

The Pygmy Dipole Resonance in atomic nuclei

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EMMI Physics Days
- 2010 -



Contents

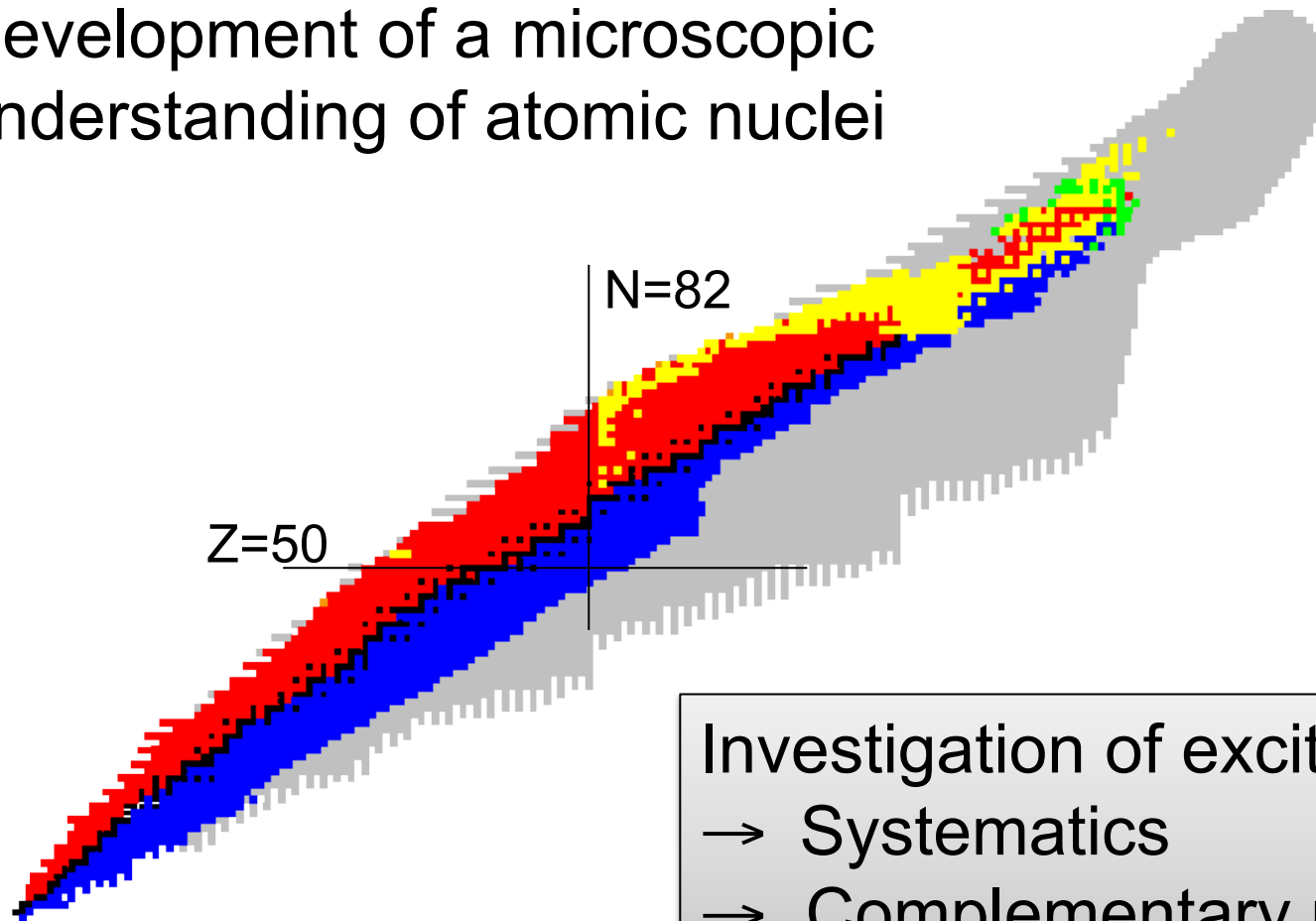


- Introduction: Pygmy Dipole Resonance
- Experimental approaches
- Real and virtual Photon scattering
- Hadron scattering
- Summary

