

Perspektiven mit



Status und langfristige Vision

Thorsten Kröll



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT

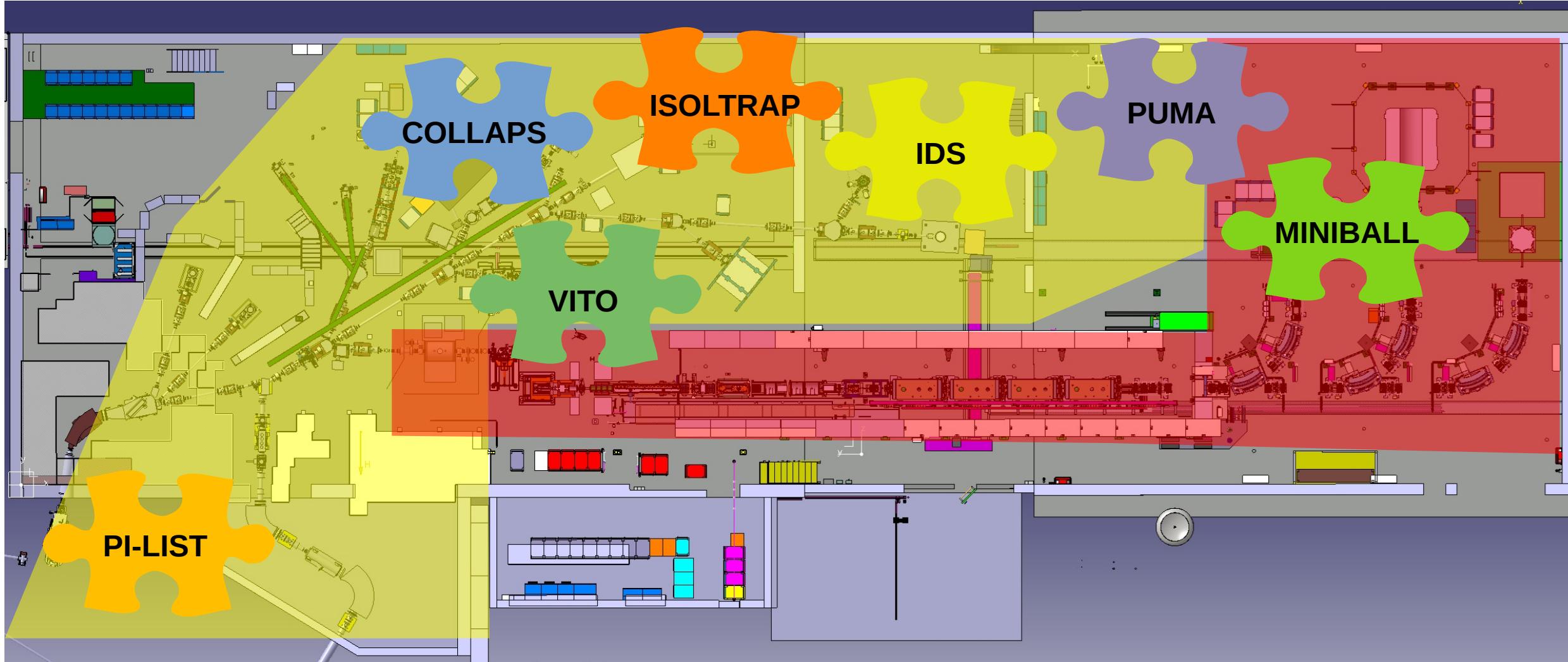
KHuK-Jahrestreffen 08.-10.12.2022



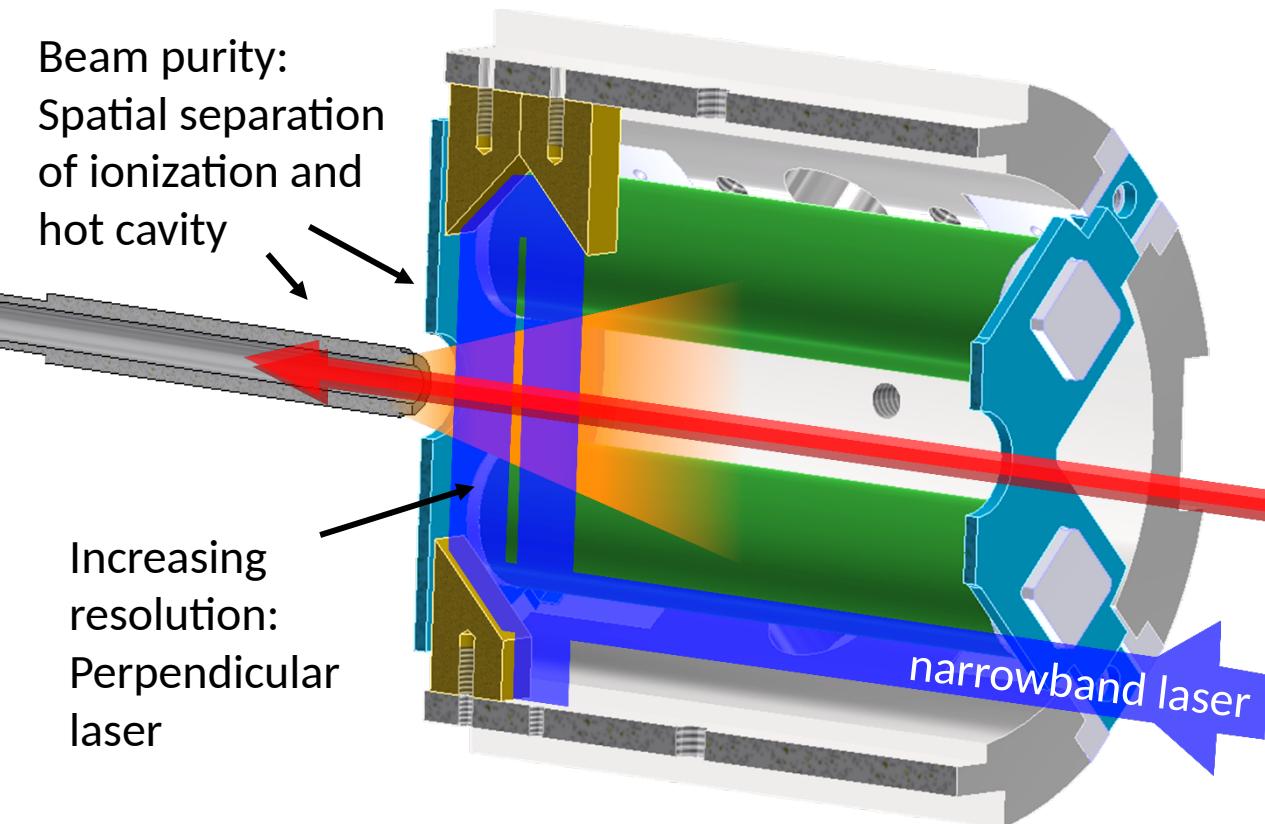
Shades of ISOLDE

„Low-energy ISOLDE“

„High-energy ISOLDE“

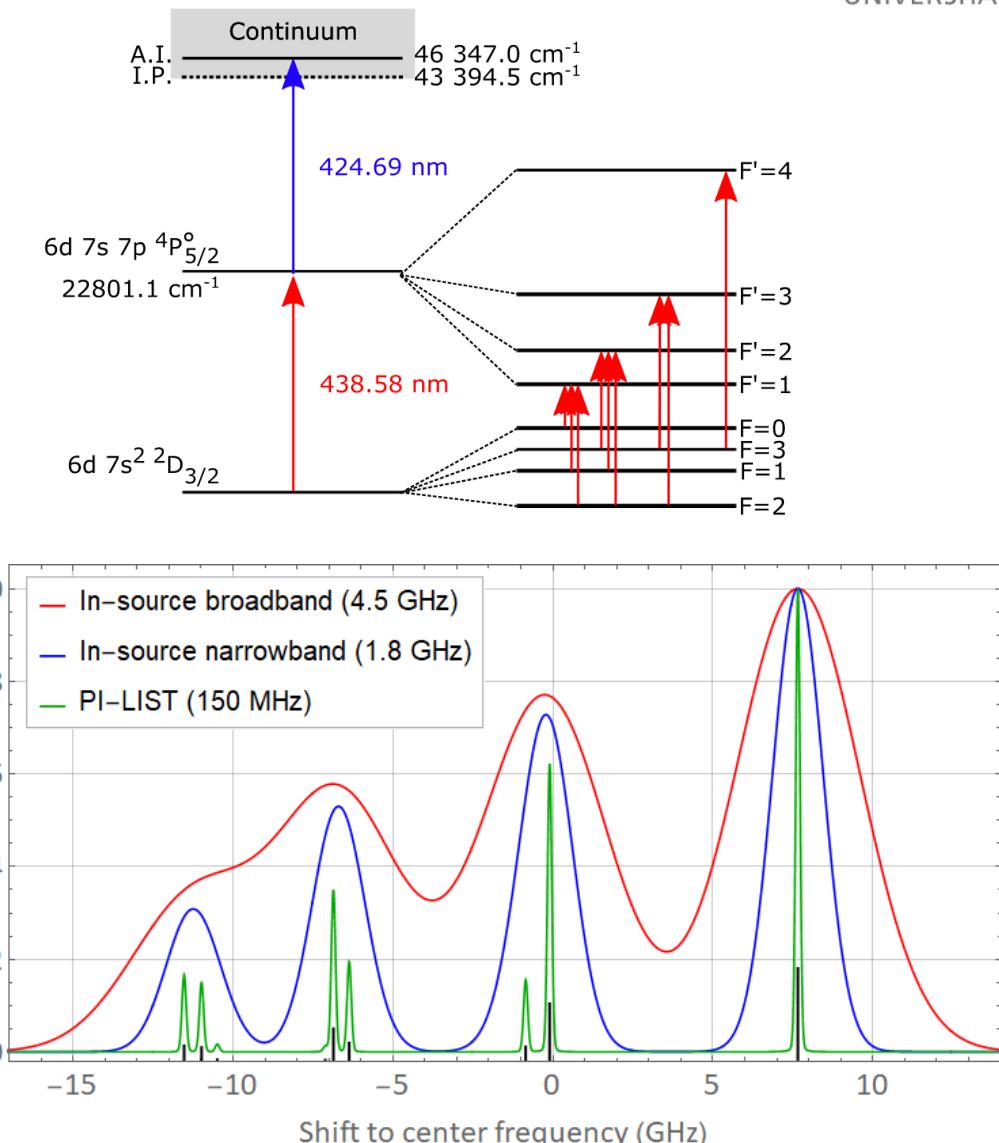


Beam purity:
Spatial separation
of ionization and
hot cavity



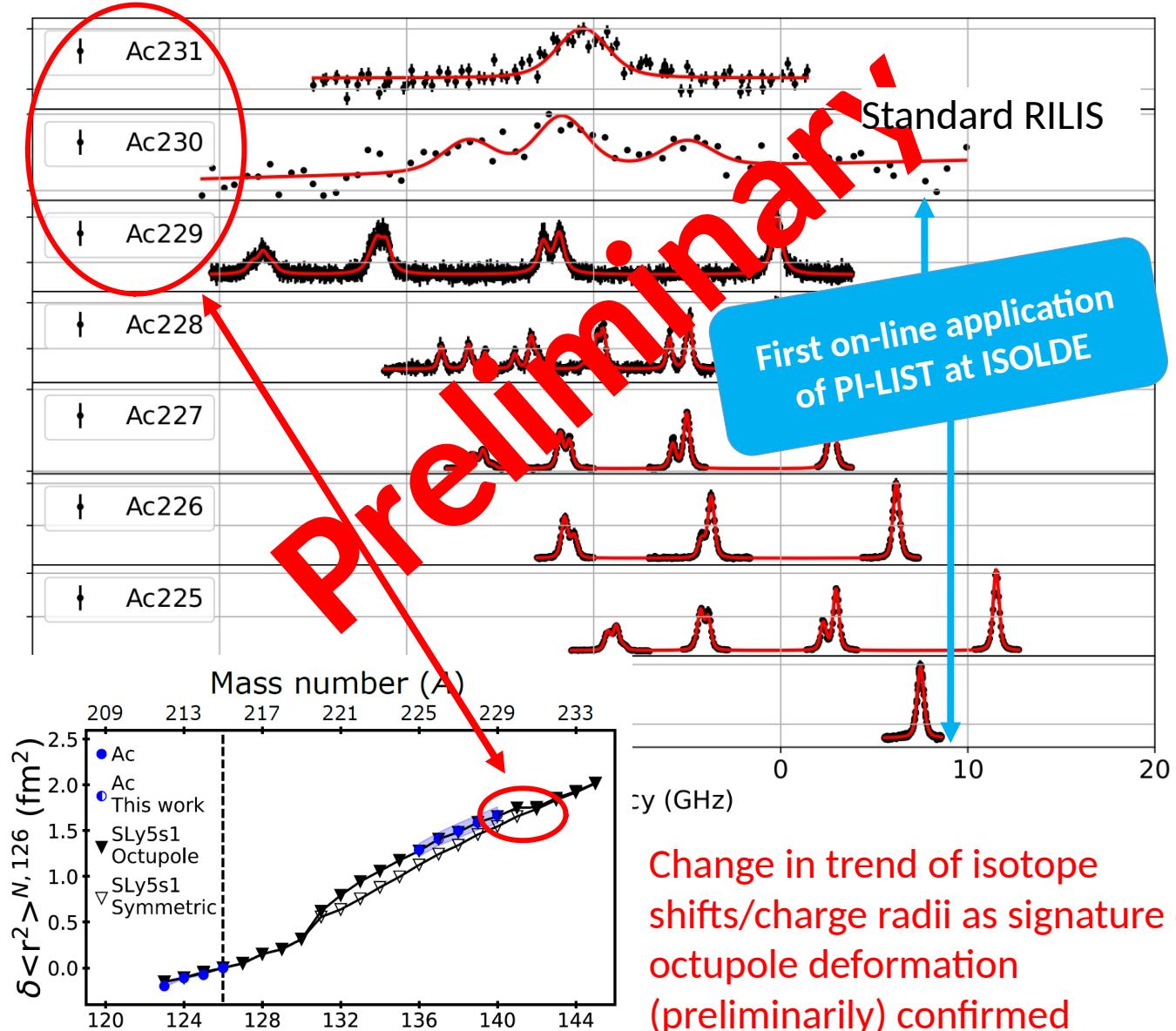
Increasing
resolution:
Perpendicular
laser

- **Standard RILIS:** Doppler broadening as ultimate limit for atomic vapor in-source spectroscopy (some GHz)
- **PI-LIST:** Selection of **reduced Doppler ensemble** in **crossed laser intersection volume** in the LIST structure
