

Progress report on Laser Resonance Chromatography (LRC)

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M. Laatiaoui

TASCA 2022

May 12, 2022

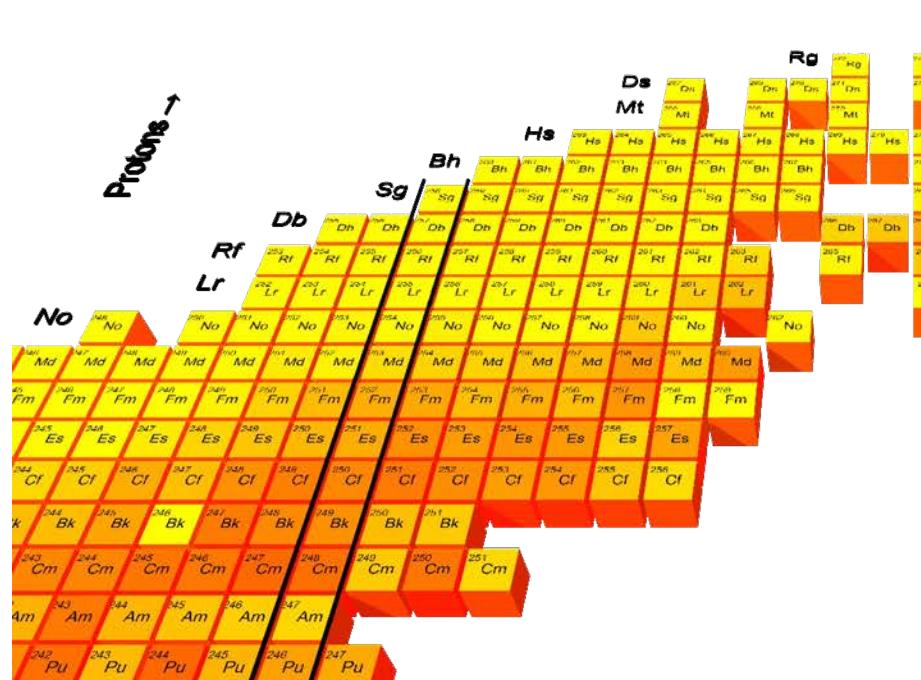


JOHANNES GUTENBERG
UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ



MOTIVATION

Protons ↑



Neutrons →

- Atomic physics/chemistry:
 - Relativistic effects
(by studying optical transitions & ionization potentials)

- Nuclear physics (via HFS):

- Spins

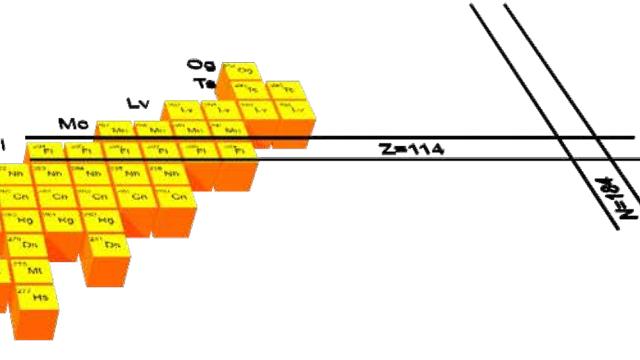
$$F = I + J$$

- Moments

$$A = \mu \frac{B_e(0)}{IJ}; \quad B = eQ_s \left\langle \frac{\delta^2 V}{\delta z^2} \right\rangle$$

- Charge radii

$$\delta \langle r^2 \rangle^{AA'} = \left(\Delta \nu^{AA'} - \frac{A - A'}{AA'} M \right) \frac{1}{F}$$



REQUIREMENTS FOR TECHNIQUES

Speed



Fast detection between the production and the start of the measurement

Selectivity



Good separation between the specific element over the background

Sensitivity



Needs to overcome single atom production

Efficiency



Continuously operating system without cycle losses

Detection

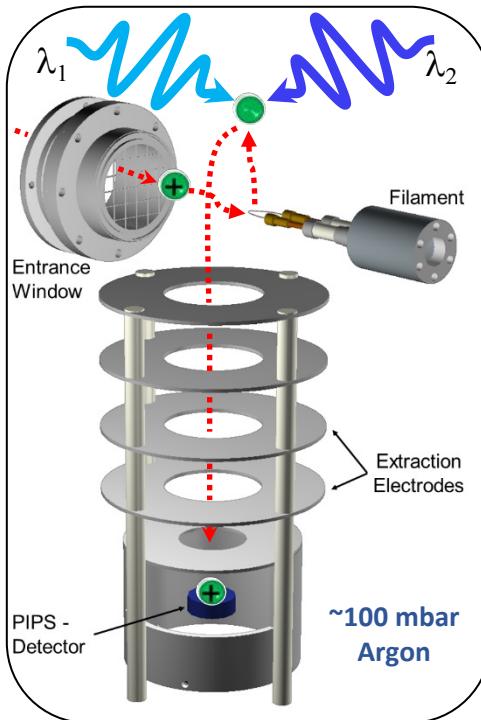


Suitable for nuclear decay signature, event-by-event recording of the data.

