

Super-FRS Status



Martin Winkler

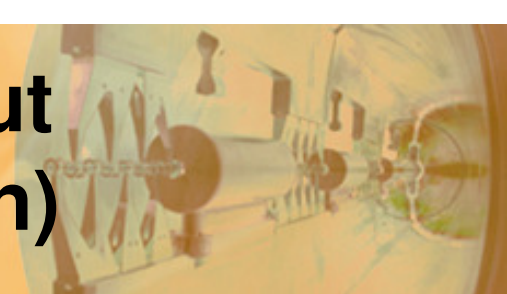
Annual NuSTAR Meeting, GSI, Feb.29 – March 2, 2012

- ✧ **Layout Full Version**
- ✧ **Status Civil Construction**
- ✧ **Status Components**
- ✧ **Transport Concept,
Installation, Timeline**
- ✧ **Summary**





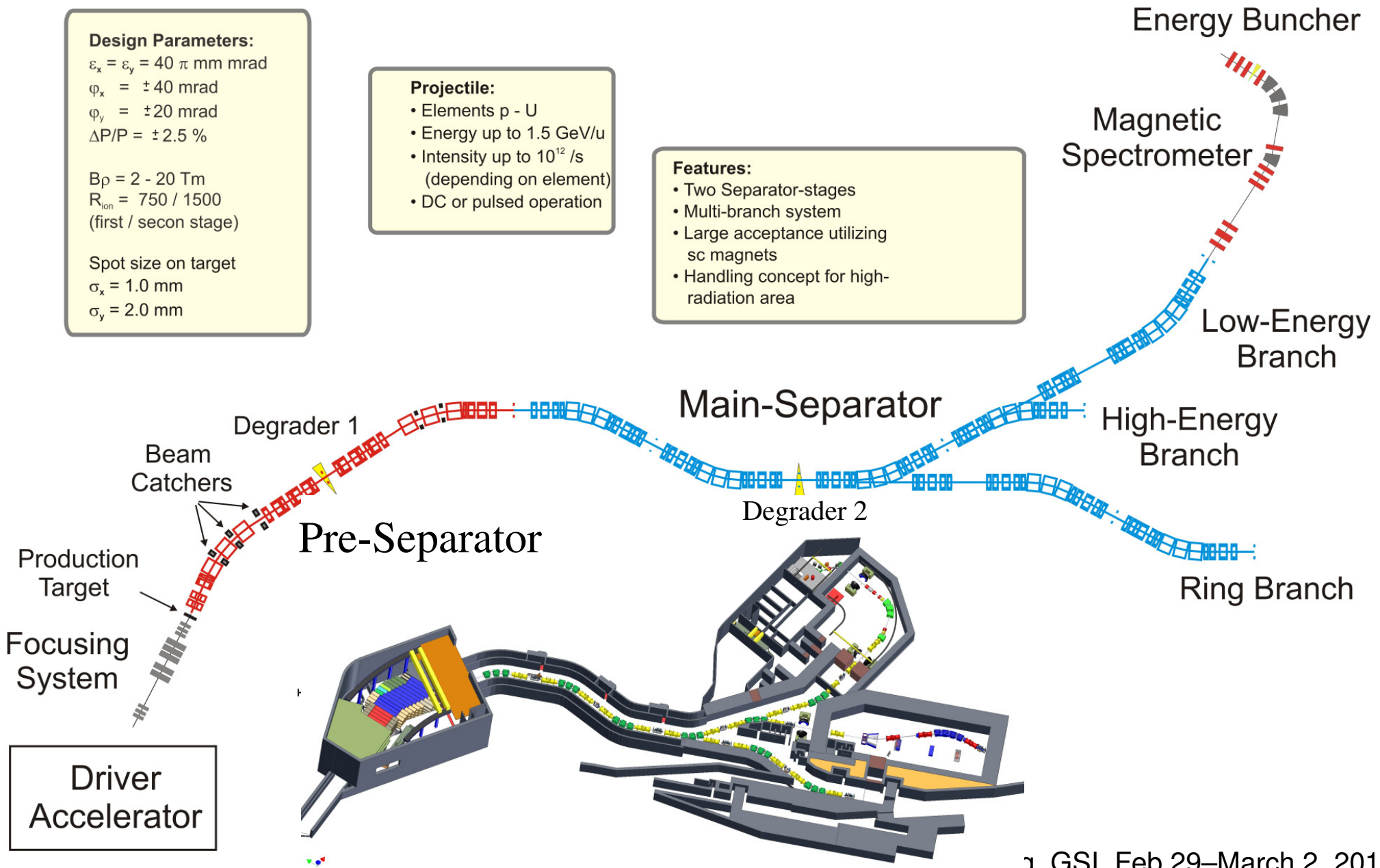
Design Parameters and Layout of the Super-FRS (Full Version)



Design Parameters:
 $\epsilon_x = \epsilon_y = 40 \pi \text{ mm mrad}$
 $\phi_x = \pm 40 \text{ mrad}$
 $\phi_y = \pm 20 \text{ mrad}$
 $\Delta P/P = \pm 2.5 \%$
 $B\rho = 2 - 20 \text{ Tm}$
 $R_{\text{ion}} = 750 / 1500$
 (first / secon stage)
 Spot size on target
 $\sigma_x = 1.0 \text{ mm}$
 $\sigma_y = 2.0 \text{ mm}$

Projectile:
 • Elements p - U
 • Energy up to 1.5 GeV/u
 • Intensity up to $10^{12} / \text{s}$
 (depending on element)
 • DC or pulsed operation

Features:
 • Two Separator-stages
 • Multi-branch system
 • Large acceptance utilizing sc magnets
 • Handling concept for high-radiation area

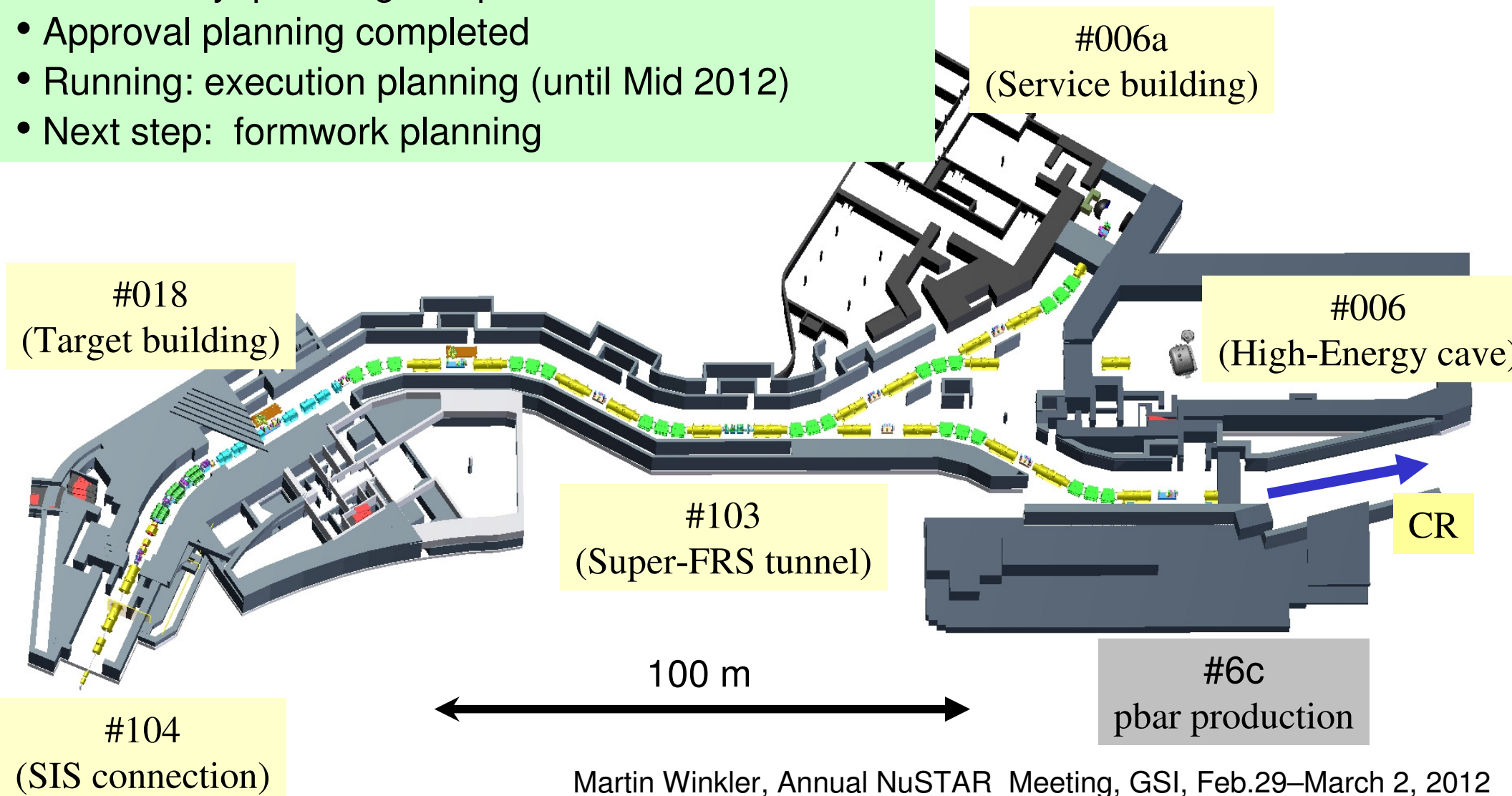




Super-FRS Buildings (MSV, Overview)

**Goal: Buildings ready for
Installation in 11/2016**

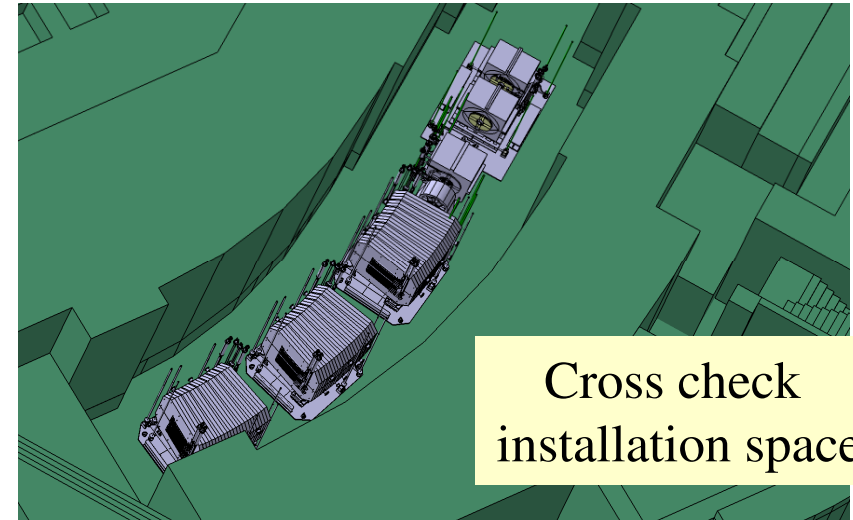
- Basic evaluation completed
- Preliminary planning completed
- Approval planning completed
- Running: execution planning (until Mid 2012)
- Next step: formwork planning



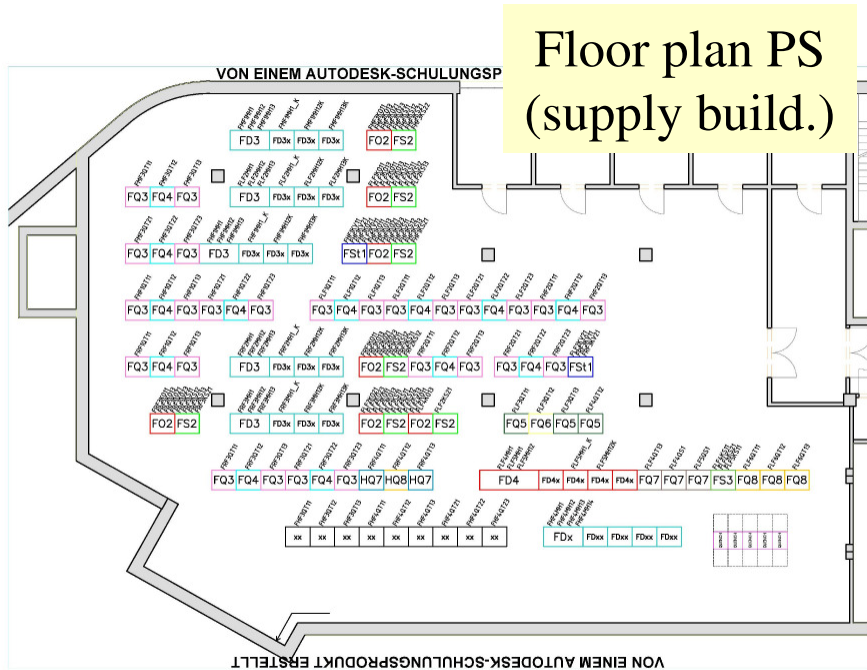
Execution Planning



- Cross check civil construction and machine (3D, digital mock up, DMU)
- Definition of space
- Floor planning
- Cable lists, component data lists, ...
- Integration of media installation and collision check

