

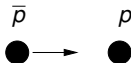
Studying Hadrons in Matter with PANDA

P. Bühler

on behalf of
PANDA collaboration

Stefan Meyer Institute, Vienna

PANDA experimental program



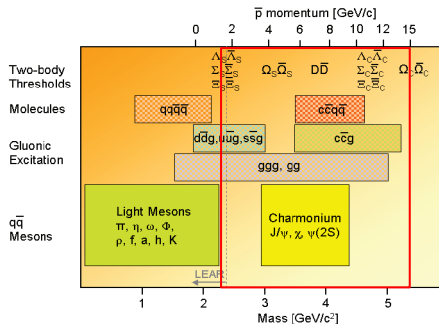
Hadron spectroscopy

- Charmonium spectroscopy
- D meson spectroscopy
- Baryon meson spectroscopy
- Gluonic excitations

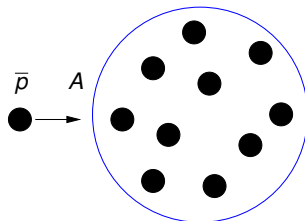
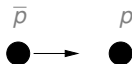
Nucleon Structure

- Generalized Parton distributions
- Time-like form factor of Proton

Hypernuclei



PANDA experimental program



Hadron spectroscopy

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Hadrons in Matter

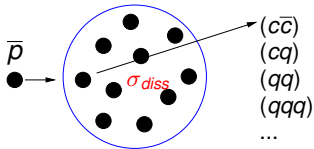
- In-medium modifications
- $c\bar{c}$ absorption
- Nucleon short range correlations
- Color transparency

...

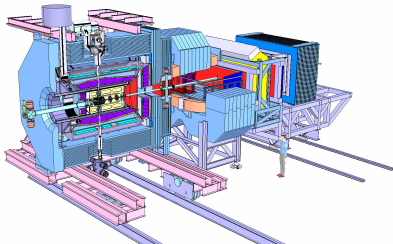
First $\bar{p}A$ program at $E_{cm} \approx m_{c\bar{c}}$

Experimental situation

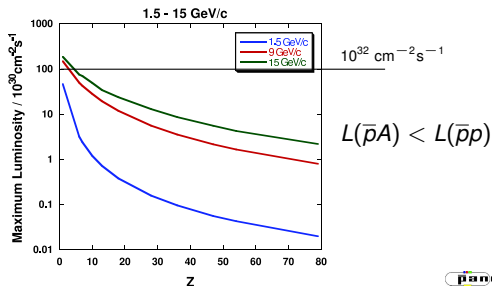
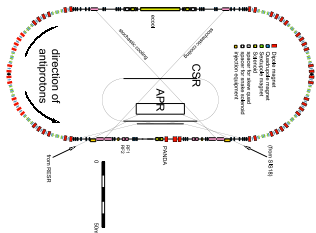
$$\rho \neq 0, P_N = P_{\text{Fermi}}$$



PANDA: $\approx 4\pi$ coverage

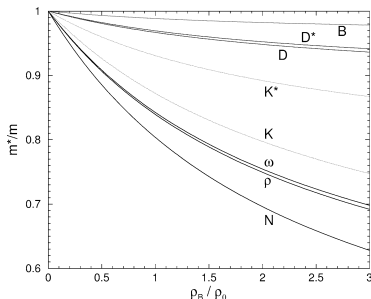


HESR: $1.5 < P_{\bar{p}} < 15 \text{ GeV}/c$



In-medium modifications

- Partial restoration of chiral symmetry in nuclear medium
- Effect of finite matter density on hadron properties: change of mass and width, absorption
- Subject of large interest (ongoing attempts!), mainly in the light quark sector (e.g. Metag, PPNP **55** (2005) 35)
- Extension of these studies to charmed hadrons



Tsushima & Khanna, Prog. Theor. Phys. Suppl **149** (2003) 160

In-medium modifications

- mass shifts

	Mass shift @ $\rho \approx \rho_0$ [MeV]	Refs.	Γ [MeV]
η_c	-5	[1], [5]	30
J/ψ	-4 - -24	[2], [3], [4], [5]	0.09
$\chi_{c0,1,2}$	-40	[5]	<10
$\Psi(3686)$	-100	[3], [5]	0.3
$\Psi(3770)$	-100	[3], [5]	30
D-mesons	-50	[2]	< 1
$\bar{\Lambda}_c, \bar{\Sigma}_c$	-40	[6]	< 3

