

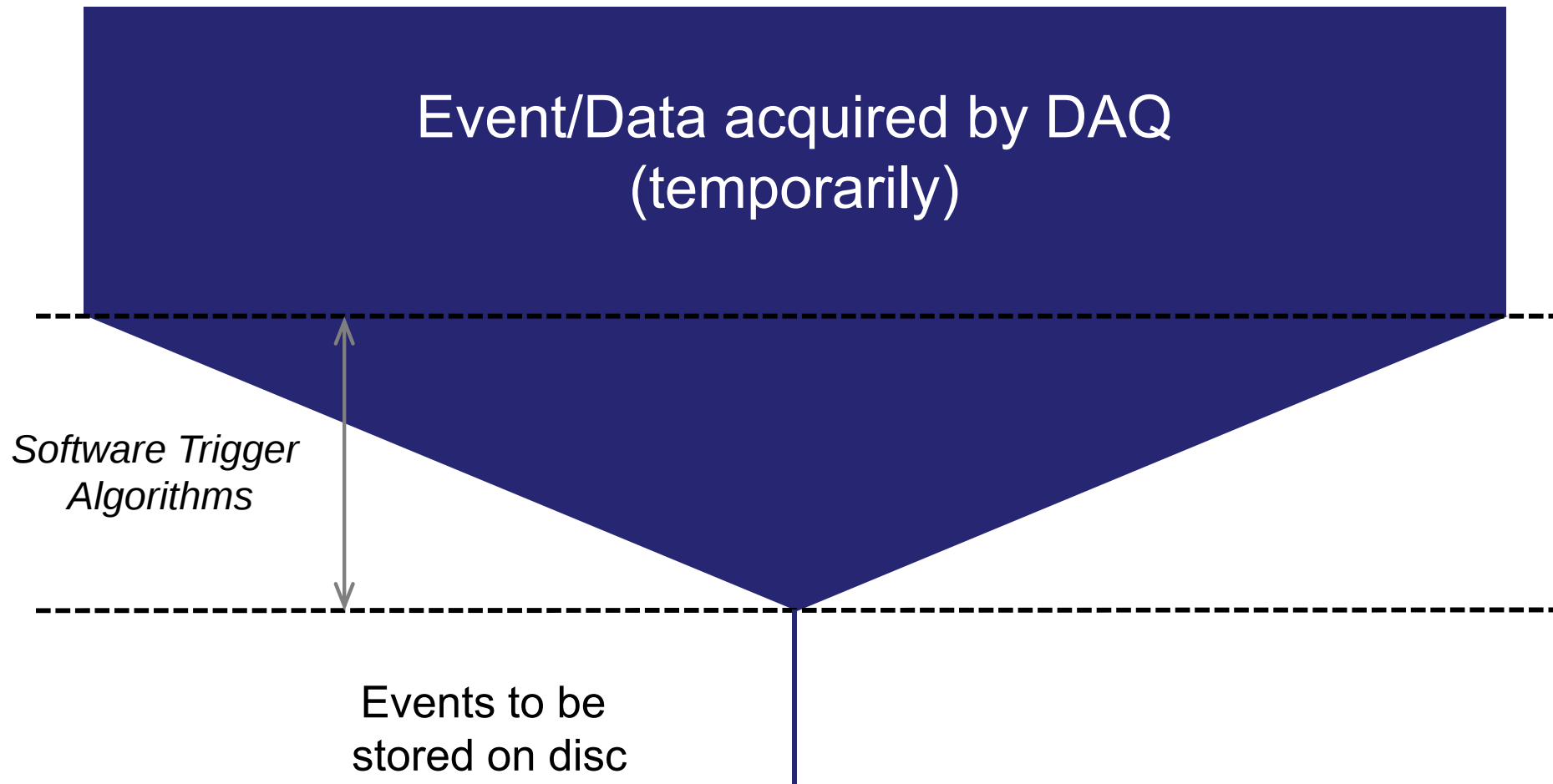


Online Software Trigger @ PANDA

Donghee Kang

Institut für Kernphysik, Universität Mainz



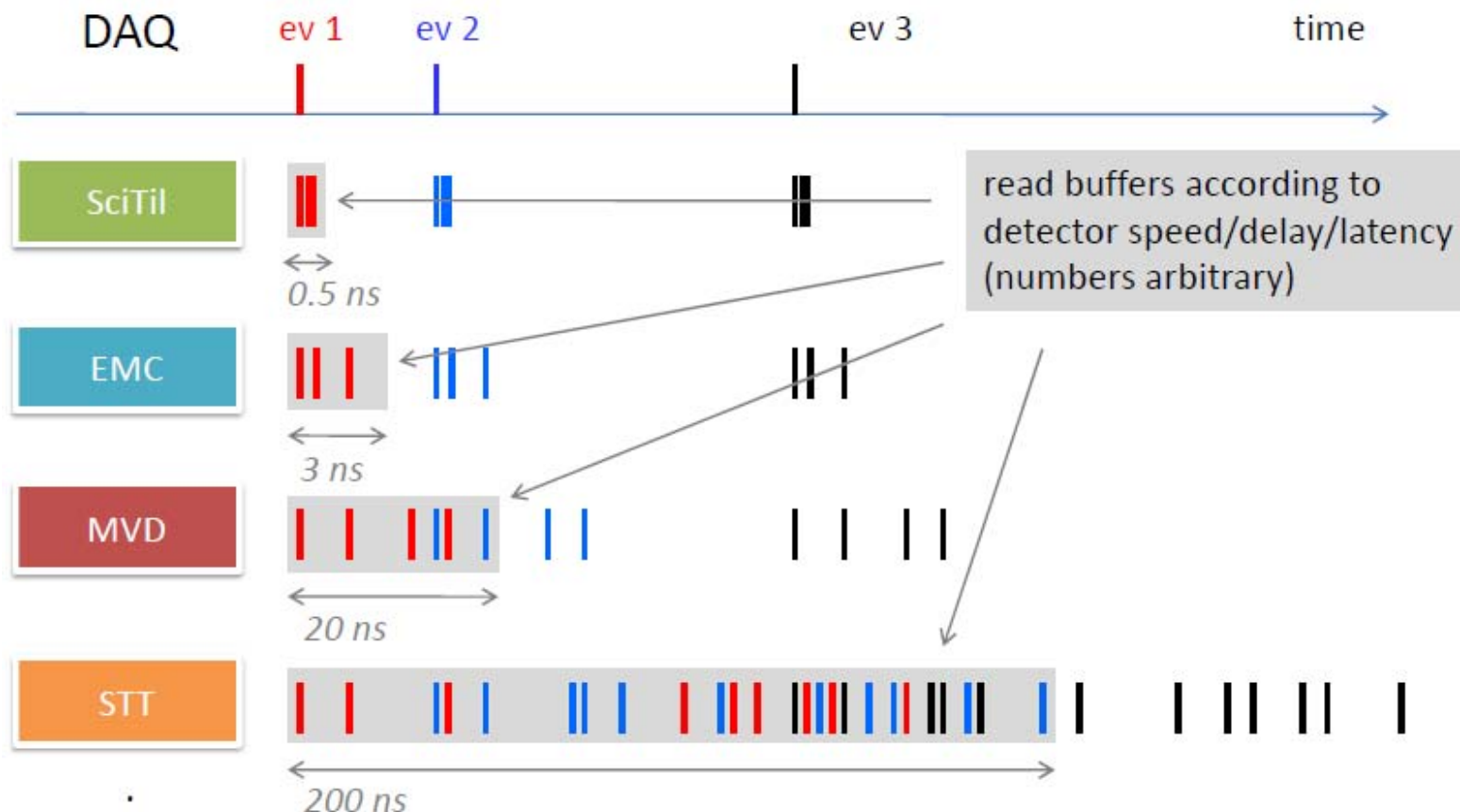


- Required background reduction rate 1/1000 with software trigger in total
- Triggering event rate : 20 MHz $\rightarrow$ 20 kHz



Consideration of online physics trigger

- need a special event building algorithm based on time
- reco. and pattern recog. algorithm should be different for online

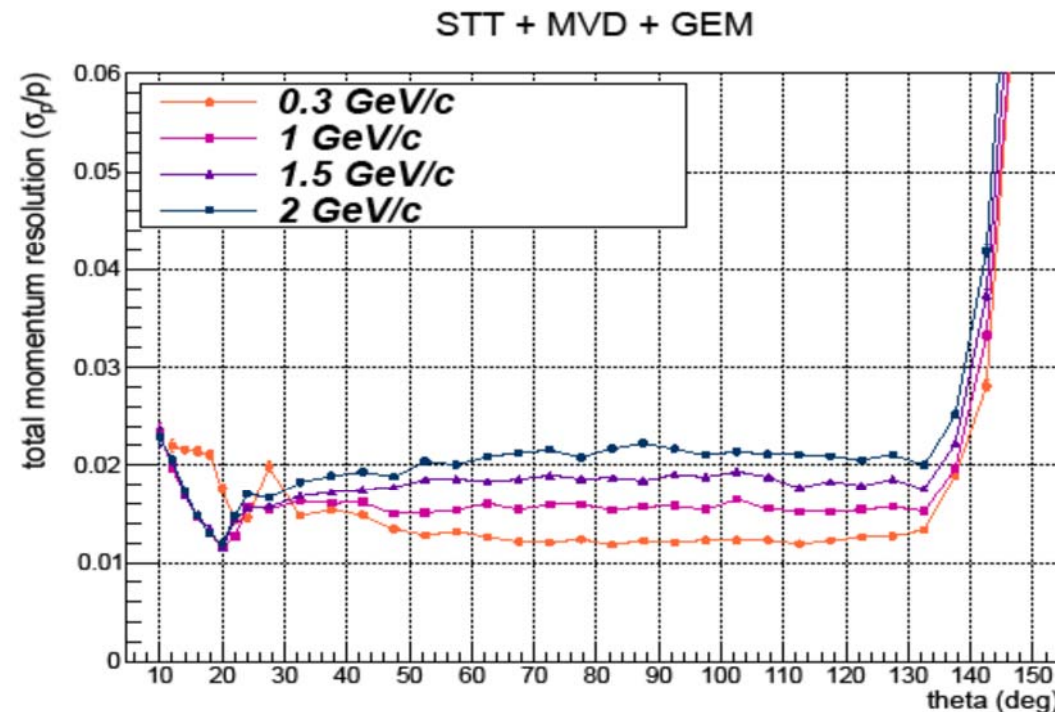




Consideration of online physics trigger

- need a special event building algorithm based on time
- reco. and pattern recog. algorithm should be different for online
- available informations are limited (maybe no PID(?) & vertex fit)
- expect worse momentum resolution for online reconstruction

mom. resolution
in offline : 2~3%



Online trigger group

- define required information from detector
- answer for what is required precision of mass, momentum resolution and efficiency for interesting physics channel
- find optimal online cut criteria from the kinematic feature of physics & background event

Synchronize



Detector group

- preparing track and PID information for online case, analyzing data streams under real time condition

- implement the concept of physics trigger into

Local Unit with FPGA (VHDL)
Computer Node based on FPGA (VHDL)
Commercial Grid Computer (C++ online)
GPU parallel computing (CUDA)

investigate the concept of online trigger by studying benchmark channels



As an example ...

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J / \psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$



Charmonium with a J/ψ in the final state (a la PANDA physics book)

- EvtGen for signal, EvtGen & Dpm for background
- No Resonance & Photos
- $\sqrt{s} = 3.526, 3.686, 3.872, 4.260, 4.600, 5.000$ GeV

signal < nb	main background ~ few hundred μb
$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^0 \pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma \gamma \gamma$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- 4\gamma$ $\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \eta \pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- 4\gamma$ $\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \omega \pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- 5\gamma$
	} need EMC
$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \chi_{c1,c2} \gamma \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma \gamma \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma \gamma$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma \gamma$
$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma \gamma$
$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \eta \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma \gamma$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^0 \pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- 4\gamma$ $\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \eta \gamma \rightarrow e^+ e^- 3\gamma$ $\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^0 \gamma \rightarrow e^+ e^- 3\gamma$ $\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \eta \pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- 4\gamma$ $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta$
	} need EMC



Mass filtering

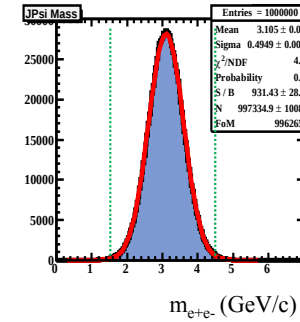
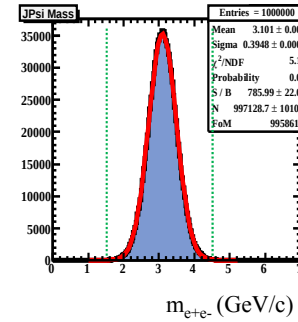
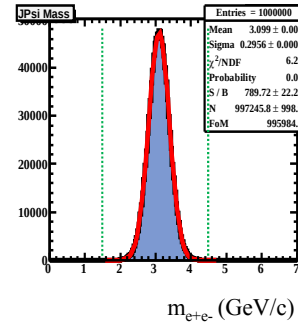
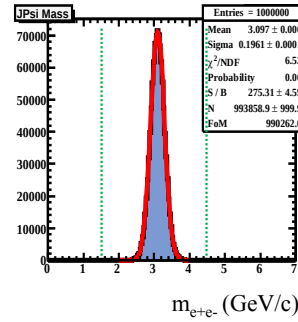
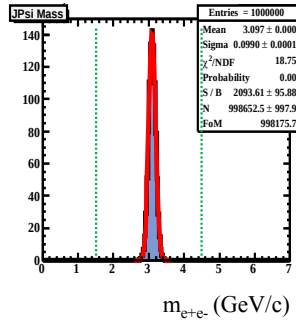
- assumption : complete track finding for all charged particle and no PID
- combining 2 tracks with electron mass hypothesis in each J/ψ event
- tracking resolution $\Delta p/p$ are varying from 5% to 100% (p_T and p_L both)
- applying fixed or varying J/ψ mass window to test efficiency
- find background reduction rate in same condition



Dependence of J/ψ mass distribution on track momentum resolution

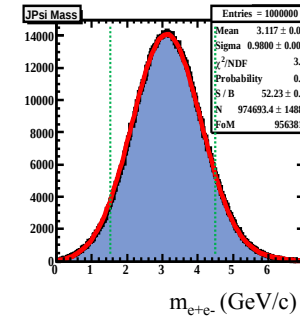
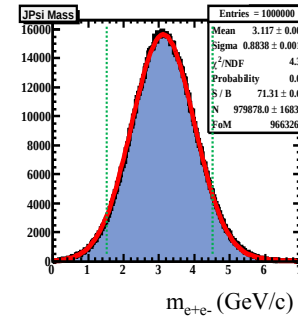
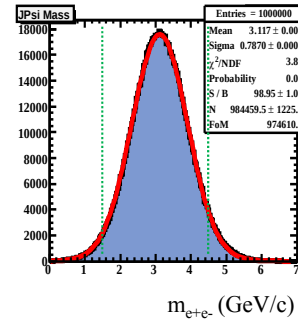
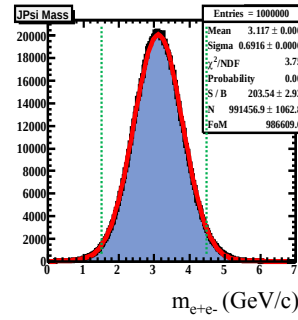
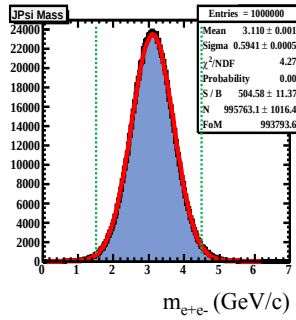
$$\sqrt{s} = 3.526 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 5\%$$



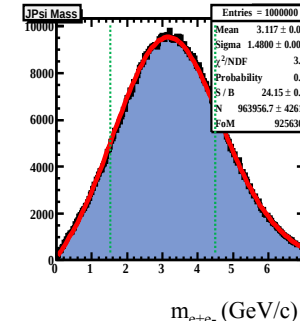
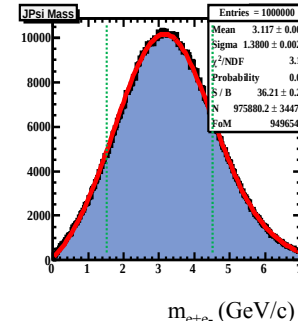
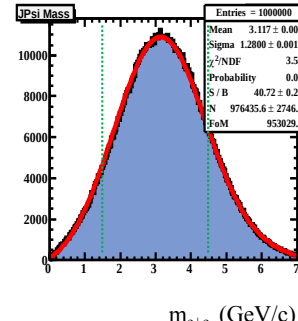
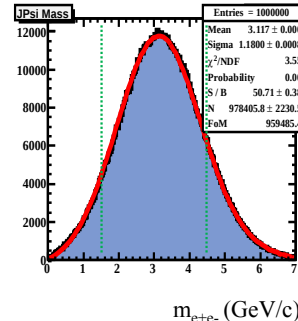
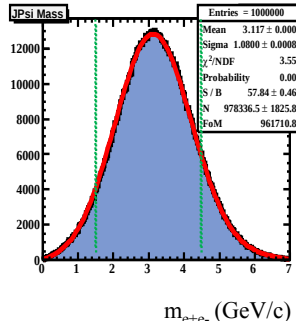
$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 25\%$$

$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 30\%$$



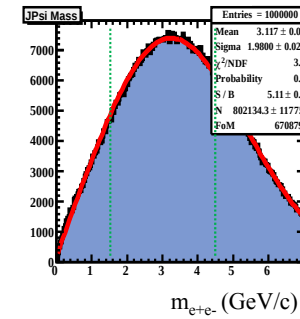
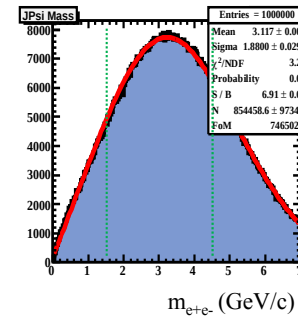
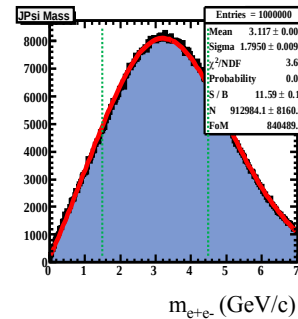
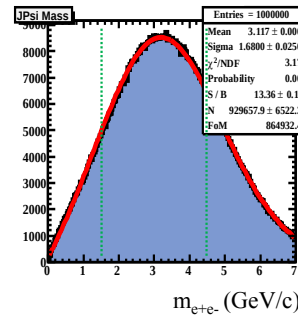
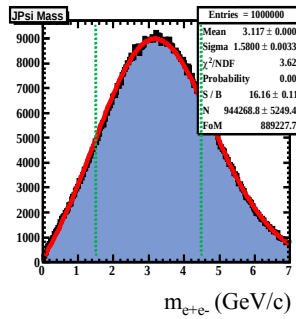
$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 50\%$$