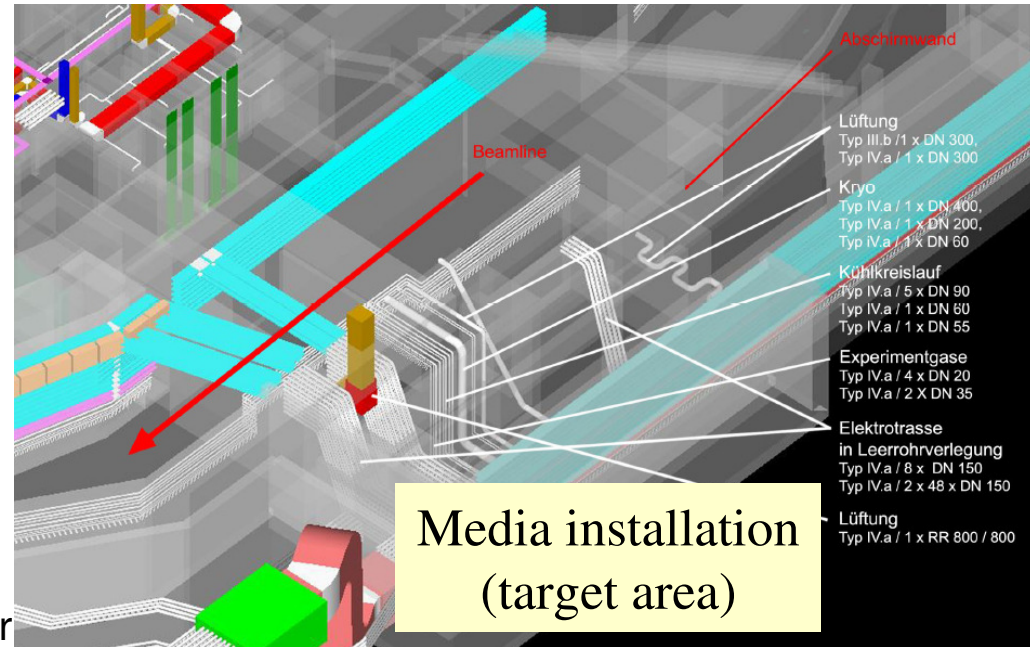


Cross check installation space



Floor plan PS (supply build.)

VON EINEM AUTODESK-SCHULUNGSPRODUKT ERSTELLT

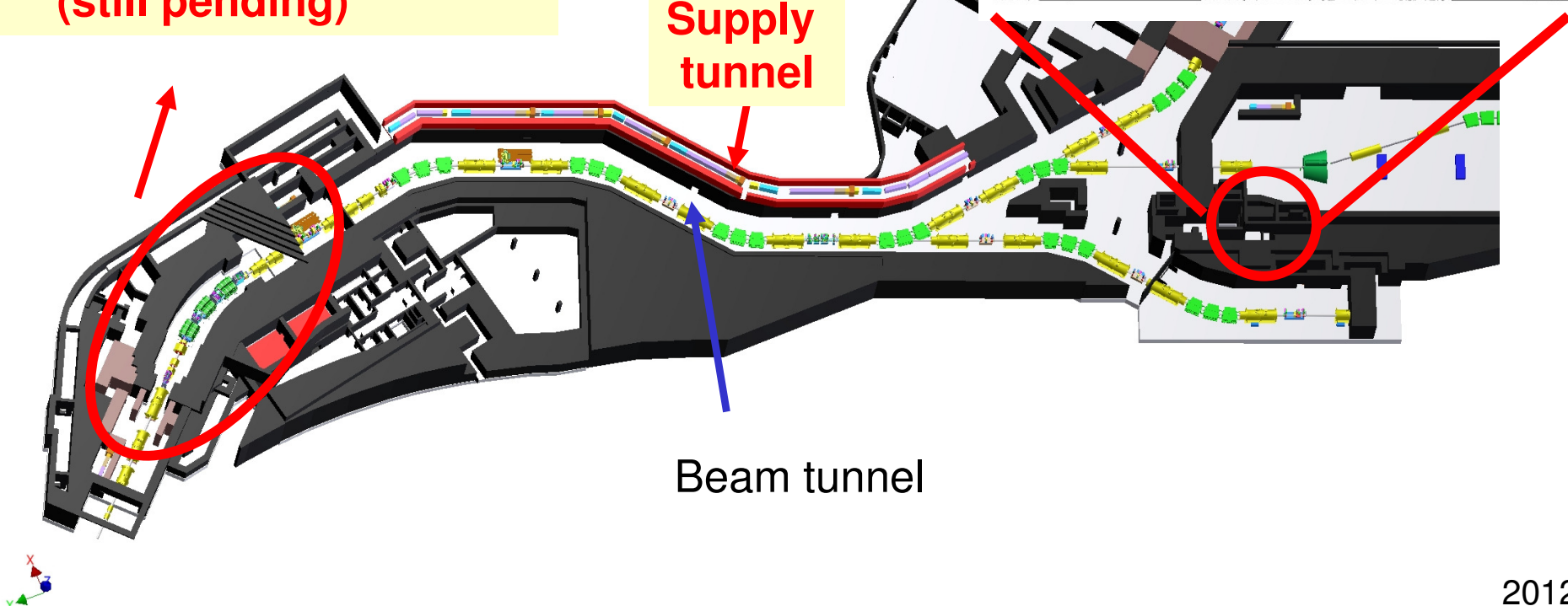
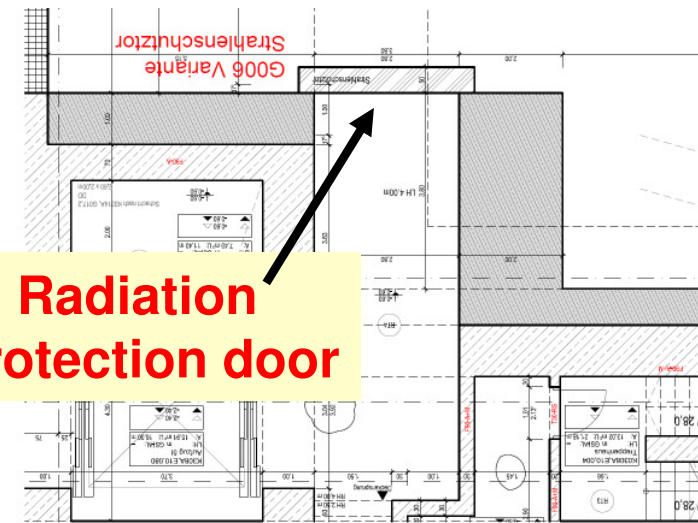
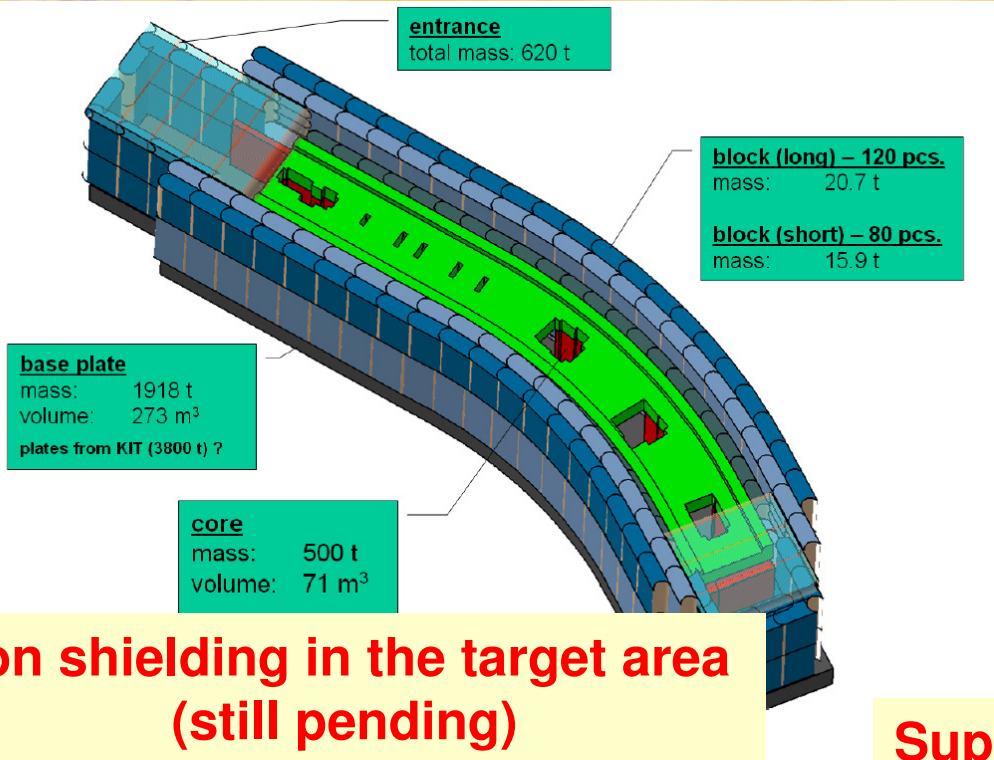


Media installation (target area)

- Abstrichwand
- Lüftung
Typ III.b / 1 x DN 300
Typ IV.a / 1 x DN 300
- Kryo
Typ IV.a / 1 x DN 400
Typ IV.a / 1 x DN 200
Typ IV.a / 1 x DN 60
- Kühlkreislauf
Typ IV.a / 5 x DN 90
Typ IV.a / 1 x DN 80
Typ IV.a / 1 x DN 55
- Experimentgase
Typ IV.a / 4 x DN 20
Typ IV.a / 2 x DN 35
- Elektrotrosse
in Leerrohrverlegung
Typ IV.a / 8 x DN 150
Typ IV.a / 2 x 48 x DN 150
- Lüftung
Typ IV.a / 1 x RR 800 / 100

VON EINEM AUTODESK-SCHULUNGSPRODUKT ERSTELLT

Execution Planning / Change Request



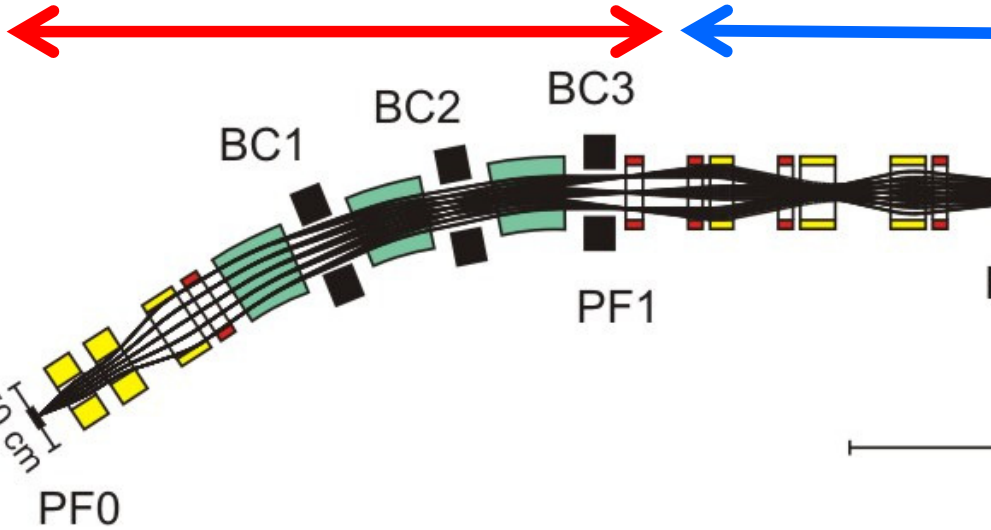
Radiation Resistant Dipole Prototype Production



High-radiation level

→ Normal conducting

Super conduct

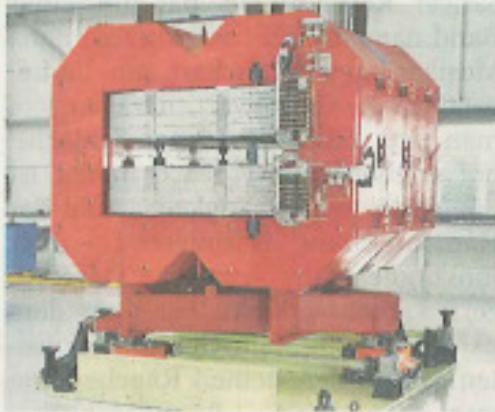


- Developed with BINP, Novosibirsk
- Normal conducting magnets using MIC
- $\rho = 12.5 \text{ m}$, $\phi = 11^\circ$, $B_{\text{max}} = 1.6 \text{ T}$, 95 ton
- Remote connectors and alignment
- in 2010: testing, field measurement, long term stability, FAT (at BINP)
- in 2011: delivery to GSI, assembly, SAT



C. Mühle
C. W
P. V

DING DER WOCHE



DER FRAGMENTSEPARATOR Foto Röchel

FAZ, 20.8.2011

Magnet der Extraklasse

Ein in Fragmentseparator ist, wie der Name sagt, ein Gerät, das Fragmente separiert, also voneinander trennt. Ein solcher Filter steht seit einiger Zeit in der neuen Testhalle auf dem Gelände des GSI Helmholtzzentrums für Schwerionenforschung in Darmstadt.