 - Improvement by >1 order of magnitude (~100 MHz)
- Adapted for ISOLDE after becoming standard tool at JGU Mainz

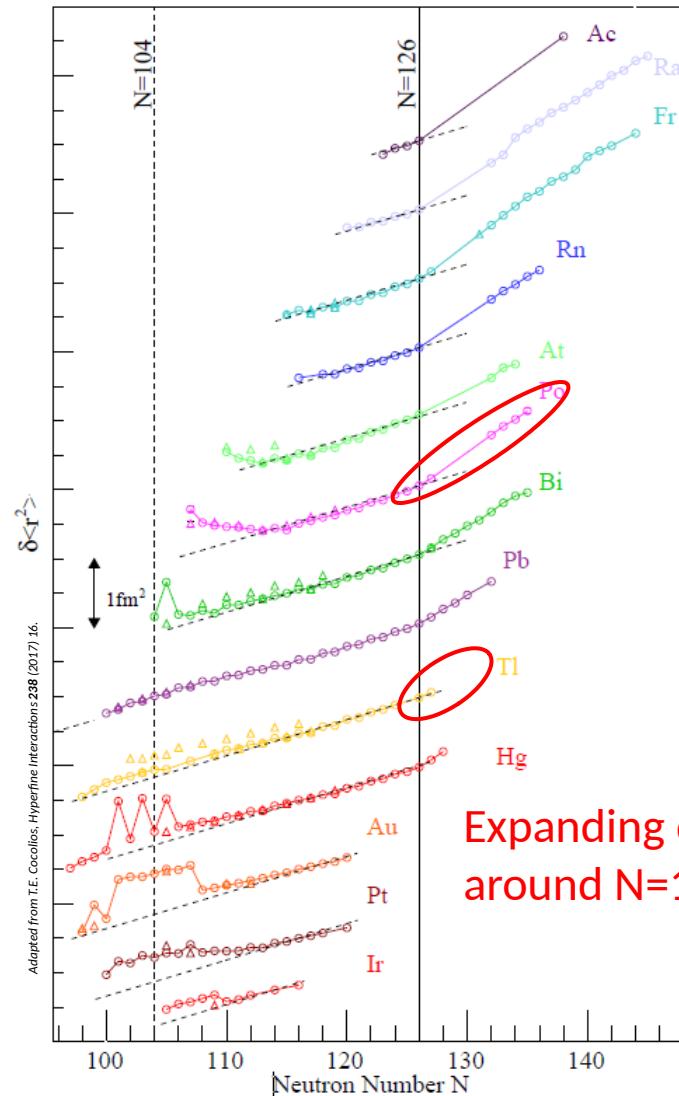


Example of resolution improvement for Ac

IS664: Octupole deformation in n-rich Ac



IS456 and LoI219: Utilizing Fr suppression of LIST for nuclear structure investigations in Po and Tl



Future plans:
Extensive nuclear physics programme with PI-LIST in the lanthanides around $N=82$

– LoI246

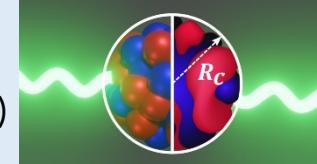
High-Precision Radii and Moments around N=82 and beyond N=28



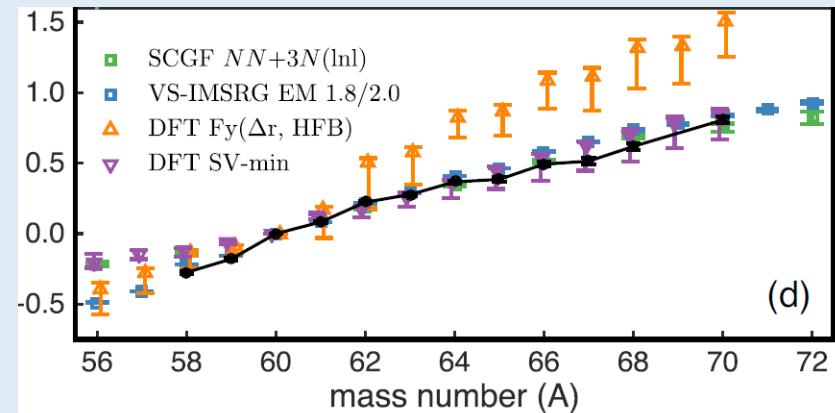
W. Nörterhäuser et al.

