

# Atomic Parity Violation in a single Ra ion

5th International Symposium on Symmetries in Subatomic Physics  
(SSP2012)

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# Test of Standard Model

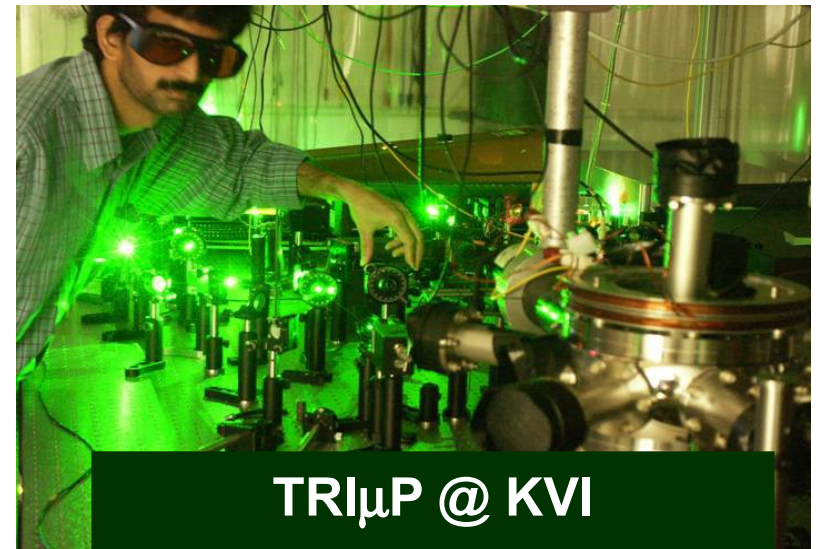
The Standard Model (SM) of particle physics is “incomplete”  $\Rightarrow$  searches for physics “beyond the SM” at two, complementary, fronts:

High energy collider experiments:  
Direct observation of new particles



Complementary

Low energy searches:  
indirect, but with high precision

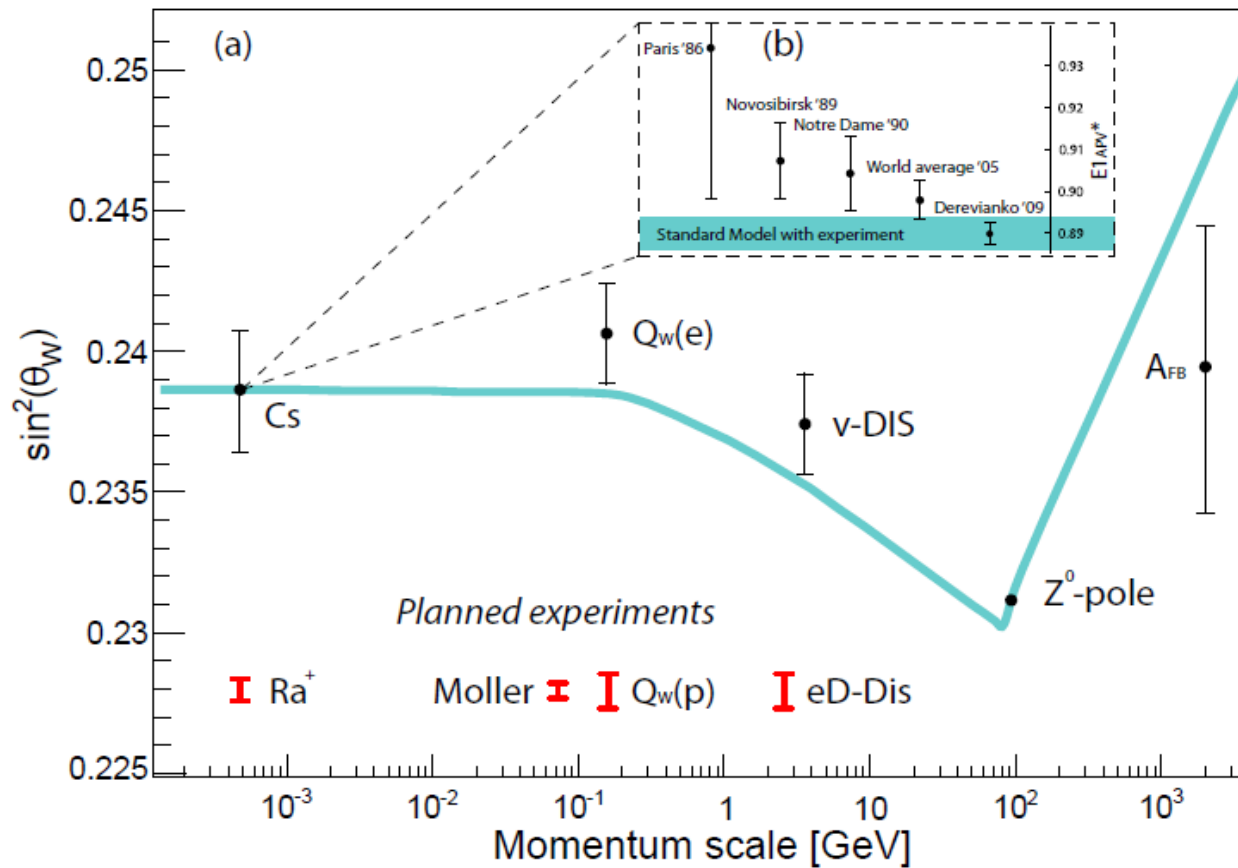


Search for a Higgs, SUSY, extra Z bosons

EDMs, unprecedented energy scale, Z' bosons

# Test of Standard Model

## Weak interaction

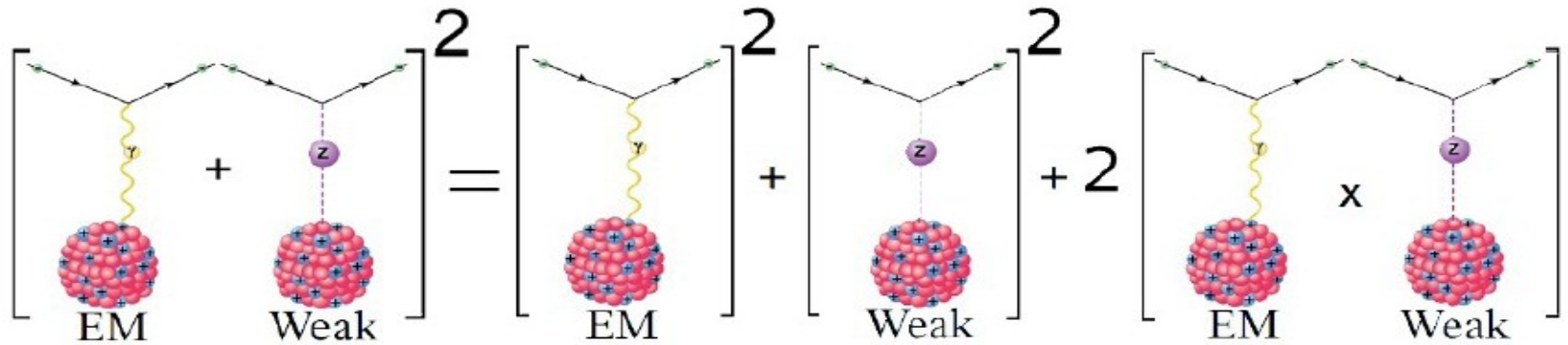


$$Q_W = -N + (1 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W) Z + \text{rad. corr.} + \text{“new physics”}$$

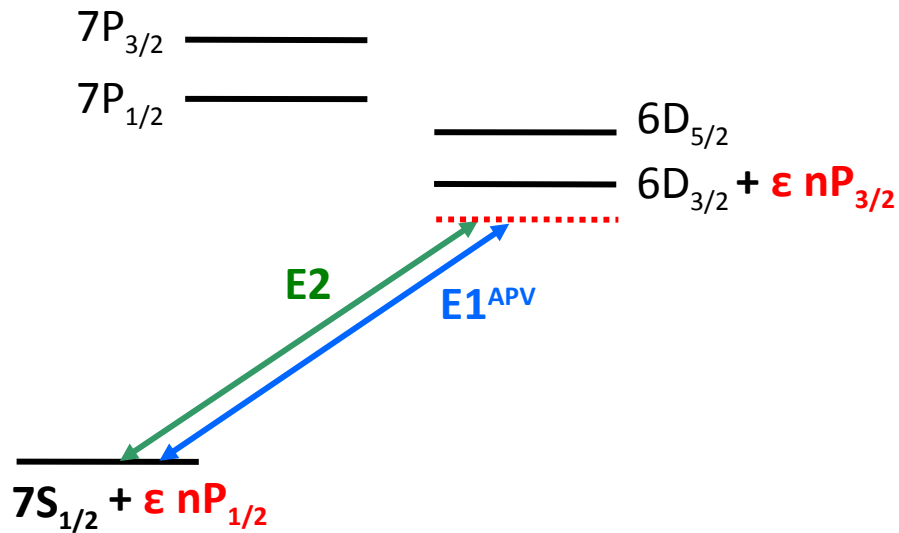
Best limit on the mass of  $Z'$  from APV

# Atomic Parity Violation (APV)

Weak interaction violates parity



Atomic states acquire tiny admixture of opposite-parity states



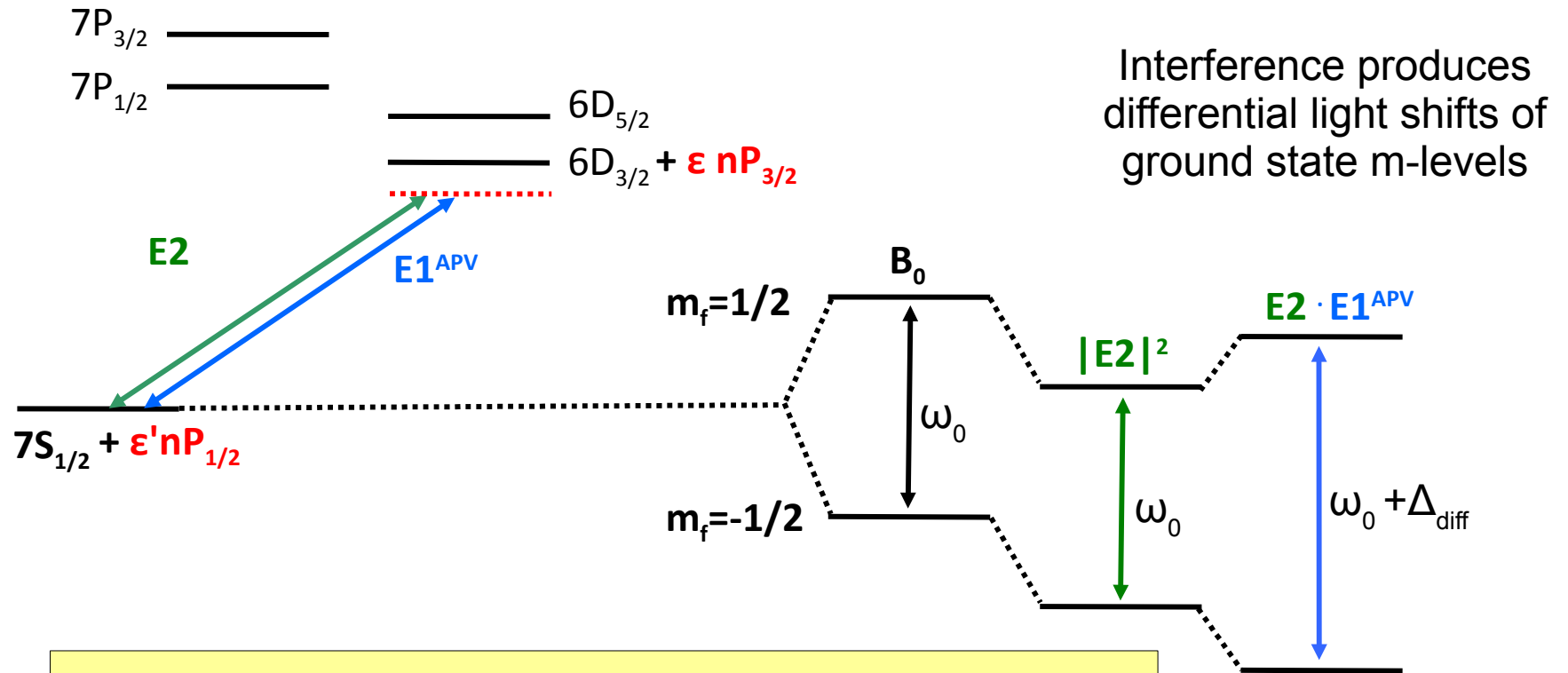
$$E1_{APV} = kQ_W$$

Infer weak charge

# Experiment principle

$$E1_{\text{APV}} = kQ_W$$

measure



Localize single ion within one wavelength  
Measure with RF spectroscopy and shelving