$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 55\%$$



$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 75\%$$

$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 80\%$$

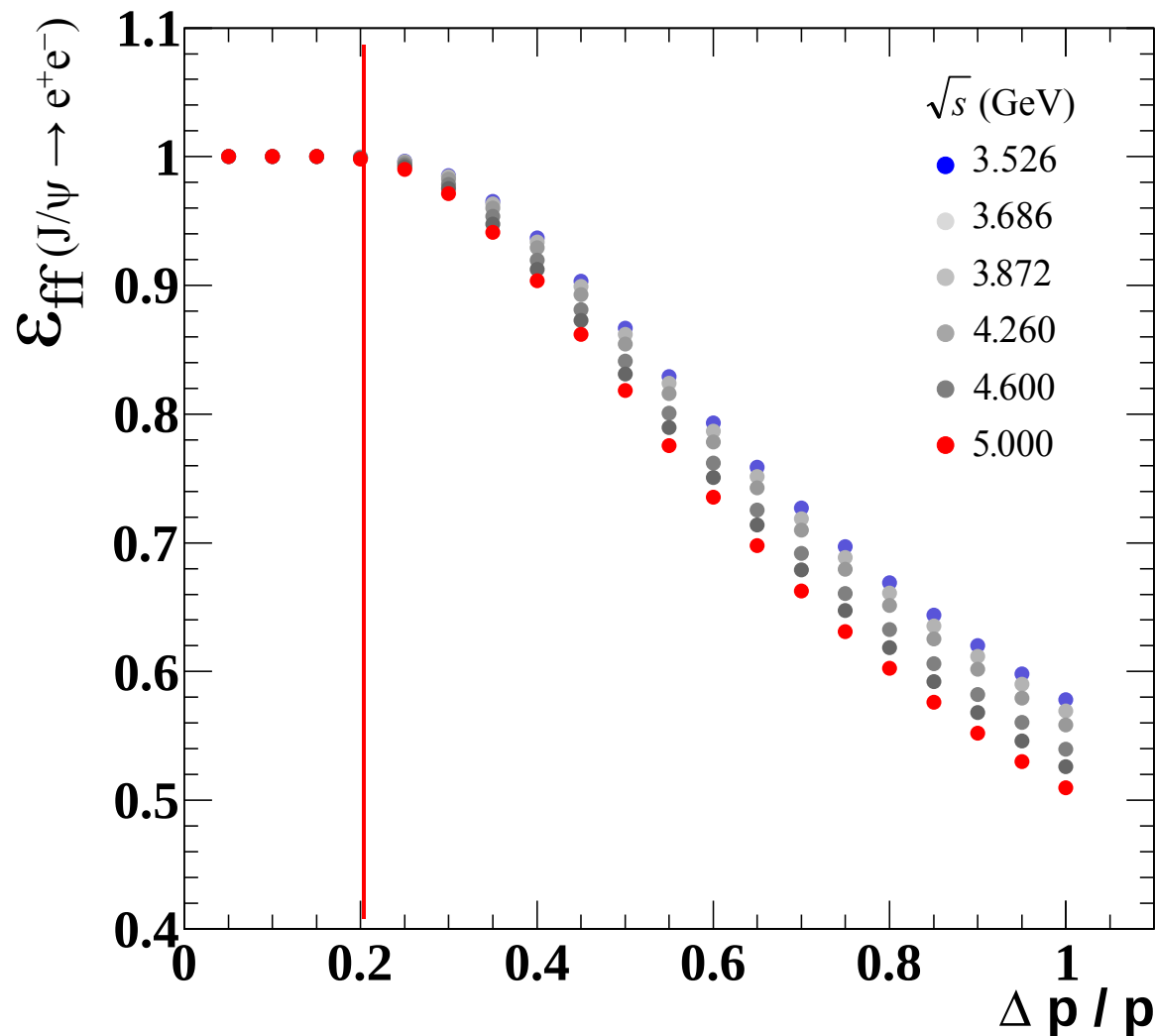


$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 100\%$$



J/ψ mass window fix: $1.596 \text{ GeV}/c < m_{e^+e^-} < 4.596 \text{ GeV}/c$ ($\Delta m = 3 \text{ GeV}/c$)

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$



- efficiency for $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$

- definition of efficiency :

$$\epsilon_{\text{ff}} = \frac{N_{\text{Acc}}}{N_{\text{Gen}}}$$

- below 20% tracking resolutions are mandatory at online for the case of using fixed mass window

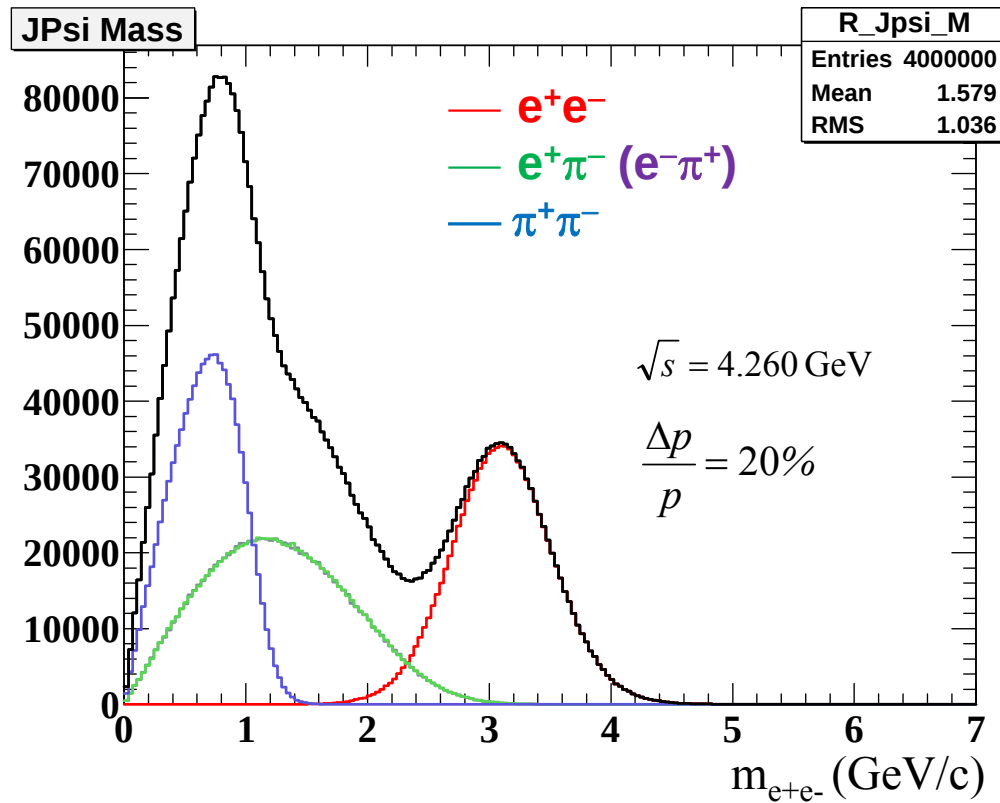


Combinatorial & background mass distribution with electron hypothesis (EvtGen)

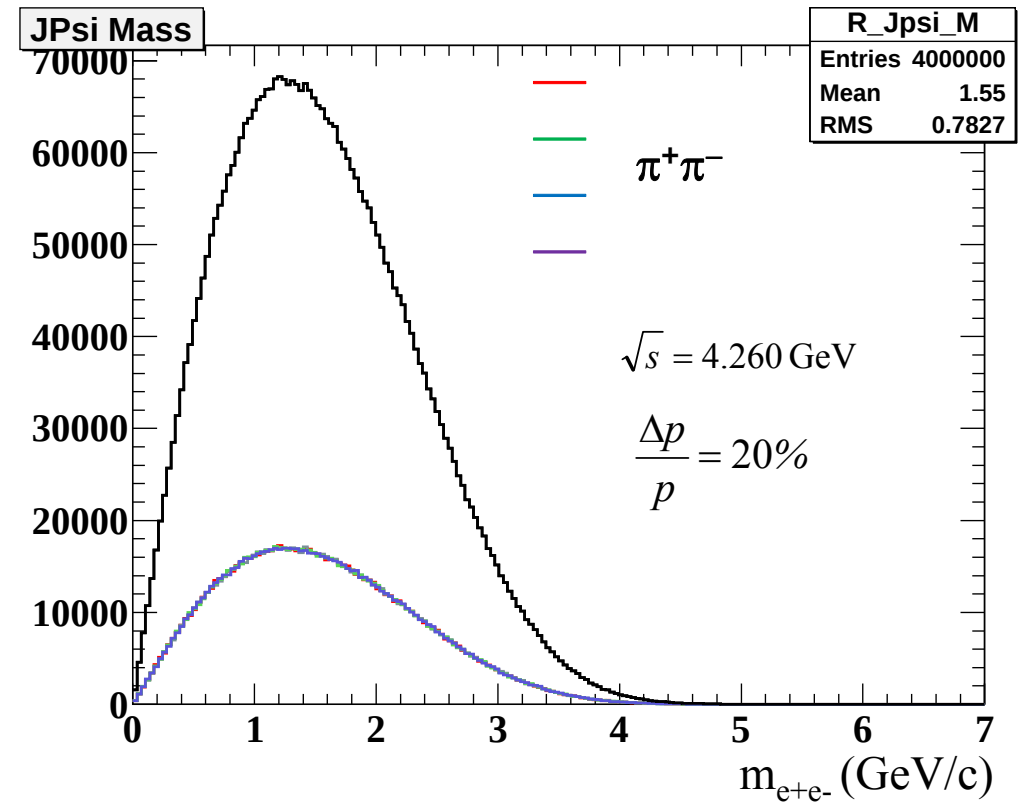
$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

combinatorial



4 combinations

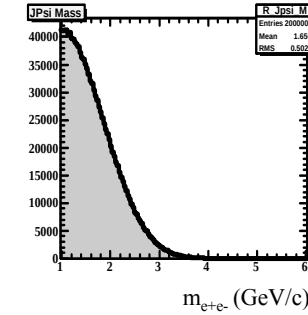
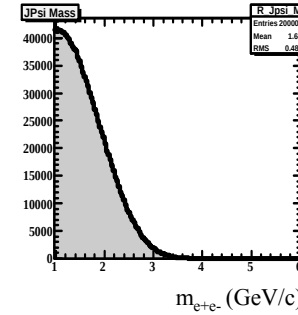
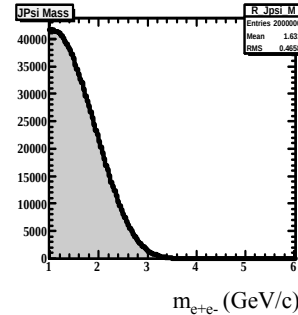
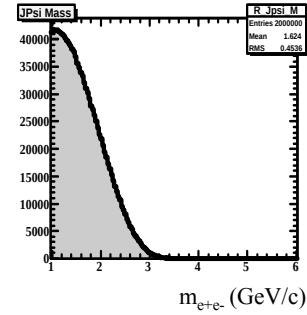
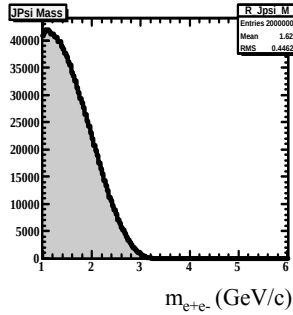




Background mass distribution with electron hypothesis (EvtGen)

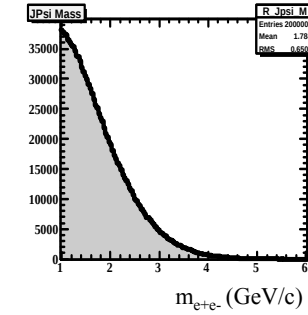
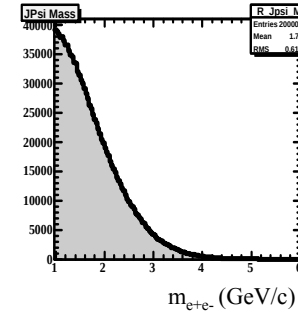
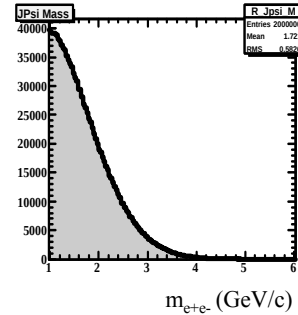
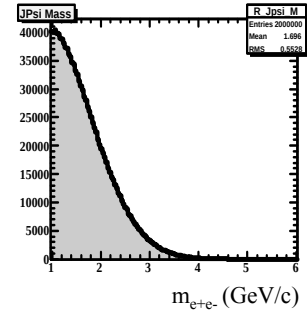
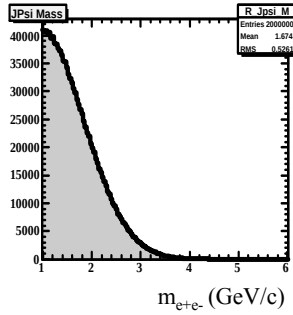
$$\sqrt{s} = 3.526 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 5\%$$



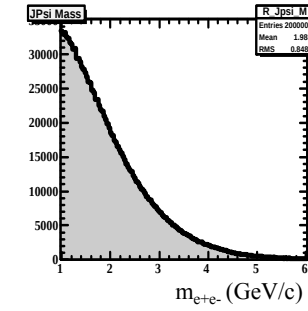
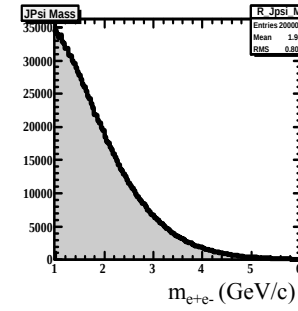
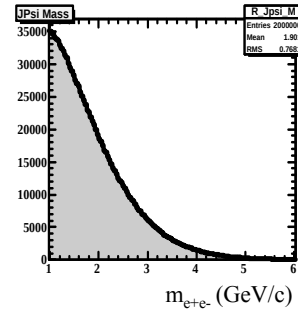
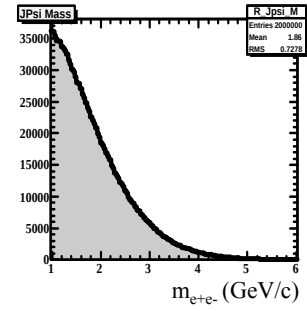
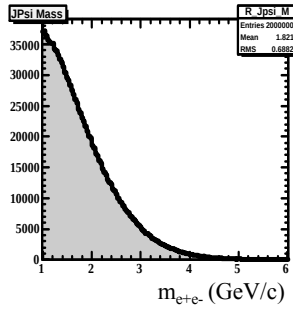
$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 25\%$$

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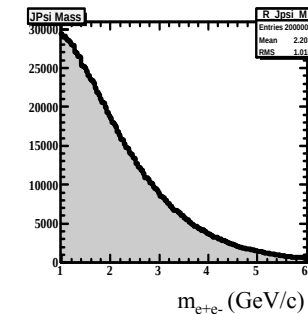
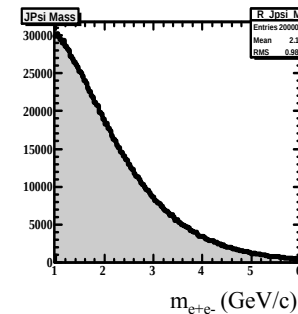
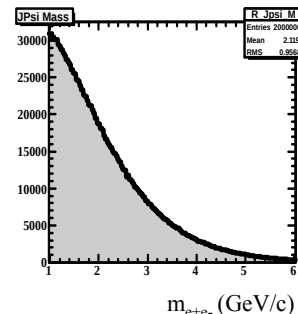
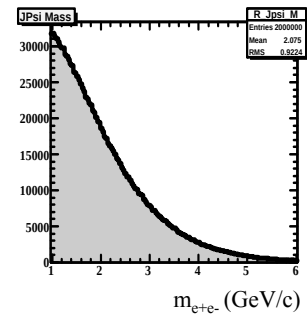
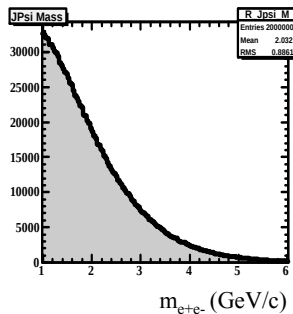
$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 50\%$$

$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 55\%$$



$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 75\%$$

$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 80\%$$



$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 100\%$$

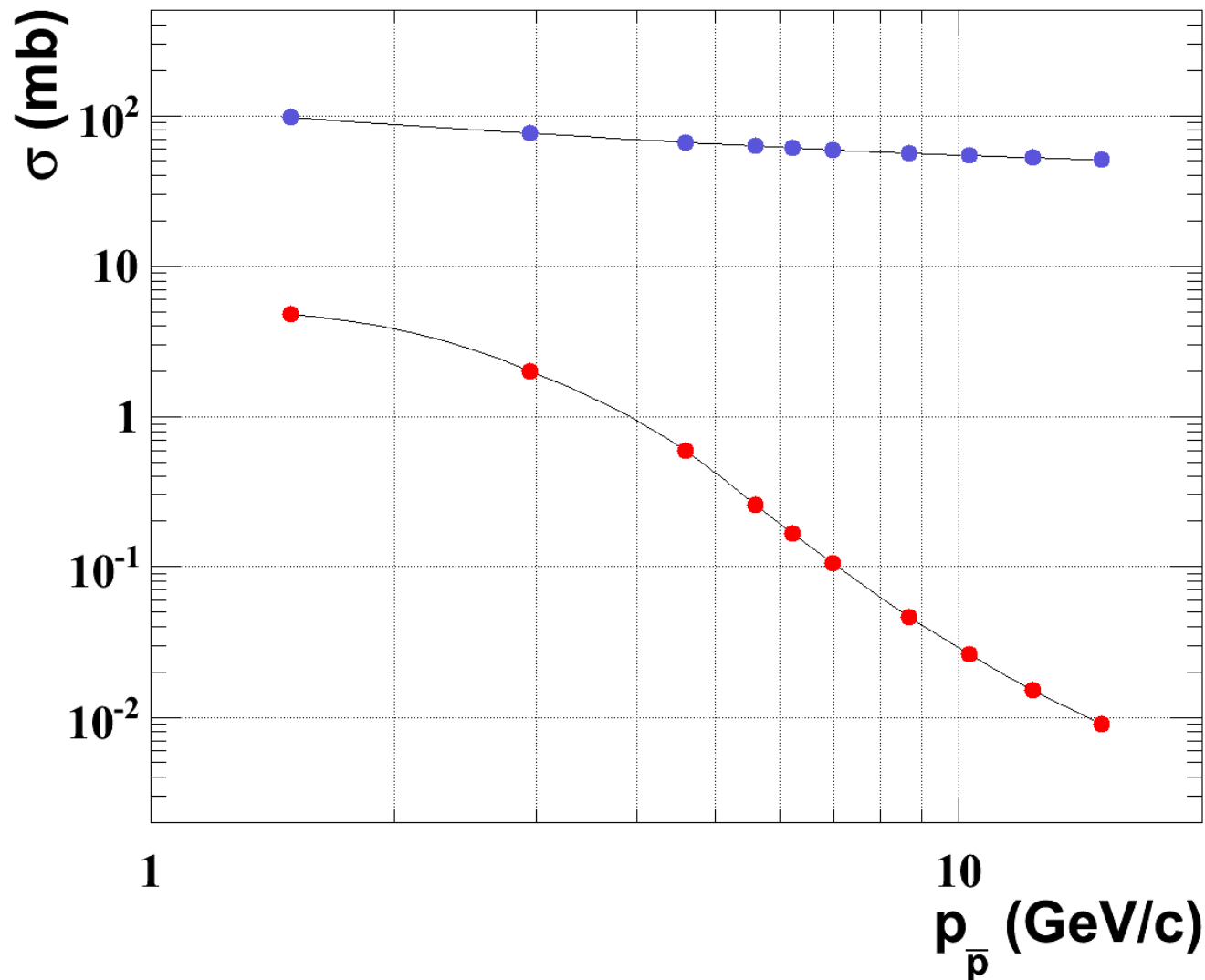


Background with DPM generator

Inelastic $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$ event for each beam momentum are selected from DPM generation