Das Ding ist 96 Tonnen schwer, gut drei auf drei Meter groß, wurde in Russland zusammgebaut und stellt technisch einen Magneten der Extraklasse dar. Nicht nur, weil bei seinem Bau vollständig auf organische Stoffe wie etwa Exoxidharze verzichtet wurde. Seine Leistungsfähigkeit verglichen mit den Magneten, die bei der GSI bislang im Einsatz sind, liegt um den Faktor 10'000 höher, wie GSI-Magnetspezialist Carsten Mühle erläutert.

ion Resistant Dipole prototype Production



super conductor



- Developed with BINP, Novosibirsk
- Normal conducting magnets using MIC
- $\rho = 12.5 \text{ m}$, $\phi = 11^\circ$, $B_{\text{max}} = 1.6 \text{ T}$, 95 ton
- Remote connectors and alignment
- in 2010: testing, field measurement, long term stability, FAT (at BINP)
- in 2011: delivery to GSI, assembly, SAT



June 2011



July 2011

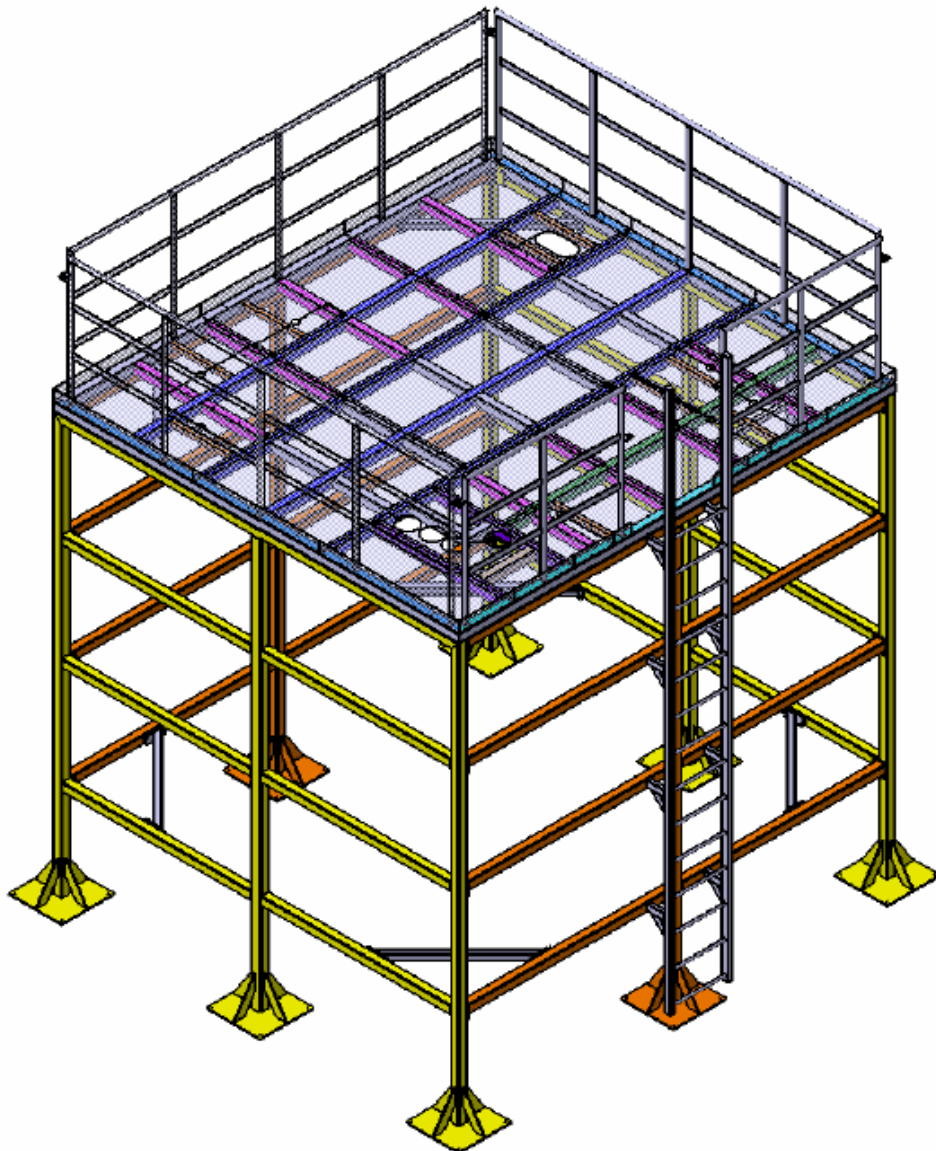
Radiation Resistant Dipole Prototype Production



High-radiation level

→ Normal conducting

Super conducting



- Developed with BINP, Novosibirsk
- Normal conducting magnets using MIC
- $\rho = 12.5 \text{ m}$, $\phi = 11^\circ$, $B_{\text{max}} = 1.6 \text{ T}$, 95 ton
- Remote connectors and alignment
- in 2010: testing, field measurement, long term stability, FAT (at BINP)
- in 2011: delivery to GSI, assembly, SAT
- **next step: simulate 'tunnel installation'**



June 2011

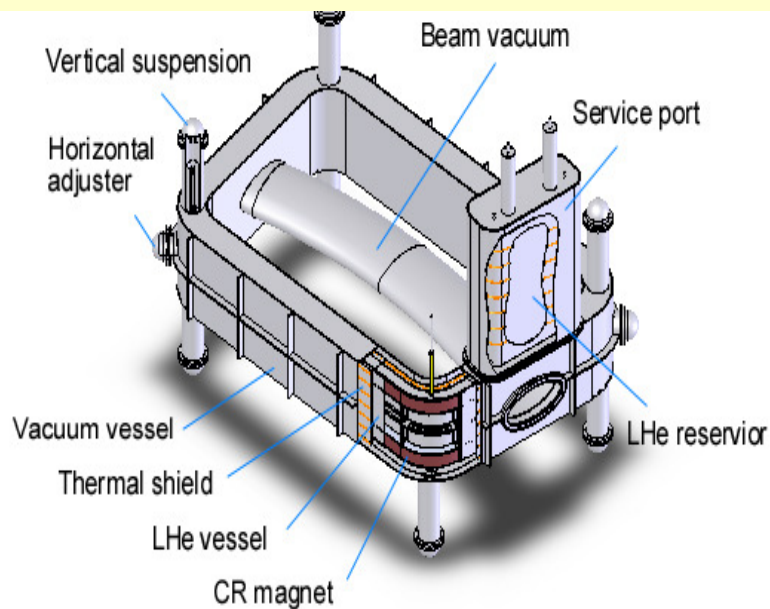
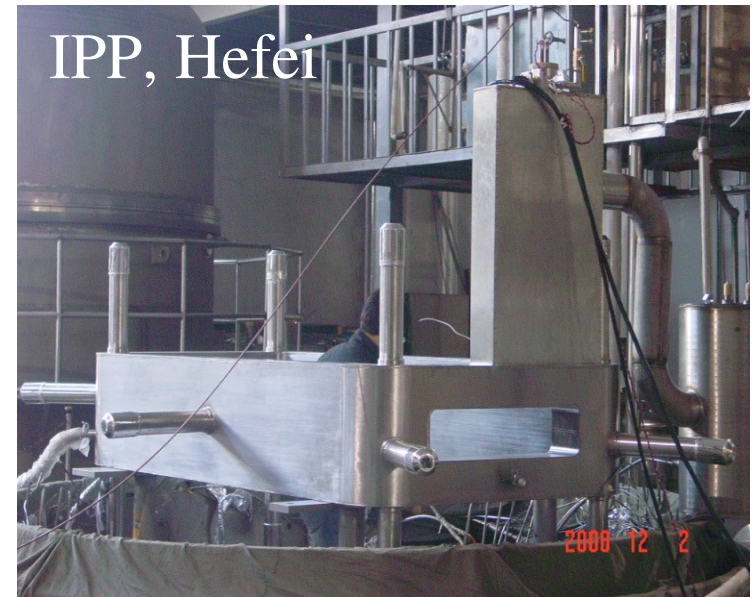


July 2011

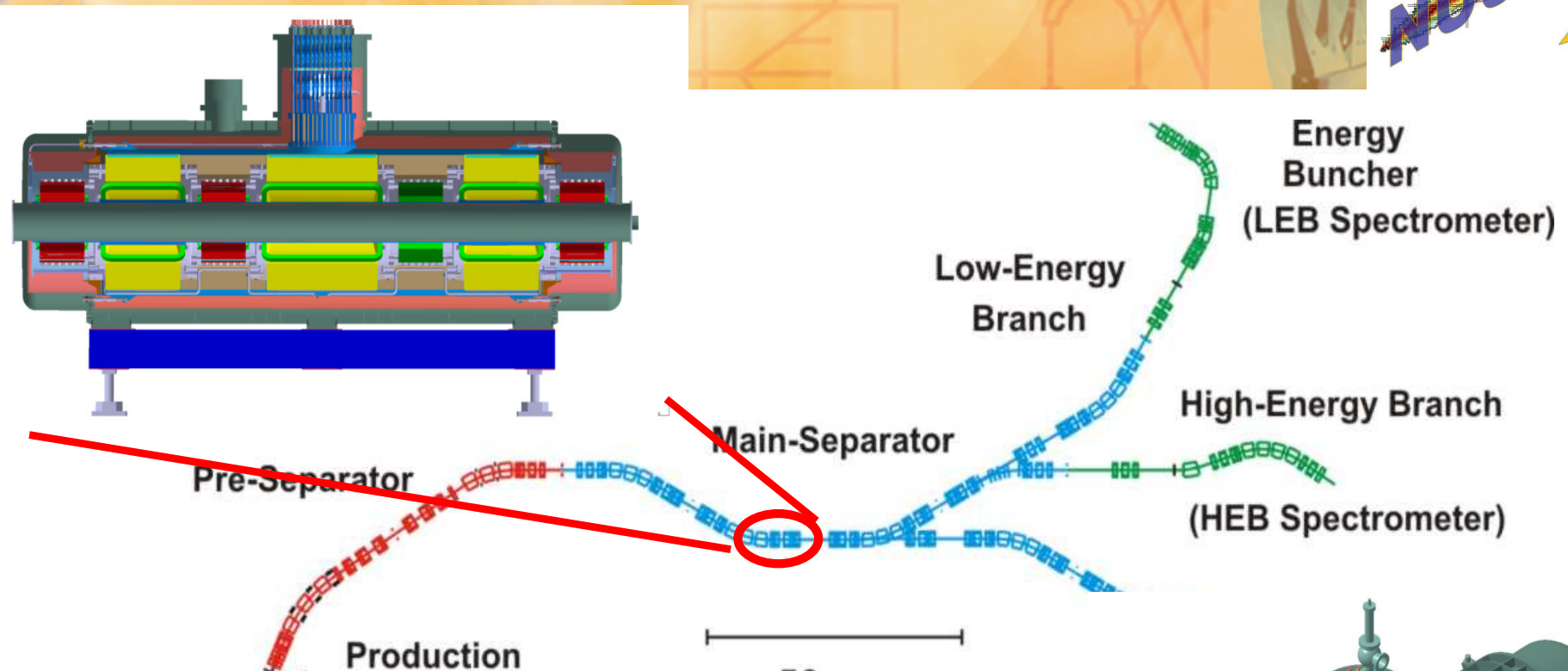
Superferric Dipole for the Super-FRS



- 24 dipole units are required
- Iron dominated, warm iron, SC coil
- Large aperture $\pm 190\text{mm} \times \pm 70\text{mm}$; 50 ton
- Prototype built and tested by FAIR China Group
- Some small modifications are required for the series
- Advanced negotiation with France (CEA, Saclay) as contributor
- Spain (CIEMAT, Madrid) indicated interested, but so far no concrete proposal
- First series dipole expected for 2014

