# Recent ALICE results on $\psi(2S)$ production in Pb-Pb collisions



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#### time

bxb

b

Pre-eq.

c X C

C C



**Chem. freeze-out** 

#### Quarkonium

- Early production (and binding) of heavy quark pairs
   Modification of spectral properties and possible dissociation in the QGP
   Recombination effects in the QGP and/or
- at phase boundary



T. Matsui and H. Satz, PLB 178(1986) 416 P. Braun-Munzinger and J. Stachel, PLB490(2000) 196 R. Thews et al., PRC63 (2001) 064905 A. Rothkopf, Phys. Rept. 858 (2020) 1

## $\psi(2S) \text{ vs J/}\psi$

#### □ Binding energy ~ $(2m_D - m_{\psi}) \rightarrow \psi(2S) \sim 60 \text{ MeV}, J/\psi \sim 640 \text{ MeV}$



Important for a quantitative test of models!

□ Expect much stronger dissociation effects for the weakly bound  $\psi(2S)$  state

□ Effect of re-combination on  $\psi(2S)$  more subtle → important when the system is more diluted (even hadronic?)

time

## Two theory approaches for phenomenology

#### Transport

Macroscopic rate equation including suppression and regeneration in the QGP X. Du and R. Rapp, NPA 943(2015) 14P.7 P. Zhou et al., PRC89 (2014) 054911

#### □ Suppression

- Calculated starting from modifications of charmonium spectral functions, constrained by LQCD-validated potentials
- □ Regeneration
  - Tuned from measured heavy-quark yields

## Both approaches fairly reproduce LHC experimental results on the $J/\psi$

ALICE, Phys. Lett. B 766 (2017) 212



#### **Statistical hadronization** A. Andronic et al., Nature 561 (2018) 321

- Charmonium yields determined at chemical freeze-out according to their statistical weights
- Charm fugacity factor related to charm conservation and based on experimental data on production cross sections

## Other approaches include "comover" models

E. Ferreiro, PLB 731 (2014) 57

### A-A results at SPS energies

□ First and (up to now) most accurate result on  $\psi(2S)$  for nuclear collisions □ Studies in p-A, S-U and Pb-Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 20$  GeV □ Recombination effects negligible (charm pair multiplicity <<1)

NA50, EPJC49 (2007)



Stronger relative dissociation of ψ(2S) wrt J/ψ already in p-A collisions

□ The effect becomes even stronger in A-A collisions (approximately scaling with L, the thickness of nuclear matter crossed by the cc̄ pair)

N.B.: CM energy changes between p-A and A-A, but effect on cross section ratios should be small

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TAMU: Grandchamp, Rapp and Brown, PRL92 (2004) 212301

SHMc: Andronic, Braun-Munzinger, Redlich and Stachel, NPA789 (2007) 334

#### Both transport (TAMU) and statistical hadronization (SHM) models able to reproduce data

## Pb-Pb results at LHC energies



 $\Box$  Stronger  $\psi(2S)$  suppression wrt J/ $\psi$  observed at high- $p_T$  by ATLAS and CMS at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV

□ For complete characterization of  $\psi(2S)$  production an extension to low- $p_T$  is needed, where recombination mechanism may become dominant

□ At low- $p_T$  only ALICE Run 1 results available, but large uncertainties prevent a firm conclusion → Higher statistics (by a factor of ~11) now available from Run 2 Pb-Pb data at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV

## A Large Ion Collider Experiment



#### □ Inclusive quarkonium

Central barrel (ee, |y|<0.9)</li>
 Muon spectrometer (μμ, 2.5<y<4)</li>
 Coverage down to zero p<sub>T</sub>

 $\Box$   $\psi$ (2S) results were obtained at **forward rapidity** 

□ (Di)muon trigger selects track candidates with  $p_T$ > 1 GeV/c in Pb-Pb collisions

 $\Box$  LHC Run 2  $\rightarrow$  L<sub>int</sub> ~ 750  $\mu$ b<sup>-1</sup>

## Reference pp measurements



ALICE, arXiv:2109.15240

Inclusive production

□ Recent cross-section measurement with 10 times more statistics than earlier publication
 → y- and p<sub>T</sub>-differential studies of ψ(2S)
 □ NRQCD+CGC+FONLL provides a good data description down to zero p<sub>T</sub>

 $\Box \psi(2S)$ -to-J/ $\psi$  ratio increases with  $p_T$  and agrees within uncertainties with theoretical models

## $\psi(2S)$ signal extraction in Pb-Pb

ψ(2S) signal extracted by using an event-mixing background subtraction technique

□ Significant signal observed in most central collisions and down to zero  $p_{T}$ , thanks to the usage of full Run 2 statistics



