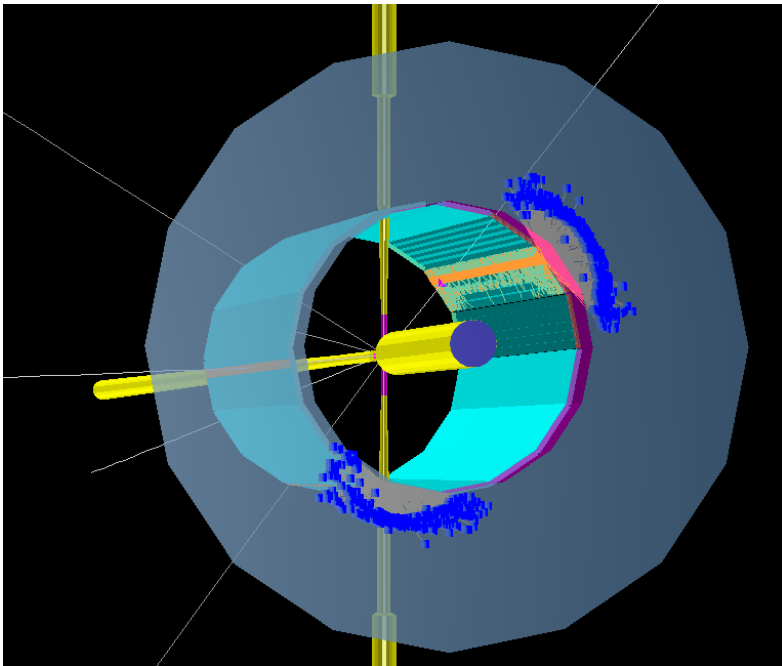


# Barrel DIRC: Progress Report

## Simulation & Reconstruction



Maria Patsyuk

# Motivation

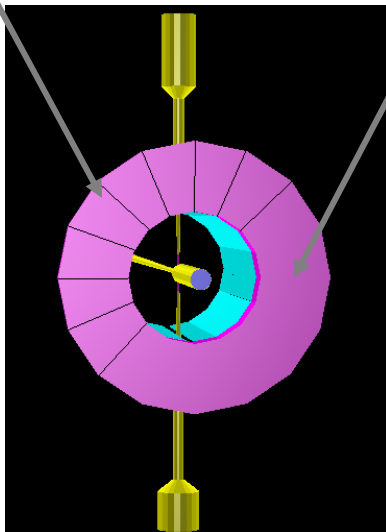
*Current PANDA Barrel DIRC version is based on BABAR DIRC with several improvements.*

*Many parameters are not yet optimized.*

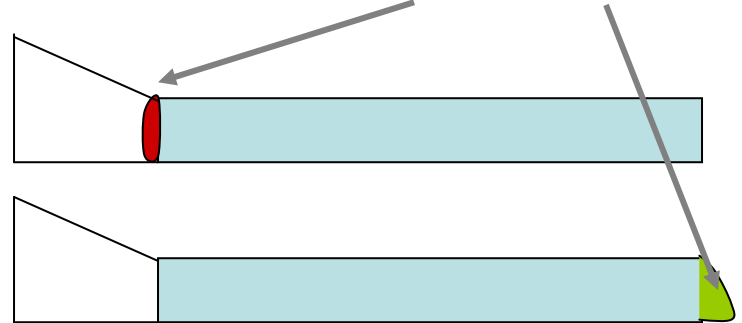
**Goal:** determine the performance of different DIRC designs → **single photon resolution** and **number of detected photons.**

*Some options of PANDA DIRC design:*

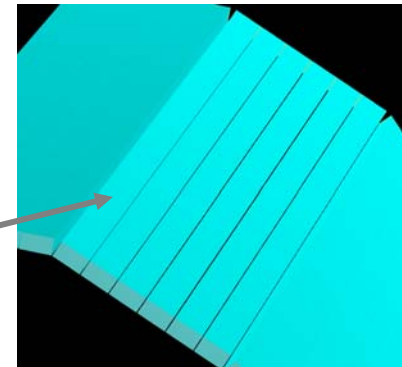
Expansion volume: single tank or 16 optically isolated ones?