# Why Ra ions?

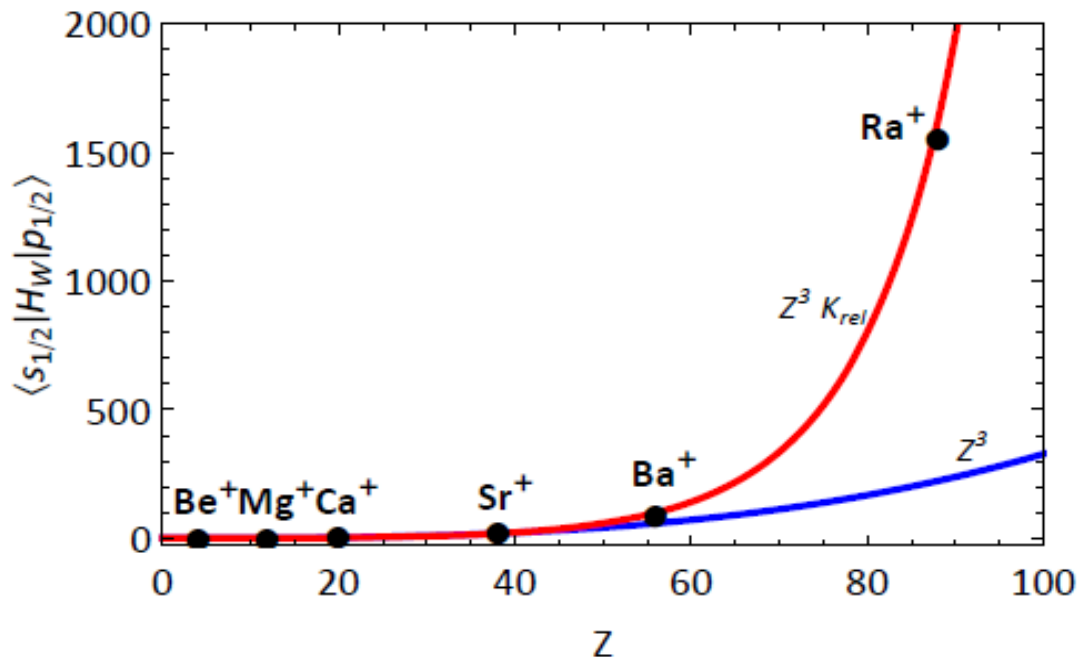
$$E1_{APV} = k Q_W$$



calculate atomic wavefunctions

S-S	S-D
Cs	Ba <sup>+</sup>
0.9	2.2
Fr	<b>Ra<sup>+</sup></b>
14.2	<b>46.4</b>

The Bouchiat & Bouchiat (1974) says: “stronger than  $Z^3$ -law”



**Ra<sup>+</sup> is a superior APV candidate:**

In 1 day, a 5-fold improvement over Cs appears feasible!

$E1_{APV}$  effect in Ra<sup>+</sup> is 20 times larger than for Ba<sup>+</sup> and 50 times larger than for Cs!

Calculations:

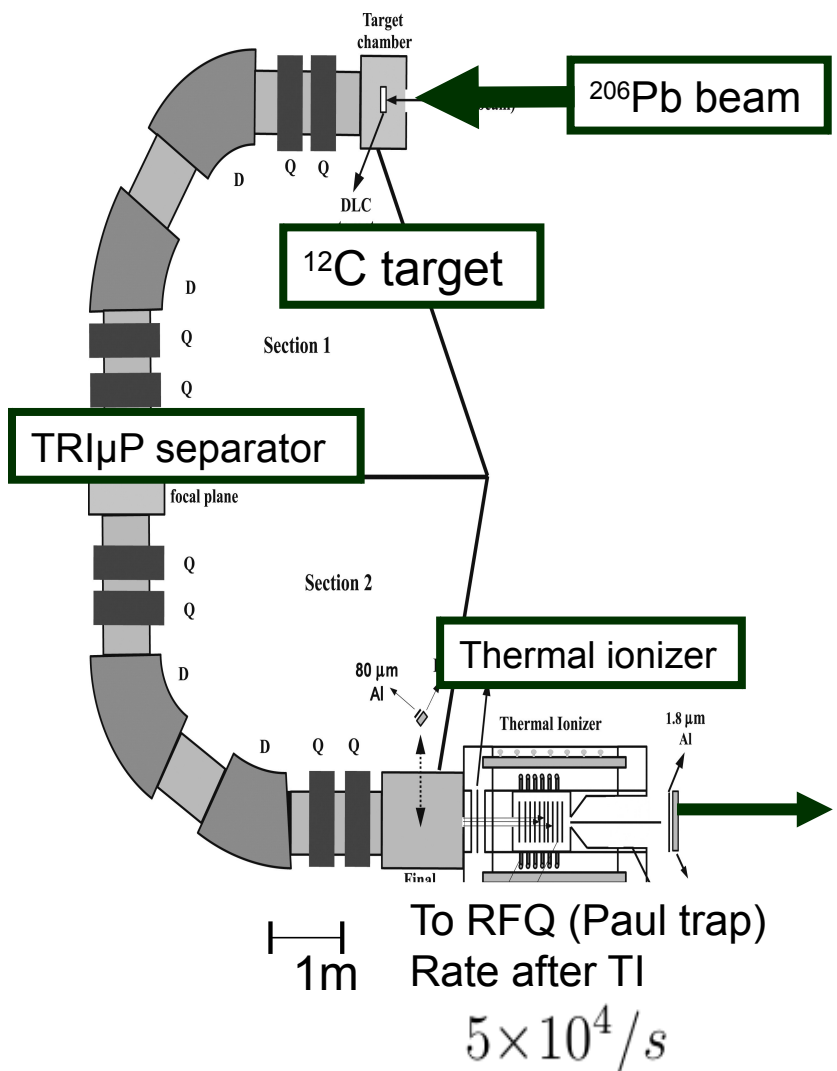
$$k_{Ra} = 46.4(1.4) \cdot 10^{-11} \text{iea}_0 / N^*$$

$$k_{Cs} = 0.8906(26) \cdot 10^{-11} \text{iea}_0 / N^{**}$$

\*L.W. Wansbeek *et al.*, Phys. Rev. A **78**, (2008)

\*\*A. Derevianko *et al.*, Phys. Rev. A **79**, 013404 (2009)

# Ra ion Production: TRIμP Facility



TRIμP@KVI

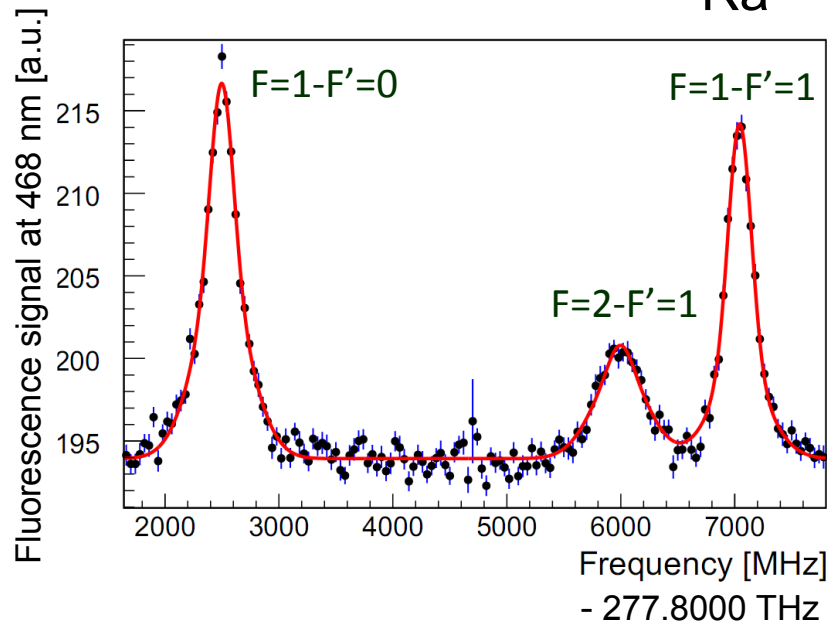
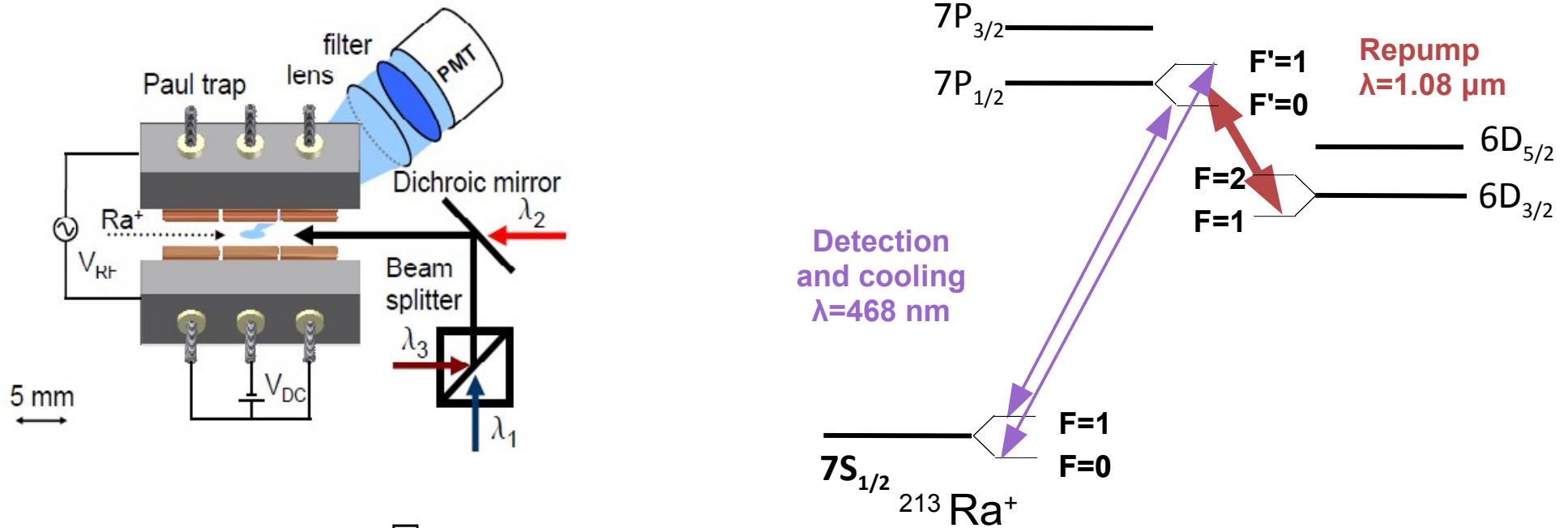
Sources or fragmentation