Nuclear Structure

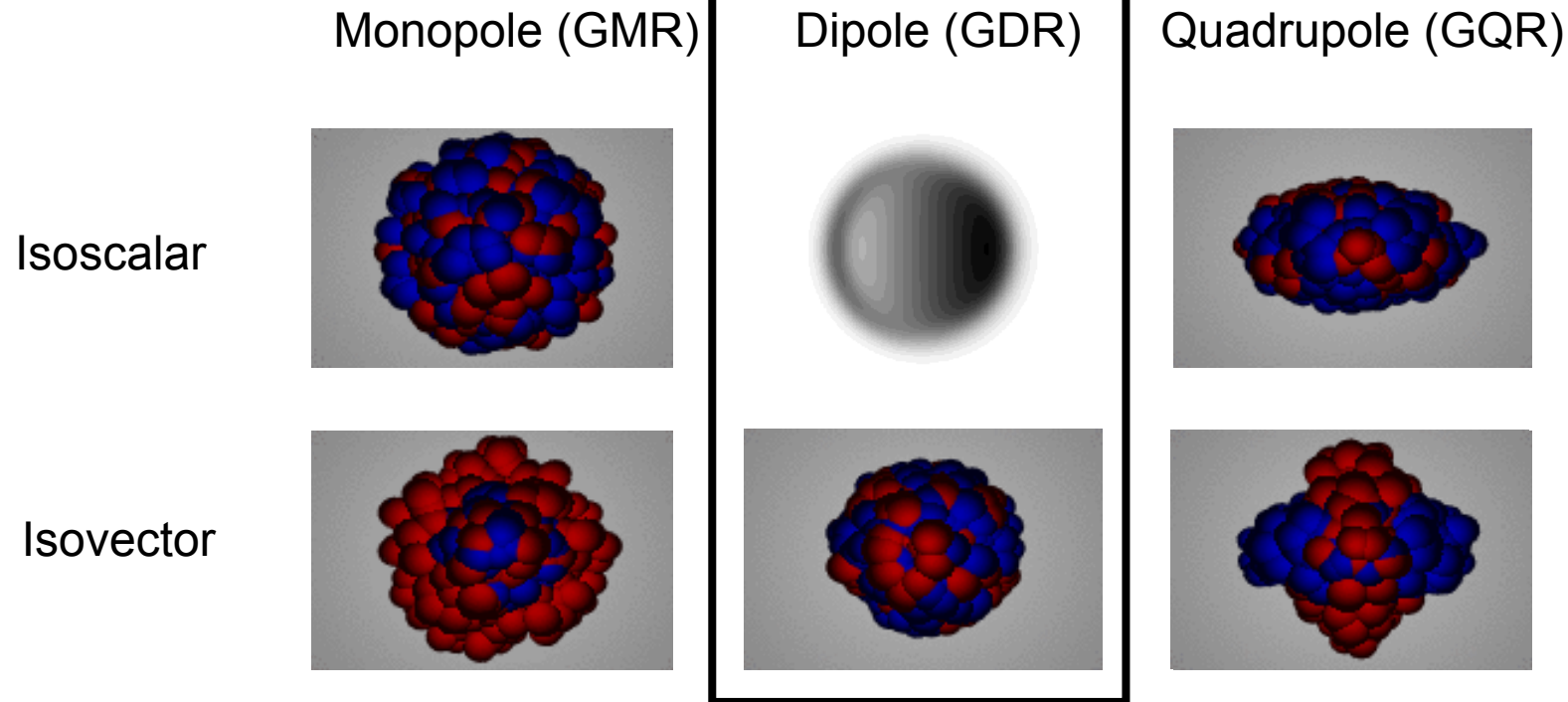


Development of a microscopic understanding of atomic nuclei

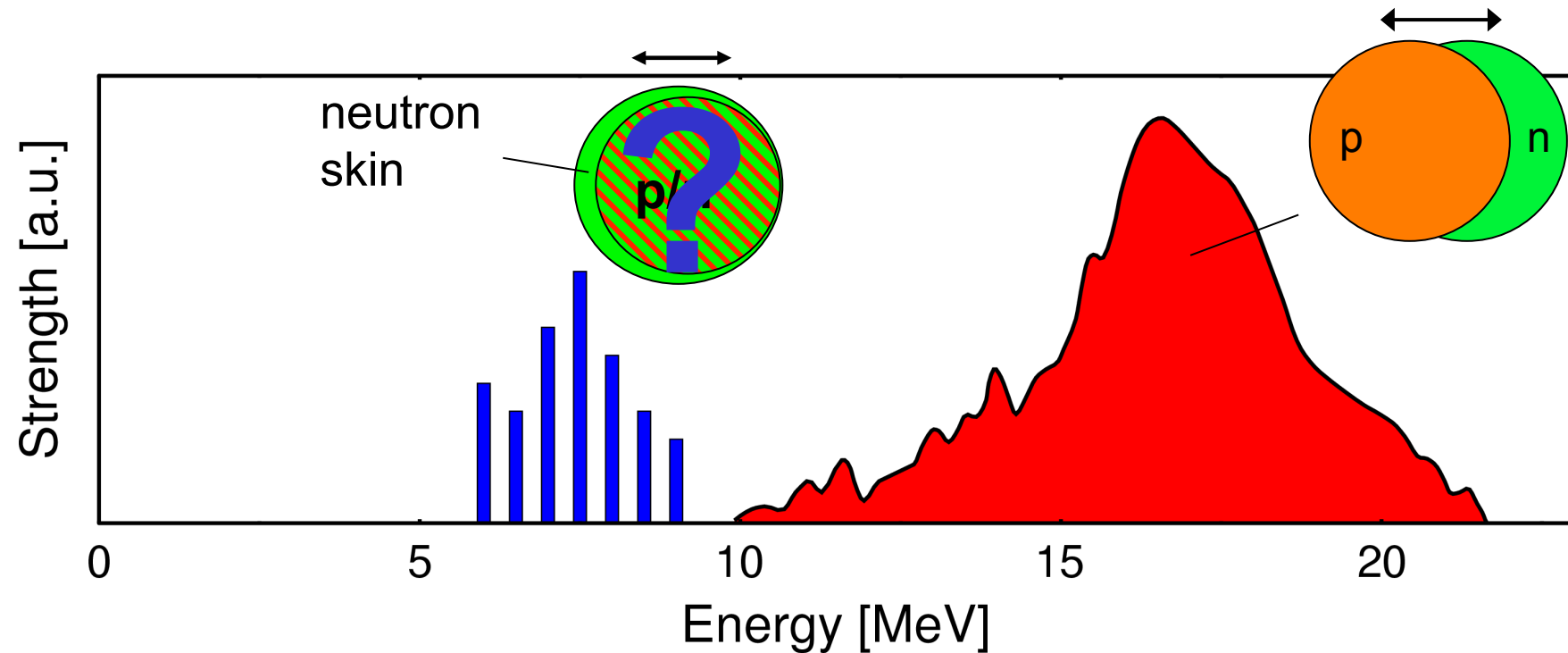


Investigation of excitation modes
→ Systematics
→ Complementary probes

Collective excitations – Giant resonances

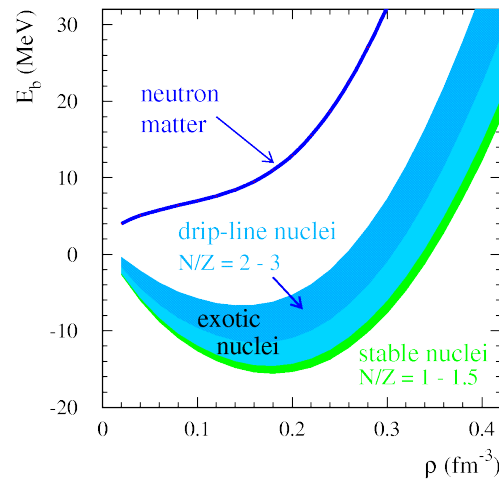


E1 strength in (spherical) atomic nuclei



- Giant Dipole Resonance (GDR)
- Pygmy Dipole Resonance (PDR)

Neutron matter and neutron skin

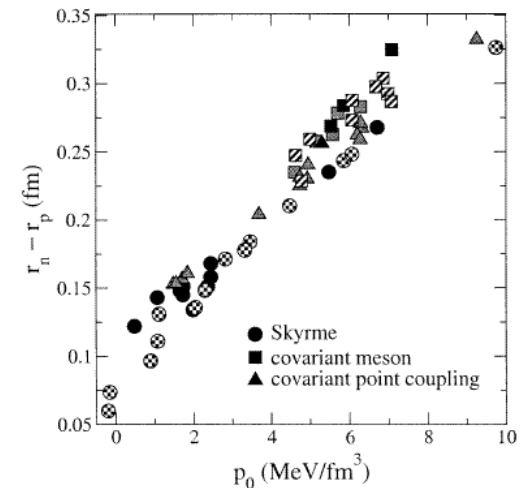
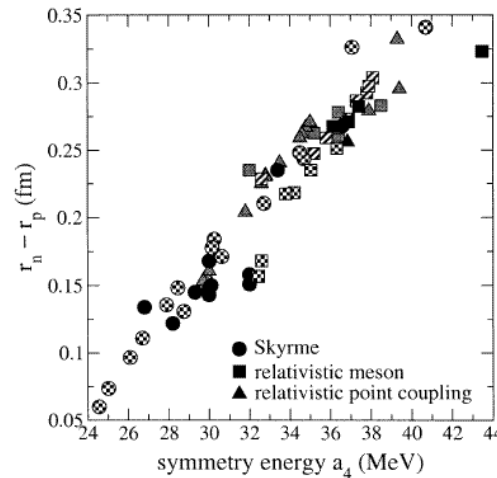


Determination of neutron skin thickness allows to access parameters

$$E(\rho, \alpha) = E(\rho, 0) + S_2(\rho)\alpha^2 + O(\alpha^4), \alpha = \frac{N - Z}{A}$$

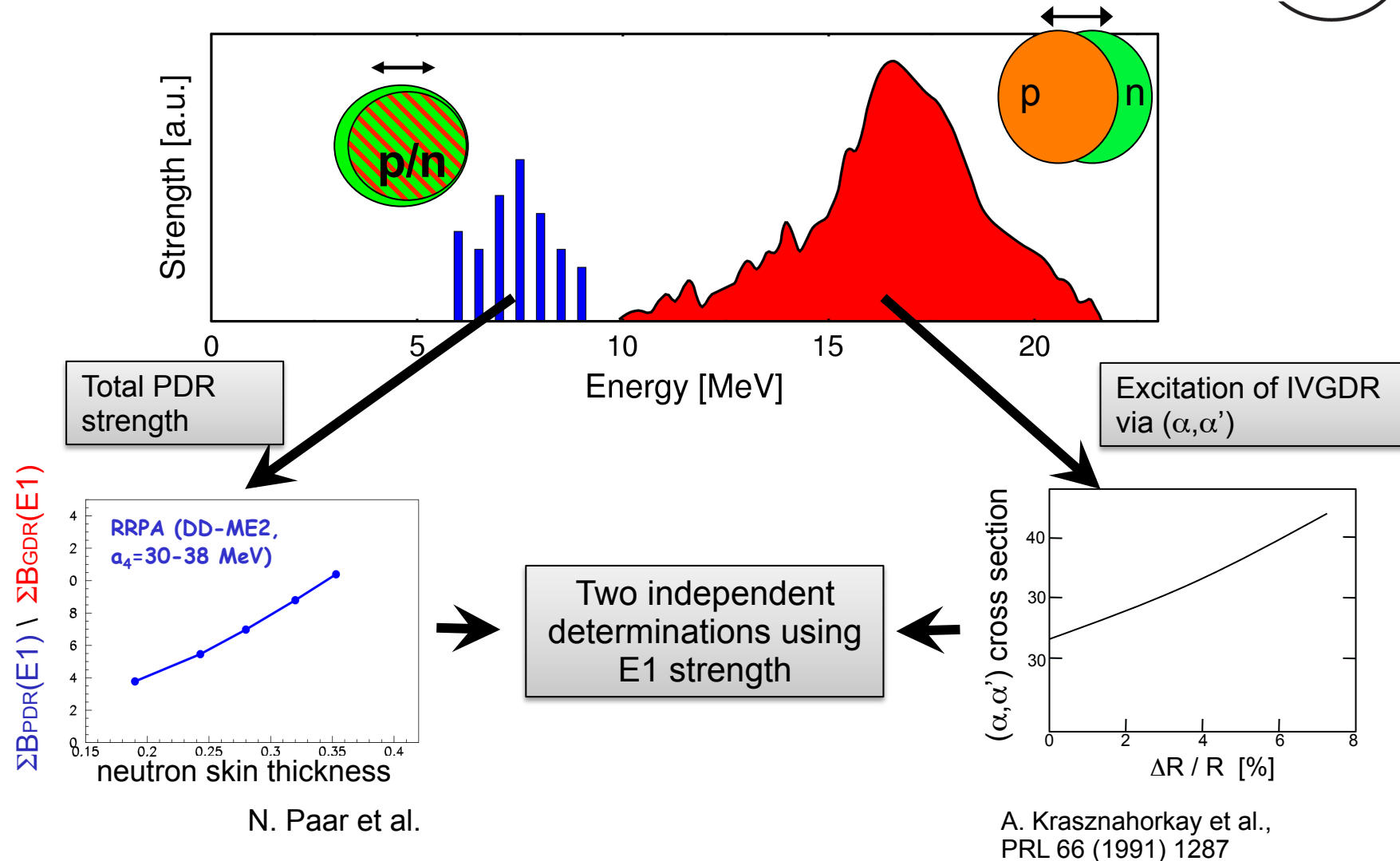
$$S_2(\rho) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 E(\rho, \alpha)}{\partial \alpha^2} \Big|_{\alpha=0} =$$

