

EMMI + IReNA workshop 2022, GSI

Opacity of the highly ionized heavy elements and the effect on the early kilonova

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In collaboration with

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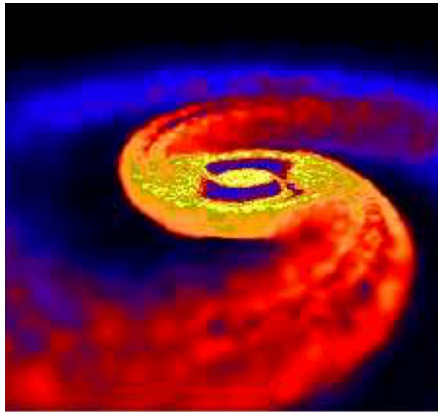
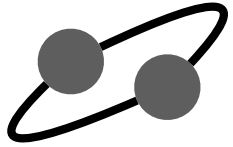
Banerjee, Tanaka, Kawaguchi, et al. 2020, ApJ, 901, 29

Banerjee, Tanaka, Kato, et al. 2022, ApJ, 934, 117

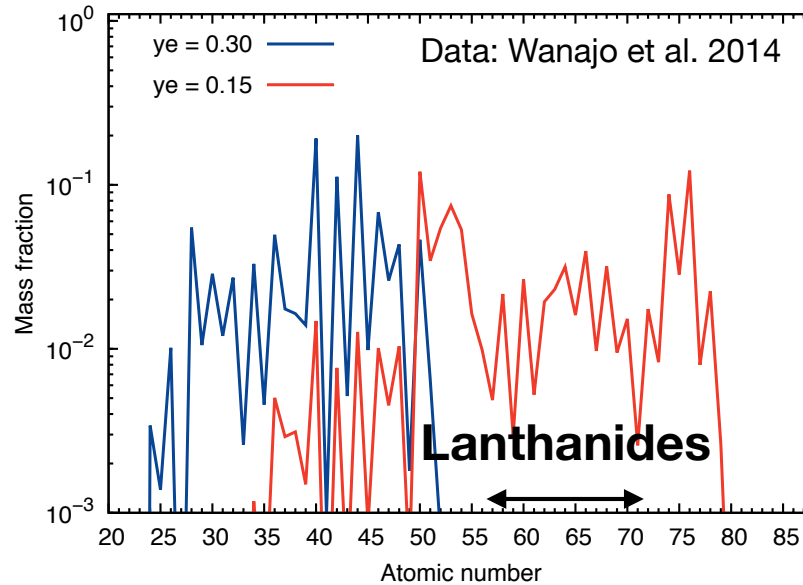


EMMI+IReNA Workshop "Remnants of neutron-star mergers – Connecting hydrodynamics models to nuclear, neutrino, and kilonova physics"

Mon 17/10 Tue 18/10 Wed 19/10 **Thu 20/10** All days



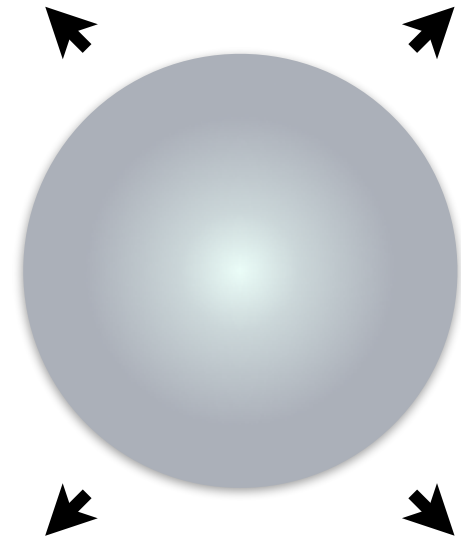
ms - s



r-process
nucleosynthesis

Mass ejection

days-weeks



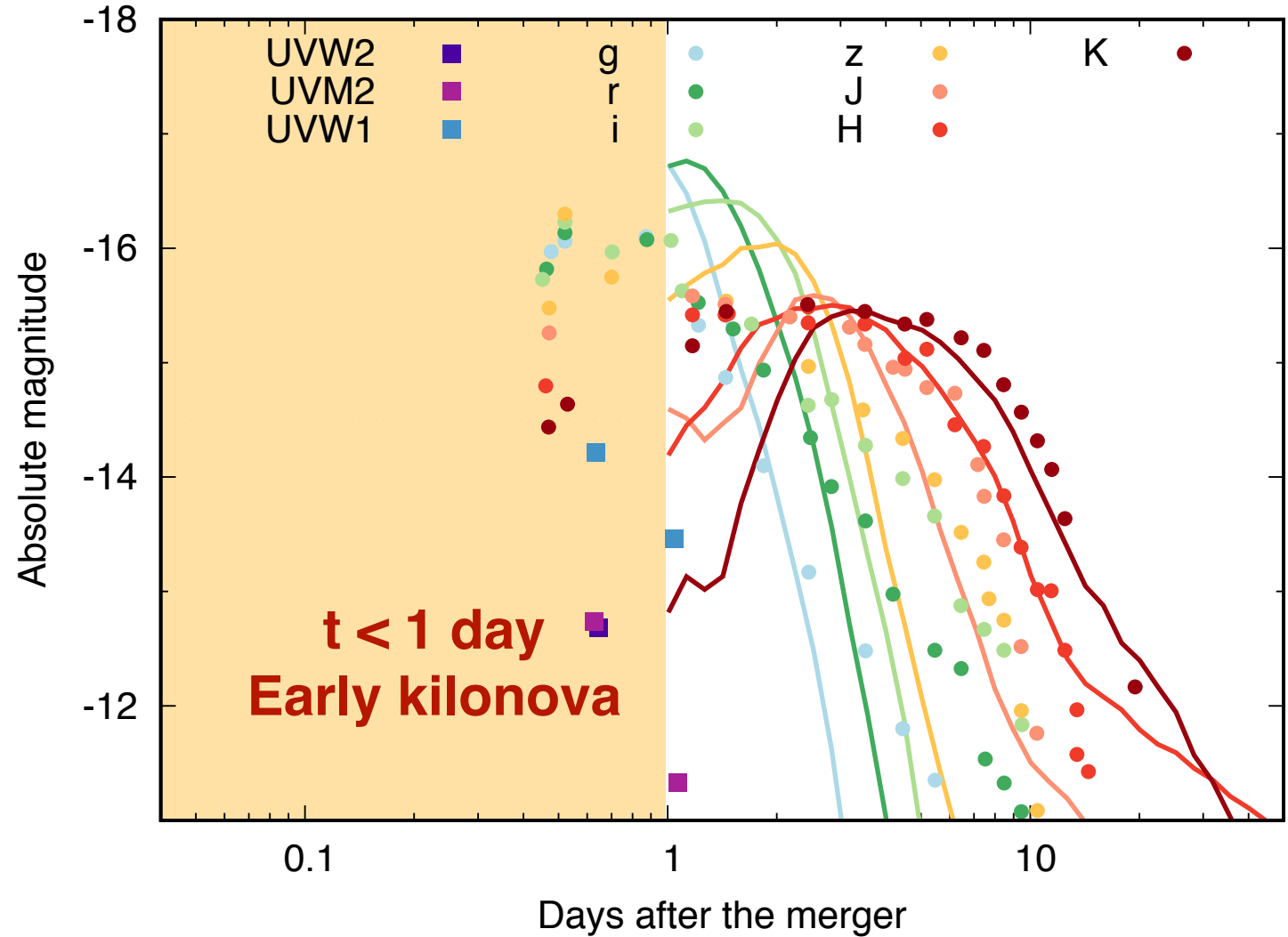
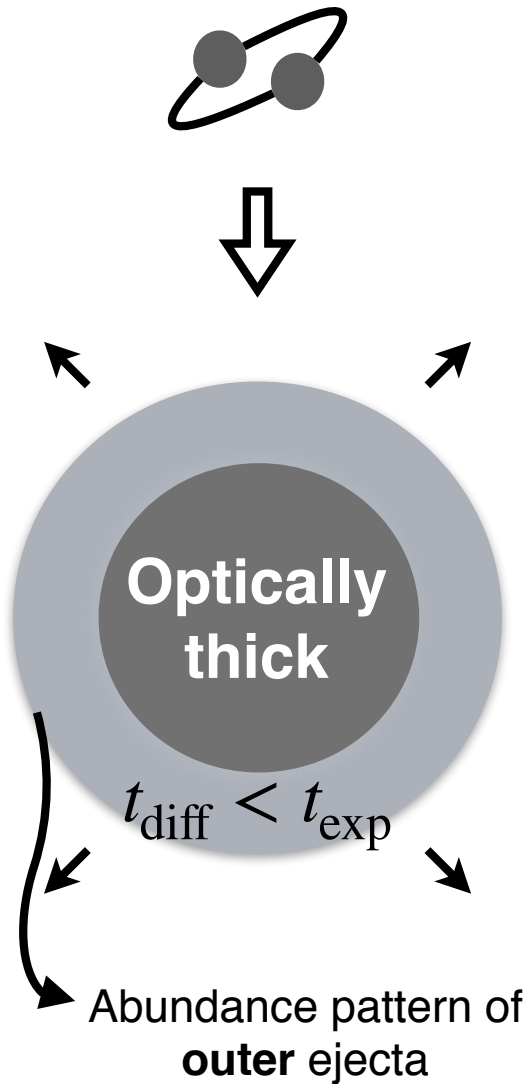
**Radioactive decay
of heavy elements
=> kilonova**