	Lifetime	Spin
209	4.6(2) s	5/2
211	13(2) s	1/2
212	13.0(2) s	
213	2.74(6) m	1/2
214	2.46(3) s	
221	28.2 s	5/2
223	11.43(5) d	3/2
224	3.6319(23) d	
225	14.9(2) d	1/2
226	1600 y	
227	42.2(5) m	3/2
229	4.0(2) m	5/2

$\Delta N < 12$

# Laser Spectroscopy in Ra ions

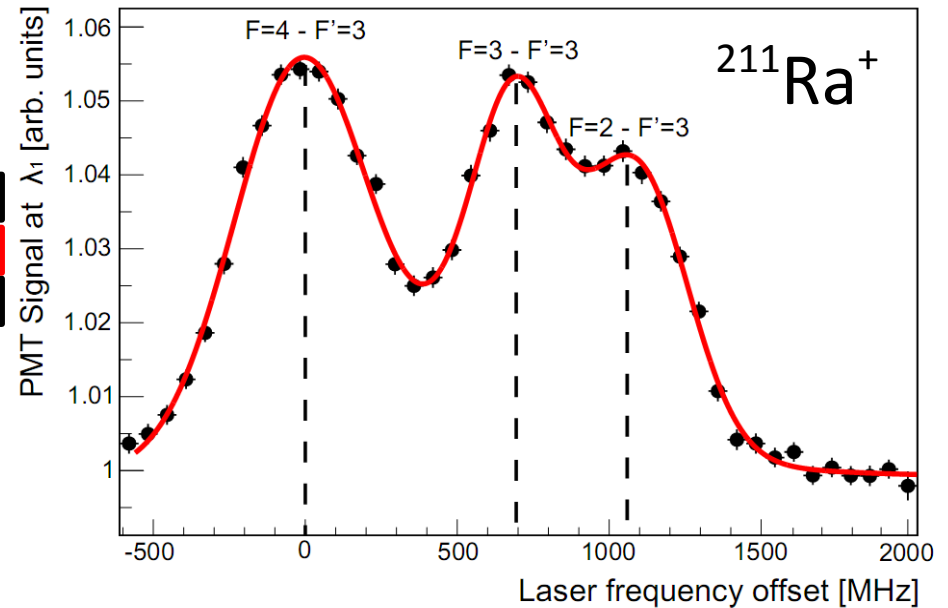
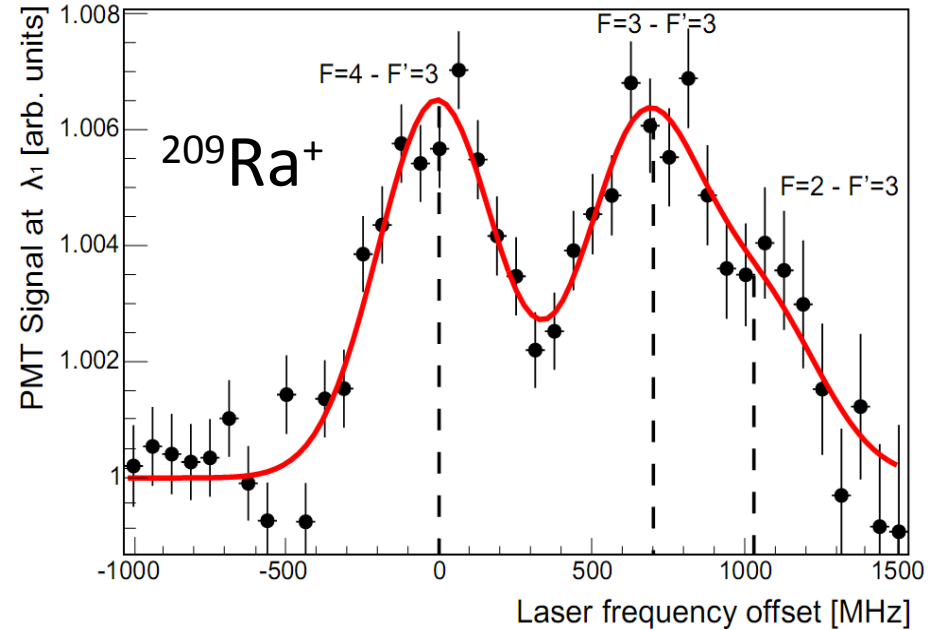
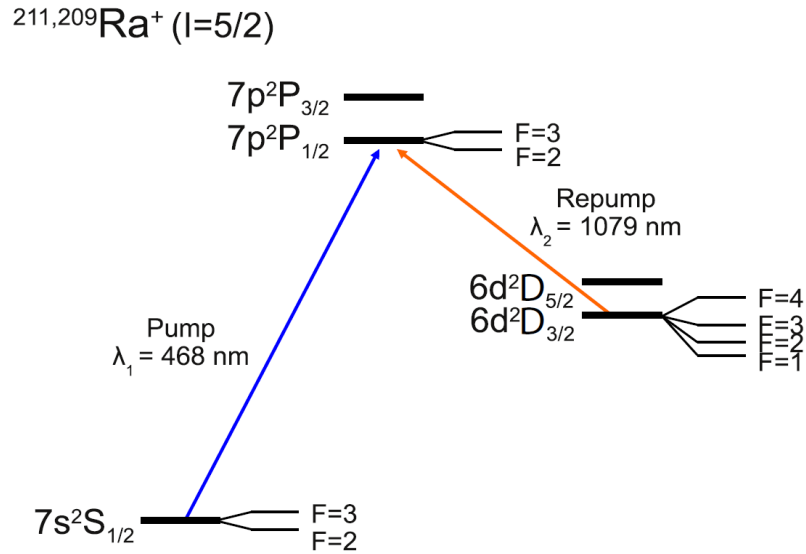
## HFS measurement





# Laser Spectroscopy in Ra ions

## $6d^2D_{3/2}$ HFS measurement



	This work	Theory
$^{211}\text{Ra}^+$	A 151(2)	155* [4], 150* [10], 155* [16]
	B 103(6)	147(12)** [10]
$^{209}\text{Ra}^+$	A 148(10)	153* [4], 148* [10], 153* [16]
	B 104(38)	122(12)** [10]

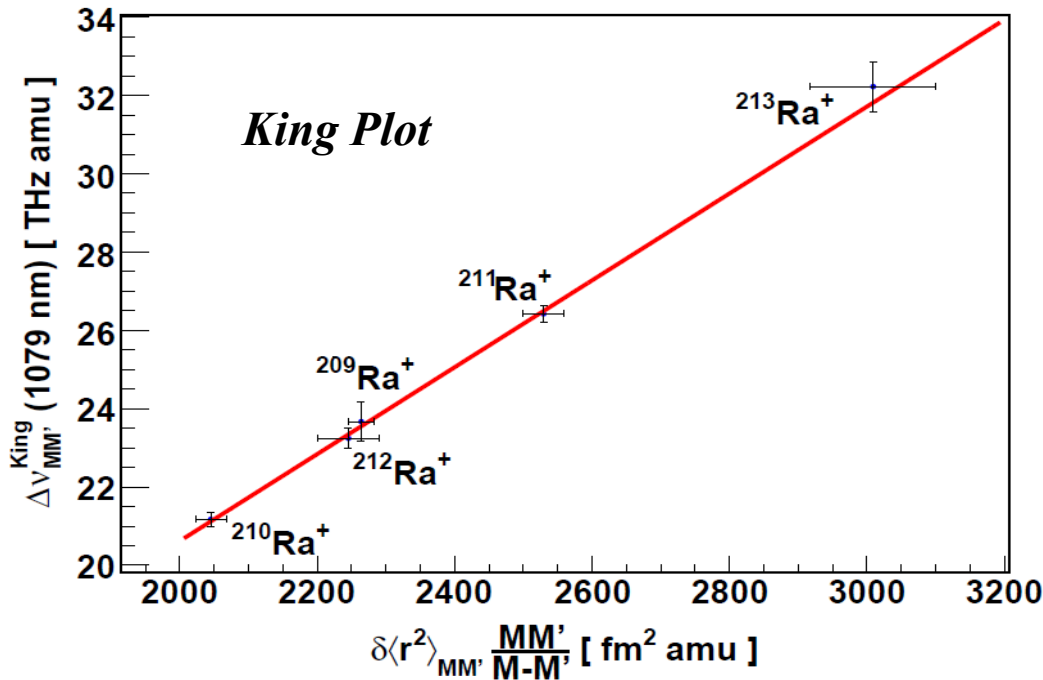
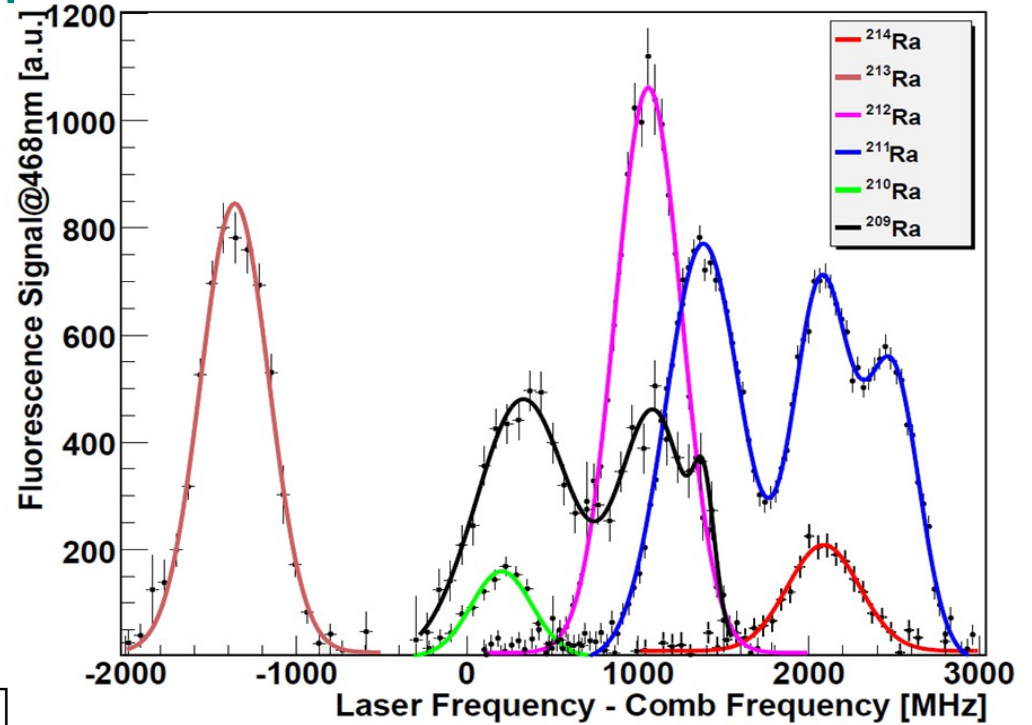
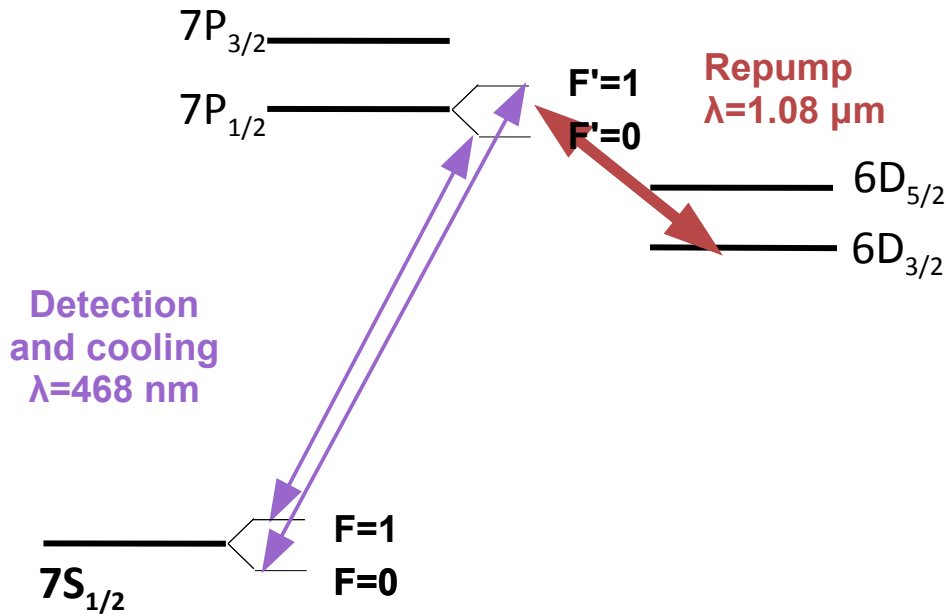
**~ 3,5  $\sigma$**

