



Thursday, 29. April 2021 at 4 pm

**Online-Seminar via Zoom** (ID: 989 8482 9760/ PW: 266183)

# LHC Injectors Upgrade

# Accelerator physics challenges of the LHC Injectors Upgrade (LIU) Project

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25.05.2021

- The CERN injectors complex
  - Production scheme of the proton beams for LHC
- The LHC Injectors Upgrade (LIU) project
  - Goals and means of LIU
  - Expected beam performance vs. current performance
  - Highlights of accelerator physics studies
- The LIU project execution
  - Overview on timeline
  - Return to operation and beam performance ramp-up after LIU installation
  - Some first results from beam commissioning
- Conclusions



#### The CERN accelerator complex















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#### Goals of CERN upgrades in a nutshell (HL-LHC)



#### The High Luminosity LHC (HL-LHC) upgrade

- Aims at 3000 (4000) fb<sup>-1</sup> total integrated luminosity over HL-LHC run (2026 2037)
- Based on operation at levelled luminosity of 5 (7.5) x10<sup>34</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> by lowering  $\beta^*$

Beam properties @LHC injection

	N <sub>b</sub> (x 10 <sup>11</sup> p/b)	ε <sub>x,y,</sub> (μm)	Bunch spacing	Bunches
HL-LHC beam	2.3	2.1	25 ns	4x72 per injection



## Goals of CERN upgrades in a nutshell (LIU)



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Beam properties @LHC injection

	N <sub>b</sub> (x 10 <sup>11</sup> p/b)	ε <sub>x,y,</sub> (μm)	Bunch spacing	Bunches
HL-LHC target	2.3	2.1	25 ns	4x72 per injection
Present	1.3	2.7	25 ns	4x72 per injection

#### The LHC Injectors Upgrade (LIU)

- Aims at matching the beam parameters at LHC injection with HL-LHC target
- Needs to deploy **means** to overcome **performance limitations** in all injectors!



#### LHC beam limitation diagrams

LHC Injectors Upgrade

 Intensity and brightness of the LHC beams at the SPS extraction (450 GeV) result from intensity and brightness limitations of all injectors in the chain



 Coherent instabilities, electron cloud, beam induced heating, beam losses typically limit the achievable intensity

 $N_b < N_{\max}$ 

## LHC beam performance before upgrade

 LHC beam parameters at the SPS extraction (450 GeV) result from intensity and brightness limitations of all injectors in the chain



#### Brightness

- PSB brightness determined by space charge at injection
- Limit for PS space charge at injection  $\Delta Q_v < 0.31$

#### Intensity

- SPS is limited by beam loading and longitudinal instabilities on the ramp and flat top
- PS is limited by longitudinal coupled bunch instability on the ramp and flat top

LHC Injectors Upgrade

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## LHC beam performance before upgrade

 LHC beam parameters at the SPS extraction (450 GeV) result from intensity and brightness limitations of all injectors in the chain



- Brightness
  - PSB brightness determined by space charge at injection
  - Limit for PS space charge at injection  $\Delta Q_y < 0.31$
  - ✓ Space charge in SPS not a limit for LHC beams

#### Intensity

- SPS is limited by beam loading and longitudinal instabilities on the ramp and flat top
- PS is limited by longitudinal coupled bunch instability on the ramp and flat top
- ✓ PSB intensity limit well above displayed range

## The LHC Injectors Upgrade (LIU) project

 Performance goal → Match the beam parameters at SPS extraction to the High Luminosity LHC (HL-LHC) target



	N <sub>b</sub> (x 10 <sup>11</sup> p/b)	ε <sub>x,y,</sub> (μm)
HL-LHC target	2.3	2.1
Before upgrades	1.3	2.7

#### LIU strategy

- →Identify the sources of the performance limitations in each of the injectors impeding the achievement of the HL-LHC target parameters
- →Define and deploy the necessary upgrade items to overcome these limitations

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#### A quick overview on the LIU project





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#### A quick overview on the LIU project







• Effect of the LIU baseline upgrade items on **beam parameter reach**, based on existing machine models and anticipated equipment performance



 Effect of the LIU baseline upgrade items on beam parameter reach, based on existing machine models and anticipated equipment performance