Li & Paczynski 1998; Kulkarni 2005; Metzger et al. 2010

e.g, Lattimer & Schramm 1974; Eichler et al. 1989; Freiburghaus et al. 1999; Rosswog et al. 1998, Hotokezaka et al 2013a; Radice et al 2016a, 2018b; Ciolfi et al 2017

Early kilonova

GW170817

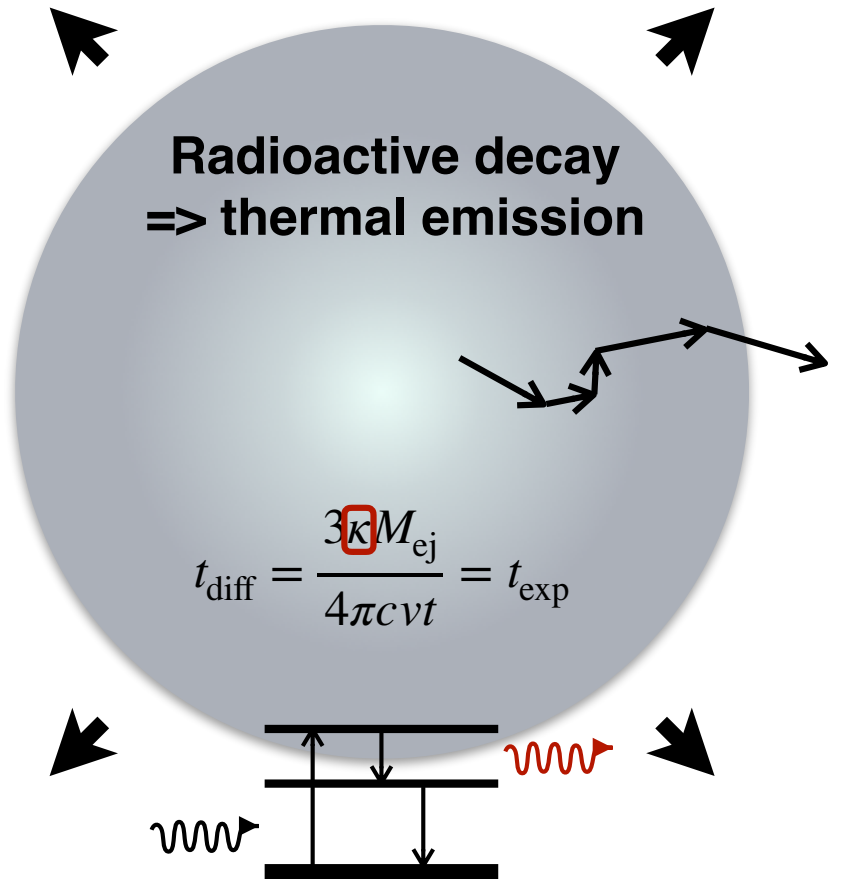


Coulter et al 2017; Soares-Santos et al 2017; Arcavi et al 2017a; Troja et al 2017; Kilpatrick et al 2017; Smartt et al 2017; Drout et al 2017; Evans et al 2017; Abbott et al 2017d; Utsumi et al 2017; Covino et al 2017

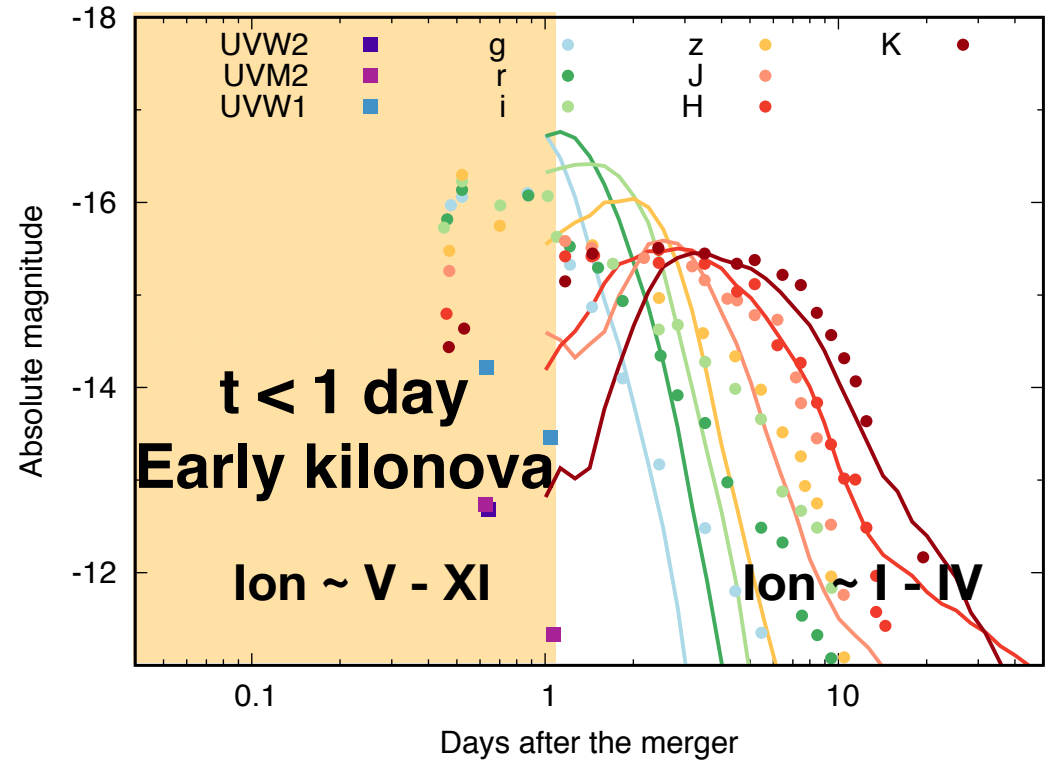
What do we need?

Realistic light curve model at early time

<= Detailed spectral type at early time?



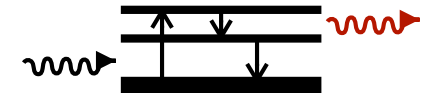
Bound-Bound
(most dominant)



Atomic data
(Highly ionized heavy elements)

Challenges in atomic calculation

Atomic energy levels and transition rates



NIST Atomic Spectra Database Levels Data

Spectra:

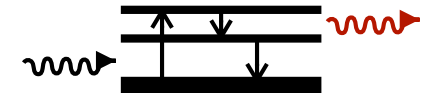
e.g., Fe I or Na or H-Ds I or Mg+ or Al³⁺ or mg iv,vi-VIII; S V-xii or Fe ne-like-S-like or Ne-Fe I-III or Ni-like or H-like-Ne-like

Default Values

Retrieve Data

Challenges in atomic calculation

Atomic energy levels and transition rates



NIST Atomic Spectra Database Levels Data

Eu VI 2 Levels Found

Z = 63, Ce isoelectronic sequence

Primary data source	Query NIST Bibliographic Database for Eu VI (new window)
	Literature on Eu VI Energy Levels

Configuration	Term	J	Level (cm ⁻¹)	Uncertainty (cm ⁻¹)	Reference
4f ⁵ 5s ² 5p ⁵			0	10	L582
Eu VII (4f ⁵ 5s ² 5p ⁴ °)	Limit	---	(714 000)	36 000	L582

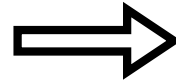
Also problem for
t > 1 day

Kasen et al. 2013; Tanaka & Hotokezaka 2013; Fontes et al. 2017, 2020; Wollaeger et al. 2017; Tanaka et al. 2018, 2020