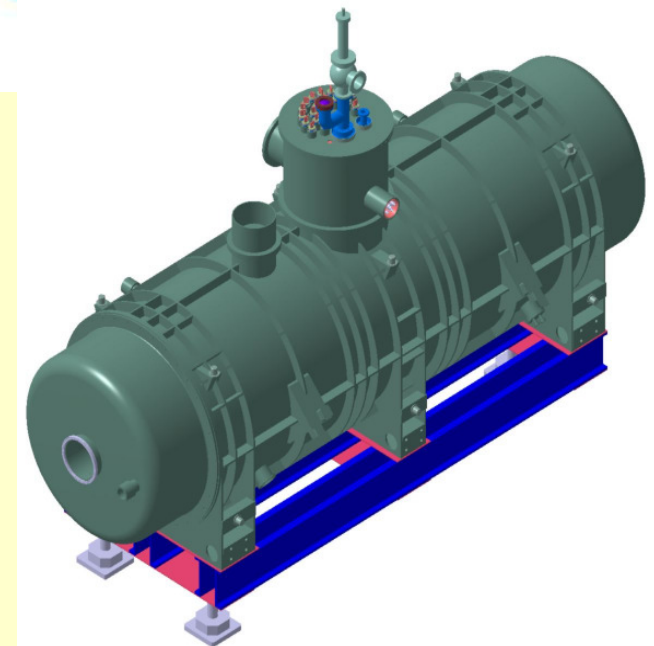


Superferric Multiplets for the Super-FRS



- 31 SC Multiplets (+ 2 spare Multiplets)
- iron dominated, cold iron, warm beam pipe
- up to 9 magnets in one cryostat, $L_{\text{Max}}=7$ m, $M_{\text{Max}}=50$ ton
- large aperture, $\text{\O} 380$ mm, high gradients (e.g. 10 T/m)
- presented as German in-kind contribution at IKRB and approved by FAIR council
- Preparation of specification and tendering documents
- Negotiation with CERN concerning magnet testing/mapping

Most time critical component



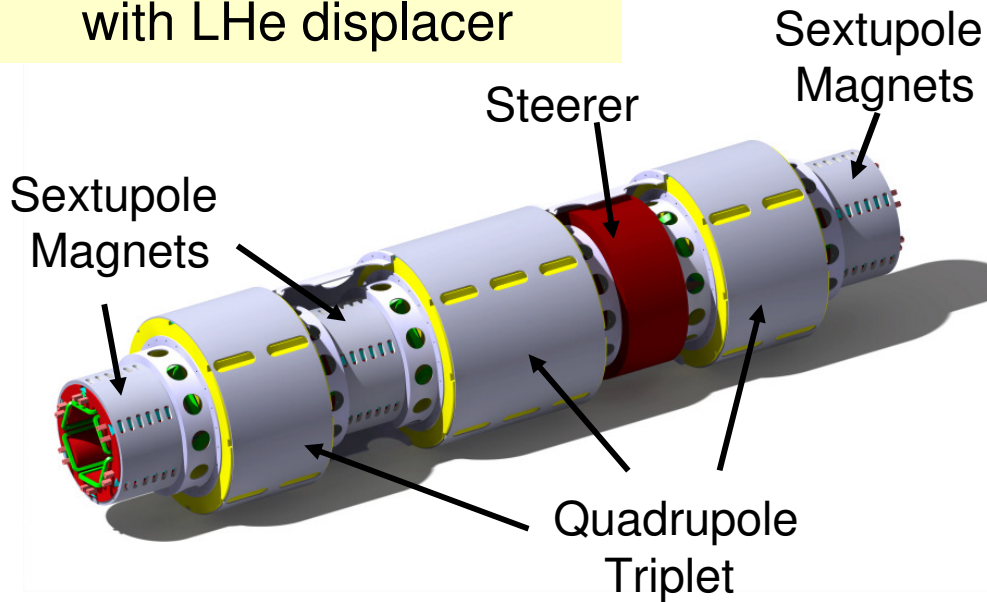
meeting, GSI, Feb.29–March 2, 2012

Establishing the Specification

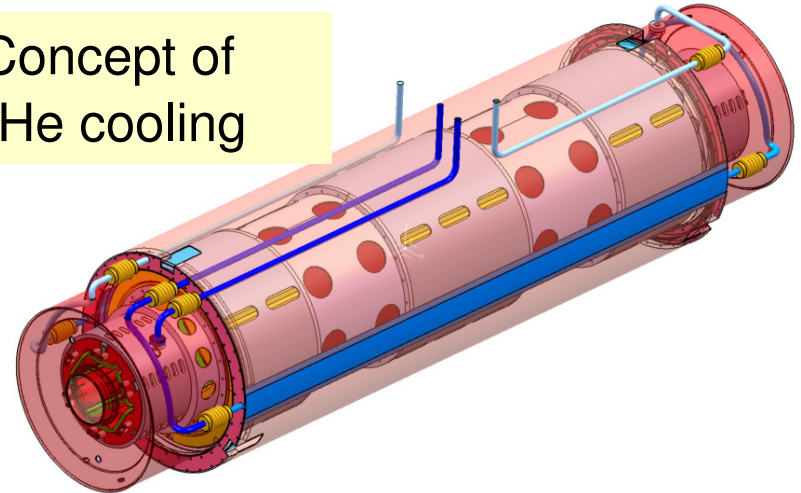
(Modular System)



