Update on lifetime measurements of MCP-PMTs

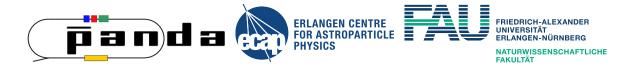
ERLANGEN CENTRE FOR ASTROPARTICLE

D. Miehling, M. Böhm, K. Gumbert, S. Krauss, A. Lehmann

PANDA-Meeting 20/3, eZuce not GSI :-/ ,Oct 27, 2020

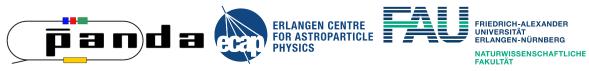


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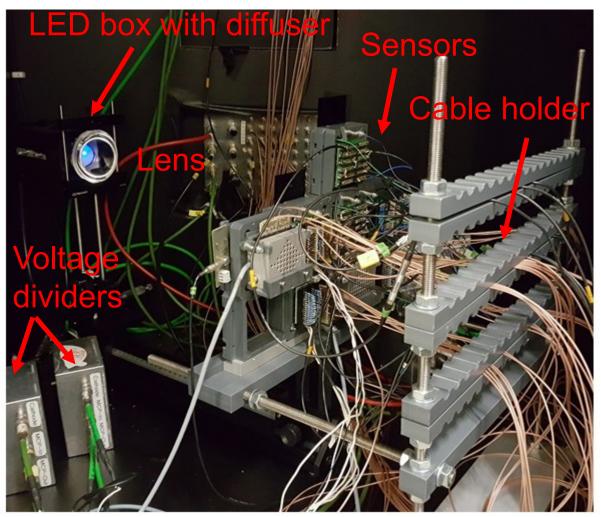


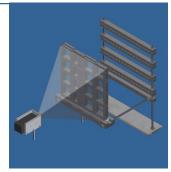
Parameters of lifetime measurements

- Goal: Simultaneous measurement of different MCP-PMTs under similar conditions as in the PANDA-DIRCs
- Constant illumination with 1 MHz single photons
 - All MCP-PMTs in same light spot
 - Permanent monitoring of integrated anode charge
- QE measurement:
 - Every few weeks:
 - Wavelength spectrum with Xenon arc lamp (75 W) and a monochromator ($\Delta\lambda$ = 2 nm, 250 nm 800 nm)
 - Also measuring gain and dark counts
 - Every several months:
 - Surface scans with picosecond laser (372 nm, spot size: ø~0.5-1 mm)



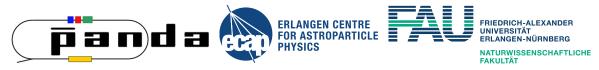
Lifetime setup





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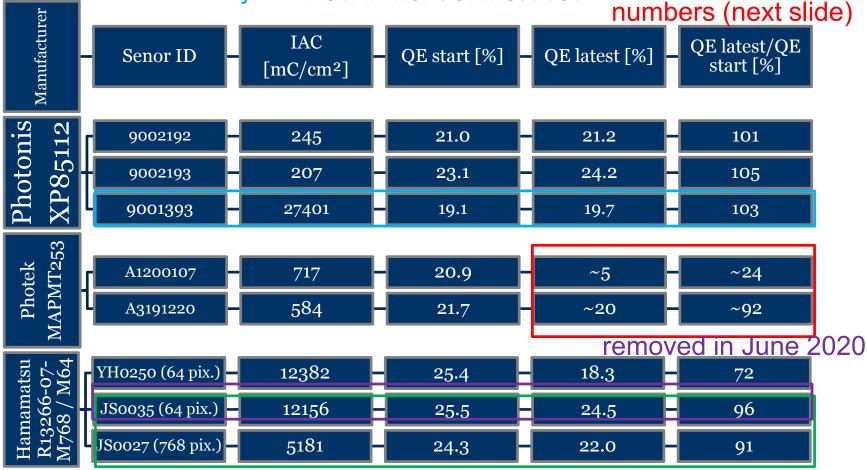
- Pulsed LED inside aluminum Box
- Thorlabs engineered diffuser
 - In front of LED to get homogeneous light spot on sensors
- Holding construction for up to 16 sensors all illuminated by same LED
- Cable management behind sensors