## $p_T$ dependence of the inclusive cross-section ratios



ALI-PREL-511153

#### N.B.: not corrected for branching ratios

Ratio  $\frac{B_{\psi(2S) \to \mu\mu} \sigma_{\psi(2S)}}{B_{J/\psi \to \mu\mu} \sigma_{J/\psi}}$ Double ratio  $\frac{\left[\frac{\sigma_{\psi(2S)}}{\sigma_{J/\Psi}}\right]_{Pb-Pb}}{\left[\frac{\sigma_{\psi(2S)}}{\sigma_{J/\Psi}}\right]}$ 

## □ Significant suppression of $\psi$ (2S) with respect to J/ $\psi$ in the whole $p_T$ range explored

□ Double ratio between Pb-Pb and pp results reaches a value of ~0.5 at high  $p_{\rm T}$ 

## $p_T$ dependence of the nuclear modification factor



$$R_{AA} = \frac{\left(\frac{dN}{dp_T}\right)_{Pb-Pb}}{\left(\frac{d\sigma}{dp_T}\right)_{pp} \langle T_{AA} \rangle}$$

 $\Box$  Strong suppression at high- $p_{T}$ 

□ Increasing trend of  $R_{AA}$  at low- $p_T$  for both charmonium states → hint of  $\psi$ (2S) regeneration

□ Good agreement between CMS and ALICE data in the common  $p_T$  range, regardless of the different rapidity coverage

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TAMU: X. Du and R. Rapp, NPA 943 (2015) 147

Transport model (TAMU) well reproduces  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$  results, within uncertainties

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## Centrality dependence of the inclusive cross-section ratios

- $\hfill\square$  Flat centrality dependence of ALICE  $\psi(2S)$ -to-J/  $\psi$  (double) ratio
- NA50 results show a slightly more pronounced centrality dependence
- Indication of larger ψ(2S)-to-J/ψ (double) ratio in ALICE than in NA50 in central events
- The TAMU model reproduces the cross section ratios over centrality, while SHMc tends to underestimate the ALICE data in central Pb-Pb collisions

TAMU: X. Du and R. Rapp, NPA 943 (2015) 147 SHMc: A. Andronic et al., Nature 561 no. 7723 (2018) 321



## Centrality dependence of the nuclear modification factor

□ Stronger suppression for  $\psi(2S)$  compared to J/ $\psi$ 

□ Flat centrality dependence of  $\psi(2S)$   $R_{AA}$  within uncertainties, consistent with  $R_{AA} \sim 0.3 - 0.4$ 



## Centrality dependence of the nuclear modification factor

- □ Stronger suppression for  $\psi(2S)$  compared to J/ $\psi$
- □ Flat centrality dependence of  $\psi$ (2S)  $R_{AA}$  within uncertainties, consistent with  $R_{AA} \sim 0.3 - 0.4$
- TAMU model reproduces the results for both J/ψ and ψ(2S)
  SHMc describes J/ψ data but tends to underestimate the ψ(2S) result in central Pb–Pb collisions



### Conclusions

Charmonium production at LHC in Pb-Pb collisions: results on J/ψ support a "suppression+regeneration" picture, well reproduced by models

□ First results on forward  $\psi(2S)$  production at low/intermediate  $p_T$  by ALICE, complementing high- $p_T$  studies by ATLAS/CMS at midrapidity

- □ Cross section ratios and double ratios wrt  $J/\psi$ , together with  $R_{AA}$  studies, indicate a stronger suppression for  $\psi(2S)$ , at all  $p_T$  and centralities
- $\Box$  Hint of  $\psi(2S)$  regeneration effects are observed
- □ Model predictions fairly reproduce data, except for SHMc in central collisions

#### LHC Run 3

- □ Target Pb-Pb integrated luminosity (Run 3 + 4)  $\rightarrow$  L<sub>int</sub> ~ 13 nb<sup>-1</sup>
- □ Improved tracking precision by a factor 3 (6) in xy (z) direction at midrapidity (new Inner Tracker)

 □ New Muon Forward Tracker (MFT), enabling prompt/non-prompt separation
 → Extend ψ(2S) studies to midrapidity and significantly reduce uncertainties at forward y

## Backup

Recent ALICE results on  $\psi(2S)$  production in Pb-Pb collisions

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20



□ Rise of inclusive J/ψ R<sub>AA</sub> at low p<sub>T</sub>, stronger effect at y=0 → decisive signature of recombination
 □ Models include regeneration either at the freeze-out (SHMc) or during the medium evolution (TAMU)
 → Both in agreement with data at low p<sub>T</sub>

 $\Box$  Effect confirmed when looking at prompt J/ $\psi$  production at midrapidity, clear centrality dependence