



university of
groningen

Online event building and filtering

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Main goal

Complete event building and event filtering in the PandaRoot corresponding to the future DAQ system.

Presented in the previous collaboration meeting:

- Event mixing procedure
- Time-gap event building

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Complete event building and event filtering in the PandaRoot corresponding to the future DAQ system.

What was planned for this meeting :

- Investigate the event “scrambling”
- Implement time-ordered data flow for the EMC clusters and PndTracks
- Implement time-gap event building for the EMC clusters and PndTracks
- Implement event filtering and investigate its performance

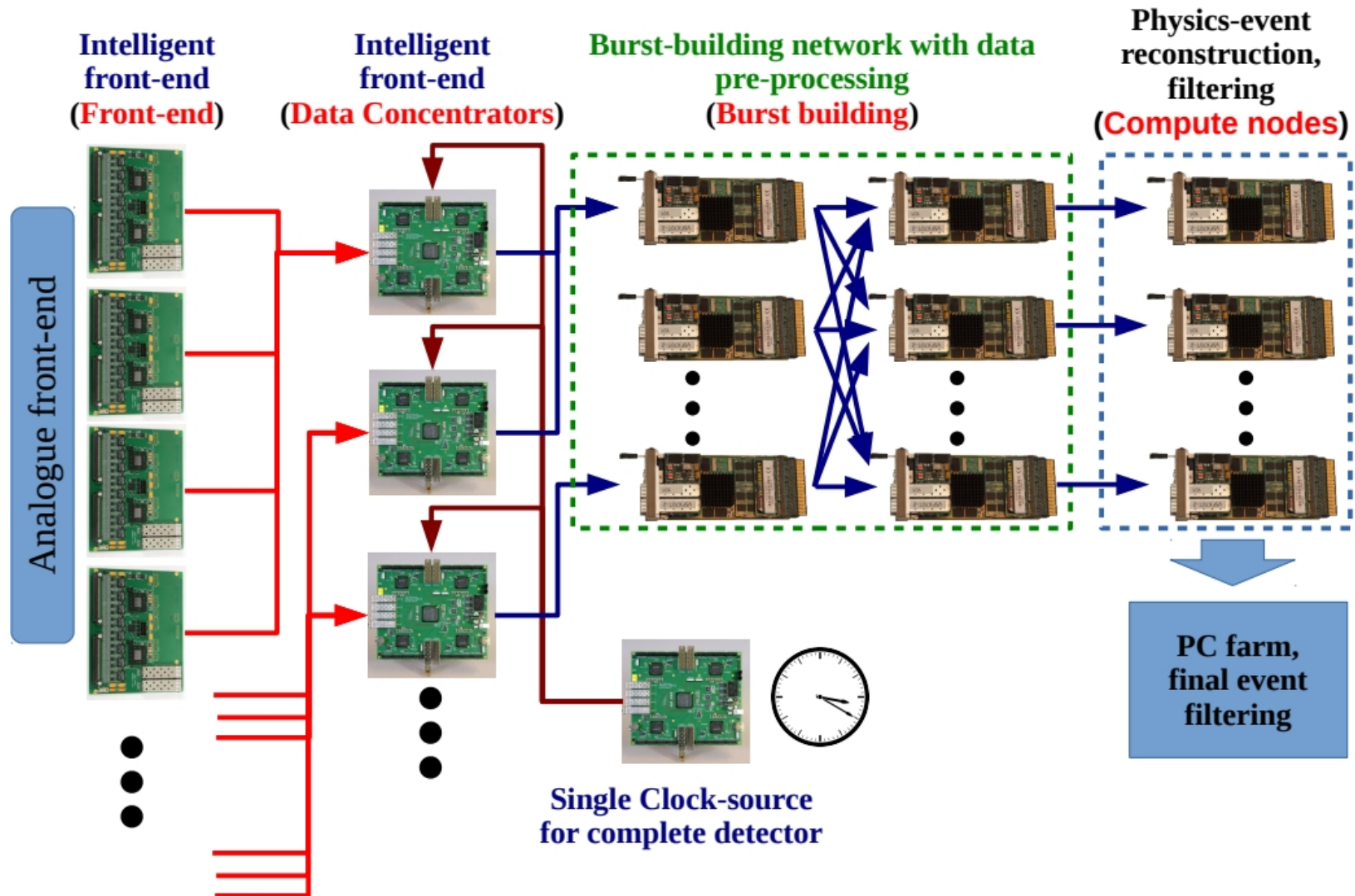
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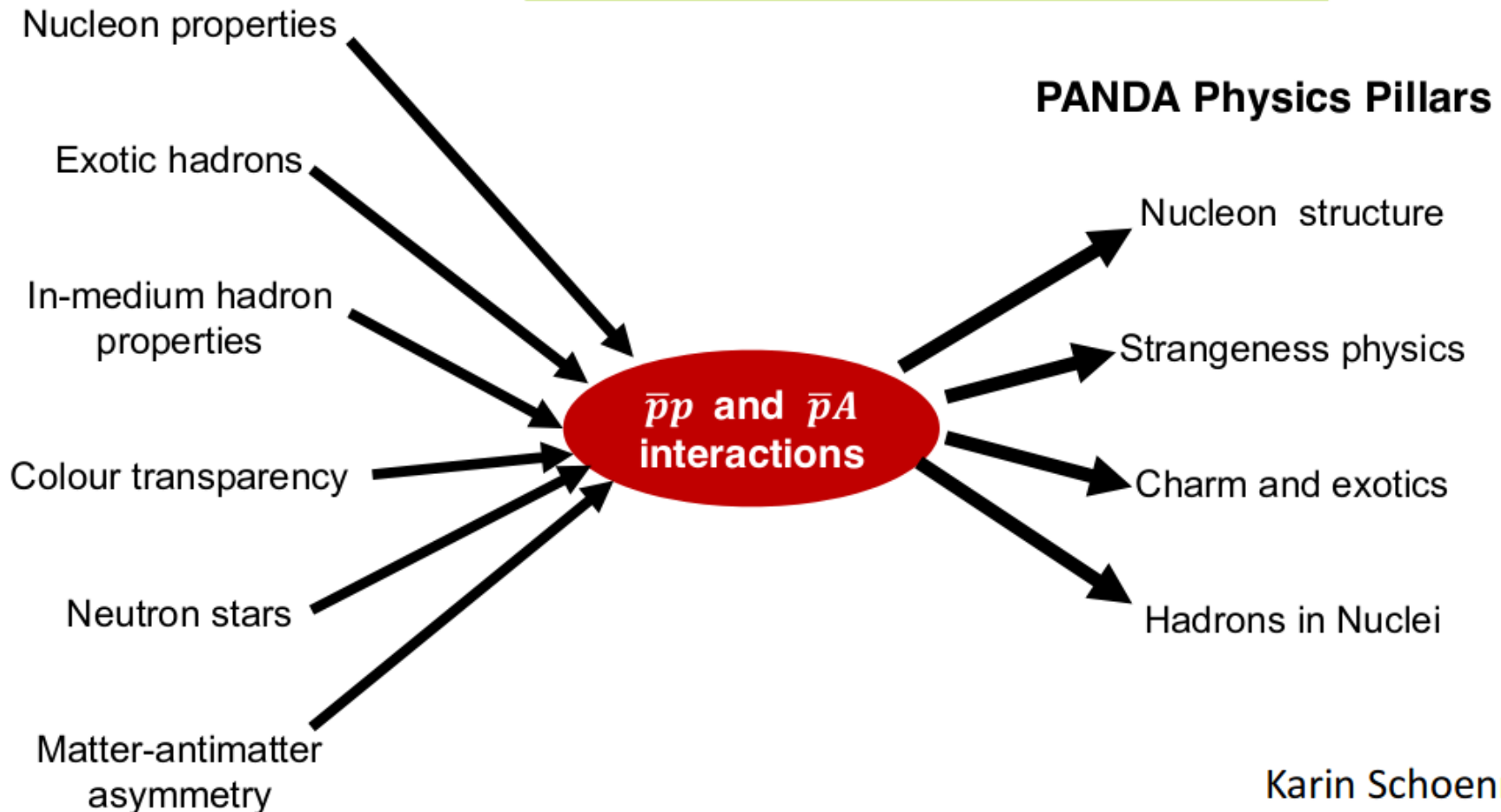
Triggerless DAQ system



PANDA Physics

Key questions

Impact by *precision* (statistics, resolution)
and *uniqueness* (terra incognita)



Benchmark channels for the DAQ

1) $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \Lambda^0(\rightarrow p\pi^-)\bar{\Lambda}^0(\rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+)$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 2.304$ GeV.

Study of hyperon spin observables for probing QCD in the confinement domain

2) $\bar{p}p \rightarrow J/\psi(\rightarrow e^+e^-)\pi^+\pi^-$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 3.872$ GeV.

Study of charmonium exotic candidate X(3872)

3) $\bar{p}p \rightarrow e^+e^-$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 2.256$ GeV.

Study of electric and magnetic form factors of the proton in the time-like region

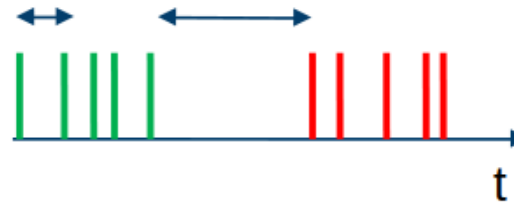
3) $\bar{p}p \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 2.256$ GeV.

In addition to previous one, this reaction allows to study time-like form factors of the proton below the threshold of the proton pair production of $(2M_p)^2$

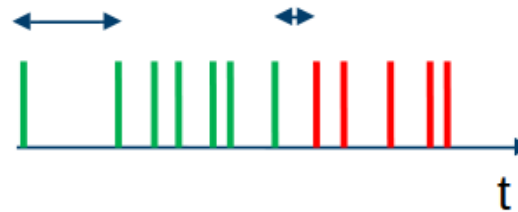
Main requirement : A reasonable efficiency after background suppression.

Time-gap event building in a nutshell

It is based on the time difference between adjacent hits

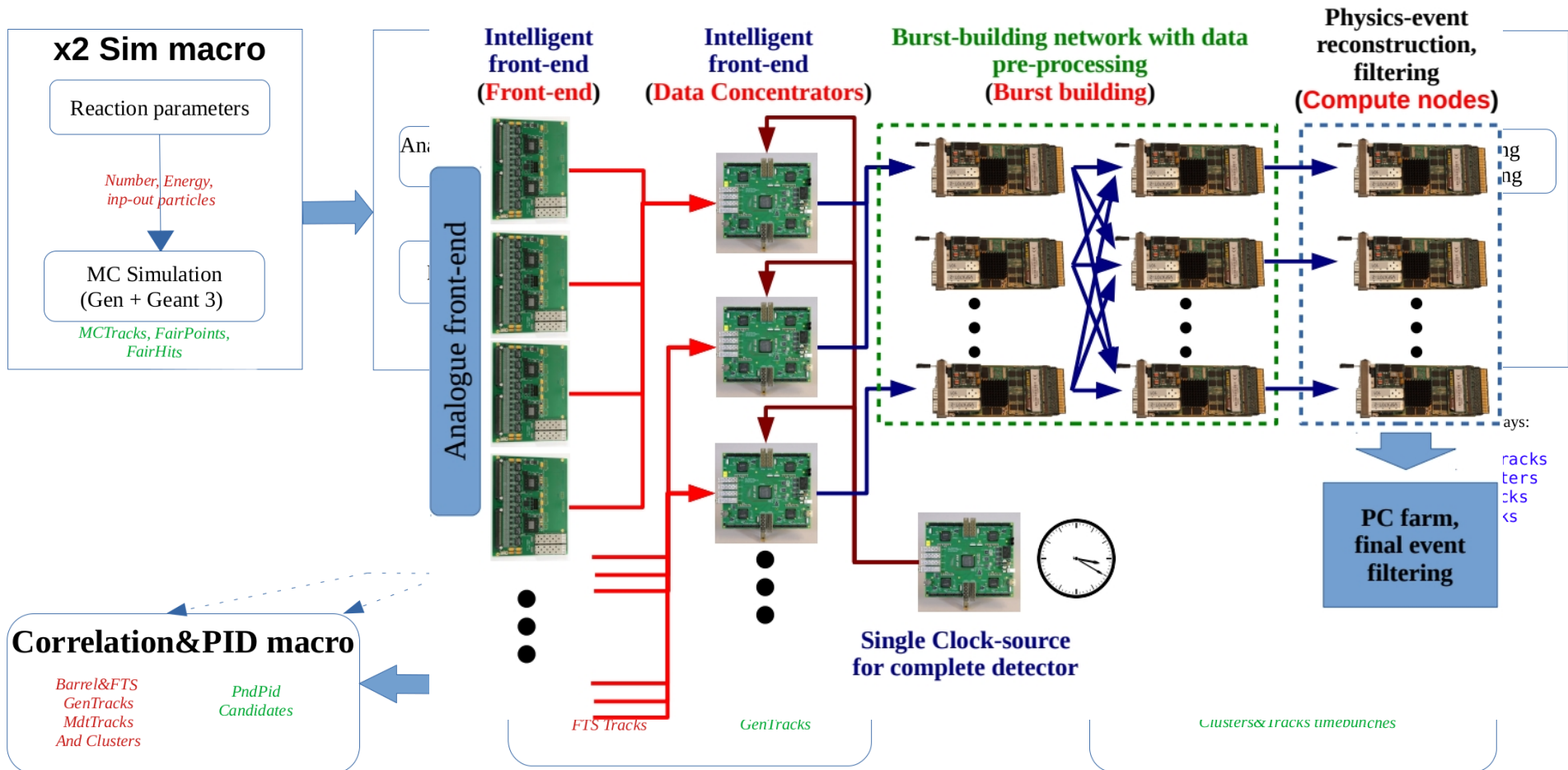


It performs well as long as a time difference between events is big

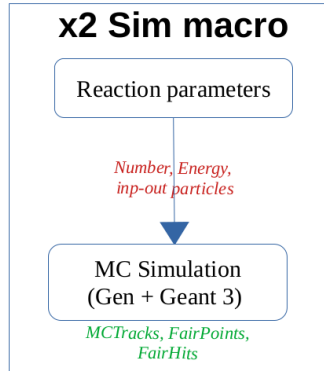


Picture is taken from Tobias Stockmanns' presentation.

Simulation workflow

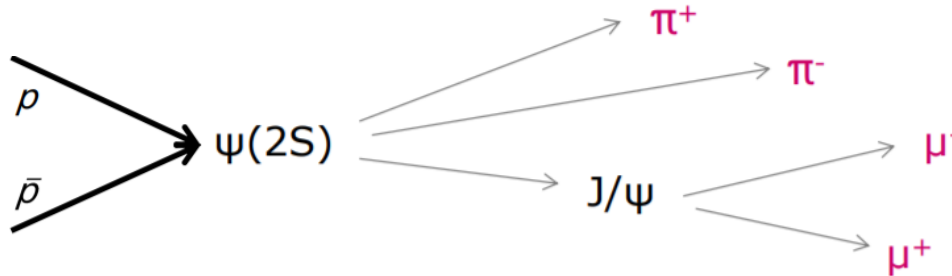


Monte-Carlo information

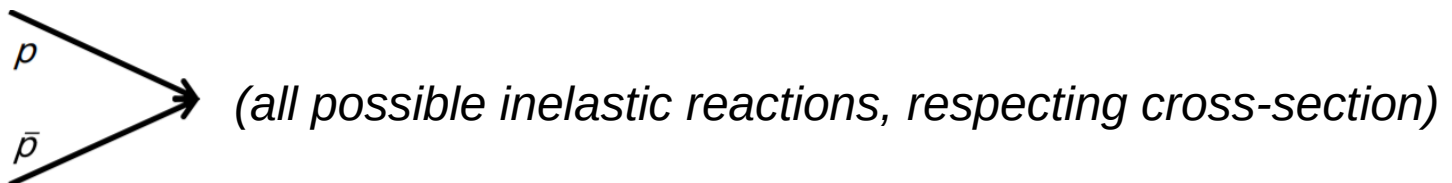


Generate two files with:

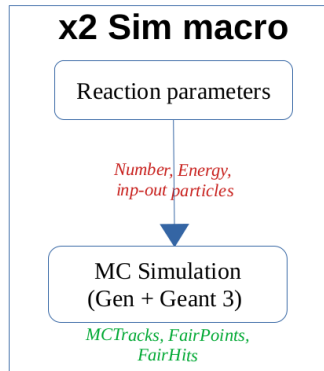
1. **SIGNAL** – 1000 events at 6.2315 GeV/c, EvtGen:



2. **BACKGROUND** – 2000 events at 6.2315 GeV/c, FTF generator:

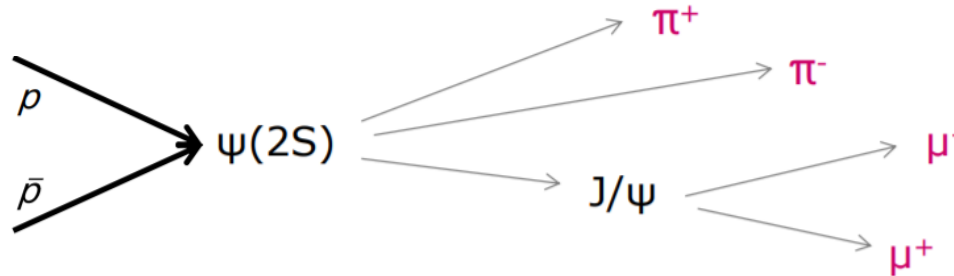


Monte-Carlo information (VIRGO)

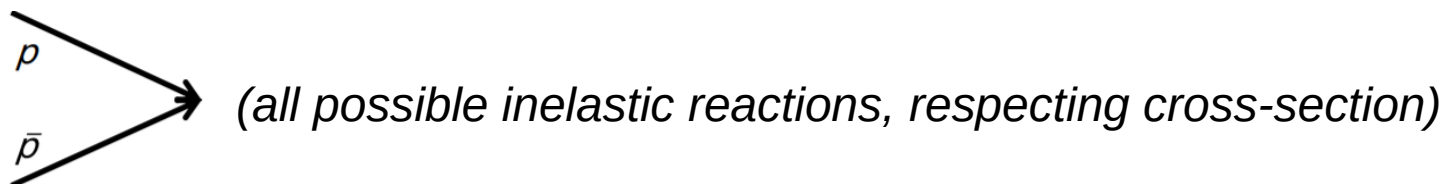


Generate two files with:

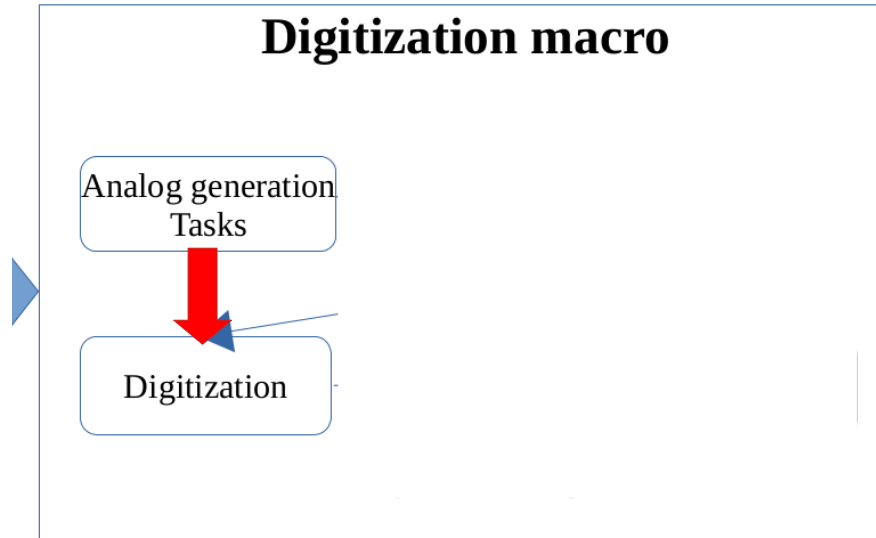
1. **SIGNAL** – 10^5 (100 per seed) events at 6.2315 GeV/c, EvtGen:



2. **BACKGROUND** – 10^6 (1000 per seed) events at 6.2315 GeV/c, FTF generator:



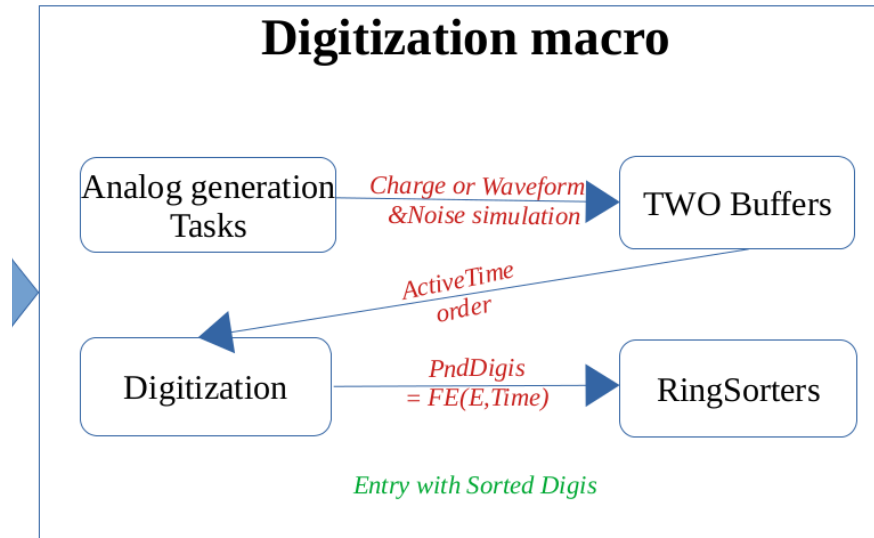
Digitization



Event-based

- generation of analogue signals
- digitization of analogue signals
 - no overlap possibility
 - no time sorting
 - isolated events

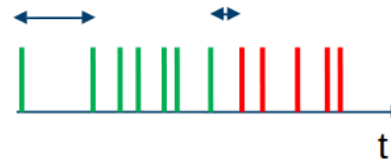
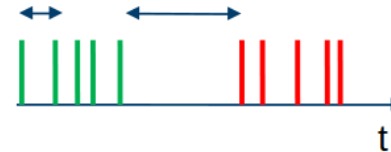
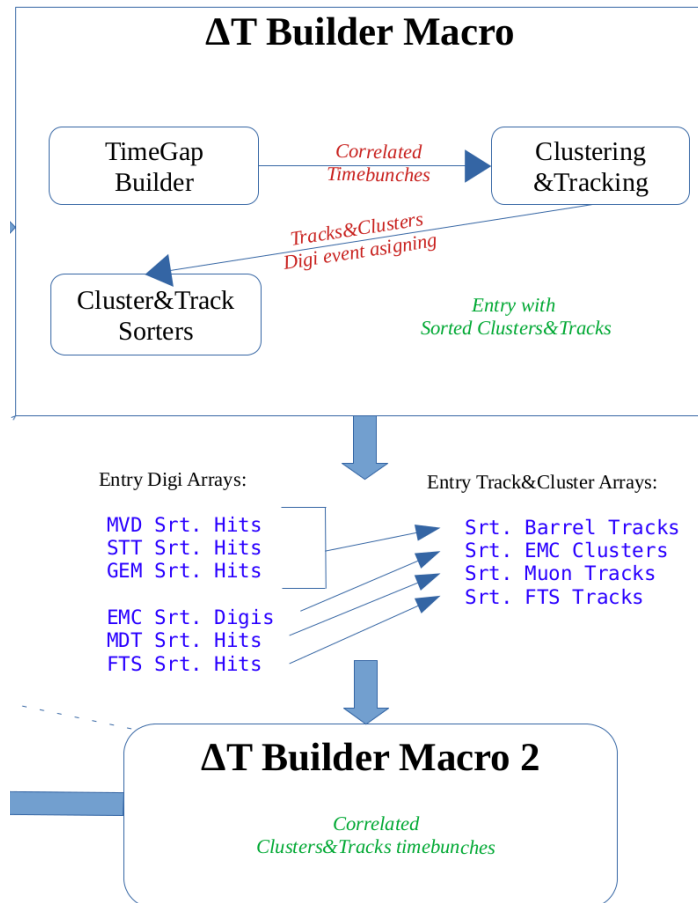
Digitization