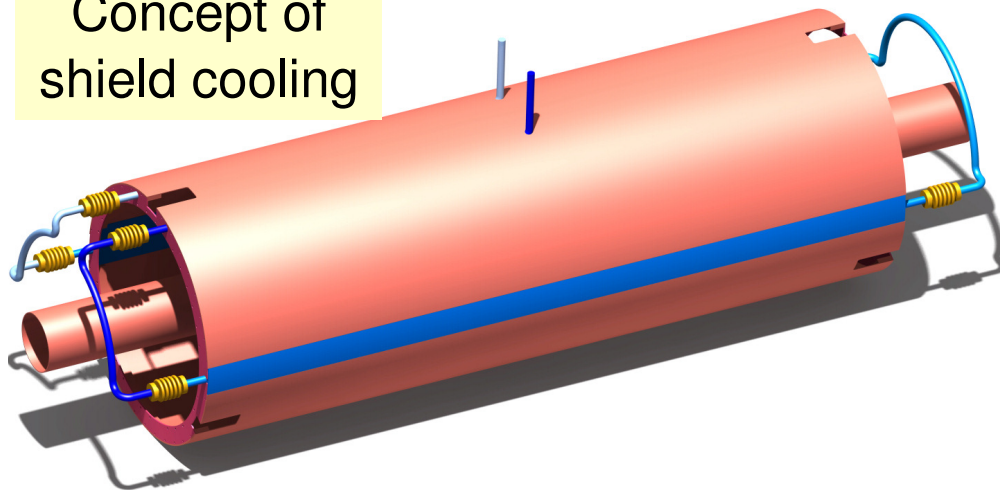
Concept of cold mass with LHe displacer



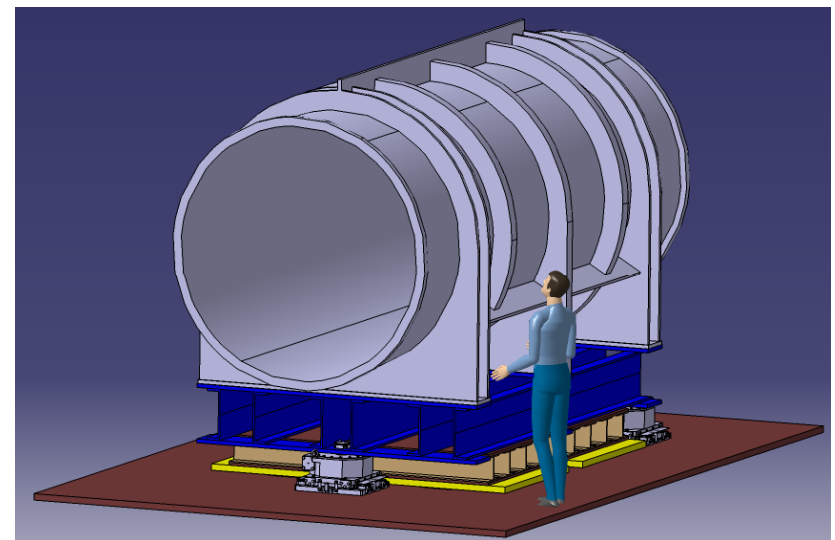
Concept of LHe cooling



Concept of shield cooling



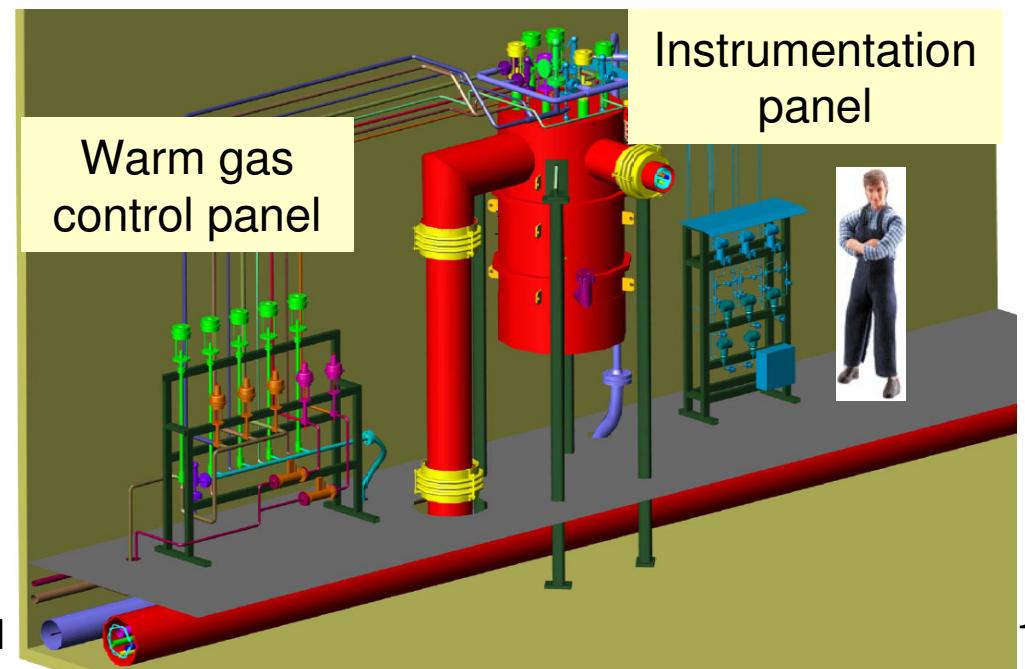
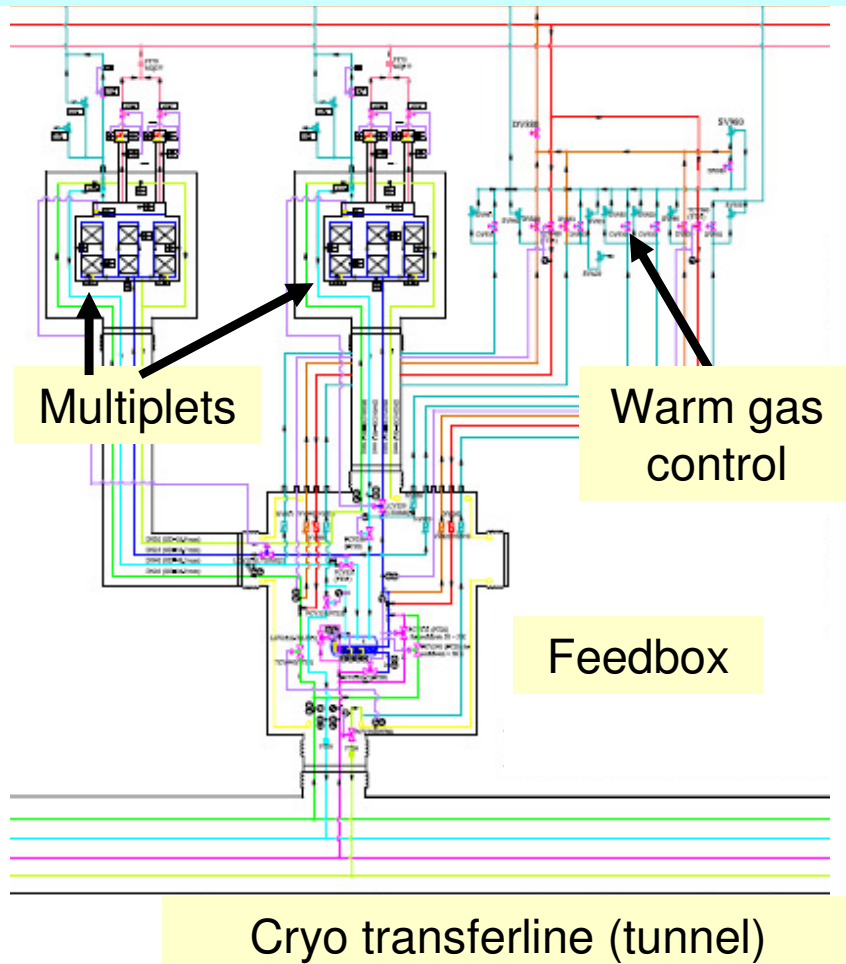
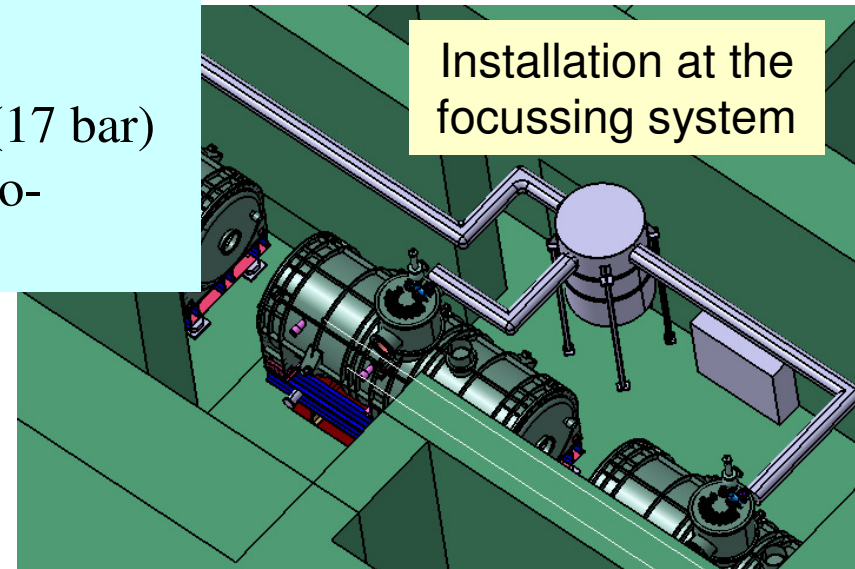
Concept of transport in tunnel



Local Cryogenics for Super-F



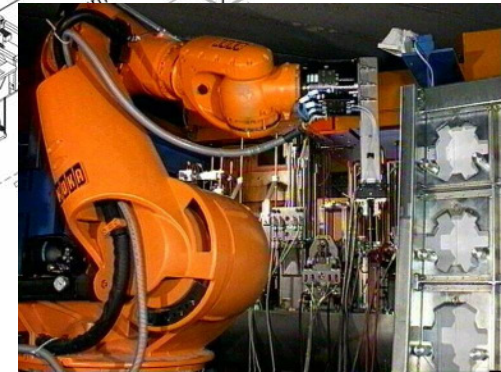
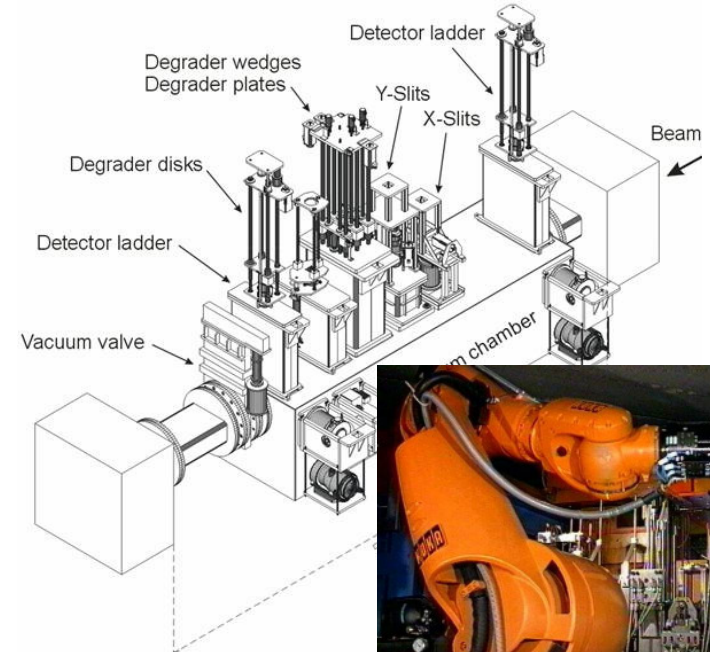
- Method: bath cooling
- Rather high LHe inventory (1.500 l/multiplet)
- Grouping of several cryostats using one feedbox
- Feedboxes provide: 1-5K LHe (3 bar), 4-50K He gas (17 bar)
- Poland will contribute as in-kind to feedboxes and cryo-transferline



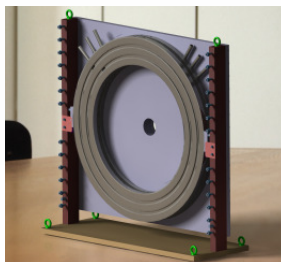
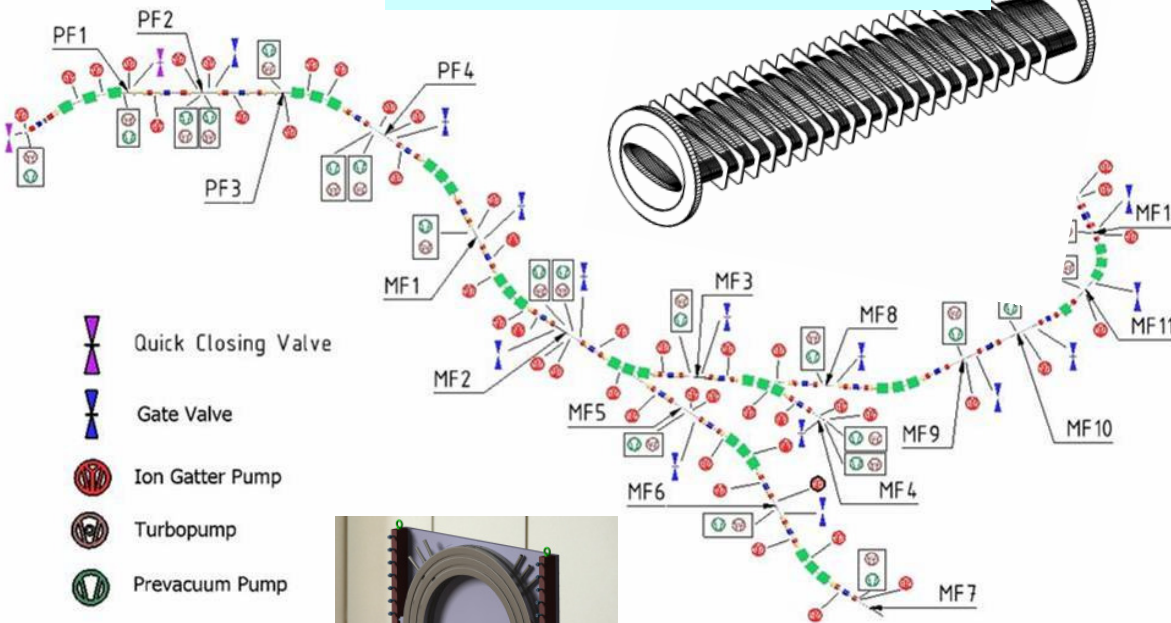
Vacuum System and Components

- Goal: vacuum in the 10^{-7} mbar range
- Large and very large size chambers (target, beam catcher, magnet chambers, focal plane chambers)
- Remote handling capability in the target area (e.g. pillow seals) and at the Pre-Separator (e.g. robotic)
- German in-kind for standard vacuum components

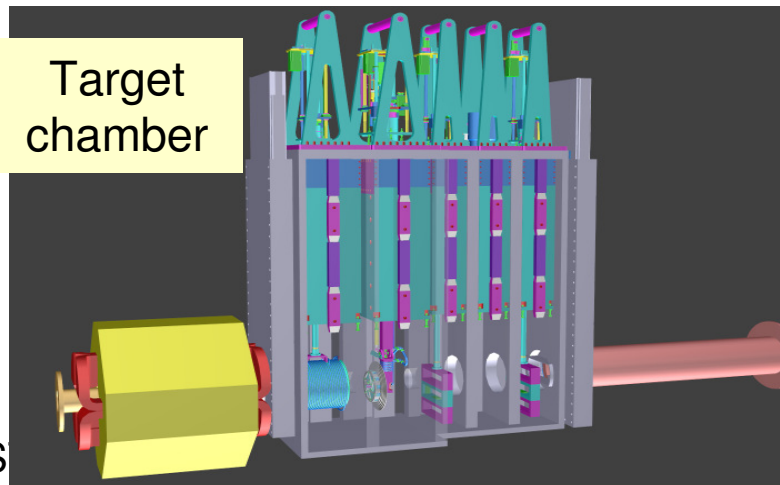
Remote handling capability at the Pre-Separator



SC Dipole chambers (Size 400mm x 140mm x 2.4m)



