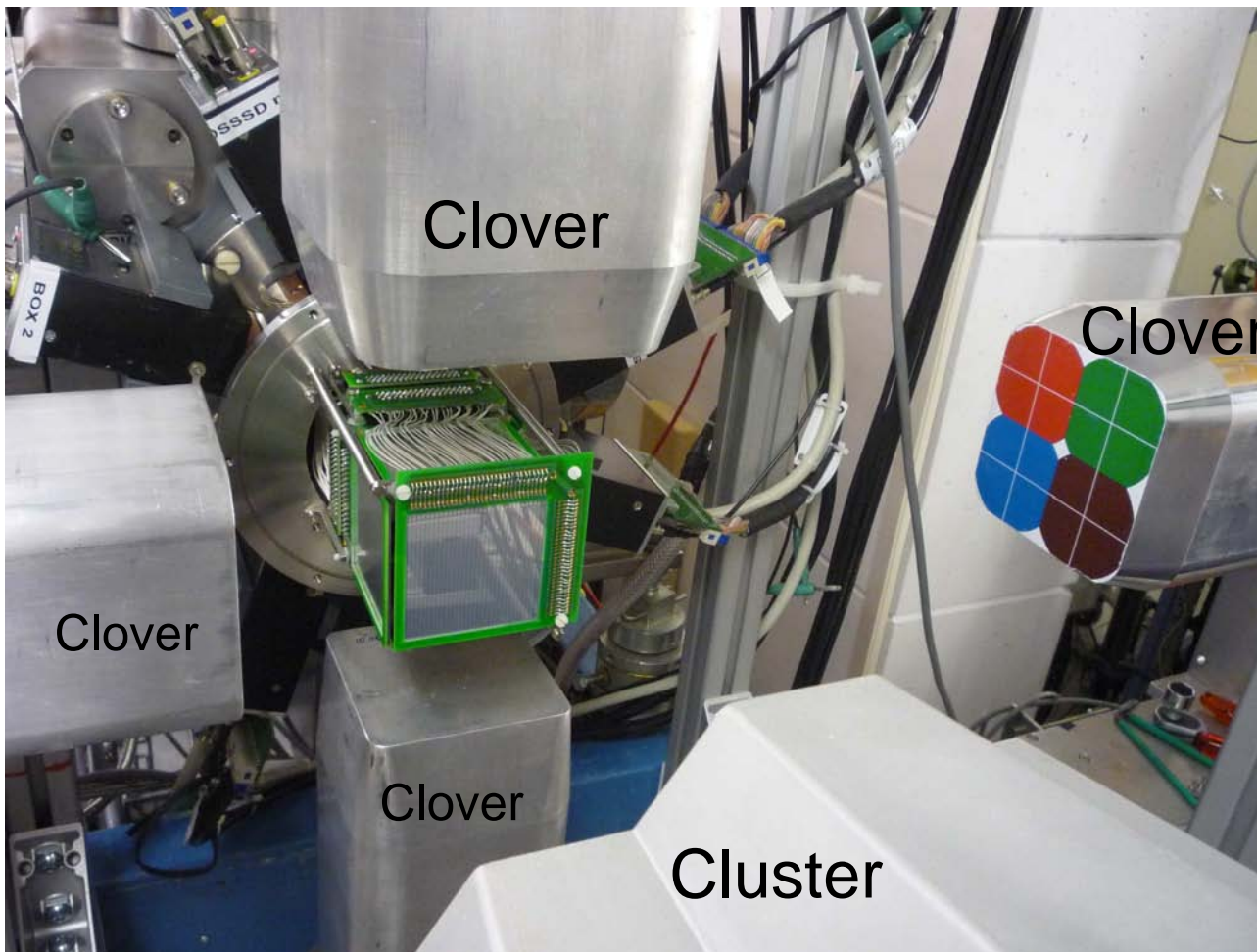
- 1 DSSSD (32+32 strips)
- 4 DSSSD (4*[16+16] strips)
- 4 Ge Clover (4*4 crystals)
- 1 Ge Cluster (7 crystals)



L-L Andersson et al., NIM A 622, 164 (2010)