#### Connection of PSB to Linac4

- Linac4 providing 25 mA within 0.4 um
- Charge exchange H<sup>-</sup> injection at 160 MeV into PSB

• Effect of the LIU baseline upgrade items on **beam parameter reach**, based on existing machine models and anticipated equipment performance



- Connection of PSB to Linac4
- PSB acceleration to 2 GeV
  - New main power supply and RF system in PSB
  - $_{\odot}\,$  New injection region in PS

• Effect of the LIU baseline upgrade items on **beam parameter reach**, based on existing machine models and anticipated equipment performance



- Connection of PSB to Linac4
- PSB acceleration to 2 GeV
- PS RF upgrades, e.g.
  - New broadband cavity for longitudinal feedback system against instabilities
  - $_{\odot}\,$  Impedance reduction of RF systems

• Effect of the LIU baseline upgrade items on **beam parameter reach**, based on existing machine models and anticipated equipment performance



- Connection of PSB to Linac4
- PSB acceleration to 2 GeV
- PS RF upgrades
- SPS upgrade
  - $_{\odot}\,$  Power and LLRF upgrade of 200 MHz RF system
  - Longitudinal impedance reduction
  - a-C coating of focusing quadrupole chambers
  - $\circ$  Deployment of low  $\gamma_t$  optics
  - $_{\odot}\,$  Upgrade of beam dump and protection devices

• Effect of the LIU baseline upgrade items on **beam parameter reach**, based on existing machine models and anticipated equipment performance



- ✓ Connection of PSB to Linac4
- ✓ PSB acceleration to 2 GeV
- ✓ PS RF upgrades
- ✓ SPS upgrade

## ⇒LIU parameter reach for proton beams matches the HL-LHC target within baseline

# Some examples of studies that guided definition of LIU parameter reach or LIU baseline choices



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## (1) Connection of PSB to Linac4



- Linear increase of transverse emittance with increase of injected intensity
- Simulations could closely reproduce measured slope
- Brightness can be doubled by moving to H- injection at 160 MeV (~twice  $\beta\gamma^2$ )
  - Simulations show that indeed brightness can be improved by factor 2, and even beyond by optimizing injection parameters (e.g., incoming energy spread)
  - Limit coming from Linac4 emittance and scattering against stripping foil for low intensity





## (2) PS space charge

- Space charge plays a crucial role at the PS injection
  - 4 PSB bunches with large tune spread sit at injection energy for 1.2 s
  - Tune spread needs to be accommodated between integer resonance and space charge driven structural resonance 8Qy=50 during 1.2 sec flat bottom

- In order to keep the pre-LIU tune spread at injection with double intensity in the same transverse  $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ 
  - Increase of injection energy to **2 GeV** (63% gain in  $\beta\gamma^2$ )
  - Larger longitudinal emittance at PSB-PS transfer to allow for longer bunches and larger  $\delta p/p$









- Bunch current limited to 1.5e11 p/b at extraction
- Above 1.5e11 p/b longitudinal coupled bunch instabilities
   appear on the ramp and at flat top
  - Simulations show it is a dipolar oscillation mainly driven by 10 MHz RF system impedance
- Need broad-band feedback system to counteract this instability



## (3) PS intensity limitation

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#### (3) PS intensity limitation

- Broadband cavity to act as kicker for longitudinal feedback system in PS was studied during Run 1 and installed during LS1 (2013-14)
- Thanks to operational deployment + further RF improvements, LIU target intensity at PS extraction could be already achieved with margin
  - Disclaimer: LIU brightness only available with Linac4 and 2 GeV PSB upgrade
- Lesson learnt → Full exploitation of new hardware, i.e. up to delivery of the benefits anticipated on paper, requires time and extensive machine studies



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Giovanni Rumolo

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## (4) SPS intensity limitation (longitudinal)

#### SPS intensity limitations

- Beam loading in the present 200 MHz TW RF system
- Longitudinal instabilities during ramp with very low threshold currently cured by
  - 800 MHz RF system in bunch shortening mode
  - Controlled emittance blow-up (with constraint of 1.7 ns bunch length at extraction)
- Globally, intensity limited to about 1.3e11 p/b at extraction