Target chamber

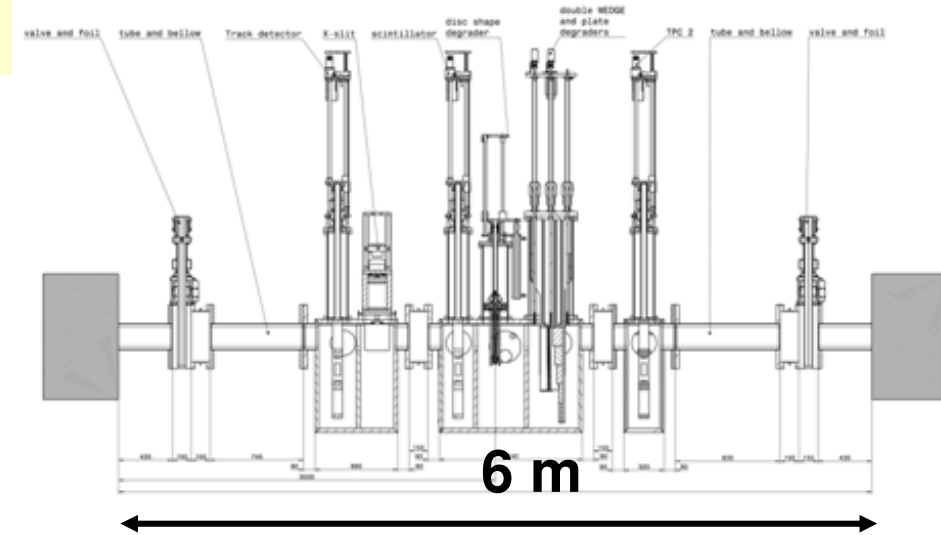
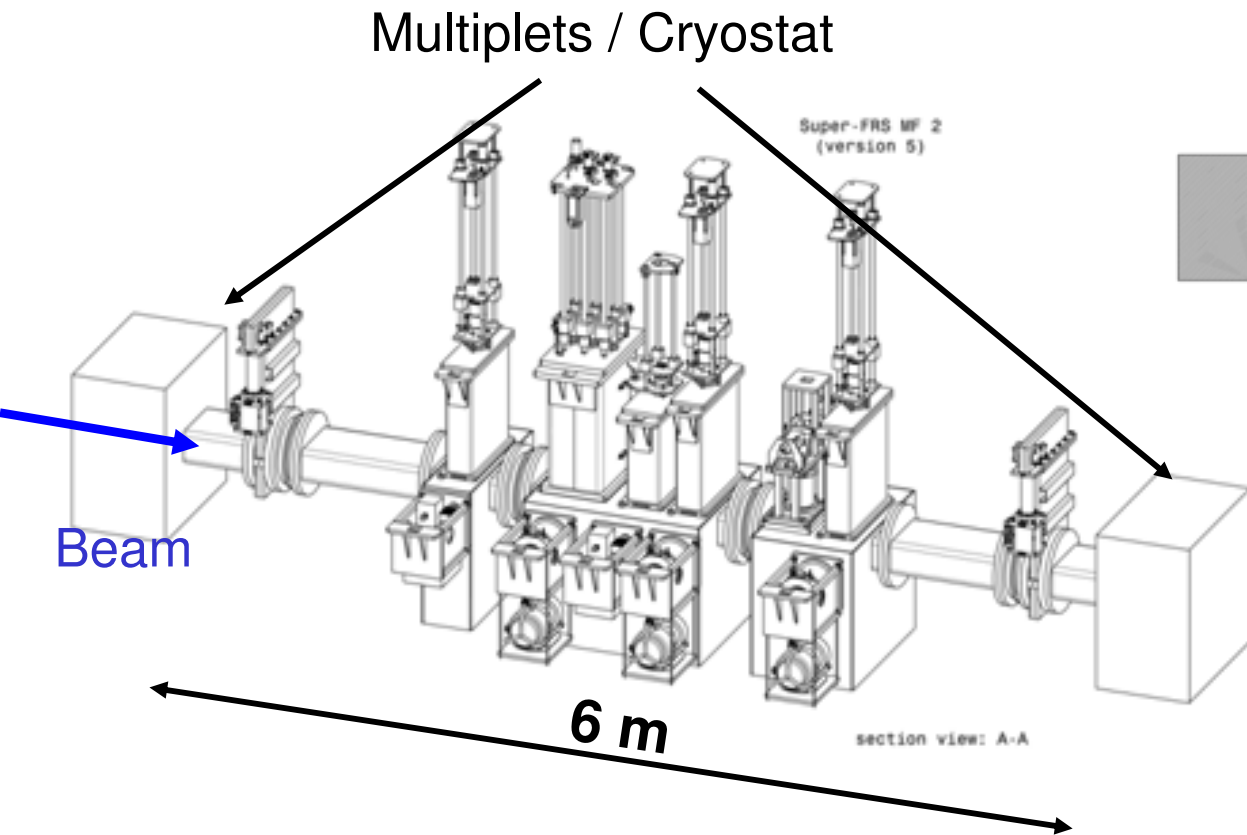


Focal Plane Chambers

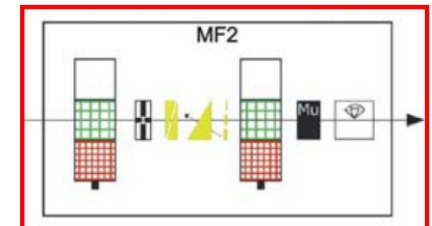
(example: mid-plane of the Main-Separator, FMF2)



- Sufficient space at focal planes foreseen
- Keep **Flexibility** to set-up different equipment
- Russia (BINP) indicated interest to apply for in-kind contribution for all Super-FRS focal plane chambers (including support frames)



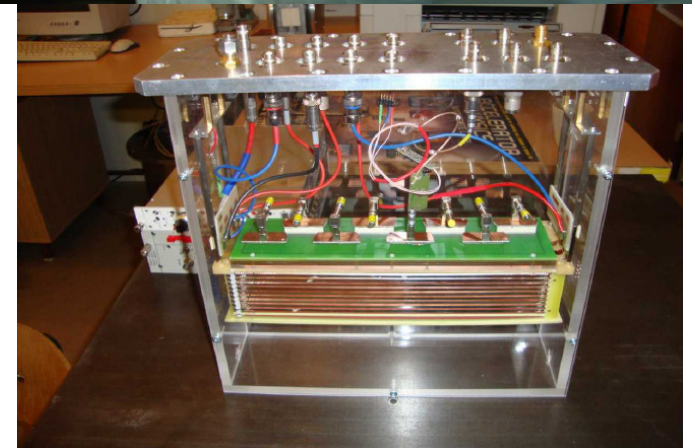
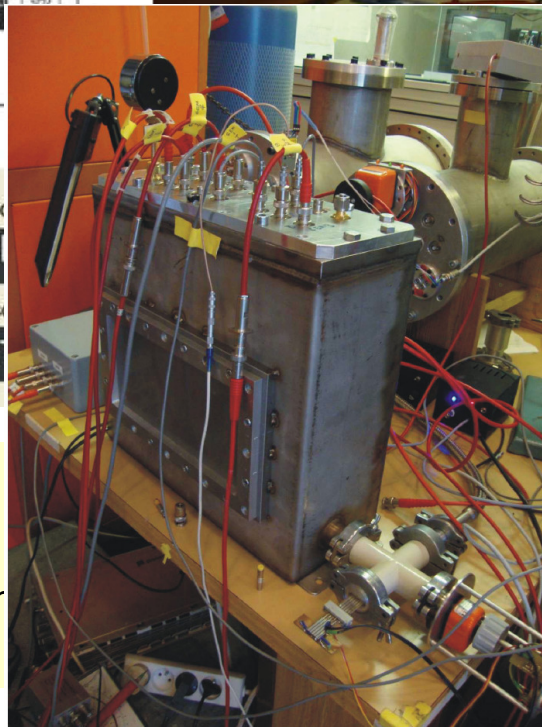
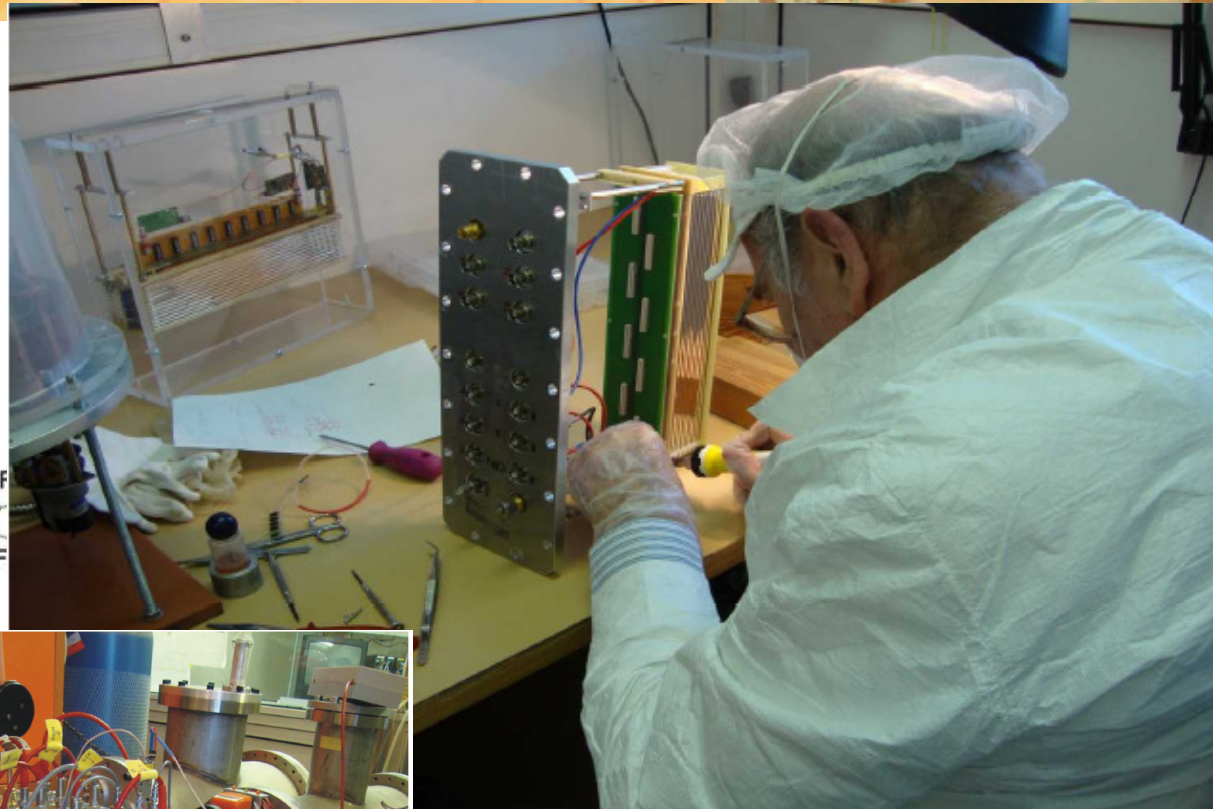
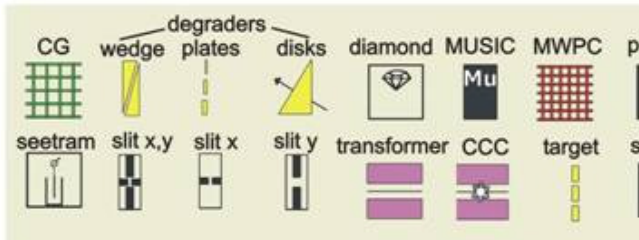
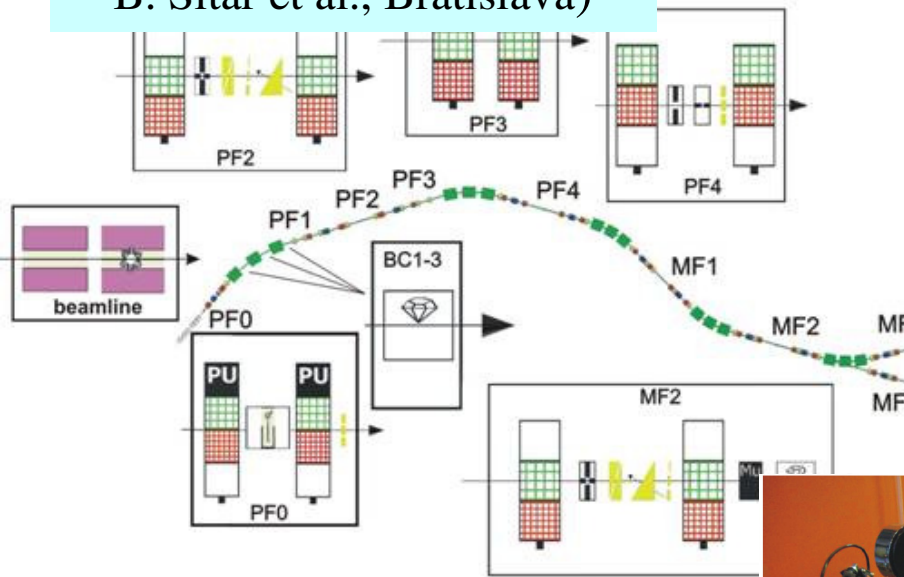
Equipment



GEM TPC development

GEM TPC Prototype

(F. García et al., Helsinki /
B. Sitar et al., Bratislava)



Full isotope identification

- x, y : position measurements $\rightarrow B\rho$
- x', y' : corresponding angle measurements
- ΔE and TOF for particle identification