[1] Klingl et al., PRL **82** (1999) 3396

[2] Hayashigaki, PLB **487** (2000) 96

[3] Lee & Ko, PRC **67** (2003) 038202

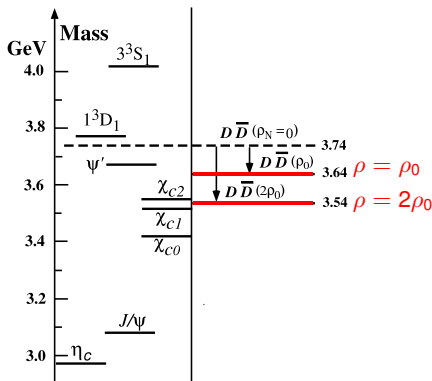
[4] Krein et al., PLB **697** 136

[5] Lee, AIP Proc. Conf. **717** (2004) 780

[6] Tolos et al., PRC **77** (2008) 015207

In-medium modifications

- Relative change of masses $\Rightarrow$ level crossings
- Broadening of Ψ' and χ_{c2}



Hayashigaki, PLB **487** (2000) 96

see also Sibirtsev, EPJA **18** (2002) 475

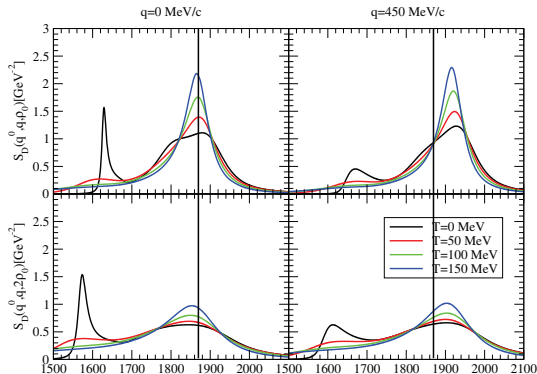
In-medium modifications

- Recent coupled-channel calculations reveal more complicated picture

D-meson

$$\rho = \rho_0$$

$$\rho = 2\rho_0$$



Tolos et al., PRC **77** (2008) 015207

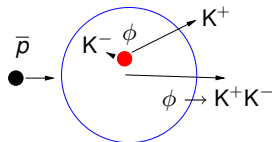
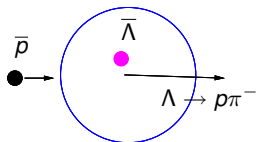
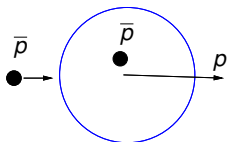
see also Lutz & Korpa, PLB **633** (2006) 43

In-medium modifications

- 1 Measurement of line shapes
 - 2 Measurement of transparency ratios
 - 3 Measurement of excitation functions
- How to 'place' charmed hadron at rest in the center of a nucleus?
 - ▶ Penetration depth of anti-proton is a few fm
($\sigma_{\bar{p}p}^{tot} \approx 60 \text{ mb}, \rho \approx 0.16 \text{ fm}^{-3}$)
 - ▶ in $\bar{p}N$ annihilation, charmed mesons are produced at relatively high momentum in nuclear rest frame
 - ▶ In $\bar{p}A \rightarrow D^+ D^-$, $p_D > 0.7 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - ▶ Many hadrons leave nucleus before they decay
 - ▶ Selecting $\bar{p}NN$ reduces minimum P_D but also reduces cross section significantly
 - Much easier with light hadrons ...