## Impedance reduction needed in addition 2.8 2.6

(4) SPS intensity limitation (longitudinal)

- Shielding of a subset of vacuum flanges
- Enhanced damping of HOMs of 200 MHz (factor baseline for LIU
- Serigraphy on the kickers MKP





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## (5) SPS intensity limitation (transverse)

- LHC Injectors Upgrade
- Transverse Mode Coupling Instability (TMCI) threshold was 1.6e11 p/b
  with the original Q26 optics (integer part of the tune 26)
- Simulations showed that it could be raised to 4e11 p/b using a low gamma transition ( $\gamma_t$ ) optics (Q20)



- Measurements confirmed this 2.5 times higher threshold!
- The Q20 optics has been made operational for LHC beams

#### (6) SPS electron cloud

#### Electron cloud mitigation relies mainly on

- Beam induced scrubbing
- Coating with a-C the chambers of the focusing quadrupoles and adjacent drift chambers







#### A quick overview on the timeline of the LIU project and where we are standing now







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#### Where we are standing now (Linac4)

- LHC Injectors Upgrade
- Linac4 has been in operation since July 2020 and is currently working as injector for the PSB
- Excellent source stability thanks to continuous caesiation and autopilot



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#### Where we are standing now (Linac4)



- Linac4 has been in operation since July 2020 and is currently working as injector for the PSB
- Excellent source stability thanks to continuous caesiation and autopilot
- Different transfer line optics applied to different PSB production schemes
  - New high-level controls to link debuncher settings to optics settings
- Weekly **availability** up to 100%, and in average well above 97%





 After four months of hardware commissioning, the PSB has taken its first beam from Linac4 in the second week of December 2020
 Pre-LIU Example





- After four months of hardware commissioning, the PSB has taken its first
  beam from Linac4 in the second week of December 2020
- By the end of 2020 the new injection system was fully commissioned and the beam was captured in the new RF system and circulated at 160 MeV
- By end of January 2021 the beam could be accelerated to 2 GeV and extracted to the dump in the transfer line



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- The whole zoo of beams for Fixed Target users are quickly being produced to serve physics users as they gradually come back online
  - E.g. SPS FT beam with excellent transmission, controlled longitudinal emittance blow up, bunch splitting









- LHC beam is being also carefully prepared
  - Intensity spanning from pre-LIU to LIU values
  - Lots of optimization ongoing but already in very good shape
    - Injection with no painting and large energy spread from Linac4 (around 450 keV)
    - Working point still ramped over a reduced range
    - Capture in double harmonic with a little longitudinal shaving and (for the moment) no intentional longitudinal emittance blow-up along the ramp
    - Resonance compensation scheme implemented to suppress/reduce losses upon resonance crossing along the cycle



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- LHC beam is being also carefully prepared
  - Intensity spanning from pre-LIU to LIU values







- LHC beam is being also carefully prepared
  - Intensity spanning from pre-LIU to LIU values



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- LHC beam is being also carefully prepared
  - First measured points on PSB brightness line





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- The PS has been taking beam since beginning of March
  - LHC beam already restored up to 1.8e11 p/b extracted
  - Excellent transmission, emittance preservation needs to be studied







- The PS has been taking beam since beginning of March
  - Electron cloud formation after last bunch splitting had to be overcome with a scrubbing run to avoid vacuum interlock









- The SPS has started taking beam on Friday 23 April
  - Commissioning of new orbit measurement system
  - Operational deployment of new dump system
  - First capture of single bunch in upgraded RF system



#### Conclusions

- LIU project baseline was built to fulfil the HL-LHC target parameters
  - An advanced modeling of the LHC injectors and a close analysis of their performance limitations have constantly guided the process
  - Main phase of installation has lasted two years of long shutdown (LS2)
  - Injectors back to operation in cascade since July 2020
- LIU project currently in its closing phase
  - Linac4, PSB and PS are in advanced stage of beam commissioning or even operation
  - SPS is just starting beam commissioning
  - Project will officially finish at the end of June 2020
- First promising results from beam commissioning (PSB brightness line, PS e-cloud mitigation and high intensity production), however still a long way to the full demonstration of the LIU beam parameters across the whole injectors chain





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