Time-based

- generation of analogue signals
- digitization of analogue signals
- overlap possibility (TWO Buffers)
 - time sorting (Ring Sorters)
 - time-ordered stream

Timebunch creation



- processing digi-bunches by the time-gap builder
- clustering&tracking, within created timebunches
- cluster&track sorting
- processing tracks&cluster bunches by the time-gap builder

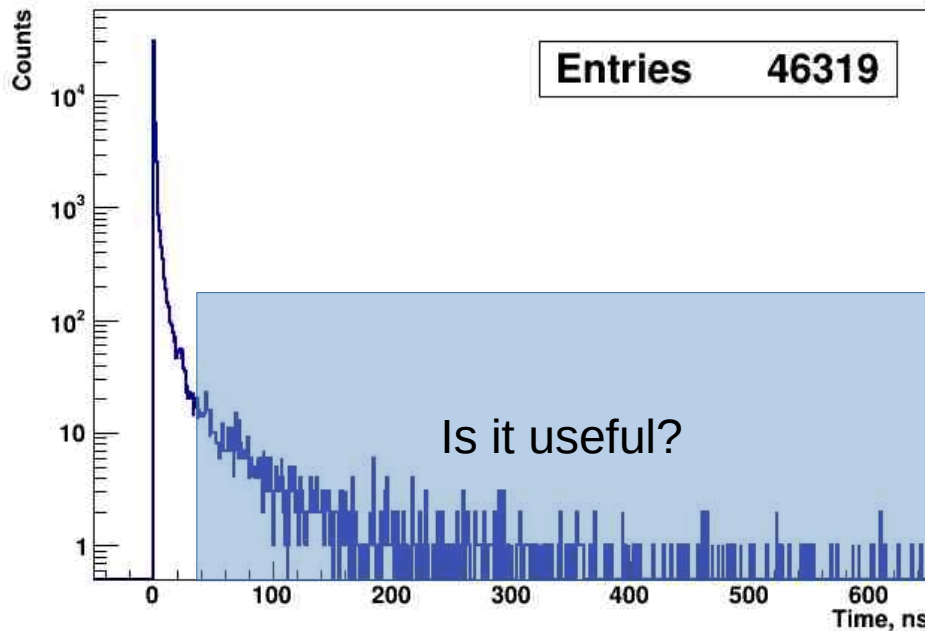


Possible imperfections of the time-gap method

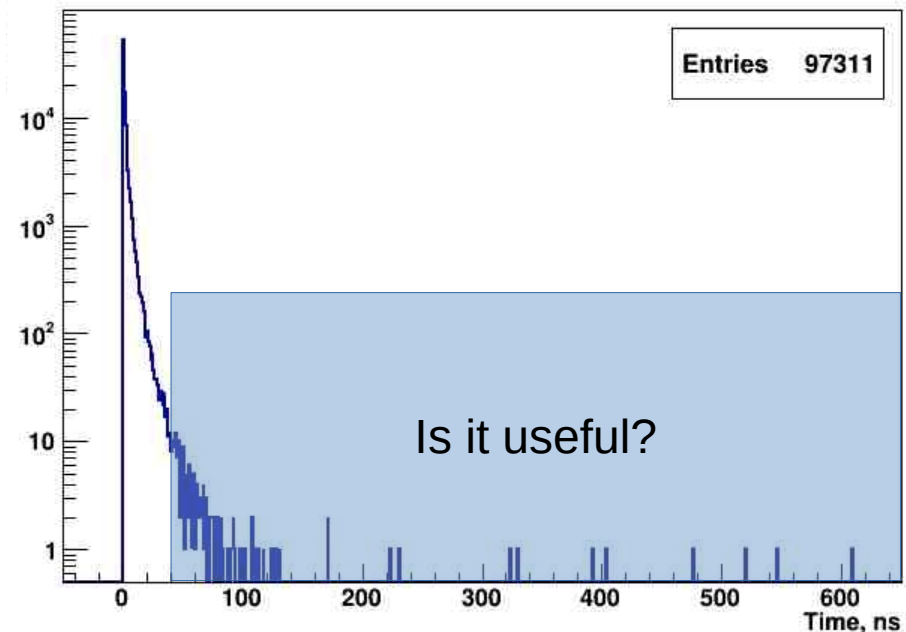
Event-based study (Signal)

Time-difference distribution between adjacent-in-time hits
if all events are used

neighbouring timestamps difference of EMC



neighbouring timestamps difference of STT

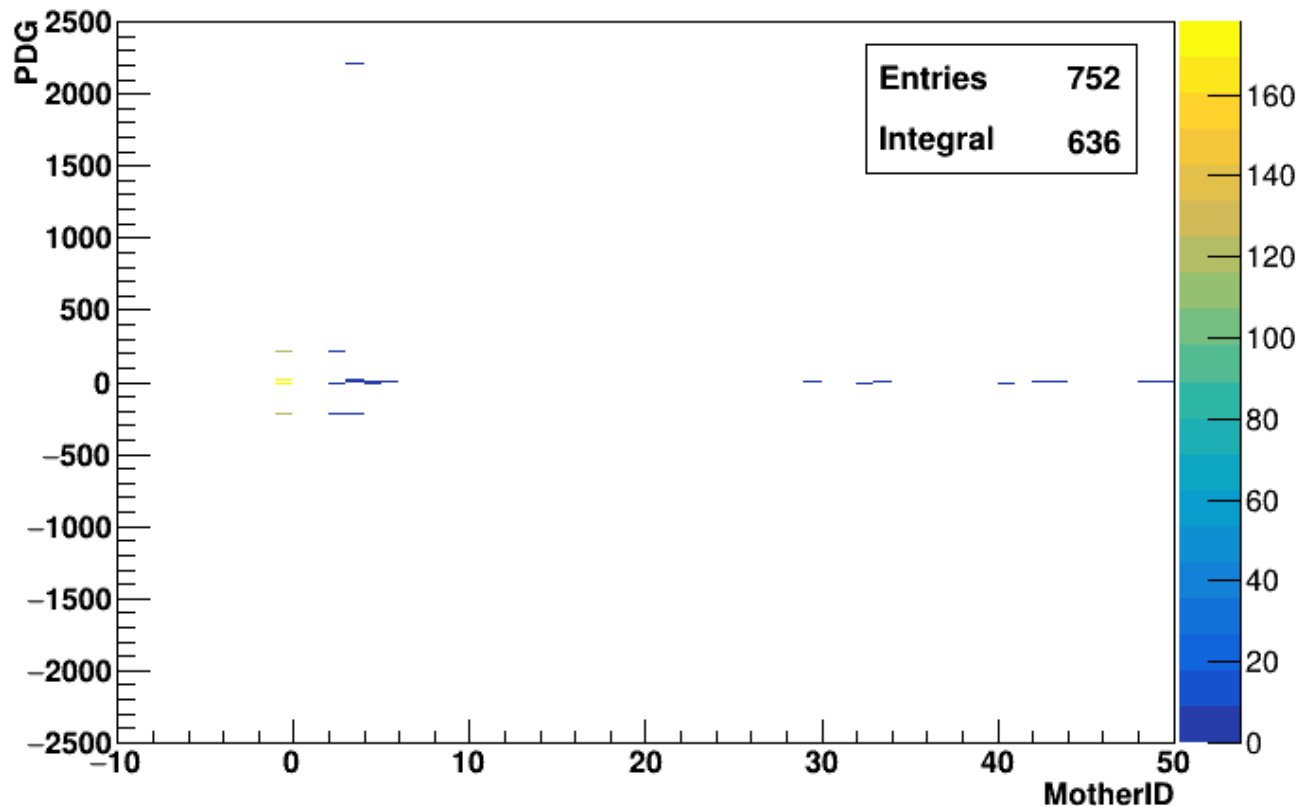


Event “smearing” effect

Possible imperfections of the time-gap method

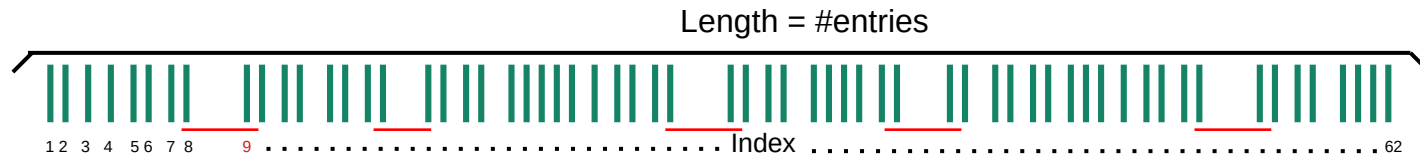
Event-based study (Signal)

Mother ID and its PDG particle with $dt > 20$ ns



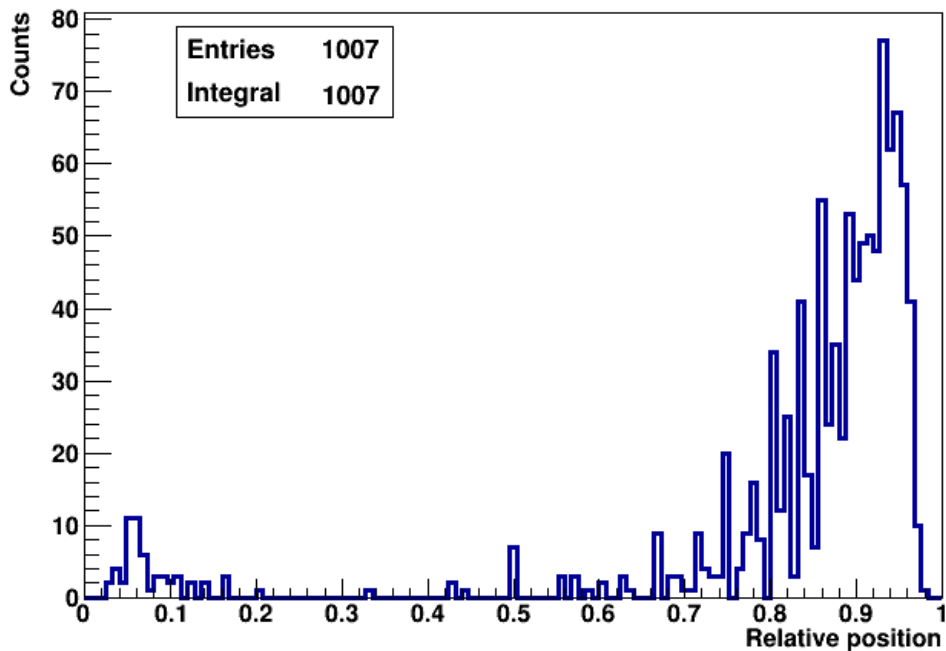
Potential danger of event
“granulation”!

Possible imperfections of the time-gap method Event-based study (Signal)

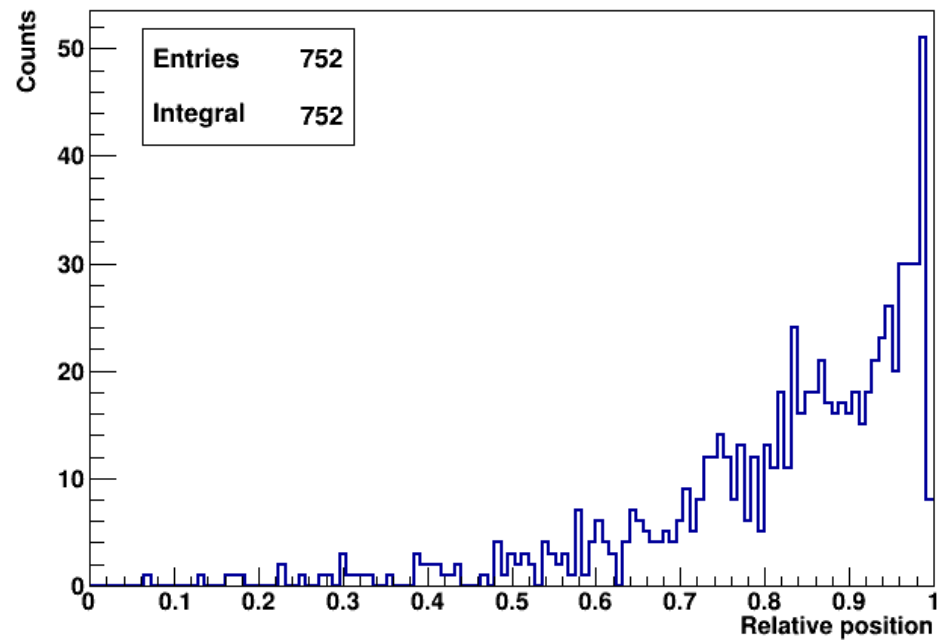


Relative position = Index / Length

Timegap position for EMC



Timegap position for STT



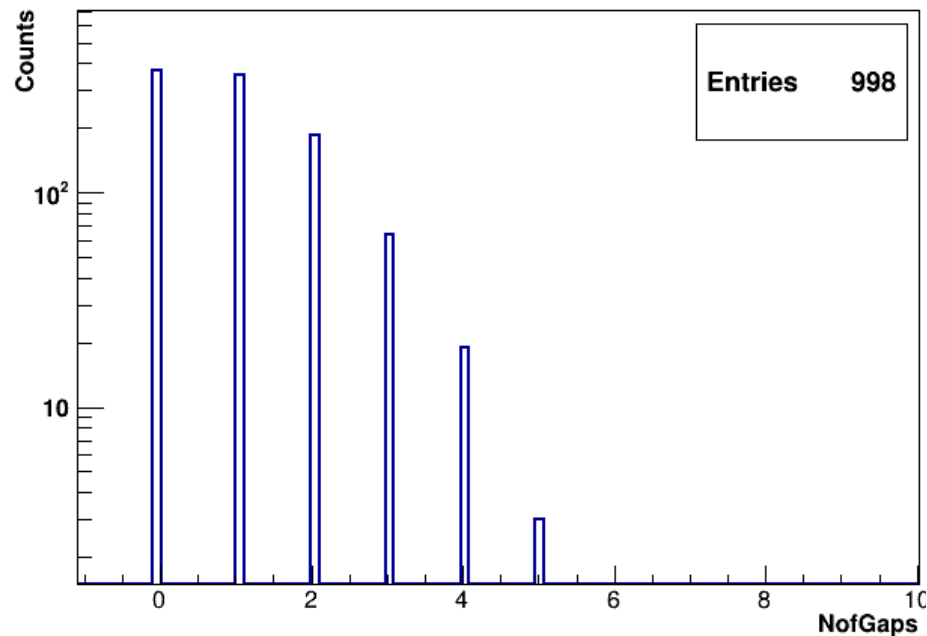
Event cutting with time-gap

Event-based study (Signal)

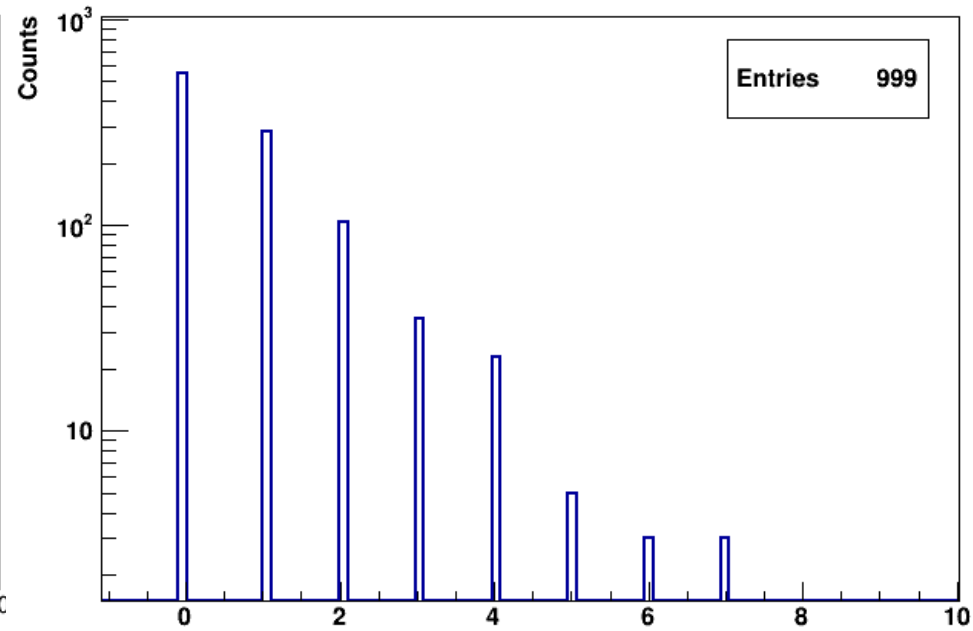
$dt = 20 \text{ ns}$



number of gaps per event EMC



number of gaps per event STT



Considerable amount of
events with a time-gap(s)

Event cutting with time-gap

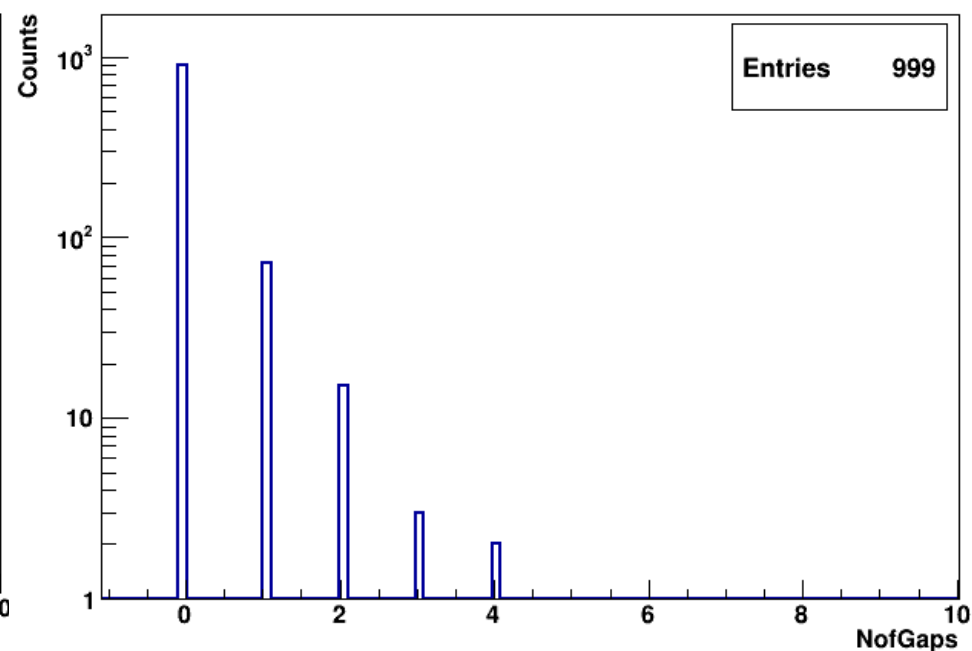
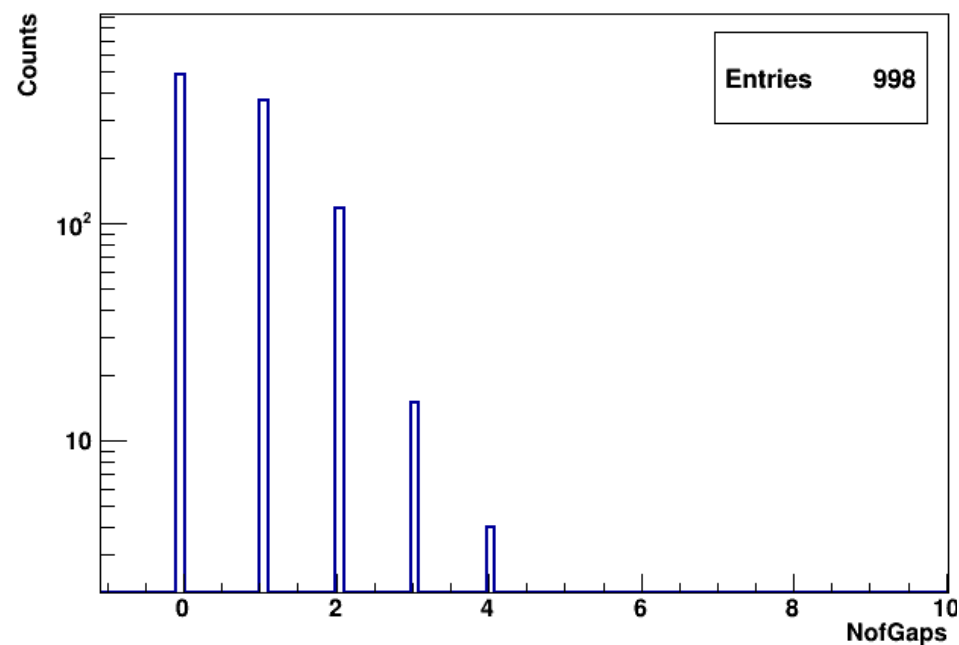
Event-based study (Signal)

dt = 40 ns



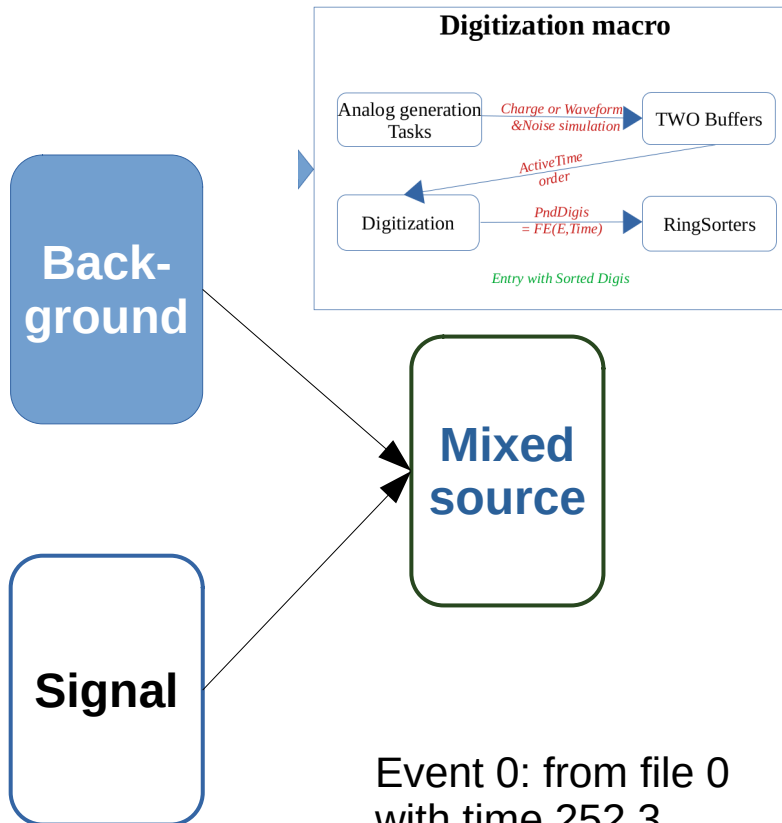
number of gaps per event EMC

number of gaps per event STT



Trade between event mixing and event “granulation”

Time-based Simulation



Event 0: from file 0
 with time 252.3
 Event 1: from file 1
 with time 728.6

 Event 50: from file 0
 with time 7854.7

Time-based

- generation of analogue signals
- digitization of analogue signals
- overlap possibility (TWO Buffers)
 - time sorting (Ring Sorters)
 - time-ordered stream