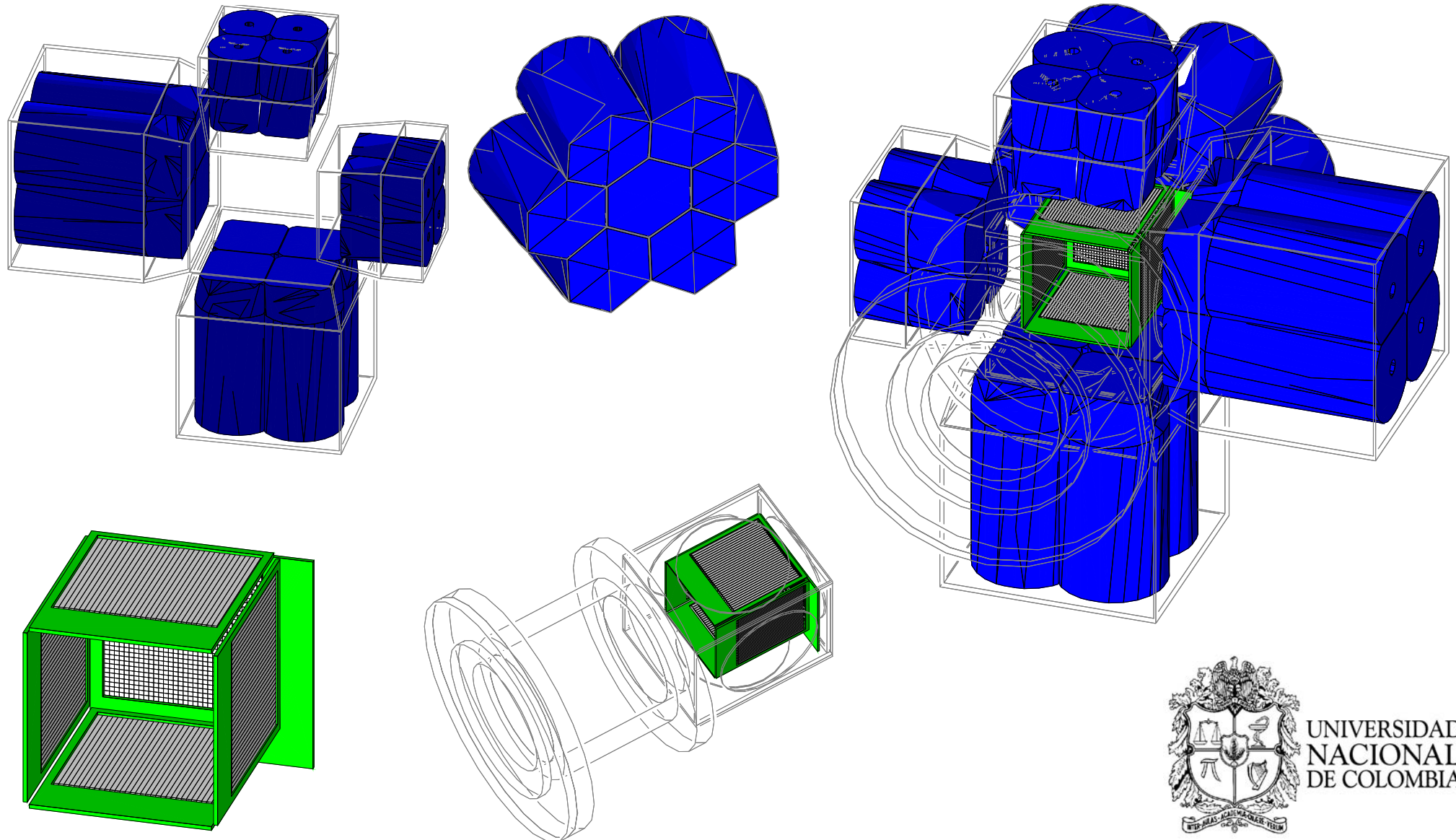
The **TASiSpec** Detector Set-up

Details of the construction



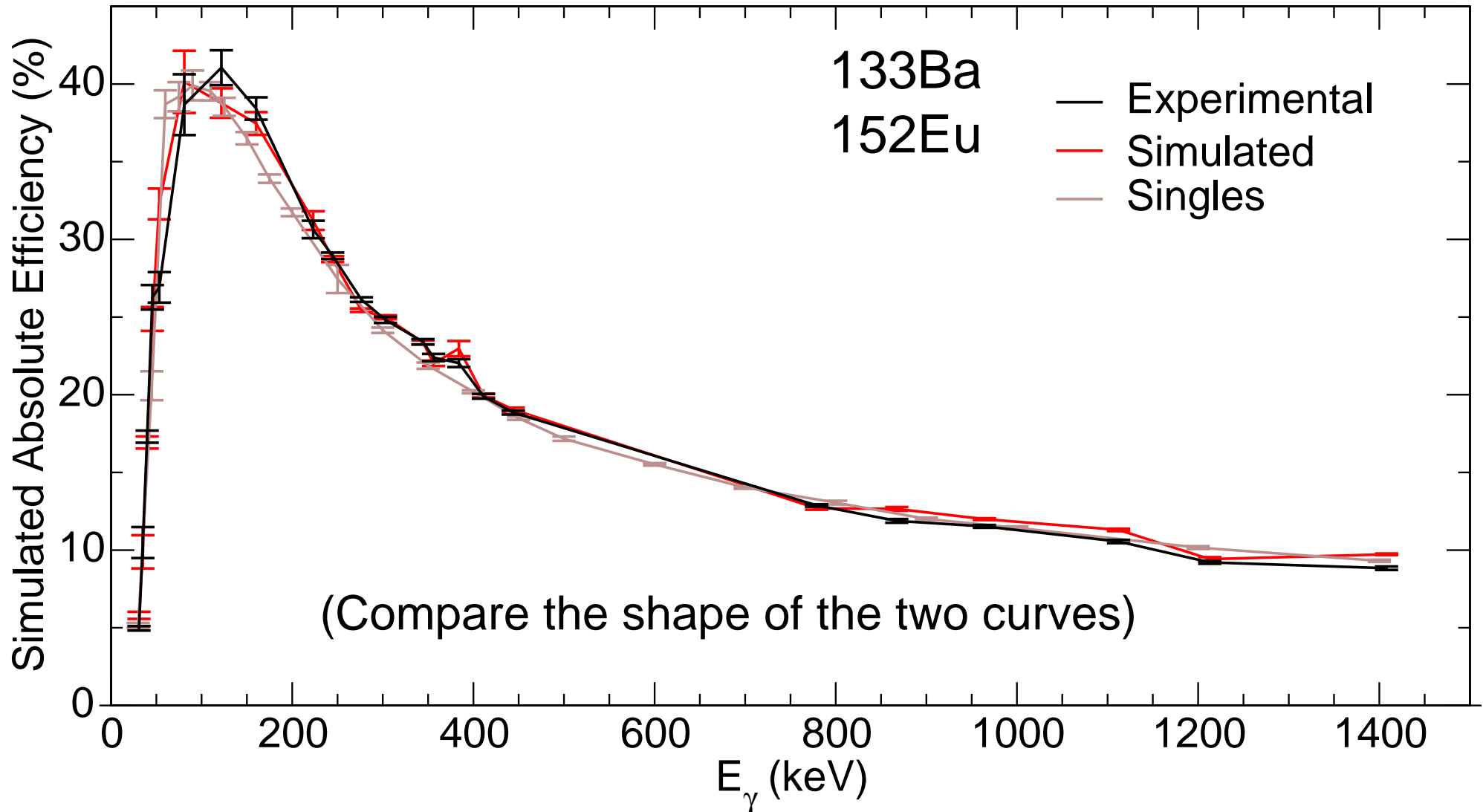
The Full TASISpec Setup in Geant4

Programmed (in great detail) by: L. G. Sarmiento



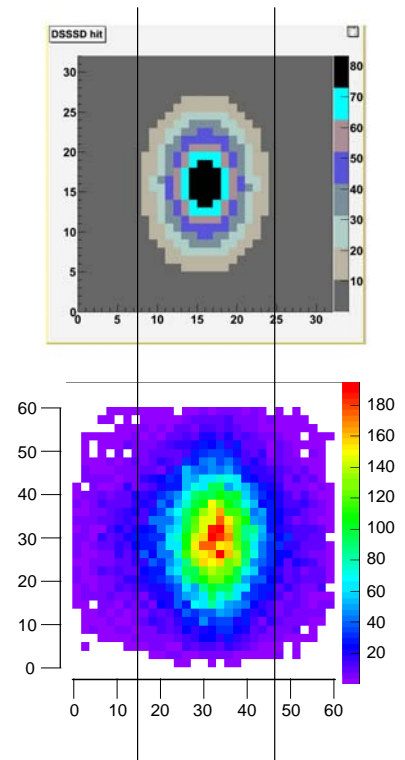
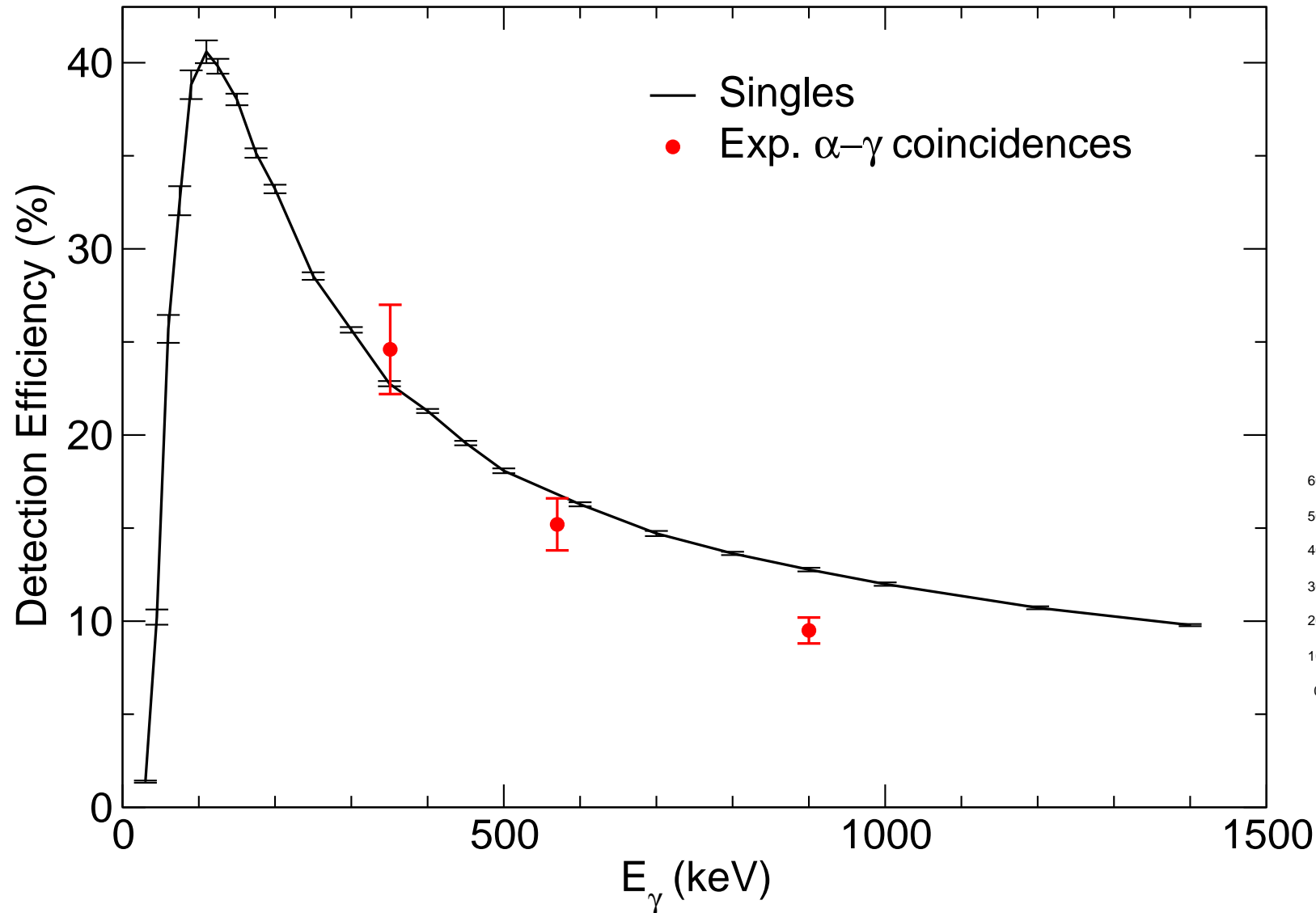
Comparing Experiment With Simulations