In-medium modifications

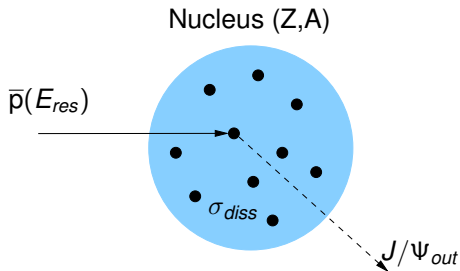
Light anti-hadrons



- recoil-free reactions
- select fast hadron at $\Theta \approx 0^\circ \Rightarrow$ anti-hadron approx. at rest
- reasonably large cross sections ($\mu b/sr$)
- missing mass analysis $\Rightarrow$

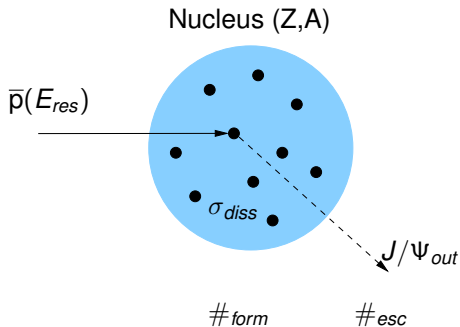
investigation of nuclear potentials

Measurement of J/ψ - Nucleon inelastic cross section



- Brodsky & Mueller, PLB **206** (1988) 685,
Farrar et al., NPB **345** (1990) 125,
Seth, NPA **629** (1998) 358
- Exclusive formation of J/ψ
- Avoid effects from large momenta, feed down, co-movers as in pA production

Measurement of J/ψ - Nucleon inelastic cross section

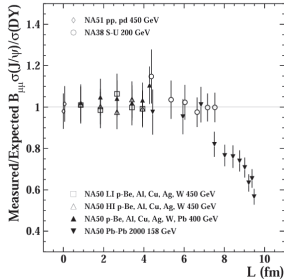


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- Exclusive formation of J/ψ
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$$\#_{esc} = \#_{form} \cdot (1 - \sigma_{diss} \cdot \langle \rho L \rangle)$$

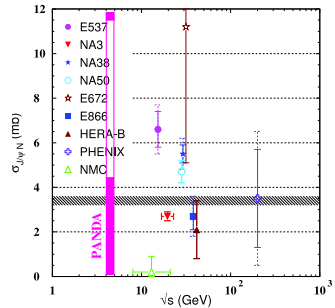
Measurement of J/ψ - Nucleon inelastic cross section



NA50 collaboration, EPJC **39** (2005) 335

- Needed for interpretation of J/ψ -production in HI

- Values deduced mainly from pA and IA
- PANDA can contribute at $\sqrt{s} \approx 4.5$ GeV/c



Arleo, EPJC **55** (2008) 449

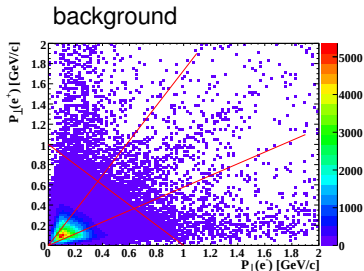
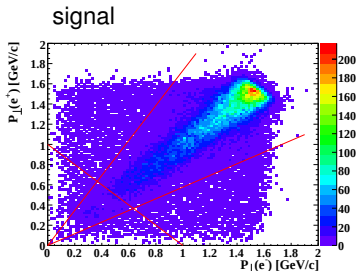


Measurement of J/ψ - Nucleon inelastic cross section

- $\bar{p} + A \rightarrow J/\psi \rightarrow l^+ l^-$
- cross sections in the order of 100 pb
- total cross section in the order of 1 b
- $\Rightarrow$ need background suppression of $> 10^{10}$
- Combination of cuts allows to efficiently suppress background ($< 10^{-10}$)

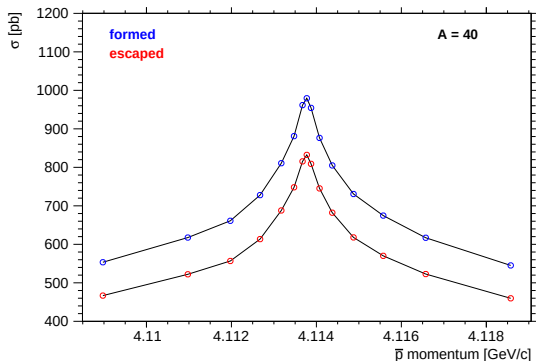
PANDA Physics Performance Report, arXiv:0903.3905