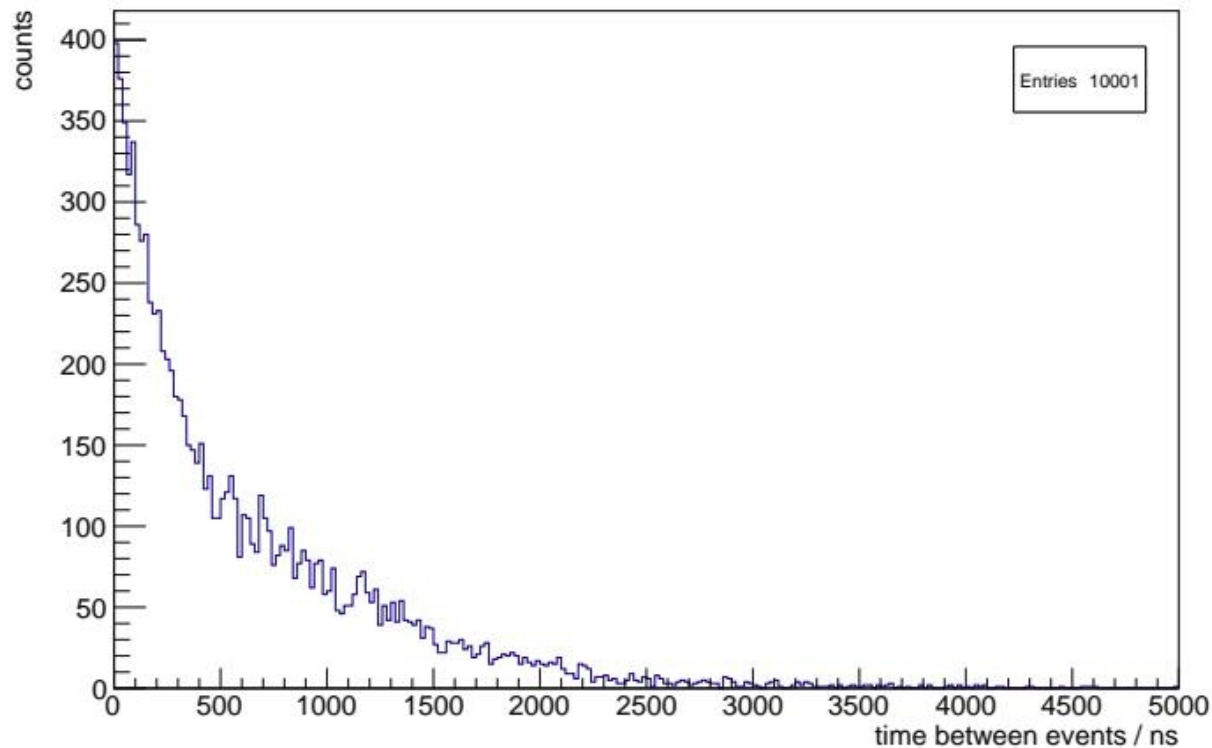
`source->BGWindowWidthNo(2,1);`

`source->SetEventMeanTime(500);`

`source->SetBeamTime(1600, 400);`

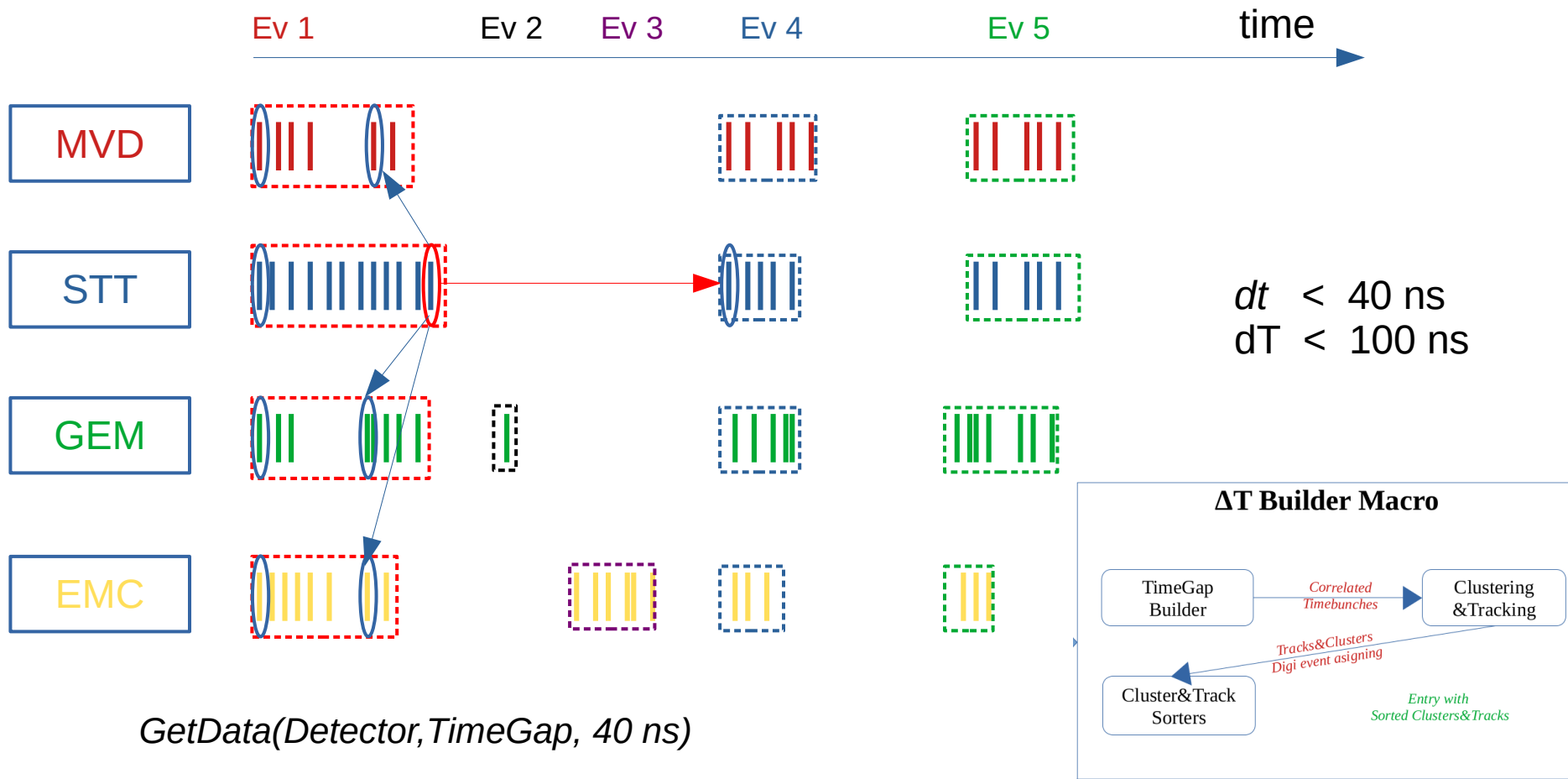
Time-based Simulation

Time gap between two consecutive events



10000 anti-proton target interactions
with a mean time duration of events 500 ns.

Time-gap event builder algorithm



Time duration of event

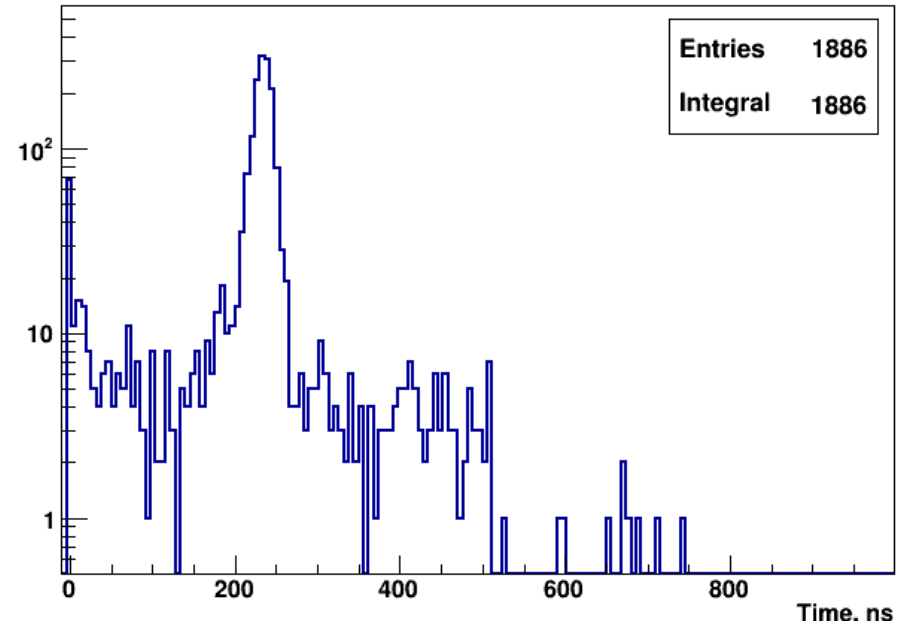
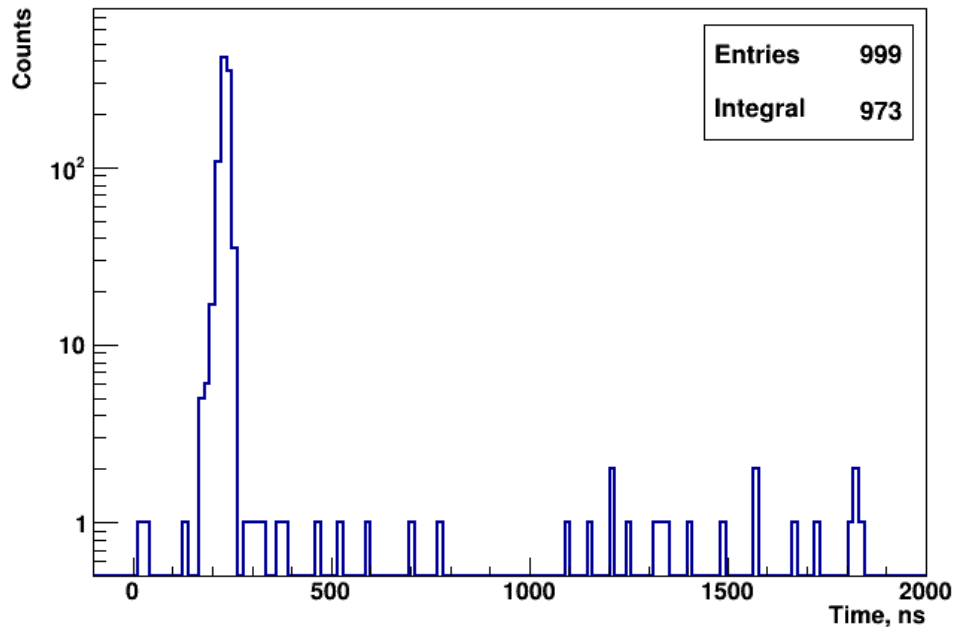
Signal (STT)



$$\text{Time} = T_{end} - T_0$$

Event-based

Time-based 40ns



Higher number of events due to the event “granulation” effect

Time duration of event

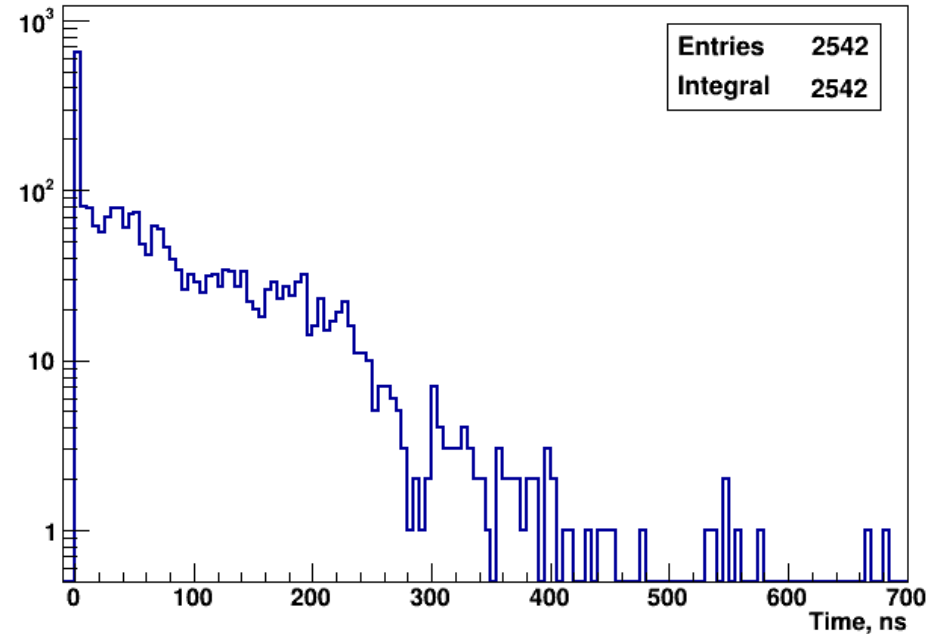
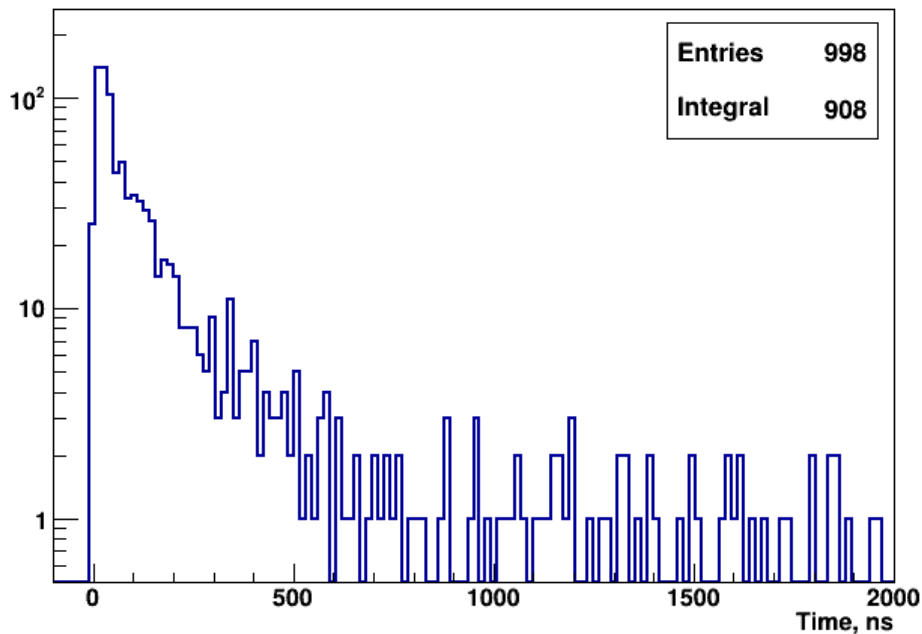
Signal (EMC)



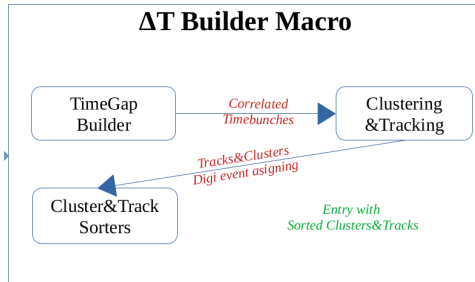
$$\text{Time} = T_{end} - T_0$$

Event-based

Time-based 40ns



Same picture for EMC clusters



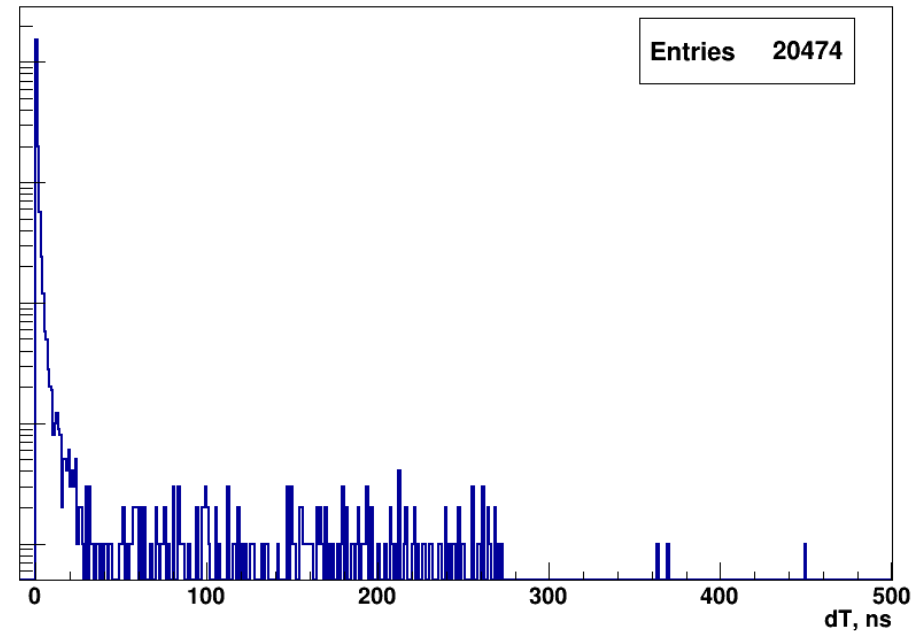
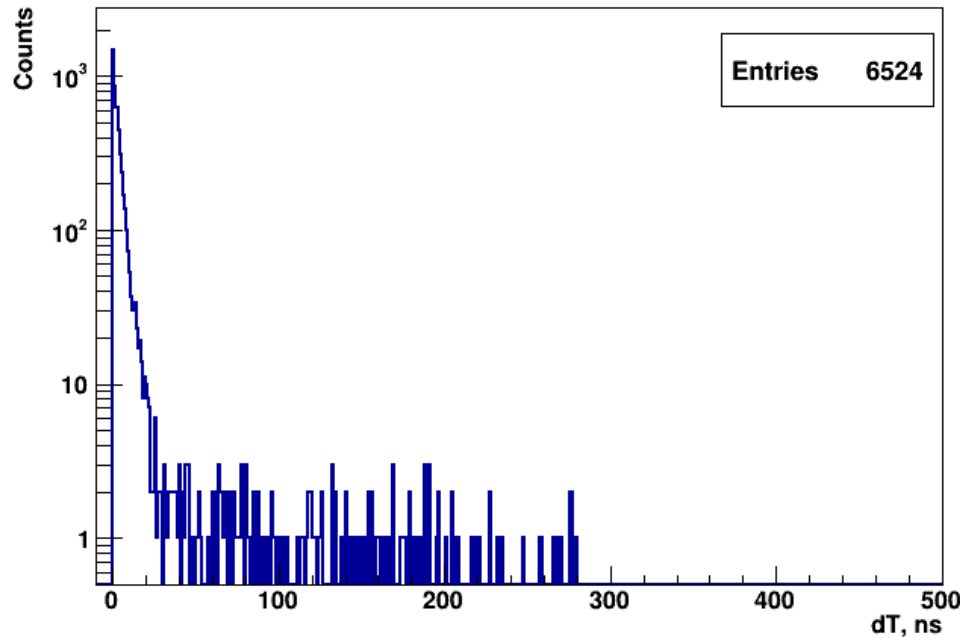
Time difference for tracks and clusters

After time-gap EB (dt = 40 ns)

Time-difference distribution between adjacent-in-time tracks&clusters

BarrelTrack

EmcCluster



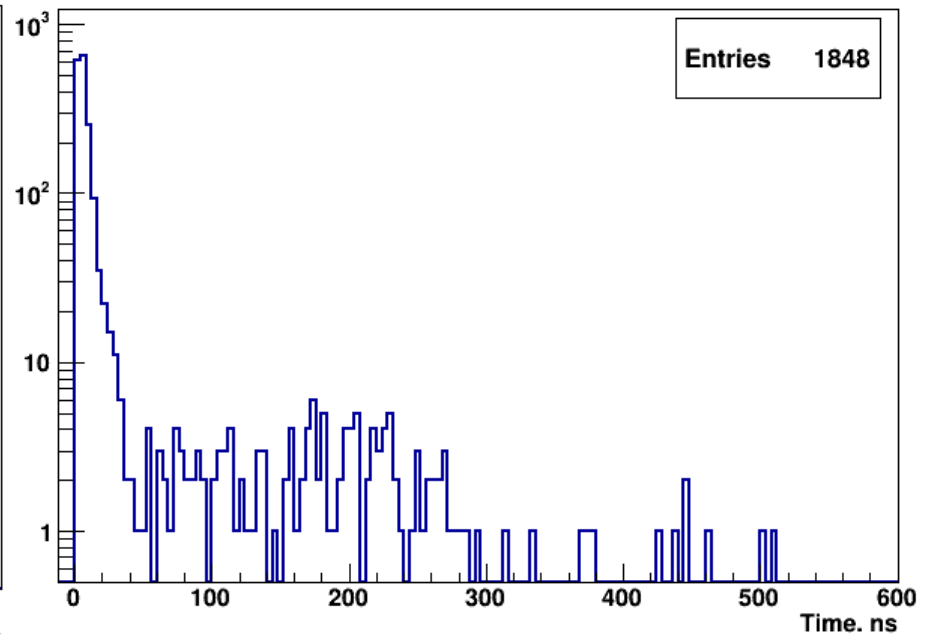
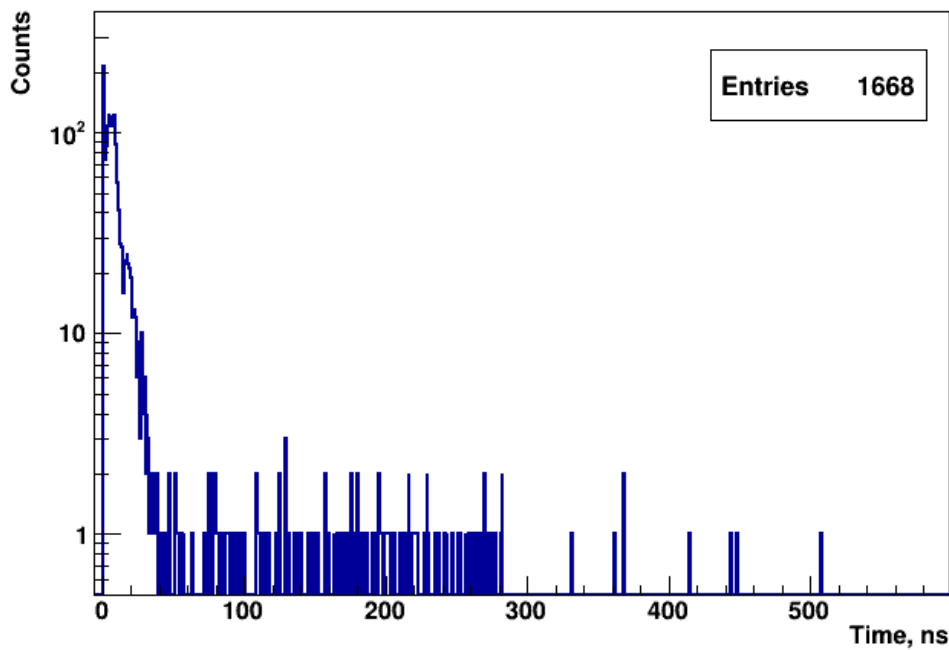
Time duration of track&cluster events

After time-gap EB (dt = 40 ns)