O. O Versolato et al., Phys. Lett. A375 (2011) 3130-3133

G. S. Giri et al. Phys. Rev. A 84, 020503(R) (2011)

[10] B.K. Sahoo et al. Phys. Rev. A, 76 (2007)

# Laser Spectroscopy in Ra ions: Isotope Shift

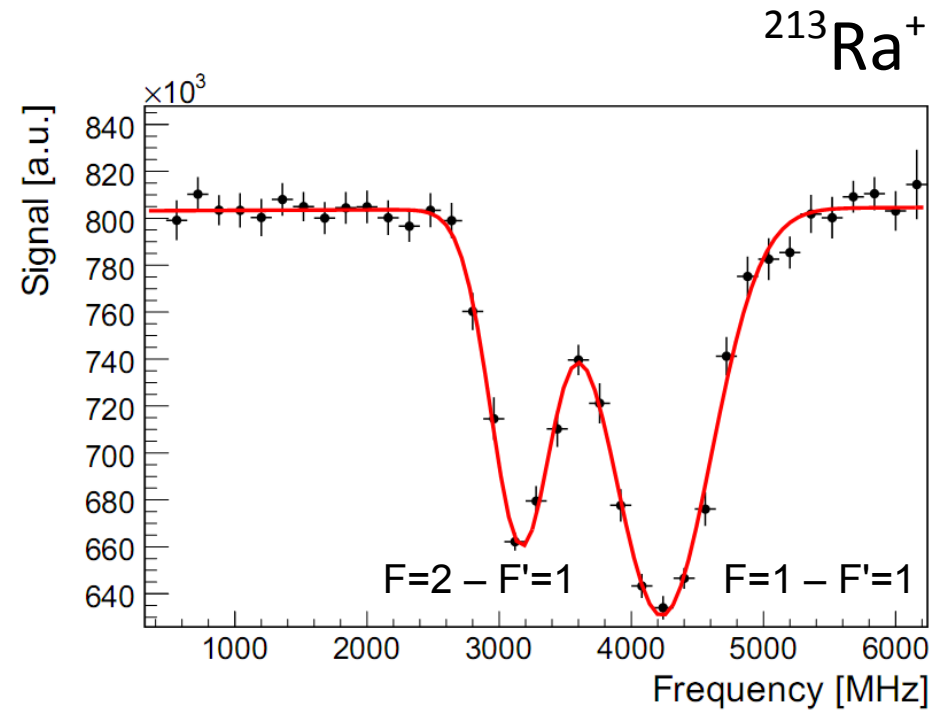
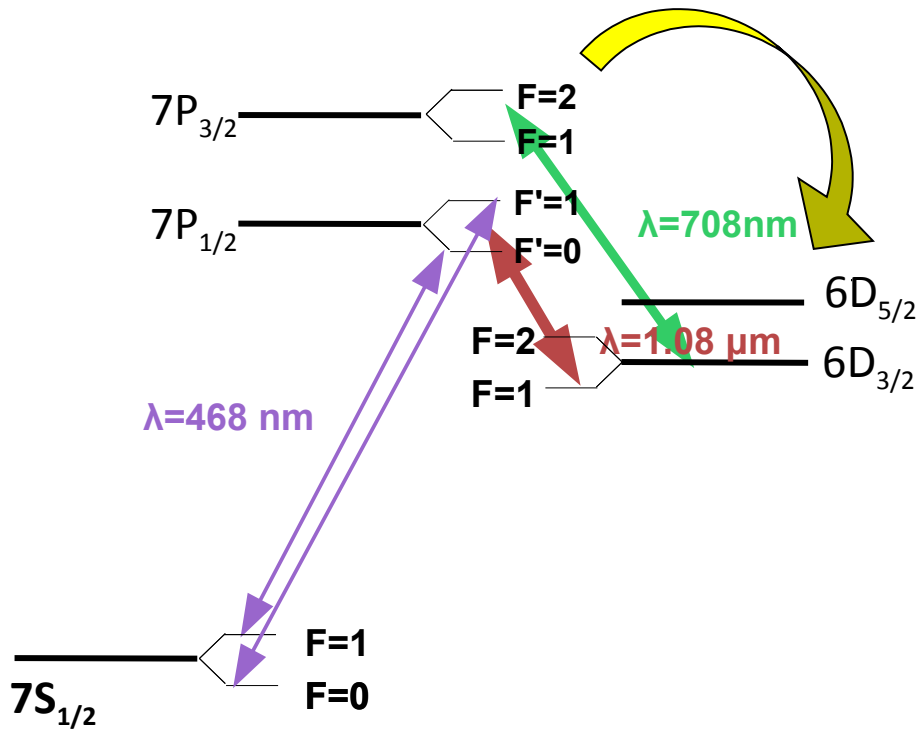


*Comparison of different transitions*

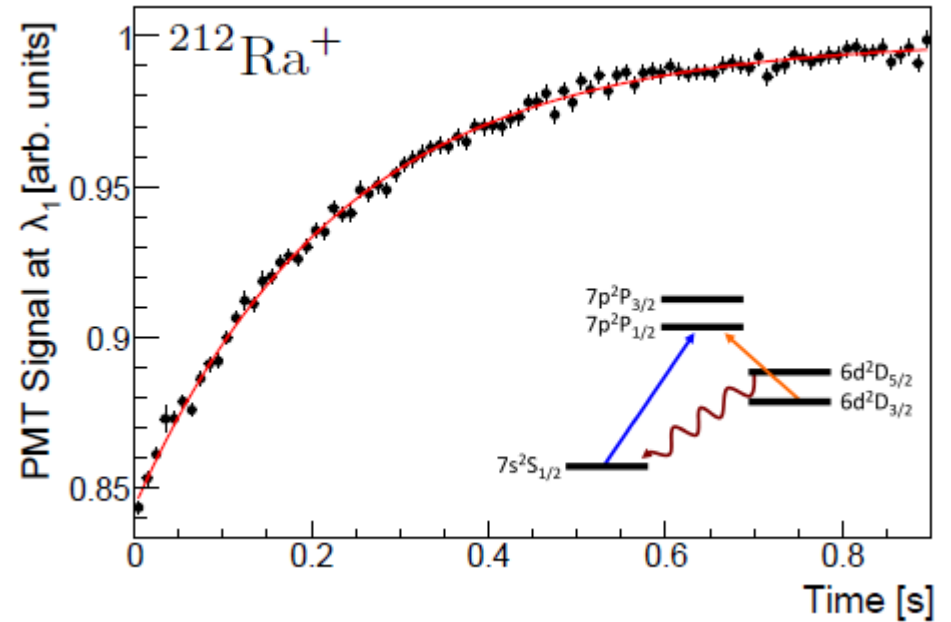
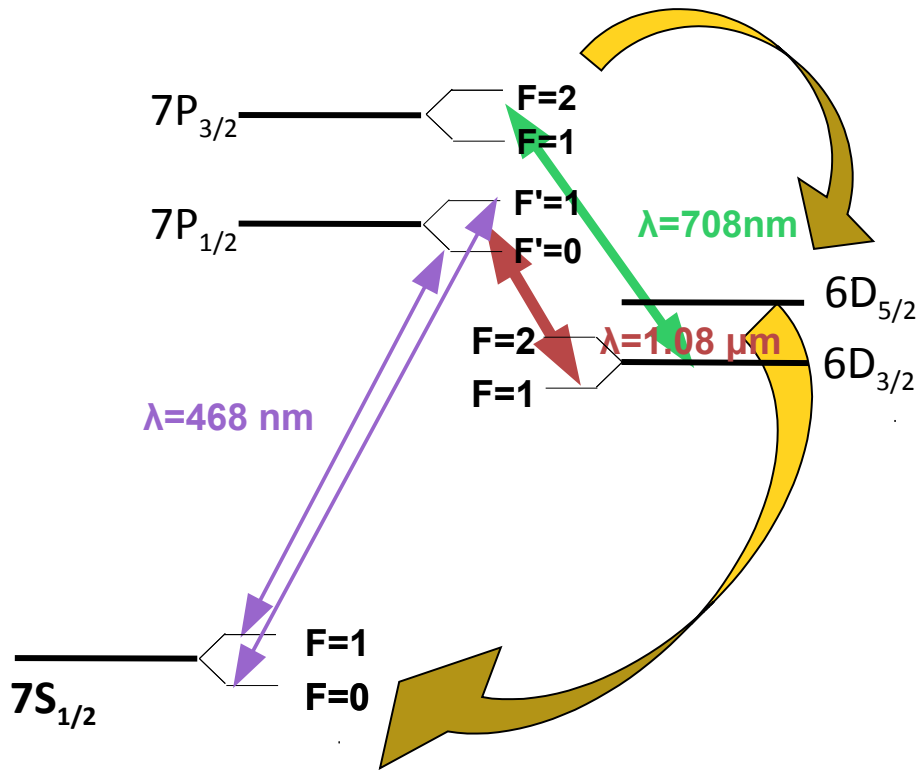
$\Rightarrow$  *Good agreement with atomic theory on few % level*

$\Rightarrow$  *Atomic theory understood rather well at present level of accuracy*

# Laser Spectroscopy in Ra ions: Shelving



# Laser Spectroscopy in Ra ions: Lifetime of the $6^2D_{5/2}$ state

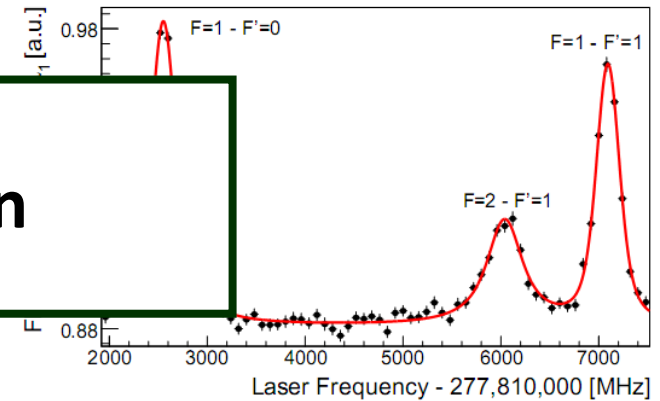


Experiment <sup>1</sup>	Lower limit <sup>1</sup>	Theory <sup>2</sup>	Theory <sup>3</sup>
	<b>232(4) s</b>	297(4) s	303(4) s

1. O.O. Versolato et al., Phys. Rev A, (2010)  
 2. B. K. Sahoo et al., Phys. Rev. A 76, 040504(R) (2007).  
 3. R. Pal et al., Phys. Rev. A 79, 062505 (2009).