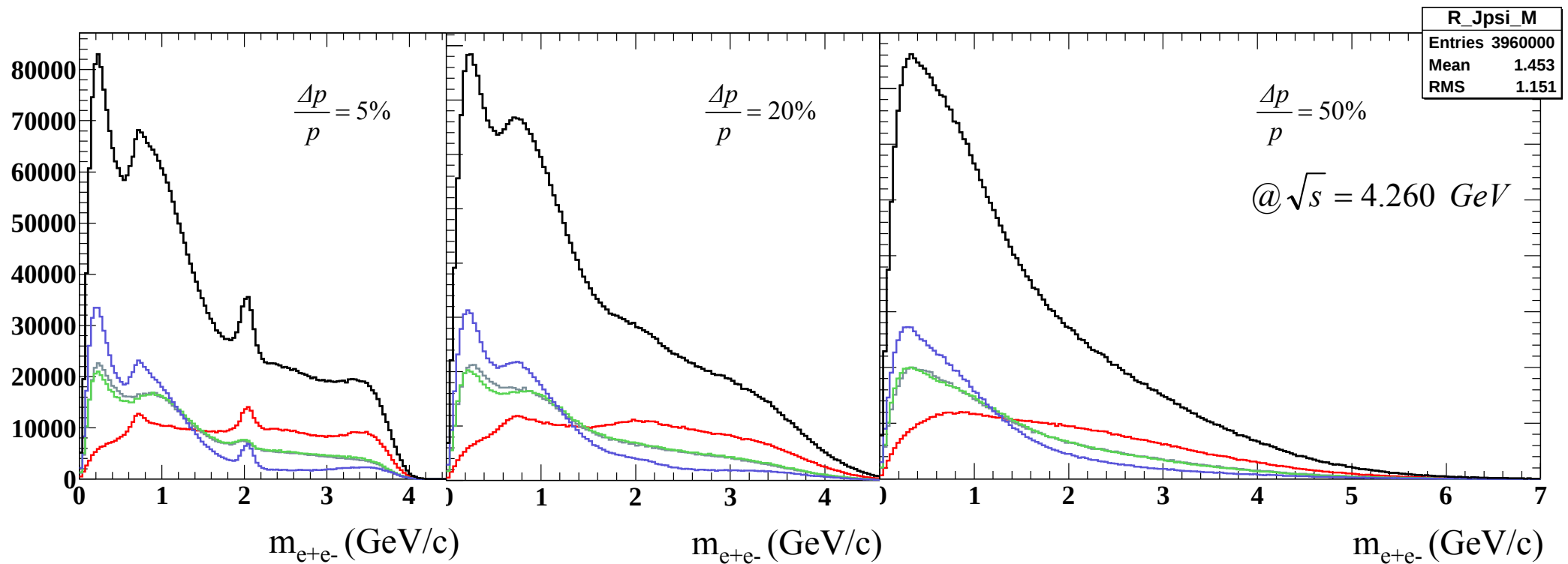
- **total cross section**
- $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$ **cross section**

statistics 10^6 events





Background mass distribution with electron hypothesis (DPM)



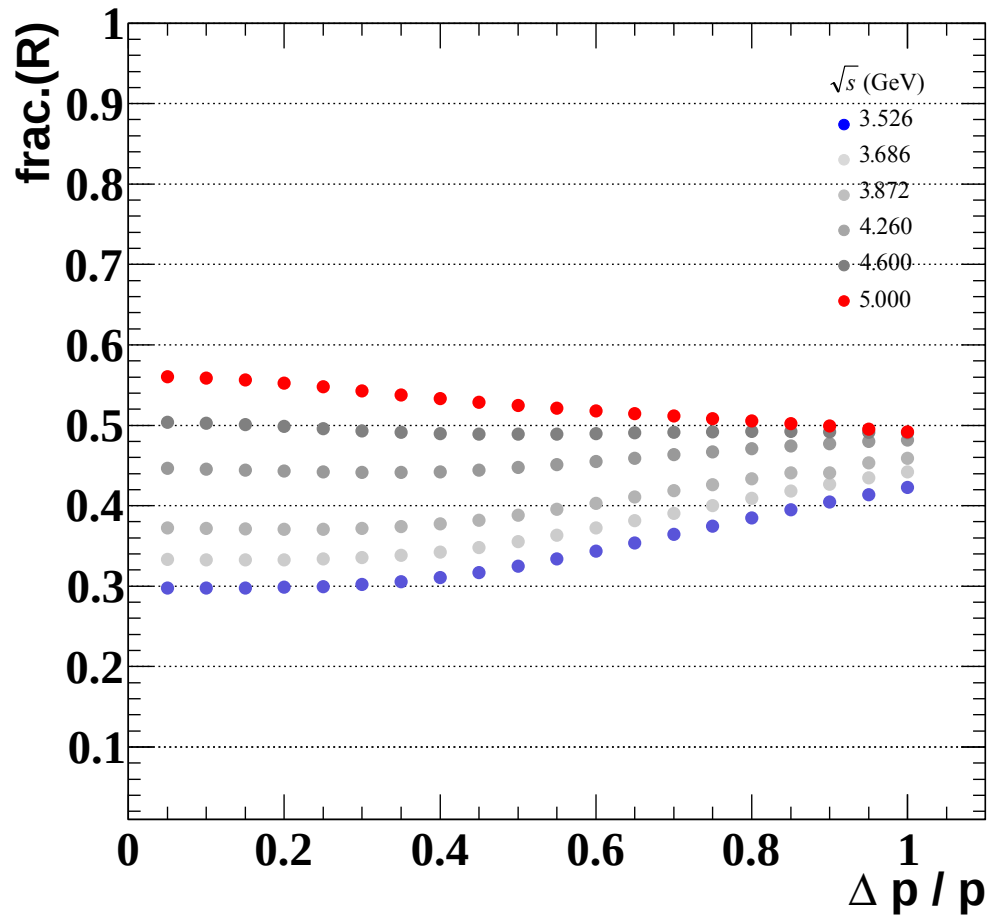
- different color mean different combinations from all π tracks
- no information about resonances and mother particles in DPM



J/ψ mass window fix: $1.596 \text{ GeV}/c < m_{e^+e^-} < 4.596 \text{ GeV}/c$

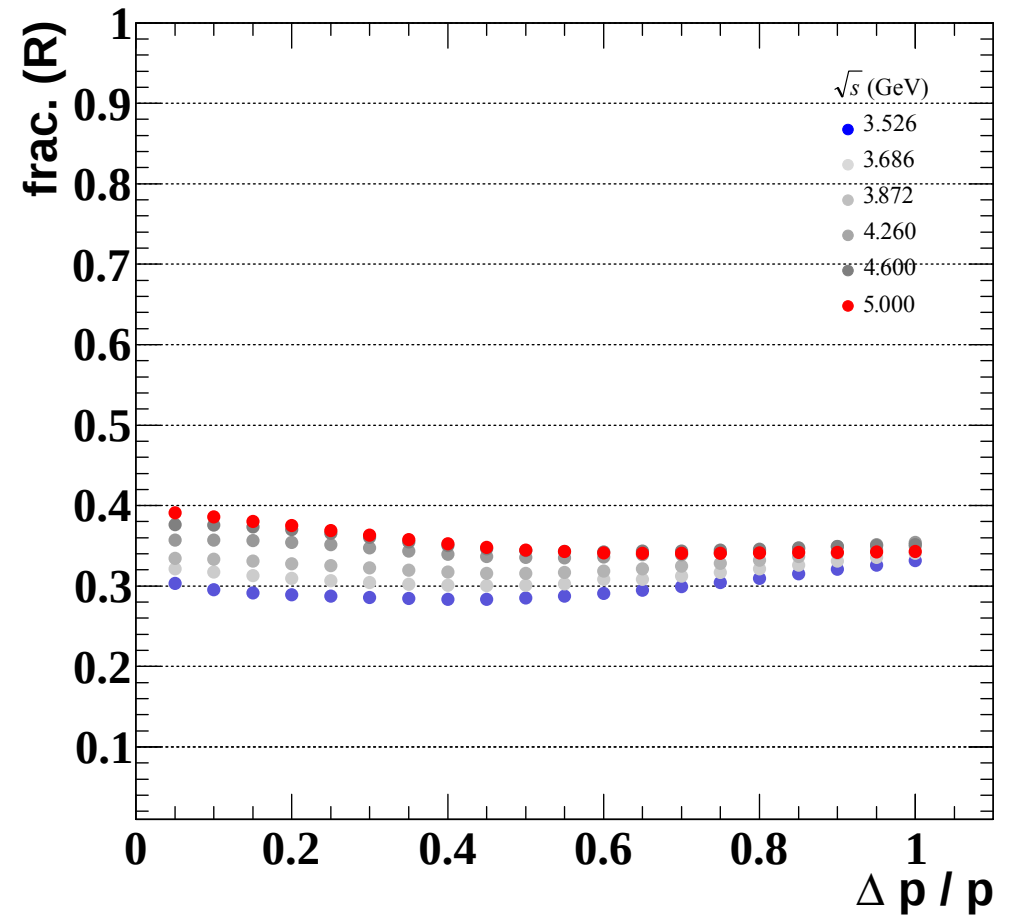
EvtGen

$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$



DPM

$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$



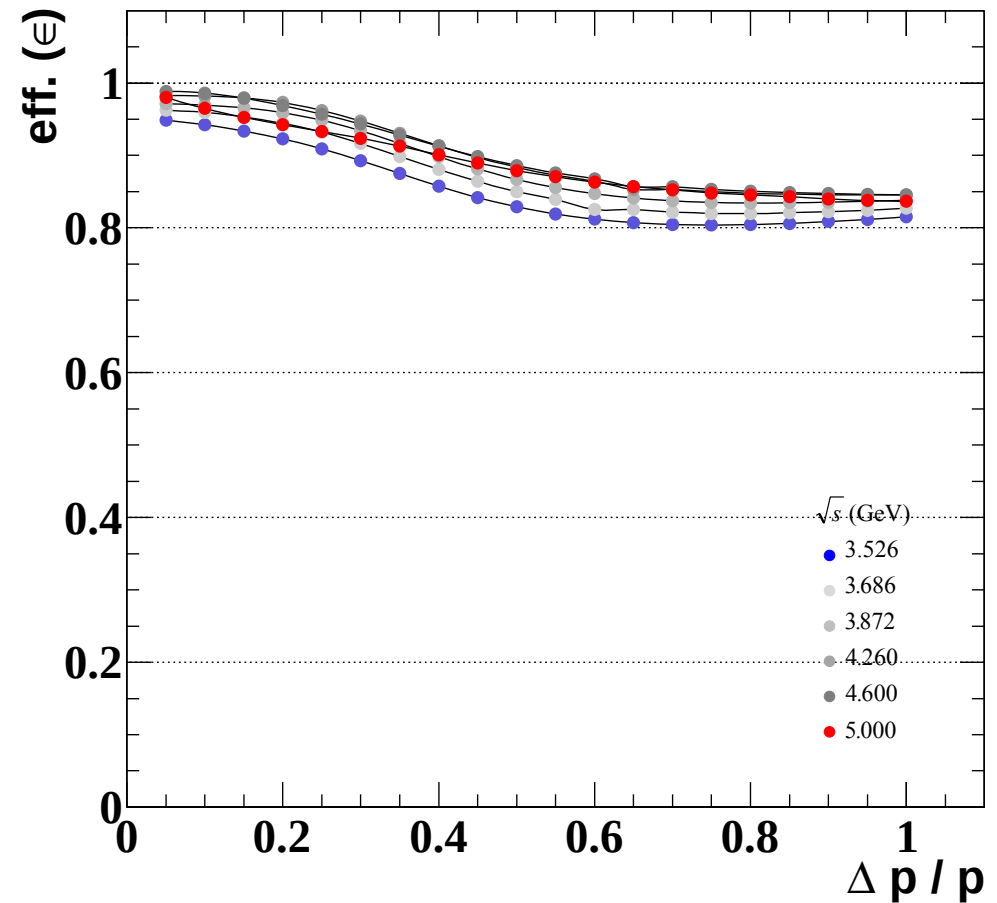
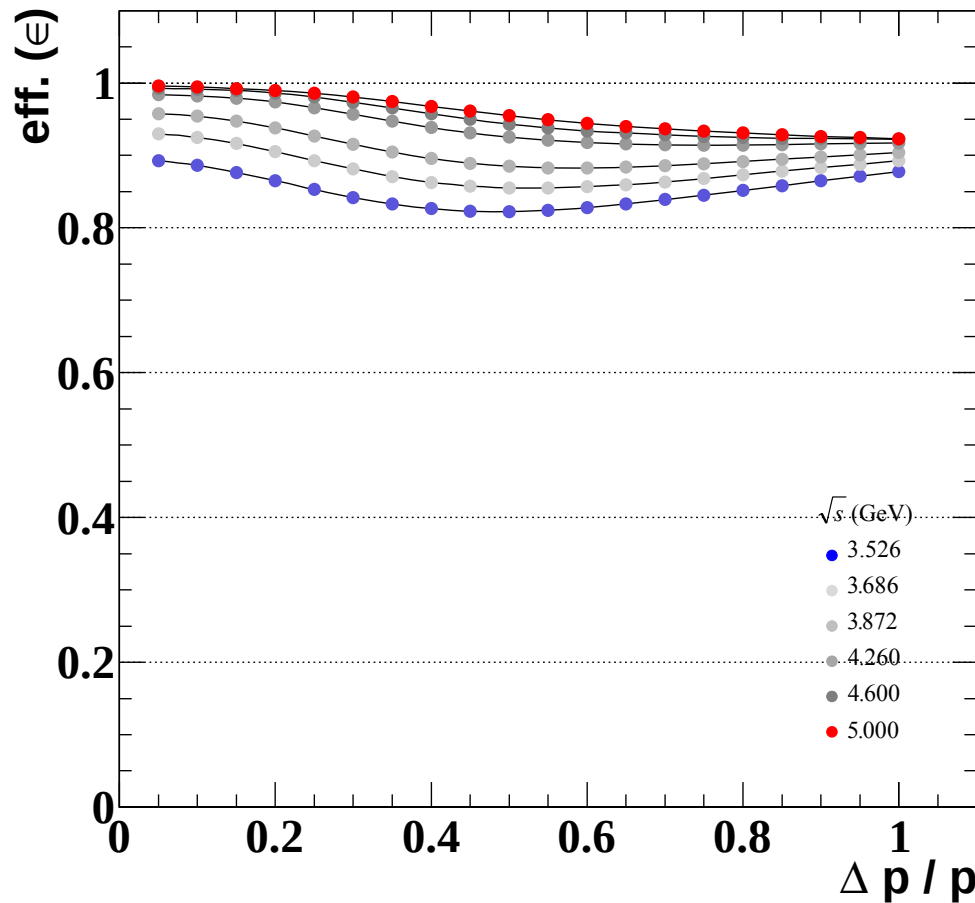
Fraction = accepted combinations / all possible combinations of two tracks

Difference between EvtGen and DPM ~ 20%

J/ψ mass window fix: $1.596 \text{ GeV}/c < m_{e^+e^-} < 4.596 \text{ GeV}/c$ ($\Delta m = 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c$)