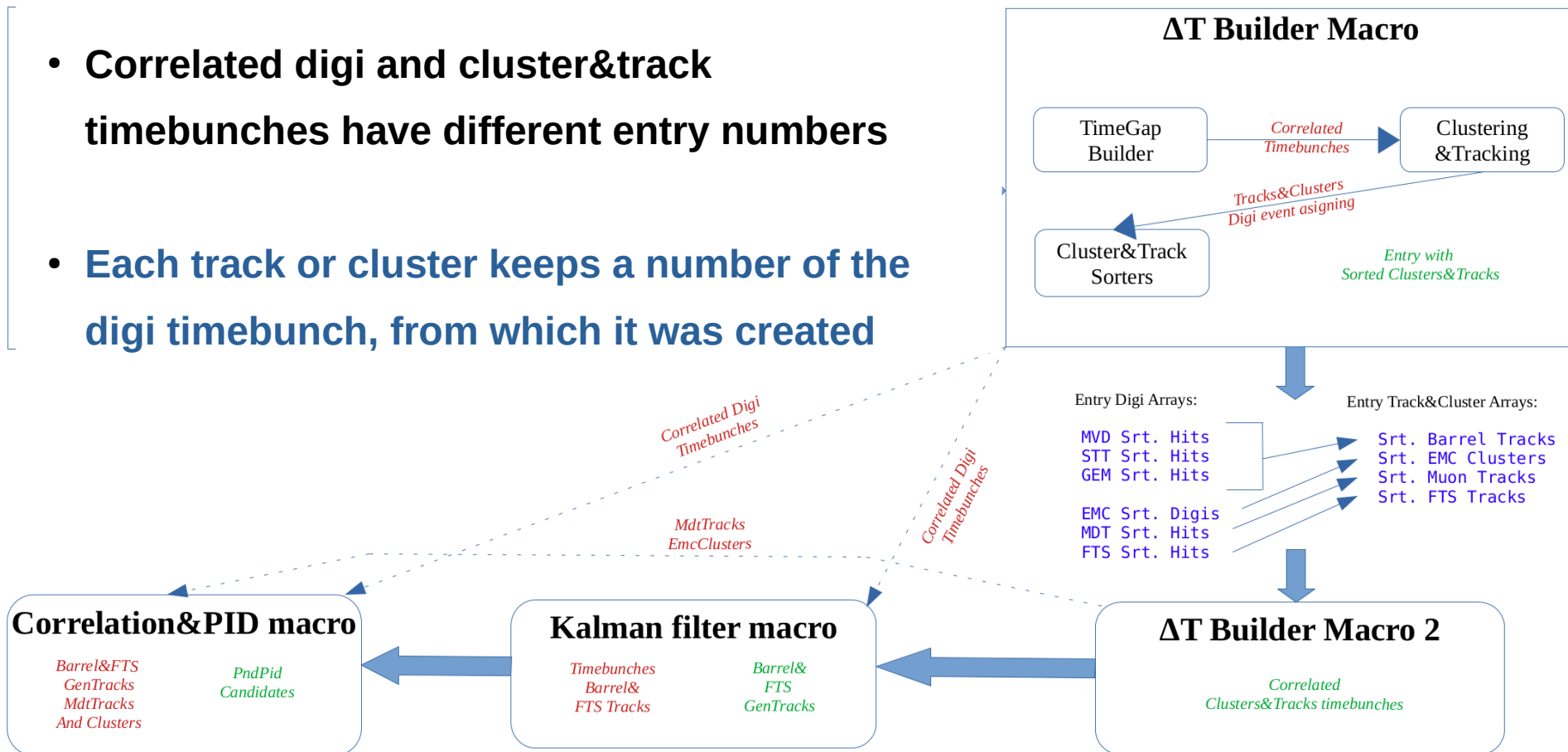
BarrelTrack

EmcCluster

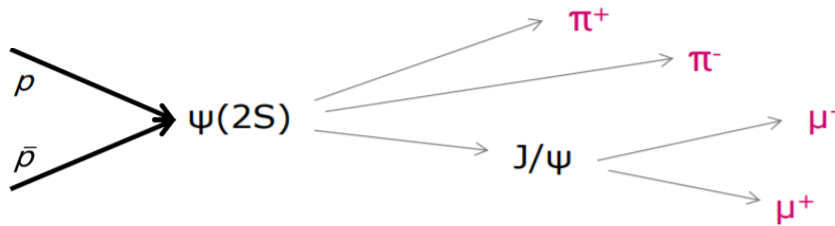


Time-gap EB for clusters&tracks

- Correlated digi and cluster&track timebunches have different entry numbers
- Each track or cluster keeps a number of the digi timebunch, from which it was created



Offline analysis



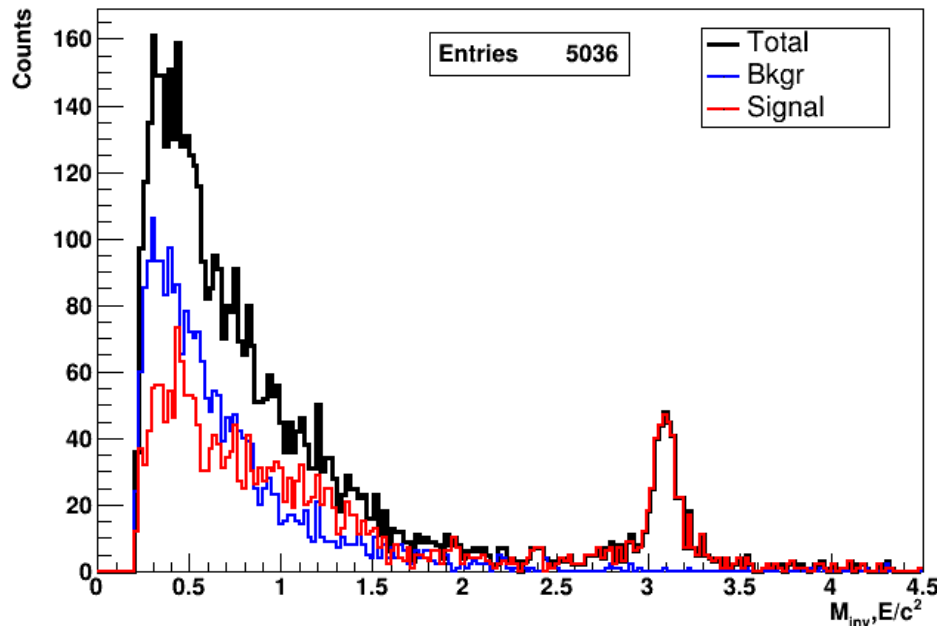
J/ψ mass(all) : Invariant mass distribution for the J/ψ candidates.
 Only charge condition is applied.

$$E_{v_{\text{sig}}}/E_{v_b} = 1$$

Total number = 2000

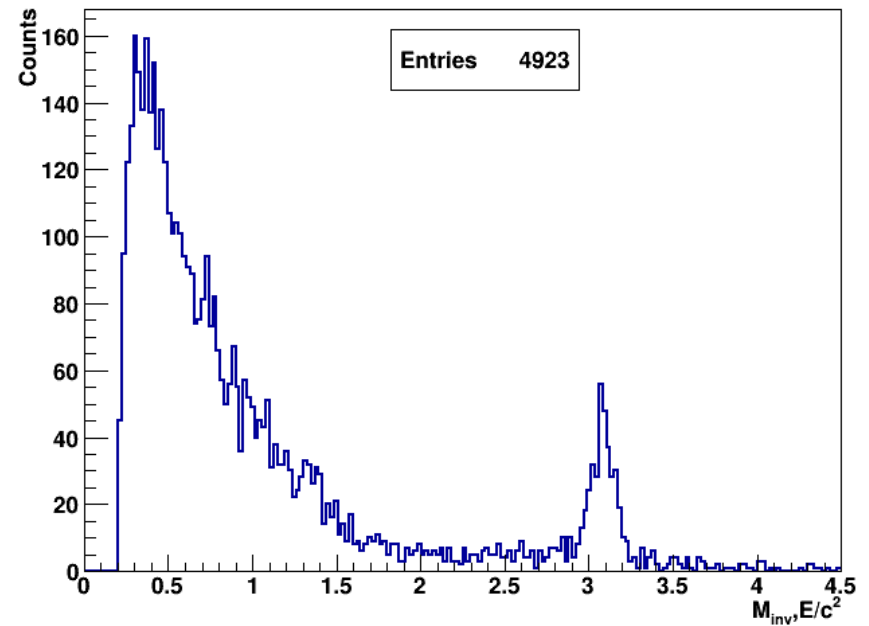
Event-based (Sum)

J/ψ mass (all)



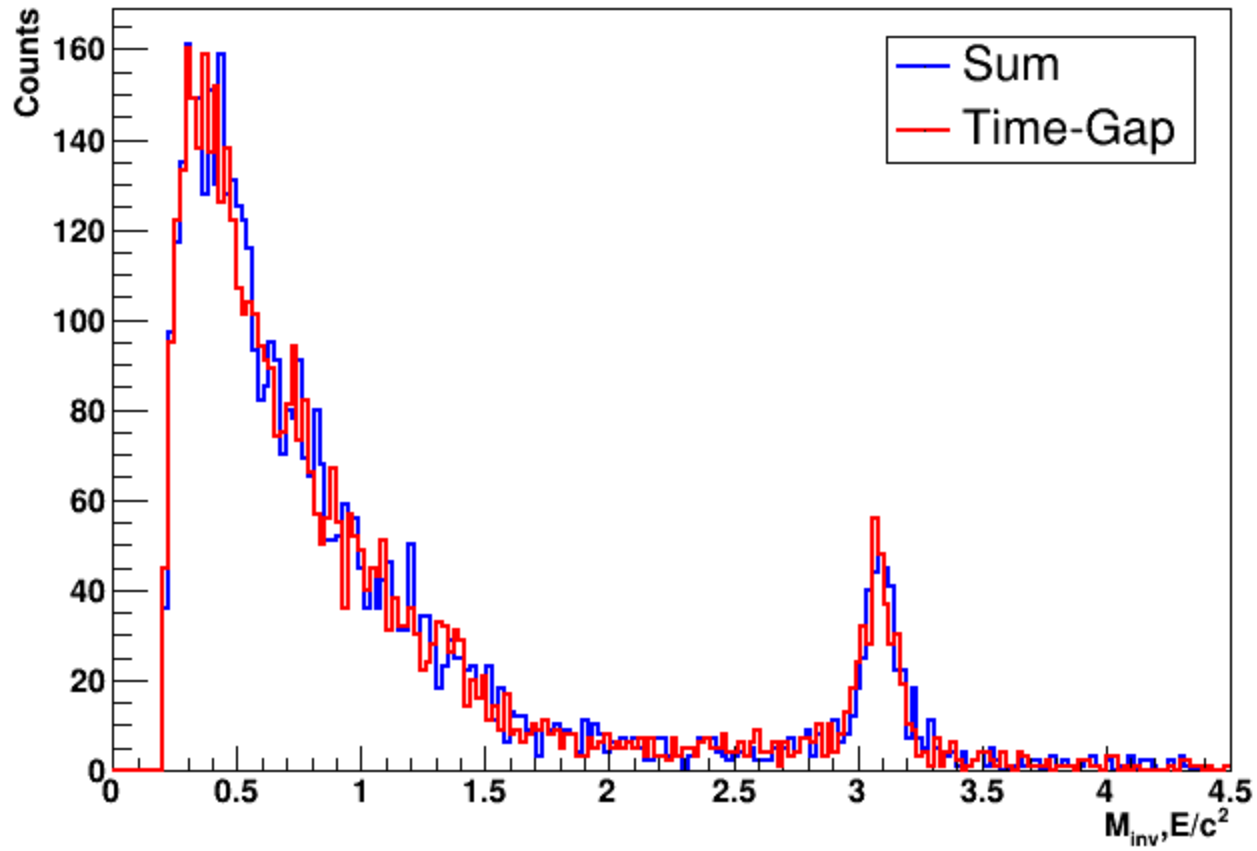
Time-based (Time-Gap)

J/ψ mass (all)

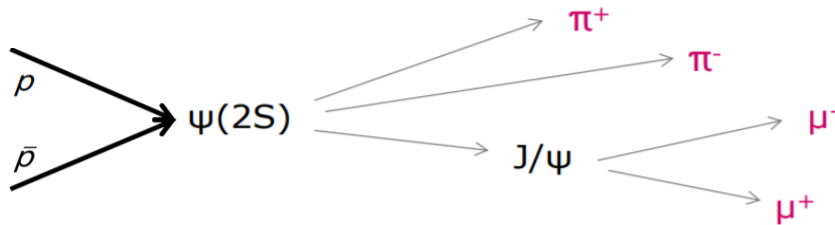


Offline analysis

J/ψ mass (all)



Offline analysis (VIRGO)



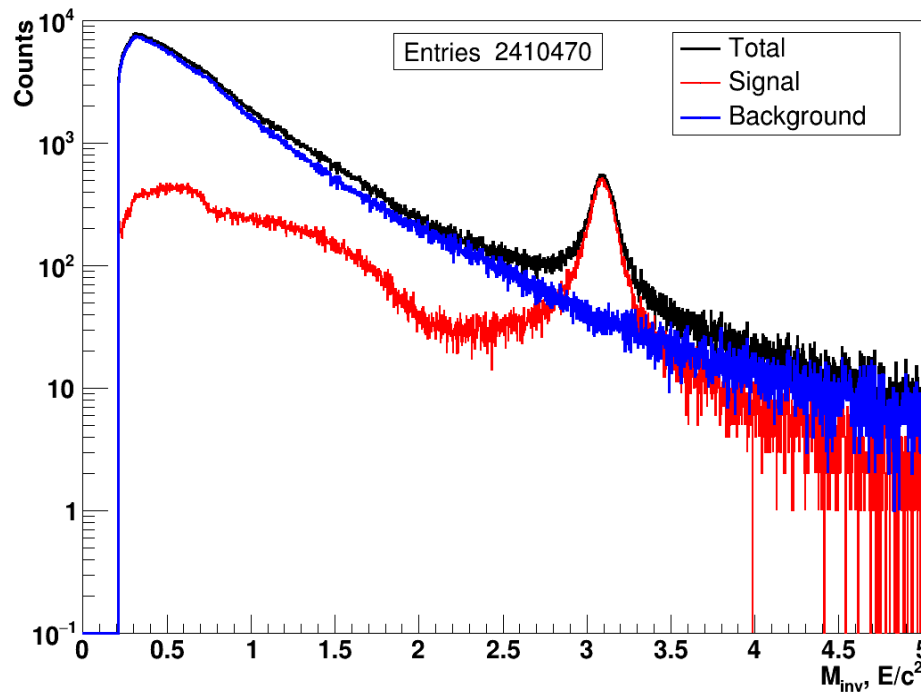
J/ψ mass(all) : Invariant mass distribution for the J/ψ candidates.
 Only charge condition is applied.

$$E_{v_{\text{sig}}} / E_{v_b} = 1/9$$

Total number = 1000000

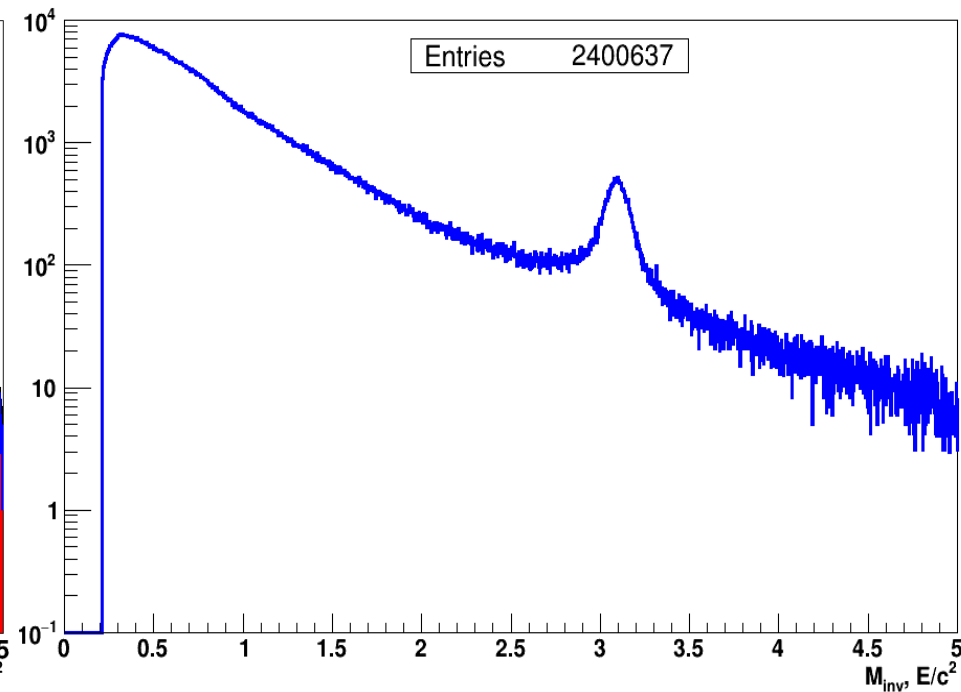
Event-based (Sum)

J/ψ mass (all)

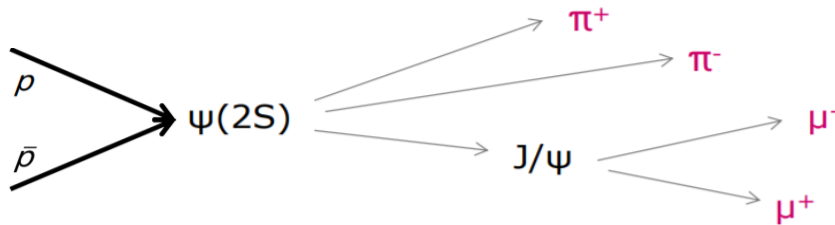


Time-based (Time-Gap)

J/ψ mass (all)



Offline analysis (VIRGO)



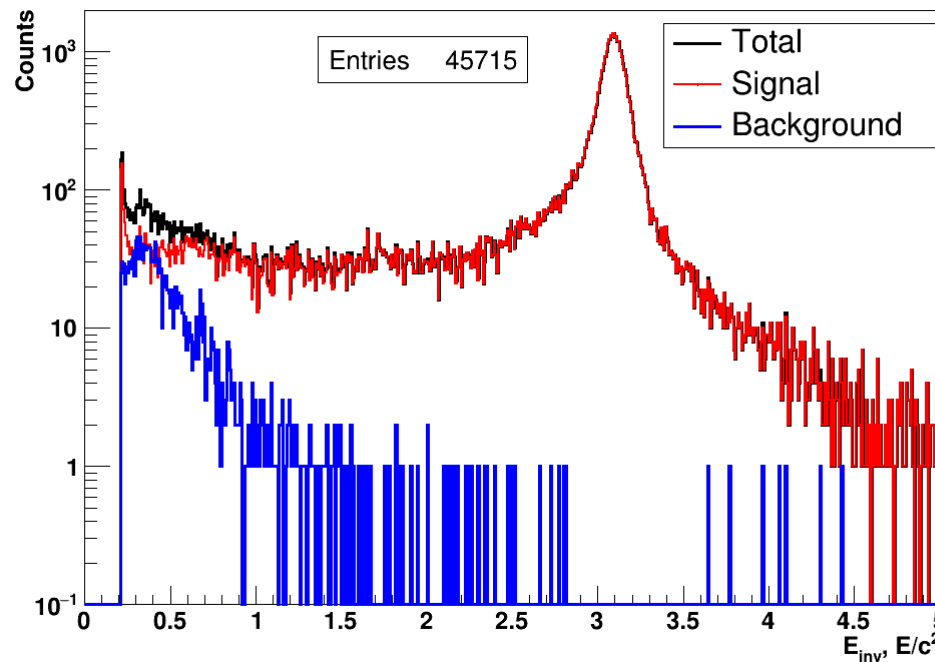
J/psi mass(tight pid) : Invariant mass distribution for the J/psi candidates when Pnd
 Candidate is muon with probability higher than 50%

$$E_{v_{\text{sig}}}/E_{v_b} = 1/9$$

Total number = 1000000

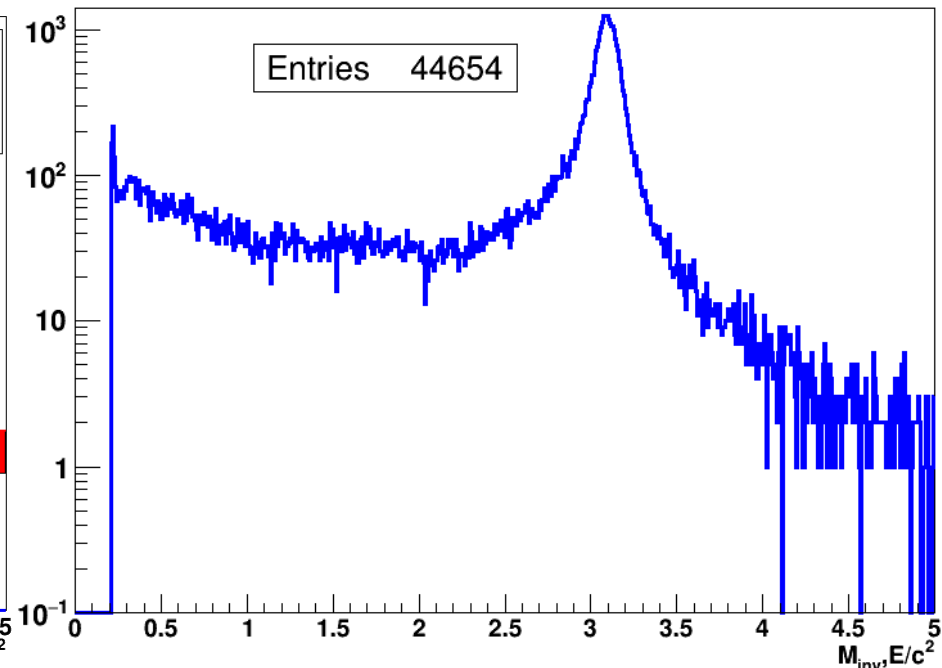
Event-based (Sum)

J/ψ mass (tight pid)



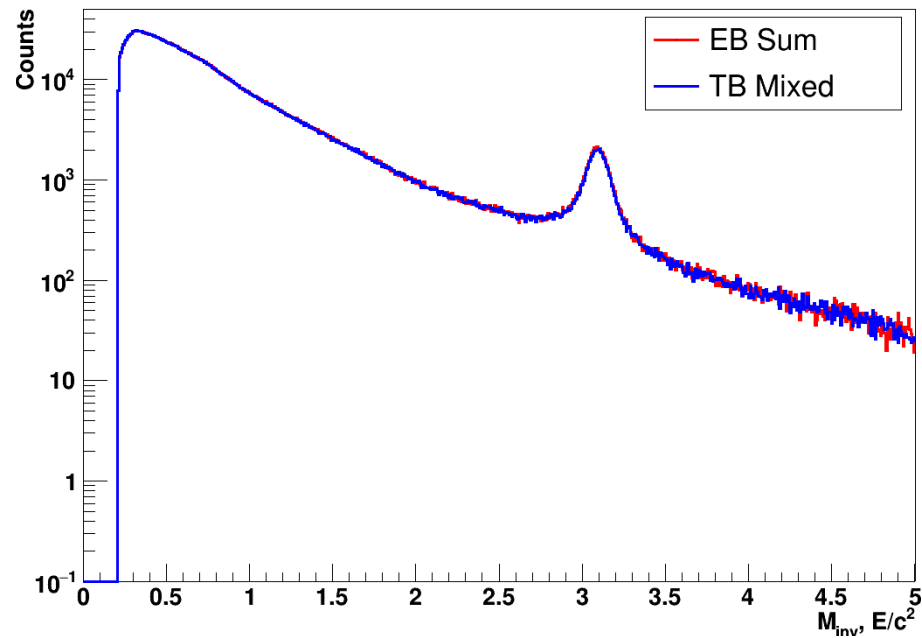
Time-based (Time-Gap)

J/ψ mass (tight pid)

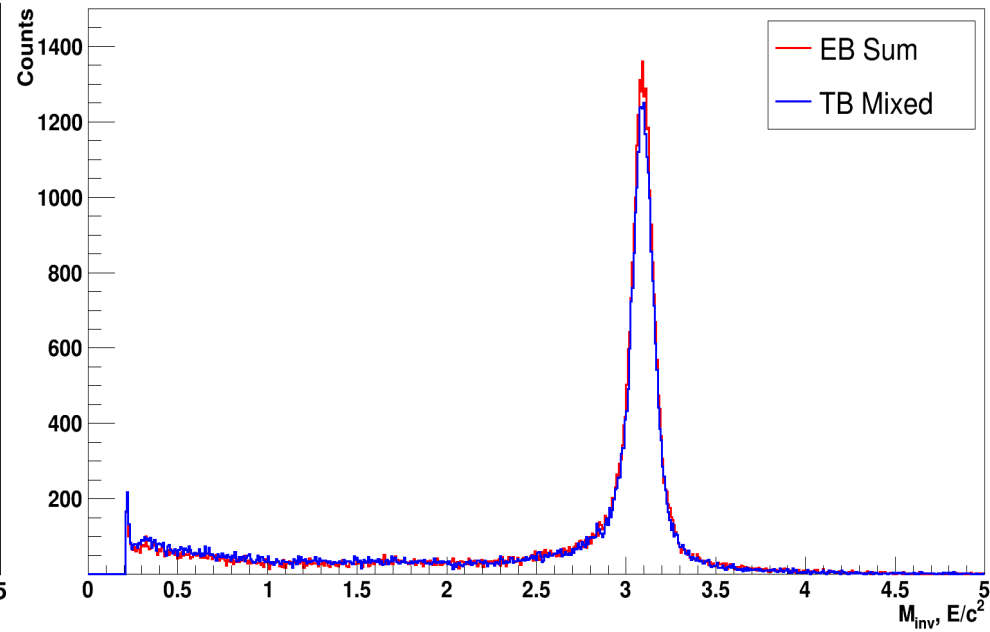


Offline analysis (VIRGO)