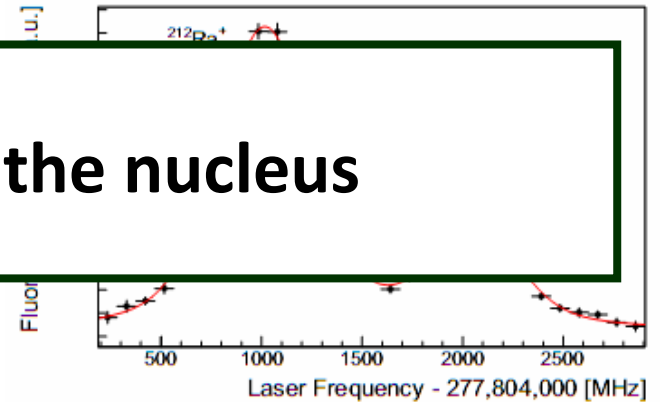
# Ra<sup>+</sup> Measurements

Probe of atomic wave functions at the origin



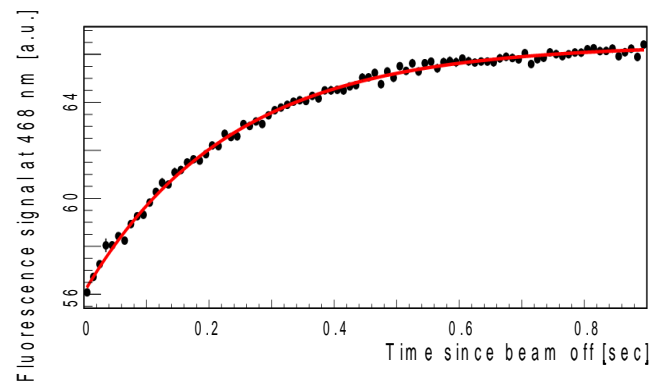
Probe of atomic theory & size and shape of the nucleus

- $6^2D_{3/2} - 7^2P_{1/2}$  and
- $6^2D_{3/2} - 7^2P_{3/2}$  transitions in  $^{212, 213, 214}\text{Ra}^+$

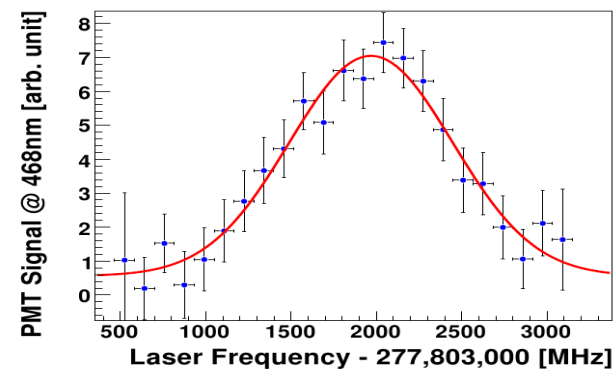
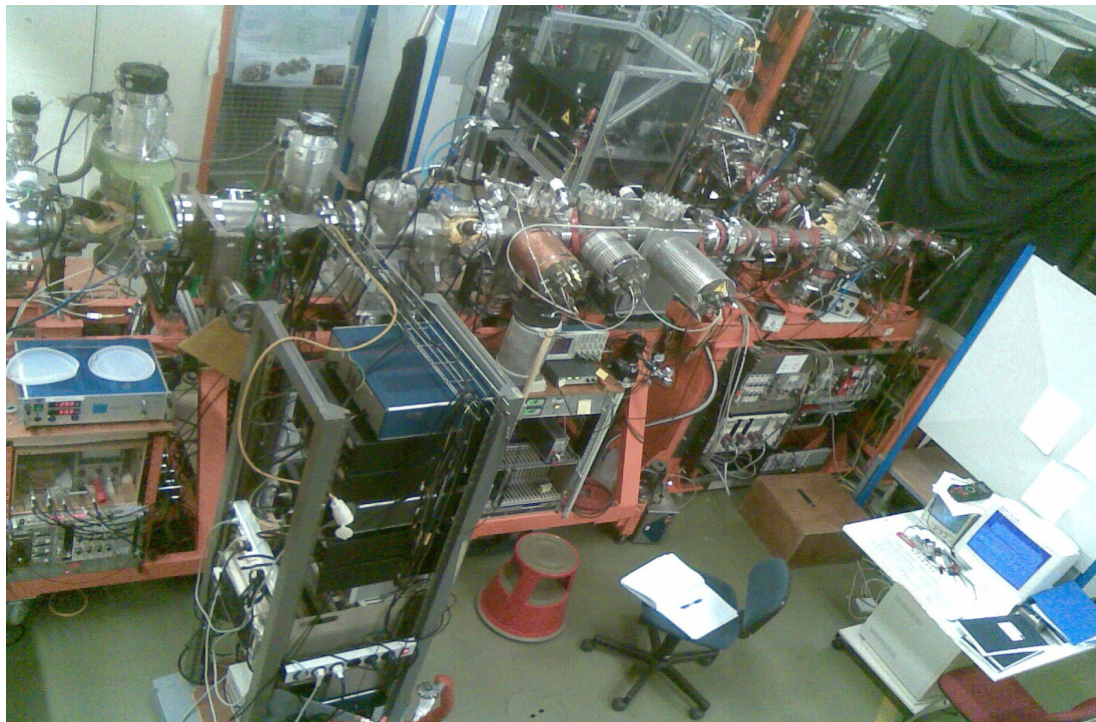


Probe of S-D E2 matrix element

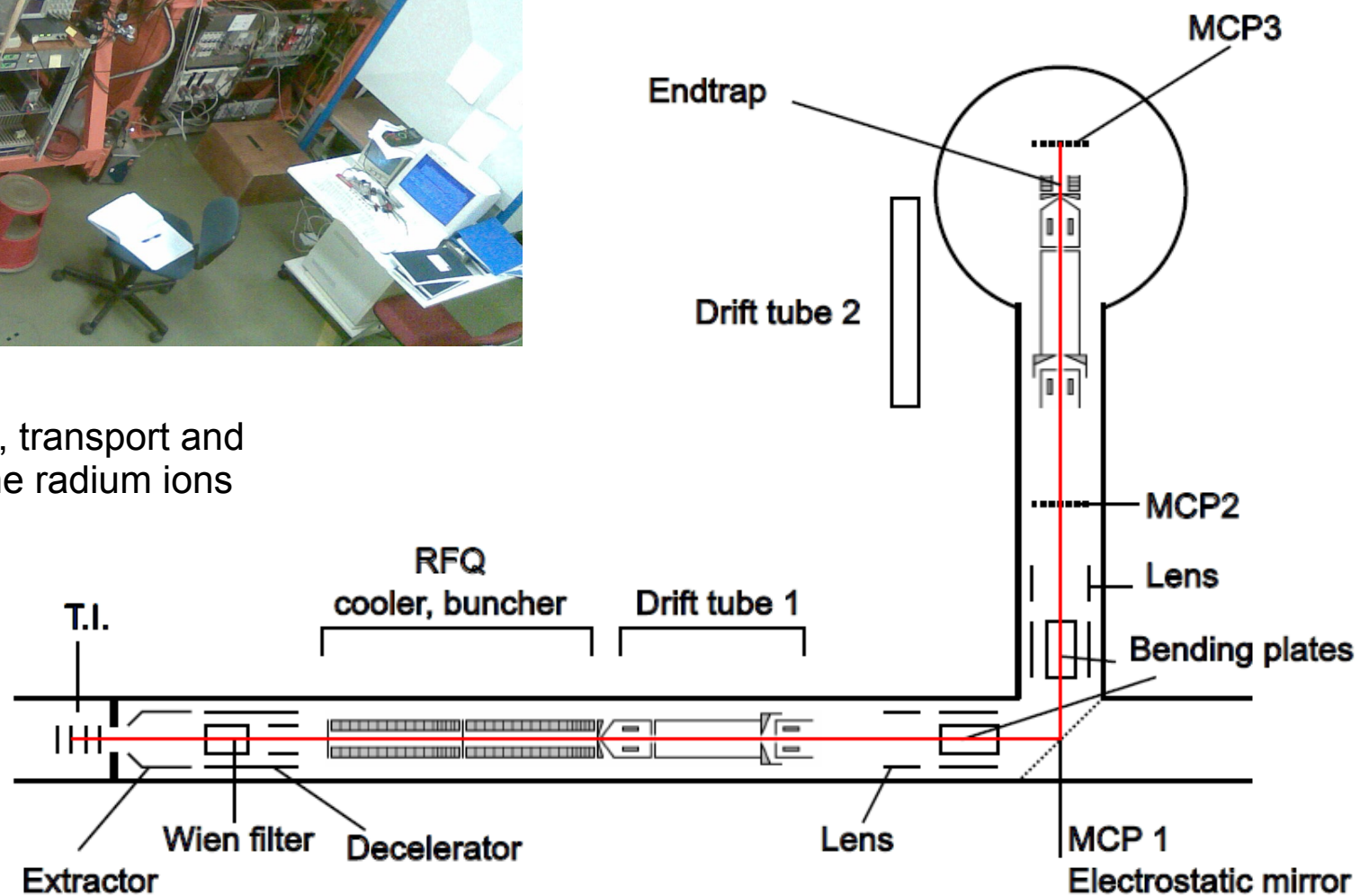
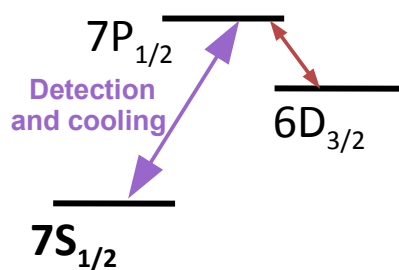
of the  $6^2D_{5/2}$  state