Relative gamma-ray efficiency with source on holder



Comparing Simulations With Experiment

Gamma-ray efficiency obtained via alpha-gamma coincidences



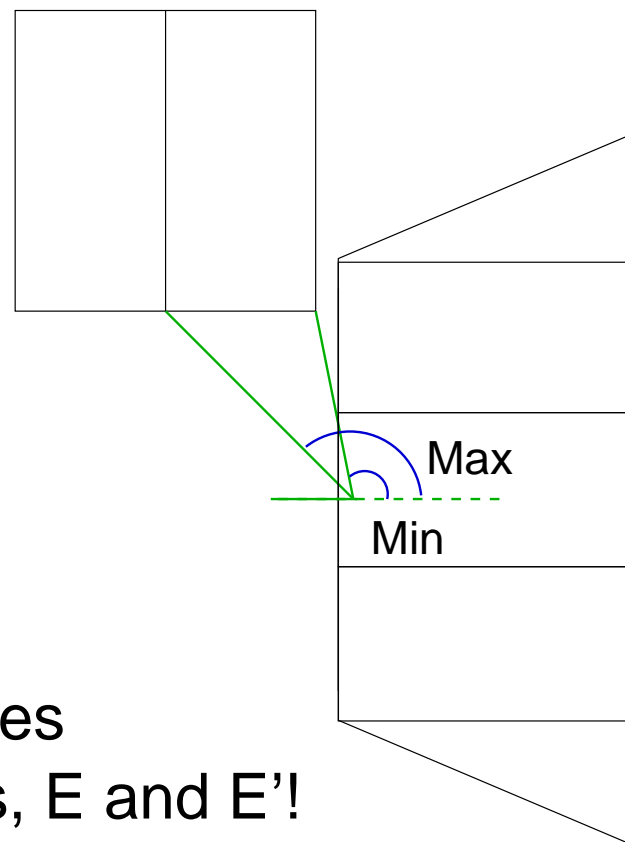
Limiting Background and "False" Coincidences

There are no Compton shields in the setup

- 1) Internal Add-back (between crystals in same detector)
- 2) Cross detector add-back (some combinations are more likely)

Compton Scattering:

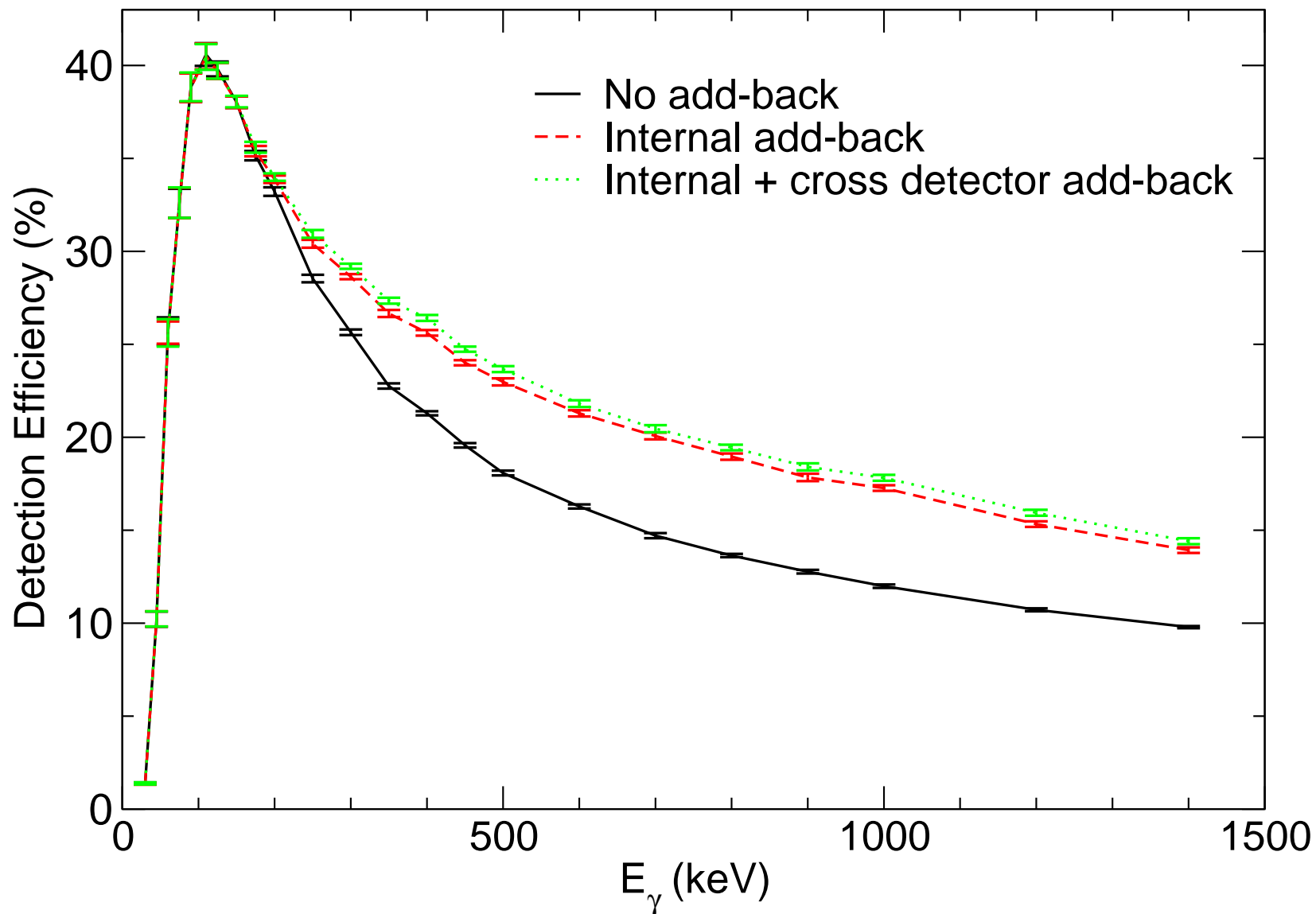
$$\frac{E' - E}{E * E'} = \frac{(1 - \cos\theta)}{m_e c^2}$$



Geometric limits of possible scattering angles lead to restricted ratios for the two energies, E and E'!