Focusing system: lenses or mirror?

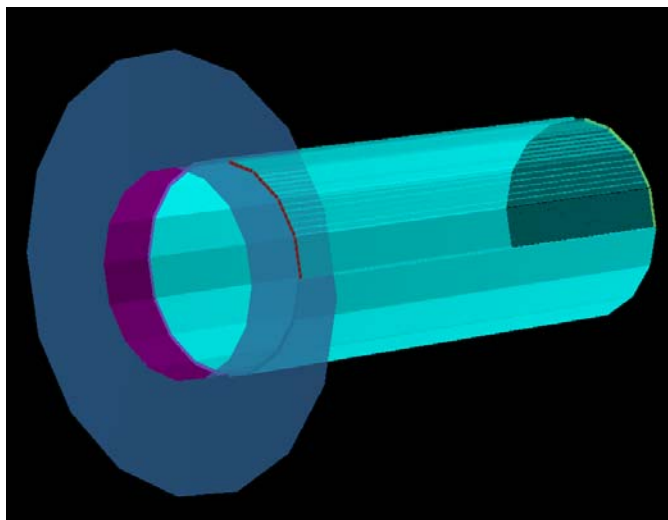
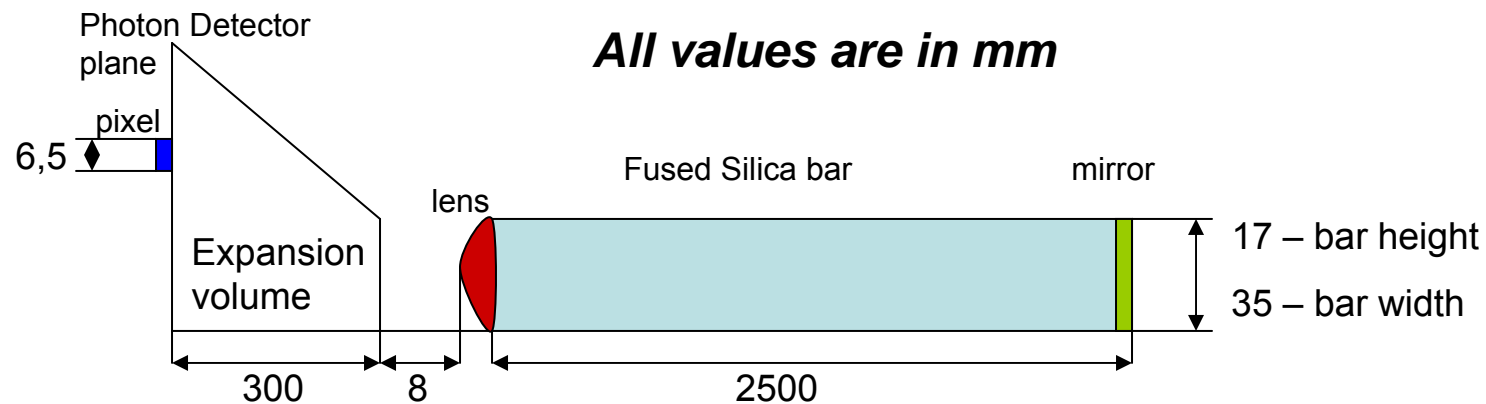


Number of bars in a bar box (6 or less), bar thickness.