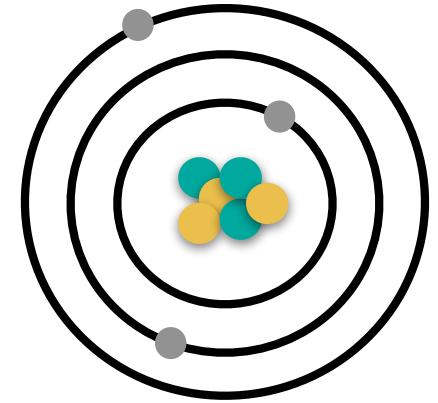
However,

Challenges in atomic calculation

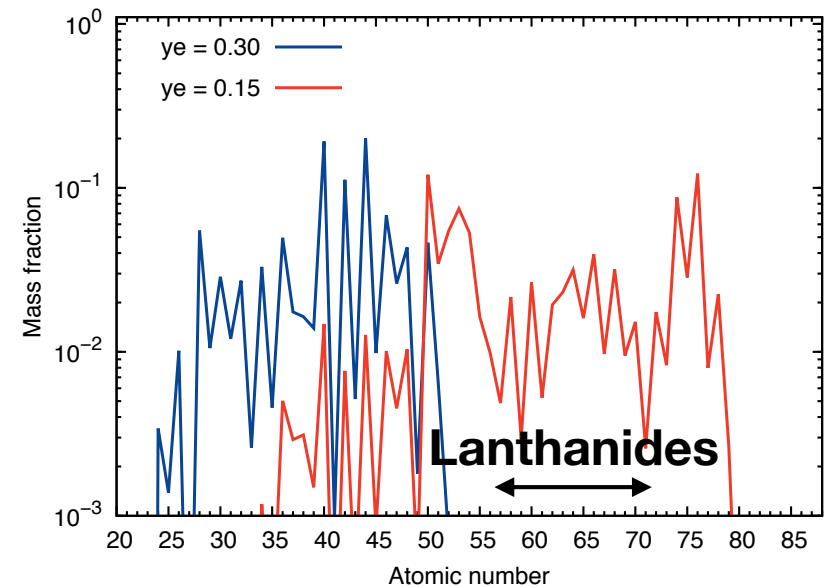
~~Ground configurations~~



Theoretical atomic calculations



Sp. Name.	Ground Shells ^a	Ground Level
Eu I	[Xe]4f ⁷ 6s ²	8S ^o 7/2
Eu II	[Xe]4f ⁷ 6s	9S ^o 4
Eu III	[Xe]4f ⁷	8S ^o 7/2
Eu IV	[Xe]4f ⁶	7F ₀
Eu V	[Xe]4f ⁵	6H ^o 5/2
Eu VI	[Cd]4f ⁵ 5p ⁵	
Eu VII	[Cd]4f ⁵ 5p ⁴	o
Eu VIII	[Cd]4f ⁵ 5p ³	
Eu IX	[Cd]4f ⁵ 5p ²	o
Eu X	[Cd]4f ⁵ 5p	
Eu XI	[Cd]4f ⁵	o



Early kilonova ($t < 1$ day)



Opacity calculation

All r-process ($Z = 20 - 88$), ion up to = XI



Atomic calculation

- Atomic energy levels and transition rates?
- **Ground configurations?**

Energy level

Code: HULLAC (Hebrew University Lawrence Livermore Atomic Code)

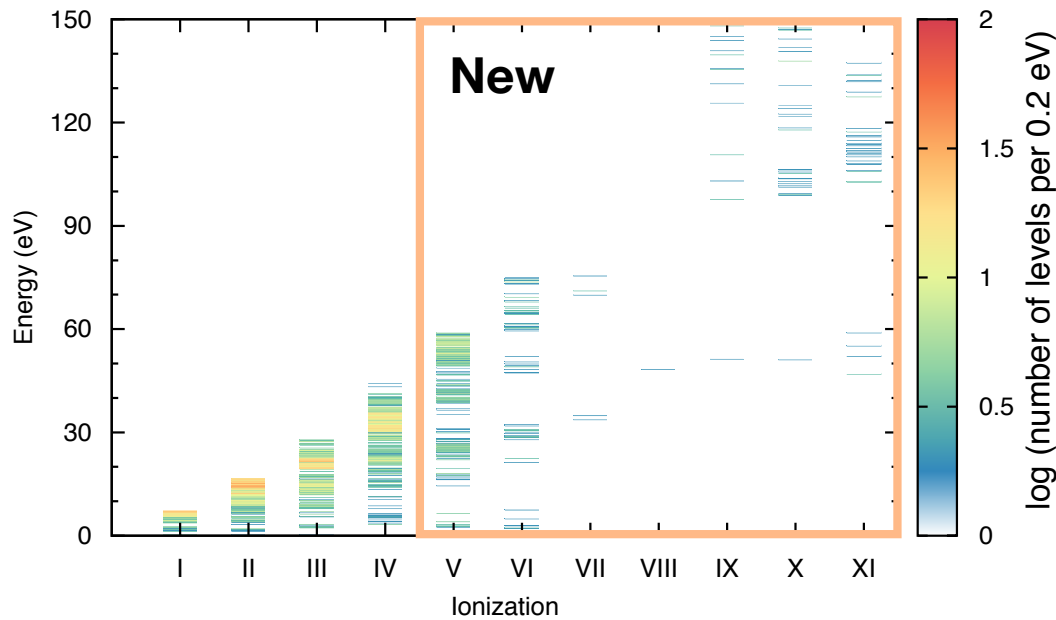
Bar-Shalom et al. 2001

We developed a methodology to systematically find the ground states



Non-lanthanide
Ru (Z = 44)

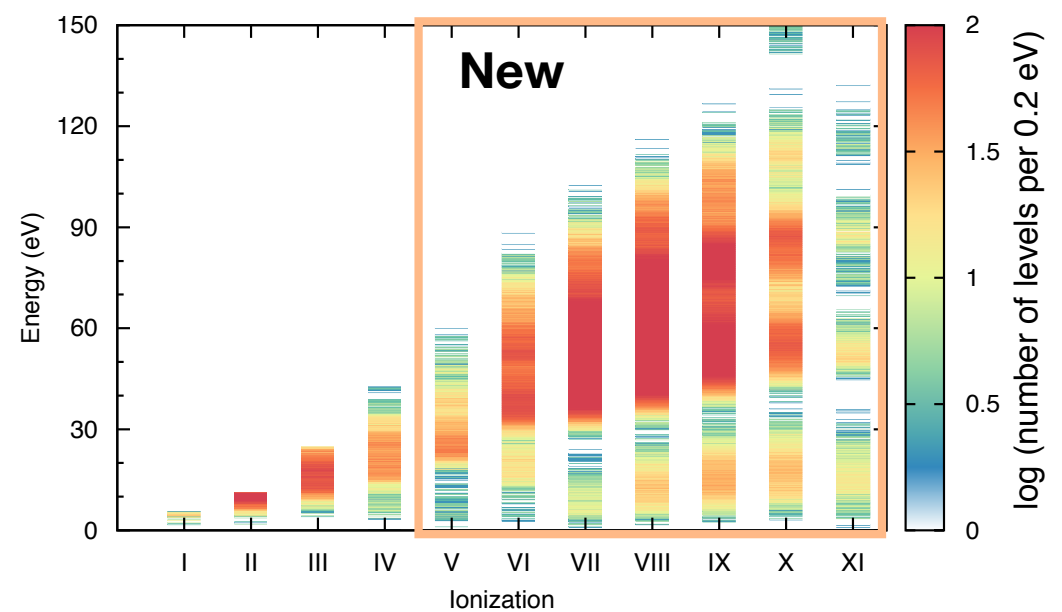
Open d-shell



Temperature

Lanthanide
Eu (Z = 63)