IN-GAS-CELL LASER IONIZATION RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY

RADRIS

Radiation-Detected Resonance Ionization Spectroscopy



M. Laatiaoui et al.,
Nature **538** (2016) 495

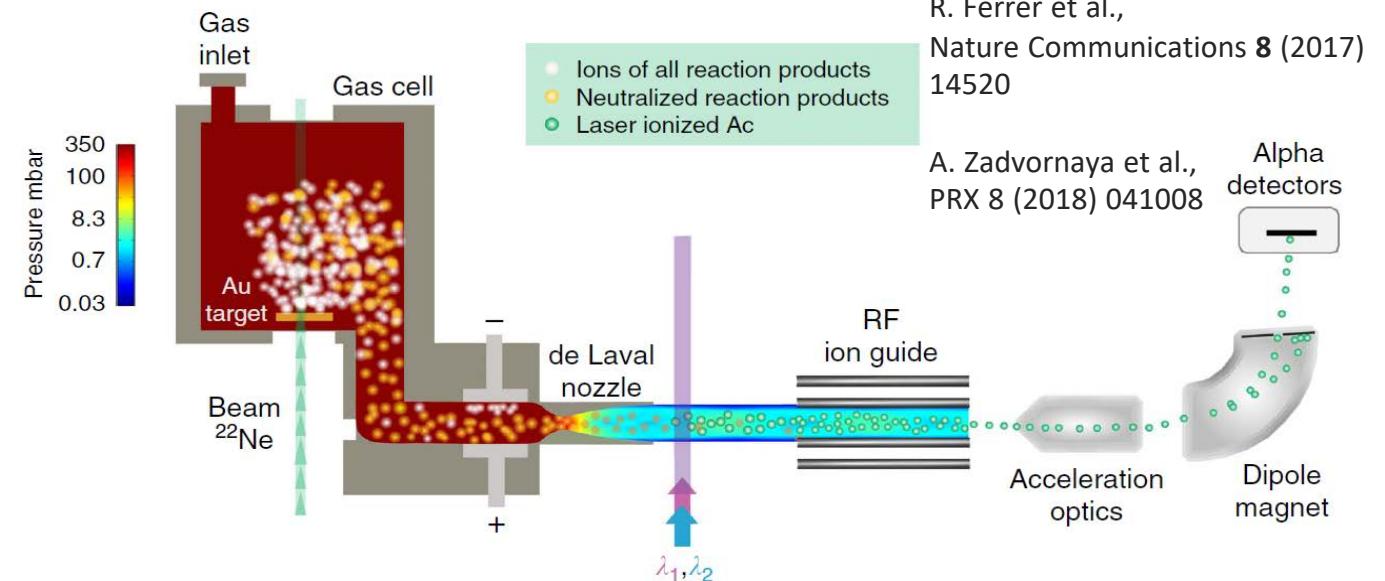
P. Chhetri et al.,
PRL **120** (2018) 263003

S. Raeder et al.,
PRL **120** (2018) 232503

M. Block et al.,
Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys.
DOI:10.1016/j.ppnp.2020.
103834

T. Kieck talk from Tuesday

In-jet Laser Spectroscopy



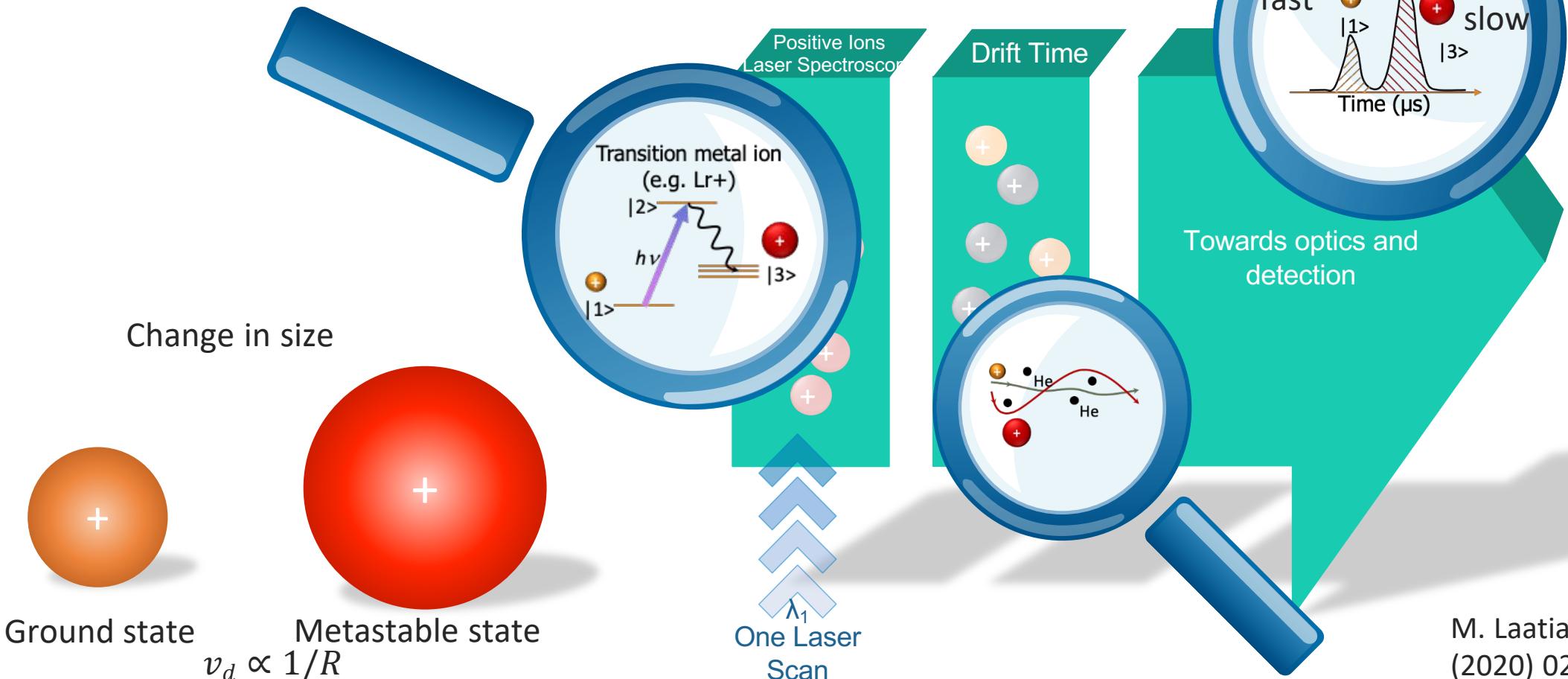
R. Ferrer et al.,
Nature Communications **8** (2017)
14520