# Single $\text{Ra}^+$ :online experiments

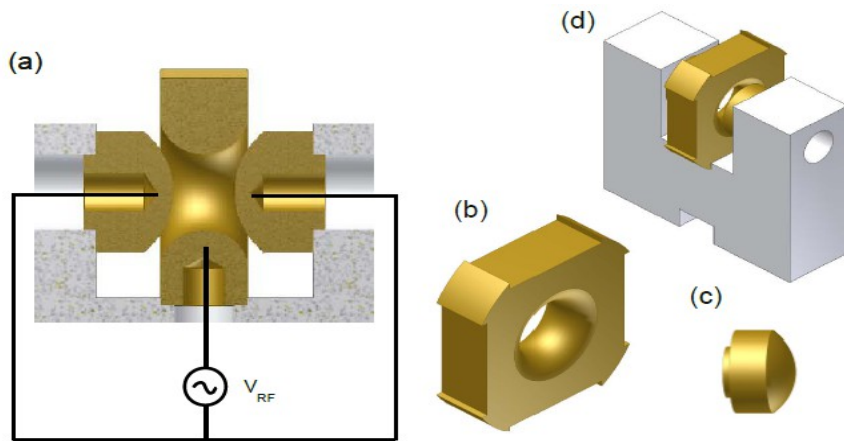


deceleration, transport and capture of the radium ions



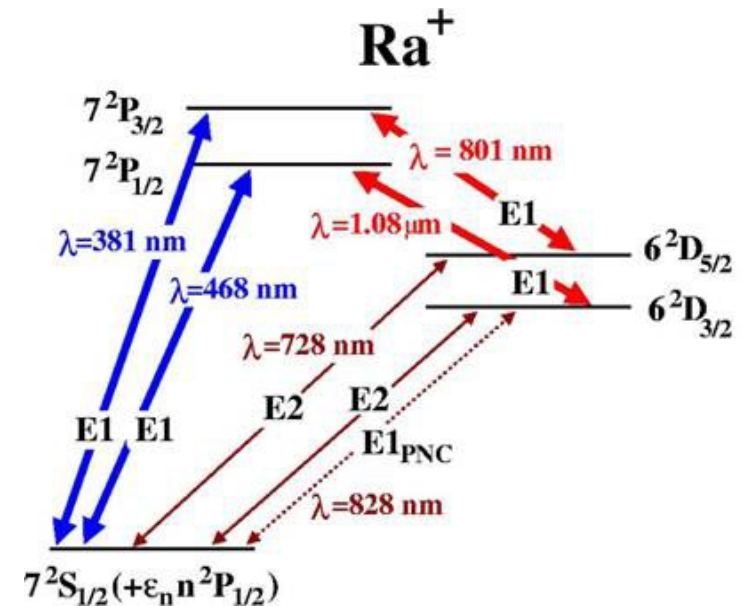


# Single $\text{Ra}^+$ : off line experiments

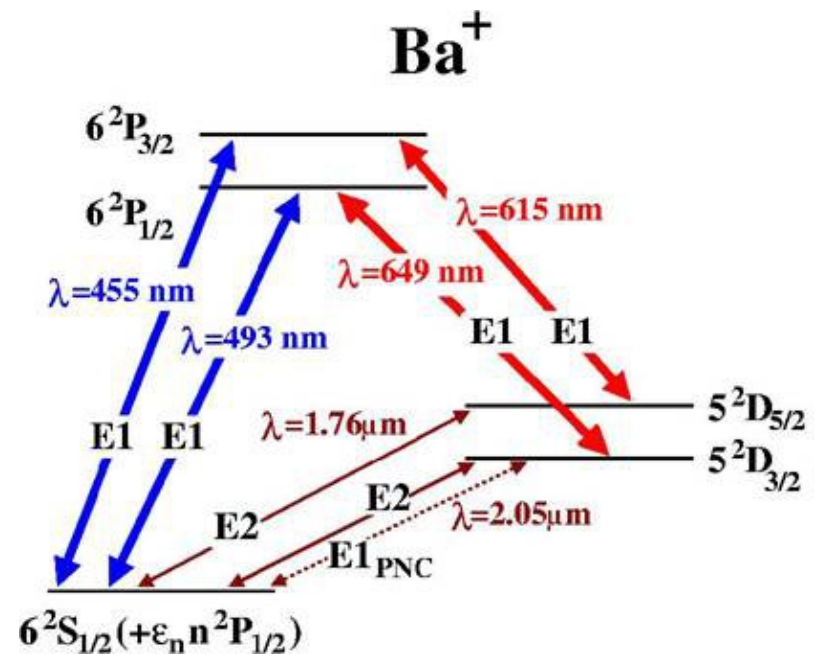


## Hyperbolic Paul Trap

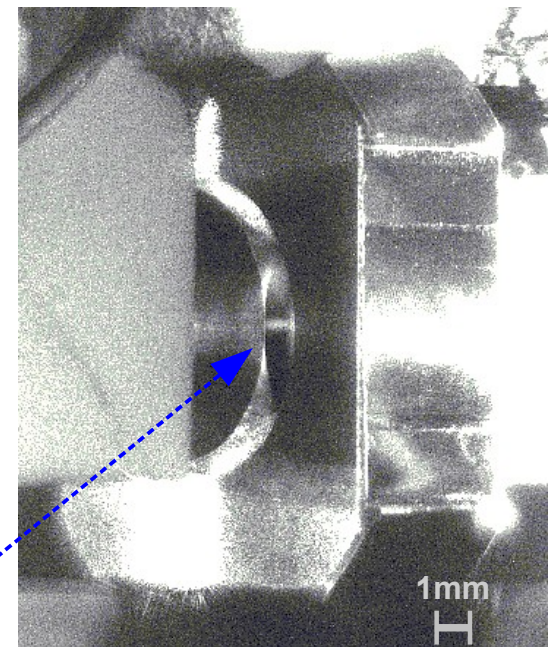
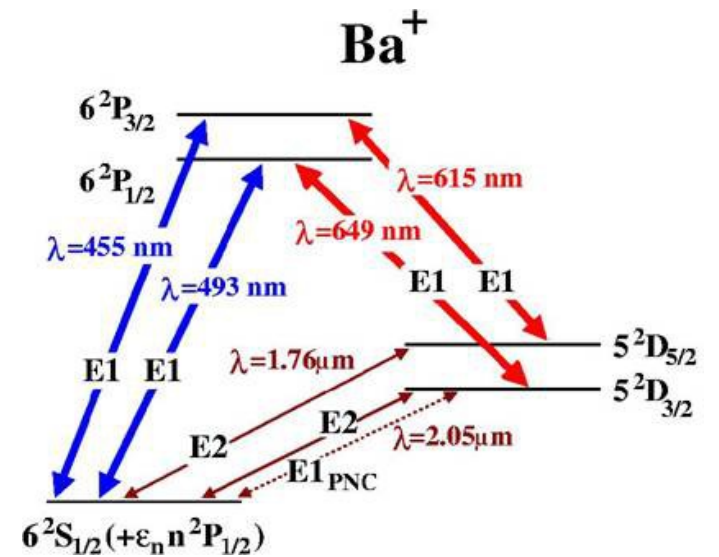
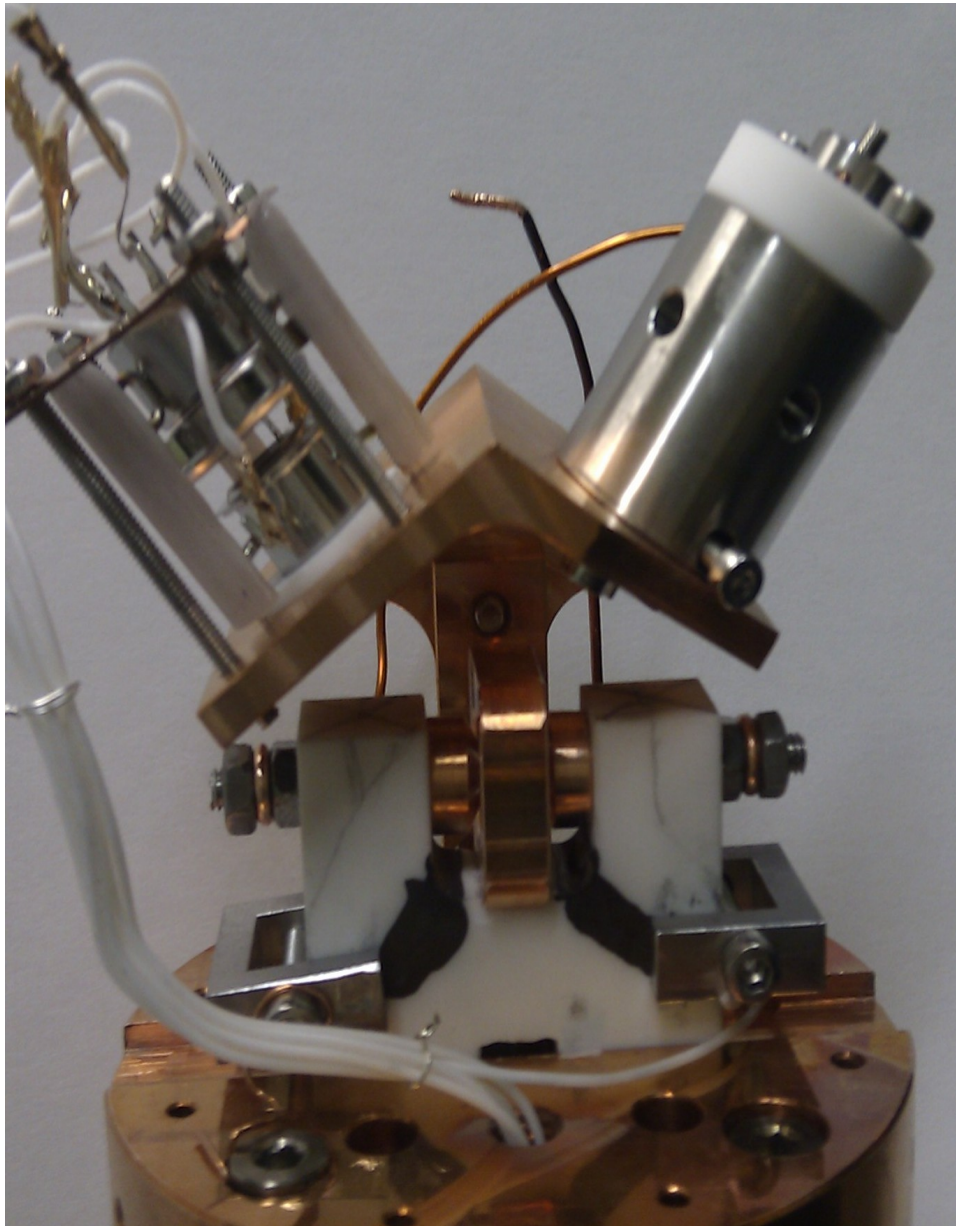
- localize one ion within one wavelength
- RF spectroscopy
- electron shelving
- large volume
- hyperbolic shape
- capture  $\text{Ra}^+$  is THE issue
- proved IBM desing



## Iso-electrical



# Ba<sup>+</sup> Experiment



Ion Cloud → Laser cooling in progress



# Conclusions

## Many Ions

- Production and capture of  $\text{Ra}^+$  Isotopes ✓
- Laser Spectroscopy different  $\text{Ra}^+$  Isotopes (209-214) ✓
- Transitions frequencies as test of theory ✓
- Life times of excited states ✓
- Several theory groups actively working ✓

## Single Ion

- Trap being characterized with  $\text{Ba}^+$  ✓
- Laser cooling of trapped ions ✓
- Single ion detection and spectroscopy to come next

In 1 day, a 5-fold improvement over  
Cs appears feasible!