$$= a_4 + \frac{p_0}{\rho_0^2} (\rho - \rho_0) + \frac{\Delta K_0}{18\rho_0^2} (\rho - \rho_0)^2 + \dots$$



R.J.Furnstahl NPA 706 (2002) 85-110

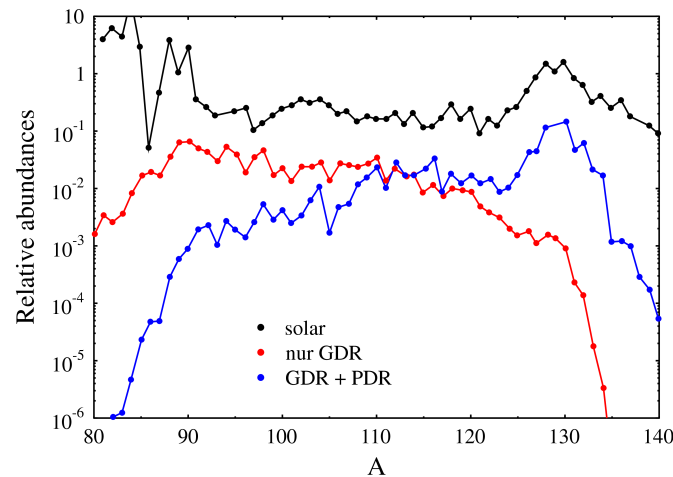
E1 strength and neutron skin thickness



PDR and nuclear astrophysics



Possible influence on (γ, n) and (n, γ) reaction rates in astrophysical scenarios

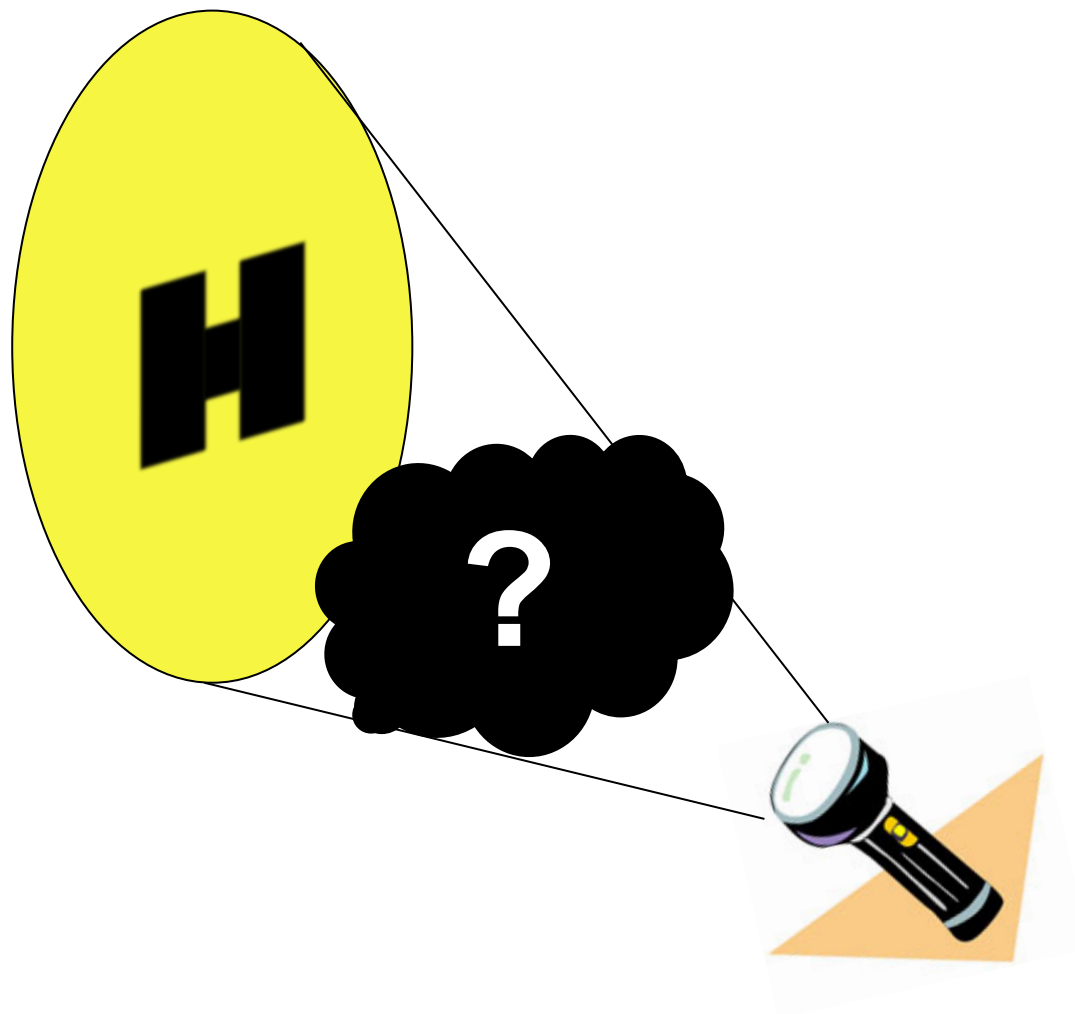


S. Goriely, Phys. Lett. B **436** (1998) 10

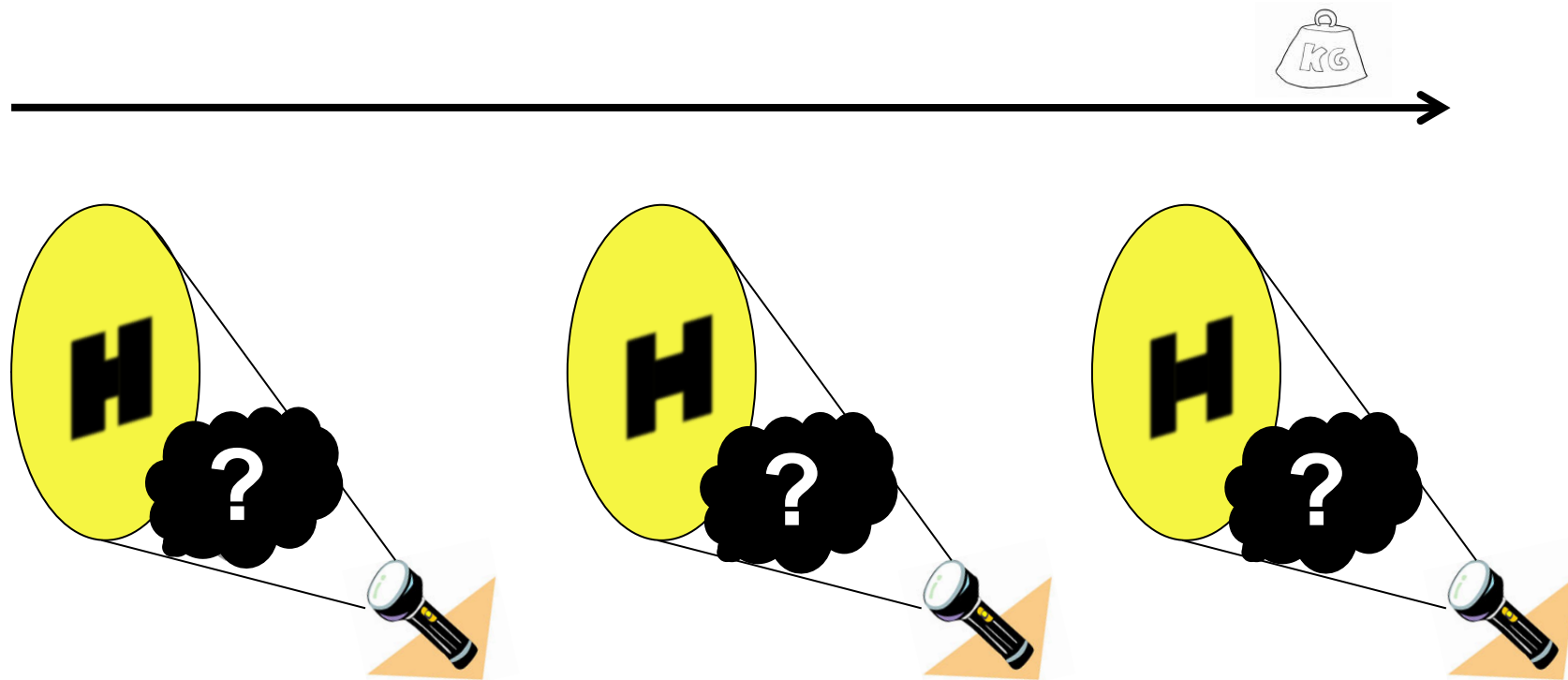
Reliable extrapolation needed !