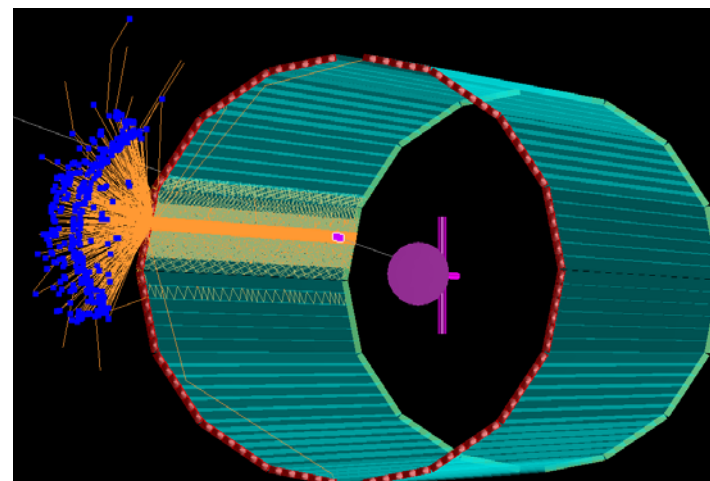


# Current Barrel DIRC layout

## Baseline Design:



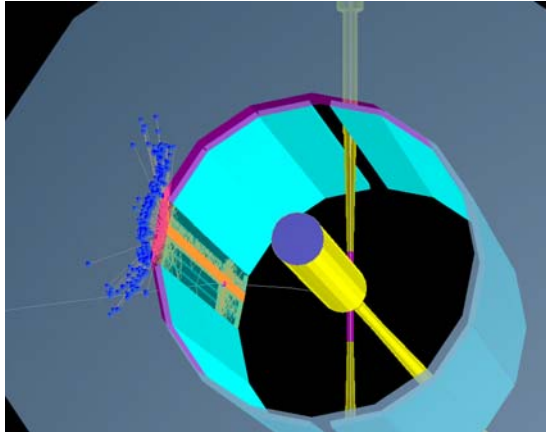
16 bar boxes  
with 6 bars  
each



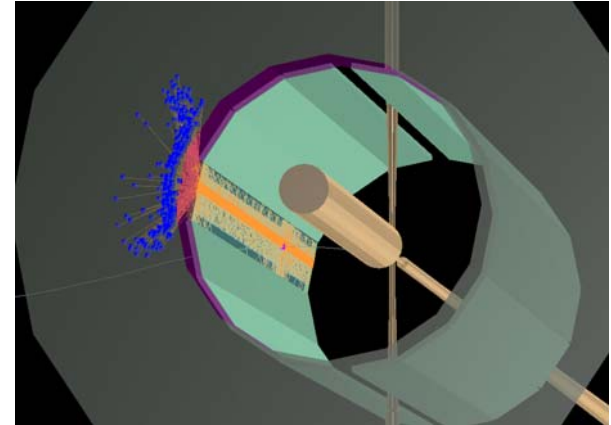
# Ring images with eventDisplay

f  
o  
c  
u  
s  
i  
n  
g

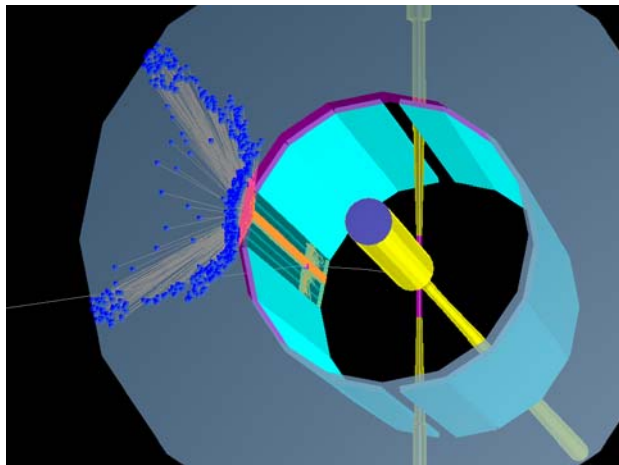
## GEANT3



## GEANT4



N  
o  
f  
o  
c  
u  
s  
i  
n  
g



While the rings look good both in g3 and g4, time per single track event is different:

$$T(g3) = 3 \text{ s/event}$$

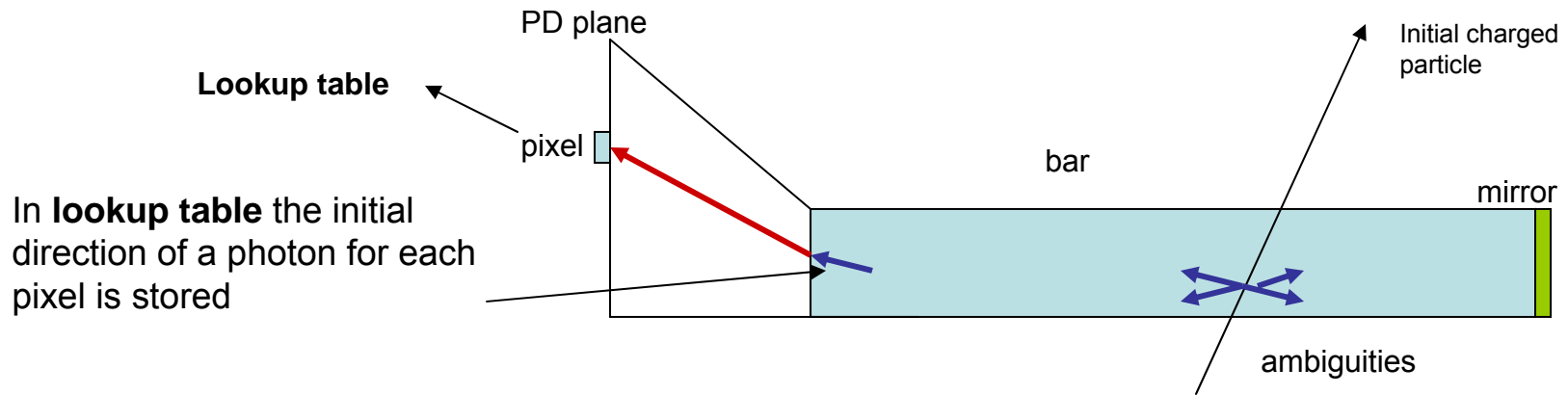
$$T(g4) = 30 \text{ s/event !}$$

# Barrel DIRC reconstruction

- Proven reconstruction method – BABAR-type reconstruction using lookup tables
  - Uses association “pixel - bar”
  - Fast access to  $\theta_c$  using lookup tables
  - Continuation of work started by Dipanwita Dutta
- Implementing it in PANDA Root
  - Will become commonly available in reconstruction

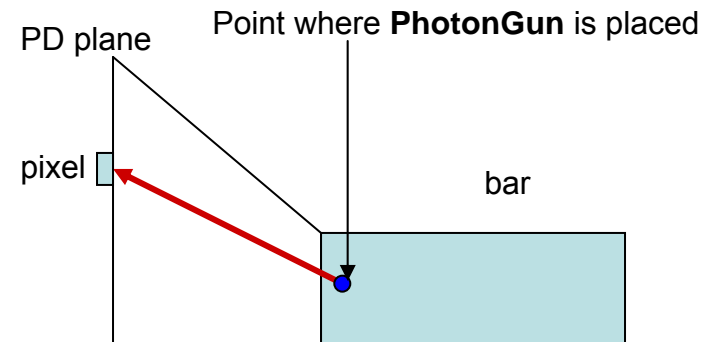
# Reconstruction approach

Proof of principle: simplest case (no focusing), Fused Silica bar attaches directly to the Expansion Volume (EV), charged particles hit one given bar:



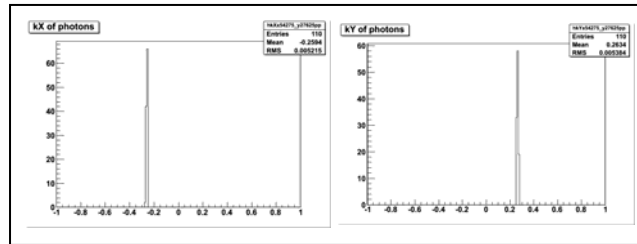
To create a look up table we used "PhotonGun"  
GEANT4 (*in GEANT3 "PhotonGun" crashes*):

- Cherenkov photons produced at a point close to the bar end covering the whole detector plane
- Store photon direction for each pixel