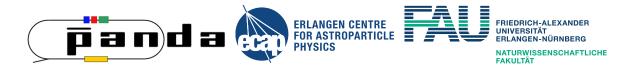


Data from Sep/Oct, 2020

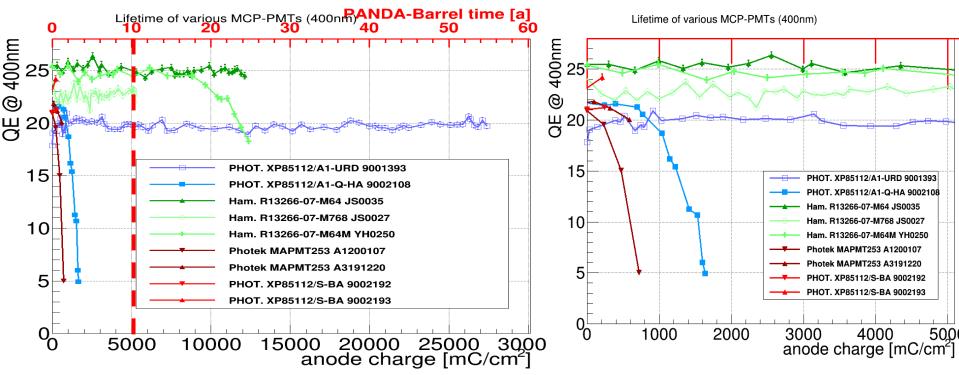
Illumination Overview QE (all sensors with ALD)

Two ALD layers Film in front of first MCP be careful with this

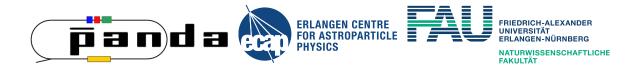




Lifetime data of latest sensors (Sep 14, 2020)

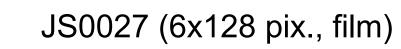


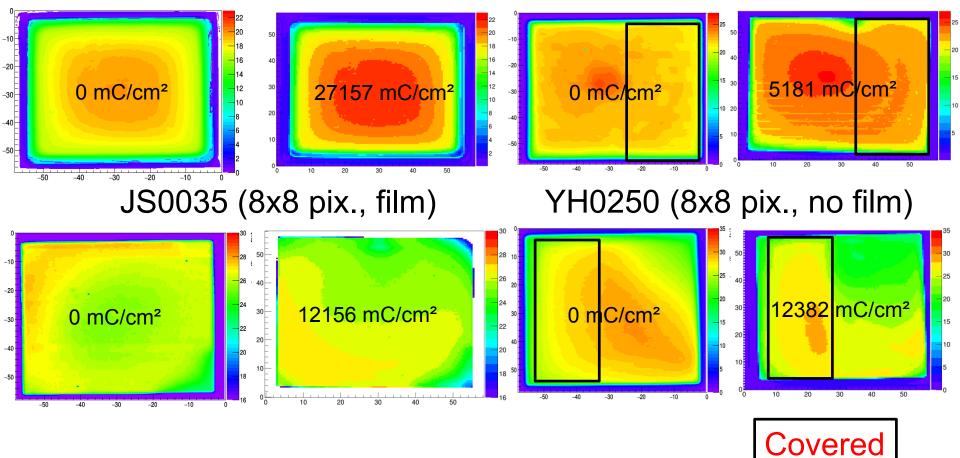
- Most sensors with ALD coated MCPs have lifetime > 5 C/cm²
- Hamamatsu JS0035 removed and shipped back to Japan
- QE(λ) of Photeks can't be measured anymore due to too high darkcurrent (~100nA and more), QE-Scans are (sometimes)
 possible after waiting for hours-days



QE scans of 2 inch ALD devices, Photonis+Hamamatsu

URD (8x8 pix, 2ALD layers)





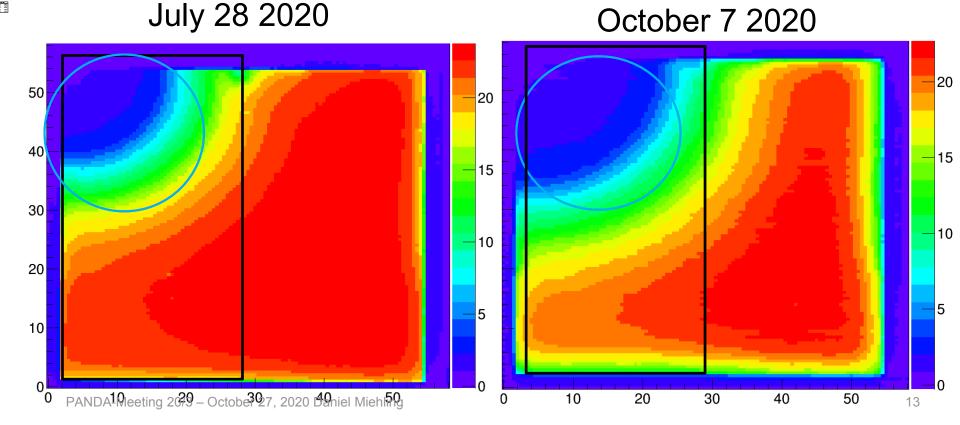


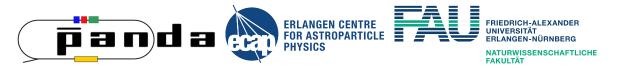
QE scans of Photek A1200107(ALD)