- understanding of the nature of the PDR
- Systematic investigations
- Use of complementary probes

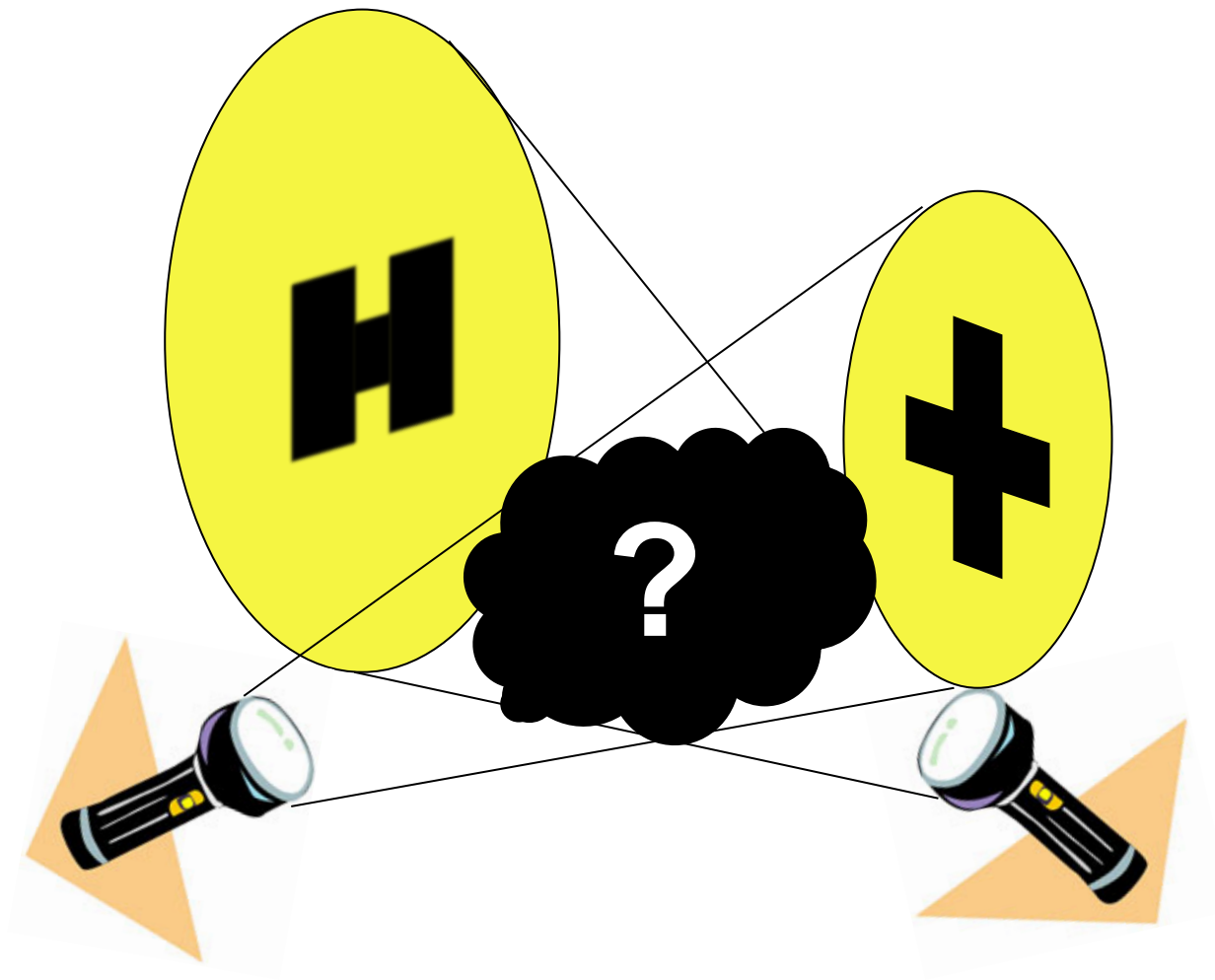
Experimental approaches



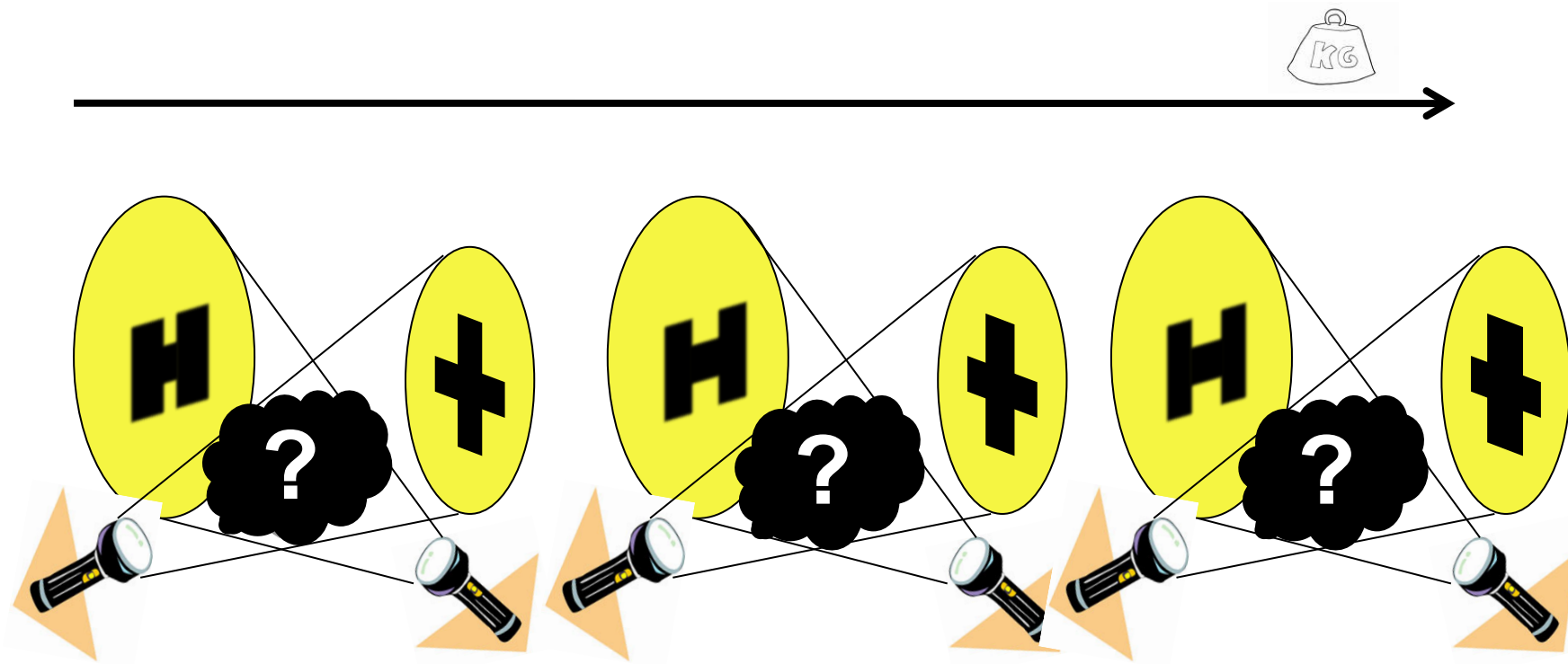
Experimental approaches - Systematics



Experimental approaches –complementary probes