Open f-shell +
open p-shell

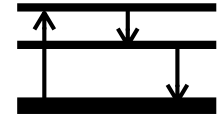
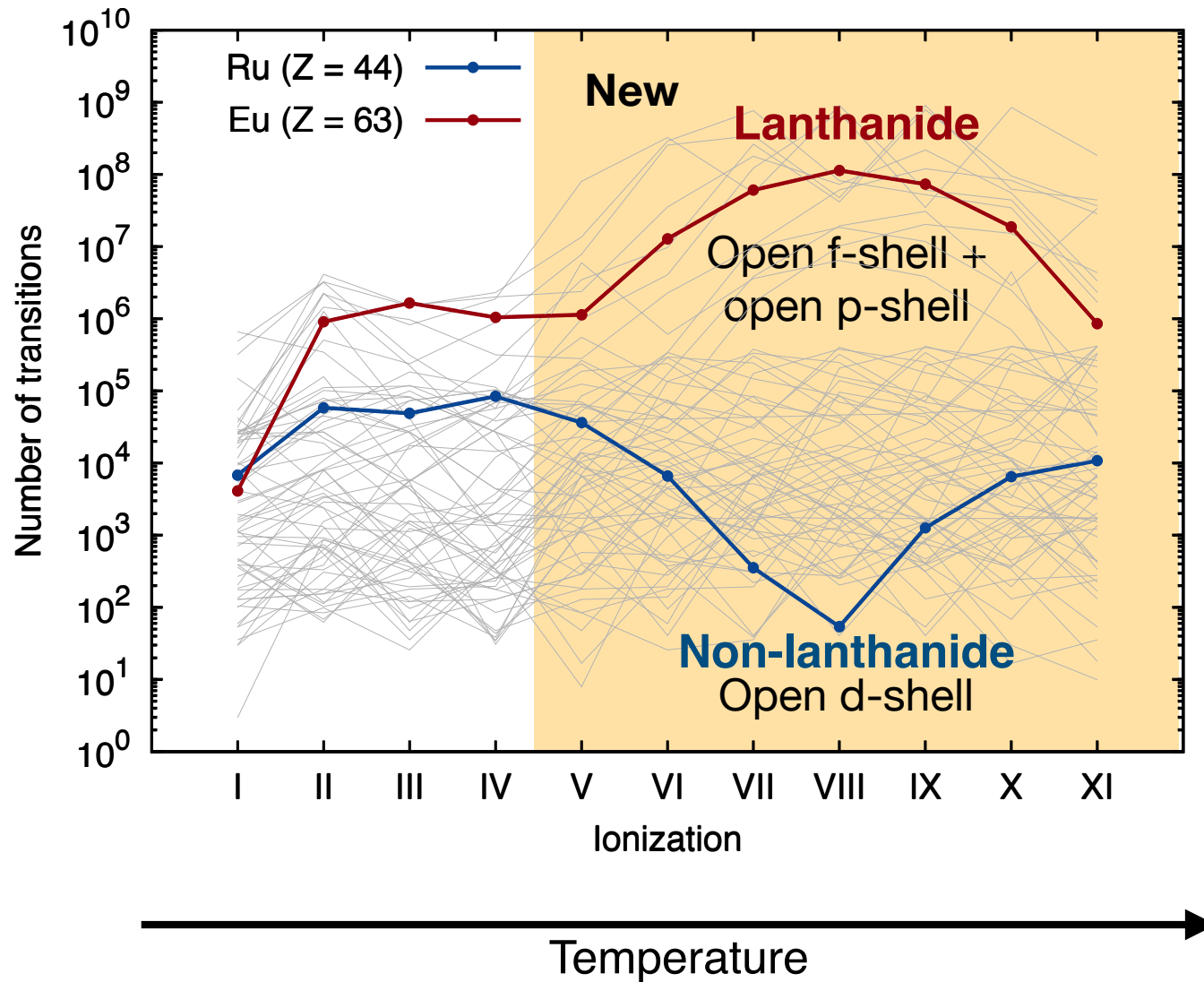


Temperature

Transitions

All r-process elements including Lanthanides ($Z = 20 - 88$),
maximum ionization = XI (10th)

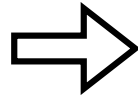
=> suitable for ejecta condition at $t \sim 0.1$ day



Early opacity

Atomic data

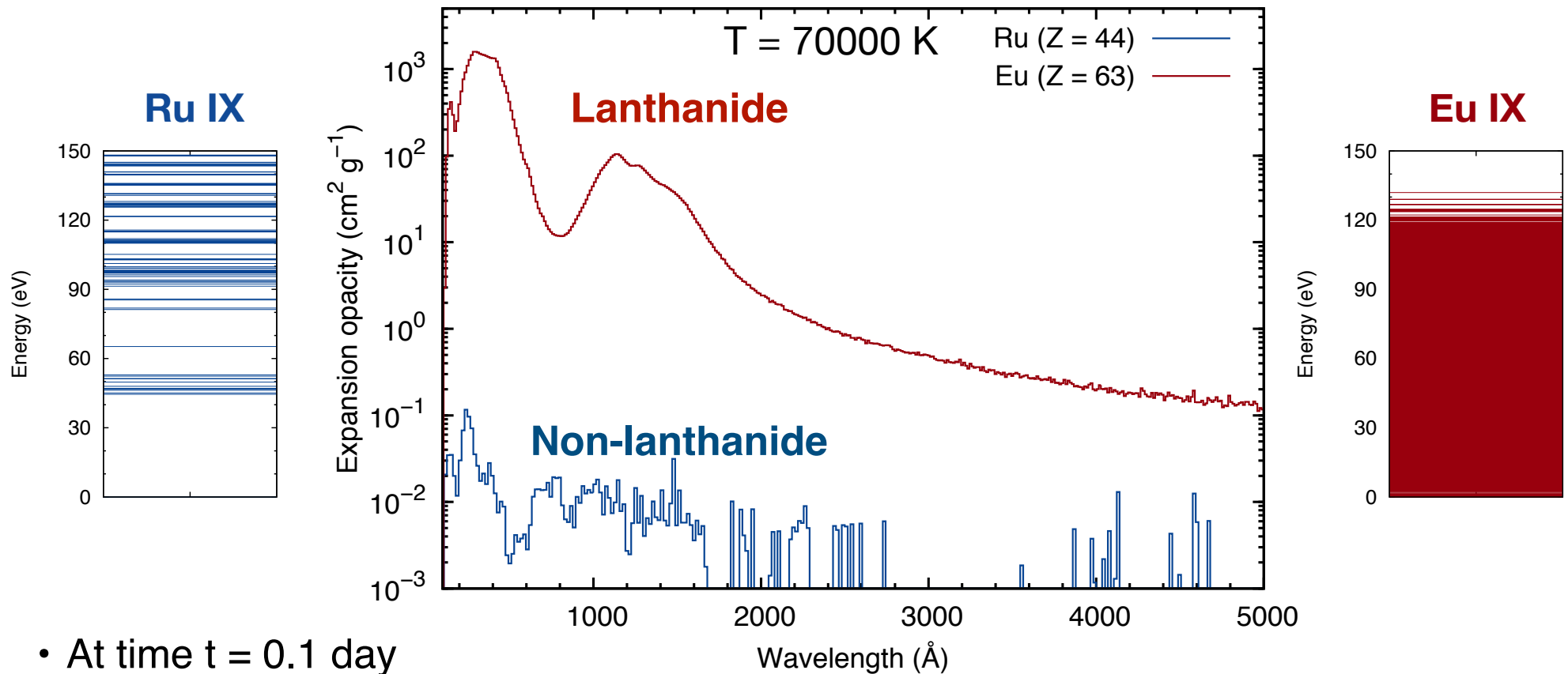
- Energy levels
- Transitions



Expansion opacity

$$\kappa_{\text{exp}}(\lambda)$$

Sobolev 1960; Karp et al. 1977;
Eastmann and Pinto 1993

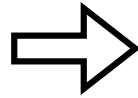


- At time $t = 0.1$ day
- Single element ejecta,
- Constant density $10^{-10} \text{ g cm}^{-3}$

Early opacity

Atomic data

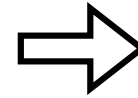
- Energy levels
- Transitions



Expansion opacity

$$\kappa_{\text{exp}}(\lambda)$$

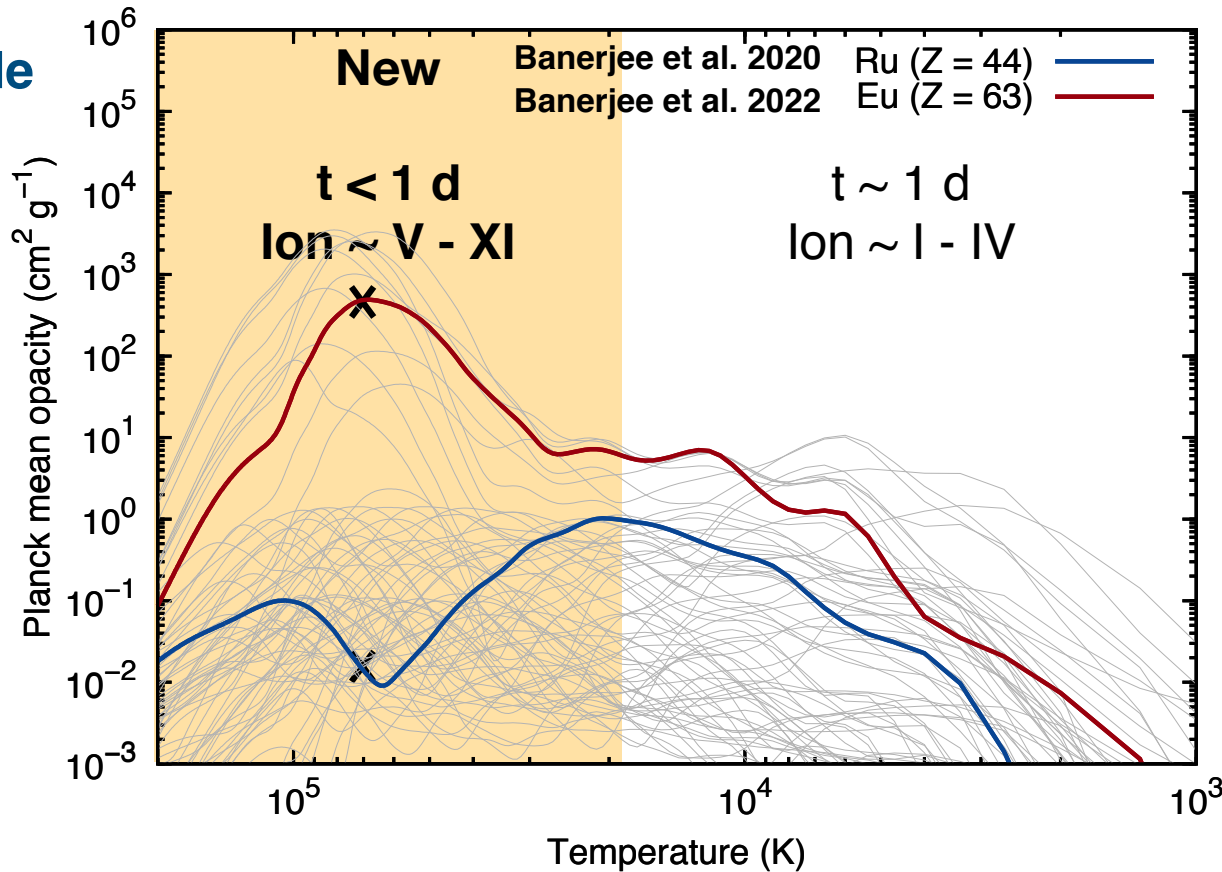
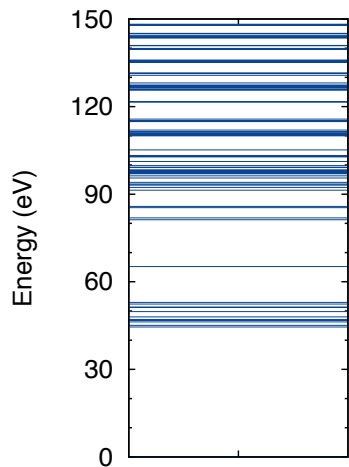
Sobolev 1960; Karp et al. 1977;
Eastmann and Pinto 1993