J/ ψ mass (all)



J/ ψ mass (tight pid)

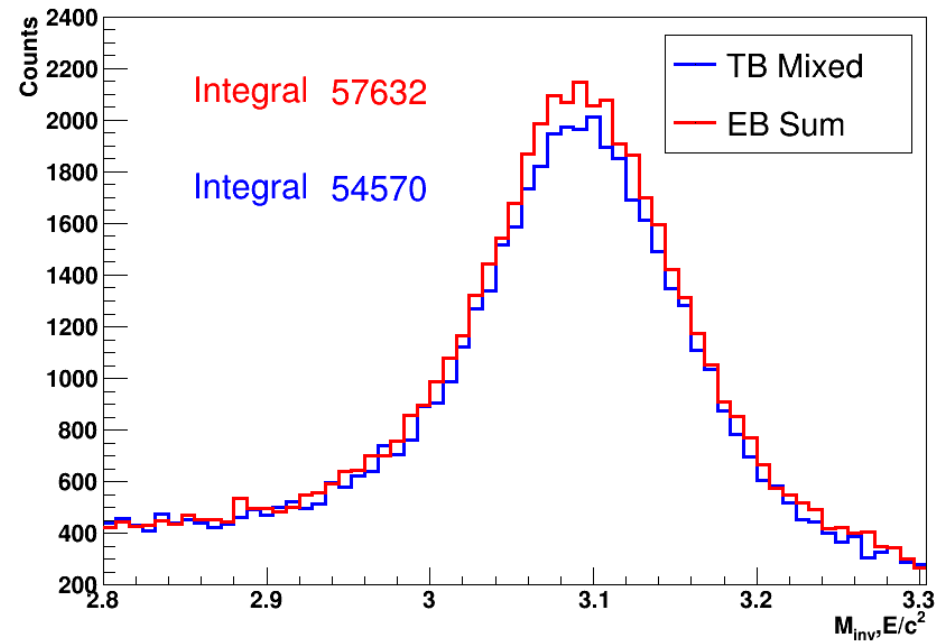


**Discrepancy between EB and TB
simulation. How big is it?**

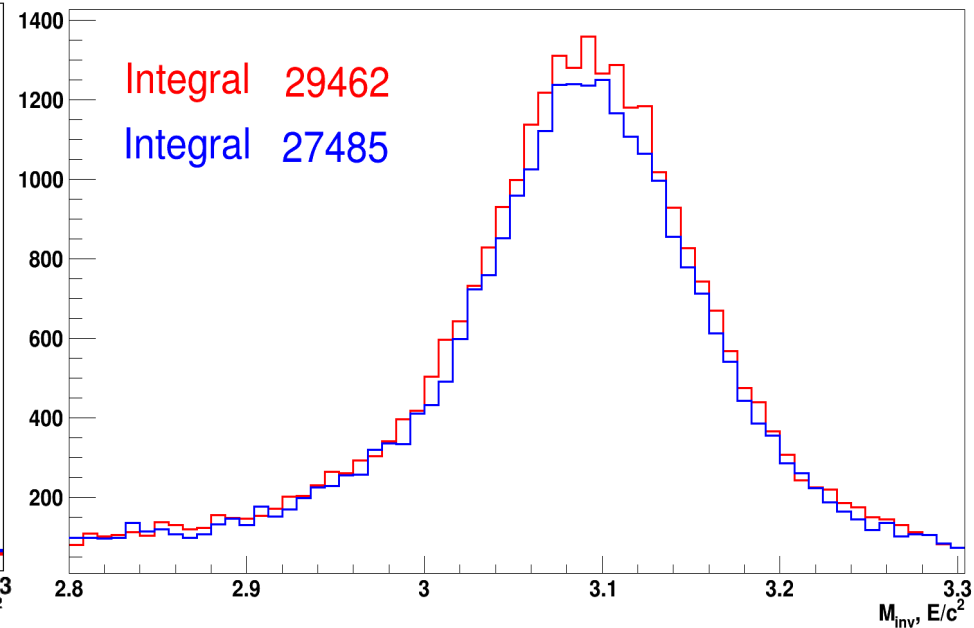
Offline analysis (VIRGO)

Comparison by integration in the J/psi region

J/ψ mass (all)



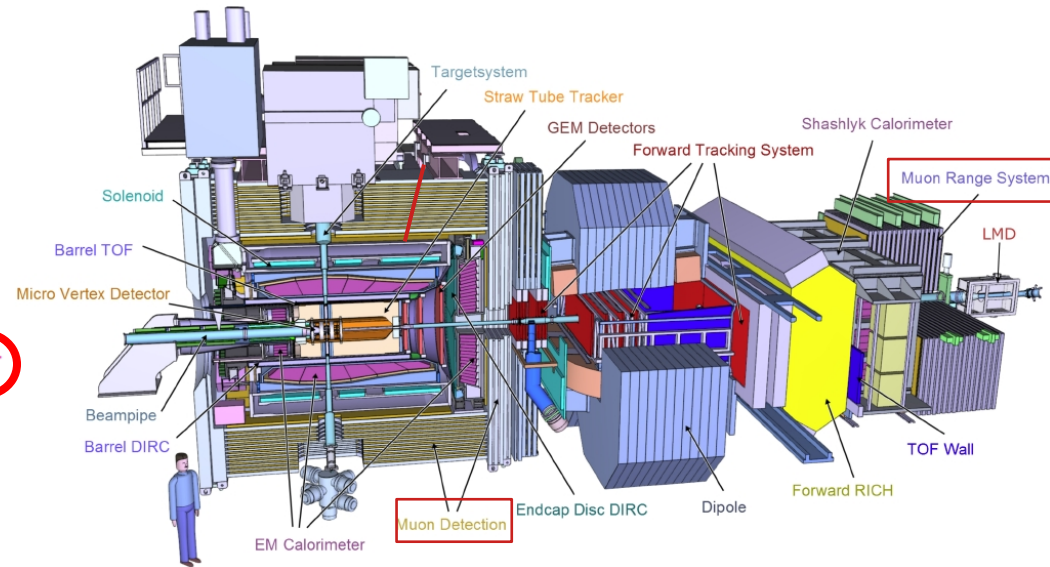
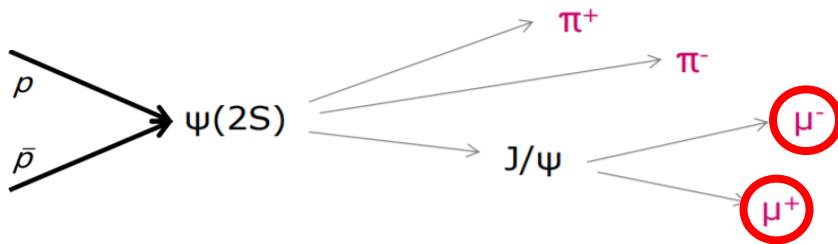
J/ψ mass (tight pid)



**This difference is caused by
granulation effect and event mixing**

Event Filtering

Two Mdt tracks with
iron distance > 40 cm



Kalman filter macro

Timebunches
Barrel&
FTS Tracks

Barrel&
FTS
GenTracks

Event filter

Timebunches

Passed
Timebunches

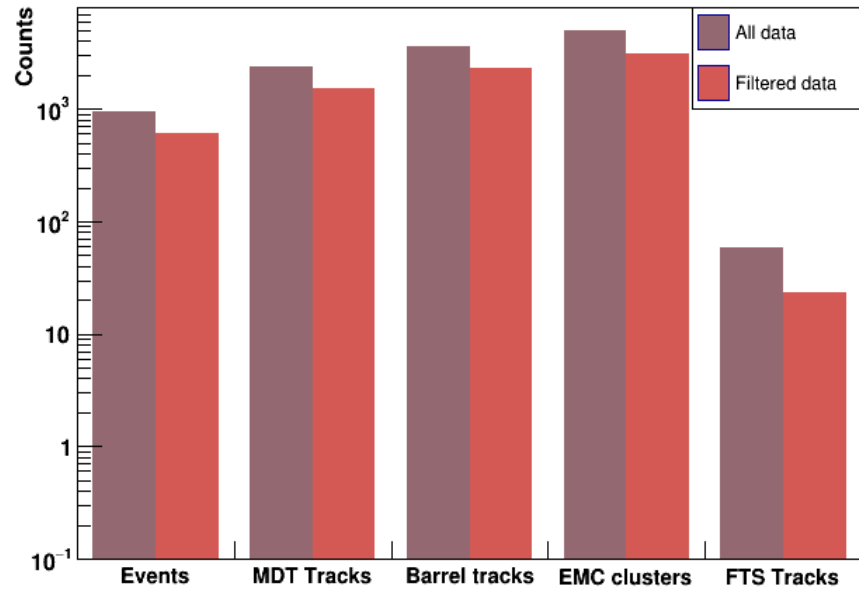
ΔT Builder Macro 2

Correlated
Clusters&Tracks timebunches

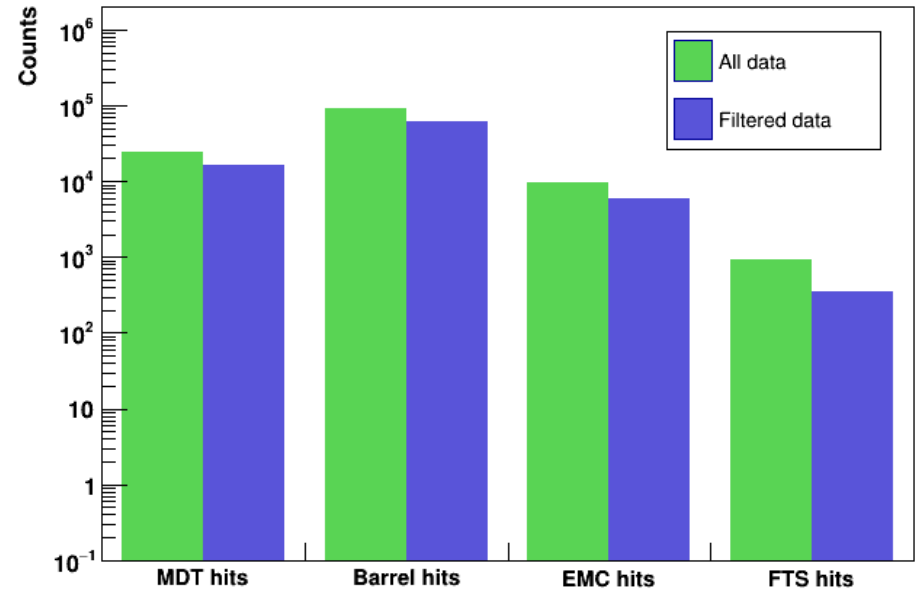
Event Filtering

Event-based (Signal)

Data Comparison events&Tracks&Clusters



Data Comparison Hits

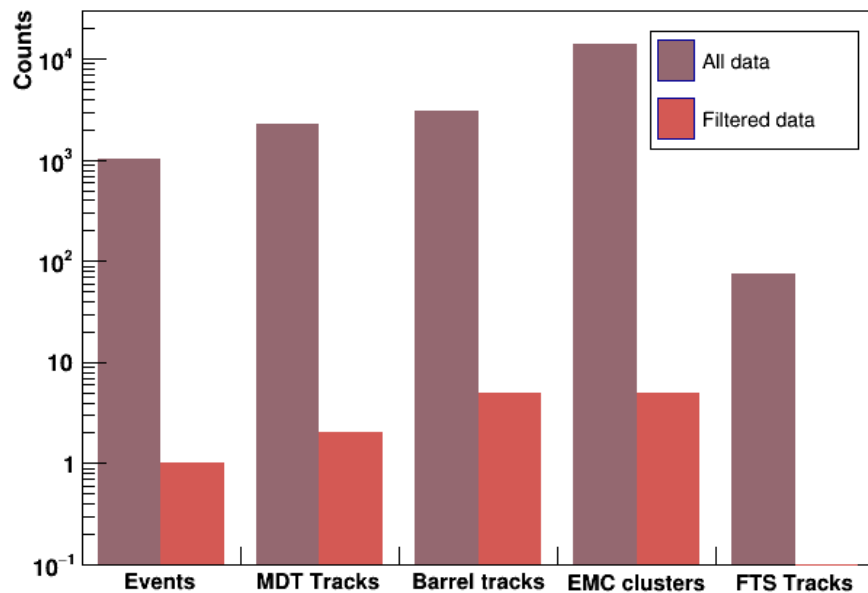


**Most events pass through the filter
(except the miss-reconstructed ones)**

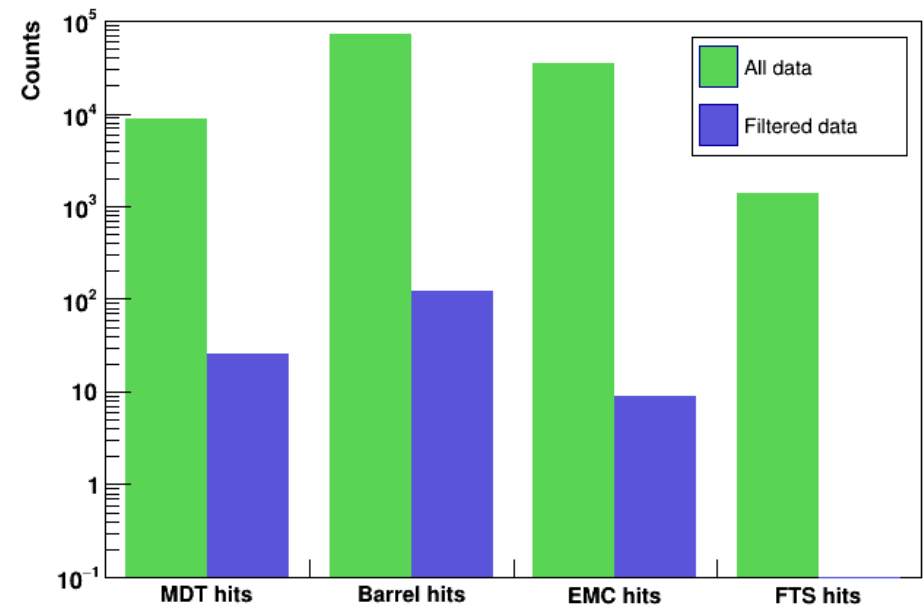
Event Filtering

Event-based (Background)

Data Comparison events&Tracks&Clusters



Data Comparison Hits



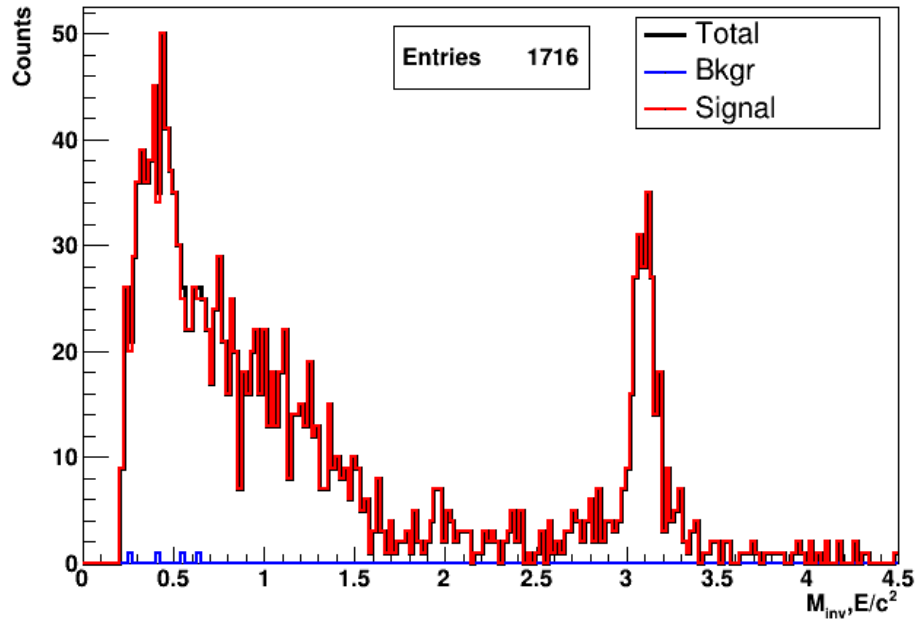
Suppression ≈ 1000

Event Filtering

Offline analysis with online filtering

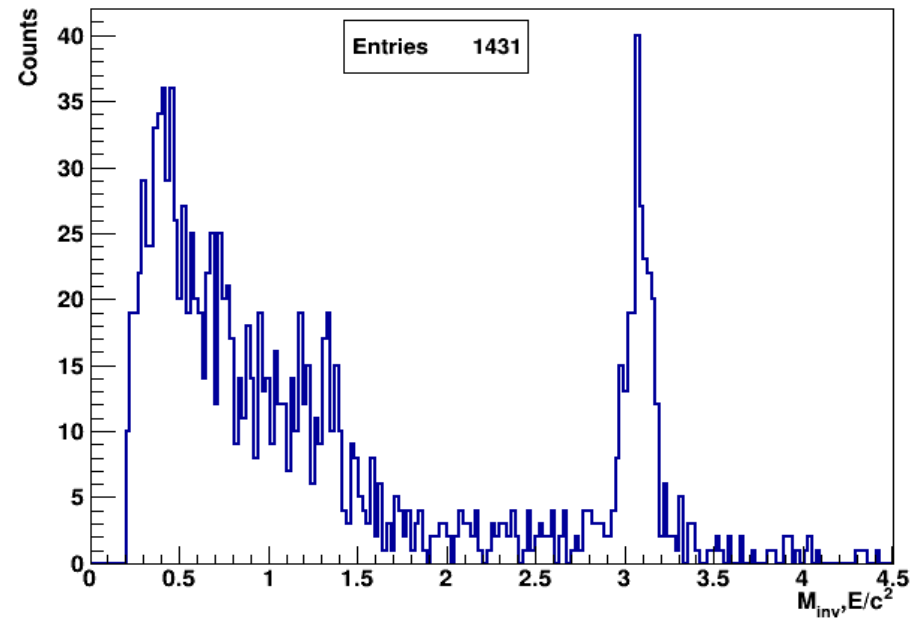
Event-based (Sum)

J/ ψ mass (all)



Time-based (Time-Gap)

J/ ψ mass (all)

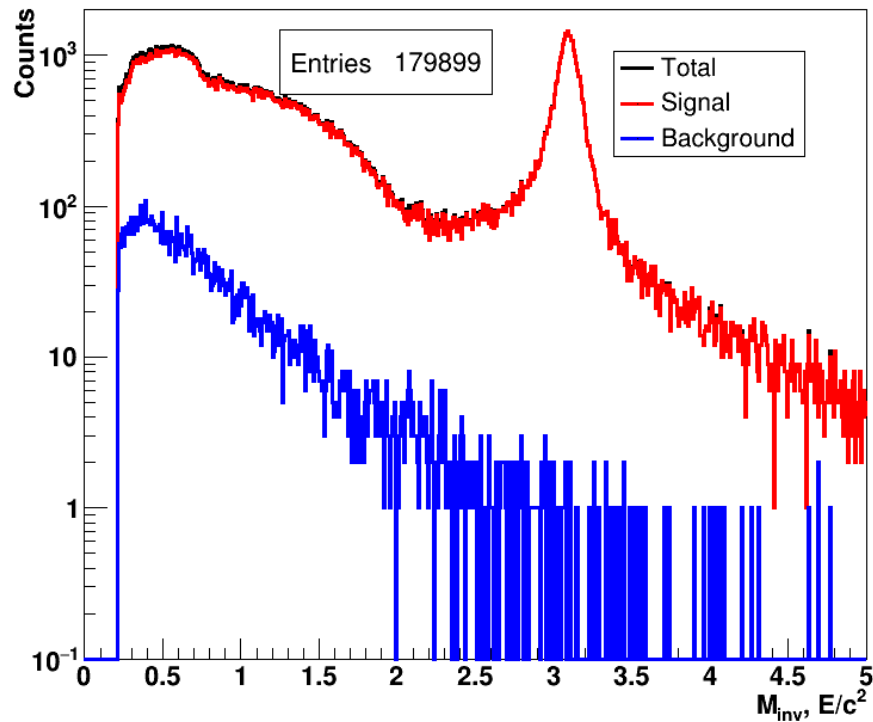


Event Filtering (VIRGO)

Offline analysis with online filtering

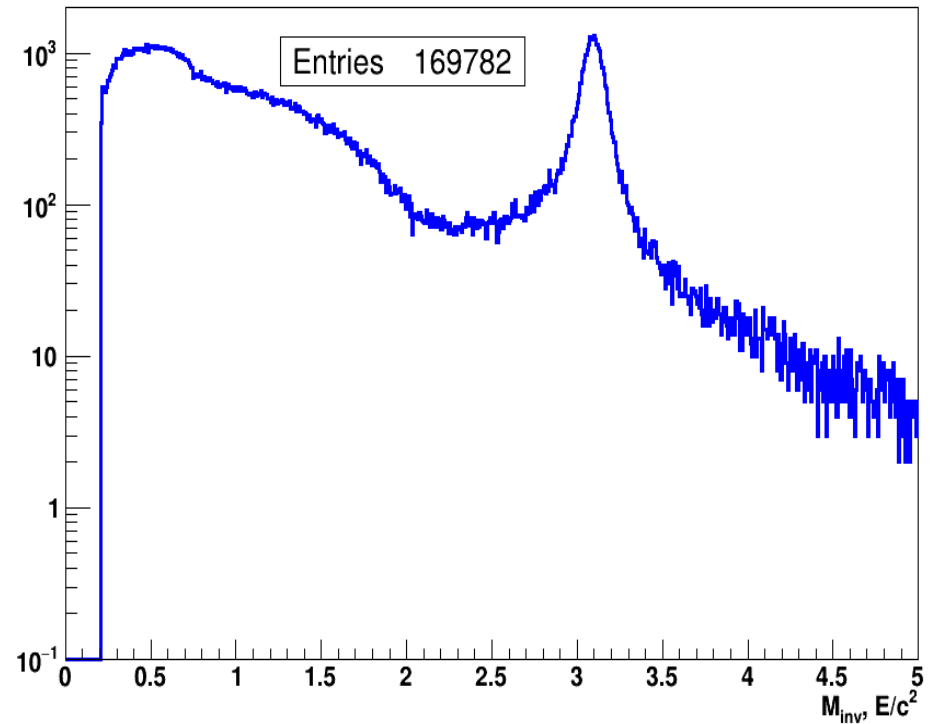
Event-based (Sum)

J/ψ mass (all)

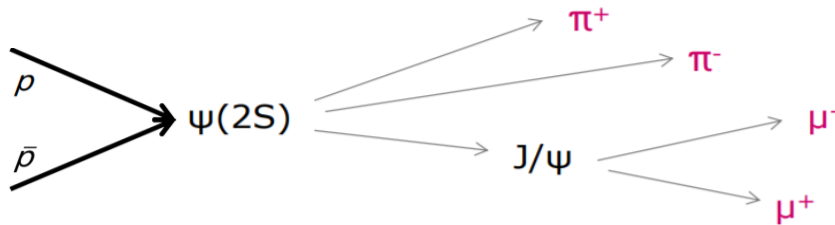


Time-based (Time-Gap)

J/ψ mass (all)



Offline analysis (VIRGO)