Beam time at FRS000 in April/May

Rudo Janik

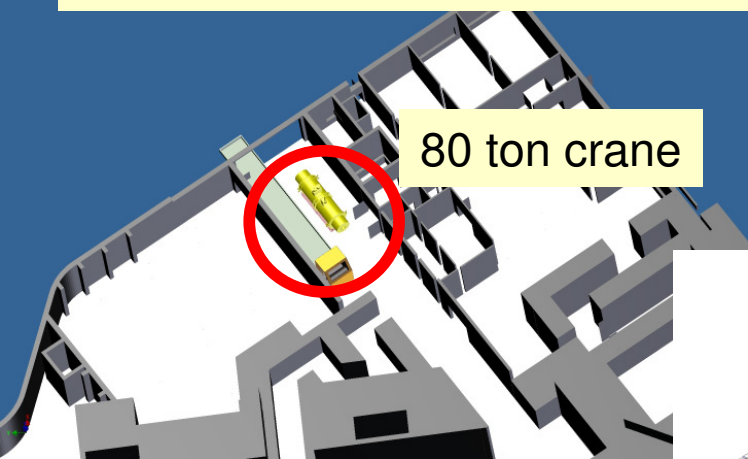


Martin Winkler, Annual NuSTAR Meeting, GSI, Feb.29–March 2, 2012

Transport Concept I (Tunnel)

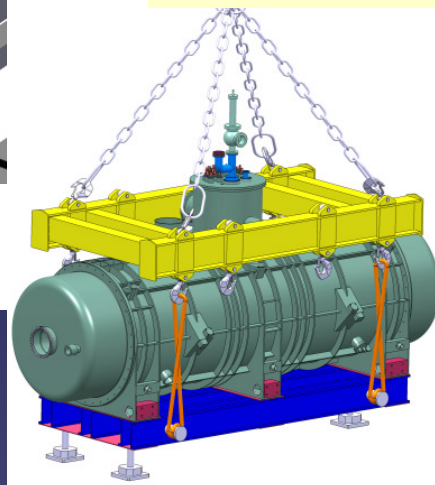


Delivery into the supply building

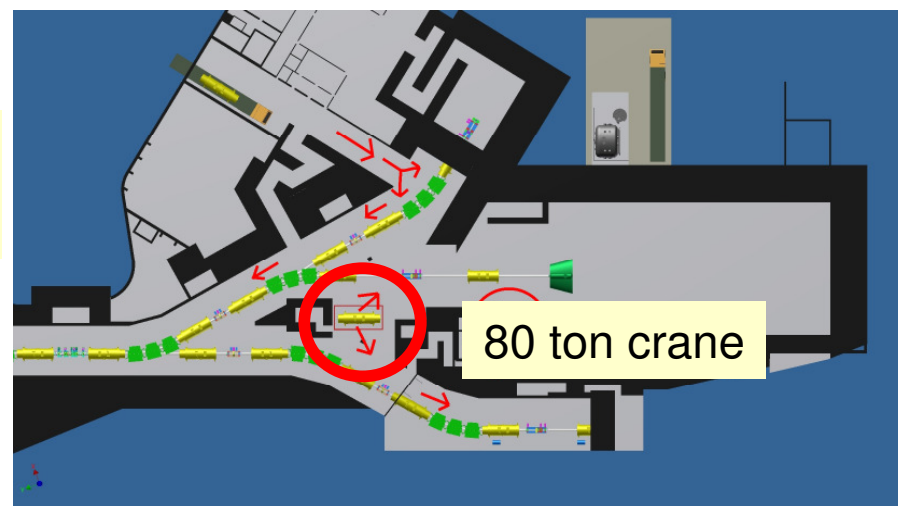


80 ton crane

Uploading by crane (80 ton)

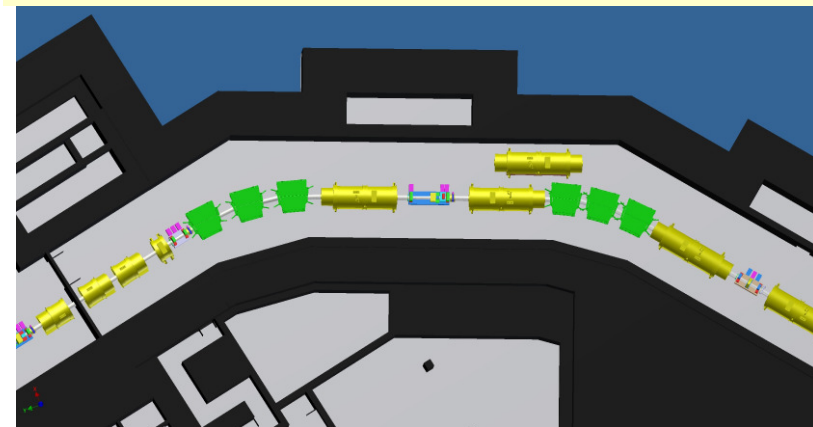


Component distribution

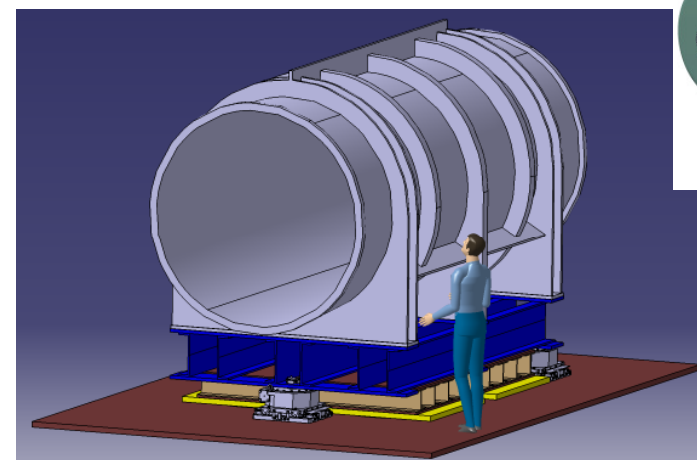


80 ton crane

Transport on left side in the tunnel



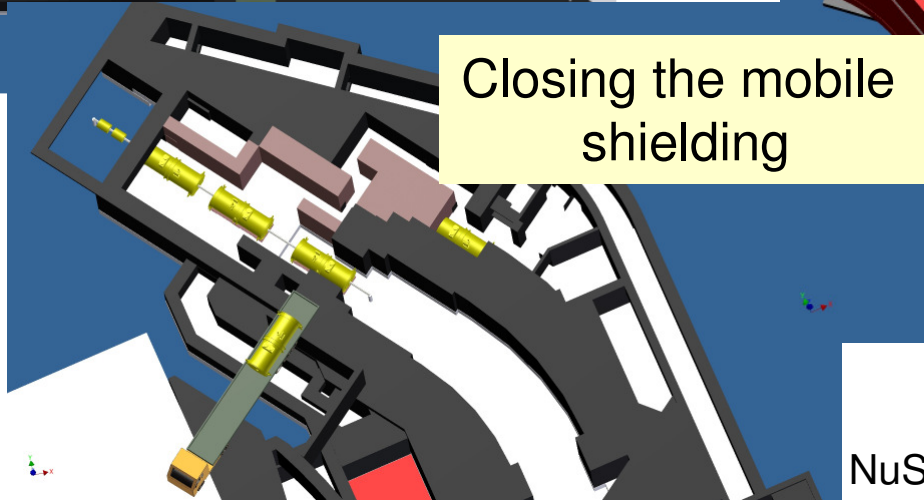
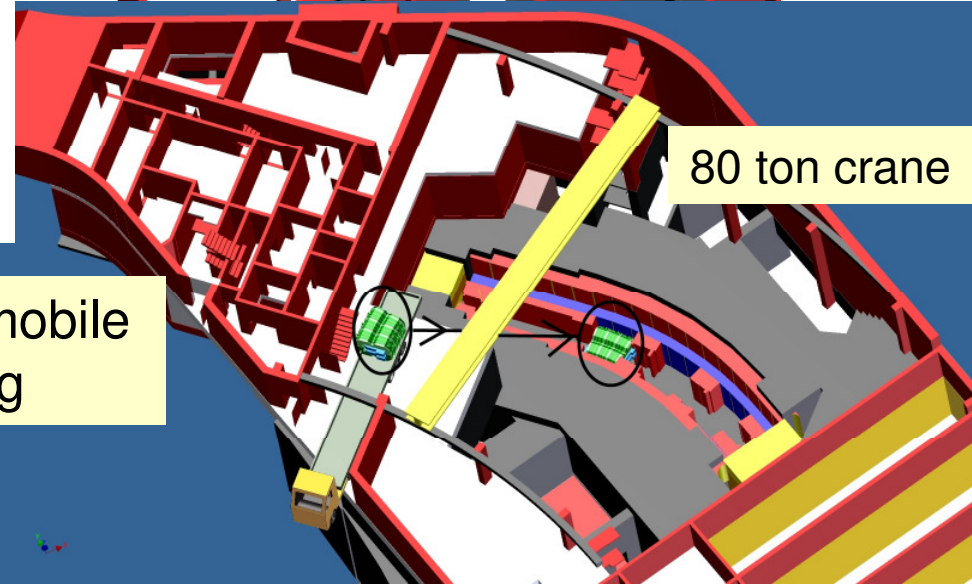
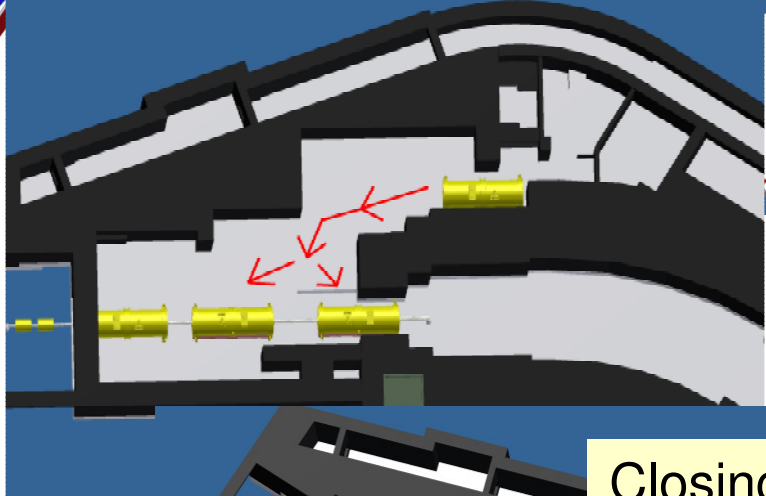
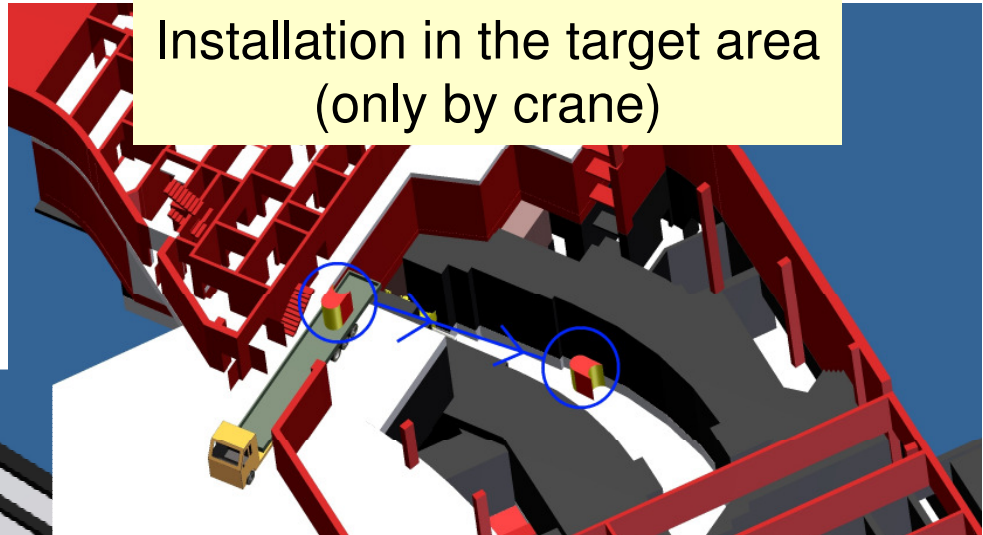
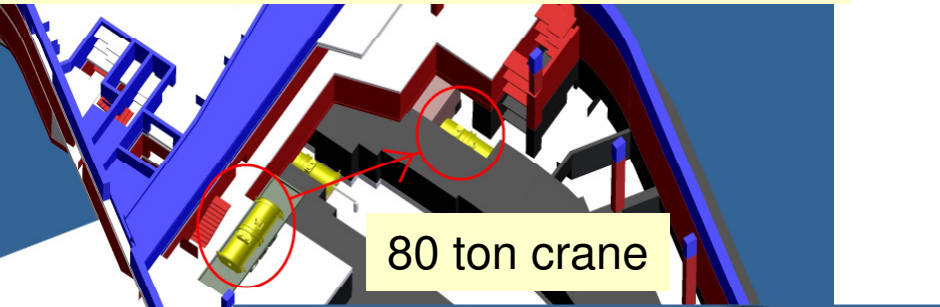
Air-cushion transport