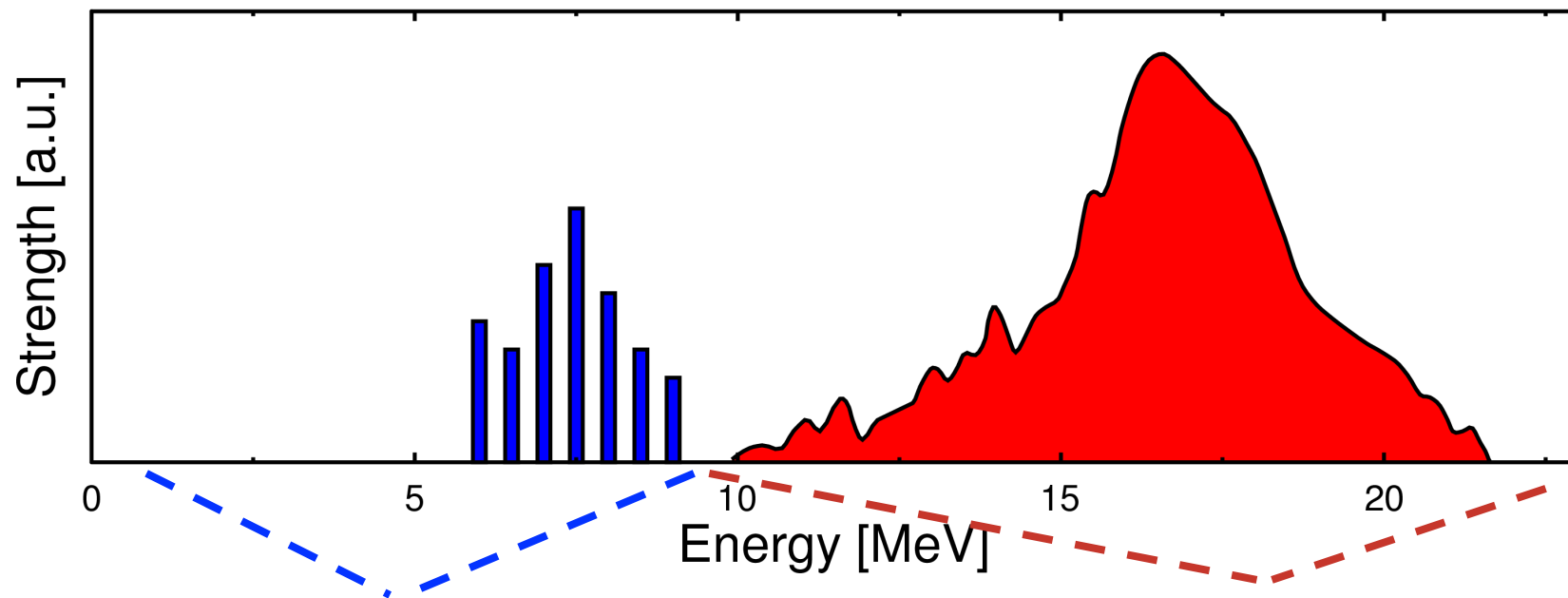
Experimental approaches –complementary probes



Experiments with real photons



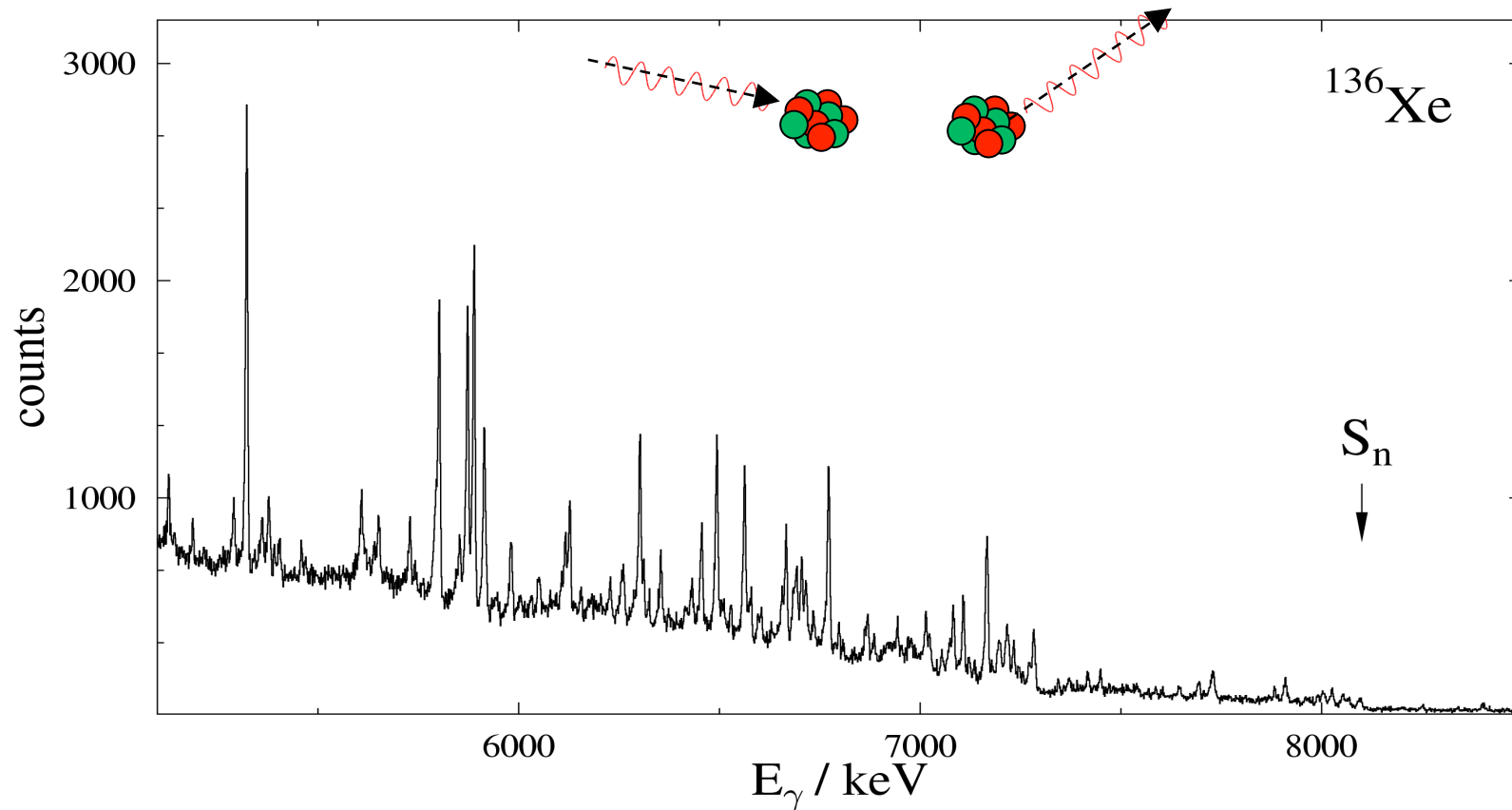
- High selectivity to dipole excitations
- Well-known excitation mechanism



Photon scattering (γ, γ')