EvtGen $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

DPM $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$



Efficiency = accepted event / total generated event

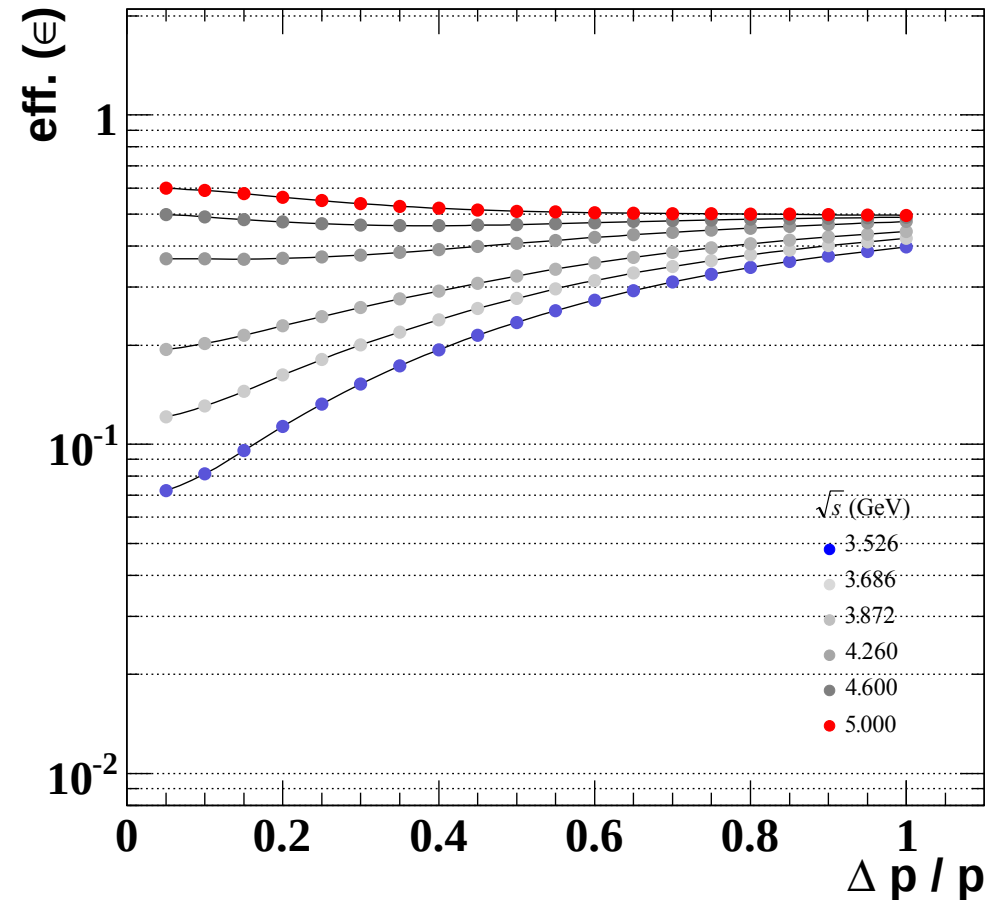
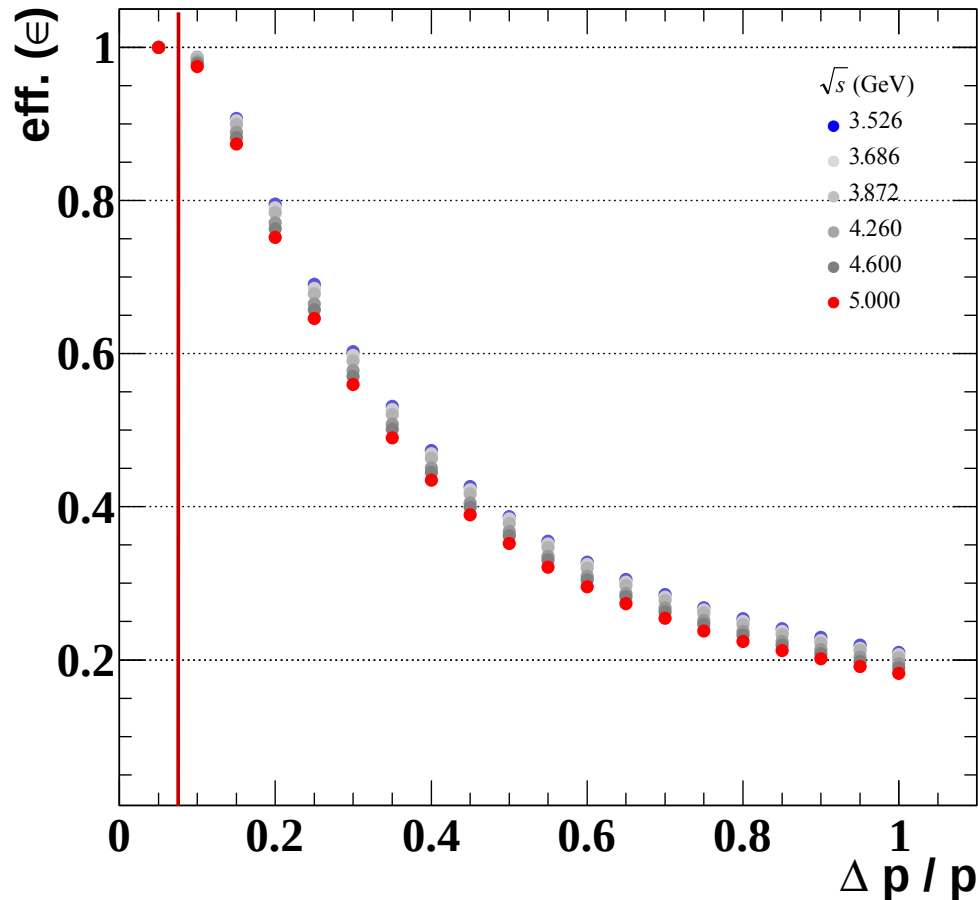
No gain for background reduction ~ few %



J/ψ mass window fix: $2.596 \text{ GeV}/c < m_{e^+e^-} < 3.596 \text{ GeV}/c$ ($\Delta m = 1.0 \text{ GeV}/c$)

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

EvtGen $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$



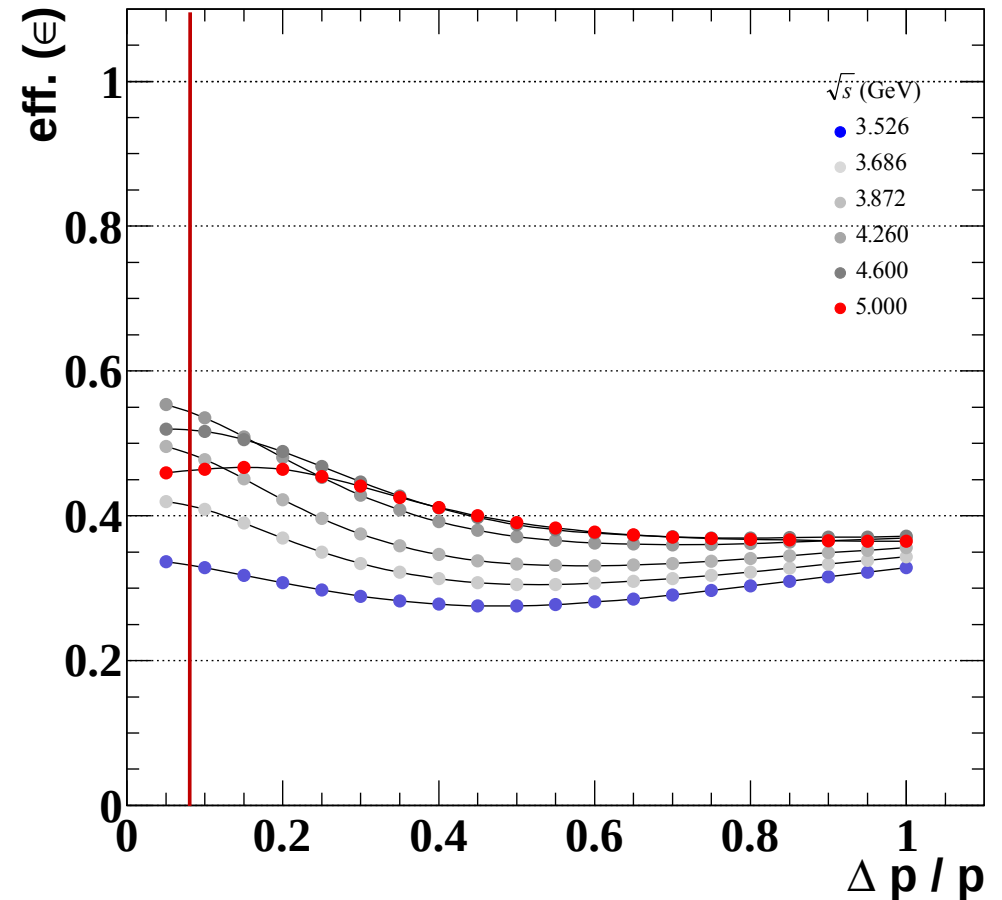
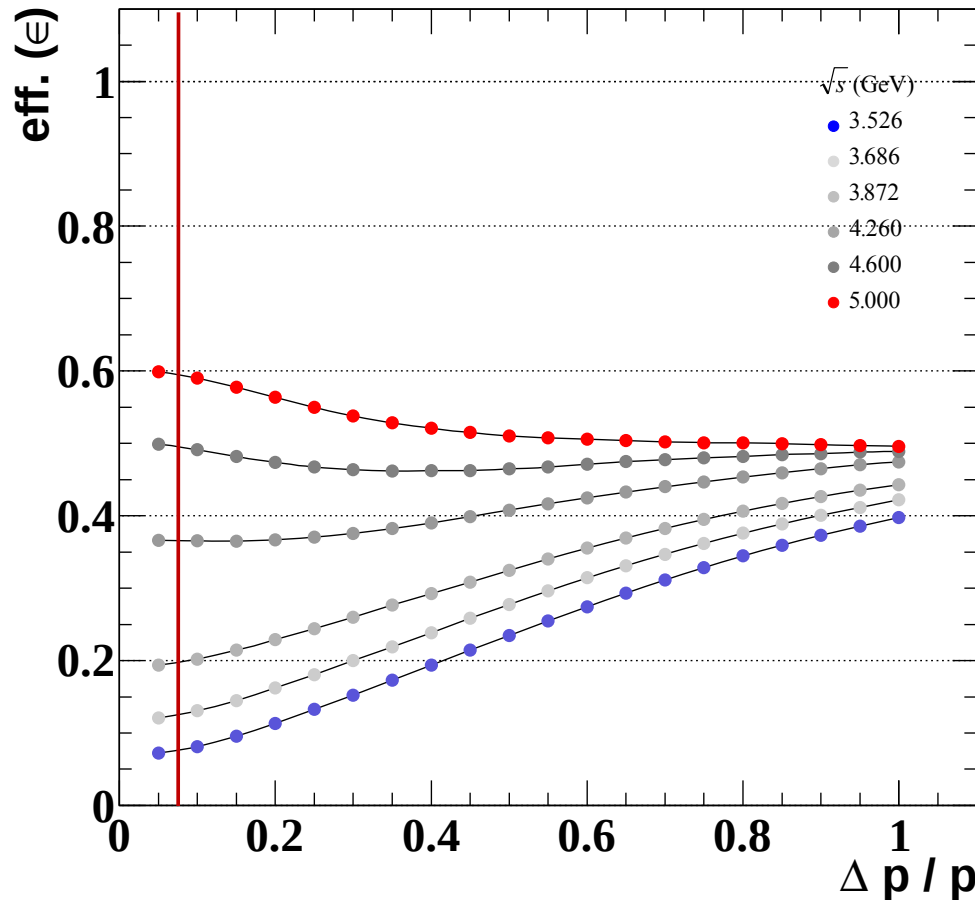
Efficiency = accepted event / total generated event
require $\Delta p/p < 5 \%$ for signal selection



J/ψ mass window fix: $2.596 \text{ GeV}/c < m_{e^+e^-} < 3.596 \text{ GeV}/c$ ($\Delta m = 1.0 \text{ GeV}/c$)

EvtGen $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

DPM $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$



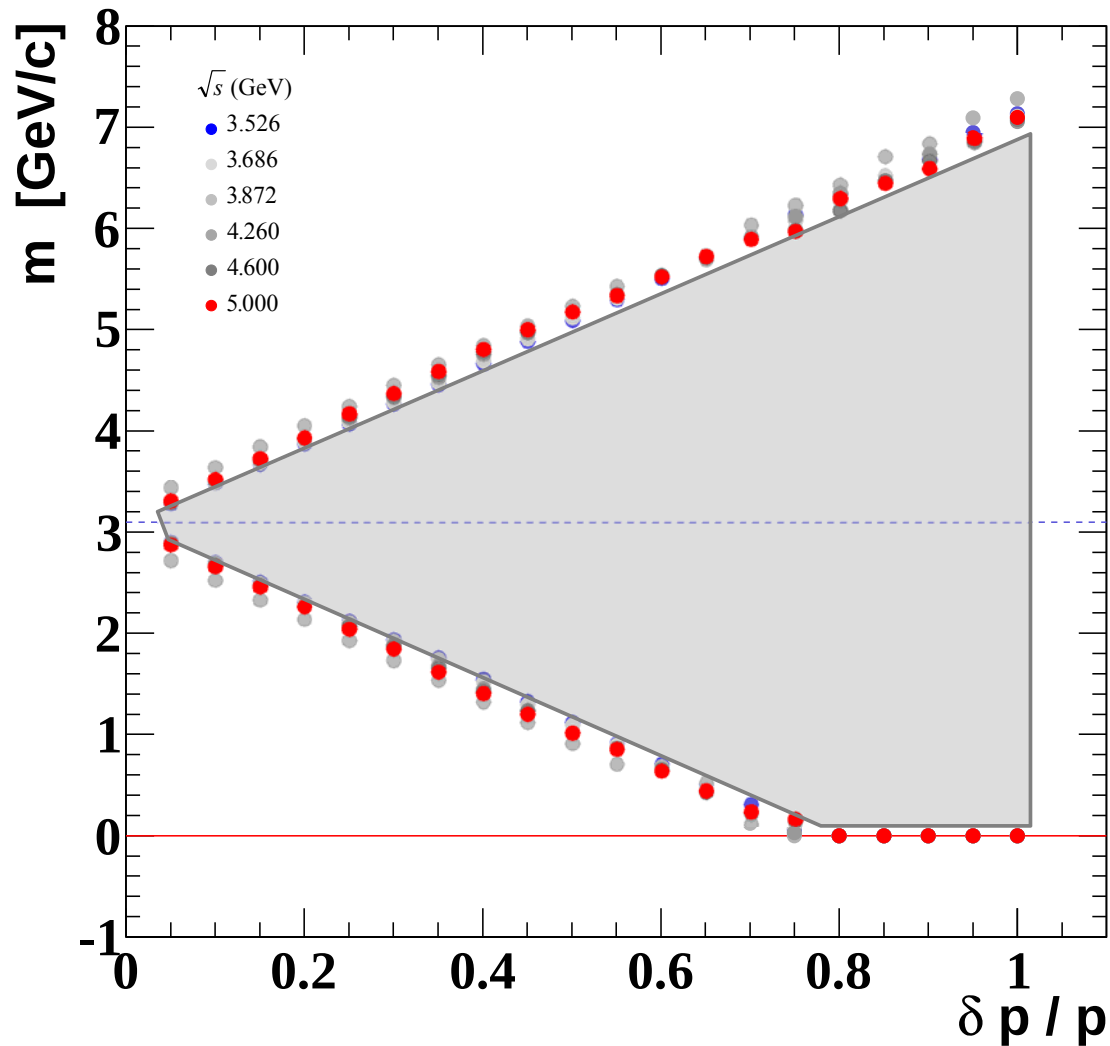
Efficiency = accepted event / total generated event

Background reduction rate $\sim 1 / 10$



J/ψ mass window vary: $m_{J/\psi} - 2\sigma_m < m_{e^+e^-} < m_{J/\psi} + 2\sigma_m \text{ GeV}/c$

- select $2\sigma_m$ mass range $\rightarrow$ signal efficiency $> 95 \%$
- estimate background reduction rate for both EvtGen & DPM

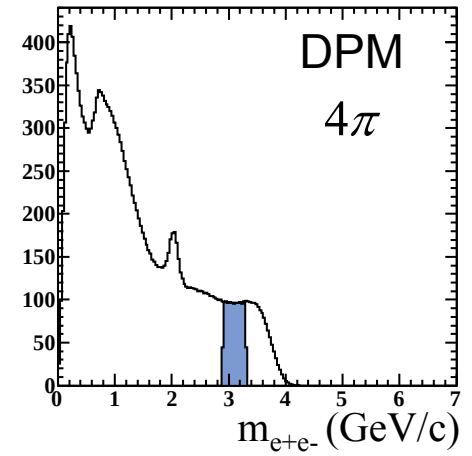
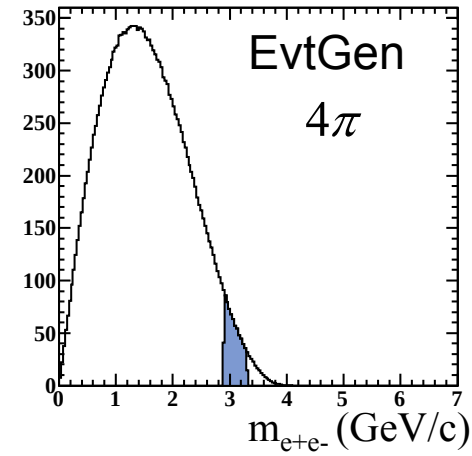
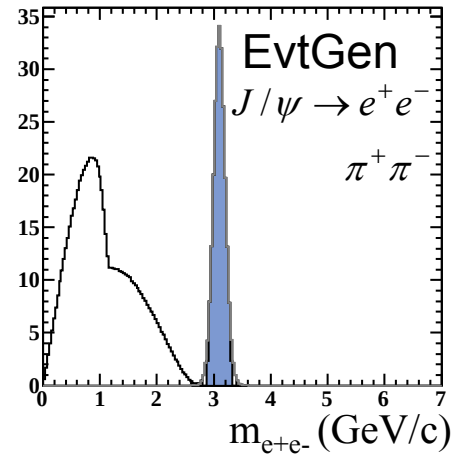


$m_{J/\psi} = 3.097 \text{ (GeV}/c\text{)}$

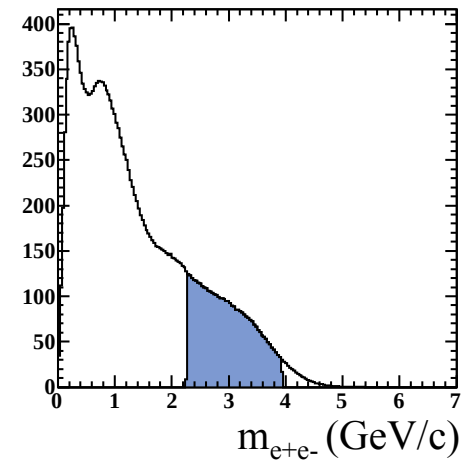
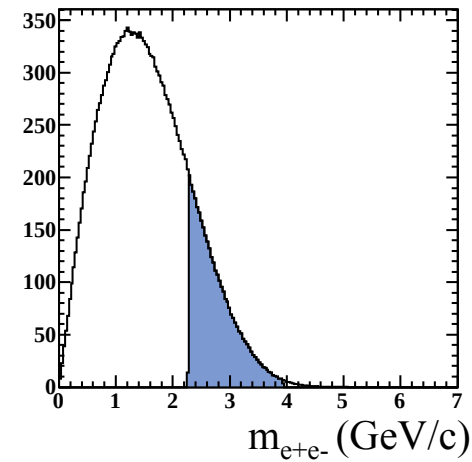
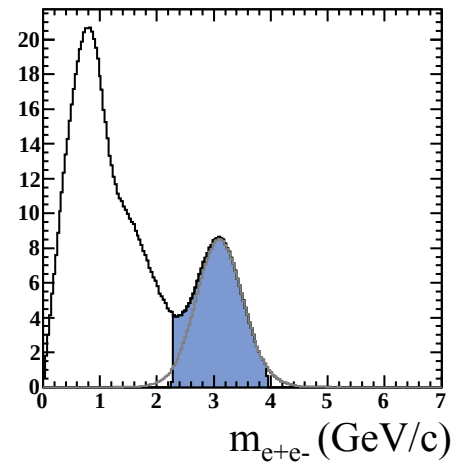


$$\sqrt{s} = 4.260 \text{ GeV}$$

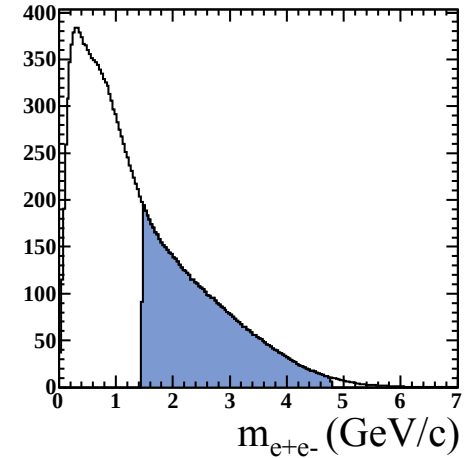
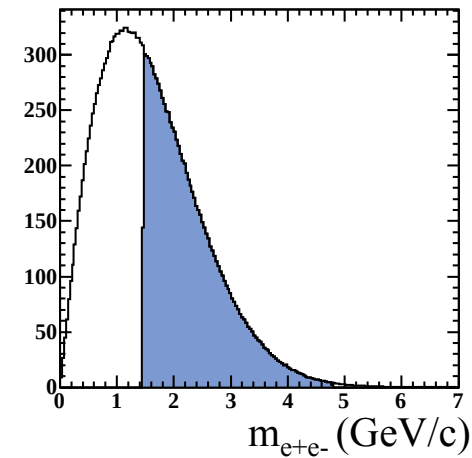
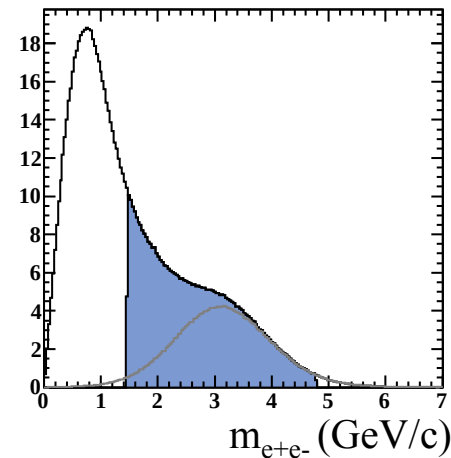
$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 5\% \rightarrow$$