Publications

S. Malbrunot-Ettenauer et al.
Phys. Rev. Lett. 128, 022502 (2022)

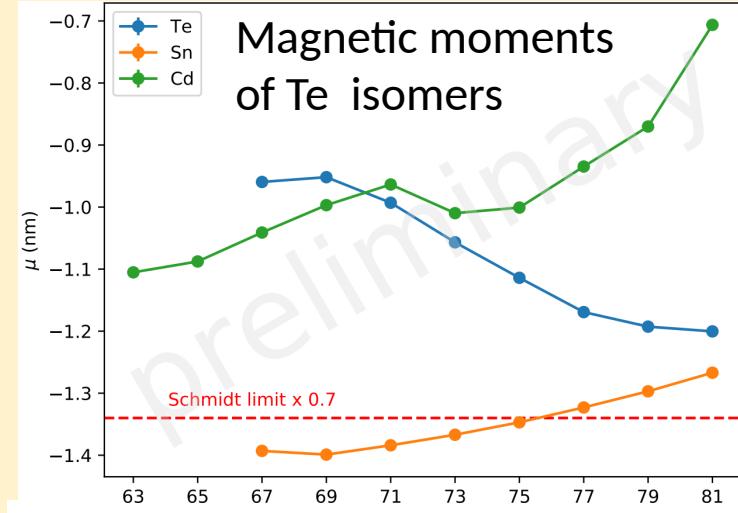


$$\delta \langle r_c^2 \rangle \text{ (fm}^2\text{)}$$

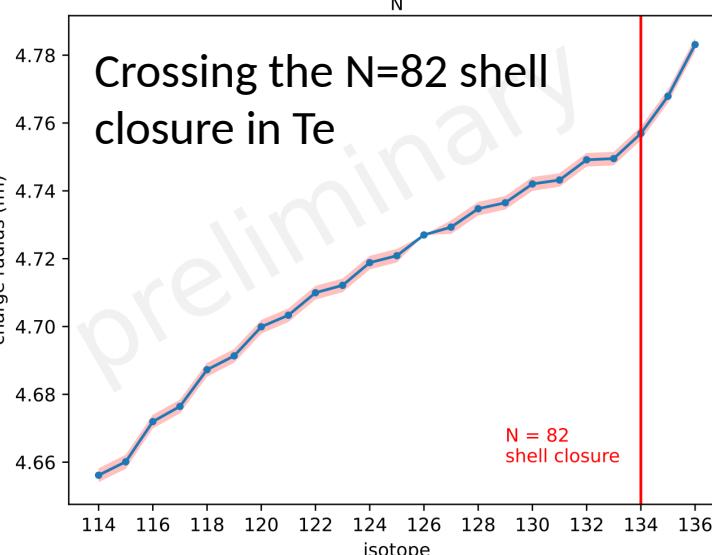


S.W. Bai et al., „Electromagnetic moments of scandium isotopes and $N=28$ isotones in the distinctive $0f_{7/2}$ orbit”,
Phys. Lett. B 829, 137064 (2022)

New Data / Developments



Magnetic moments of Te isomers

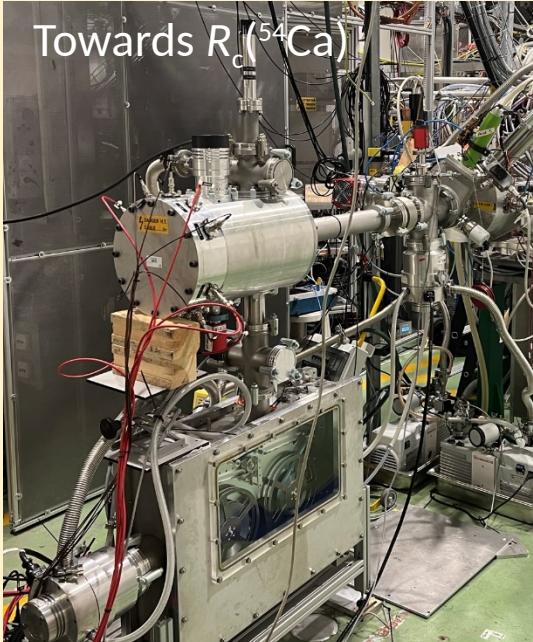


Crossing the $N=82$ shell closure in Te

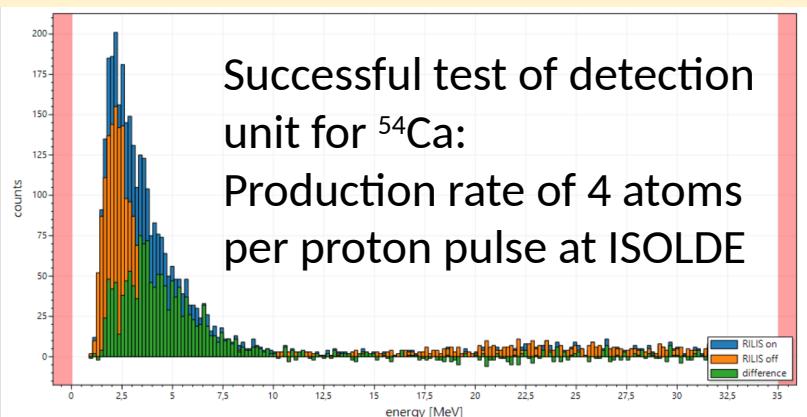
Physics Case:
 Moments and Radii
 in the Tin Region

Continuation of Cd/Sn:
PRL 110, 192501 (2013)
PRL 116, 032501 (2016)
PRL 121, 102501 (2018)
PRL 122, 192502 (2019)
Comm. Phys. 3, 107 (2020)

New Infrastructure:
 Collinear beamline for
 off-line experiments.
 Gentner Program:
 Tim Lellinger



Towards $R_c(^{54}\text{Ca})$

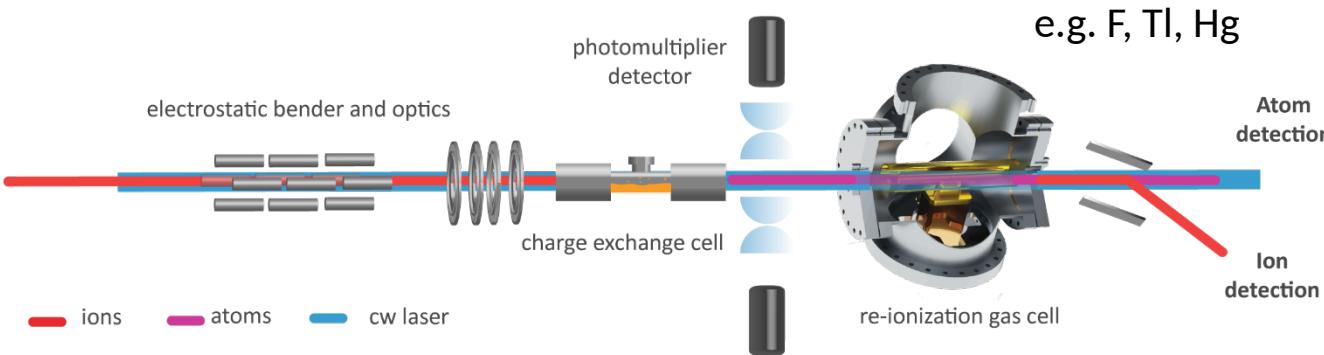


Successful test of detection
 unit for ^{54}Ca :
 Production rate of 4 atoms
 per proton pulse at ISOLDE

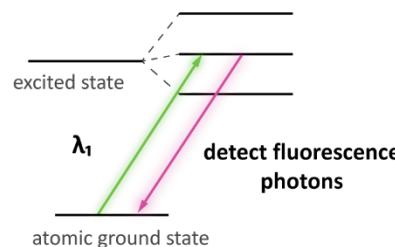
Future Developments and Applications

(i) **Conventional Technique:** Radii and moments (esp. isomers) in the Pb region: Beamtime on Tl postponed to spring, further candidates: Hg, Po, Lol for thulium measurements (proton emitter ^{147}Tm) accepted by INTC, Tm test beamtime in 2023

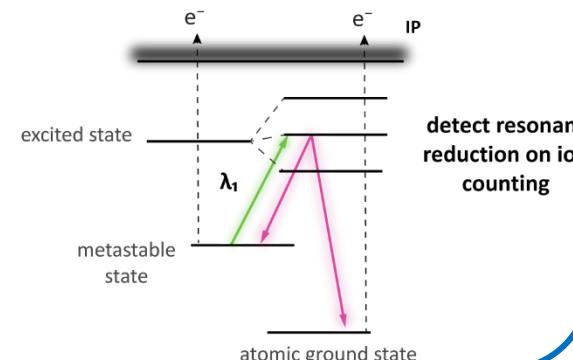
(ii) Sensitivity increase by post-ionization



a. resonant excitation and photon detection

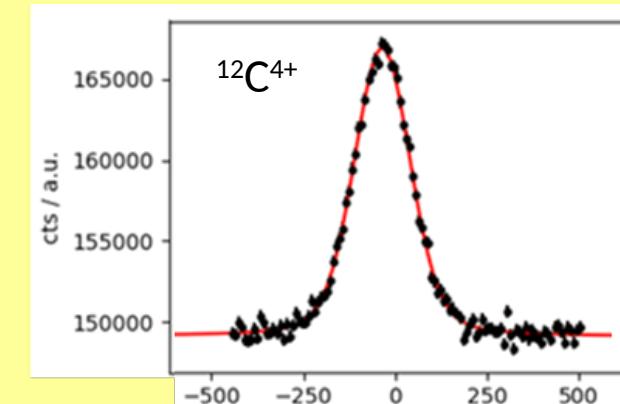


b. state selective re-ionization and atom/ion detection



© Liss Vasquez-Rodrigues, MPIK

(iii) Feasibility study: Laser spectroscopy of short-lived light highly charged ions



Resonance of $^{12}\text{C}^{4+}$
 $1s2s\ ^3S_1 \rightleftharpoons 1s2p\ ^3P_2$
at KOALA
(TU Darmstadt)

Applications: Be^{2+} ,
 $\text{B}^{2+,3+}$, C^{4+} , N^{5+}
Radii and moments
of, e.g., ^7Be , $^{11,15}\text{C}$

To be studied:

- injection/ejection into EBIS,
- breeding efficiency into the charge (and atomic) state of choice

Nuclear Physics Studies through Mass Spectrometry

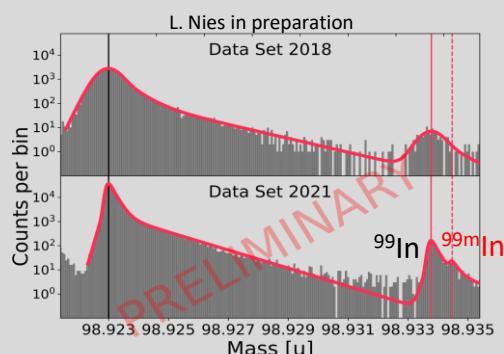
Excerpt of measurements 2020 - 2022

(i) Multi-Reflection Time-of-Flight Spectrometry: The new tool of choice for short-lived isotopes



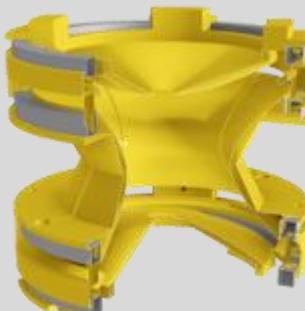
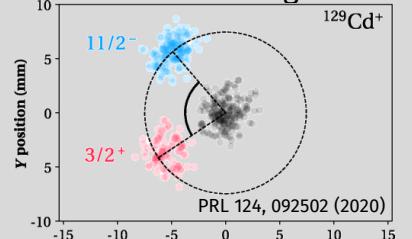
Versatile and fast ToF mass measurements of short-lived nuclei first demonstrated in *Nature* **498**, p.346–349 (2013)