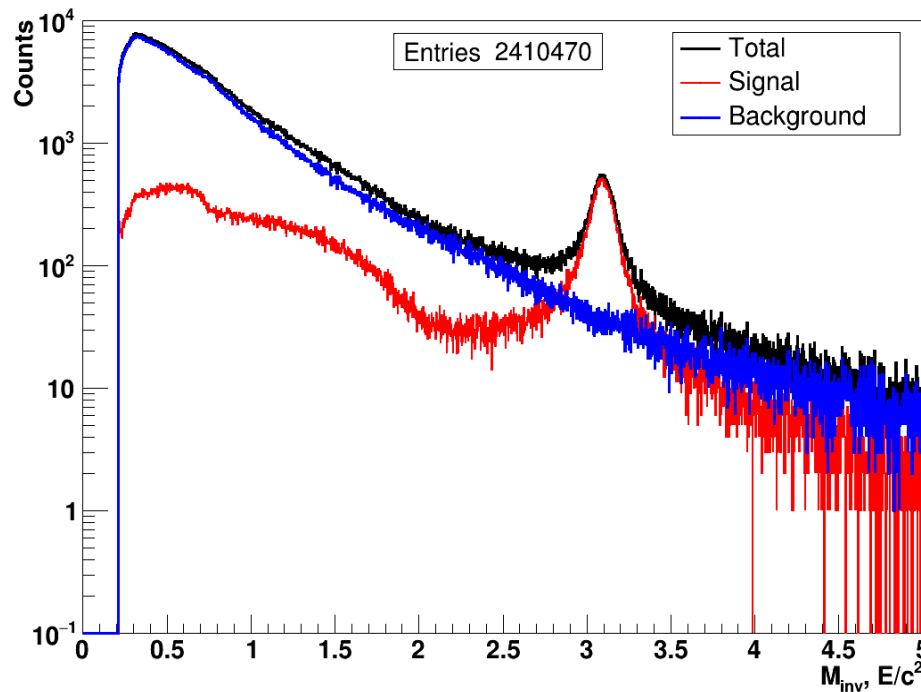
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Total number = 1000000

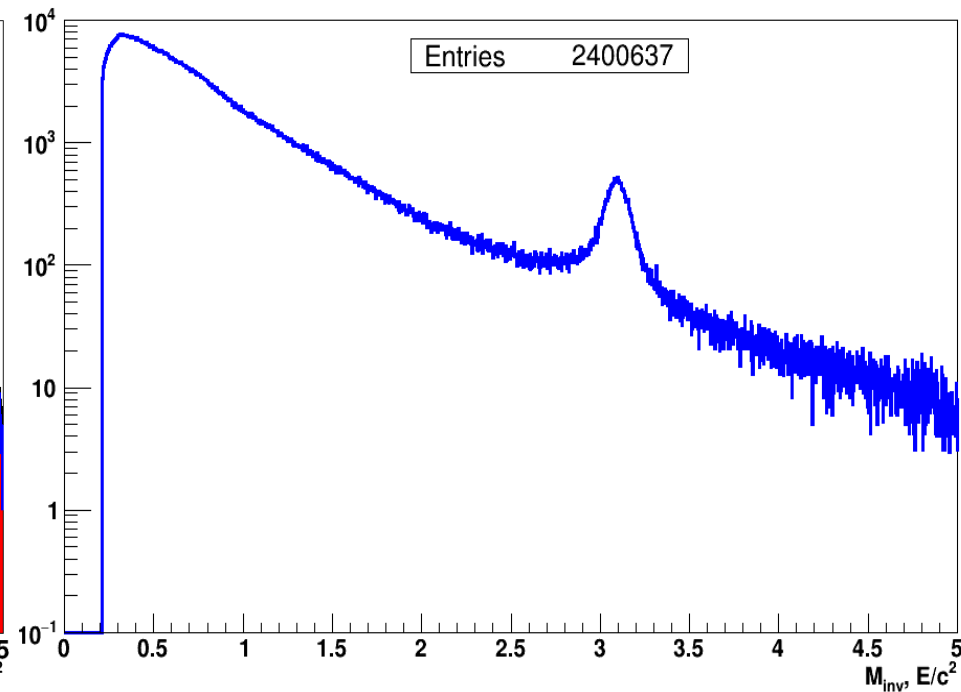
Event-based (Sum)

J/ψ mass (all)



Time-based (Time-Gap)

J/ψ mass (all)

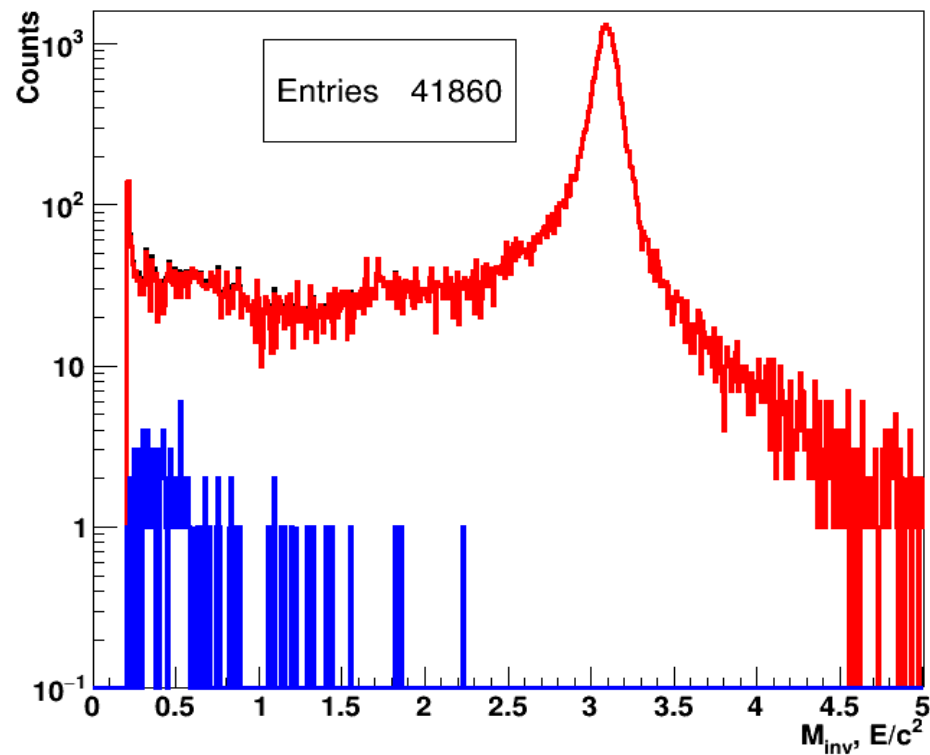


Event Filtering (VIRGO)

Offline analysis with online filtering

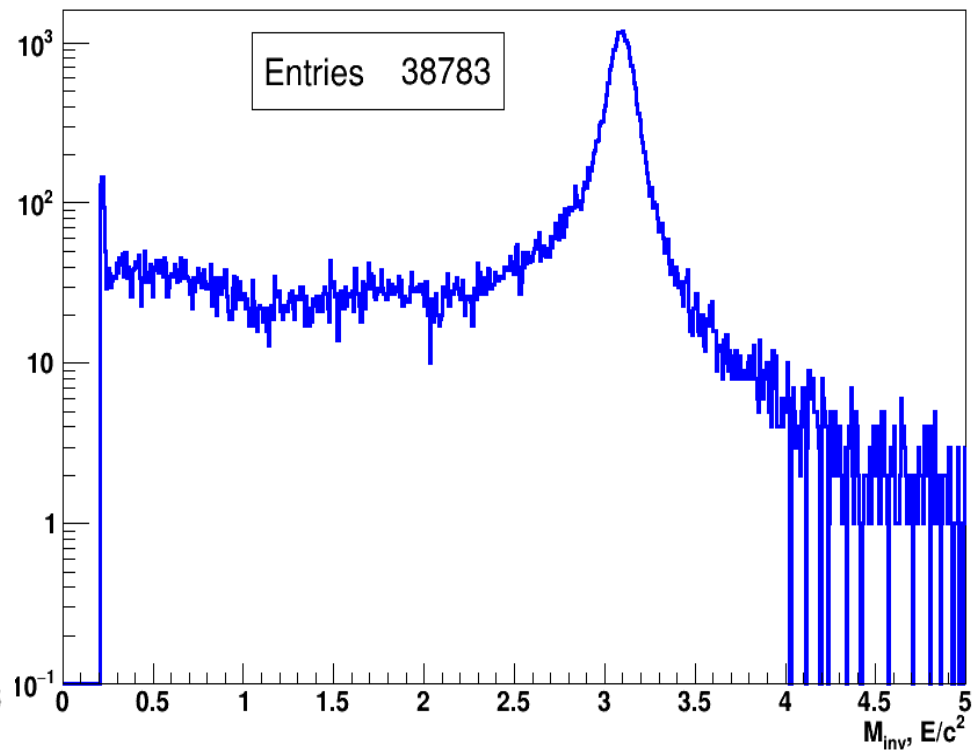
Event-based (Sum)

J/ψ mass (tight pid)

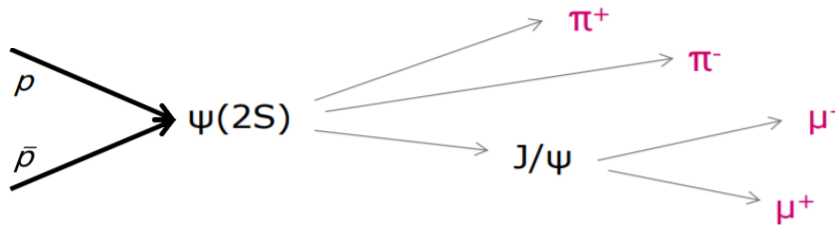


Time-based (Time-Gap)

J/ψ mass (tight pid)



Offline analysis (VIRGO)



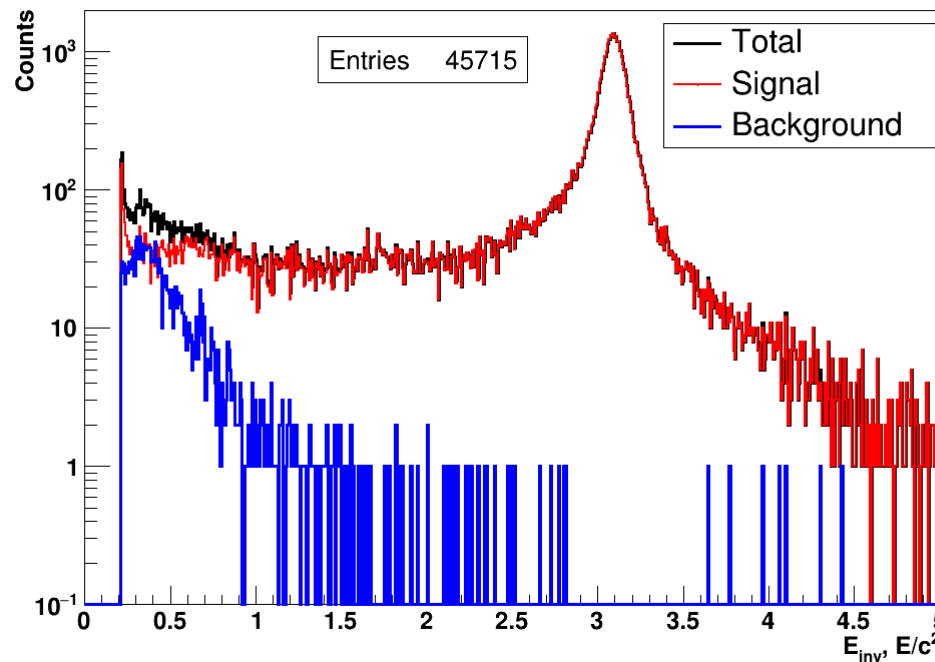
J/ψ mass(tight pid) : Invariant mass distribution for the J/ψ candidates when Pnd Candidate is muon with probability higher than 50%

$$E_{v_{\text{sig}}}/E_{v_b} = 1/9$$

Total number = 1000000

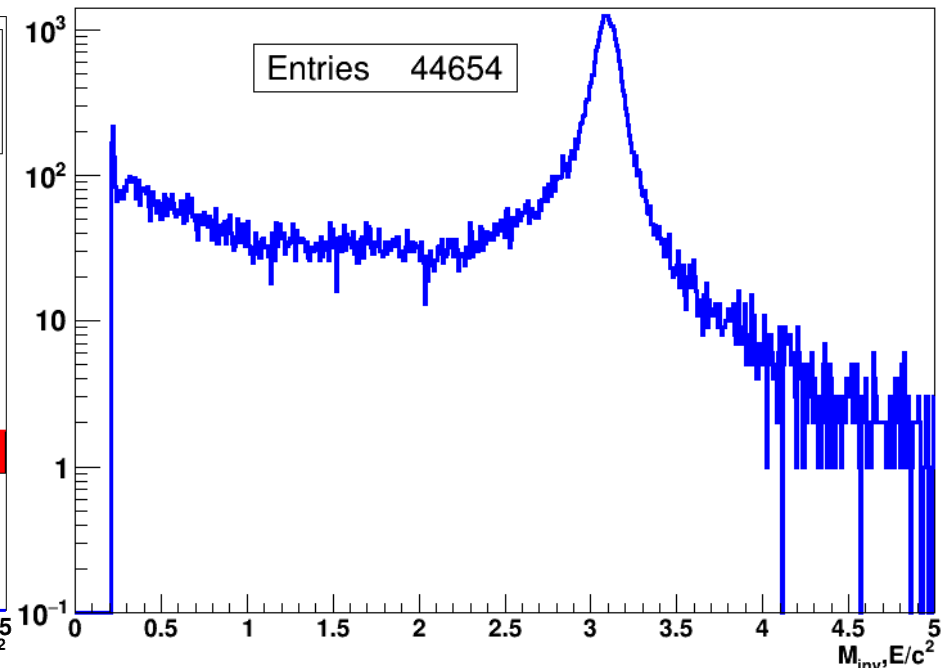
Event-based (Sum)

J/ψ mass (tight pid)



Time-based (Time-Gap)

J/ψ mass (tight pid)



Event Filtering (VIRGO)

Comparison

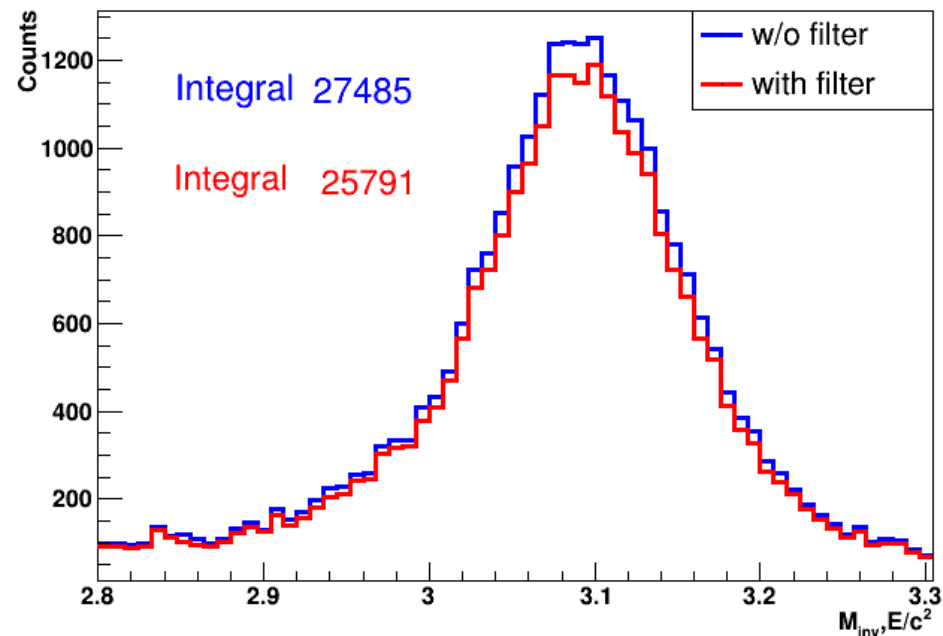
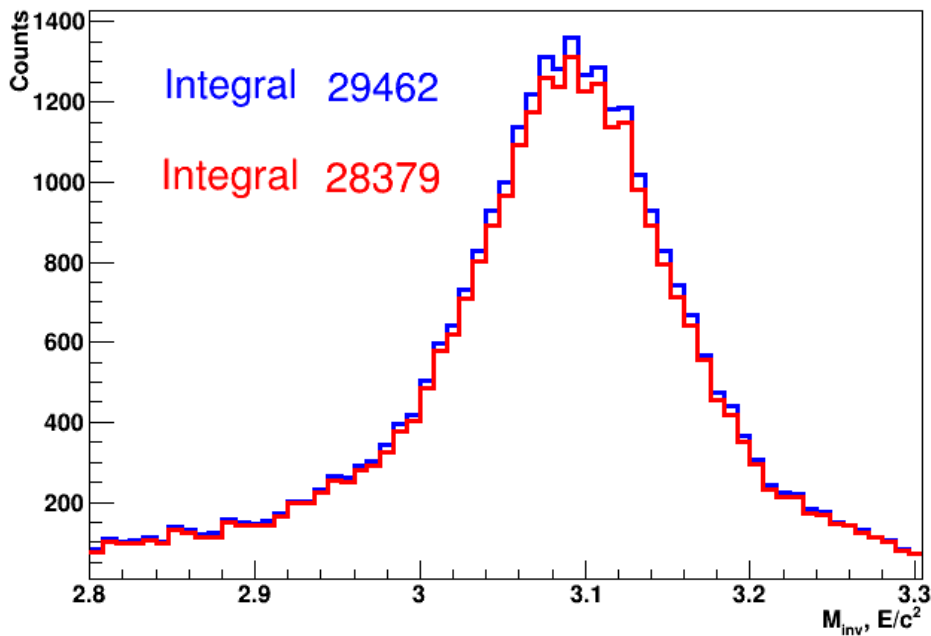
With and w/o online filtering

Event-based (Sum)

Time-based (Time-Gap)

J/ ψ mass (tight pid)

J/ ψ mass (tight pid)

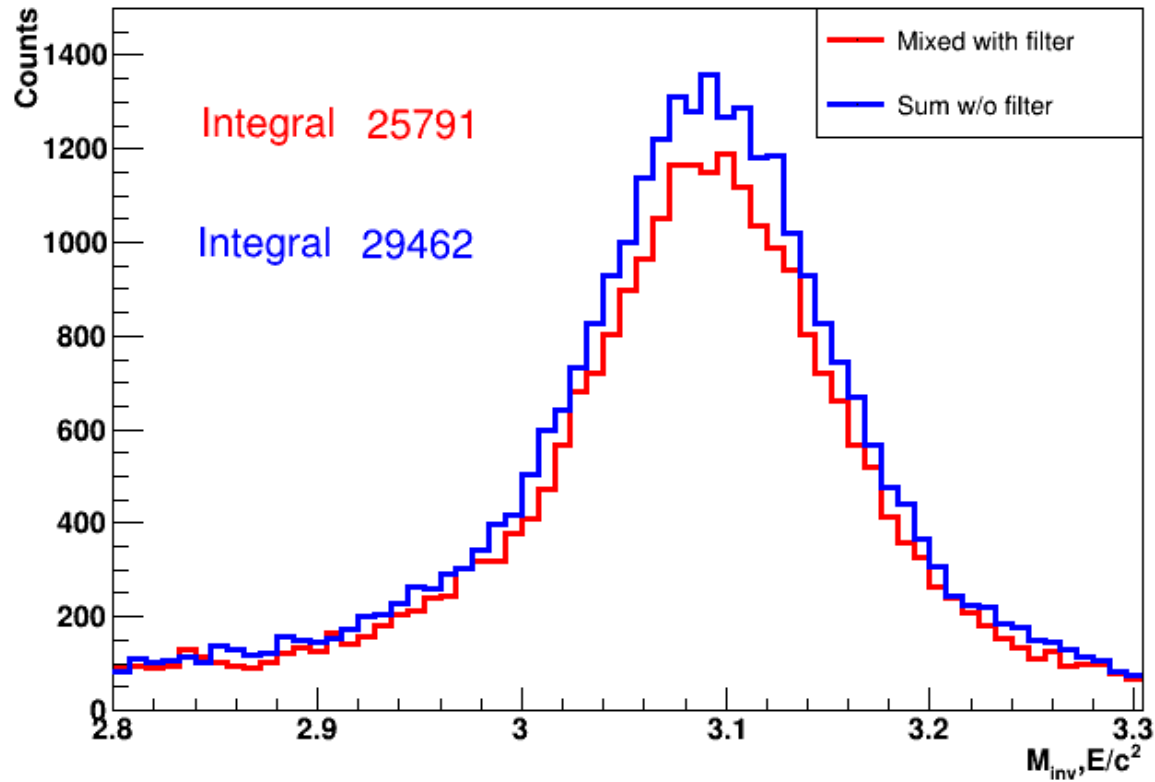


Slight suppression if PID is
required

Event Filtering (VIRGO)

Comparison of EB and TB with filter

J/ψ mass (tight pid)



Further optimisation is still
needed!

Summary

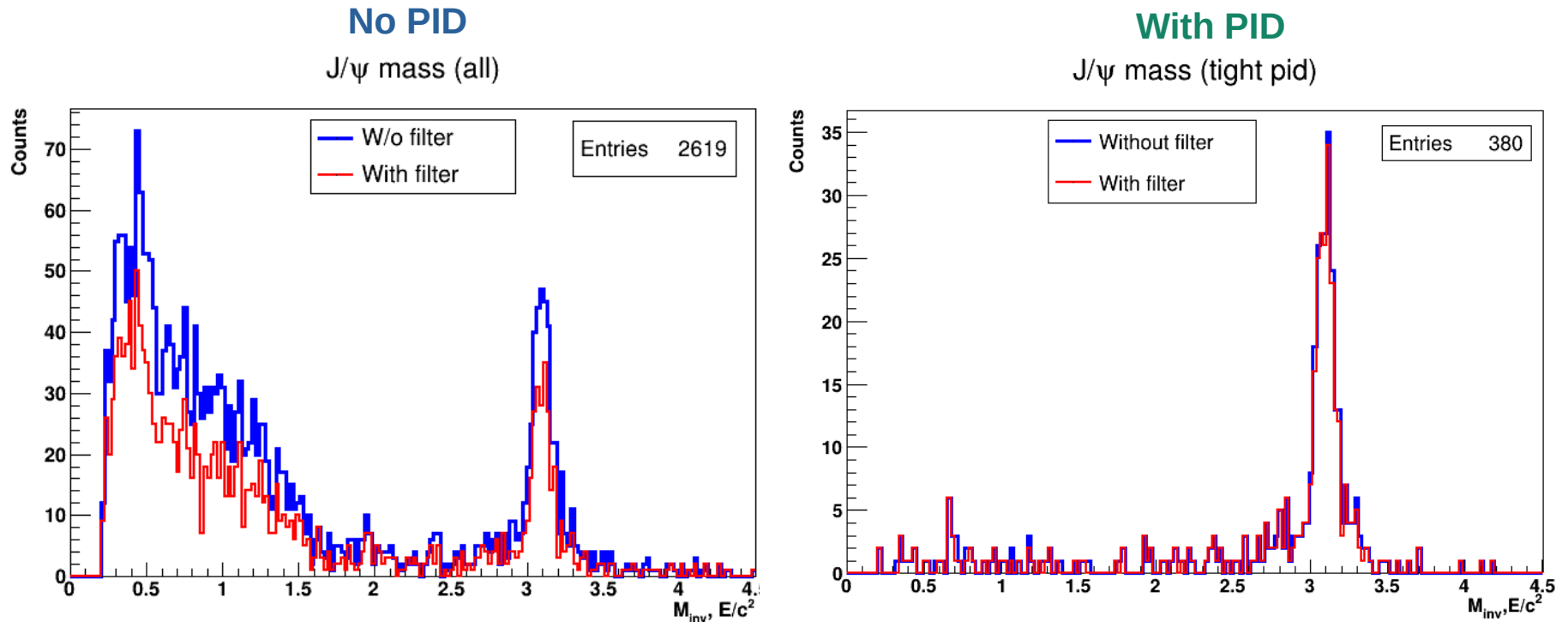
- Framework for event building and event filtering was developed in the PandaRoot
- Performance of the framework was studied by comparing with event-based simulation
- Further optimisation of framework parameters is required for better performance
- Rest of the benchmark channels still has to be studied using this framework

A close-up photograph of a giant panda sitting on a thick, textured tree branch. The panda's mouth is wide open, showing its pink tongue and teeth. Its black and white fur is clearly visible, especially around its eyes and ears. One of its black-furred paws is raised near its head. The background is a soft, out-of-focus green, suggesting a forest setting.

**THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION
AND STAY HEALTHY!**

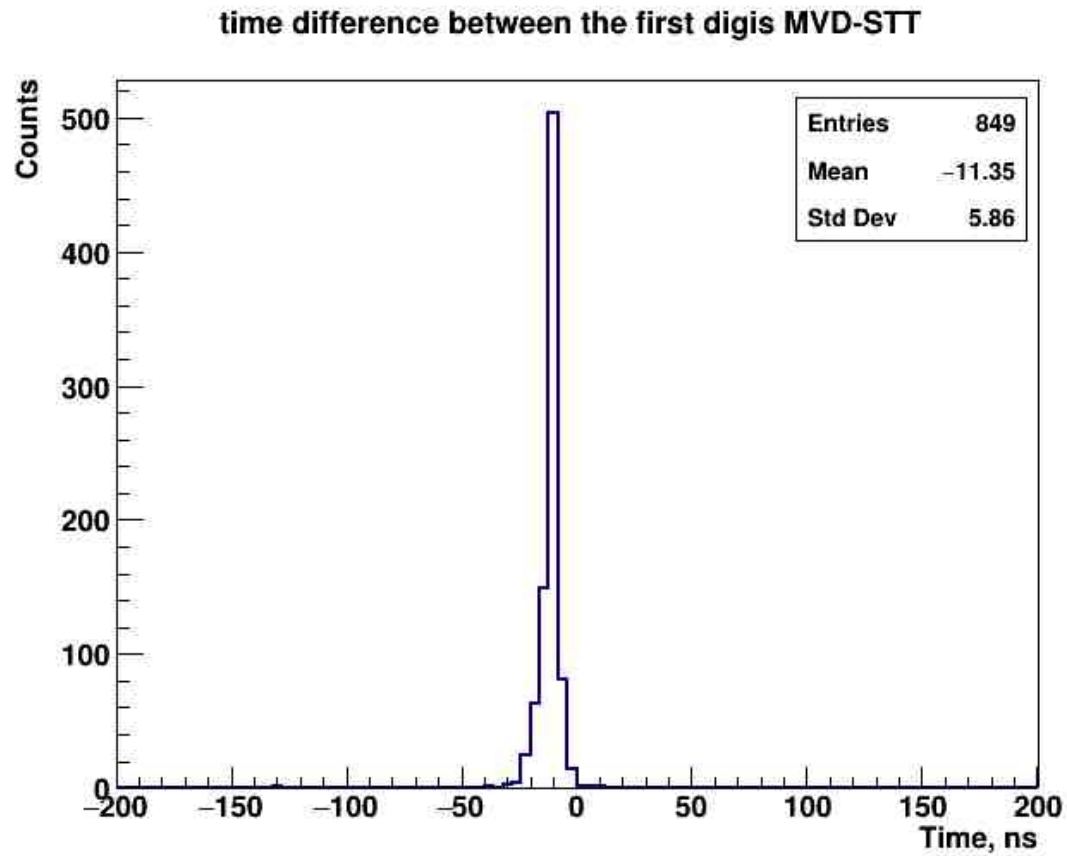
Event Filtering

Results of the offline analysis with online filtering (**Signal**)



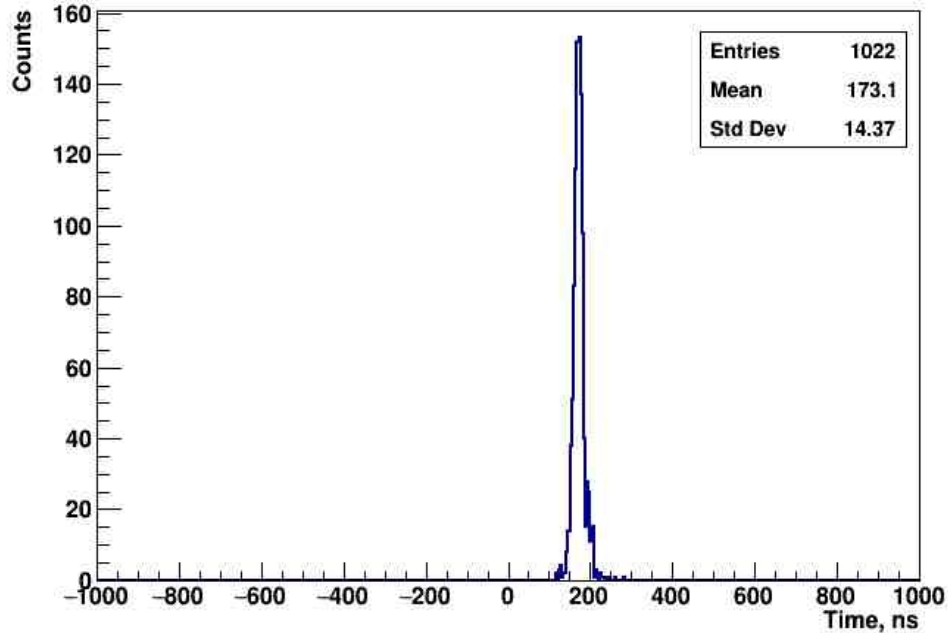
Slight suppression if PID is
required

Time detector difference

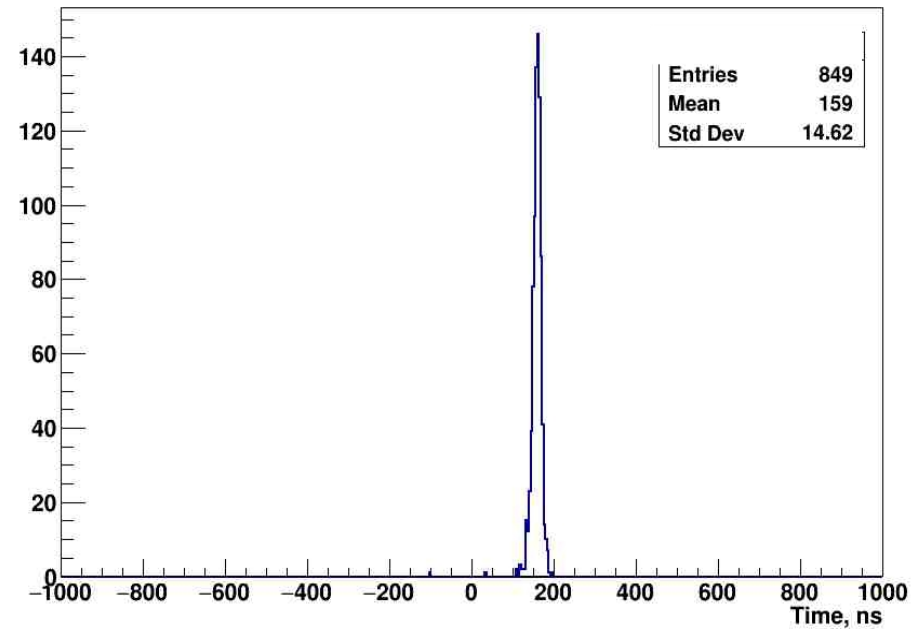


Time detector difference

time difference between the first digis EMC-MVD



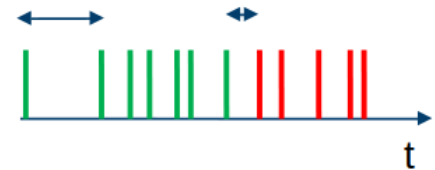
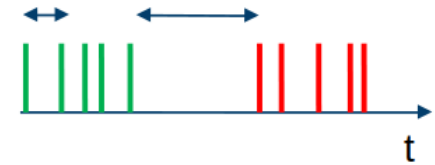
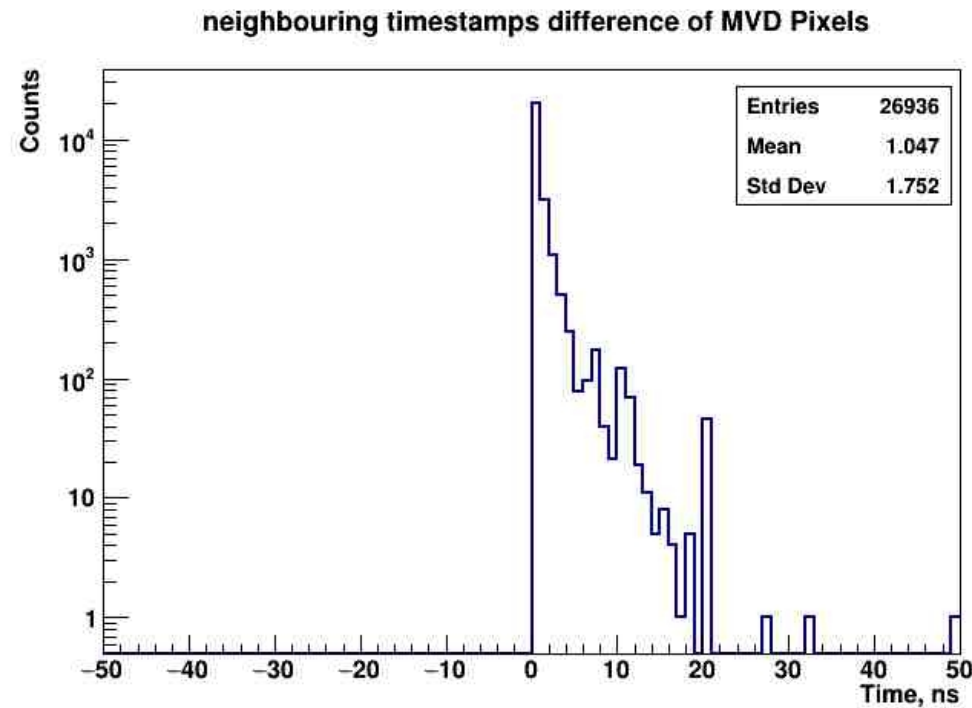
time difference between the first digis EMC-STT



All detectors have to be calibrated before EB

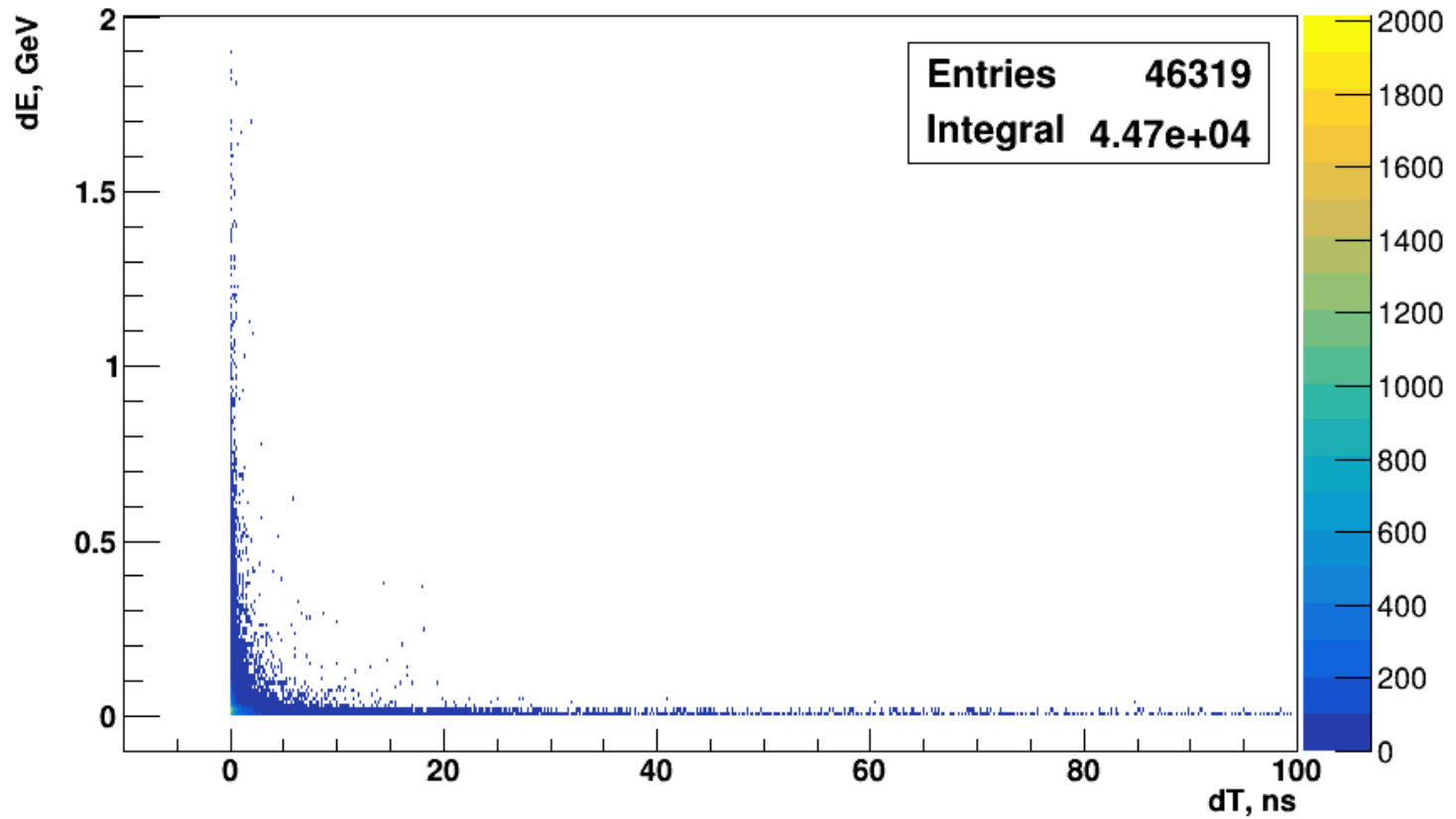
Time difference between “neighbours”

ftf_sim.root – 2000 events at 6.2315 GeV beam



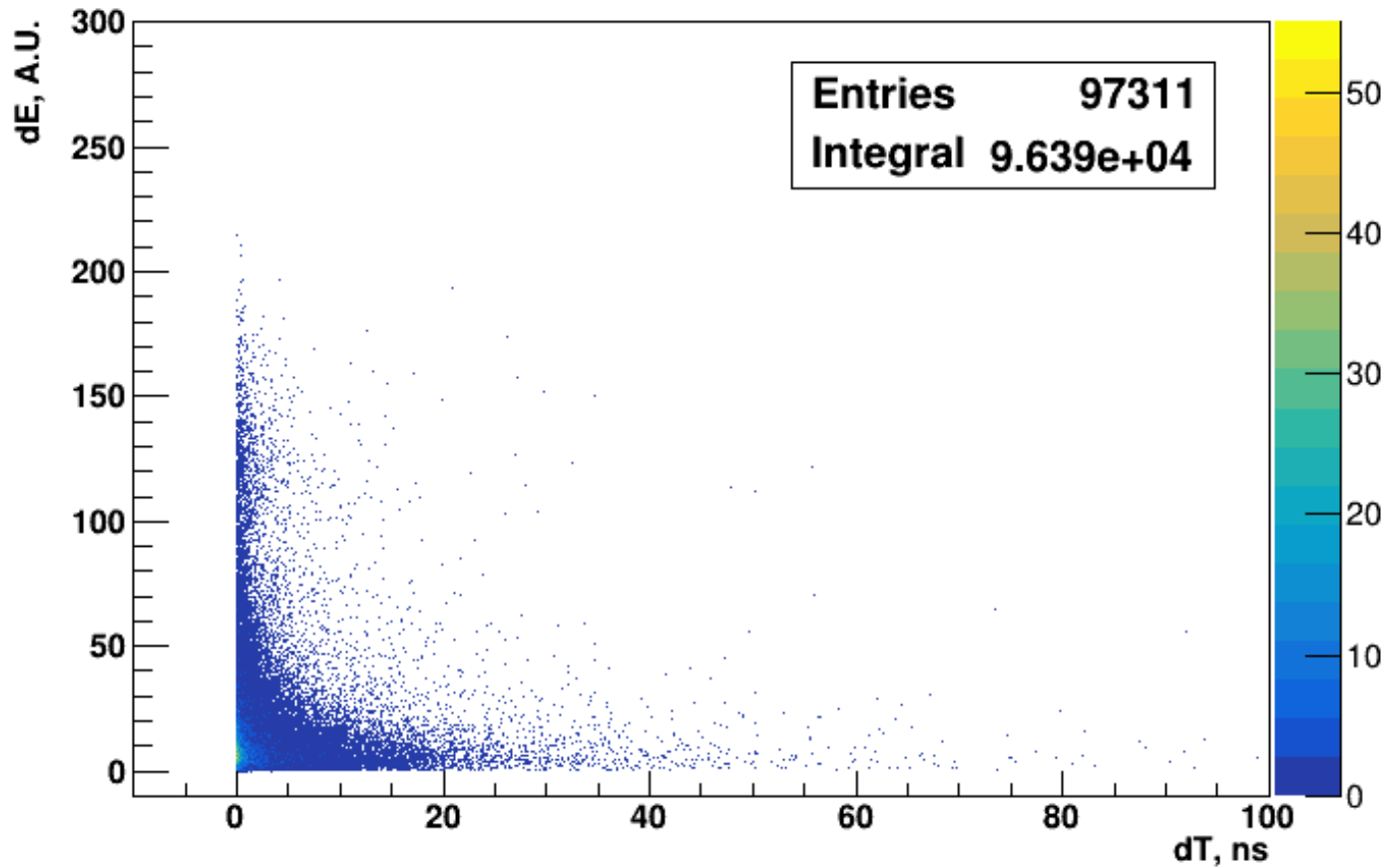
Time difference between “neighbours”

dE-dT for EMC



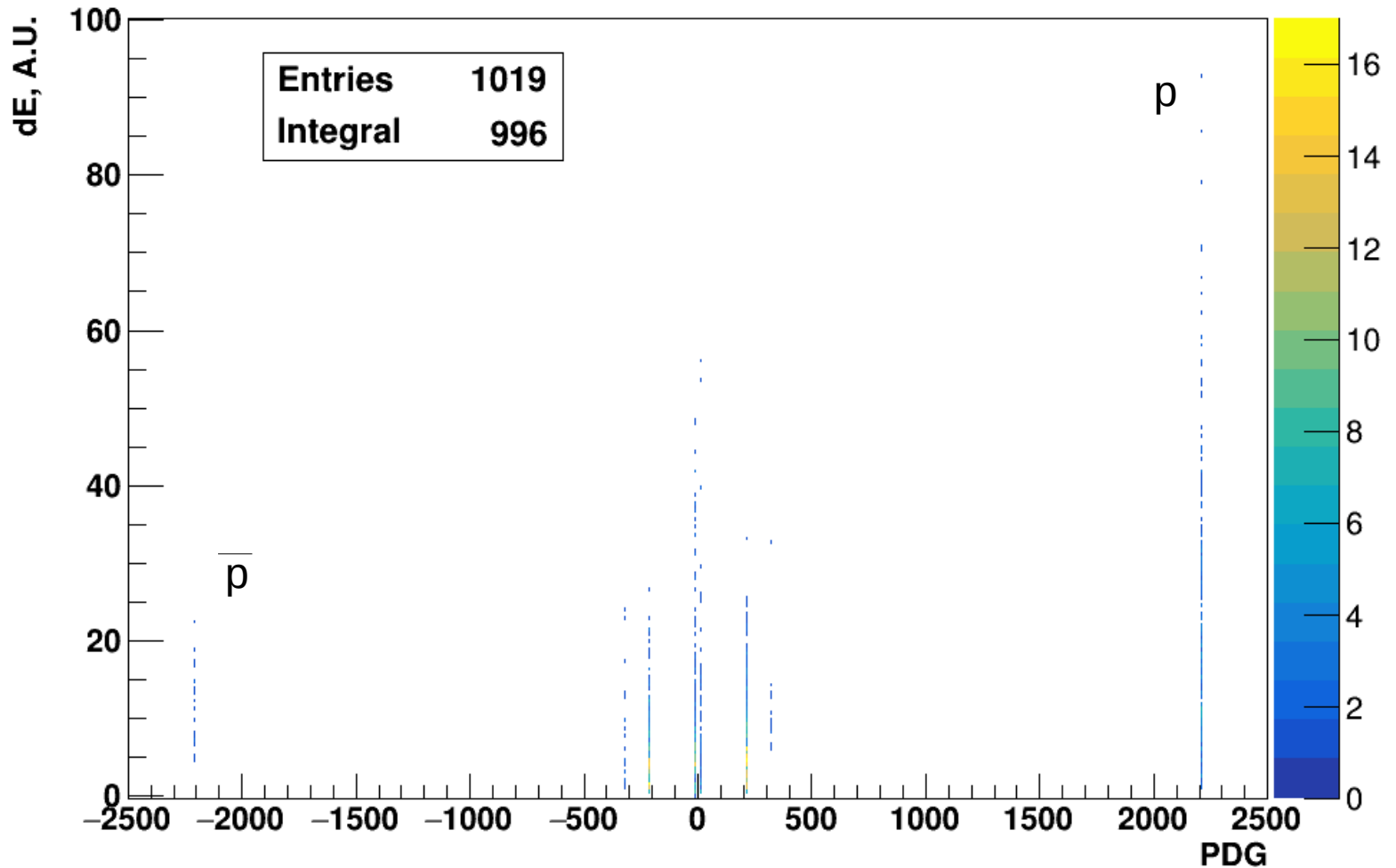
Time difference between “neighbours”

dE-dT for STT

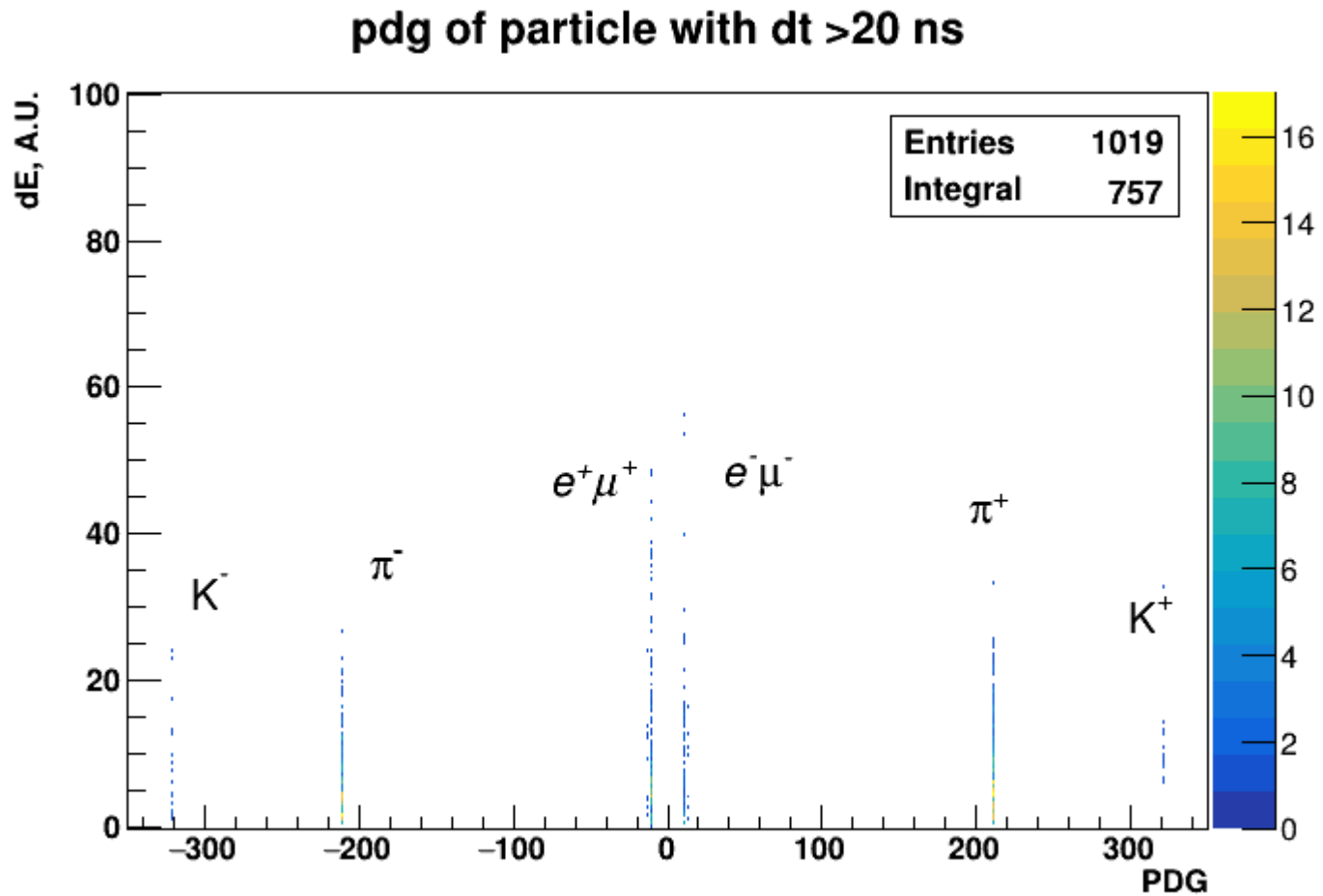


Time difference between “neighbours”

pdg of particle with $dt > 20$ ns



Time difference between “neighbours”



TimeGapEventBuilderTask

updated v 1.1

-I- PndGapEventBuilderTask:Exec 3

Branch MVDSortedPixelDigis has first digi time = 3095.07 length 51 and last digi time = 3120

Branch MVDSortedStripDigis has first digi time = 3094.53 length 22 and last digi time = 3115.03

.....