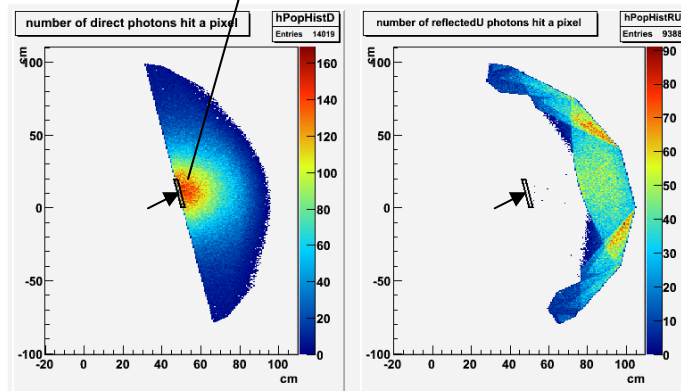
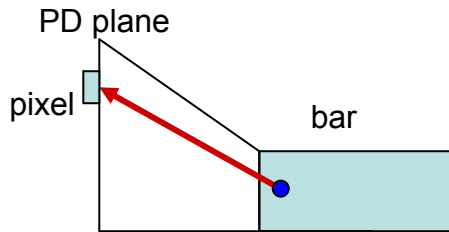
# Lookup table (LUT)

Hit pattern on the PD plane made with Photon Gun – different ambiguities are shown:

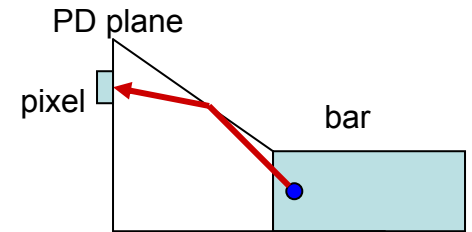


Photon direction vector  $k = (kX, kY, kZ)$  in bar coordinate system

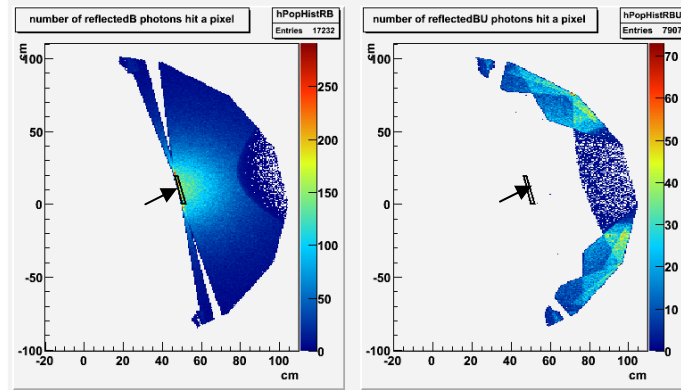
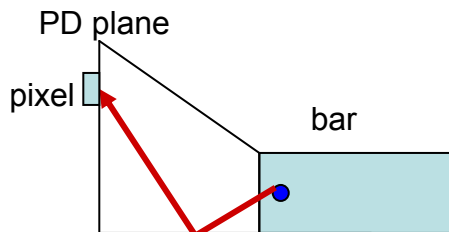
## Direct photons



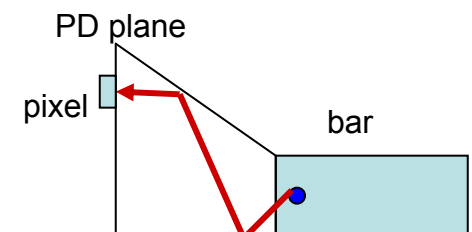
## Photons reflected from the cone part of EV



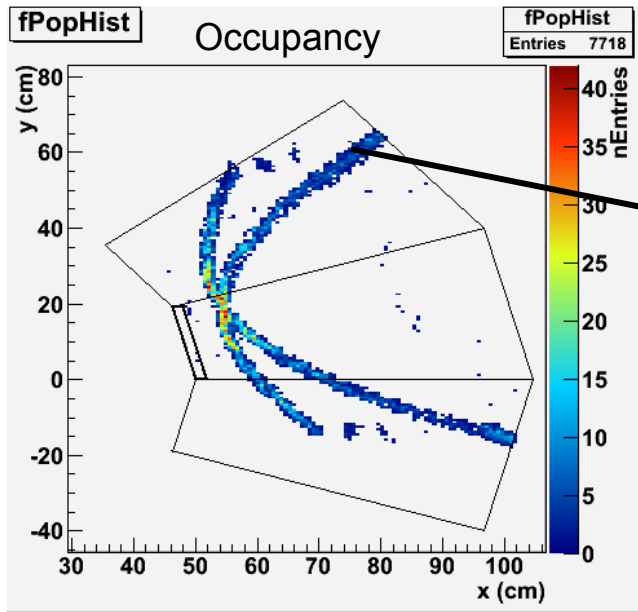
## Photons reflected from the cylinder part of EV