(ii) Latest MR-ToF MS developments: enhanced stabilization leads to increased performance and first-ever measurement of ^{99m}In at $N=50$, $Z=49$



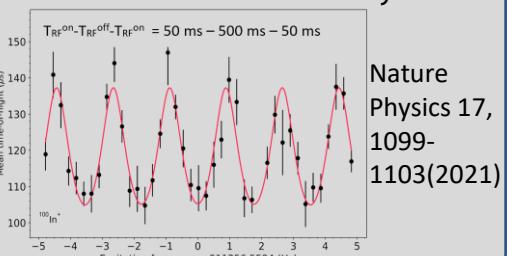
(iii) Penning-Trap Mass Spectrometry: at the frontier of high-precision mass measurements for more than 30 years

Studying the $N=82$ shell closure with cadmium through PI-ICR



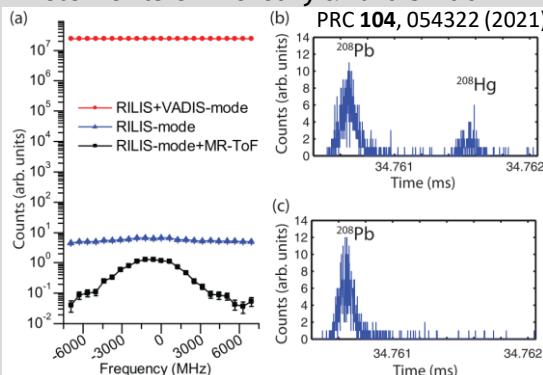
(v) Grabbing magic tin by the tail

Mass-measurement of neutron-deficient indium isotopes and their isomers reveal constant excitation energy trends and reduce ^{100}Sn mass uncertainty



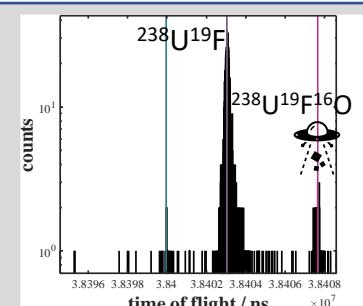
(iv) Capable Combination: Trap-assisted Laser-Spectroscopy

Mass-resolved counting of in-source resonance-ionized elements of mercury and bismuth



(vi) Actinide Studies with LISA

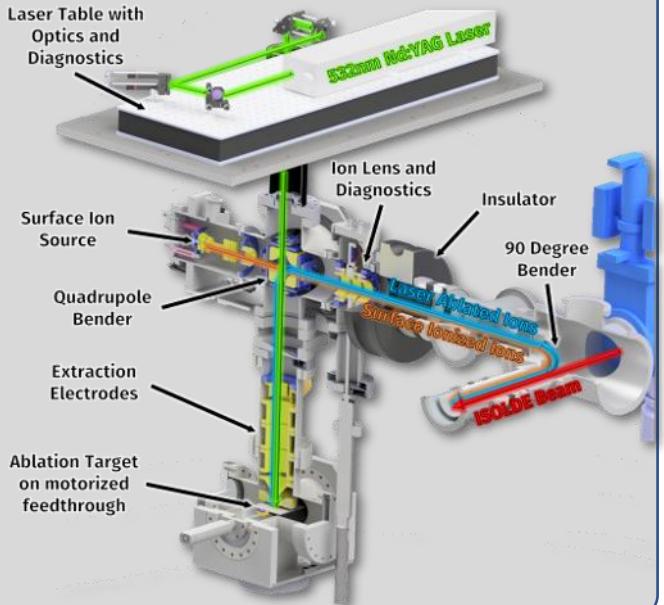
Supporting target and ion source development through particle identification measurements with the „Laser Ionization and Spectroscopy of Actinides“ ITN consortium



ISOLTRAP in the Near Future

(i) The Newly Commissioned Laser-Ablation Ion Source

- Systematic studies of the MR-ToF MS, ToF-ICR, and PI-ICR techniques planned
- Source for long-lived radioactive ions for the search of suitable EC-transitions to study the electron-neutrino mass
- Source of various mass references for calibration across whole nuclear chart



(ii) A new Cooler-Buncher / MR-ToF MS setup

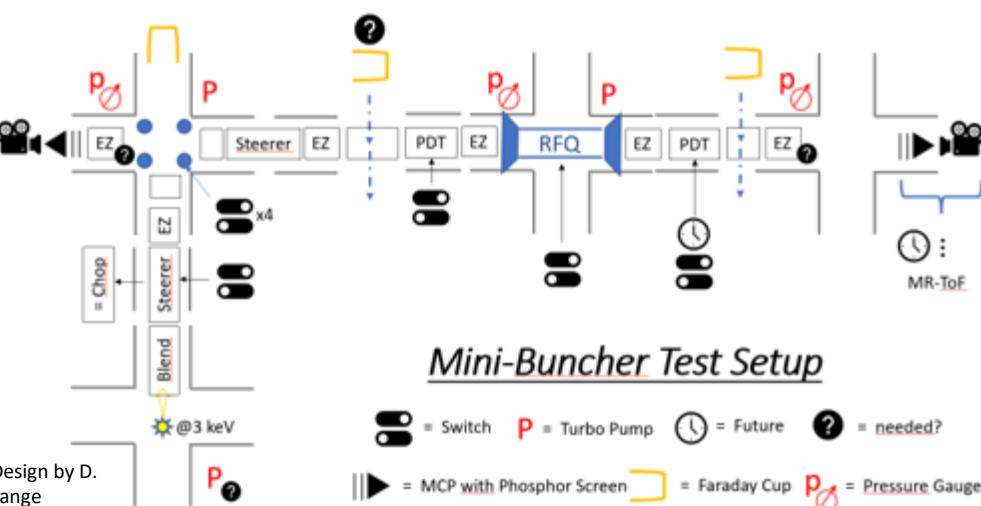
- Upgrading MR-ToF MS to new-generation design: in-trap cleaning of contamination, higher mass-resolving power, less rest-gas pressure
- New RFQ cooler-buncher for higher ion bunching efficiency and retrapping capabilities



Courtesy of the MIRACLS Collaboration



Courtesy of the PUMA / MR-ToF MS Collaboration



Mini-Buncher Test Setup

● = Switch P = Turbo Pump ⏲ = Future ? = needed?
 ▶ = MCP with Phosphor Screen □ = Faraday Cup P0 = Pressure Gauge

(iii) Experimental Program / Accepted Proposals

Nuclear Structure

- Mass spectrometry of ^{98}In (**IS661**) and ^{101}Sn - ^{103}Sn (**IS719**) for nuclear shell structure studies close to $N=Z=50$ and rp-process studies for nuclear astrophysics
- Testing accuracy of Isomeric Multiplet Mass Equation at $A=32, T=2$ (**IS542**)
- Planned: neutron-rich silver and gold

Nuclear Astrophysics

- rp-process beyond ^{56}Ni : mass measurement of ^{58}Zn (**IS625**)
- Astromers: excitation energy of low-lying $^{128\text{m}}\text{Sb}$ (**IS704**)

Weak Interaction Studies

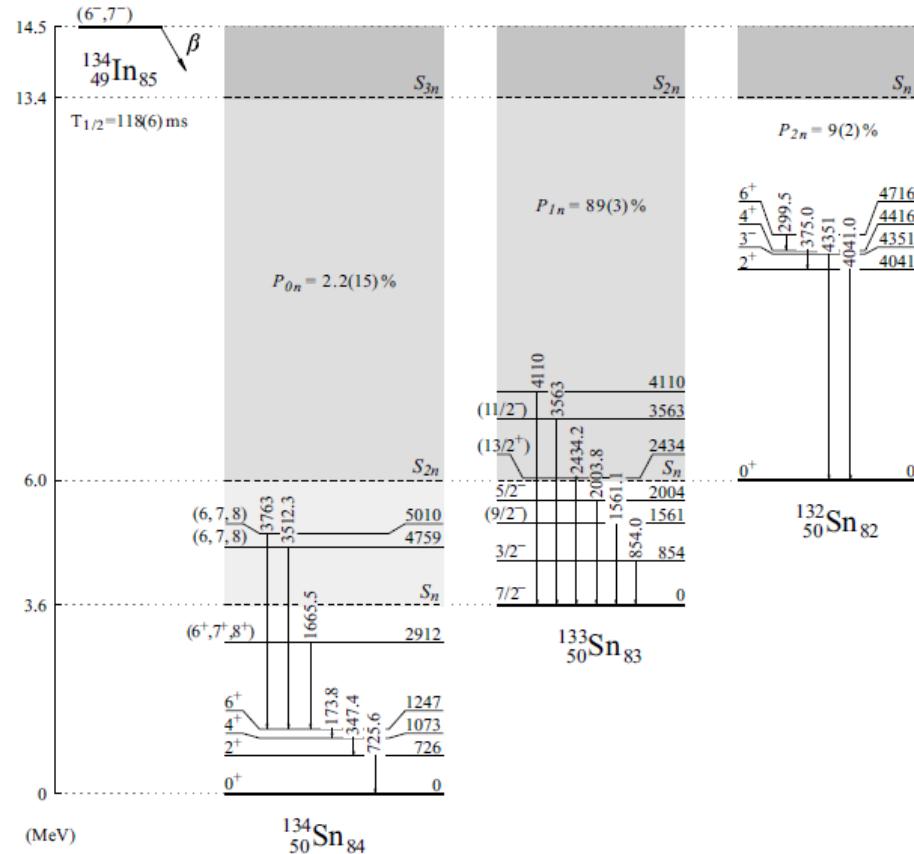
- Precision Q_{ec} -value measurement of $^{70}\text{Br} > ^{70}\text{Se}$ for global Ft-value determination (**IS642**)

Isolde Decay Station (IDS)

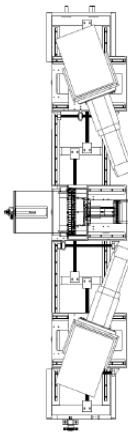


Scientific highlight: beta decay of ^{134}In

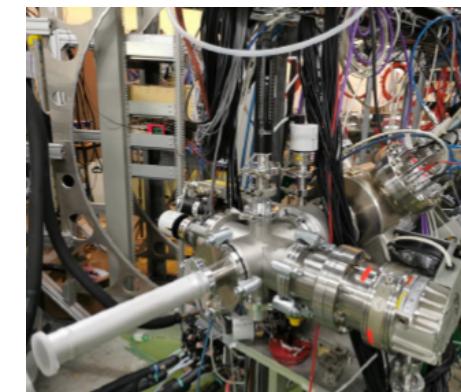
Important to describe freeze out of r process.