.....

Branch SciTSortedHit has first digi time = 1305.56 length 1 and last digi time = 1305.56

.....

Branch FTSSortedHit has first digi time = 3391.84 length 31 and last digi time = 3524.54

Min timestamp of the first digi: = 1305.56

Branches: SciTSortedHit is part of event with first digi = 1305.56 and last digi = 1305.56

Max timestamp of the last digi: = 1305.56

MVDSortedPixelDigis 3095.07 51

output array before 0 time 3095.07

output array after 0

OK

MVDSortedStripDigis 3094.53 22

output array before 0 time 3094.53

output array after 0

OK

TimeGapEventBuilderTask

updated v 1.1

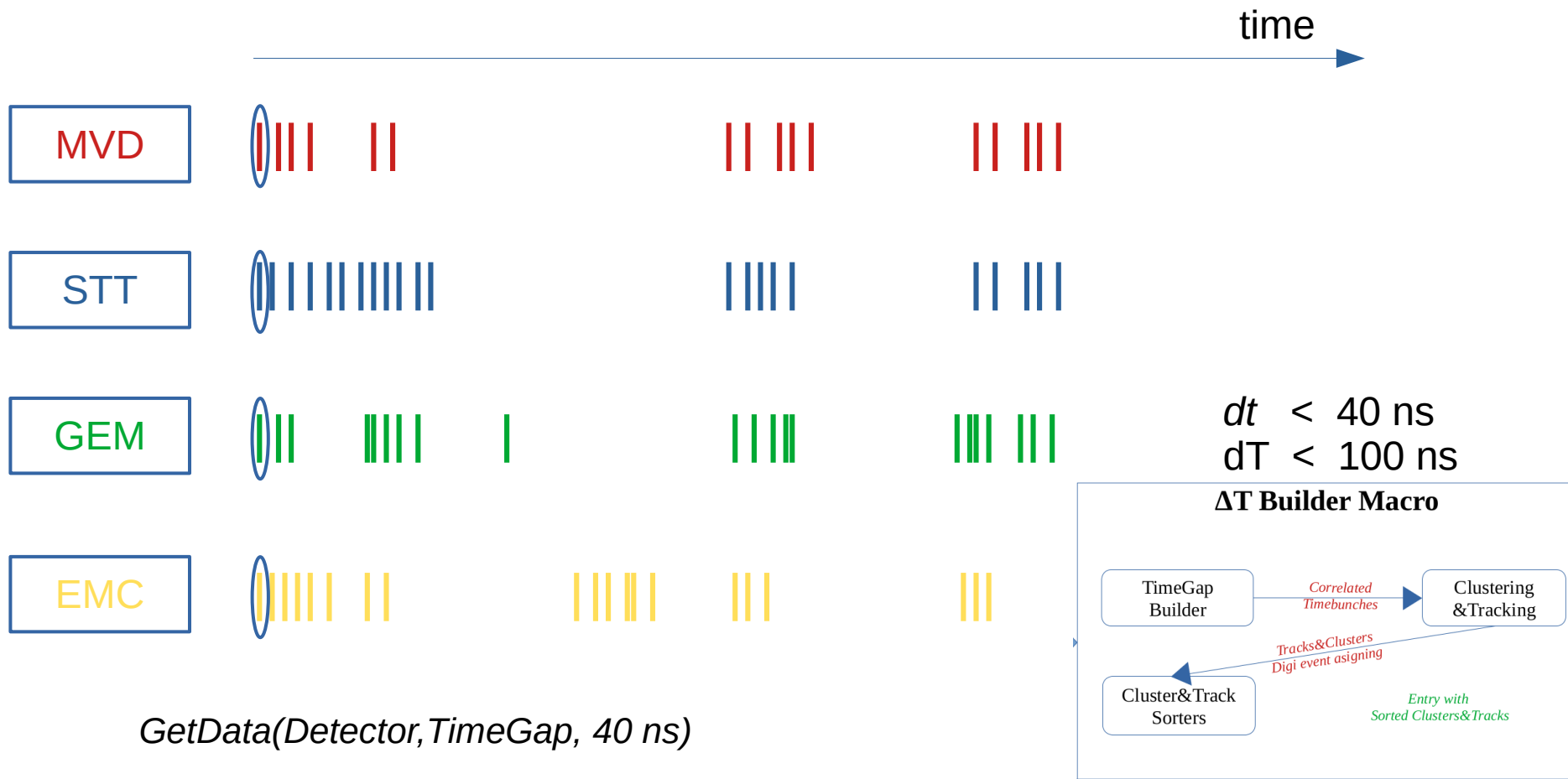
-l- PndGapEventBuilderTask:Exec 4

Branch MVDSortedPixelDigis has first digi time = 3095.07 length 51 and last digi time = 3120
Branch MVDSortedStripDigis has first digi time = 3094.53 length 22 and last digi time = 3115.03
Branch STTSortedHits has first digi time = 3107.21 length 123 and last digi time = 3340.78
Branch GEMSortedDigi has first digi time = 3103.33 length 8 and last digi time = 3103.33
Branch SciTSortedHit has first digi time = 3106.54 length 3 and last digi time = 3106.89
Branch EmcDigiSorted has first digi time = 3092.8 length 10 and last digi time = 3118.89
Branch MdtSortedHit has first digi time = 3112.57 length 23 and last digi time = 3116.15
Branch FTSSortedHit has first digi time = 3391.84 length 31 and last digi time = 3524.54
Min timestamp of the first digi: = 3092.8

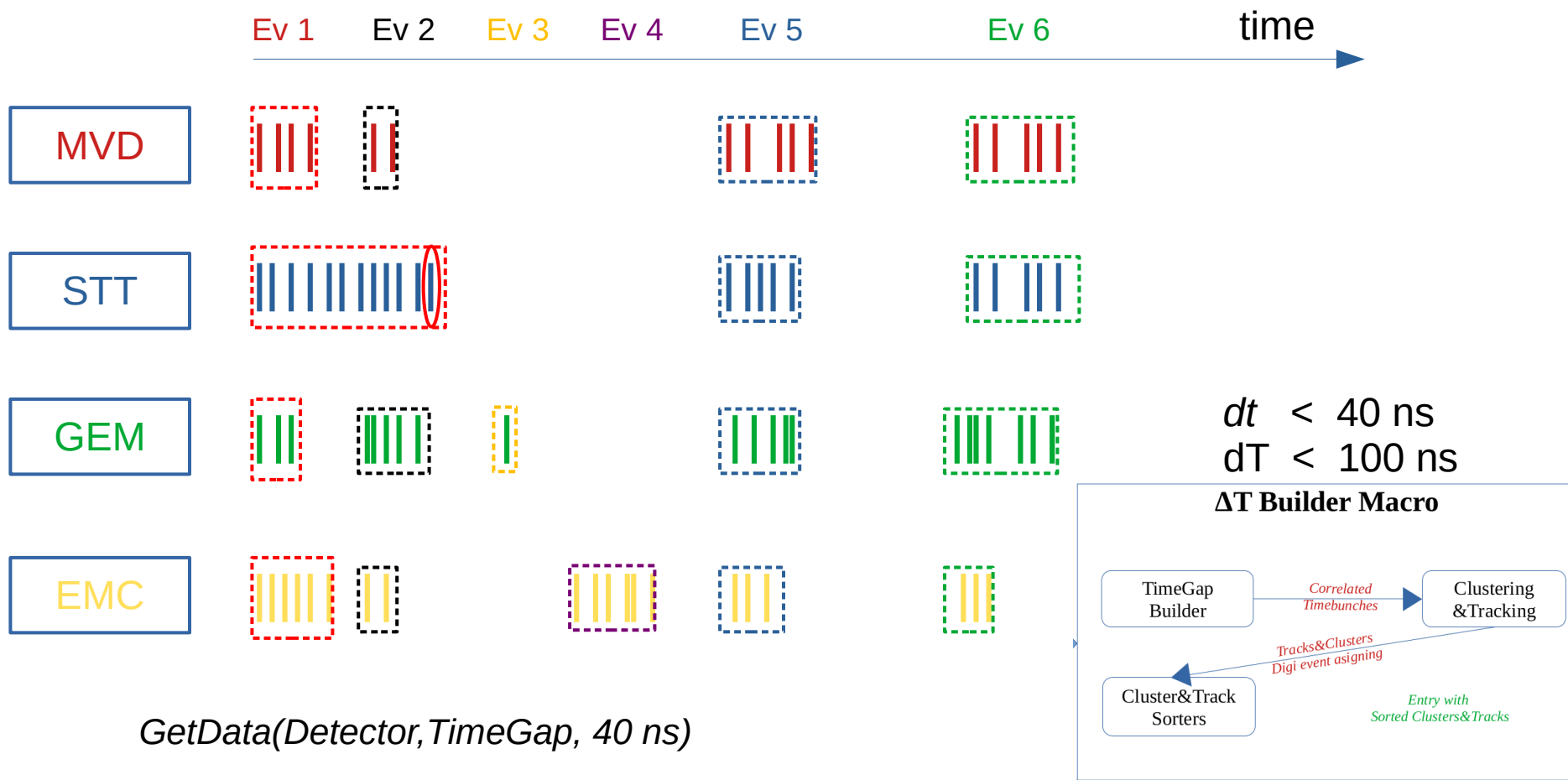
Branches: MVDSortedPixelDigis is part of event with first digi = 3095.07 and last digi = 3120
Branches: MVDSortedStripDigis is part of event with first digi = 3094.53 and last digi = 3115.03
Branches: STTSortedHits is part of event with first digi = 3107.21 and last digi = 3340.78
Branches: GEMSortedDigi is part of event with first digi = 3103.33 and last digi = 3103.33
Branches: SciTSortedHit is part of event with first digi = 3106.54 and last digi = 3106.89
Branches: EmcDigiSorted is part of event with first digi = 3092.8 and last digi = 3118.89
Branches: MdtSortedHit is part of event with first digi = 3112.57 and last digi = 3116.15

MVDSortedPixelDigis 3380 11
output array before 51 time 3380
output array after 51
MVDSortedStripDigis 3382.88 11
output array before 22 time 3382.88
output array after 22

Time-Gap Algorithm updated v 1.0

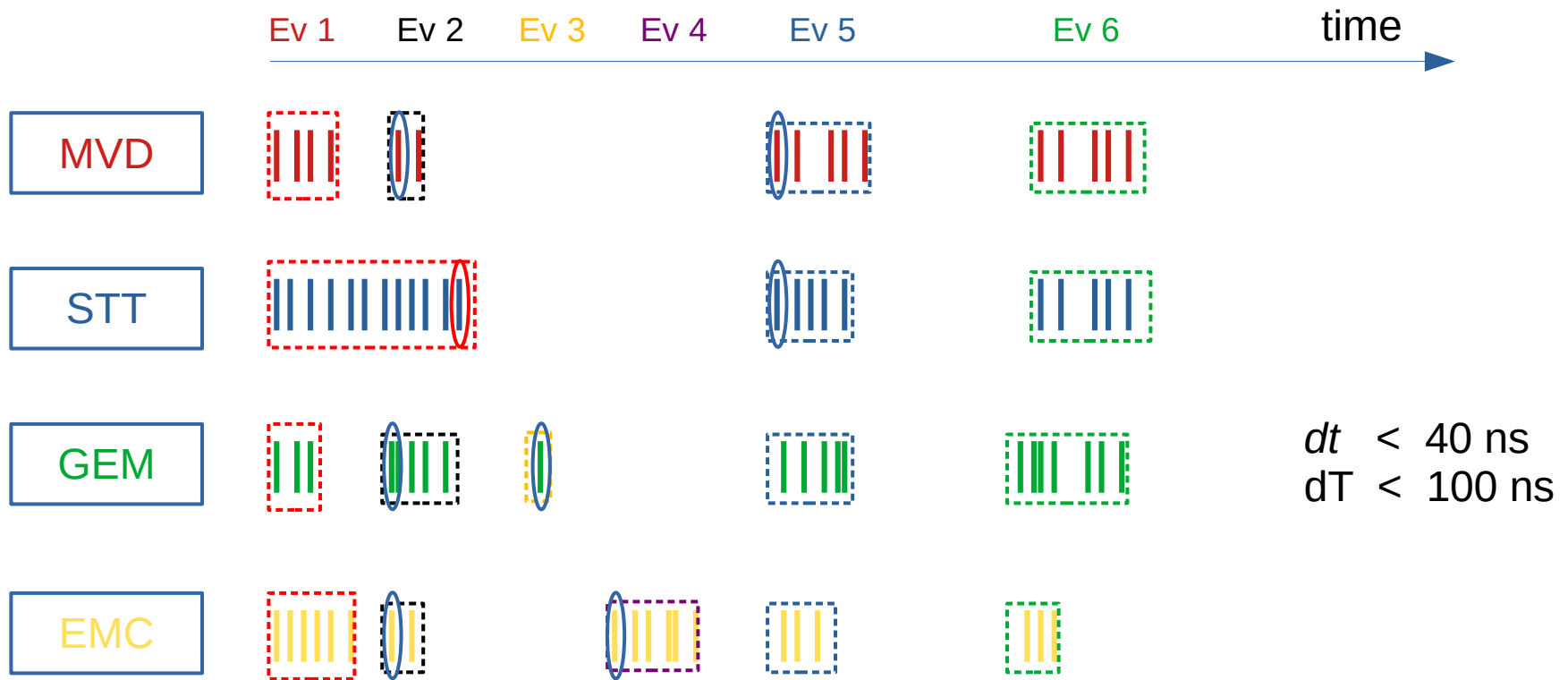


TimeGap Algorithm updated v 1.1



TimeGapEventBuilderTask

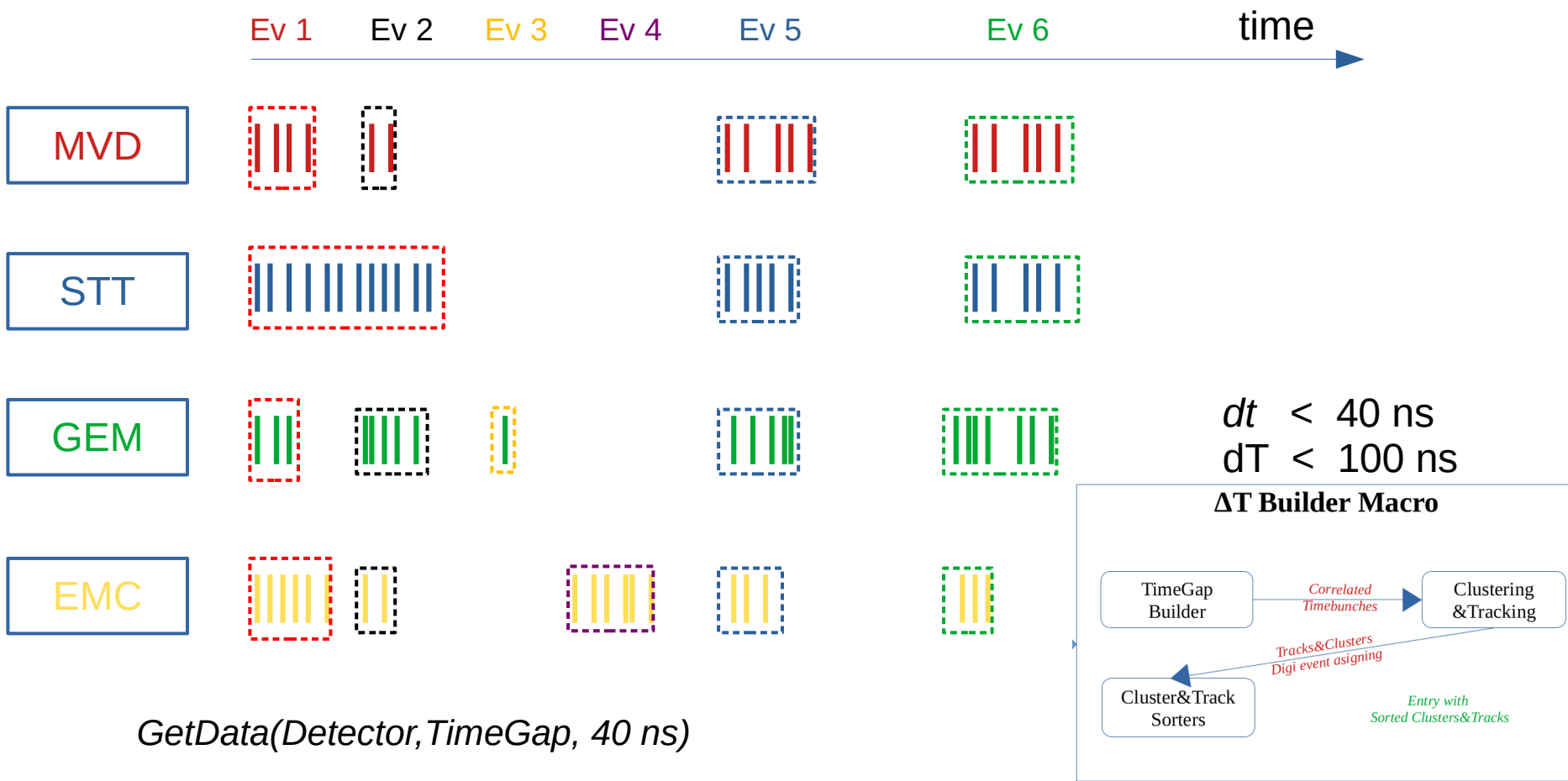
updated v 1.1



GetData(Detector, TimeGap, 40 ns)

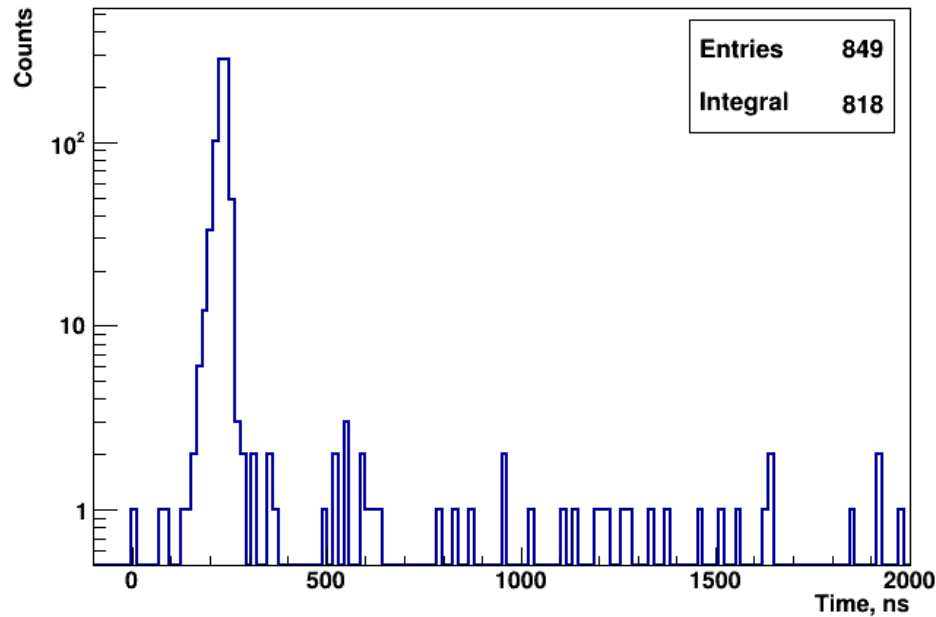
TimeGapEventBuilderTask

updated v 1.0

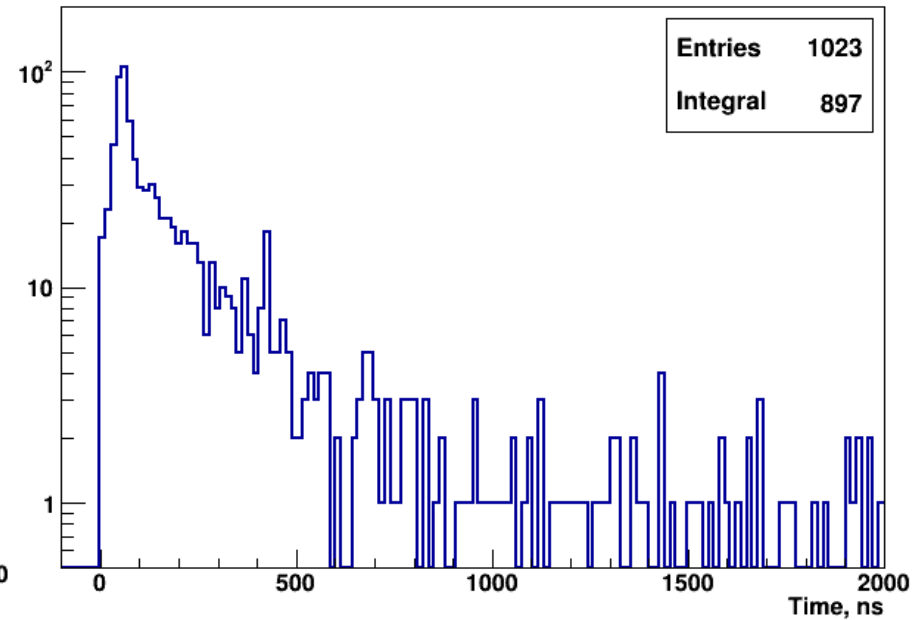


Time duration of event Background (STT)

STT



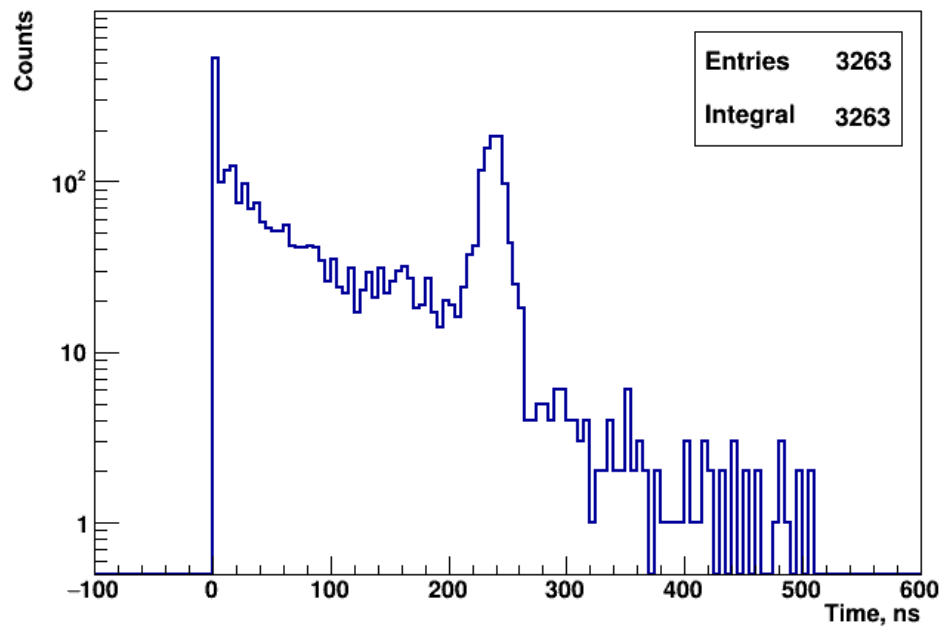
EMC



Time duration of event

After time-gap EB (dt=20 ns)

STT



EMC