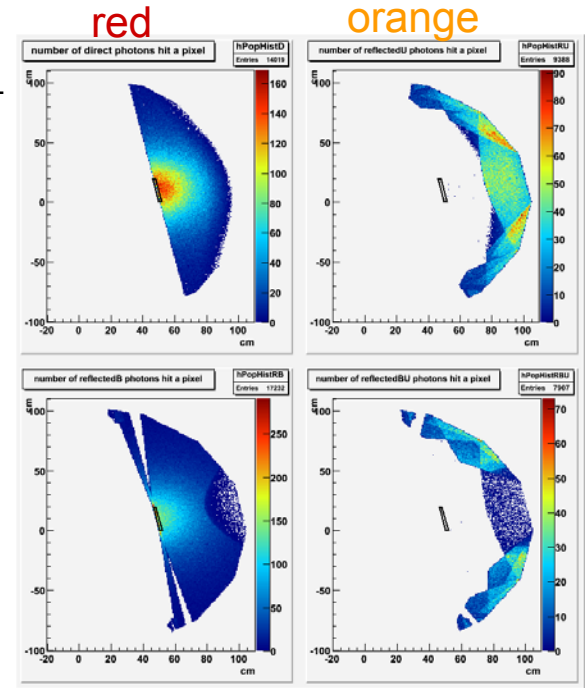
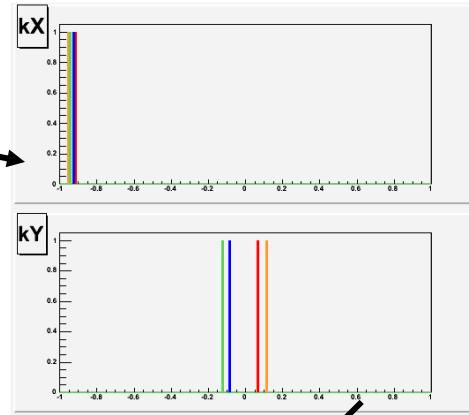
## Photons reflected from the cylinder and then from the cone part of EV



# Reconstruction: step-by-step

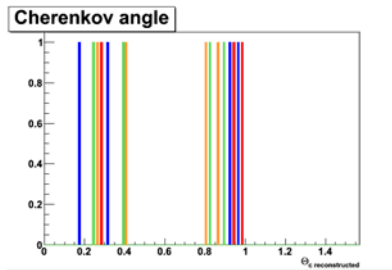


Photon direction for each pixel,  
colors show different ambiguities -

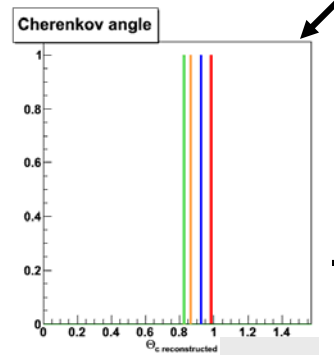


+ charged track information

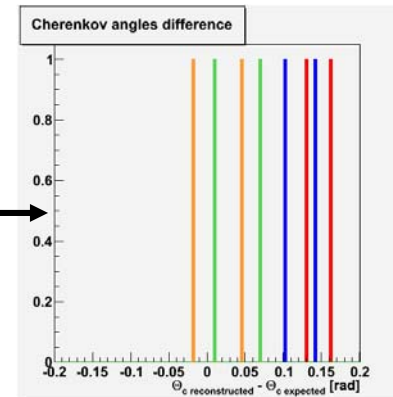
Single track events (3 GeV/c pions,  $\theta=120^\circ$ ,  $\varphi=16^\circ$ , 440 events)