A. Zadvornaya et al.,
PRX **8** (2018) 041008

Towards SHE challenges:

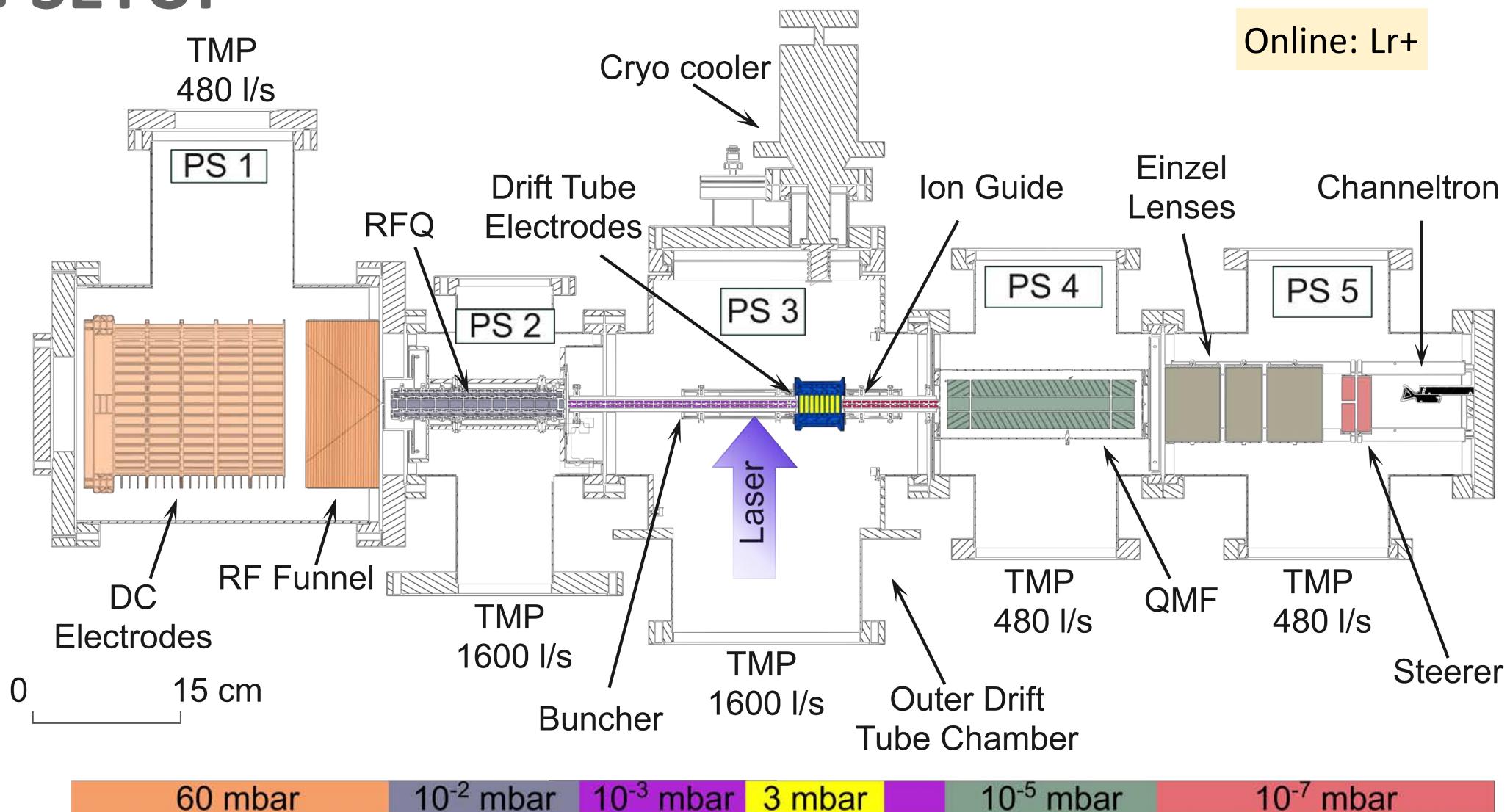
- desorption of neutral atoms
- fast neutralization of stopped ions