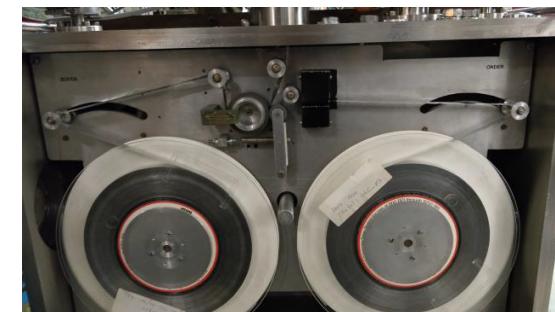
M. Piersa-Silkowska et al. PhysRevC.104.044328



New holding structure was finished on 4.11 in York



New beamline is in construction



New tapetransport system was installed in January

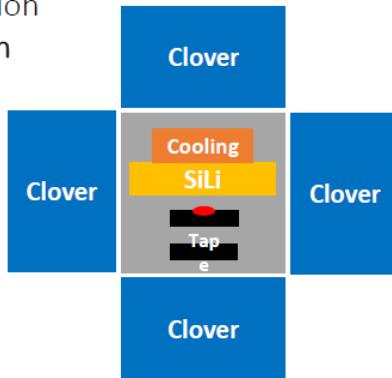
In 2022 six IDS experiments were performed using different auxiliary detectors (La Br₃(Ce), neutron, electron, particle detectors). For 2023 100 shifts from pending accepted proposals.

J. Jolie, N. Warr et al. (Universität zu Köln)

Decay Station 2 @ IDS

Secondary detection setup away from implantation point to:

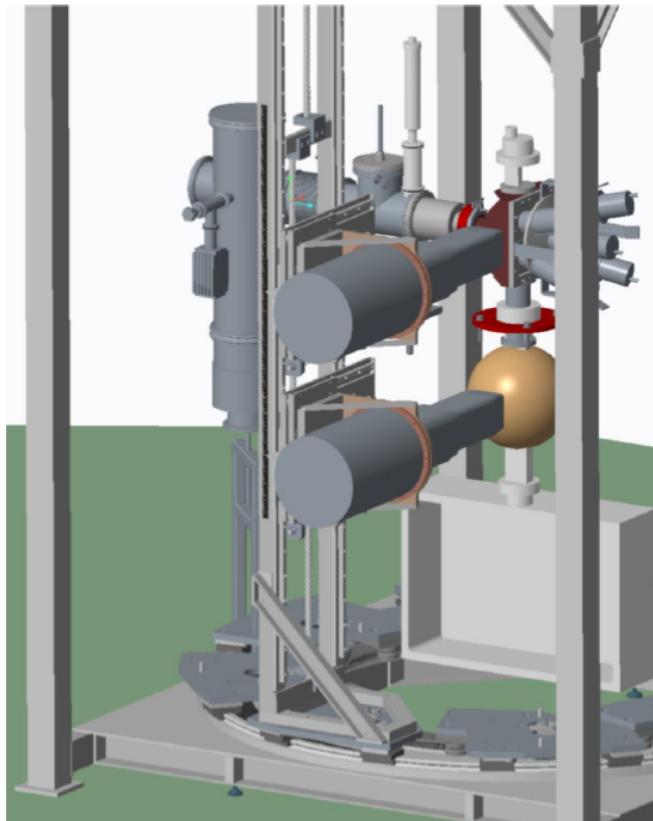
1. Measure decays of long-lived nuclei/decay products
2. Provide
 - (a) High-resolution CE detectors ≈ 3 keV resolution
 - (b) High-efficiency low-energy gamma detection
 - (c) High-efficiency silicon setup (close geom)



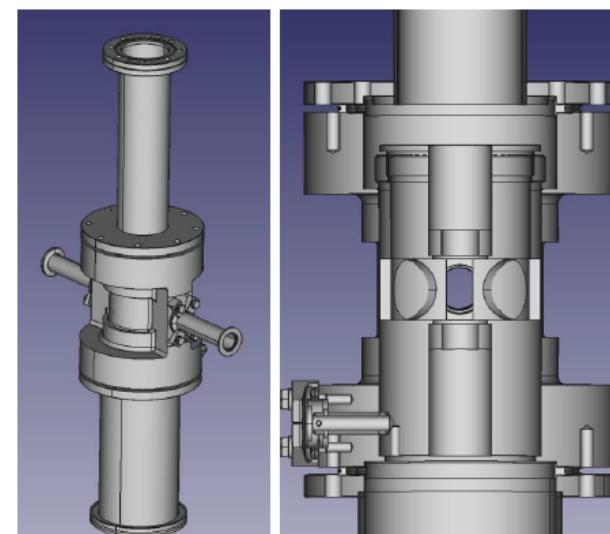
Physics cases:

- **Limits of n-rich nuclei @ ISOLDE**
long-lived enough $T_{1/2}(^{232}\text{Fr}) \approx 5$ s, $T_{1/2}(^{232}\text{Ra}) \approx 30$ s
- **β -delayed fission in neutron rich Fr and Ac,**
 $T_{1/2}$ of minutes. DS2 large-area Si placed in close geometry would give factor of ≈ 3 in solid angle compared to WM, beta-fission coincidences.
- **β -decay study of n-rich isotopes in N>126, Z<82,** investigate single-particle states in $^{210-215}\text{Tl}, \text{Pb}$, which have $T_{1/2} > 30$ s

2 chambers: implantation and decay



Design and manufacturing currently on-going
for the IDS TDPAC chamber (IFIN-HH, IJCLAB)
-> to be completed mid 2023



On-line TDPAC @ IDS

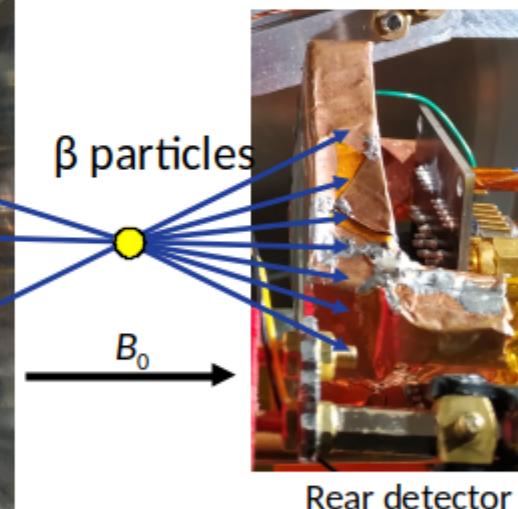
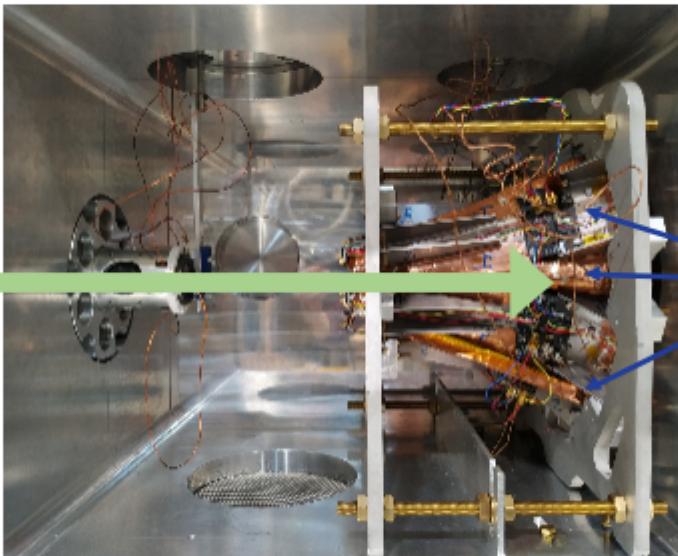
Nuclear moment studies of short-lived isomers (~ 1 ns – 1 μ s) using
Time Dependent Perturbed Angular Correlations

- moment studies on neutron-rich isomeric states non accessible by any other means;
- population after β -decay ($\beta - \gamma - \gamma$), the spin orientation provided through the angular correlations
- TDPAC – standardly used in solid-state physics (long-lived isotopes). *With IDS one can go on-line.*

From magnetic moments and biochemistry to future β -NMR studies at VITO

Upgrades during LS2 and after

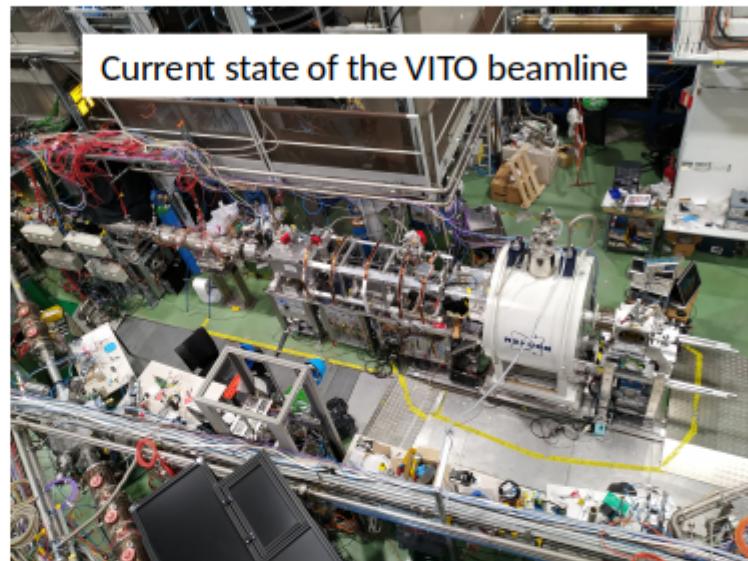
- New detectors with SiPM
- 4.7 T superconducting magnet with sub-ppm homogeneity
- new FPGA-based DAQ characterising each single β event