# The crew & acknowledgments

## Experiment

- Mayerlin Nuñez Portela
- Amita Mohanti
- Hendrik Bekker
- Gouri Giri
- Oscar Versolato
- Lorenz Willmann
- Klaus Jungmann



## Theory

- Lotje Wansbeek
- Sophie Schlessler
- Lex Dieperink
- Rob Timmermans



## International collaborators

- B. P. Das (India)
- N. E. Fortson (USA)

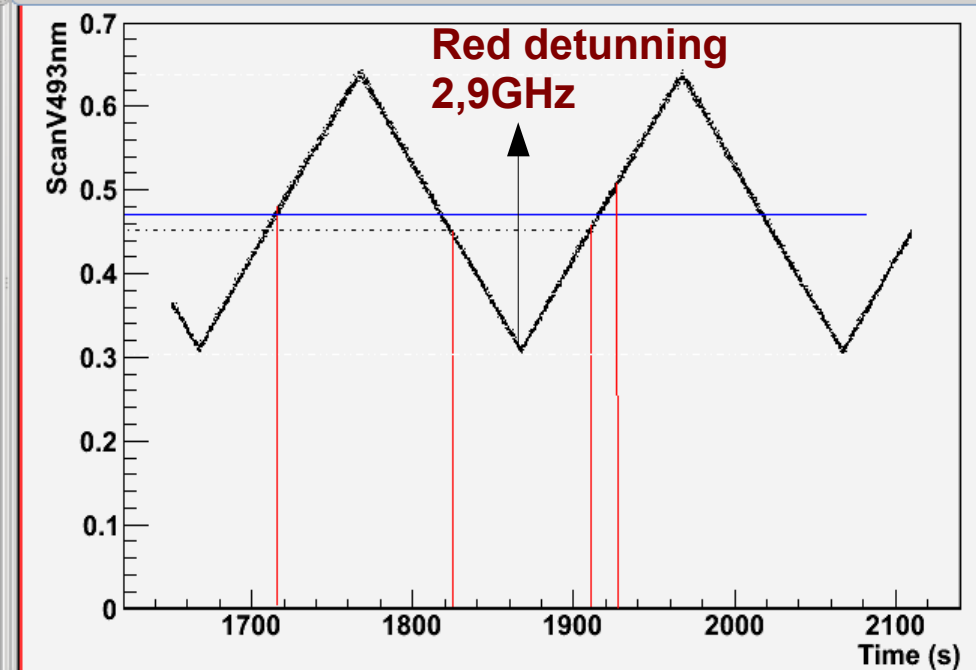
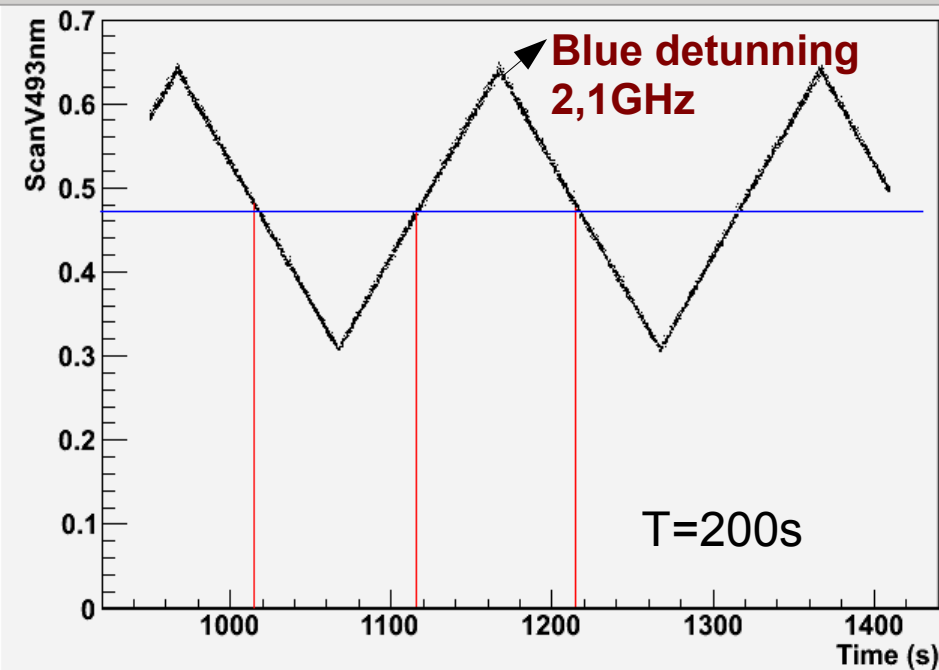
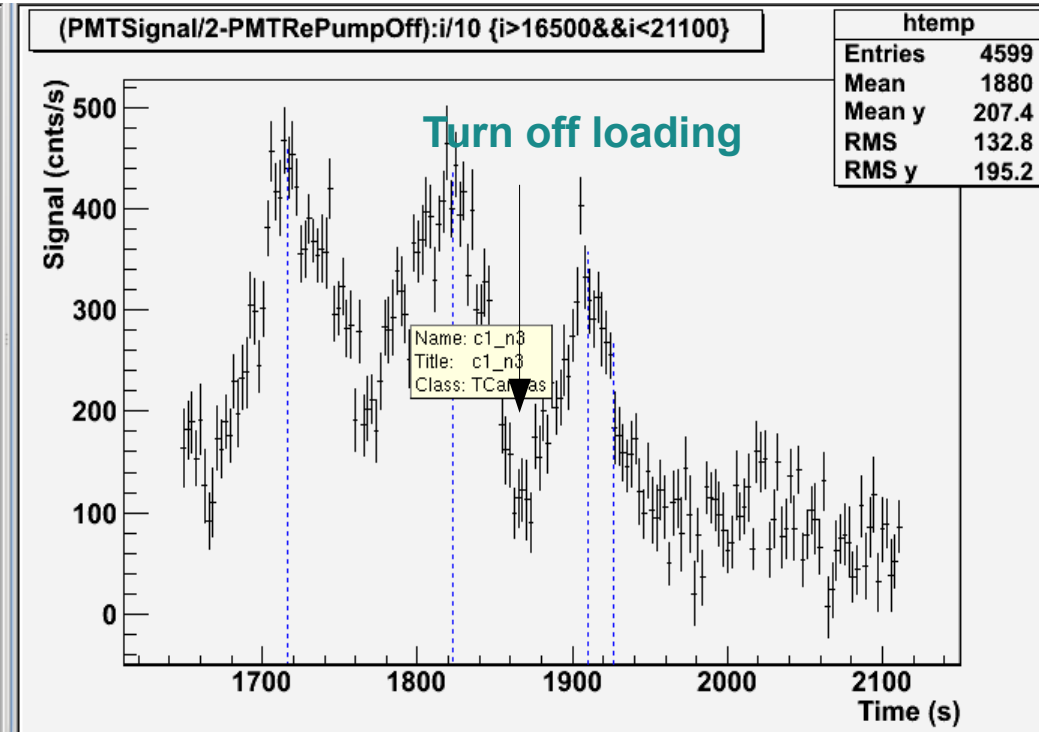
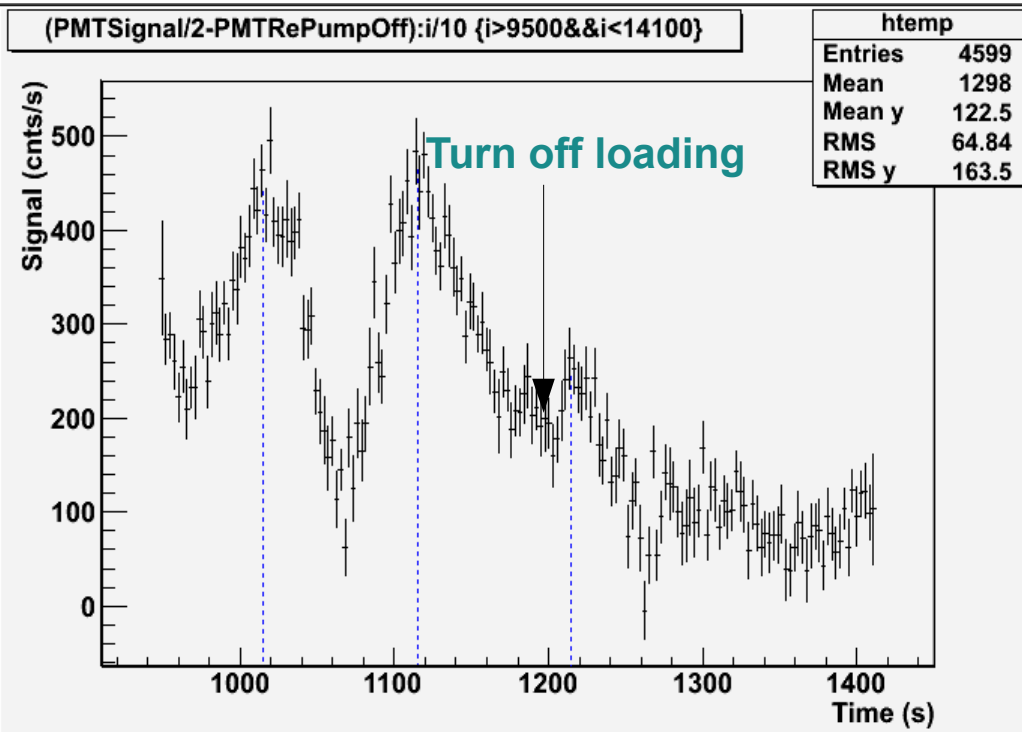


## Funding

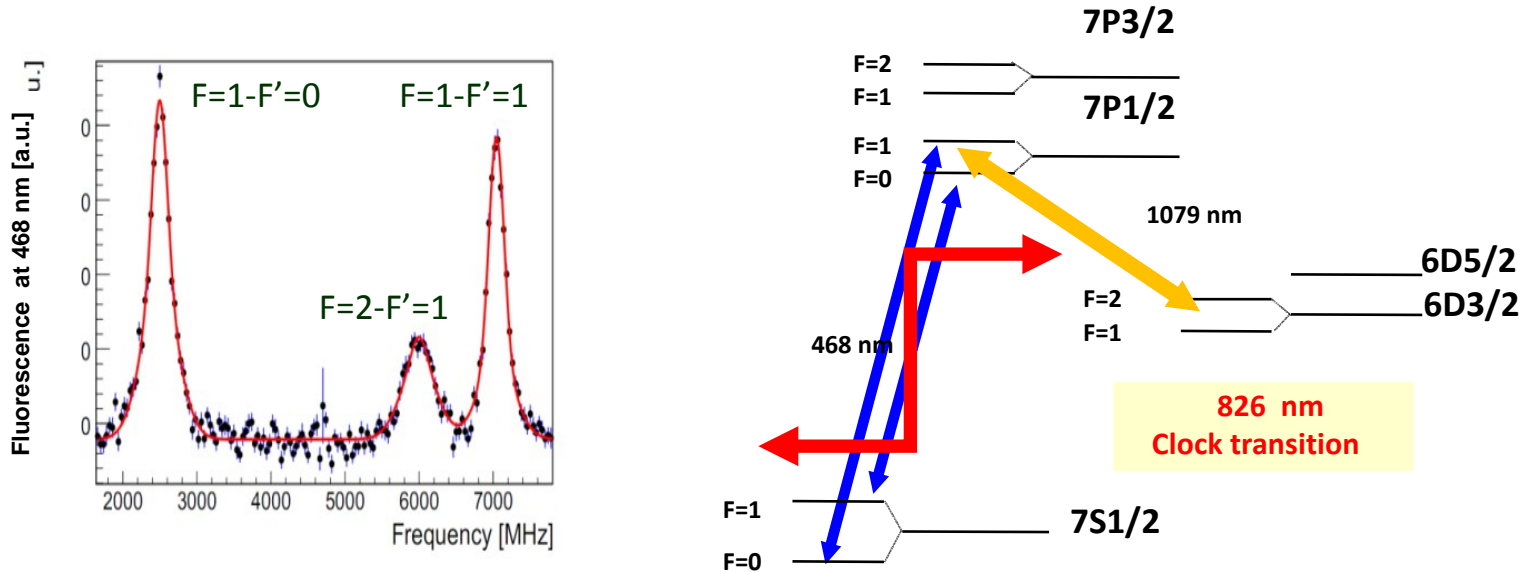
- FOM open competition
- NWO Toptalent grant
- NWO Veni fellowship