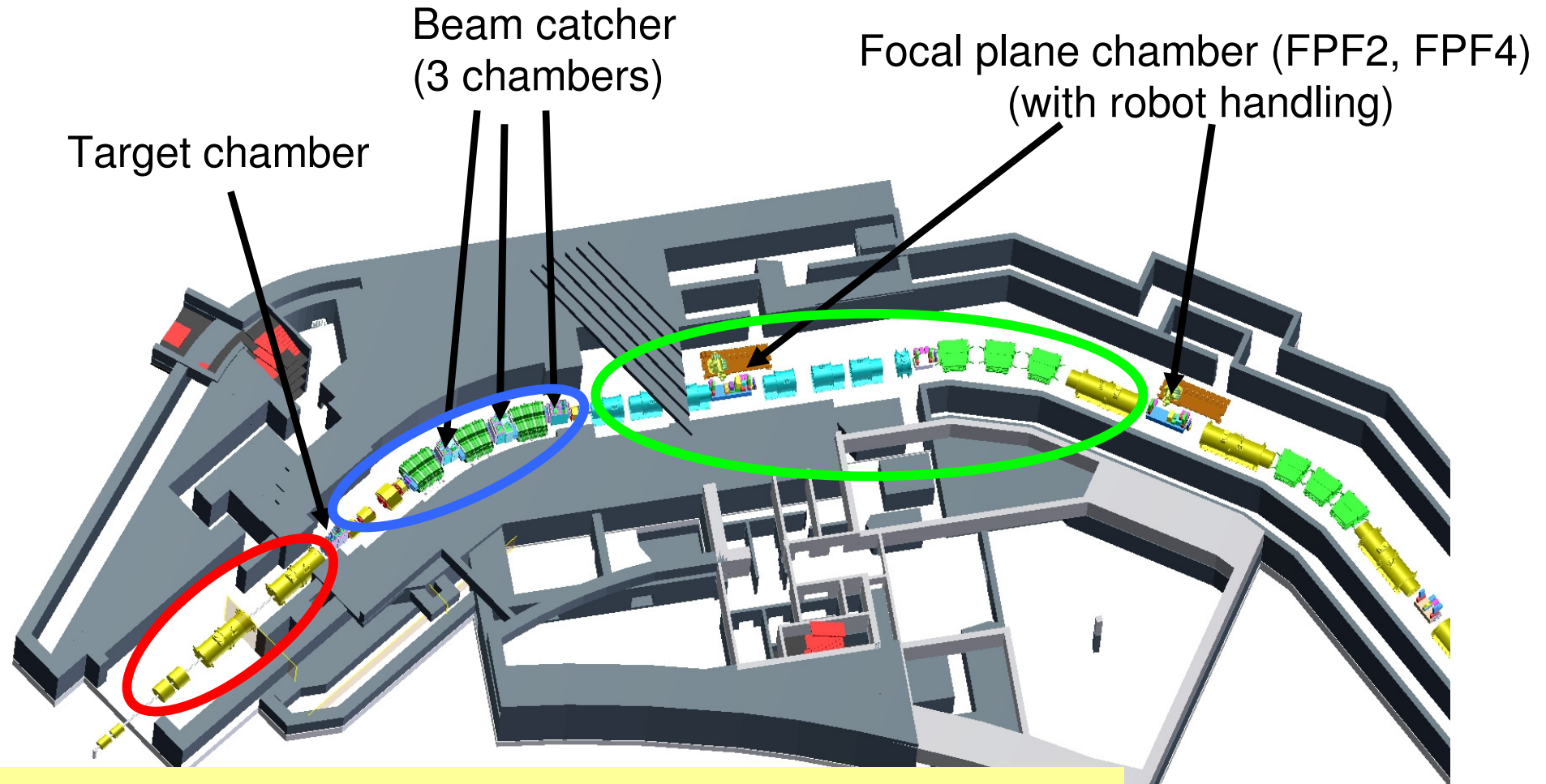
Transport Concept II (Target Building)



Installation of the focussing system
(only by crane and air-cushion)

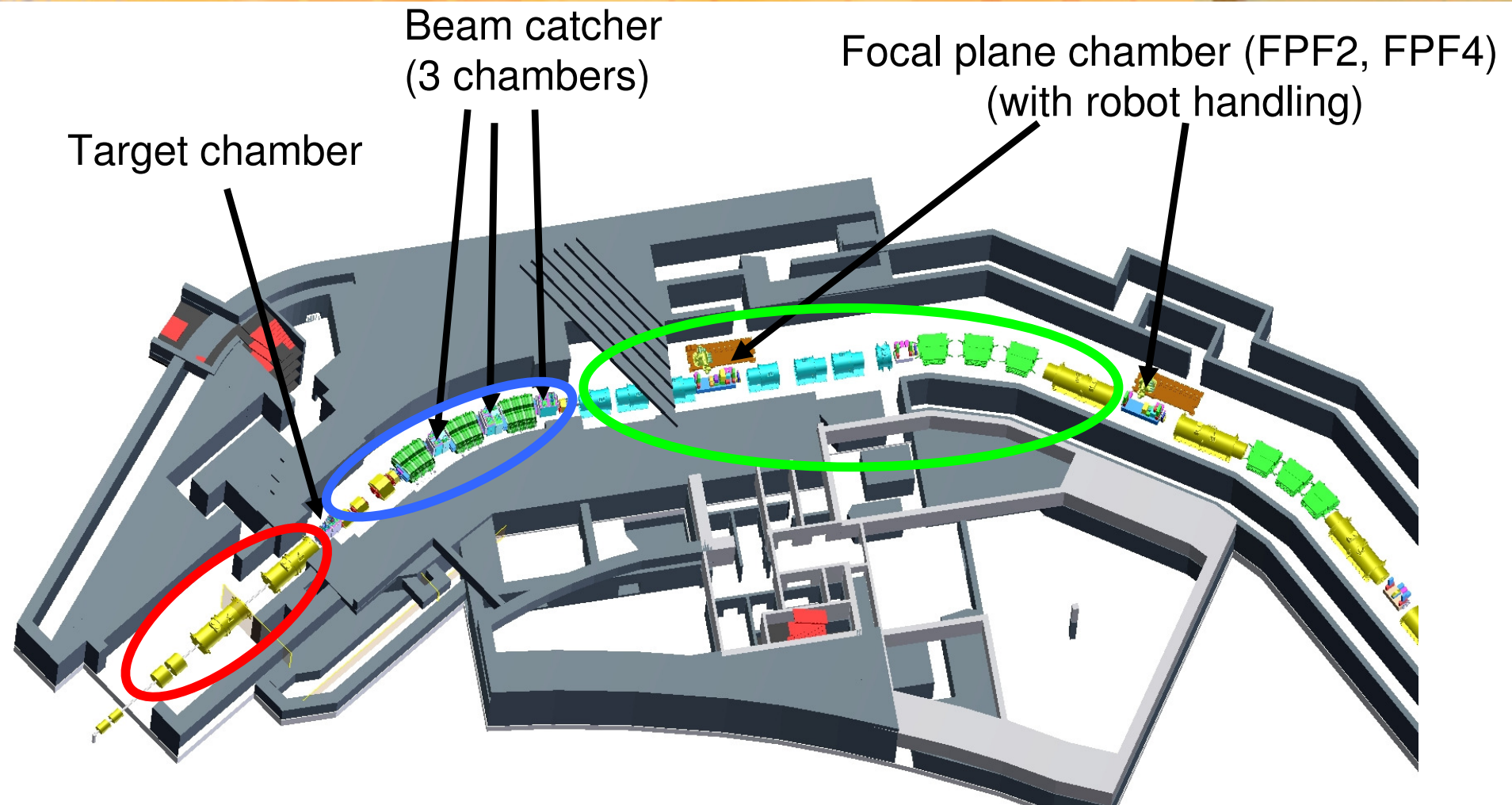


Installation of the Pre-Separator



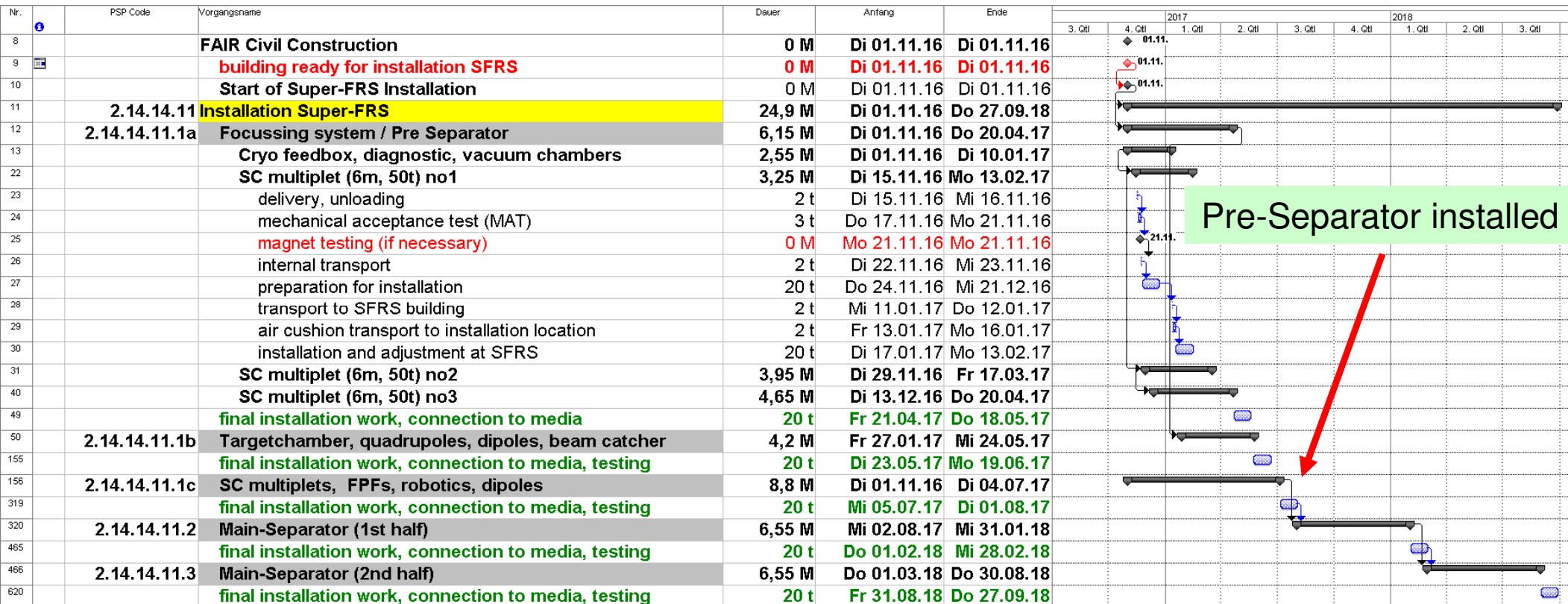
- 1) Focussing system (3 multi-pletts, SC magnets)
- 2) Target chamber (1)
- 3) Radiation resistant magnets (NC magnets)
- 4) Beam catcher chamber (3)
- 5) Separator dipole magnets and multi-pletts (SC magnets)

Installation of the Pre-Separator



Almost all equipment is used at least once

Timeline Super-FRS Installation (preliminary)



Summary



- Civil Construction is progressing fast
- First Super-FRS magnet assembled at GSI (Testinghalle)
- Preparation to procure SC magnets under way (time critical line)
- Installation and commissioning by sections from end 2016 on

Thank You !