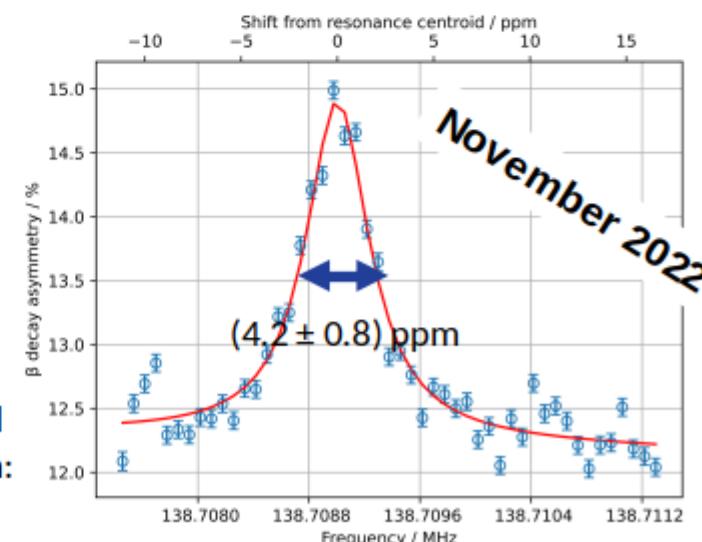
Ion beam

M. Jankowski (CERN/TU Darmstadt),
M. Kowalska (CERN), Th. Kröll (TU Darmstadt)...

Towards DNA ... DNA and alkali cations of different concentrations in ionic liquid (glycholine) with liquid dispenser system: β -NMR scan on glycholine after several hours in vacuum. FWHM: (4.2 ± 0.8) ppm

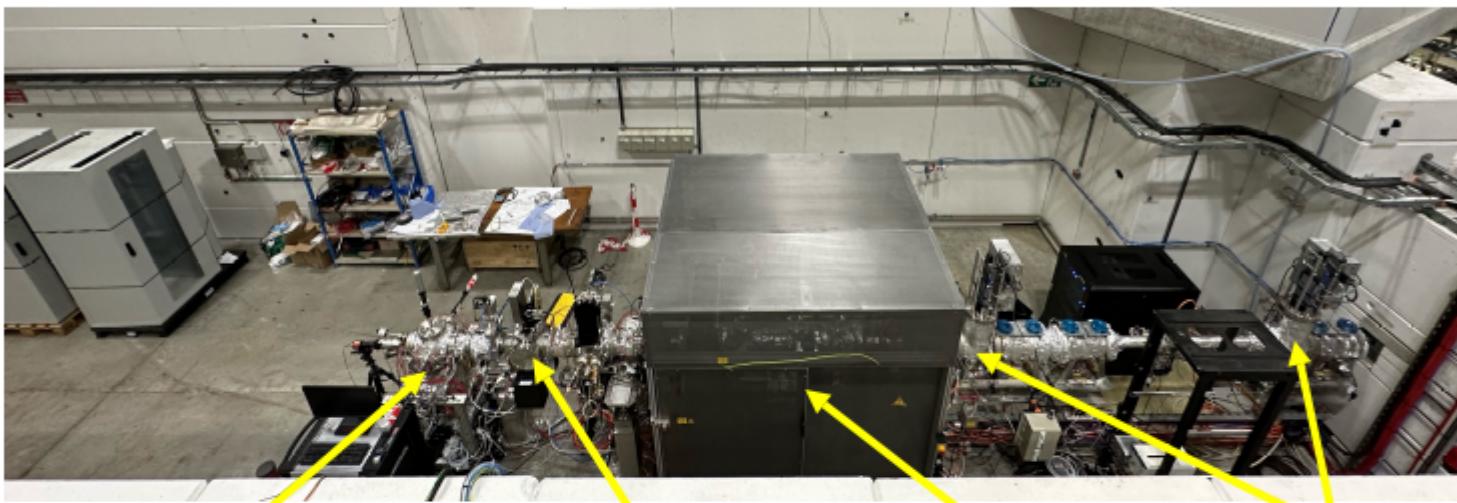


Current state of the VITO beamline



Status of PUMA@CERN

Current PUMA installation at AD (ELENA):



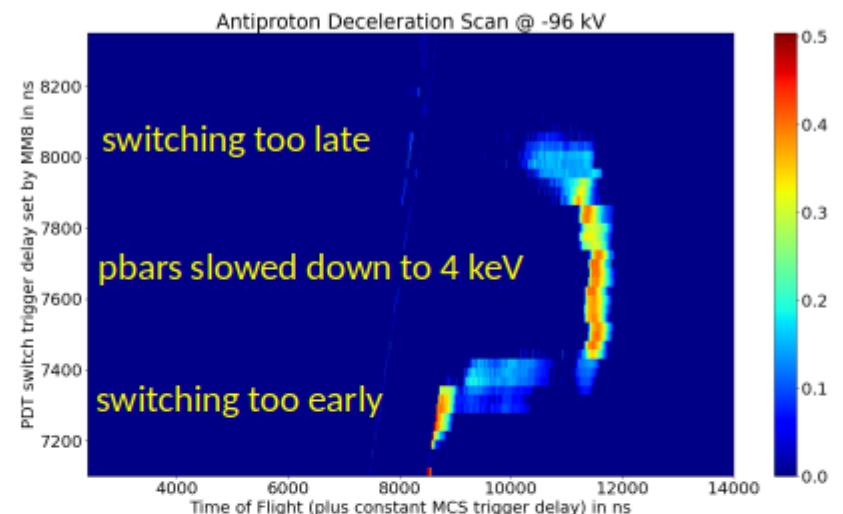
pbar detection cross
(ToF, energy spread, size, intensity)

Phosphor screen

100kV
Pulsed drift tube

SEM grids

Successful deceleration of 100keV pbars to 4keV:

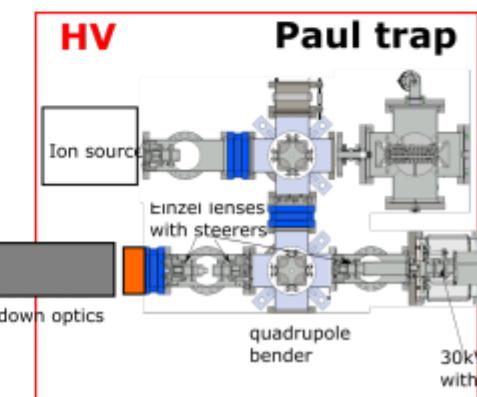


Detailed planning of the HV-MR-ToF XHV beamline at RC6 for PUMA and other traveling experiments at ISOLDE started:

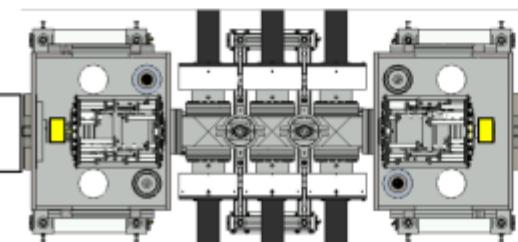
Oliver Aberle assigned Technical Coordinator for PUMA@ISOLDE