Covered (not illuminated)

Clear sign of Cathode damage

Aging starting from the corner

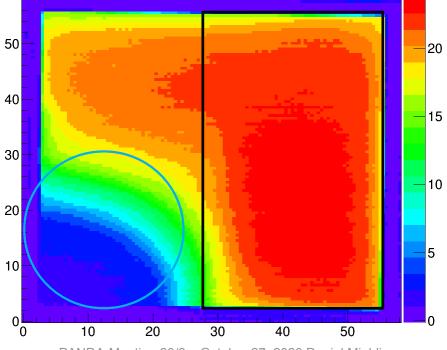




QE scans of Photek A3191220 (ALD)

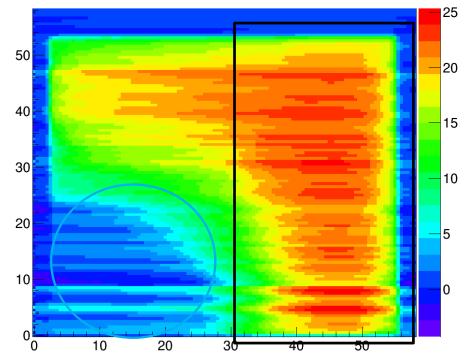
Covered (not illuminated)

July 28 2020

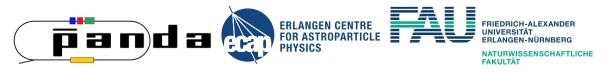


Clear sign of Cathode damage

- Aging starting from the corner
- noisy scan due to high darkcurrent
 October 5 2020



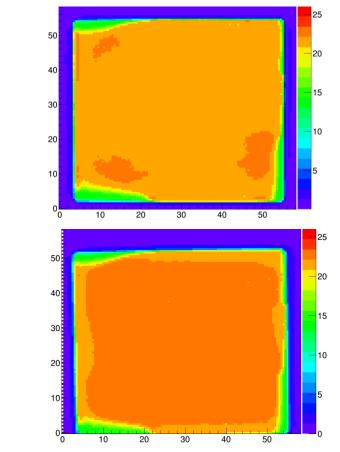
PANDA-Meeting 20/3 – October 27, 2020 Daniel Miehling



QE scans of new Photonis 9002192&9002193

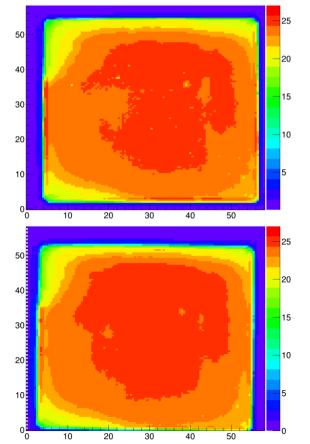
both not covered (not illuminated)

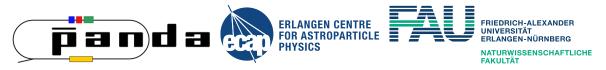
9002192 (1:10:1 divider)



June 04 2020

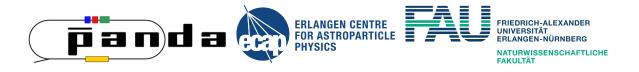
9002193 (4:10:1 divider)





CE measurement issues of Photonis 9002192 and 9002193

- first CE measurement in July: both sensors: ~75%, seem a bit low
- second CE measurement in September (directly before Juelich):
 - 9002192: ~95% CE
 - 9002193: ~85% CE
- third CE measurement in October (directly after Juelich):
 - 9002192: ~17% CE
 - 9002193: ~20% CE
- no setup changes between second and third measurement, even almost the same illumination levels, but the number of photoelectrons in the charge spectrum is a factor of 4-5 lower, which has direct impact on the CE
- need to investigate wether this is a real effect of the magnetic field



Summary

- Requirements: > 5 C/cm² at 10⁶ gain (50% duty cycle, 10 years)
- Photonis
 - Best sensor at 28 C/cm² without any sign of cathode damage
 - 9002192&9002193 integrated now

- Hamamatsu:
 - Later produced (higher serial number) 2 inch tubes tend to have better performance
 - JS0035 now at 12 C/cm² back to Japan
 - YH0250's QE started dropping at ~9 C/cm²

- Photek:
 - both (all three) sensors already show aging effects, no matter if the side was illuminated or covered or the sensor even was off

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Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung our assumption: "microleaks" as called by Hamamatsu, as both Hamamatsu and Photonis experienced these when starting with 2 inch tubes

Thank you for your attention!

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