Simulating Addback Efficiencies

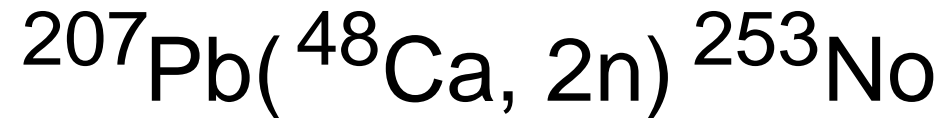
Implanted nuclei decaying with a single gamma-ray



TASiSpec

The Next Step in Superheavy Element Spectroscopy

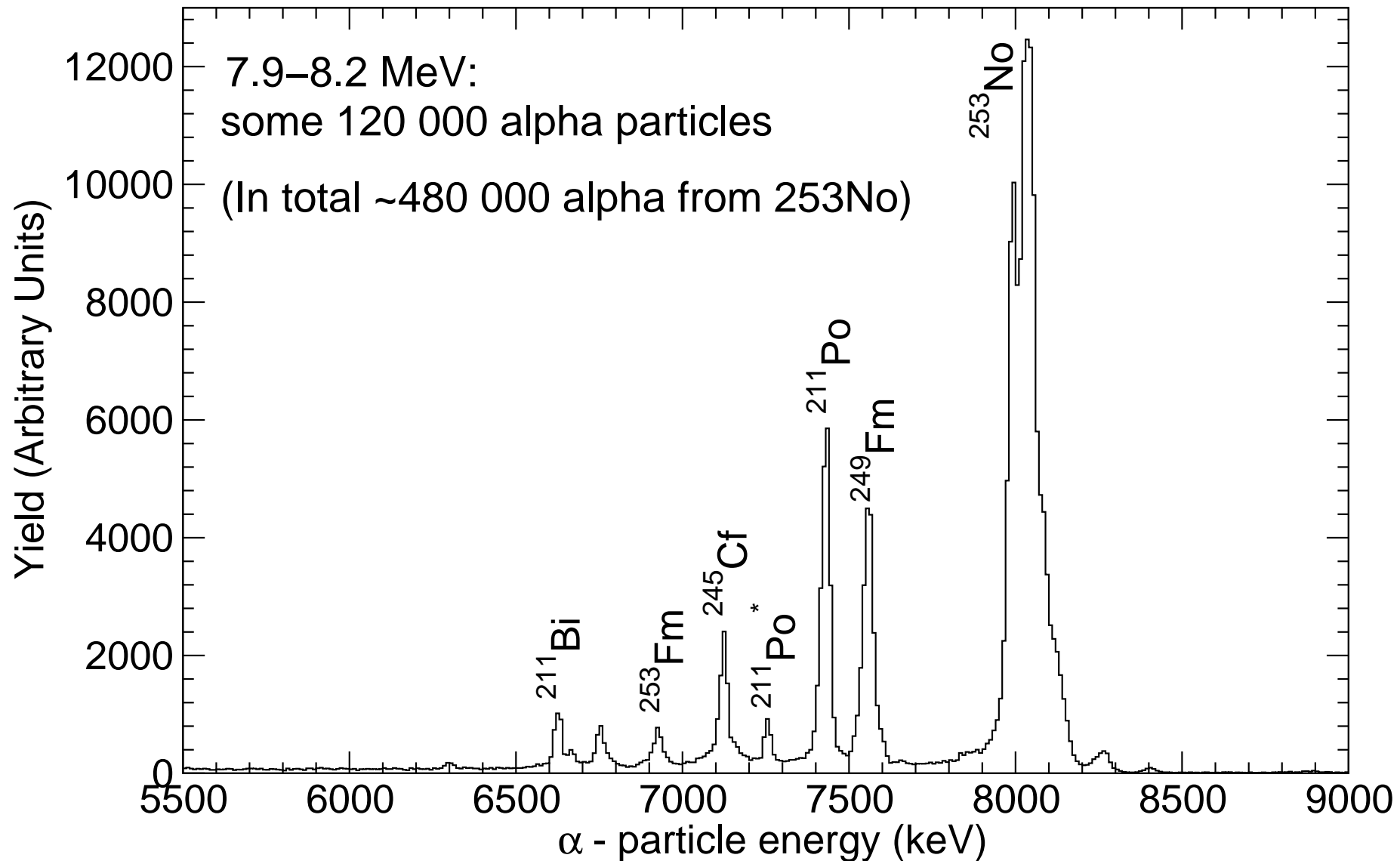
- * First main beam experiment run in May



- * Total beam integral 2.4E18
- * Results from a subset of runs, corresponding to some 25% of the collected data