$$\kappa_{\text{mean}} = \frac{\int_0^\infty \kappa_{\text{exp}}(\lambda) B_\lambda(T) d\lambda}{\int_0^\infty B_\lambda(T) d\lambda}$$

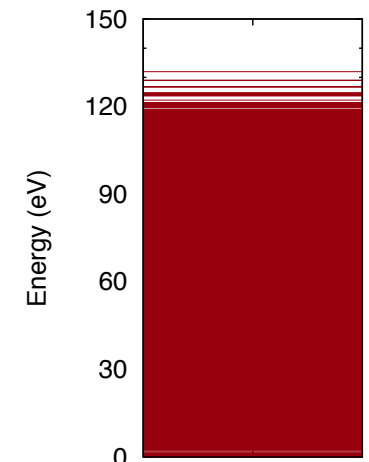
Non-lanthanide

Ru IX



Lanthanide

Eu IX

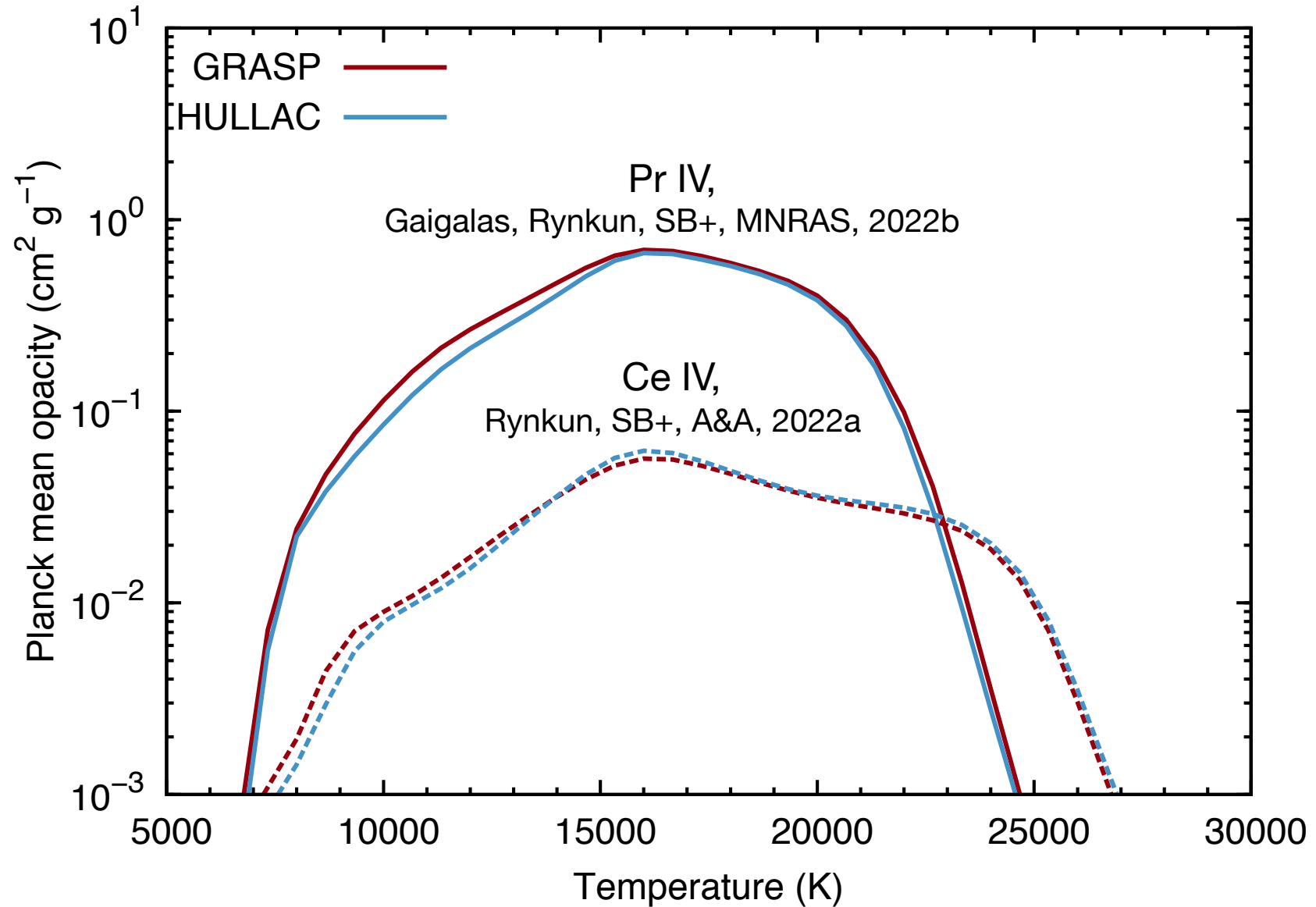


Time →

This work provides the foundation to assess
kilonova in early time

Uncertainties

Calculations between different atomic calculations matches well



Early kilonova ($t < 1$ day)