▫ working group was formed

<-- towards PUMA



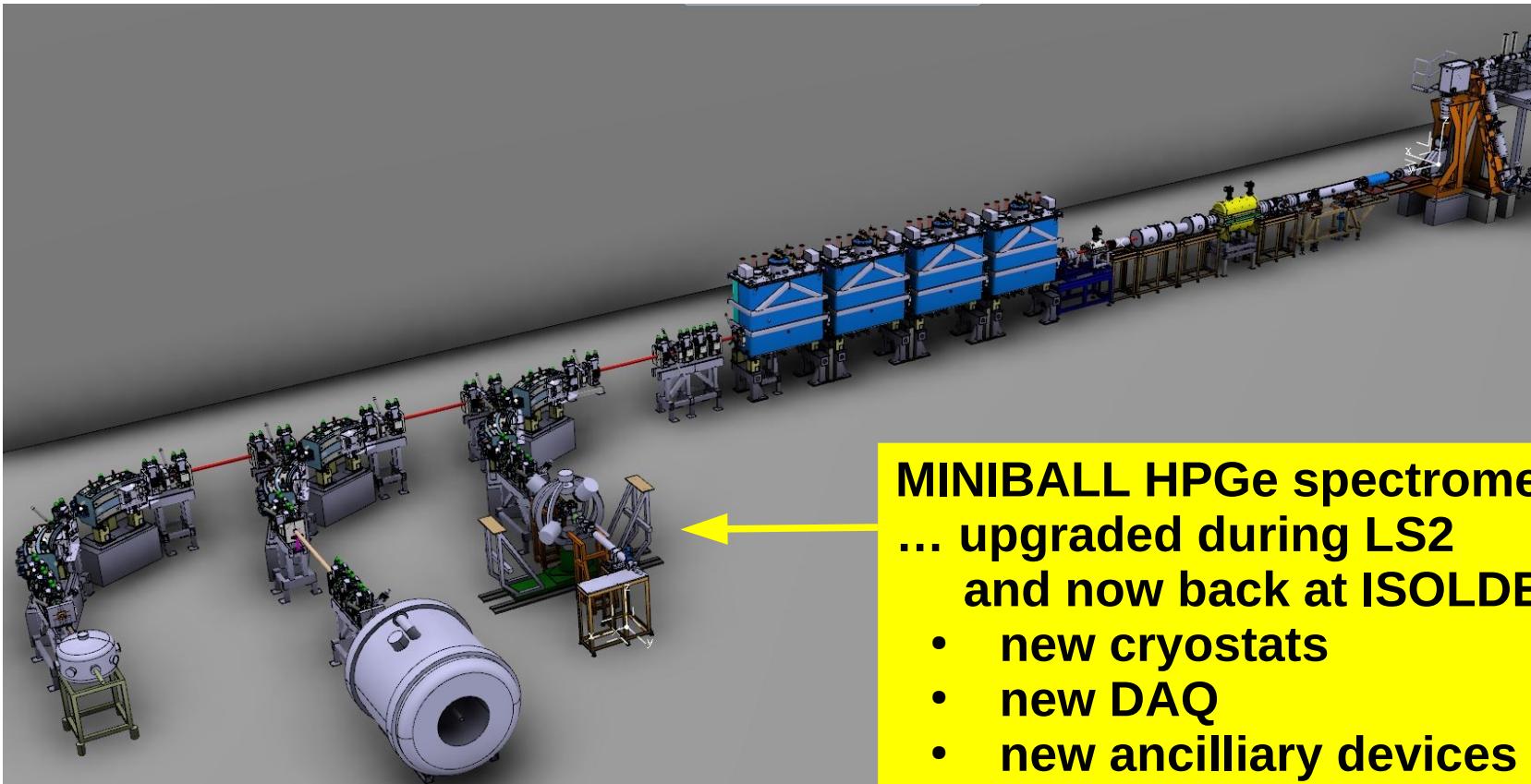
HV MR-ToF



switchyard



Beam energy: 30-60 keV → post-accelerated up to 10 MeV/A



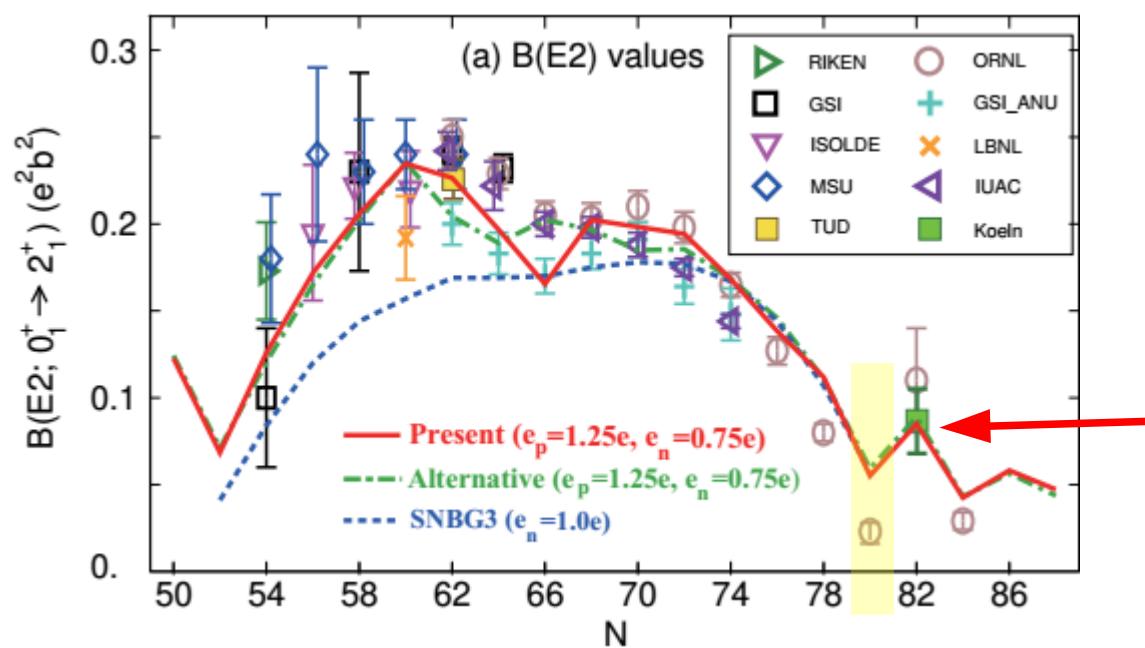
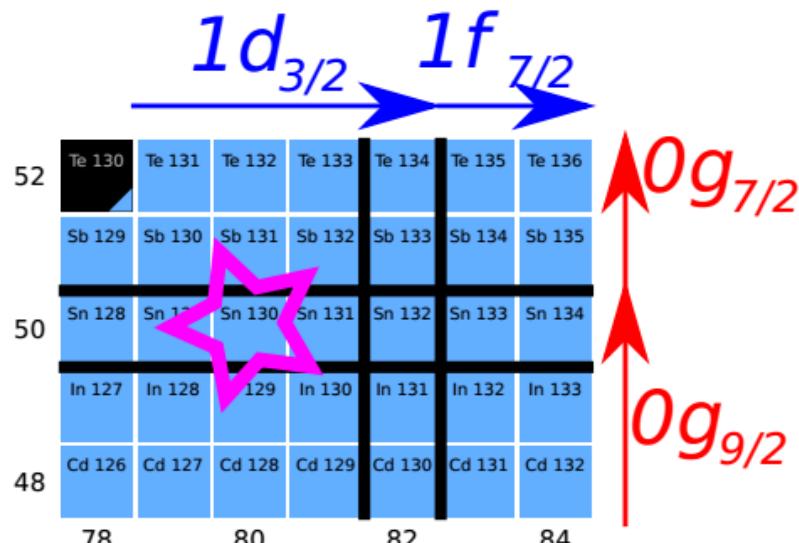
**MINIBALL HPGe spectrometer
... upgraded during LS2
and now back at ISOLDE**

- new cryostats
- new DAQ
- new ancilliary devices

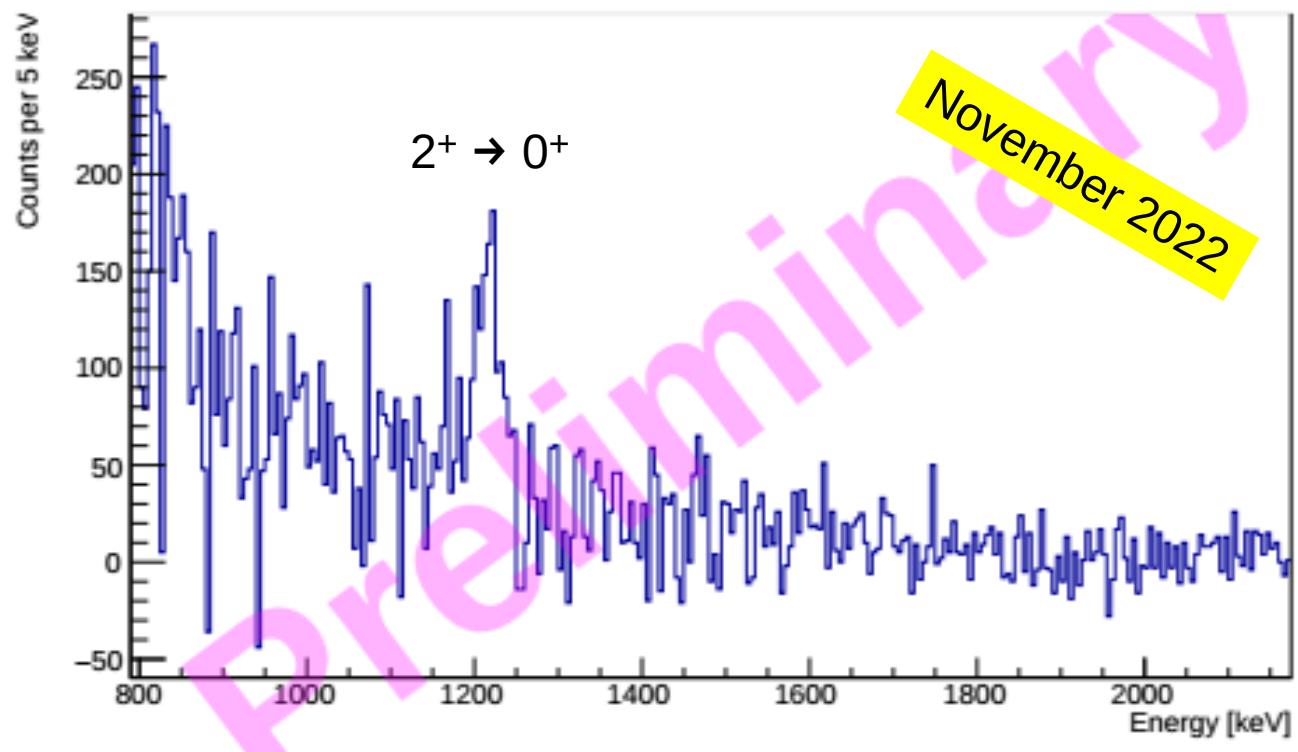




Coulomb excitation of ^{130}Sn



First experiment with MINIBALL after LS2

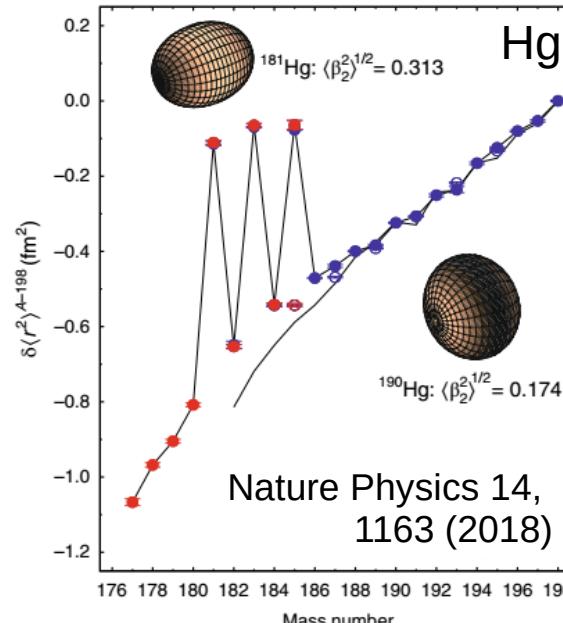
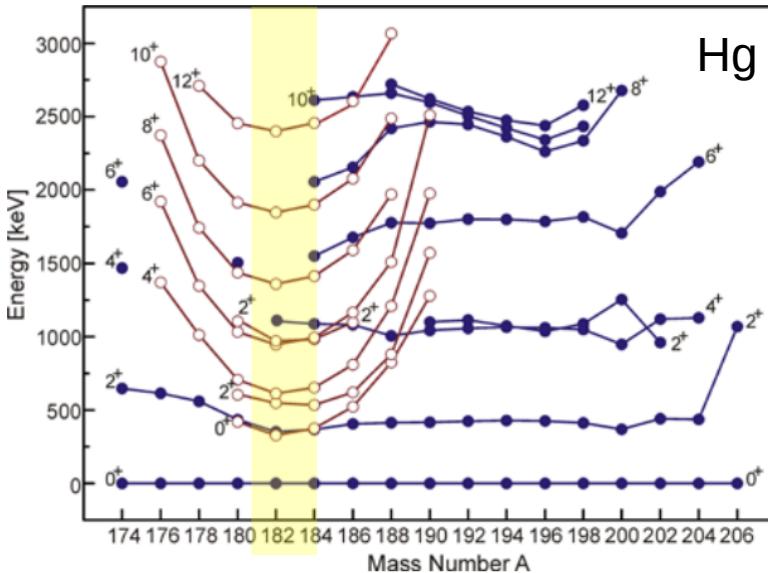