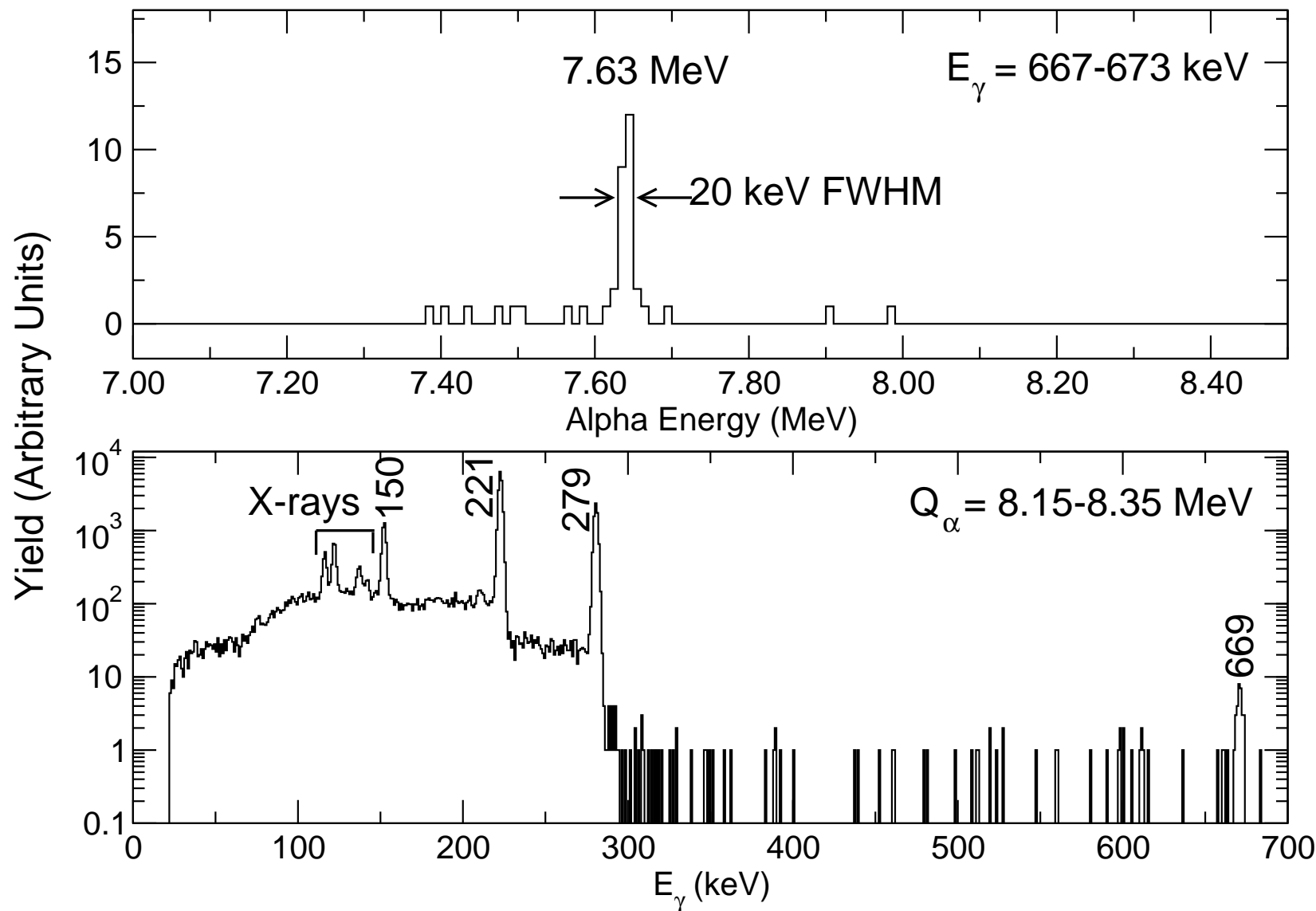
Alpha Particles Detected in the DSSSD

DSSSD p-side beam-off alpha spectrum



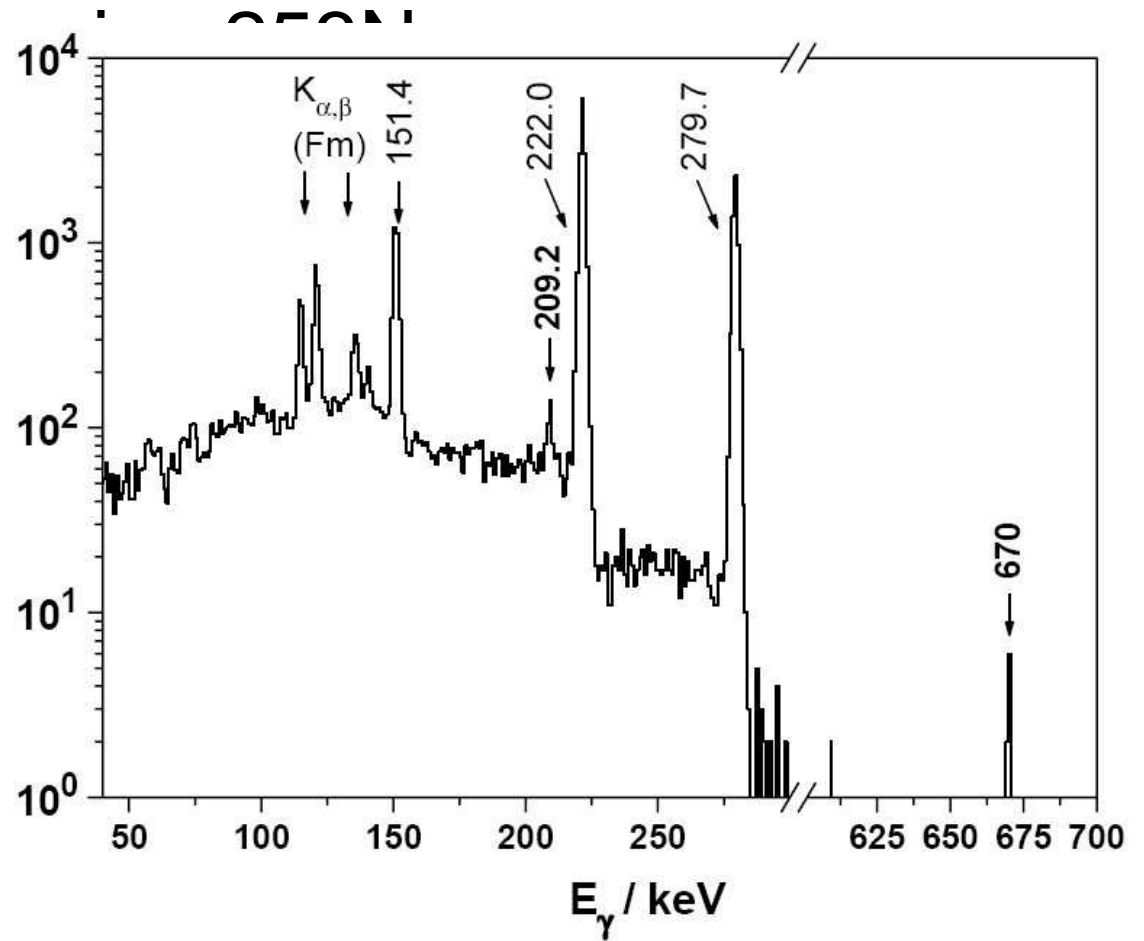
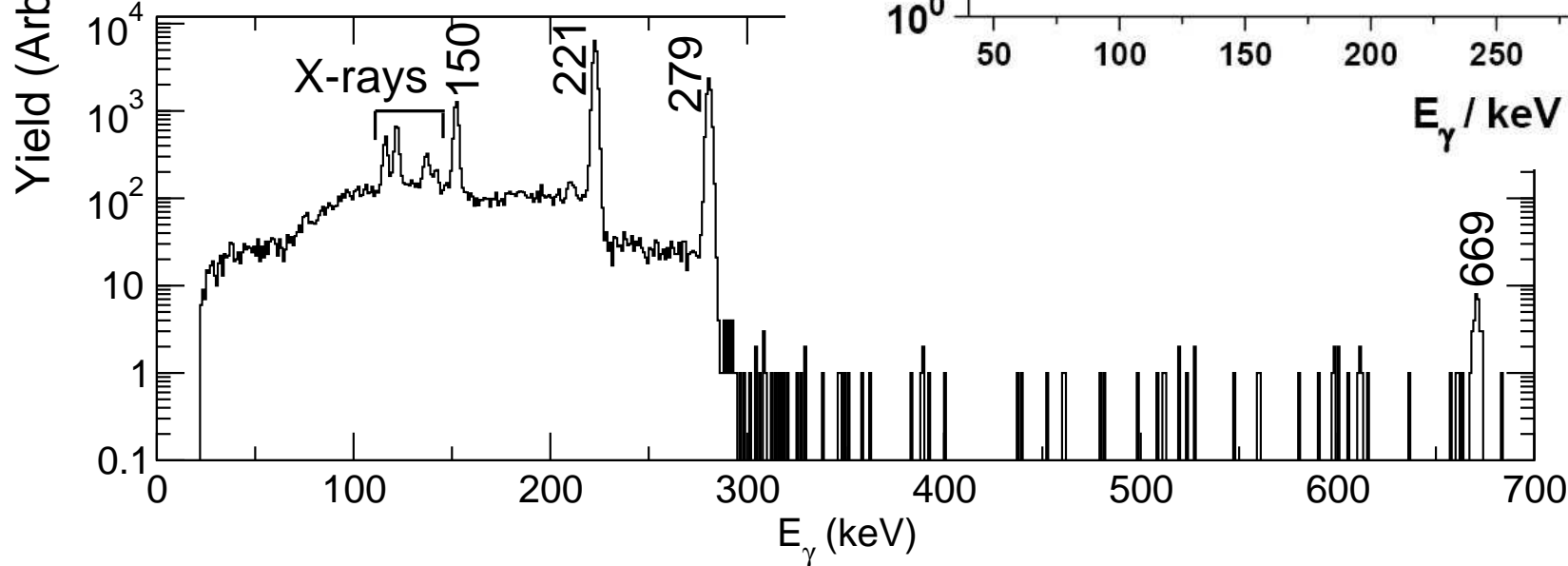
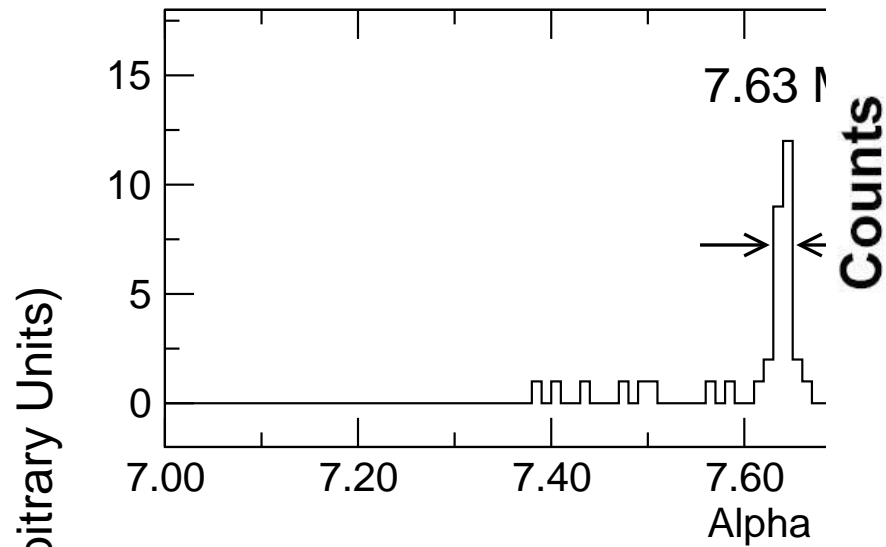
Alpha Decaying ^{253}No