with bar ambiguities



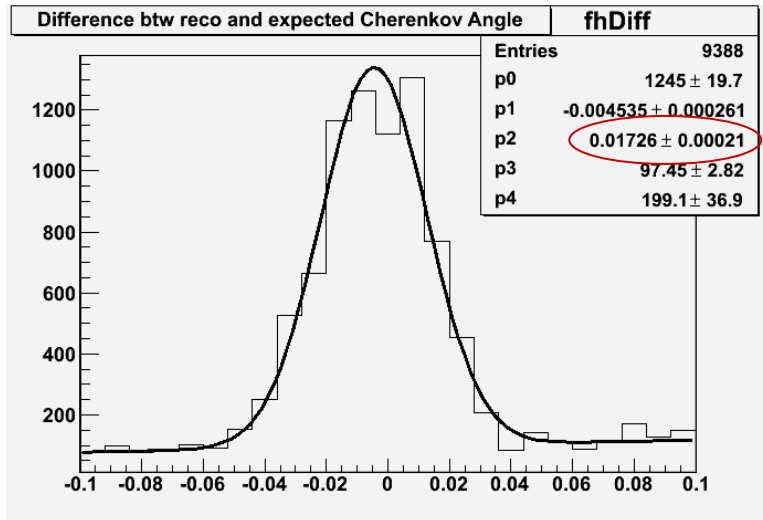
Calculate expected  $\theta_c$  value and plot the difference





# Results

Apply described method to all hits:

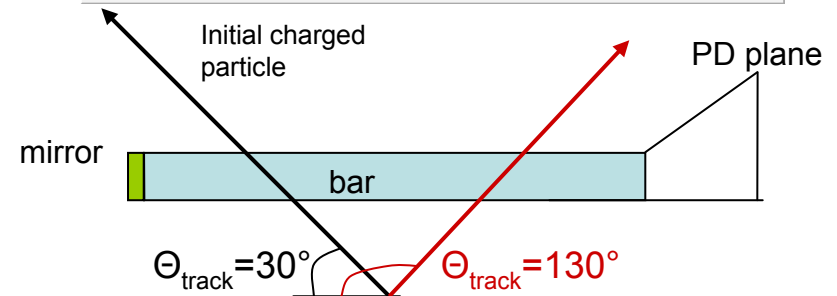
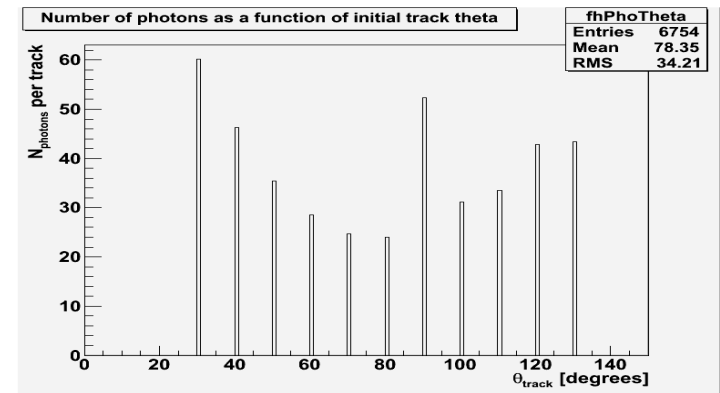


Single photon resolution is **17 mrad**

Expected resolution is **18 mrad** (pixel size, bar size, chromatic dispersion)

*Reconstruction result is consistent with expected value*

Number of detected photons per track as a function of polar angle:



No focusing → at least 24 photons per track

# Summary & Outlook

- Goal – study the performance of different DIRC designs (Number of photons, single photon resolution)
- First reconstruction attempt using simplified design (no focusing) and look-up table → obtained  $\theta_c$  resolution consistent with expectations
- Next:
  - focusing options: thin lens, thick lens, forward mirror (already implemented in PANDARoot)
  - radiator bar shapes: thickness, width, plate vs bar