$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 20\% \rightarrow$$



$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 40\% \rightarrow$$





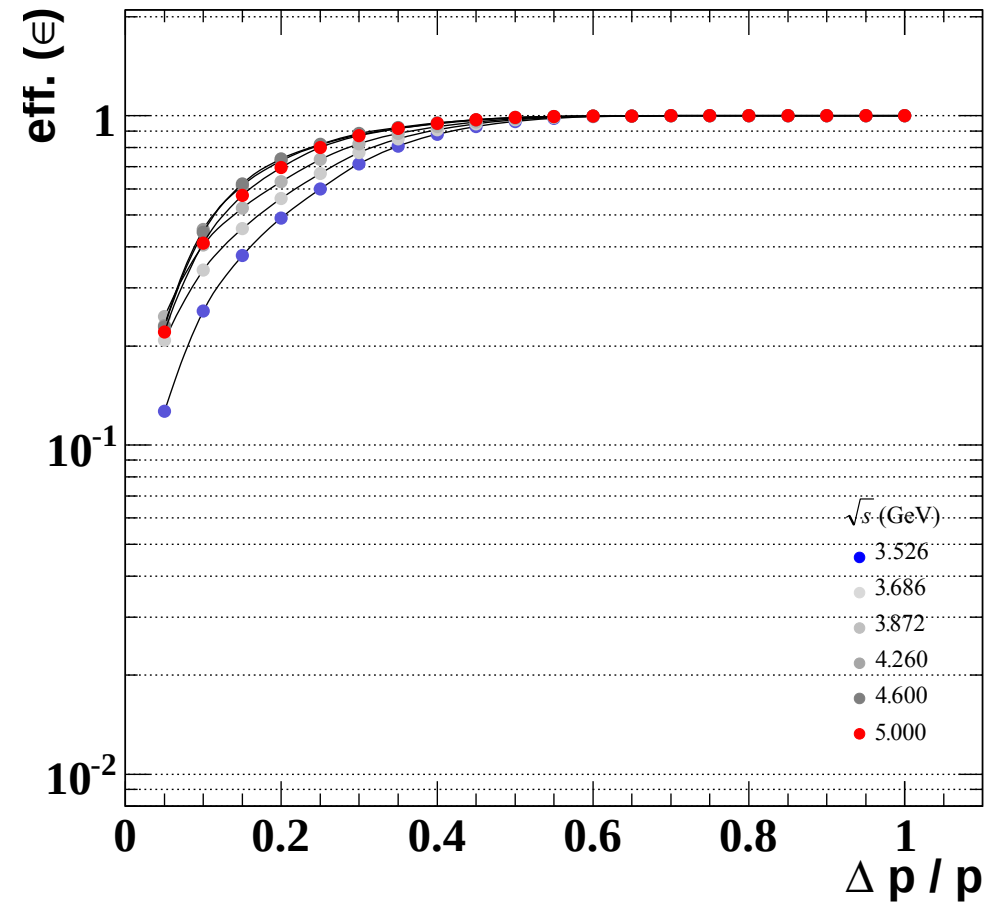
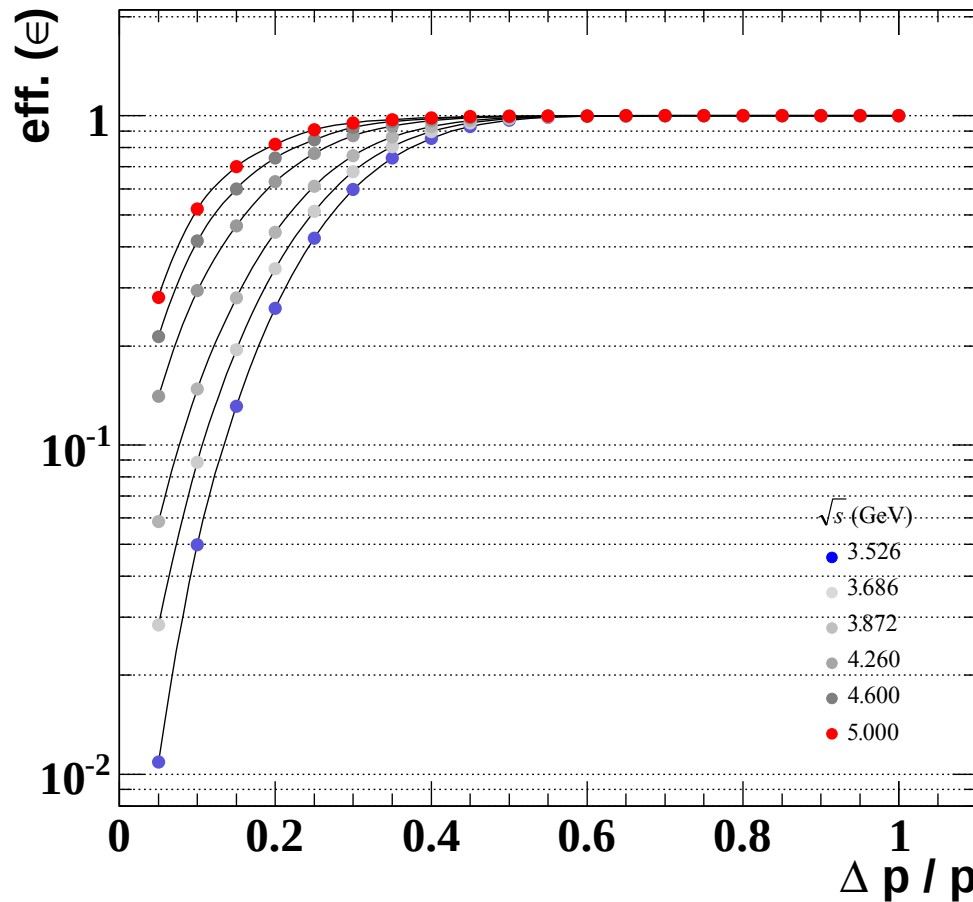
J/ψ mass window vary: $m_{J/\psi} - 2\sigma_m < m_{e^+e^-} < m_{J/\psi} + 2\sigma_m \text{ GeV}/c$

EvtGen

$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

DPM

$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$



Efficiency = accepted event / total generated event

Background reduction rate $\sim 1 / 100$



Event rate for signal and background using cross section from DPM

c.m.s.	production	σ_{sig}
$\sqrt{s} = 3.526 \text{ GeV}$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow h_c \rightarrow J / \psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	not seen
$\sqrt{s} = 3.686 \text{ GeV}$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \psi(2s) \rightarrow J / \psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	$\sigma = 50 \text{ nb}^{[1]}$
$\sqrt{s} = 3.872 \text{ GeV}$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872) \rightarrow J / \psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	$\sigma = 50 \sim 443 \text{ nb}$
$\sqrt{s} = 4.260 \text{ GeV}$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(4260) \rightarrow J / \psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	$\sigma = 60 \text{ pb}^{[2]}$
$\sqrt{s} = 4.600 \text{ GeV}$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow ? \rightarrow J / \psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	new state
$\sqrt{s} = 5.000 \text{ GeV}$	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow ? \rightarrow J / \psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	new state

^[1] Measurement of branching ratios J/ψ , ψ' resonance parameters in $p\bar{p}$ annihilation, E760 @ FNAL, PRD47, 772 (1993)

^[2] Measurement of branching ratios $\psi' \rightarrow e^+e^-$, $\psi' \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+\pi^-$, $\psi' \rightarrow J/\psi \eta$, E835 @ FNAL, PRD71, 032006 (2005)

$X(3872)$

EvtGen

DPM

cms:

$$\sqrt{s} = 3.872 \text{ GeV}$$

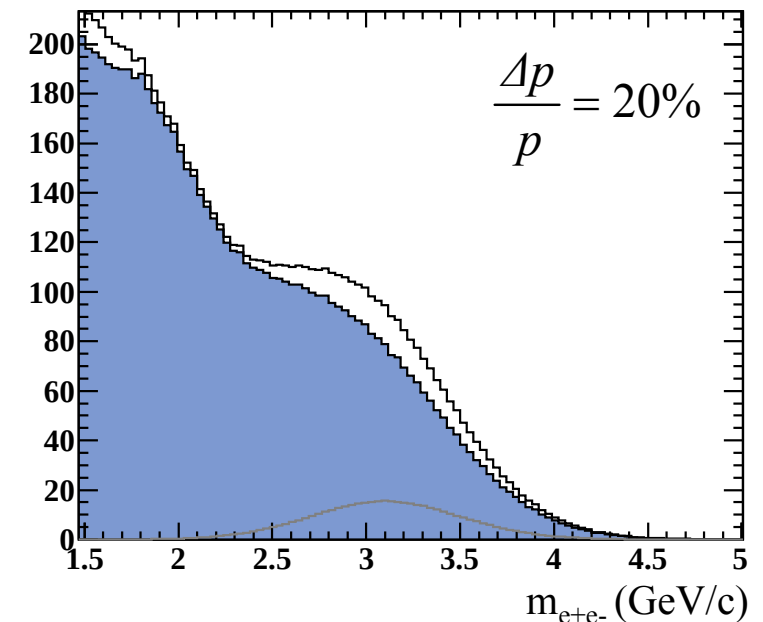
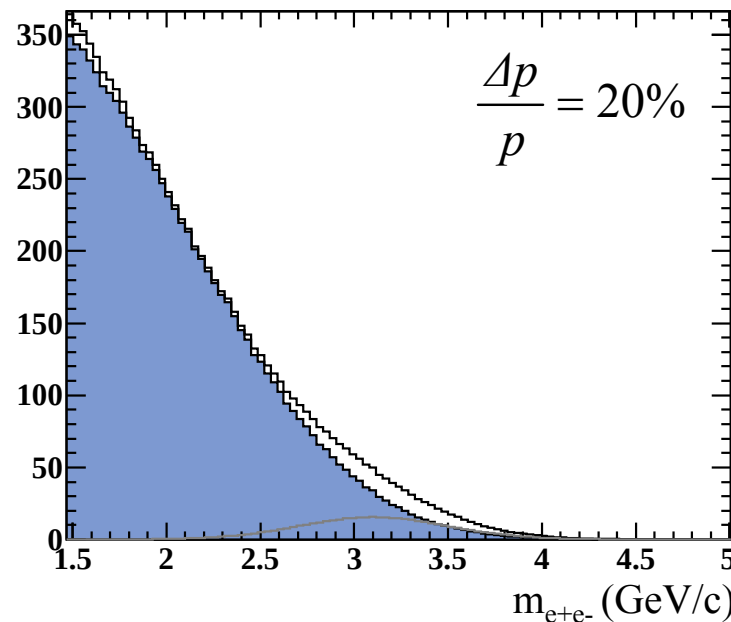
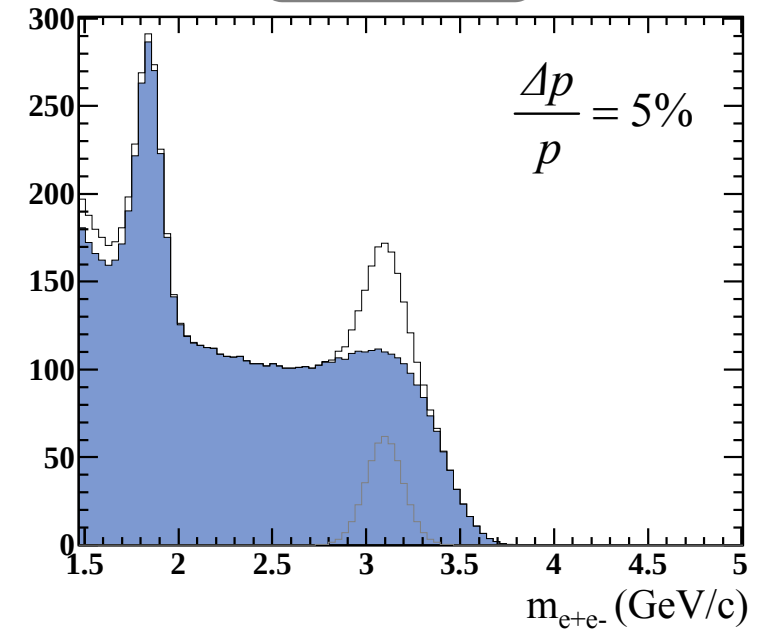
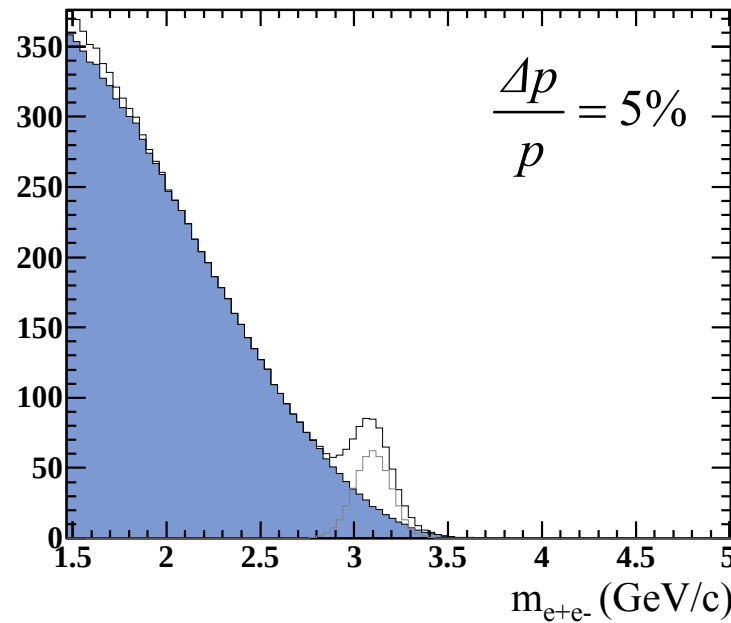
$$P_B = 6.988 \text{ GeV}/c$$

cross section:

$$\sigma_{J/\psi} = 50 \text{ nb}$$

$$\sigma_{4\pi} = 50 \text{ } \mu\text{b}$$

signal scaled by
X 100





Another example ...

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow D^+ D^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$$

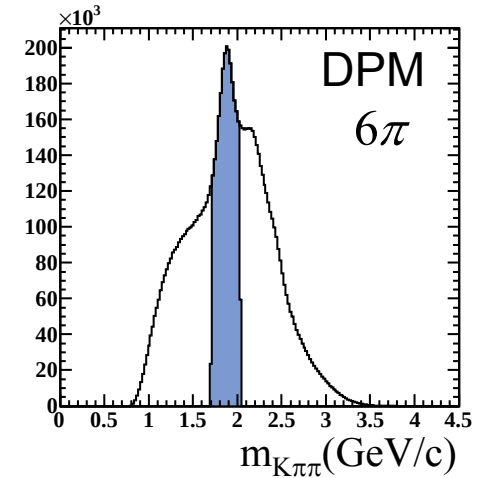
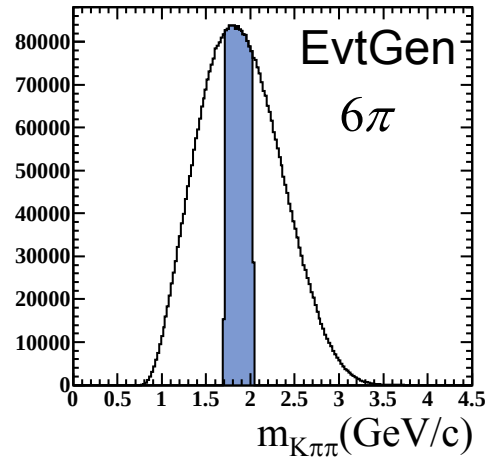
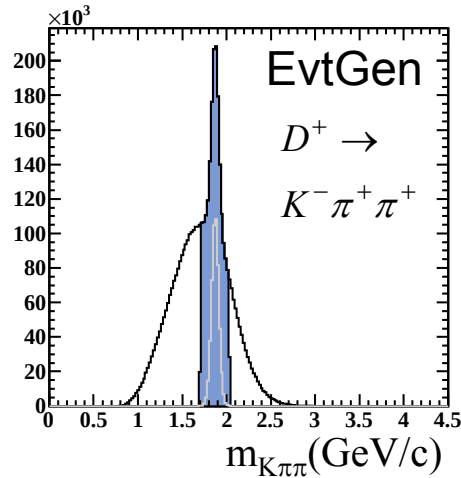
$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow D^{*+} D^{*-} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+ \bar{D}^0 \pi^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$$