Gates clearly show new(ish) gamma-ray transition at 669 keV



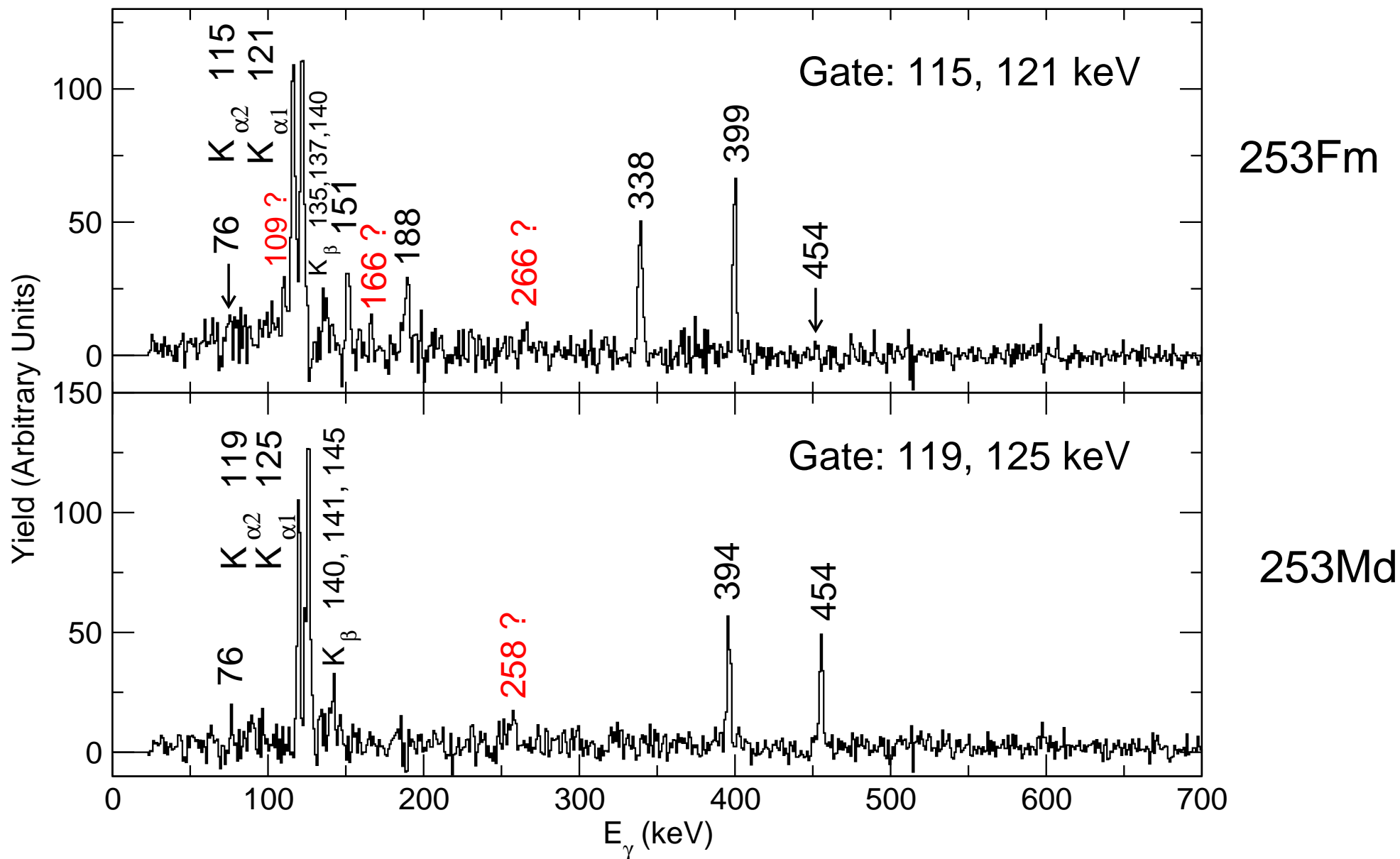
Alpha d

Gates clearly show new(i



Gamma-Gamma Coincidences

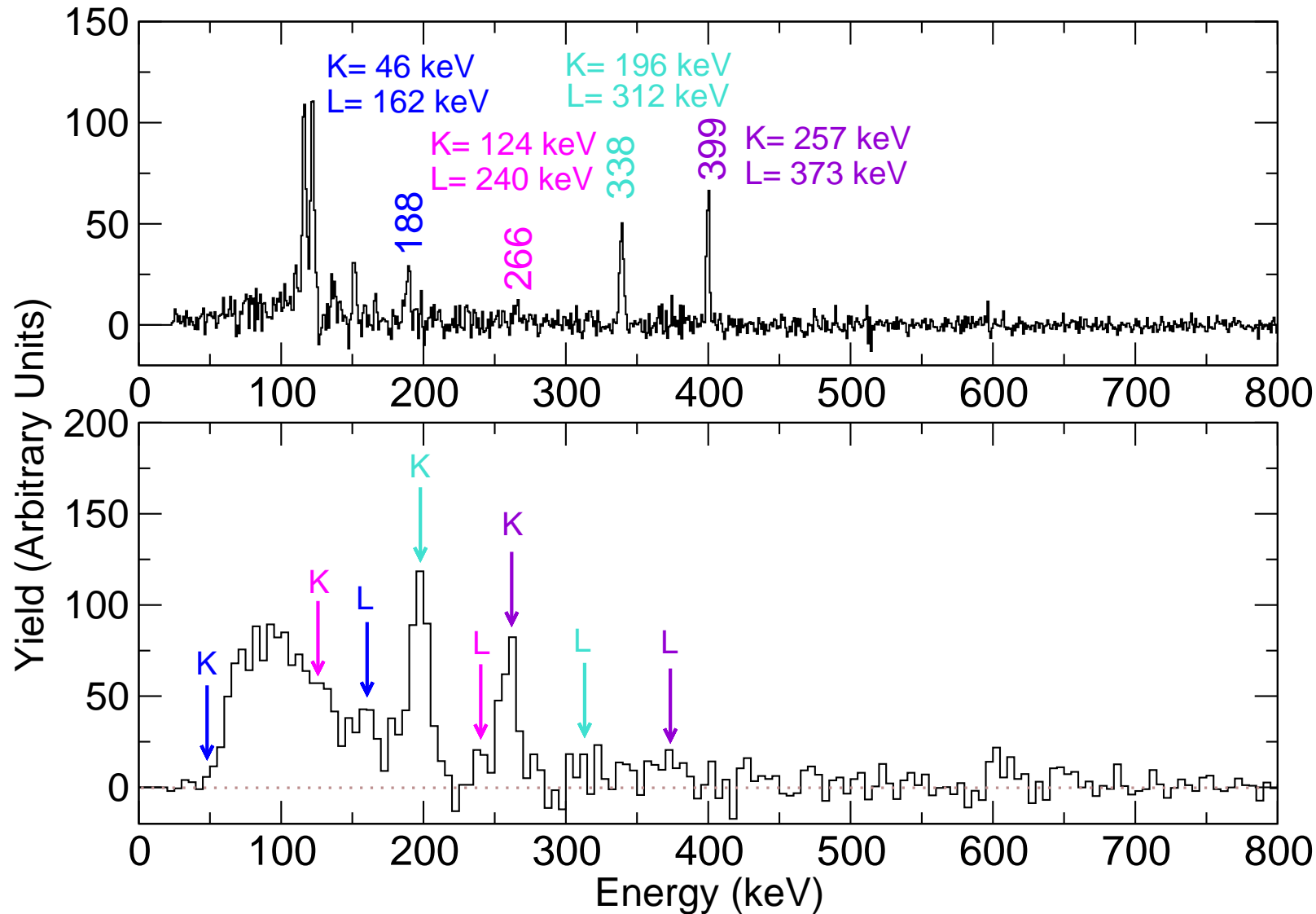
Gated prompt on p-side DSSSD <600 keV + X-rays