LASER RESONANCE CHROMATOGRAPHY CONCEPT



M. Laatiaoui et al., PRL 125
(2020) 023002

LRC SETUP





Stopping cell
P Section 1

RFQ
P Section 2

Drift chamber
P section 3

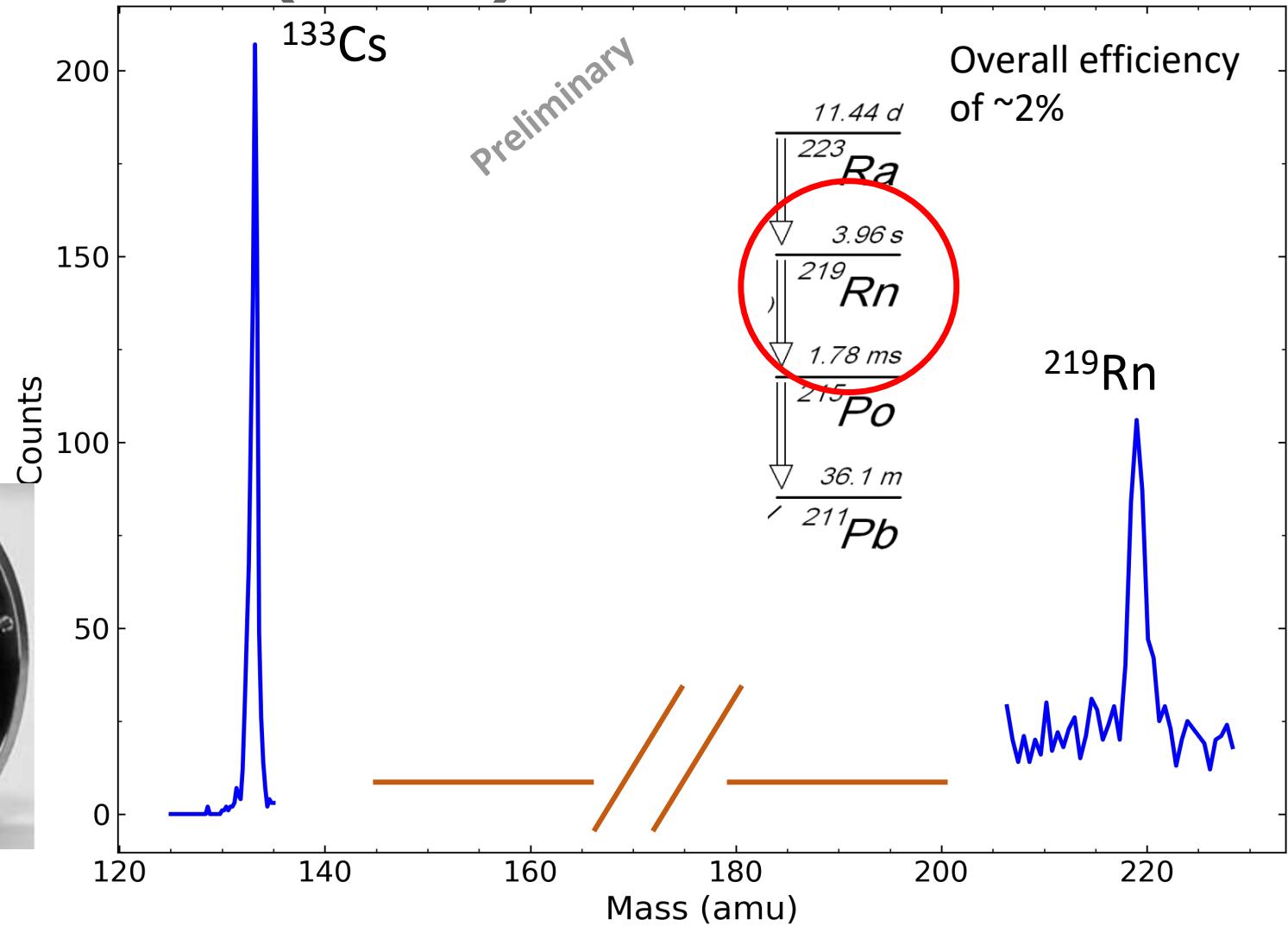
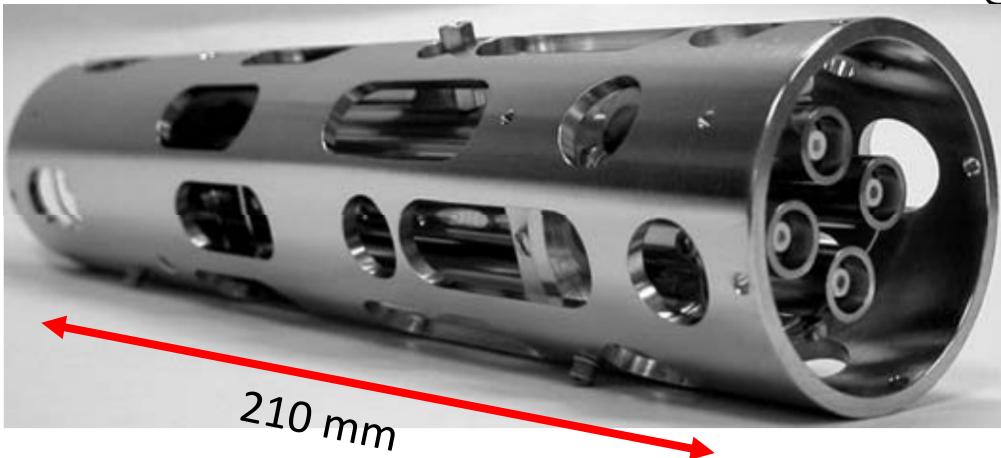
QMS
P section 4