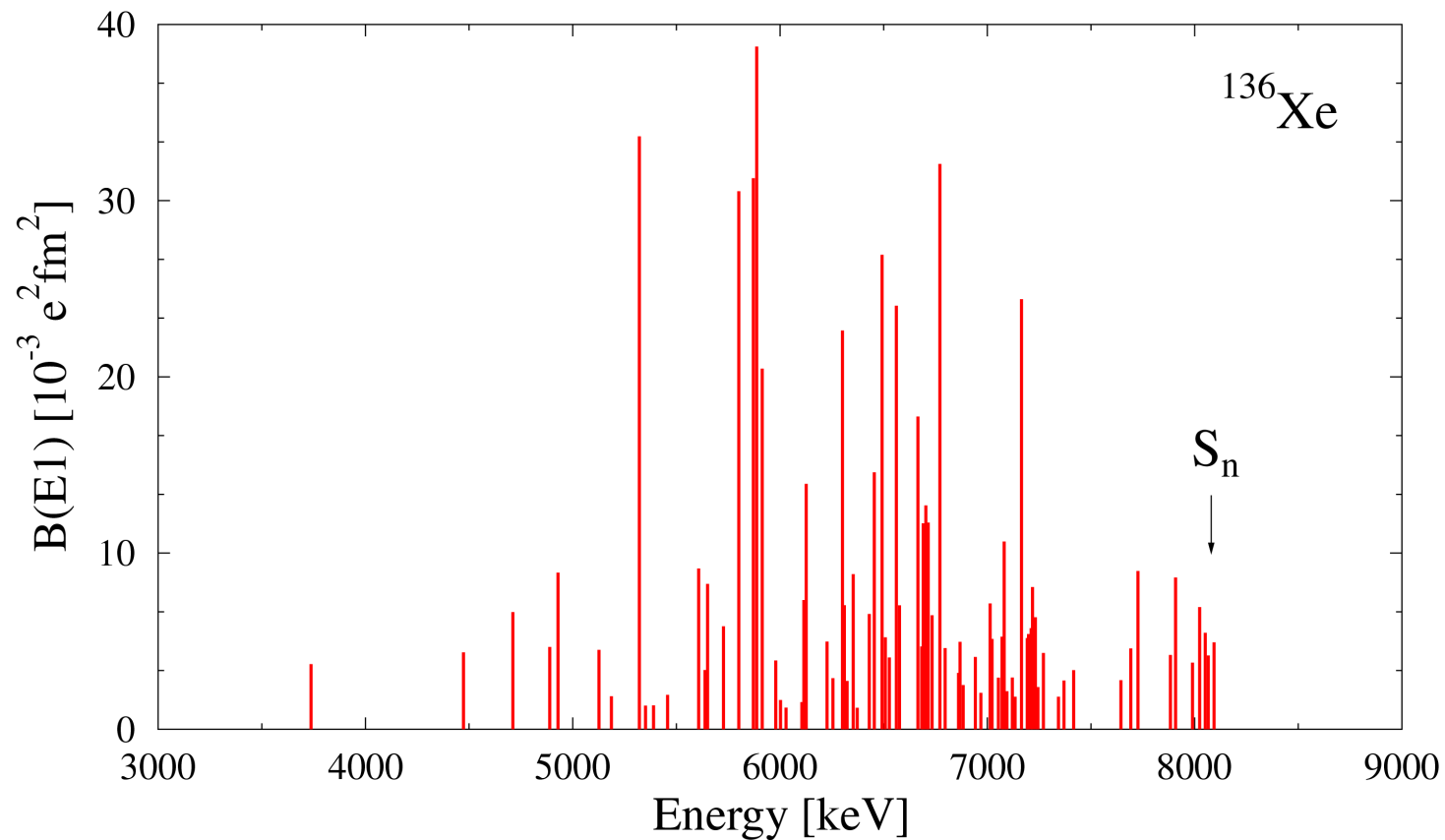
**Photodissociation
(γ, n), (γ, p), ...**

Example: $^{136}\text{Xe}(\gamma, \gamma')$



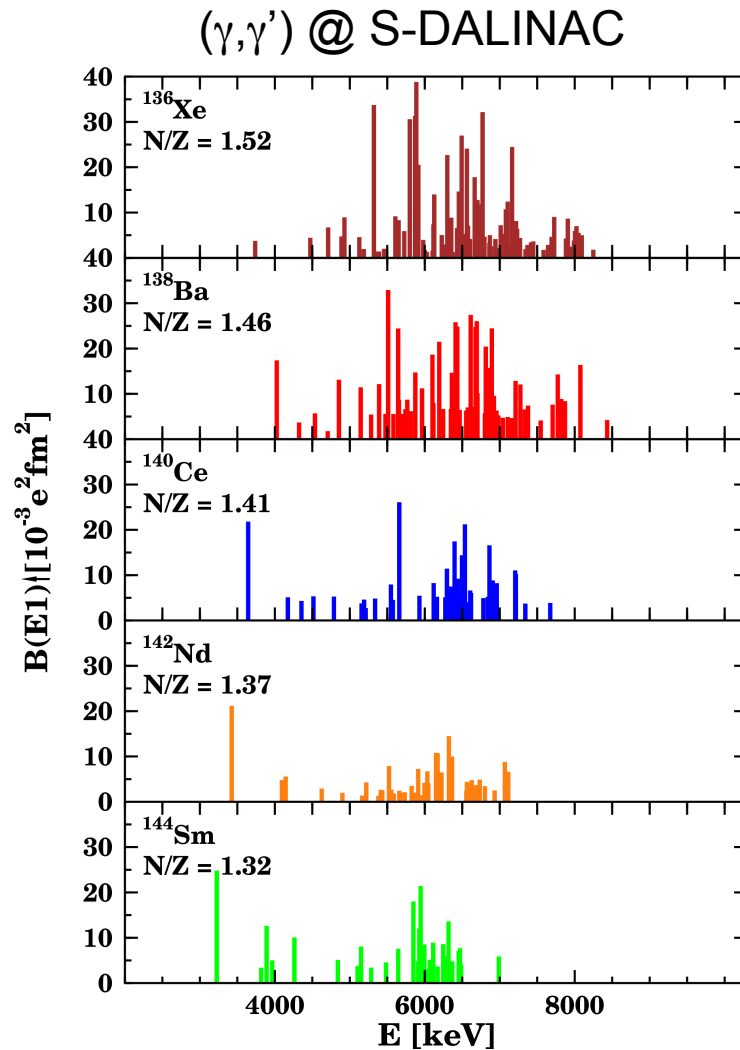
High energy resolution allows investigation of fine structure (fragmentation)

B(E1) strength distribution in ^{136}Xe



High energy resolution allows investigation of fine structure (fragmentation)