Conversion Electrons and Gamma Rays

253Fm comparison: All Ge detectors vs Si box detectors

Predicted by
BrIcc v2.2b



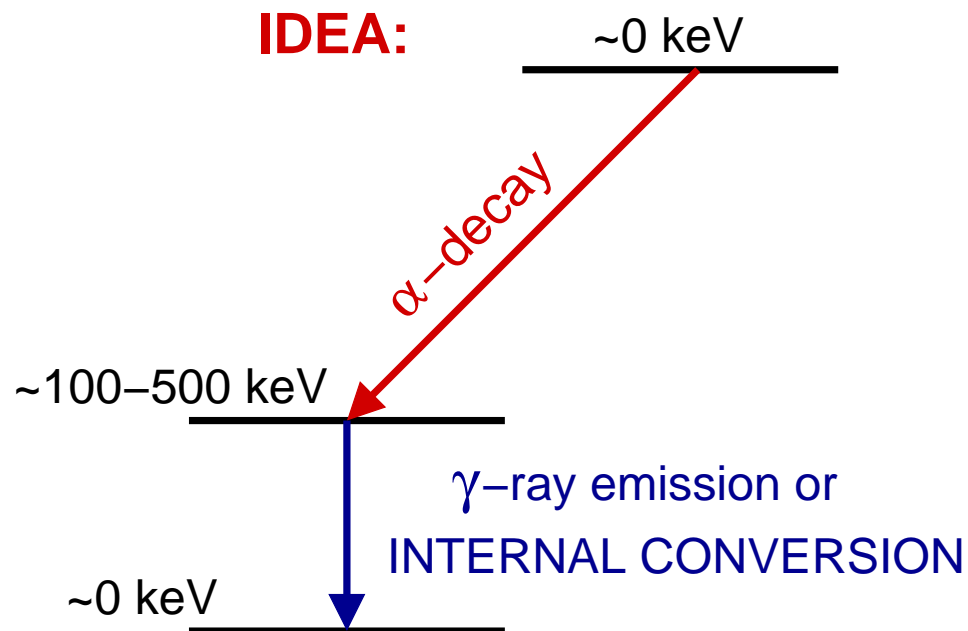
TASISpec Flagship Experiment

Fingerprinting E115 decay chains via X-rays
Direct measurement of proton number of the new SHE island!

8 weeks of beamtime approved at GSI.

1 α – X-ray coincidence detection per week expected.

Set-up and settings are prepared and **ready to run** at any time!



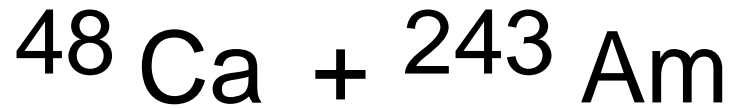
\Rightarrow K X-rays

Long decay chains of odd-A nuclei!

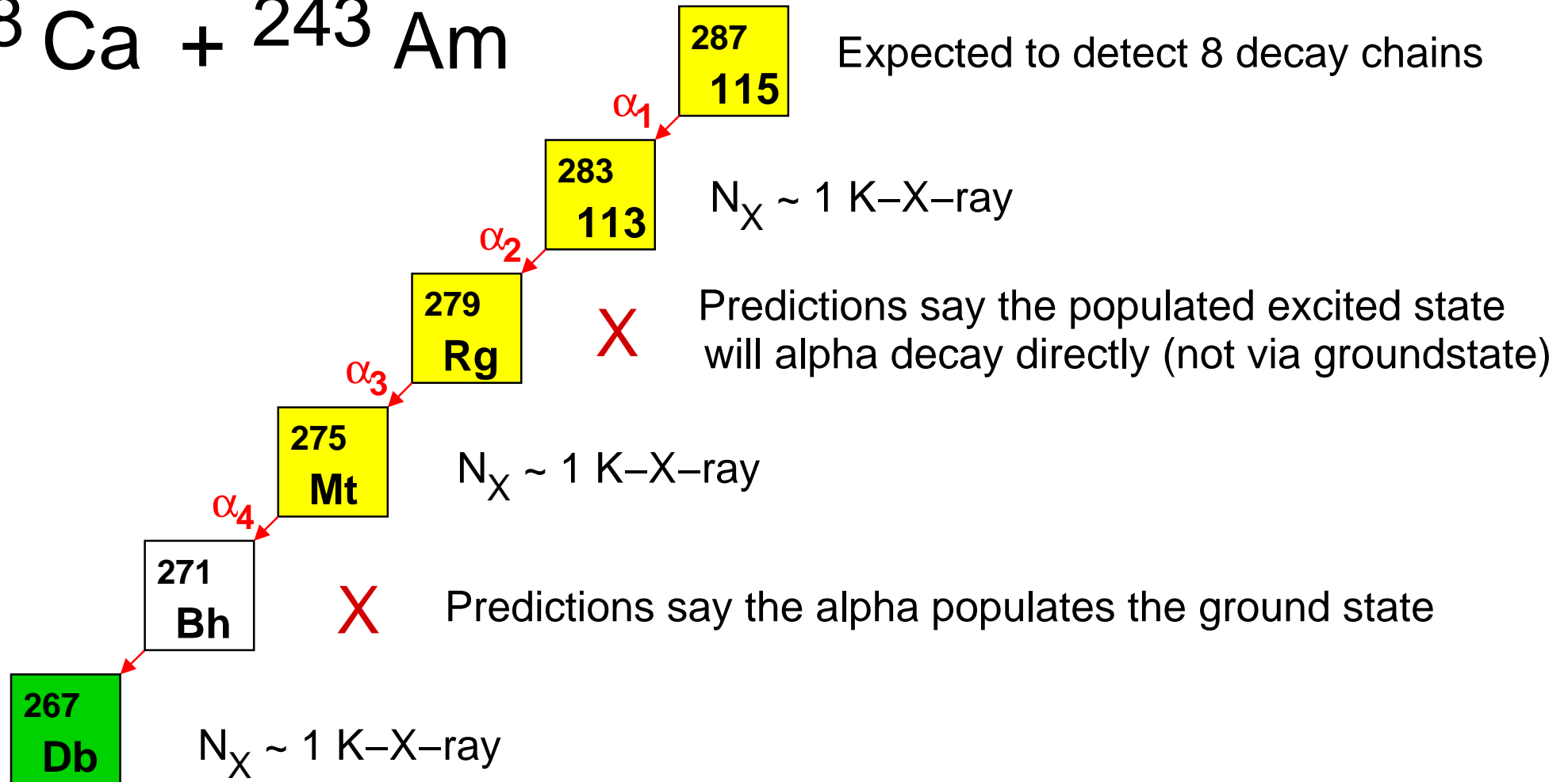
Spokesperson D. Rudolph (Lund University)

Predicted X-rays in the Decay Chain

Numbers include realistic conversion factors



Expected to detect 8 decay chains

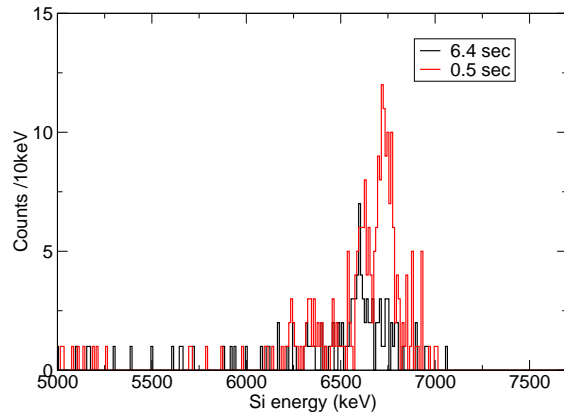


$\Rightarrow N_X \sim 2-3 \text{ K-Xrays/chain!}$

\Rightarrow TASI Spec efficiencies; detect one alpha-X-ray coincidence/week!