Opacity calculation



All r-process ($Z = 20 - 88$), ion up to = XI



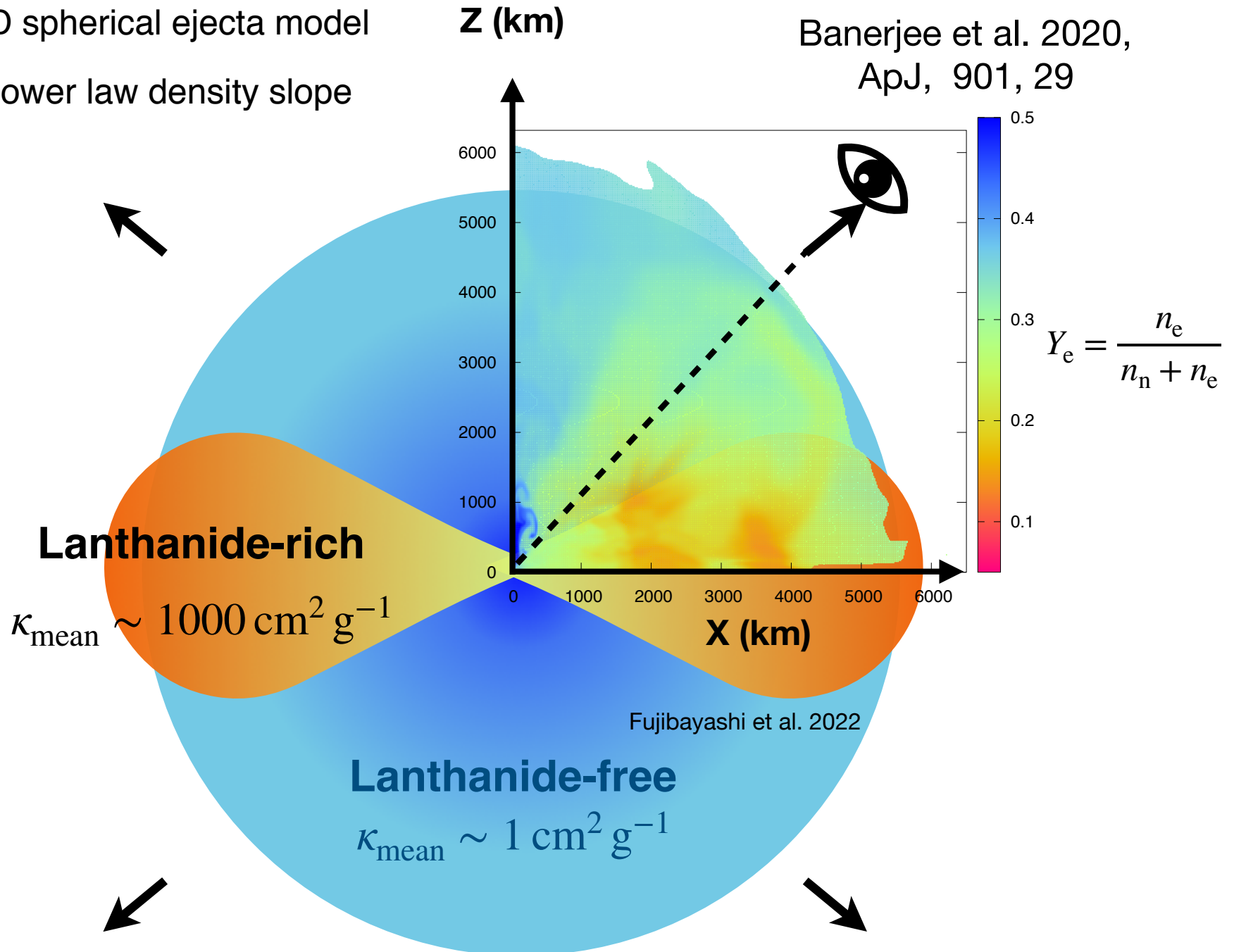
Atomic calculation



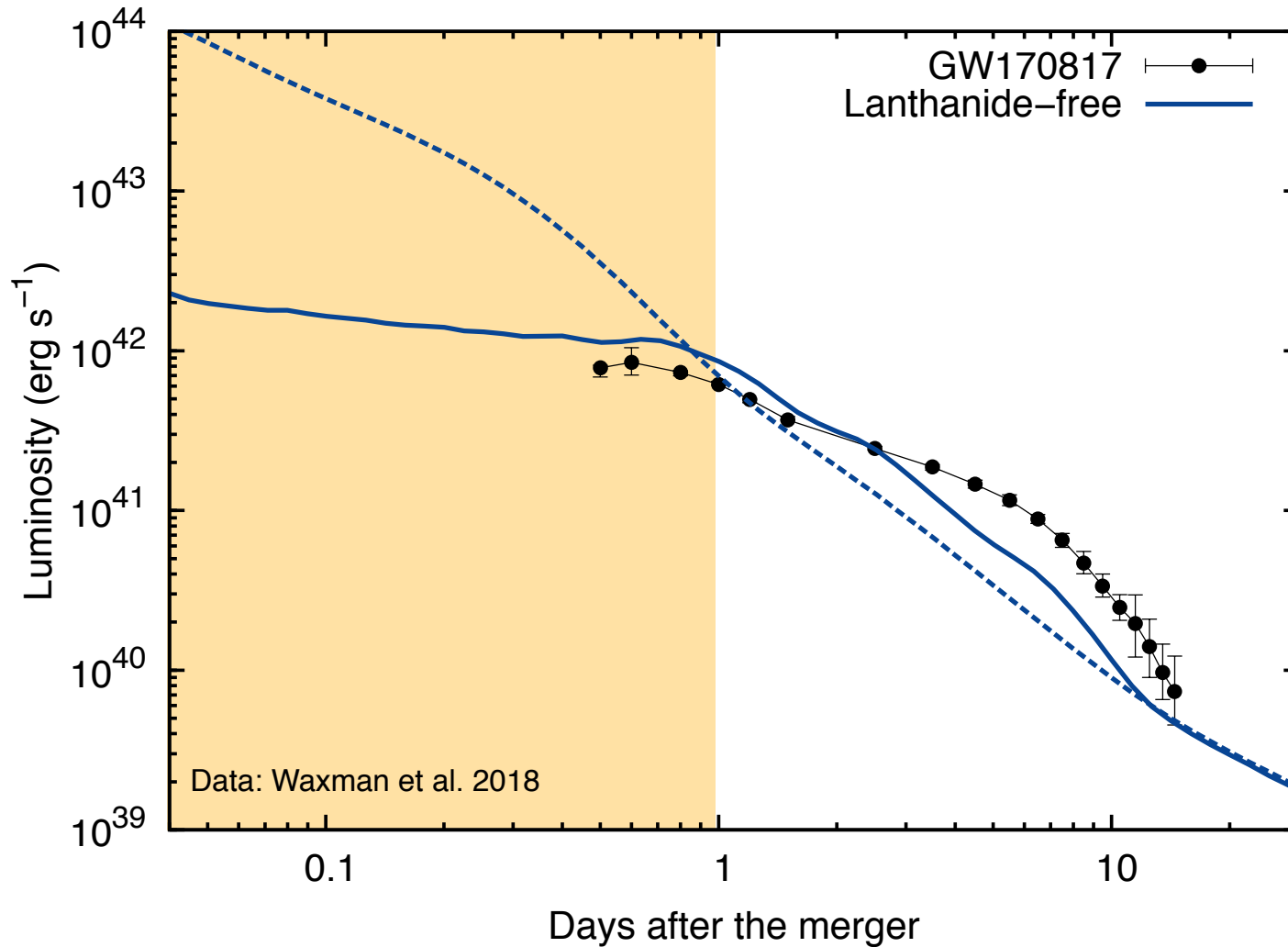
- Atomic energy levels and transition rates?
- **Ground configurations?**

Model

- 1D spherical ejecta model
- Power law density slope



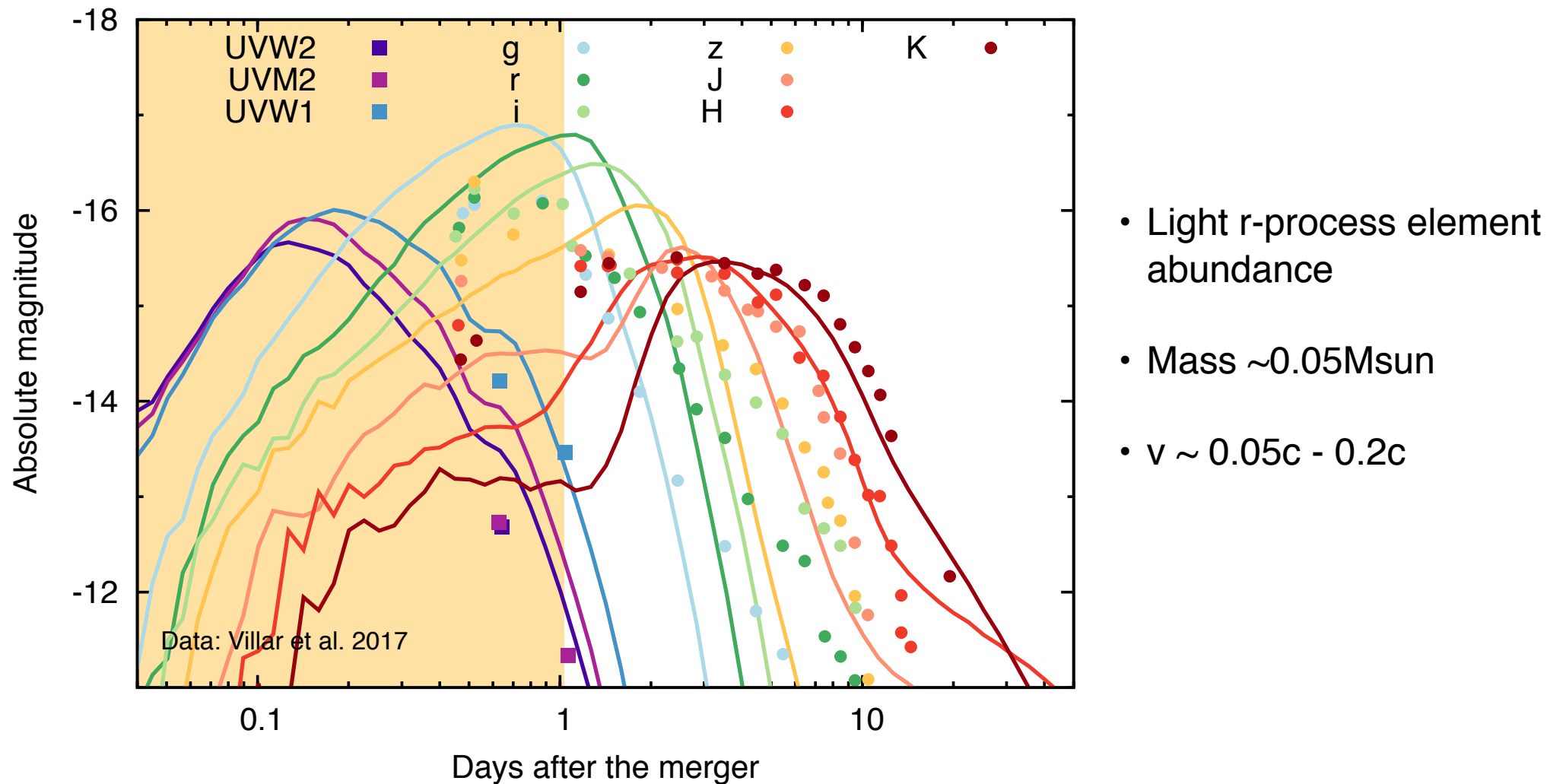
Lanthanide-free kilonova



- Light r-process element abundance
- Mass $\sim 0.05 M_{\text{sun}}$
- $v \sim 0.05c - 0.2c$