# Laser cooling: Ba ions



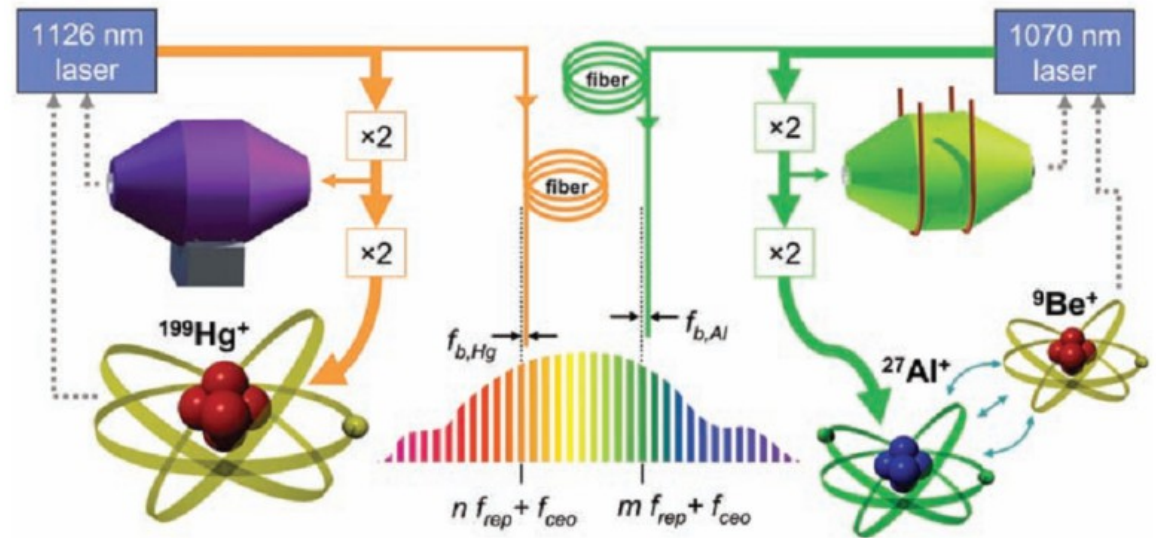
# Ra ion Atomic Clock



	Major systematics: Quadrupole shift	$d\alpha/dt$ relative strength	Atomic Parity Violation	Laser wavelength
$^{27}\text{Al}$	$< 10^{-17}$ <i>[Itano]</i>	1 <i>[Dzuba, Flambaum]</i>	Z small	deep UV
$^{199}\text{Hg}$	$10^{-17}$ <i>[Itano]</i>	- 400 <i>[Dzuba, Flambaum]</i>	atomic theory difficult to treat	deep UV
$^{223}\text{Ra}$	$< 10^{-18}$ <i>[Sahoo]</i>	+ 450 <i>[Versolato et. al]</i>	relativistic effects structure calculable	Visible/IR diode lasers

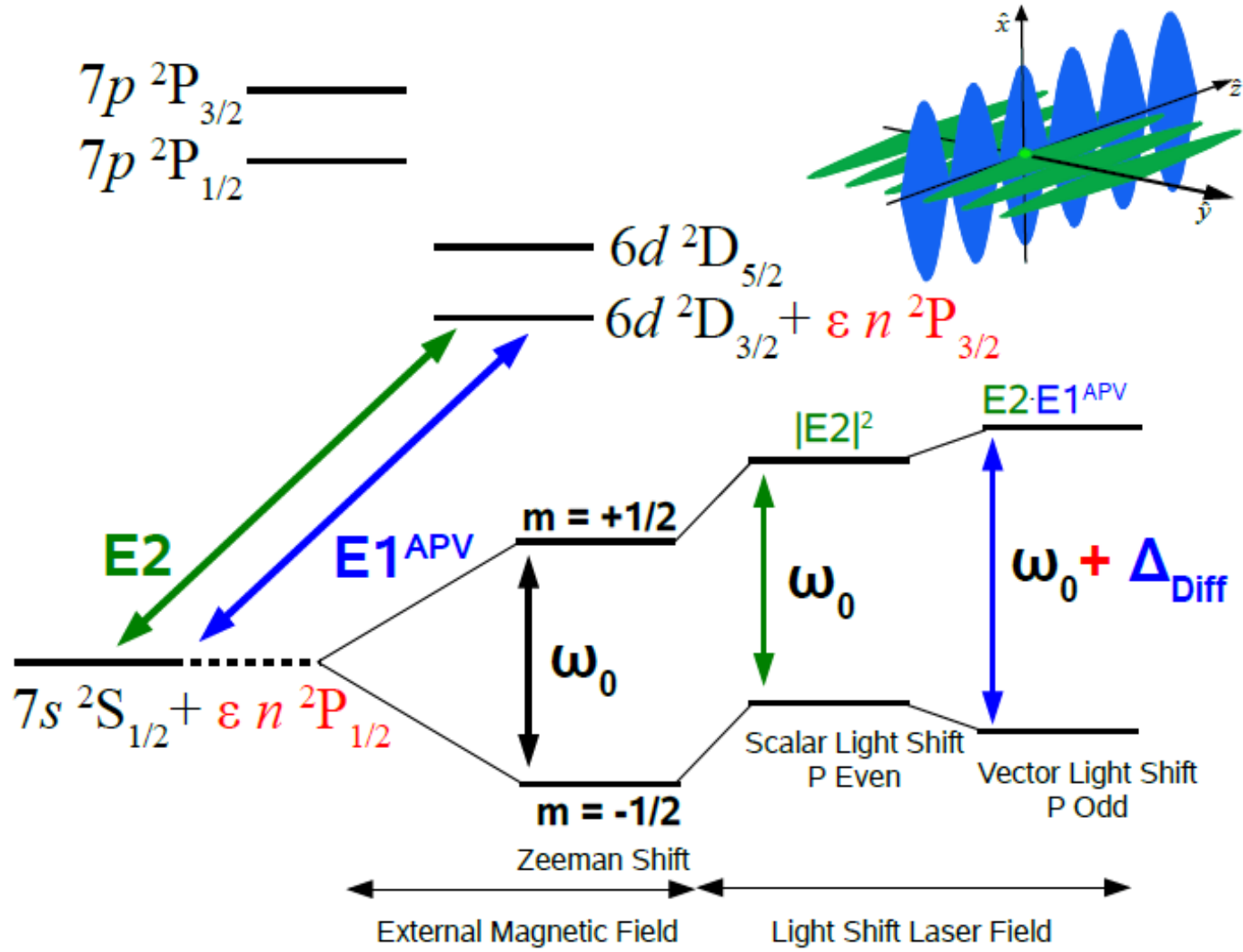
# Sensitivity to $\dot{\alpha}$

$$\frac{\dot{\nu}}{\nu} = A \frac{\dot{\alpha}}{\alpha}$$



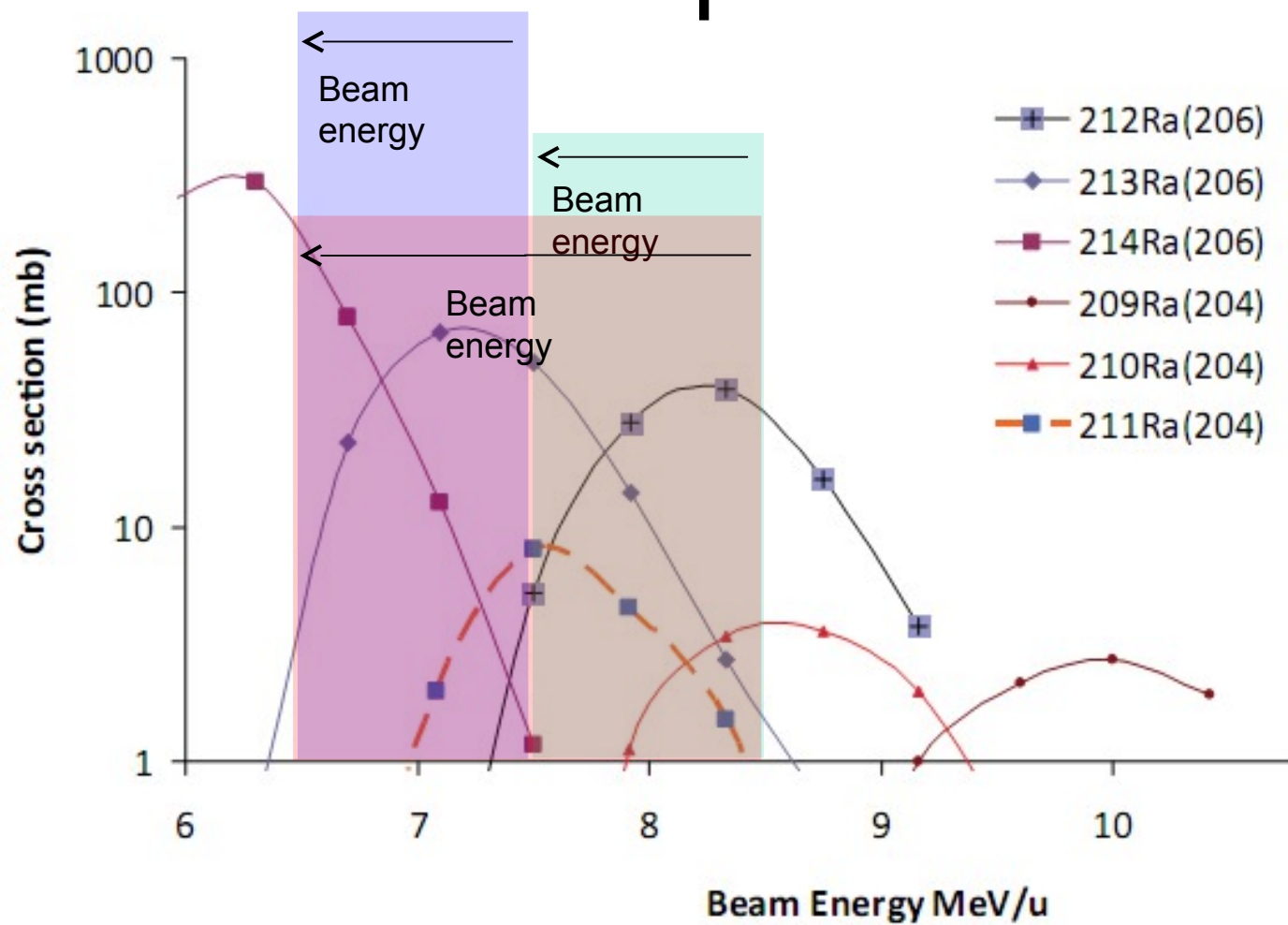
Ion	A	Ref.	Transition
Sr+	0.43	[15]	$2S_{1/2} - 2D_{5/2}$
Hg+	-2.94	[15]	$2S_{1/2} - 2D_{5/2}$
In+	0.18	[18]	$S_0 - P_0$
Al+	0.008	[18]	$S_0 - P_0$
Ba+	2.52	[15]	$6^2S_{1/2} - 5^2D_{3/2}$
Ba+	2.44	[15]	$6^2S_{1/2} - 5^2D_{5/2}$
Ra+	3.00	[15]	$7^2S_{1/2} - 6^2D_{3/2}$
Ra+	2.77	[15]	$7^2S_{1/2} - 6^2D_{5/2}$

# Differential Light Shift : Interference of E2 and E1<sup>APV</sup>





# Ra Ion production



# Lifetime vs. Buffer gas pressure