TASISpec + SHIPTRAP = TRAPSpec

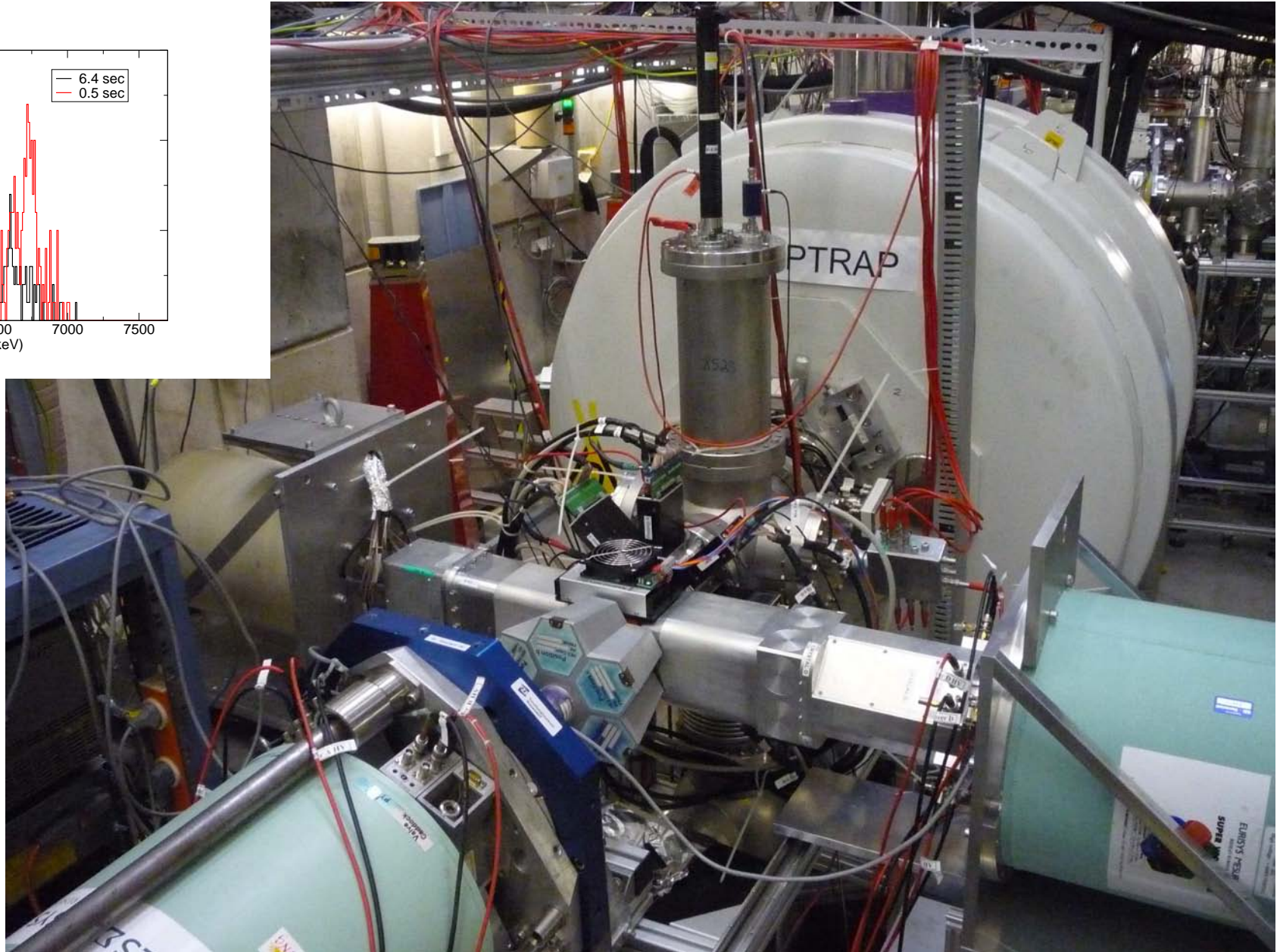
Second test, October 2011



^{195}Po

1.9s 6.7 MeV

4.6s 6.6 MeV

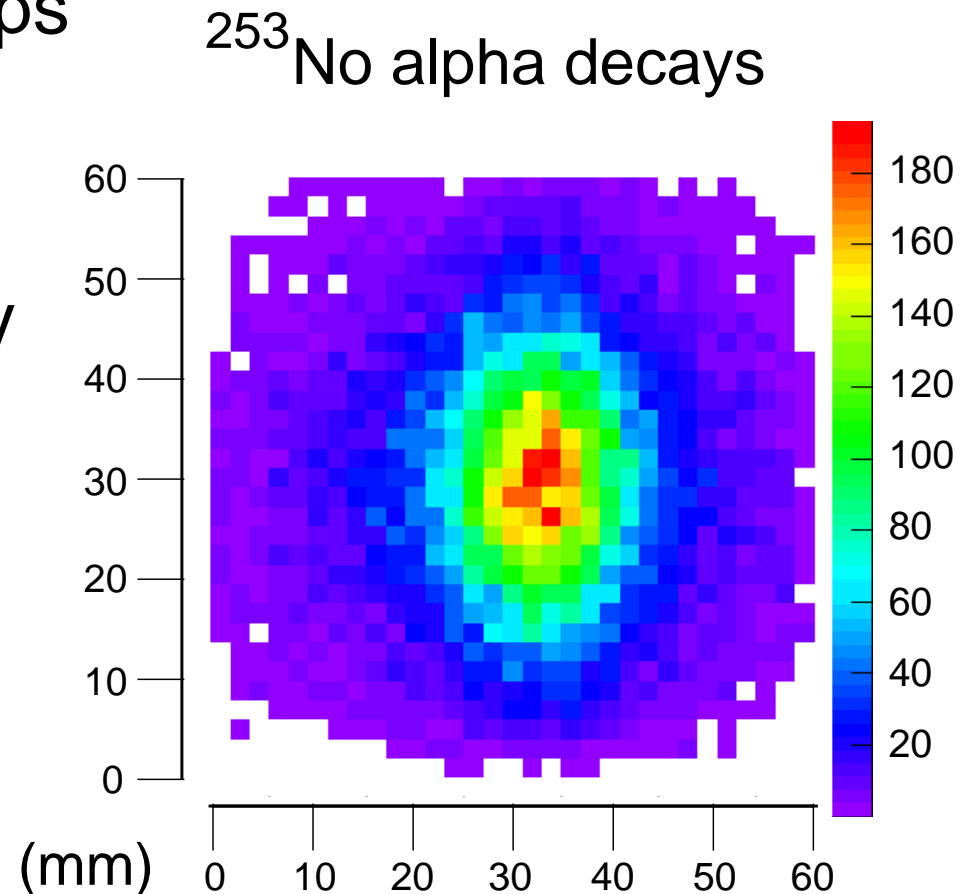


TASiSpec

A versatile SHE spectroscopy setup!

- * Small-image mode => compact focal plane
- * High segmentation => 192 Si strips
 α -efficiency ~80%
- * 4+1 segmented Ge detectors
 γ -efficiency ~40% @ 150 keV
- * Multi-coincidence capabilities
=> suitable for SHE experiments

Next up: E115!



TASiSpec

Many thanks to the 'updated' collaboration:

TASCA @ GSI, DE



Helmholtz–Institut Mainz, DE



Lund University, SWE



University of Liverpool, UK



Universidad Nacional de Colombia, CO



Universität Mainz, DE