Systematics in stable N=82 isotones

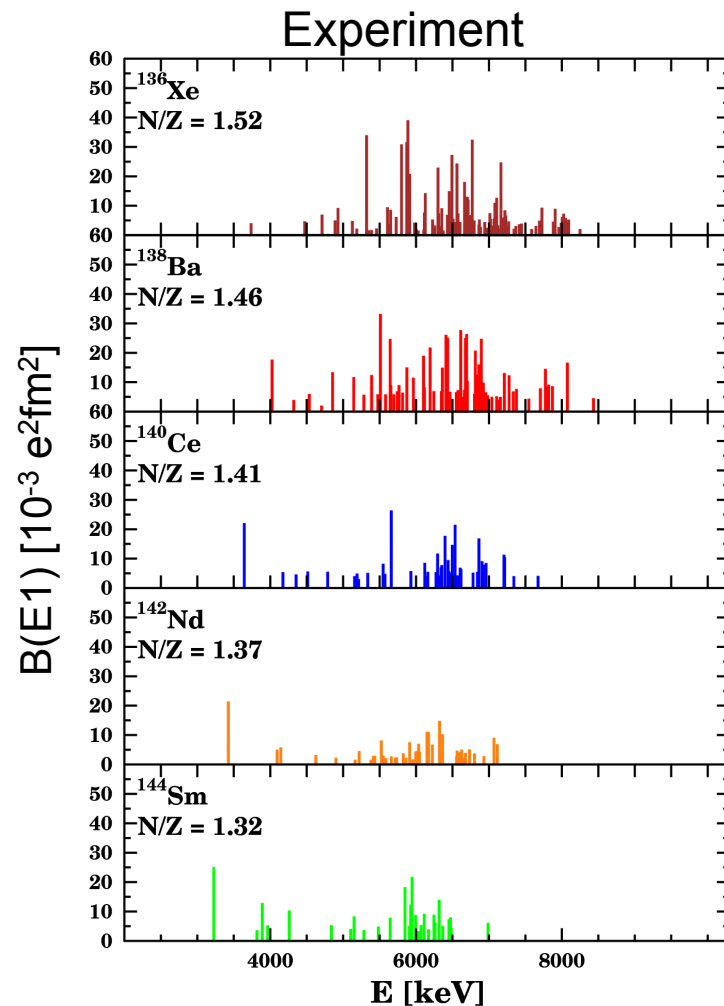


Compare to theory in

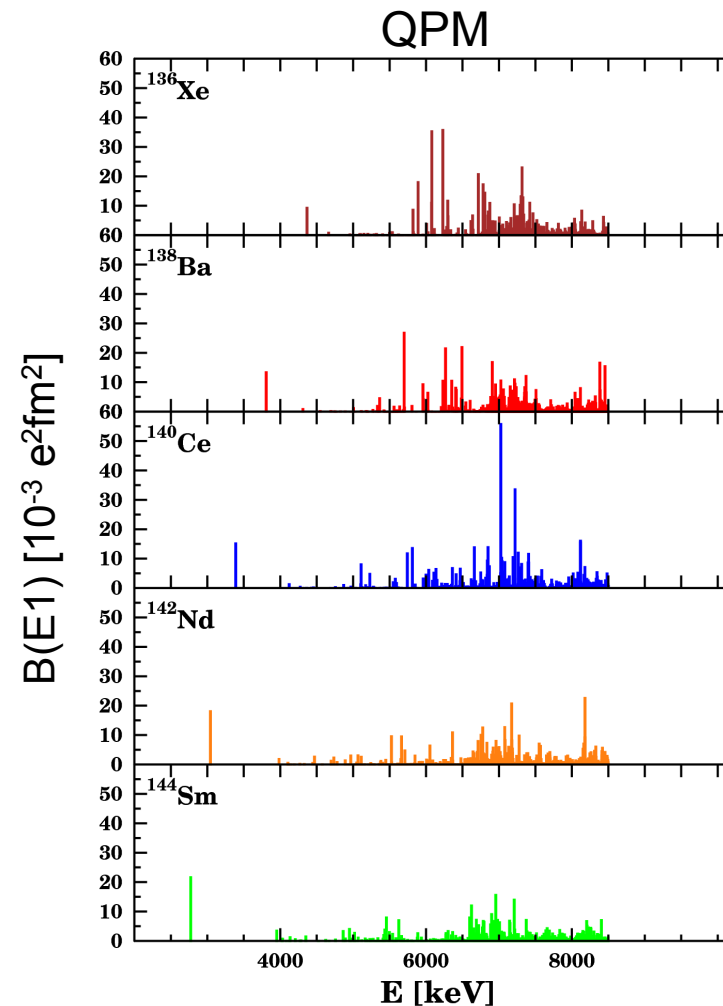
- fragmentation
- Integrated strength

A. Zilges et al., Phys. Lett. B **542** (2002) 43
S. Volz et al., Nucl. Phys. **A779** (2006) 1
D. Savran et al., PRL **100** (2008) 232501

E1 strength in stable N=82 isotones

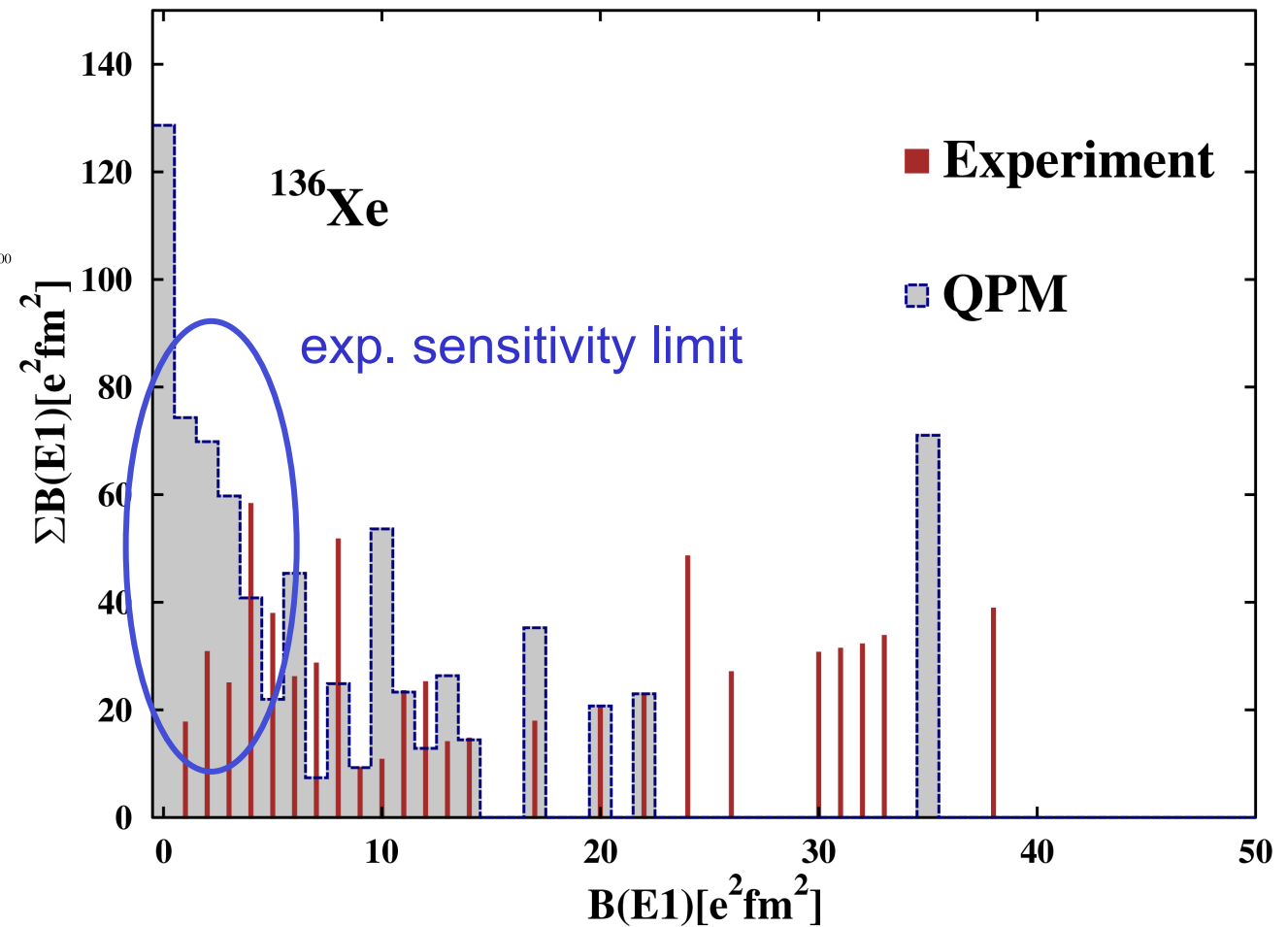
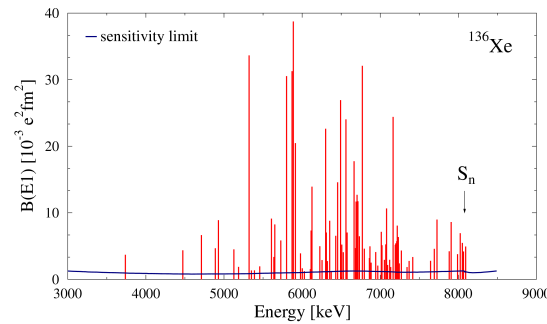