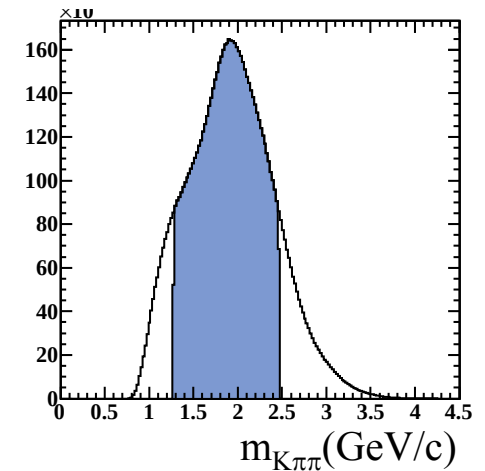
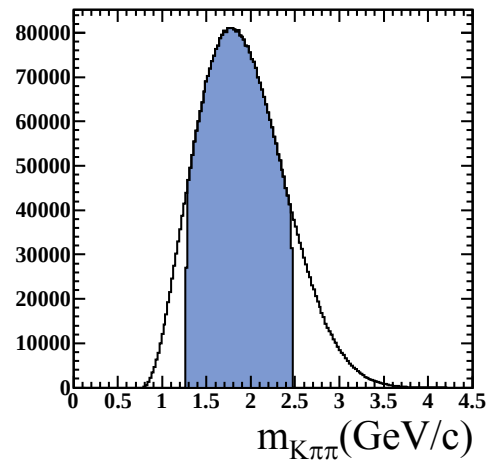
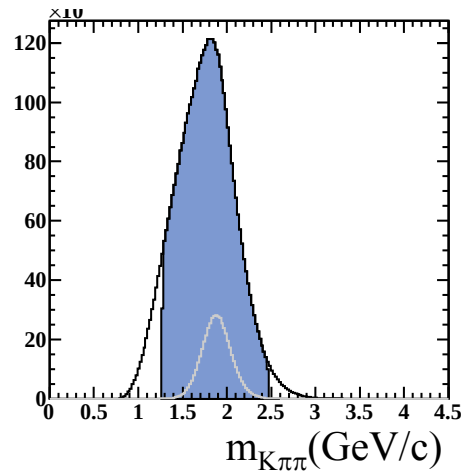
Background study

$$\sqrt{s} = 3.770 \text{ GeV}$$

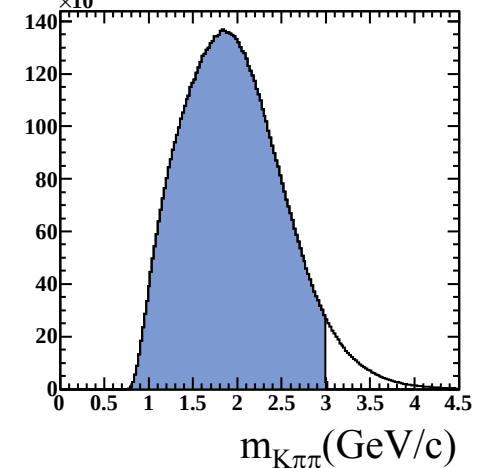
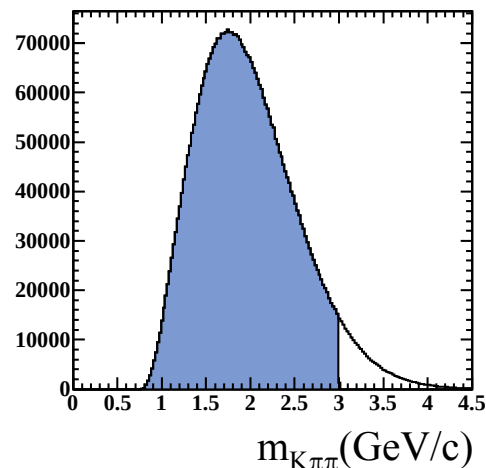
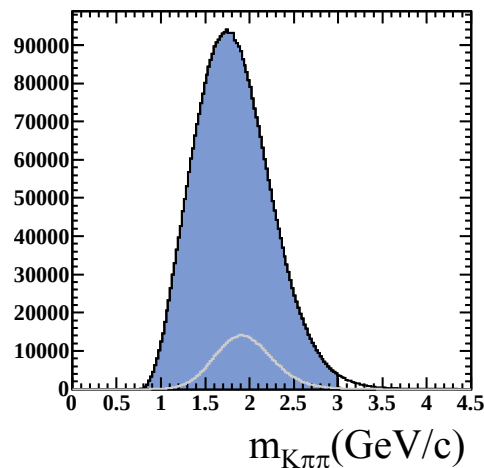
$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 5\%$$



$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 20\%$$



$$\frac{\Delta p}{p} = 40\%$$

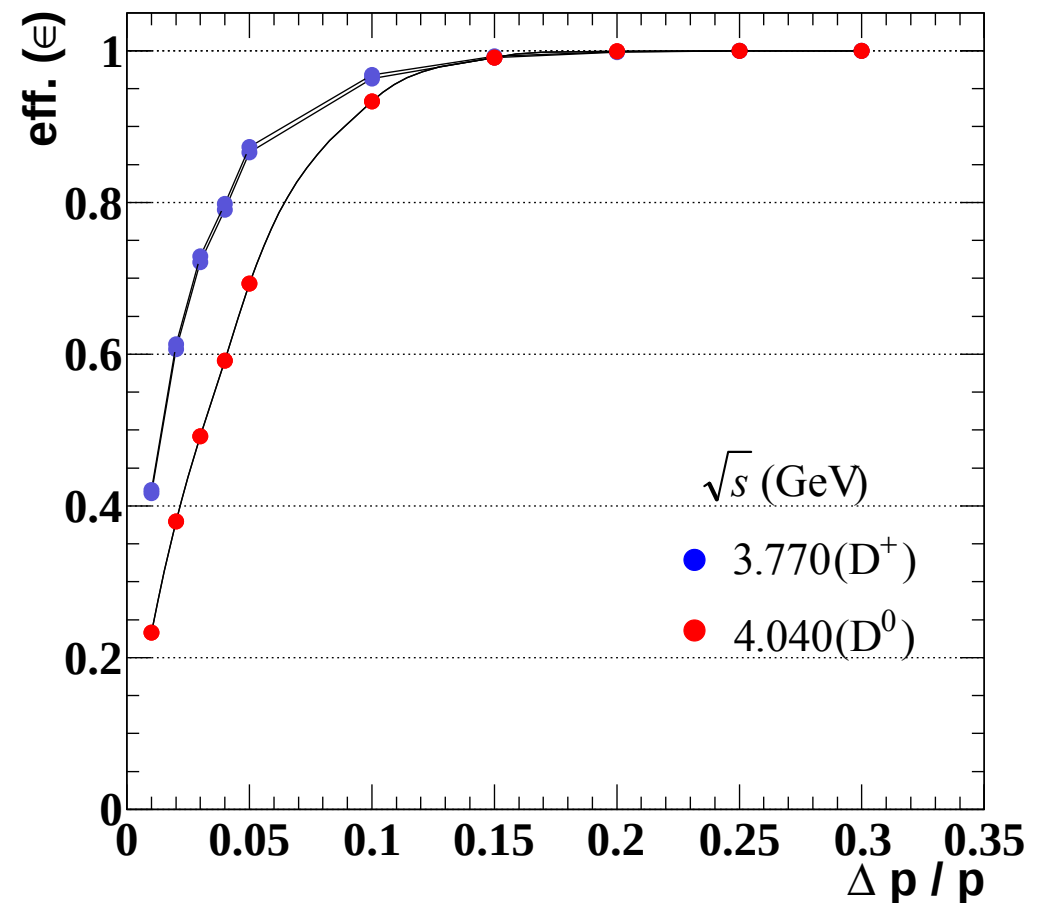
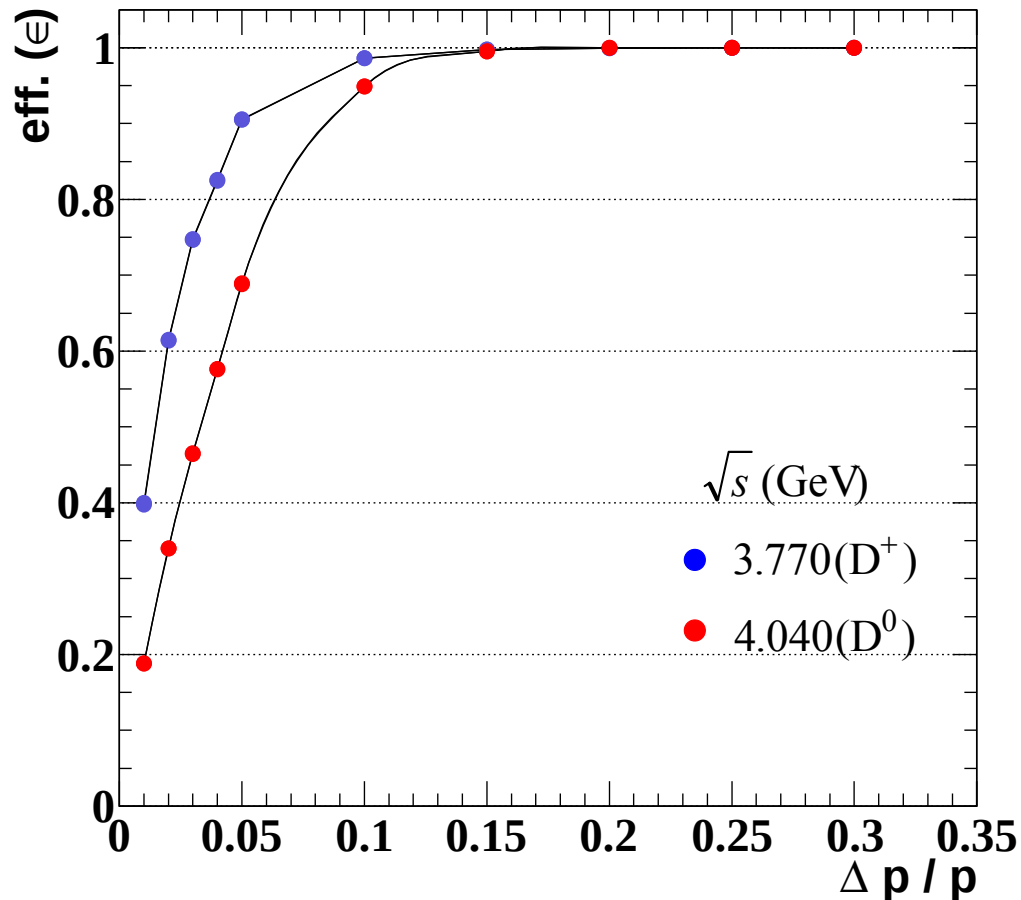




$D^\pm, D^0$ mass window vary: $m_D - 2\sigma_m < m_{K\pi\pi(K\pi)} < m_D + 2\sigma_m \text{ GeV}/c$

EvtGen $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

DPM $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$



Efficiency = accepted event / total generated event

Require $\Delta p / p < 5 \%$ for background reduction



- The method of mass filtering and requirement of momentum resolution for **online** have been studied in the ideal situation

J/ψ : looks promising but other cuts on p_T or opening angle will be necessary

D meson : much more difficult than J/ψ , the fraction of background is too large

- γ included channels will be tested with using EMC information
- PID information is definitely necessary to achieve 1/1000 background reduction rate in the online

need to clarify a statement about available PID and its precision from each detector group



Backup



1/1000 reduction rate in software trigger

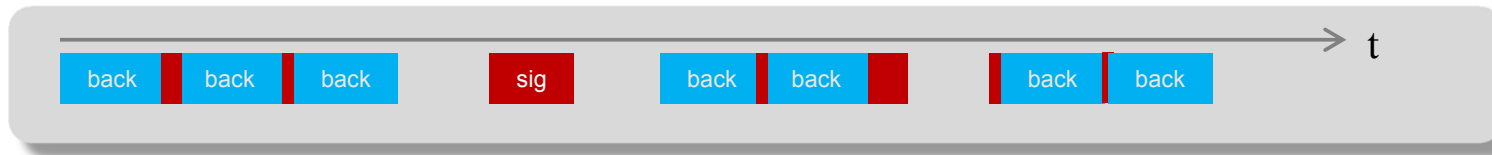
- At least 20 MHz $\rightarrow$ 20 kHz, based on available computing power in offline reconstruction
- In very first stage, Information for trigger should be most likely local hits or possibly local tracks
- For this purpose, time resolution of detector should be a critical factor !

Detectors	Time Resolution σ_t
SciTil-ToF	100 ps
EMC for $e^\pm$ & γ (hadrons)	1.0 (2.0) ns
MVD	~ 5.0 ns
STT (single hit)	5.0 ns (200 ns) $\dagger$
GEMs	12.0 ns
DIRC	< 20.0 ns
FTS (straw)	> 5.0 ns (200 ns)
MDT (μ)	a few ns (60ns)

$\dagger$ STT, MDT has a drift time ...



- Simulation on time ordered events allows to test trigger algo. (including event building)



- Status of time simulation in PANDArOOT (Jan 2012)

Detectors	Geometry	Tracking & PID	Time application
MVD	O	O	O
STT	O	O	O
EMC	O	O	X
GEMs	O	O	X
DIRC	O	O	X
FTS	X	X	X
MDT	O	O	X
SciTil	O	X	X

not ready to apply into the study on the online trigger

Realistic event building strategy with time gap in SciTil

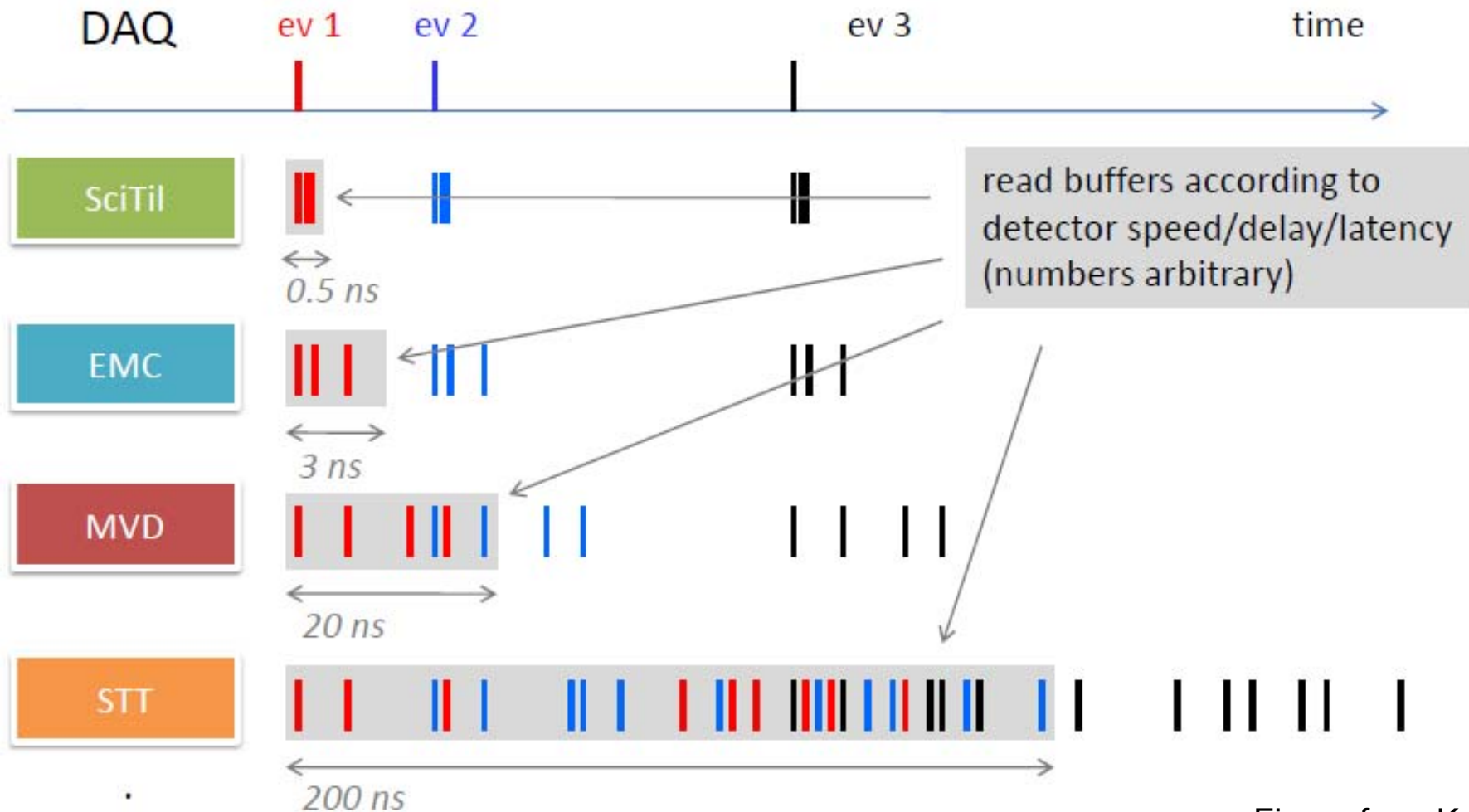
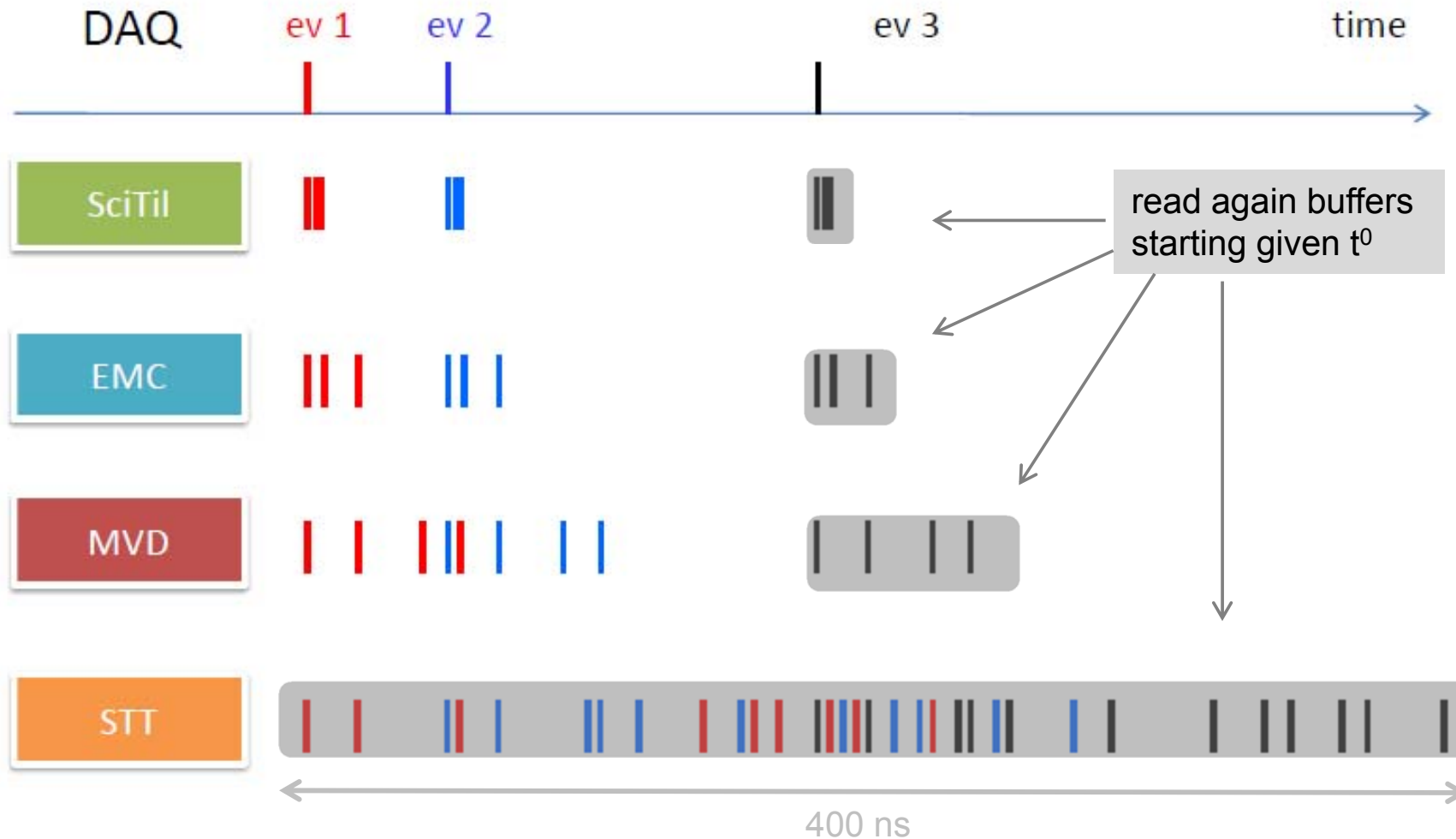