Radioactive model can reproduce early light curve for kilonova with GW170817

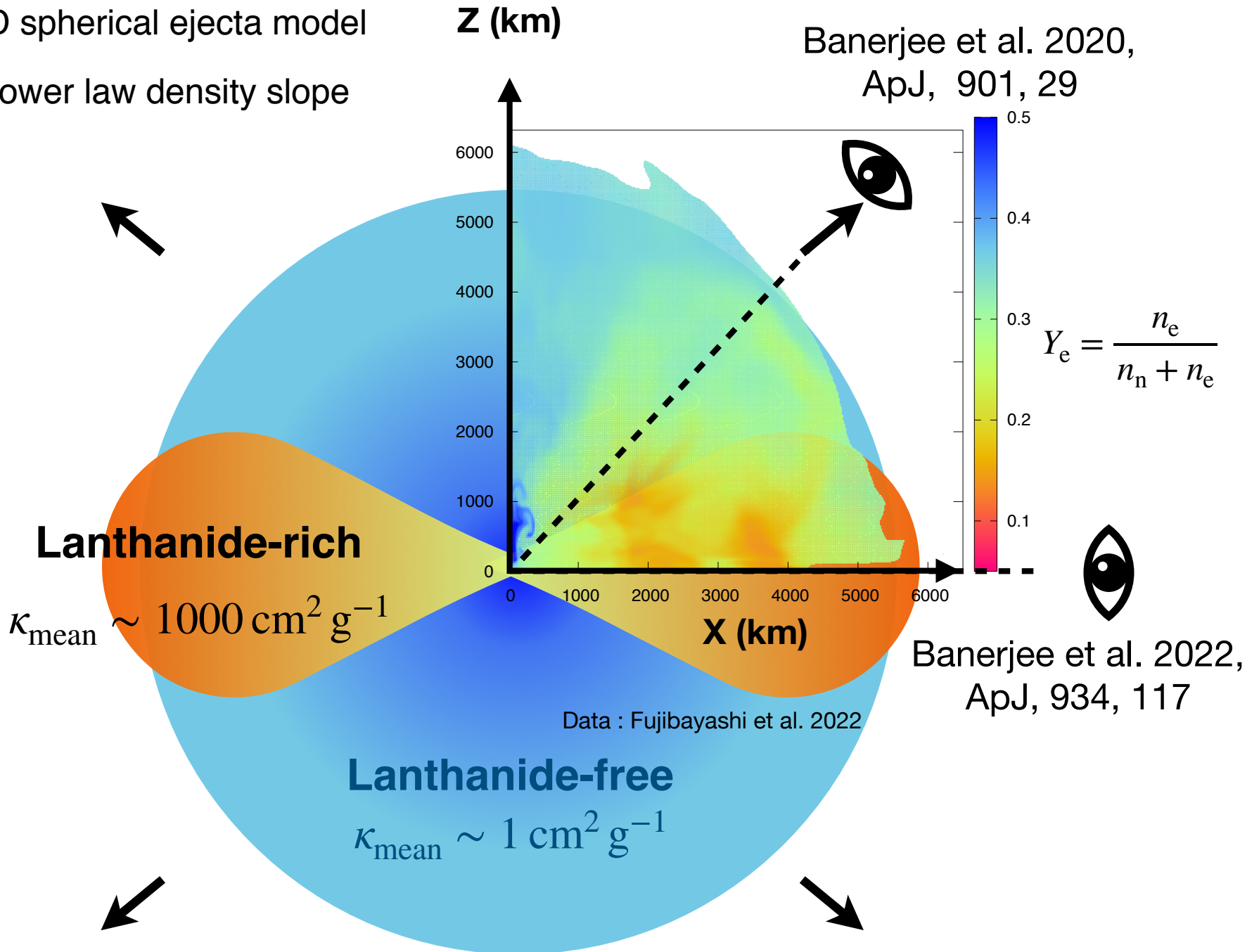
Application to GW170817



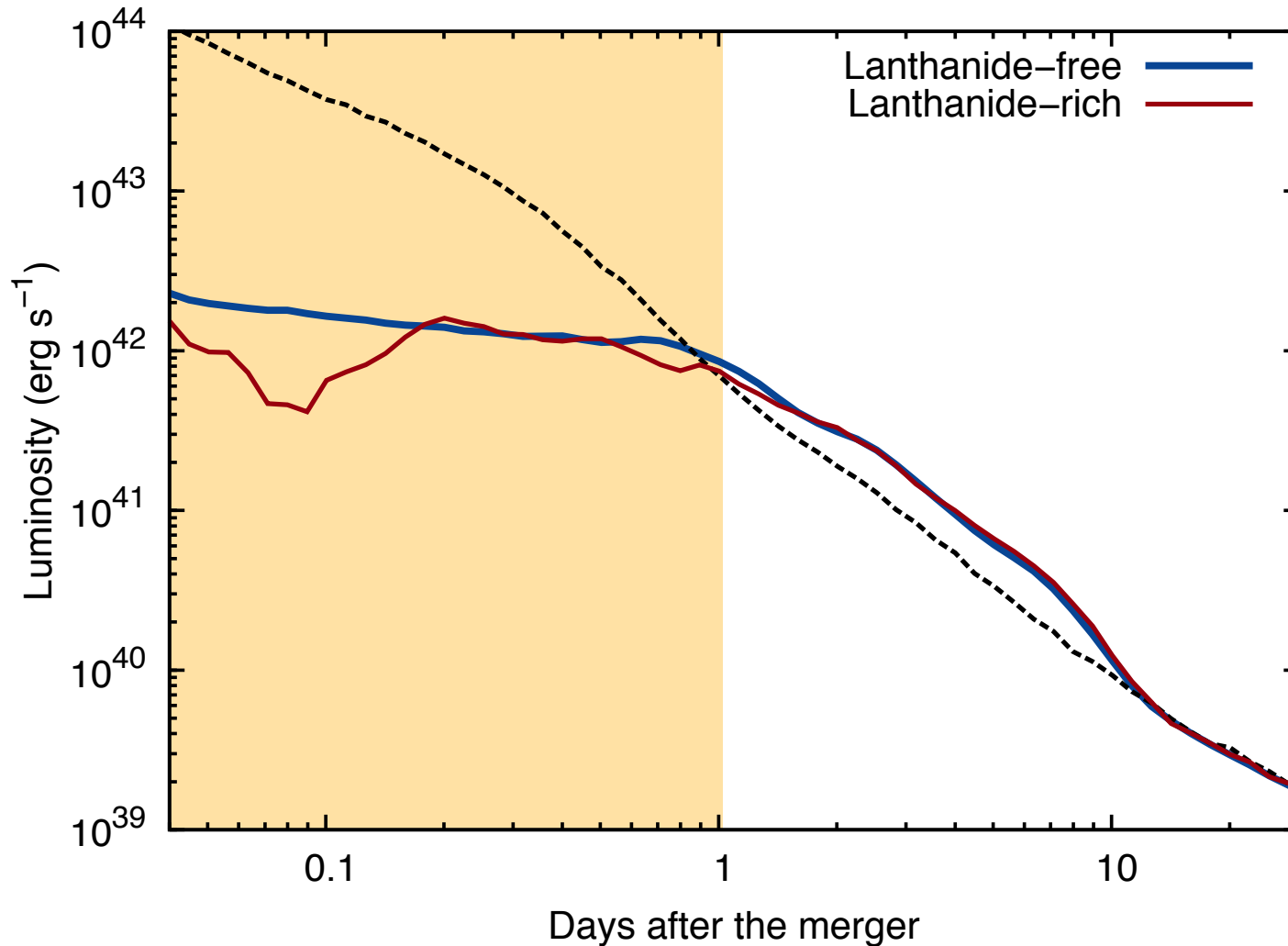
Radioactive model can reproduce early light curve for kilonova with GW170817