Value for ^{132}Sn from MINIBALL
PRL 121, 252501 (2018)



Shape coexistence in ^{182}Hg - Coulomb excitation @ HIE-ISOLDE

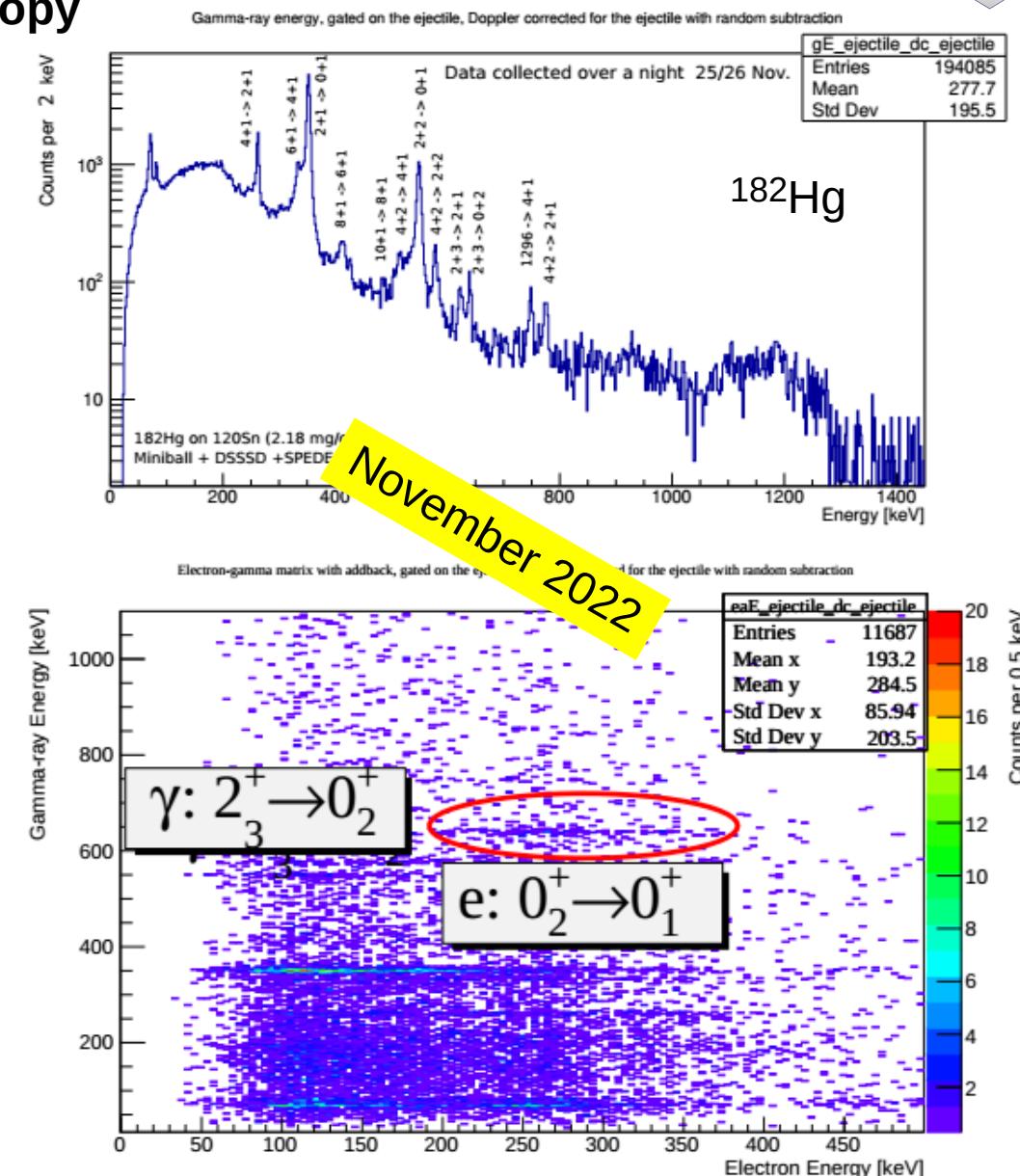
Investigated at ISOLDE in laser spectroscopy, decay spectroscopy (IDS) and in Coulomb excitation with MINIBALL at REX



Complementary information from „safe“ Coulomb excitation combining MINIBALL with conversion electron spectrometer

- B(E2) values
- Q_2 values for short-lived states

New in 2022 ...
... in-beam conversion electron spectroscopy with SPEDE



Nucleon-transfer reactions with MINIBALL+HI-TREX

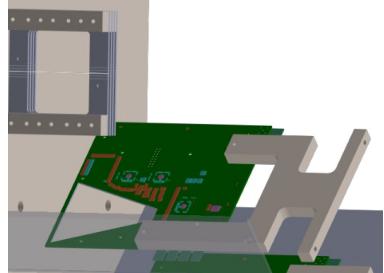
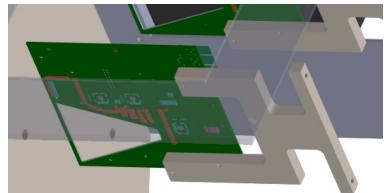
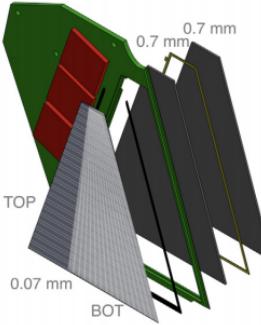
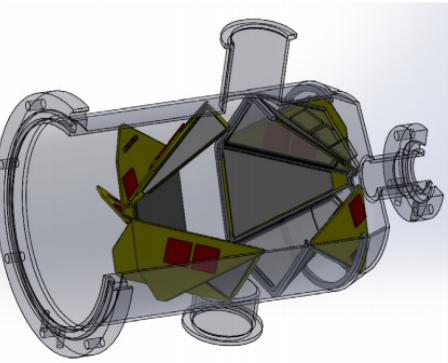


HI-TREX—A highly integrated transfer setup at REX-(HIE)ISOLDE

C. Berner ^{a,*}, L. Werner ^a, R. Gernhäuser ^a, Th. Kröll ^b

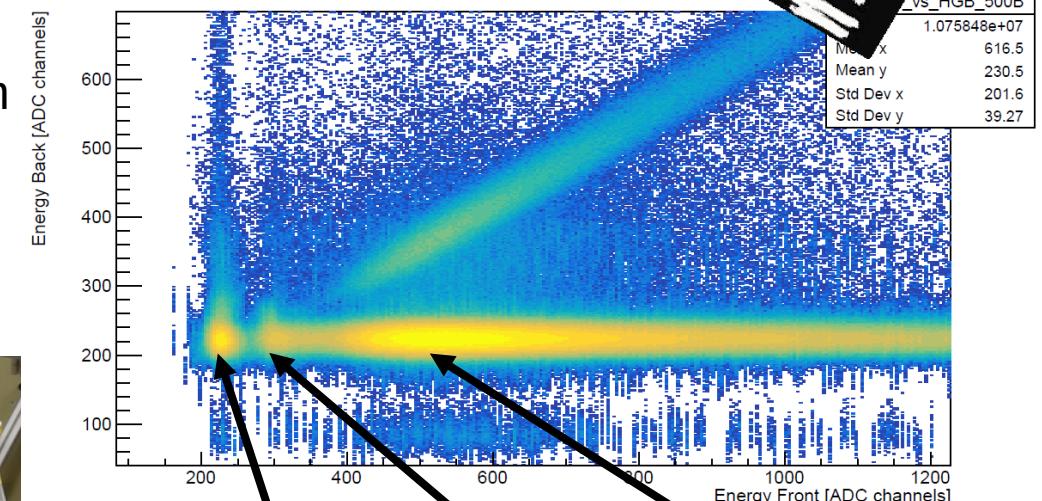
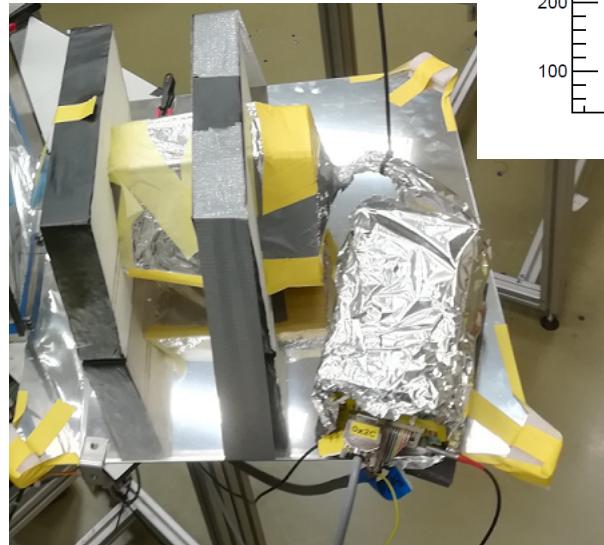
Nuclear Inst. and Methods in Physics Research, A 987 (2021) 164827

... to meet conditions at HIE-ISOLDE with 10 MeV/u beam energy
and heavy ions for (d,p), (t,p) etc. reactions



2 x 2 DSSDs
128 x 32 strips
TRB + Skiroc readout

Test with proton beam
@ CCB, Kraków



Baseline

400 keV

Trigger Threshold
around 80 keV

Ready for experiments
at HIE-ISOLDE in 2024



Perspektiven mit ISOLDE: Status und langfristige Vision



- breites und vielfältiges Forschungsprogramm
- nutzt die weltweit einzigartige Vielfalt radioaktiver Isotope als
 - Niederenergiestrahlen
 - nachbeschleunigte Strahlen bei HIE-ISOLDE
 - ... viele Synergien und Komplementaritäten beider „Welten“
- ständige Verbesserung von Methodik, Instrumentierung und Analysetechniken
- hohe Sichtbarkeit der deutschen Forschergruppen bei ISOLDE
- starke Einbindung von Nachwuchswissenschaftler*innen
- Aufbau und Erhalt von experimenteller Expertise
- Synergien und Komplementaritäten mit FAIR