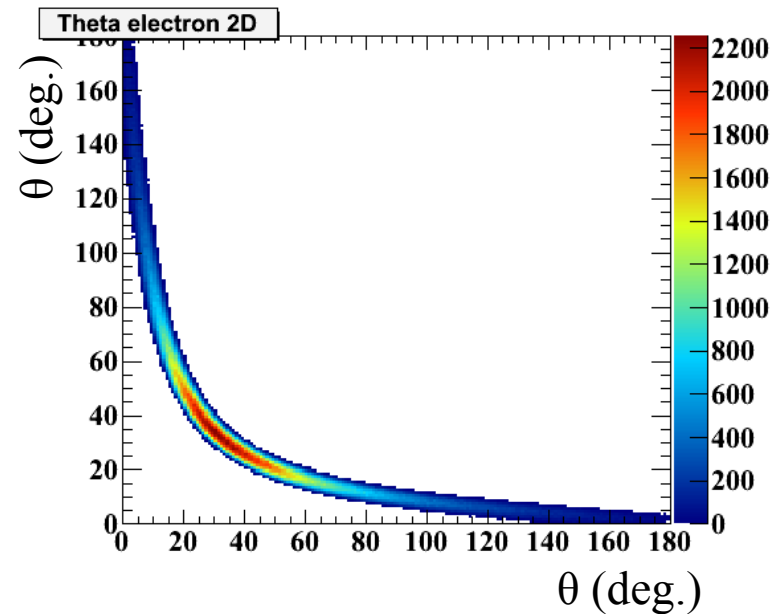
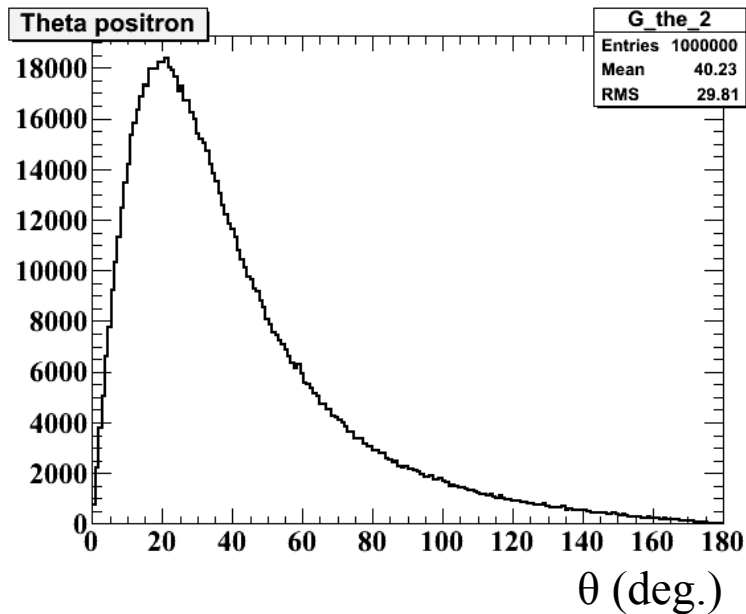
Figure from K.Götzen

Realistic event building strategy with time gap in SciTil



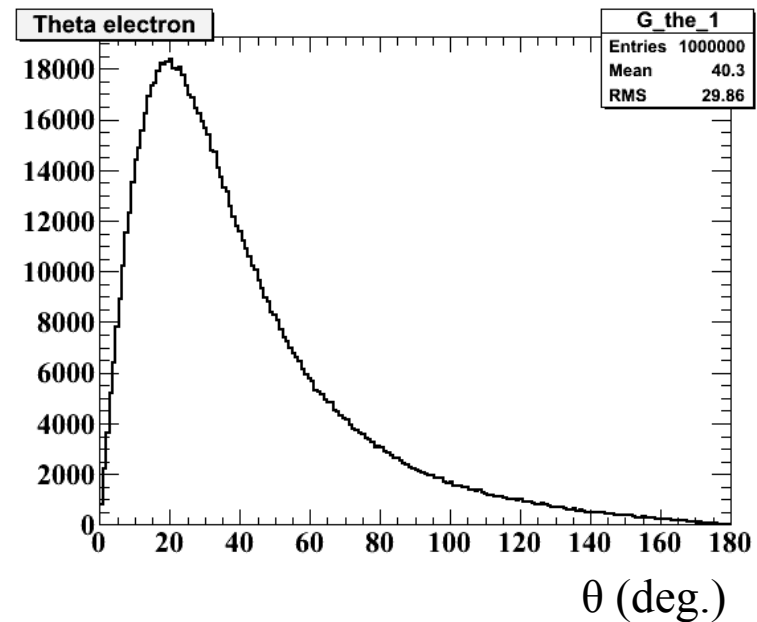
due to drift time of STT
8 events can be mixed in ± 200 ns and average

Kinematic feature : θ distribution of $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$

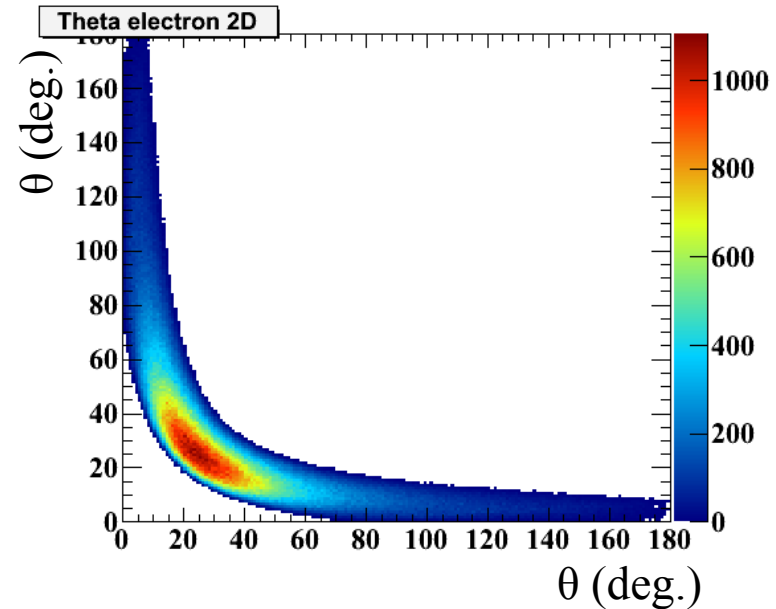
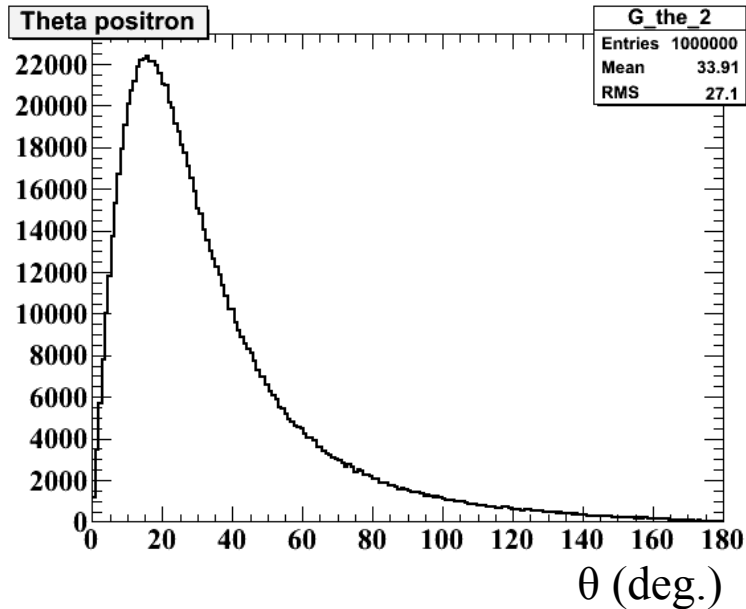


$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 3.526 \text{ GeV}$$

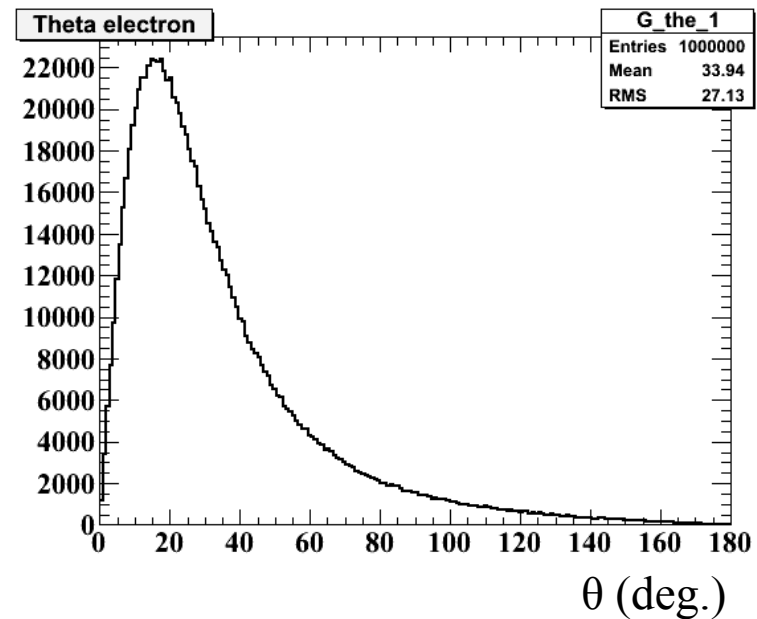


Kinematic feature : θ distribution of $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$



$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

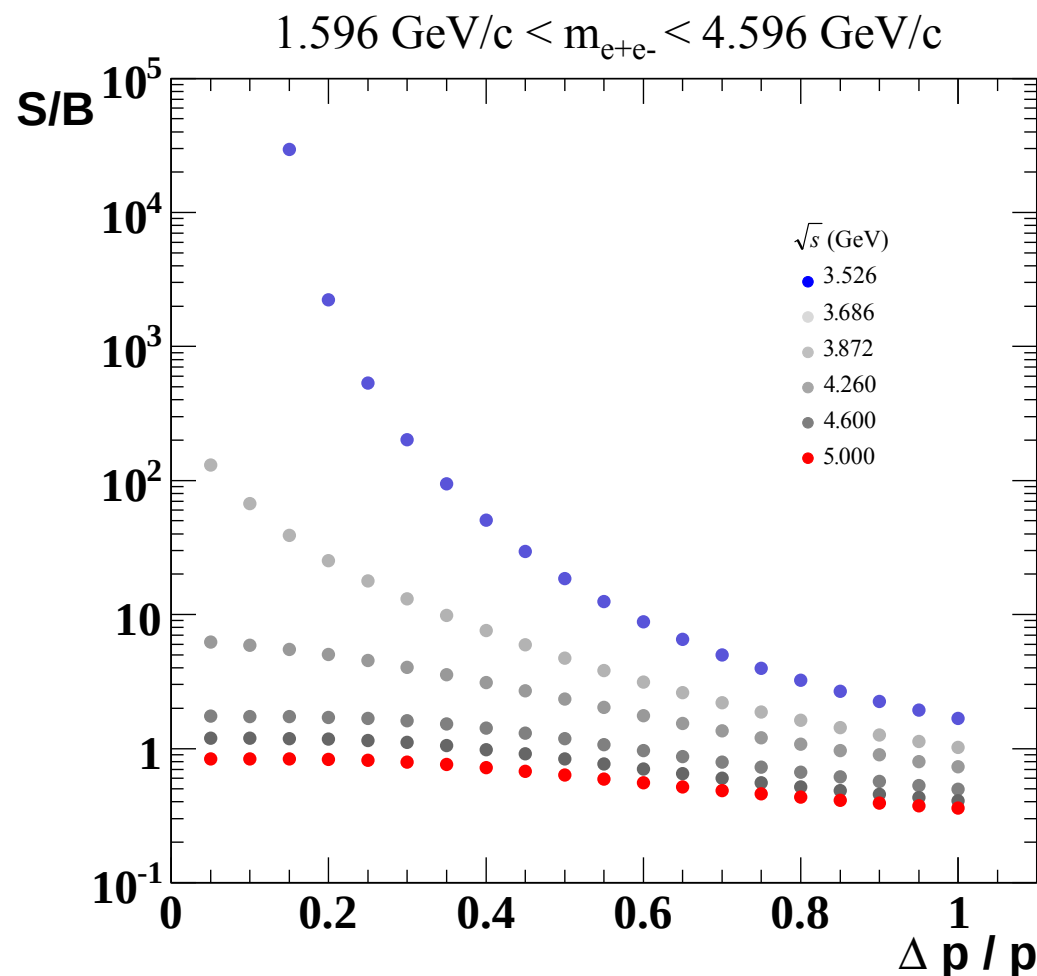
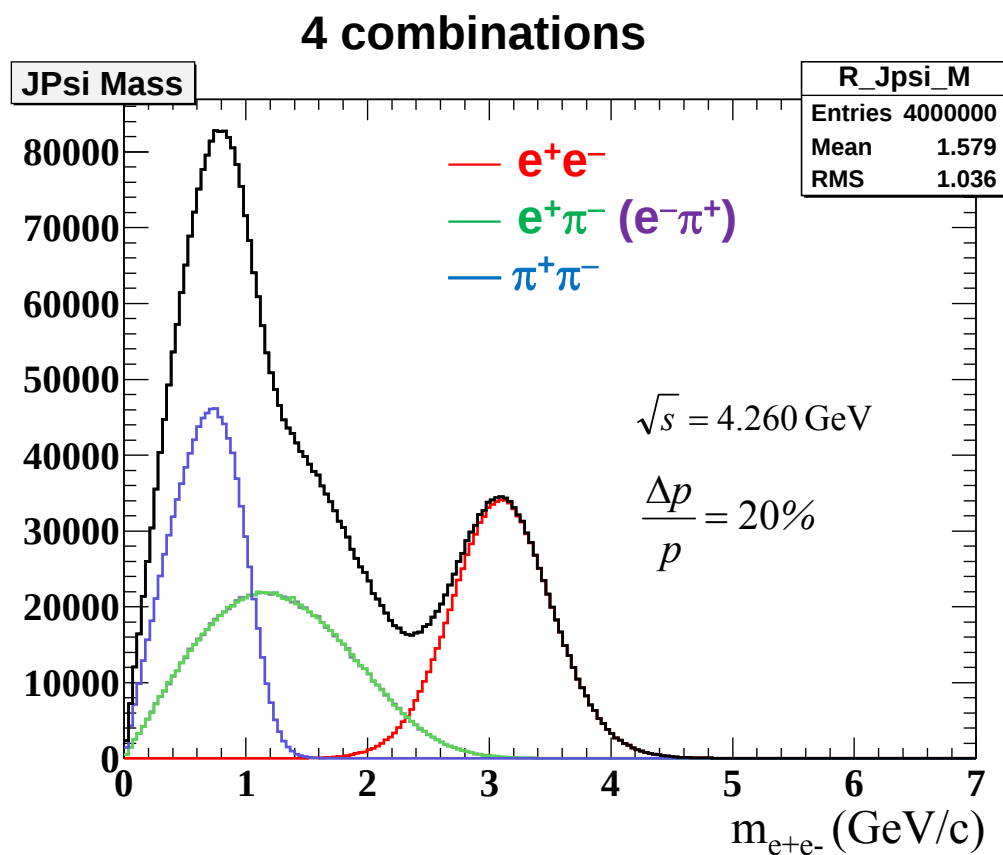
$$\sqrt{s} = 4.260 \text{ GeV}$$





Combinatorial background of J/ψ event with electron hypothesis (EvtGen)