Detector chamber
P section 5

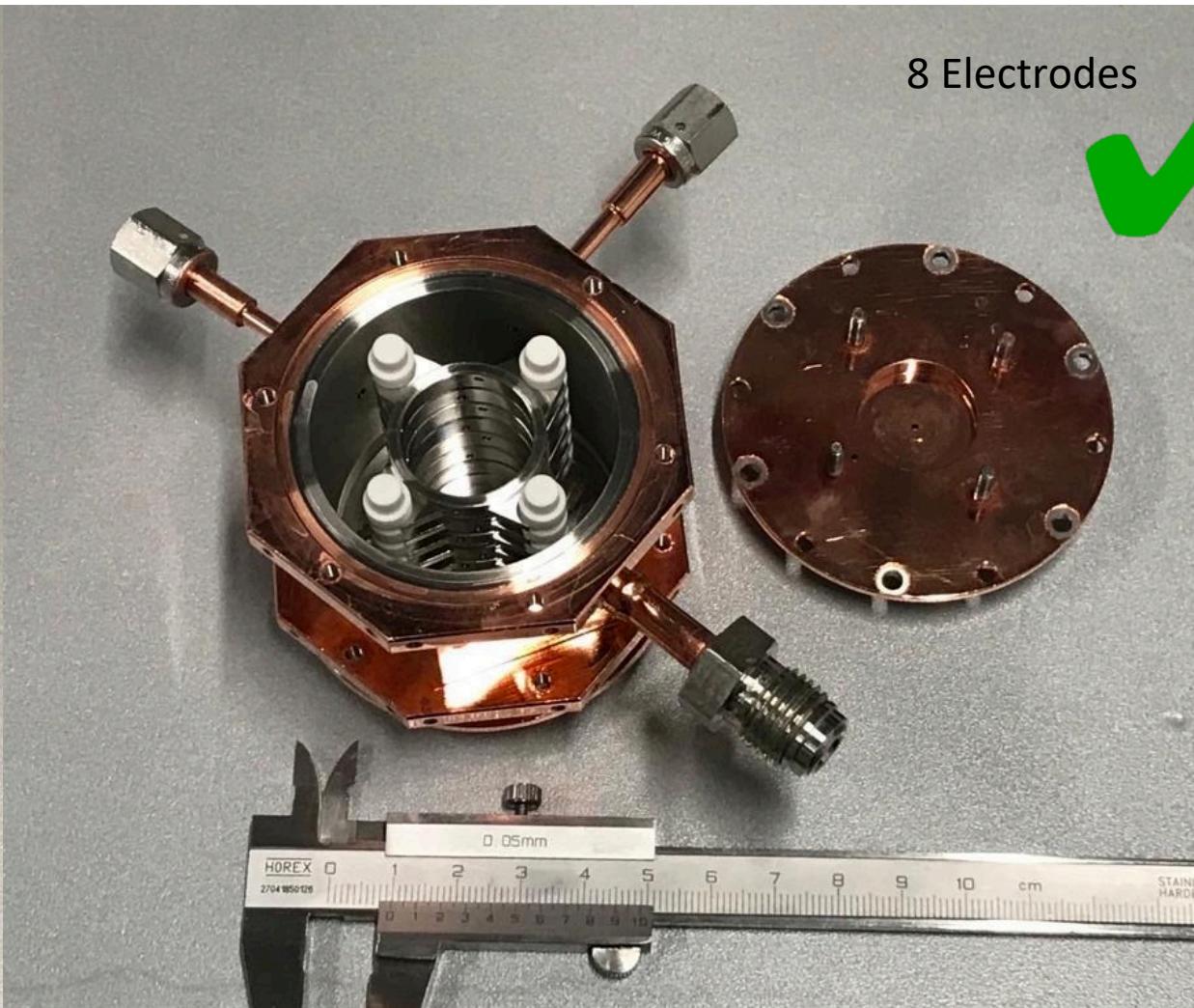
QUADRUPOLE MAS FILTER (QMF) CALIBRATION

Extrel QMF

- 19 mm diameter rods
- Operating freq 1.2 MHz
- Mass range 1-500 amu



DRIFT TUBE

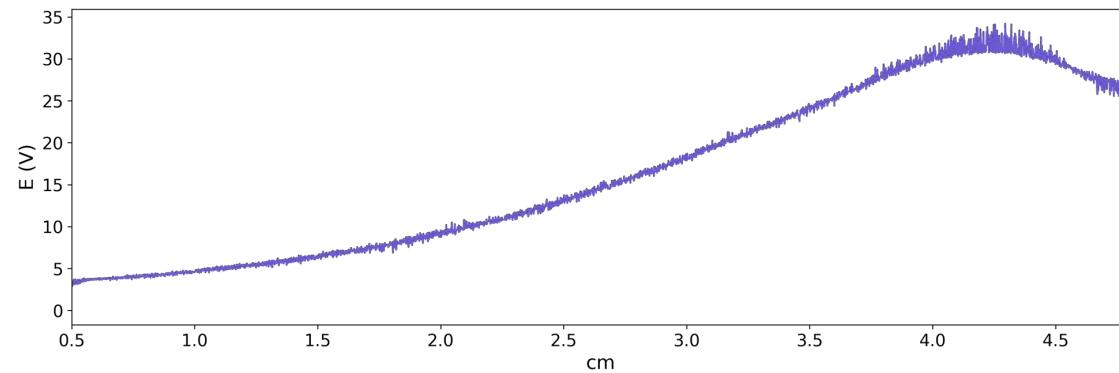


DRIFT TUBE SIMION SIMULATIONS ON $^{45}\text{Sc}^+$

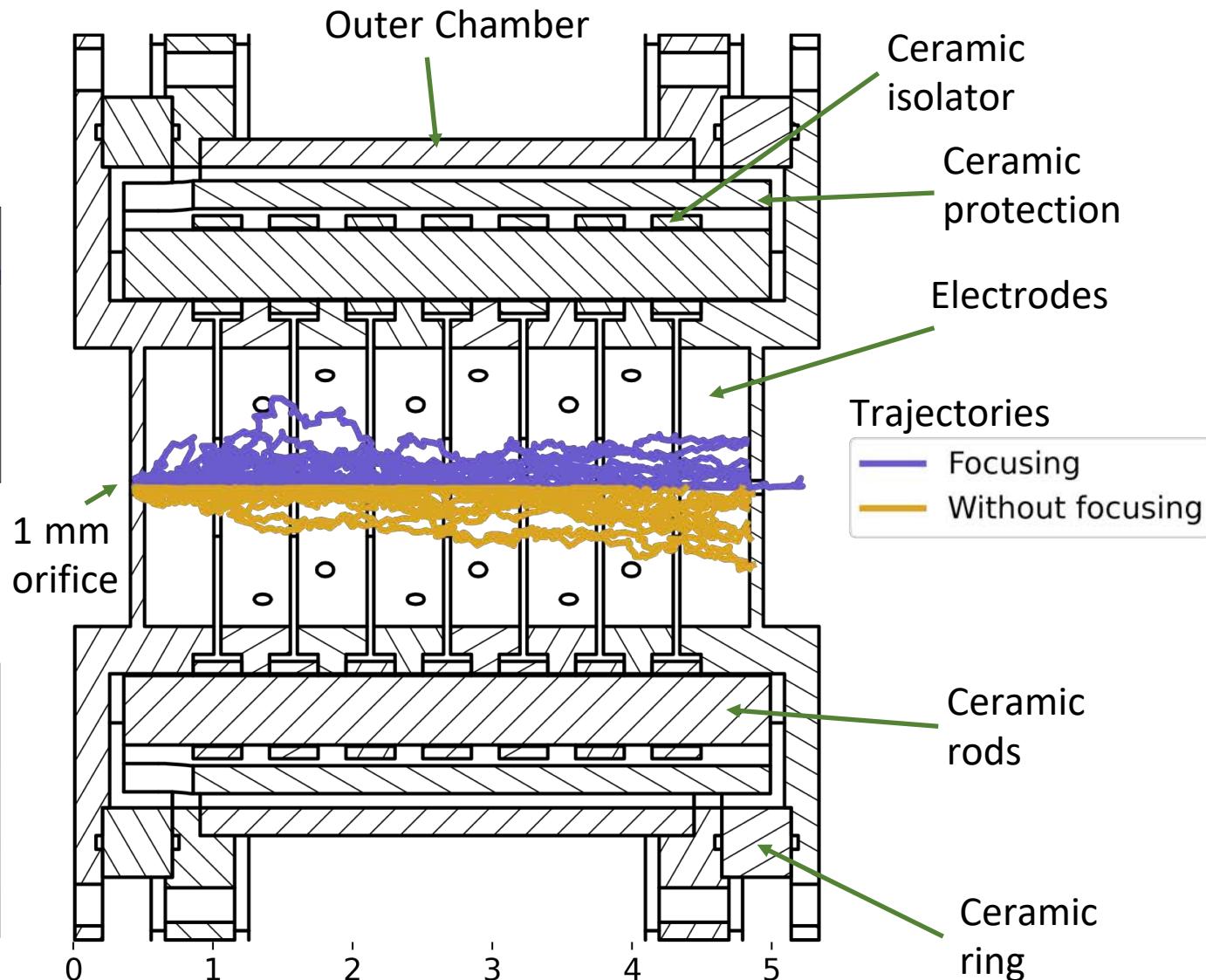
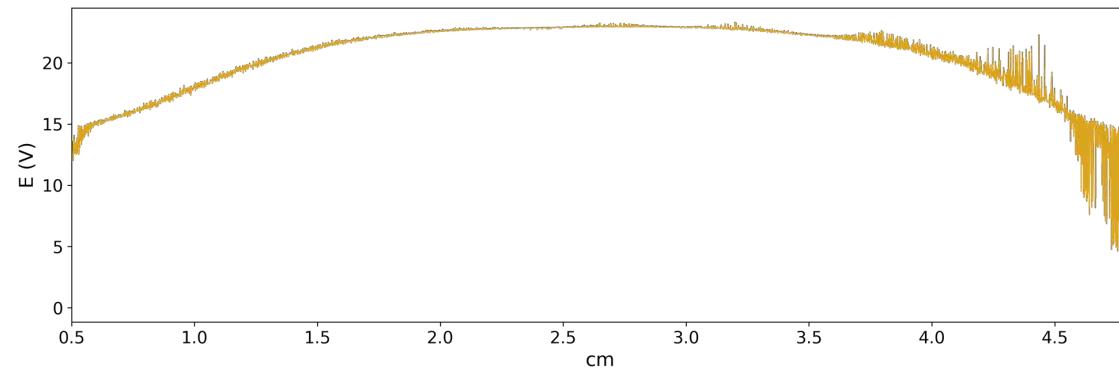
- Viscous damping model
 - Velocity affected by a drag force
- Stastitical Diffusion Simulation (SDS) model
 - Viscous damping model and monte carlo calculations for a random jumps
- Simulation parameters:
 - 10000 ions
 - 1 mm orifice entrance and exit to optimize resolution
 - Sc as test case (isoelectronic to Lu⁺ and Lr⁺)
 - Ion mobility values K_0 : M. J. Manard and P. R. Kemper, Int. J. MassSpectrom. 407, 69 (2016)