Model

- 1D spherical ejecta model
- Power law density slope



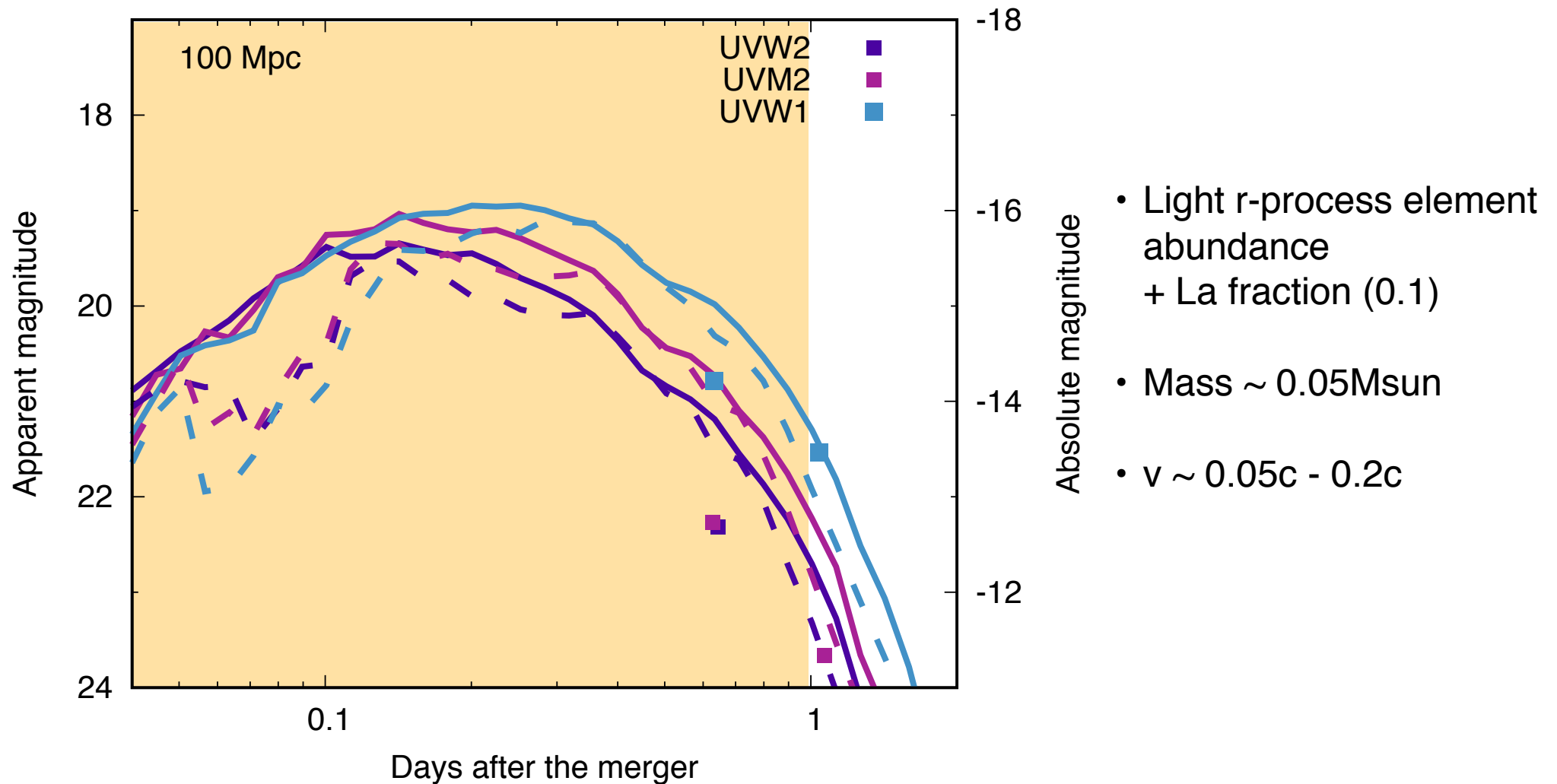
Lanthanide-rich kilonova



- Light r-process element abundance + La fraction (0.1)
- Mass $\sim 0.05 M_{\text{sun}}$
- $v \sim 0.05c - 0.2c$

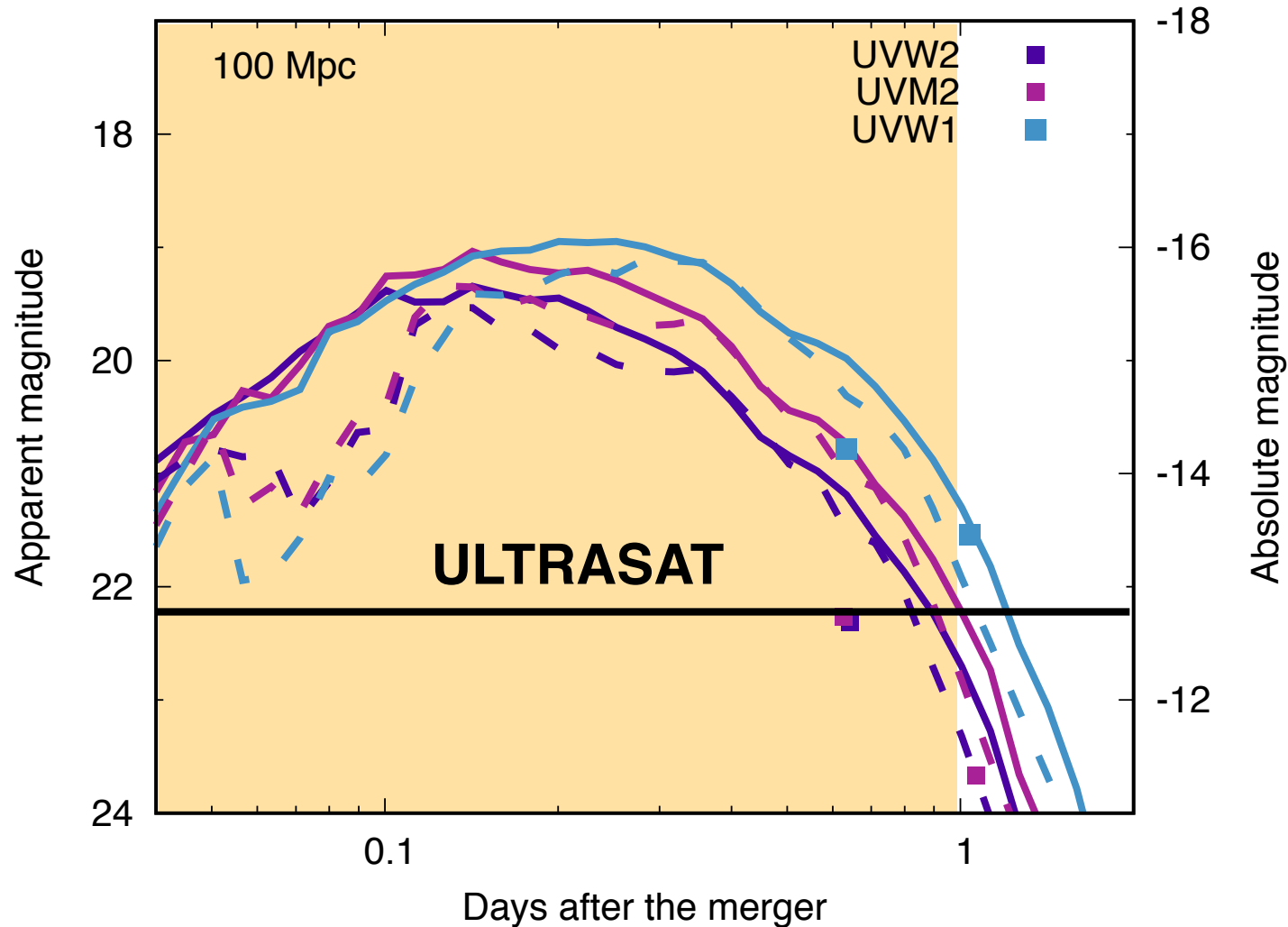
**Presence of lanthanides
=> Dimmer equatorial kilonova at first few (~ 4) hours**

Lanthanide-rich kilonova



**Presence of lanthanides
=> Dimmer equatorial kilonova at first few (~ 4) hours**

Future prospects



Mission	5σ (AB)
<i>Dorado</i>	20.5 (10 min. exp.)
ULTRASAT	22.3 (15 min. exp.)
UVEX	25 (15 min. exp.)

Dorsman et al. 2022

Multiple upcoming UV missions: ULTRASAT, Dorado, UVEX

Our model predicts detectable early bright UV emission

Early kilonova ($t < 1$ day)



Opacity calculation



All r-process ($Z = 20 - 88$), ion up to = XI



Atomic calculation



- Atomic energy levels and transition rates?
- **Ground configurations?**

Summary

First systematic atomic opacity suitable for early time

- For all r-process elements including lanthanides ($Z = 20 - 88$) for ionization up to 10^{th}
- Lanthanide opacity is order of magnitude high

First radiative transfer simulation with detailed opacity

(1) light r-process abundance \Rightarrow equivalent to polar kilonova

- Explains kilonova observation of GW170817

(2) lanthanide abundance \Rightarrow equivalent to equatorial kilonova

- Strong suppression of luminosity in early time

Predicts bright UV emission detectable by future UV satellites

This work provides the foundation to assess early kilonova from future observations