e.g. $\underline{P}_\perp(e^+)$ versus $\underline{P}_\perp(e^-)$



Measurement of J/ψ - Nucleon inelastic cross section

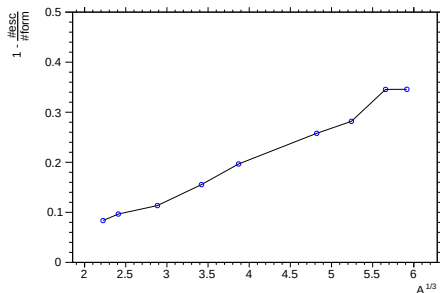
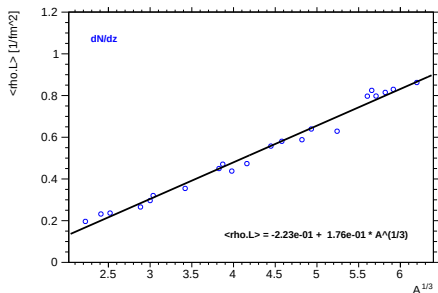
- $\sigma_{form}(\bar{p}A) \propto \int_0^{P_F} BW(\sqrt{s}) d\sqrt{s}$, average over all formations
- Model of nucleus needed
- Deduced from MC simulations using Glauber type model
- Cross section for detection: $\sigma_{det,peak} \approx 600 \text{ pb}$
- With $L = 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1} \Rightarrow < 500 \frac{J/\psi}{d}$



Measurement of J/ψ - Nucleon inelastic cross section

- As function of A - check consistency, reduce errors

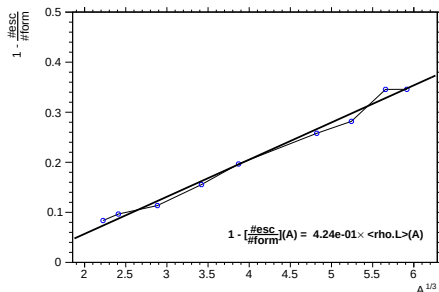
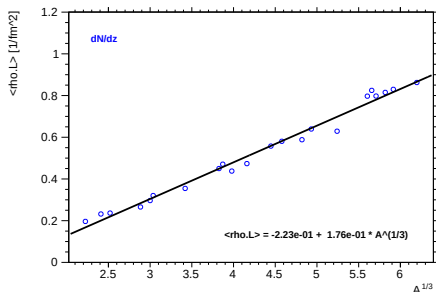
$$\sigma_{diss} \cdot \langle \rho L \rangle (A) = \left[1 - \frac{\#_{esc}}{\#_{form}} \right] (A)$$



Measurement of J/ψ - Nucleon inelastic cross section

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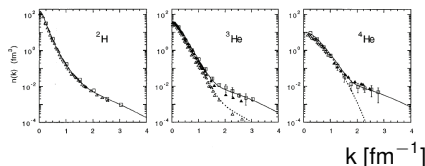
$$\sigma_{diss} \cdot \langle \rho L \rangle (A) = \left[1 - \frac{\#_{esc}}{\#_{form}} \right] (A)$$



$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{diss} = 4.2 \text{ mb}$$

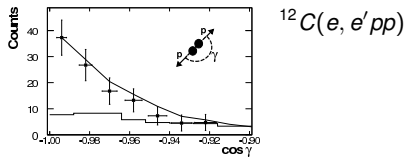
Short range Nucleon-Nucleon correlations

- Investigation of nature of high momentum nucleons
- Governed by short range properties of NN interaction



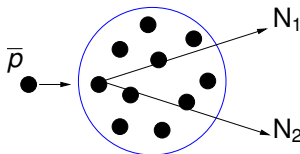
Ciofi degli Atti & Simula, PRC **53** (1996) 1689

- Most nucleons with $P > P_F$ are paired
- Most of them are pn - fewer pp



Shneor et al., PRL **99** (2007) 072501

- Hard exclusive reactions with PANDA to study short range NN interaction properties



Conclusions

- PANDA offers potential to address various physics questions in antiproton-nucleus reactions
- Study of in-medium effects can be extended to the charm sector
- Measurement of J/ψ formation on a series of nuclear targets to study J/ψ -nucleon interaction has high priority
- Light hadrons can be 'placed' with low momentum in nuclear environment
- Study of hard exclusive reactions inside nucleus gives access to phenomena like color transparency or short range correlations