SIMION SDS – VOLTAGE OPTIMIZATION

Focusing - Increasing Gradient

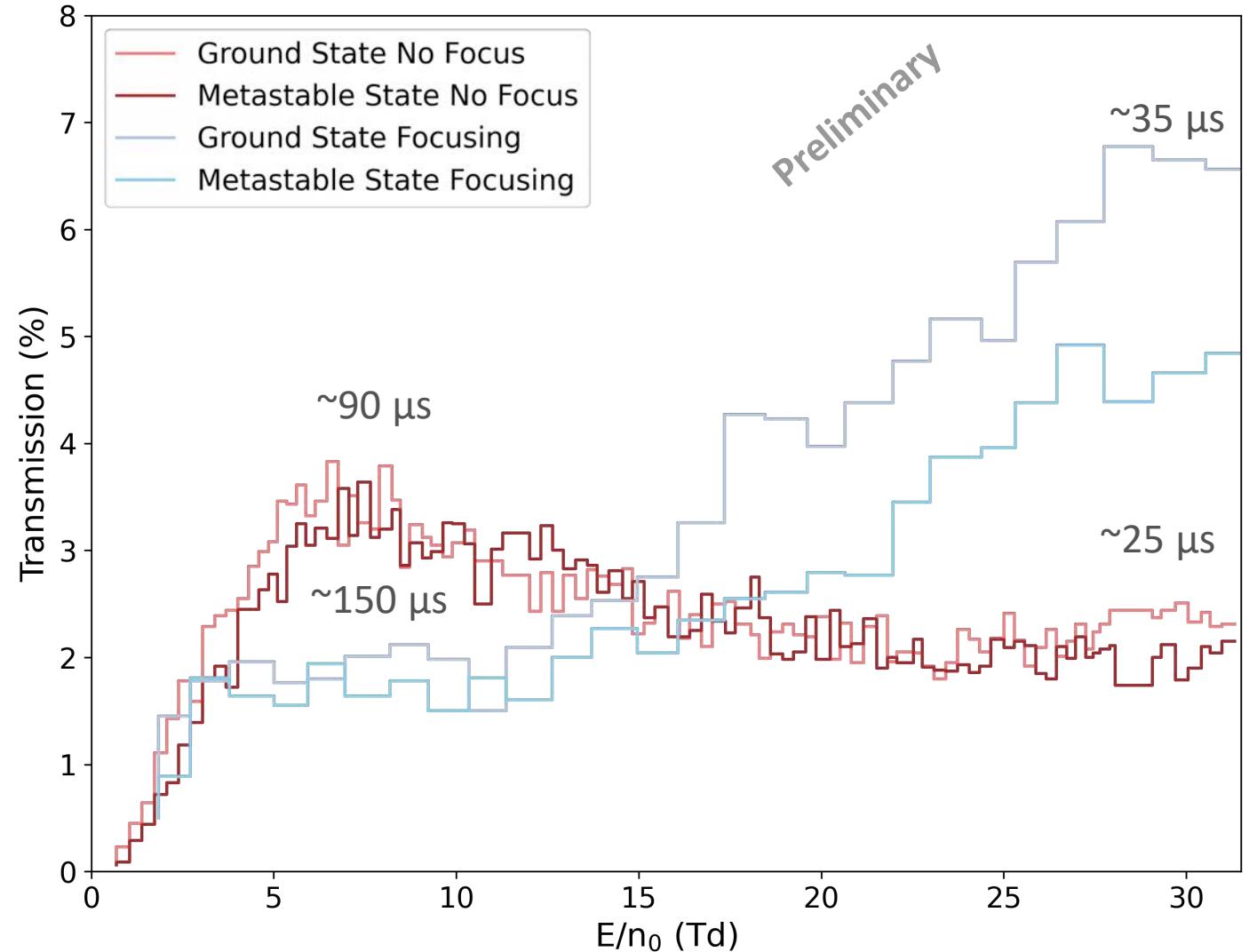


Without focusing - Constant Gradient



TRANSMISSION COMPARISON

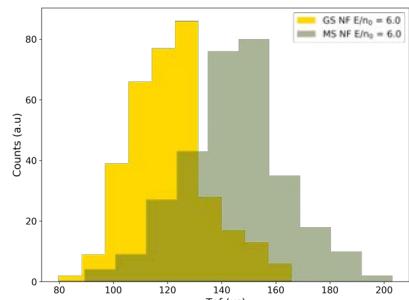
- Less quenching
 - low E fields
- High transmission efficiency
 - high E fields
- Larger drift time
 - low E Fields
- High resolution
 - high E fields



