PHYSICAL REVIEW D

Proof of factorization for diffractive hard scattering

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A proof is given that hard-scattering factorization is valid for deep-inelastic processes which are diffractive or which have some other condition imposed on the final state in the target fragmentation region. [S0556-2821(98)00507-4] PACS number(s): 13.85.Ni, 12.38.Aw, 13.60.-r

1 MARCH 1998

V. CONCLUSIONS

We have proved the factorization theorem for the general class of diffractive deep-inelastic processes, and generalizations including those to which the fracture function formalism of Trentadue and Veneziano [14] applies. The proof includes a treatment of nonperturbative effects at the level of Refs. [2,3,21].

Given the results of Refs. [2,3] on the Drell-Yan process, we must not expect the theorem to be applicable to hadronhadron collisions. Absorptive corrections should reduce diffractive hard-scattering cross sections below the expectations given by the factorization formula on the basis of deepinelastic data. Furthermore, the "coherent Pomeron mechanism" of [4,11,22] may exist. It is only when one of the initiating particles is a lepton that the proof of factorization is valid.

The proof would appear to apply also to *direct* photoproduction of jets, etc., because the initiating particle of the hard scattering is a lepton. However, the proof does not apply to *resolved* photoproduction processes, since these are in effect hadron-hadron processes. The lack of an absolutely unambiguous separation between direct and resolved photoproduction will presumably limit the accuracy of the application of the factorization formula to direct diffractive photoproduction. [2] J. L. Cardy and G. A. Winbow, Phys. Lett. **52B**, 95 (1974).
[3] C. DeTar, S. D. Ellis, and P. V. Landshoff, Nucl. Phys. **B87**, 176 (1975).