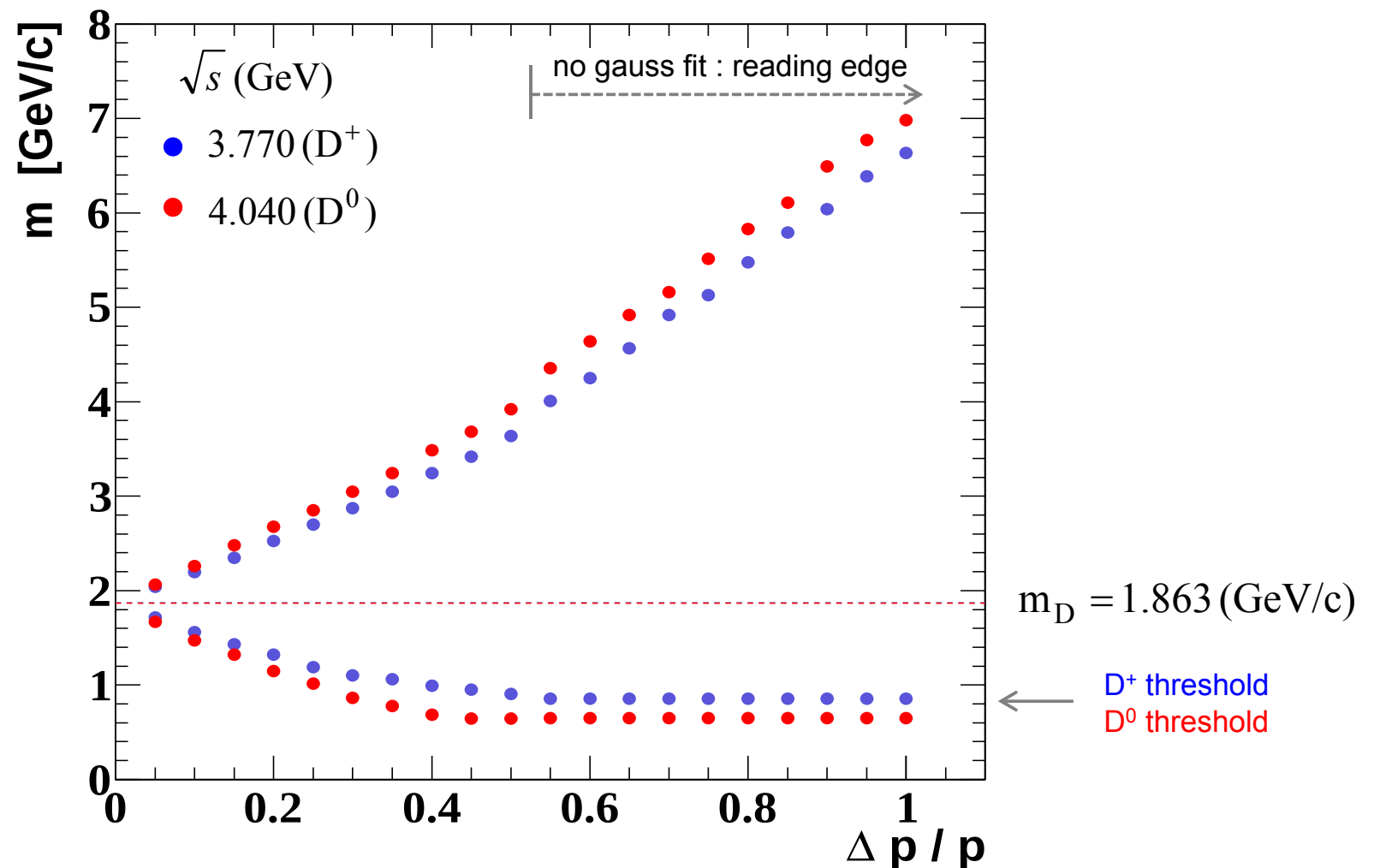
$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$





$D^\pm, D^0$ mass window vary: $m_D - 2\sigma_m < m_{K\pi\pi(K\pi)} < m_D + 2\sigma_m \text{ GeV}/c$

- combining 3(2) tracks with K and π mass hypothesis in each $D^\pm(D^0)$ event
- total 9 combinations from 6 tracks for both $D^\pm$ and D^0 event

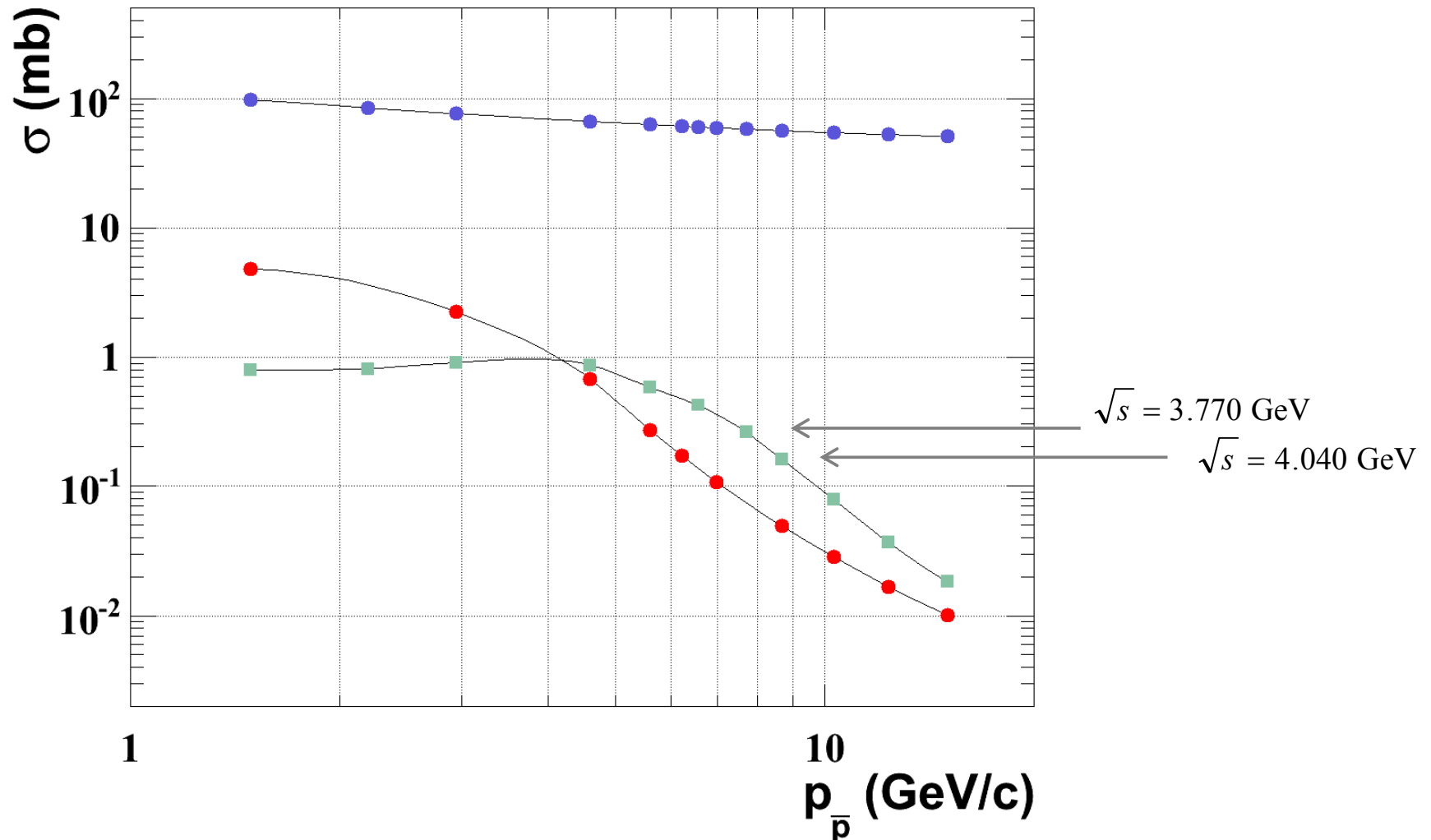




Background with DPM generator

Inelastic $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$ event for two beam momentum are selected from DPM generation

- **total cross section**
- $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$ cross section
- $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$ cross section

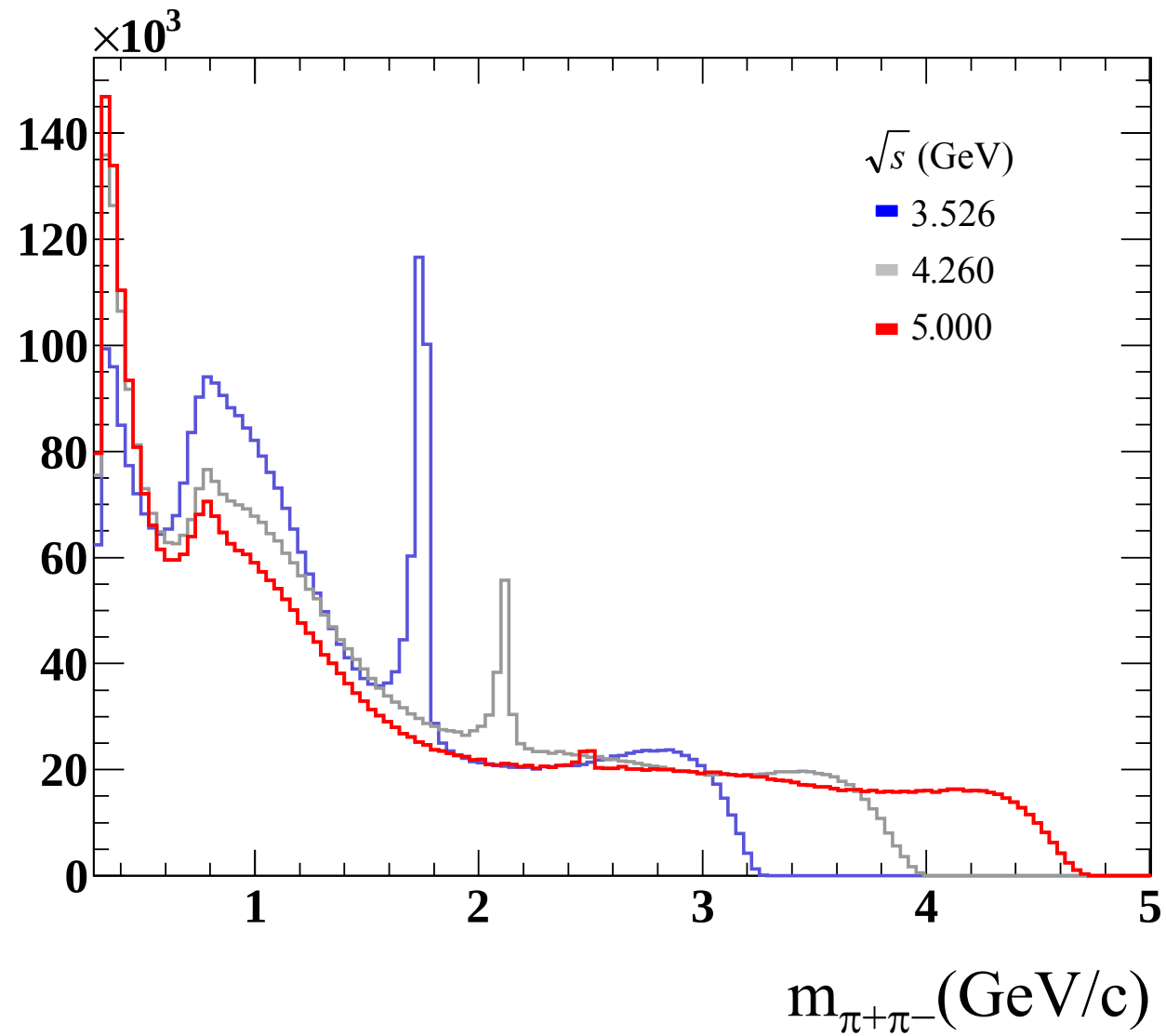




Background with DPM generator

DPM

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

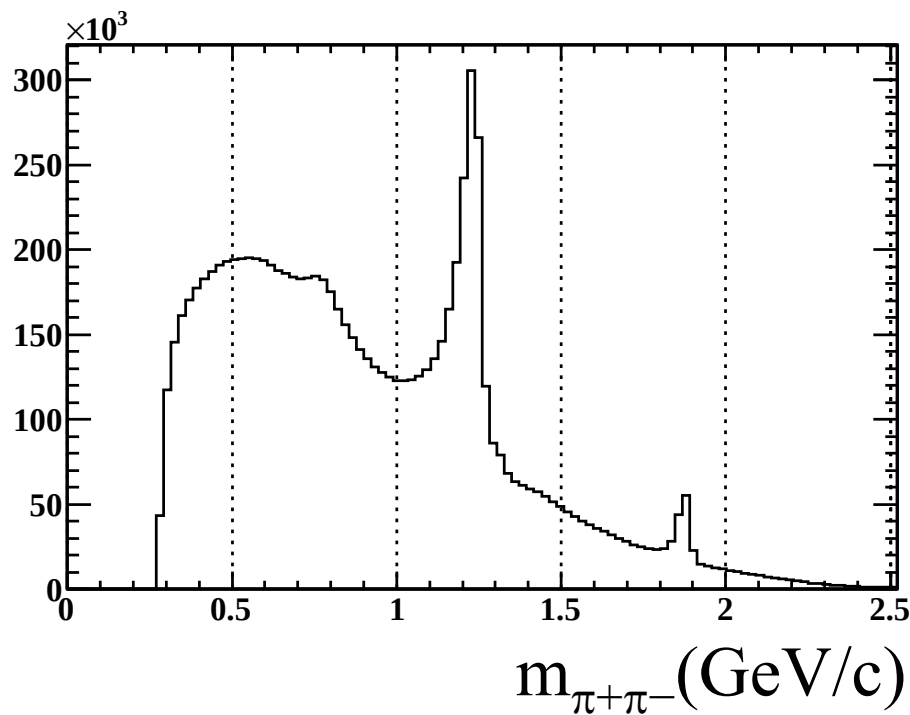
 π mass hypothesis



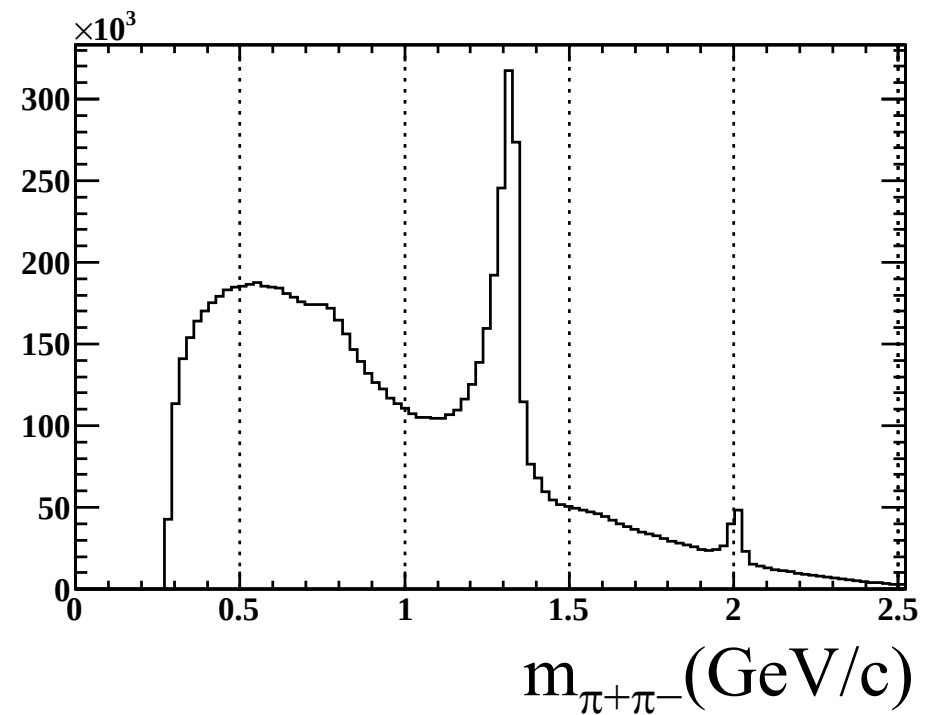
Background with DPM generator

DPM $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ π mass hypothesis

$$\sqrt{s} = 3.770 \text{ GeV}$$

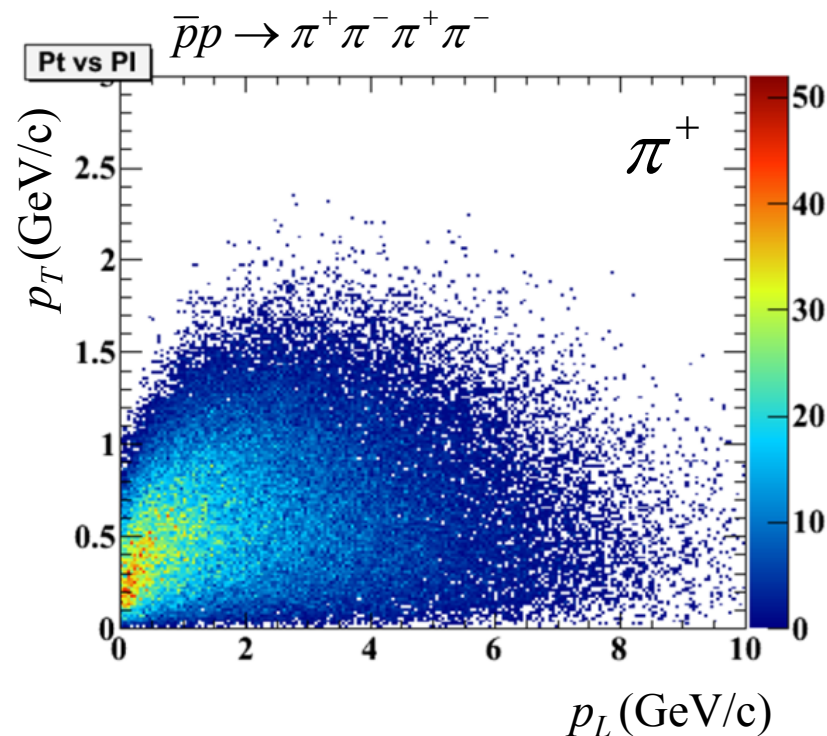
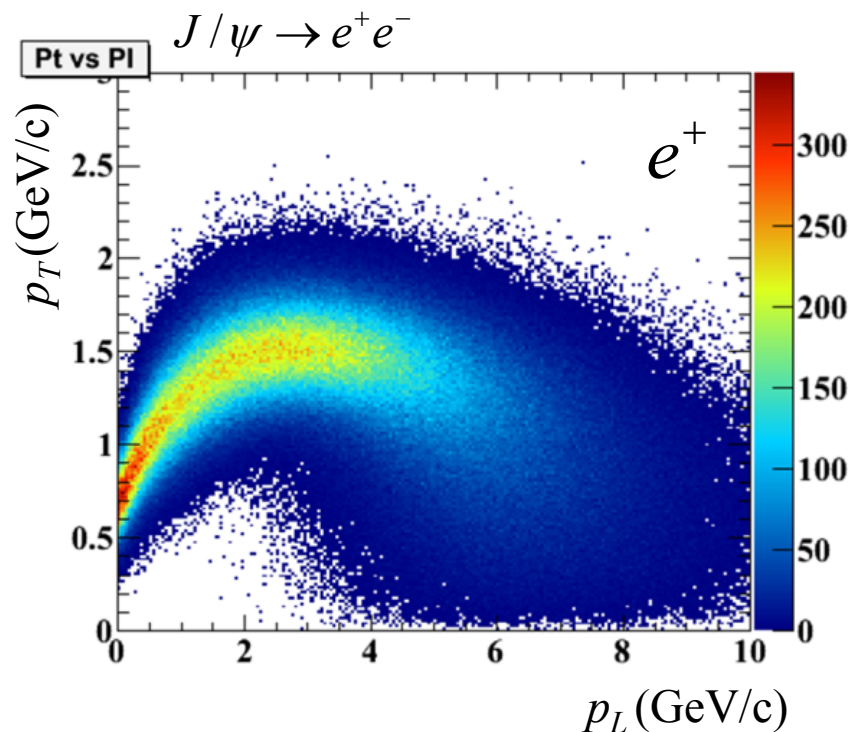


$$\sqrt{s} = 4.040 \text{ GeV}$$





J/ψ : cuts on p_T or opening angle will be necessary



D meson : much more difficult than J/ψ , the fraction of background is too large
 π - K separation from EMC is known to be not optimal (< 25%)
possible solution should be dE/dx from STT, MVD, and DIRC(?)