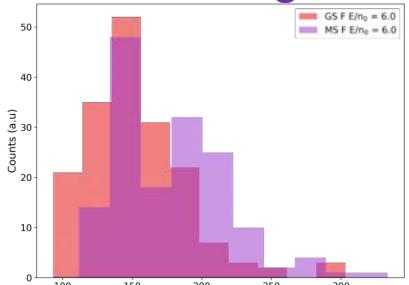
DRIFT TIME DIFFERENCES

Without Focusing

Without Focusing

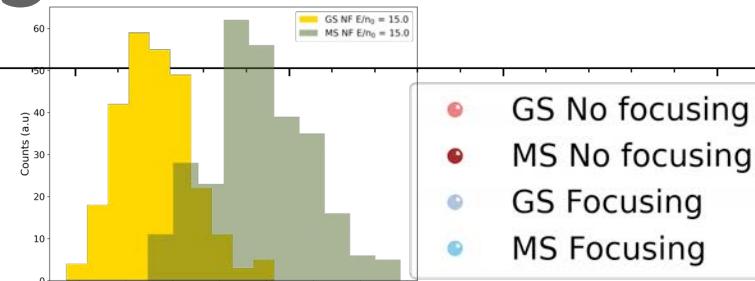


Focusing

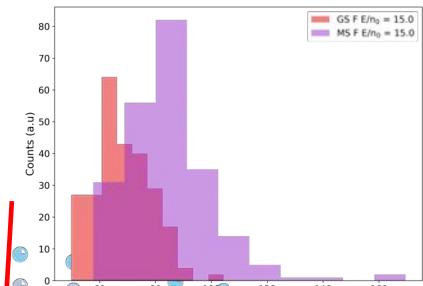


Preliminary

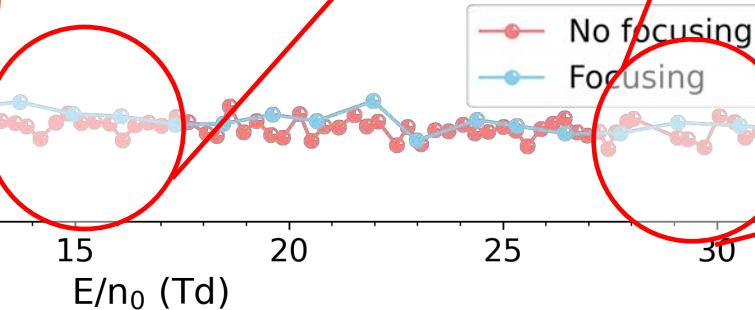
t_d (μ s)



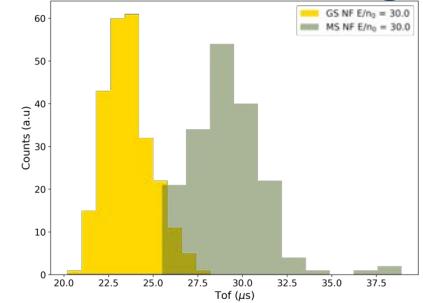
Focusing



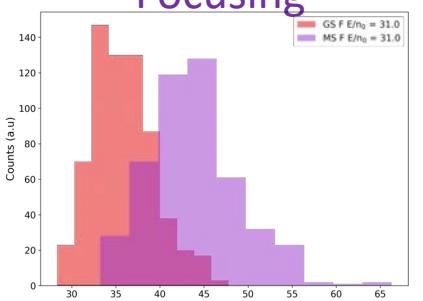
E/n_0 (Td)



Without Focusing

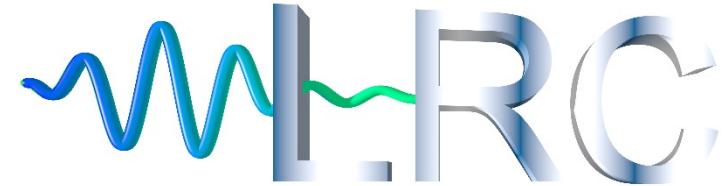


Focusing



SUMMARY

- LRC provides a novel way of laser spectroscopy of ions without the need of neutralization and using only one laser
- Experimental setup is on site
- Calibration and optimization of QMS is finished
- Drift tube ready to be implemented
- SIMION simulations on the drift tube with Sc helped to understand voltages, drift times, and transmission of ions
- Next:
 - Simulations with the complete setup
 - Installation of drift tube and measurements on Sc+



THANK YOU

LRC Team

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<https://www.lrc-project.eu/>



LRC_Mainz