S. Volz et al., Nucl. Phys. **A779** (2006) 1



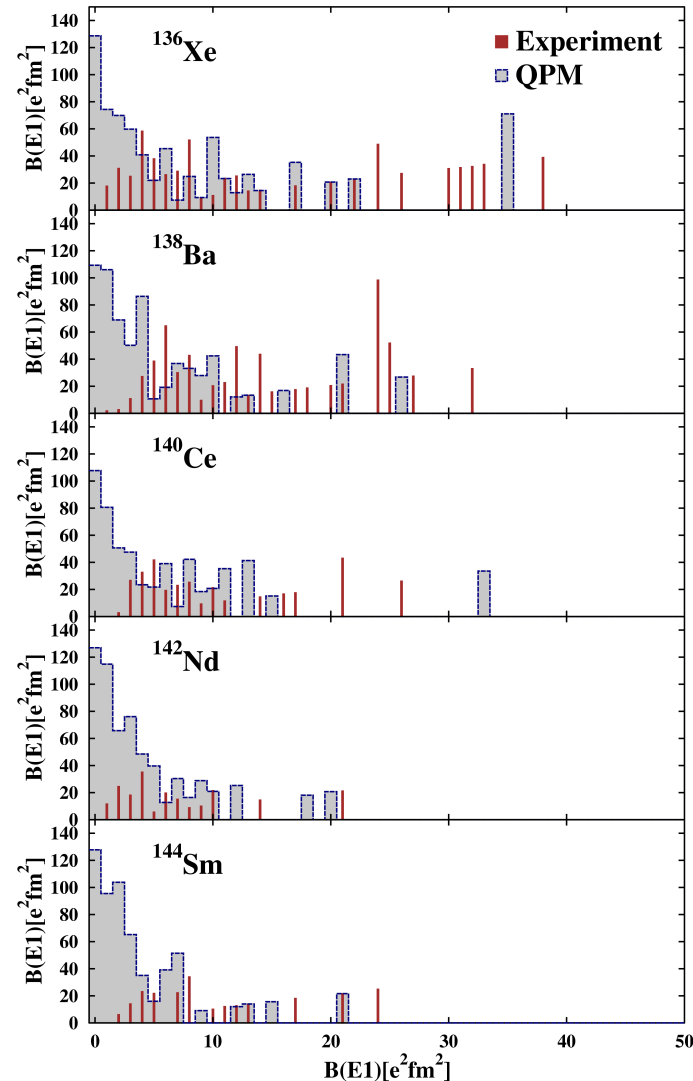
V. Yu. Ponomarev

Fragmentation: Experiment vs. QPM



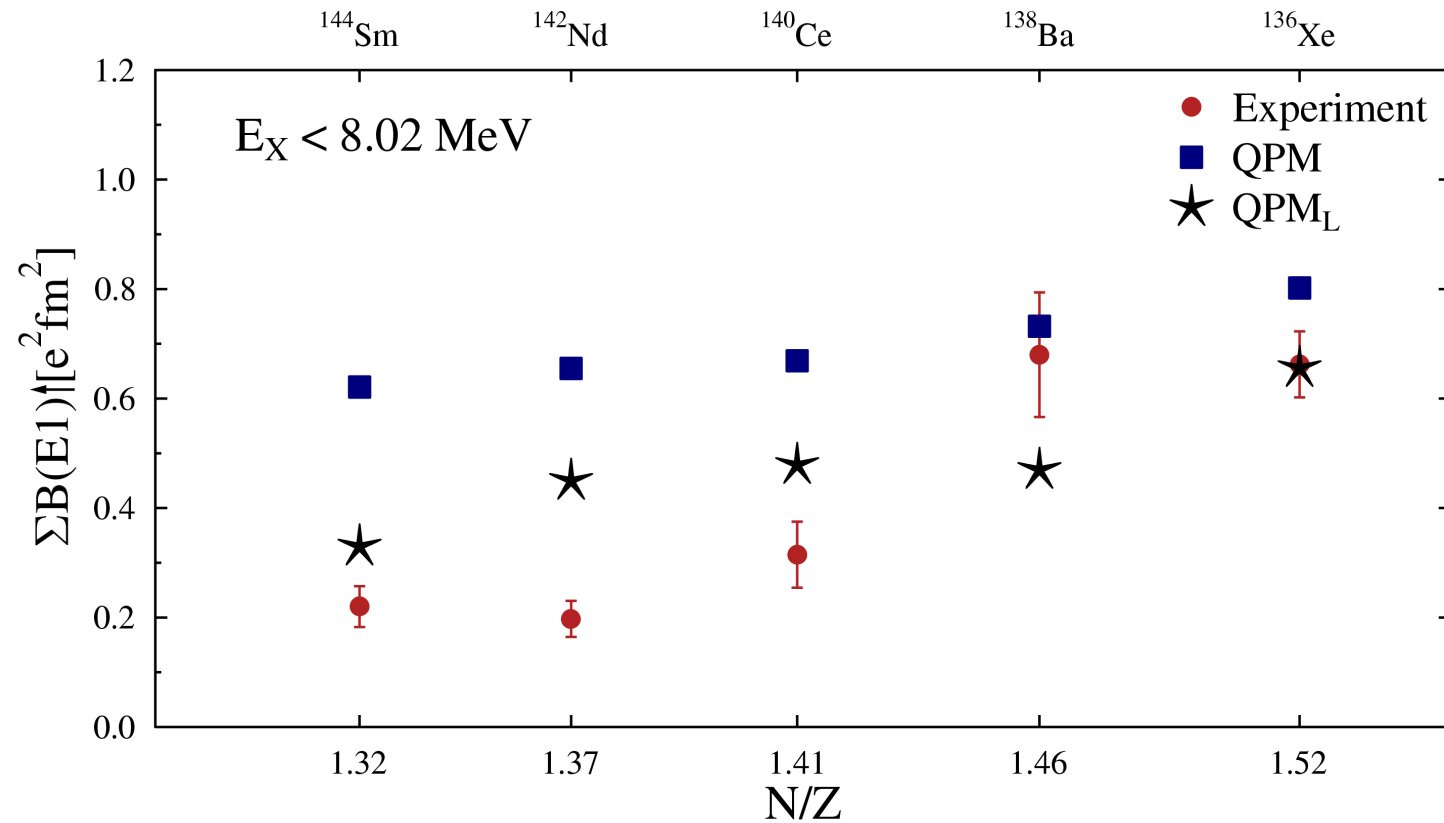
D. Savran et al., PRL **100** (2008) 232501

Fragmentation



- Good agreement of experiment and theory in isotonic chain
- Confidence in correct description of damping within the model

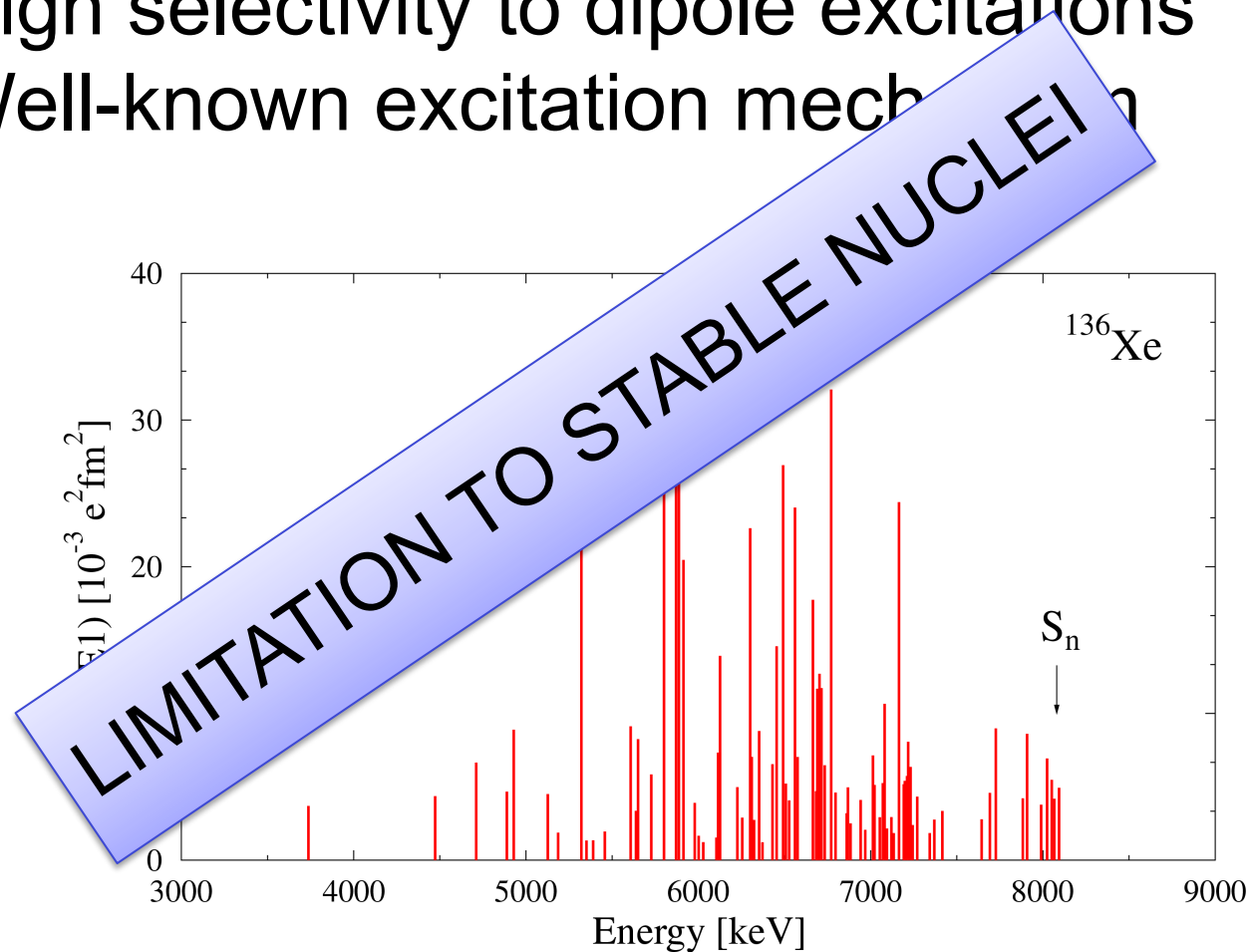
Integrated B(E1) strength



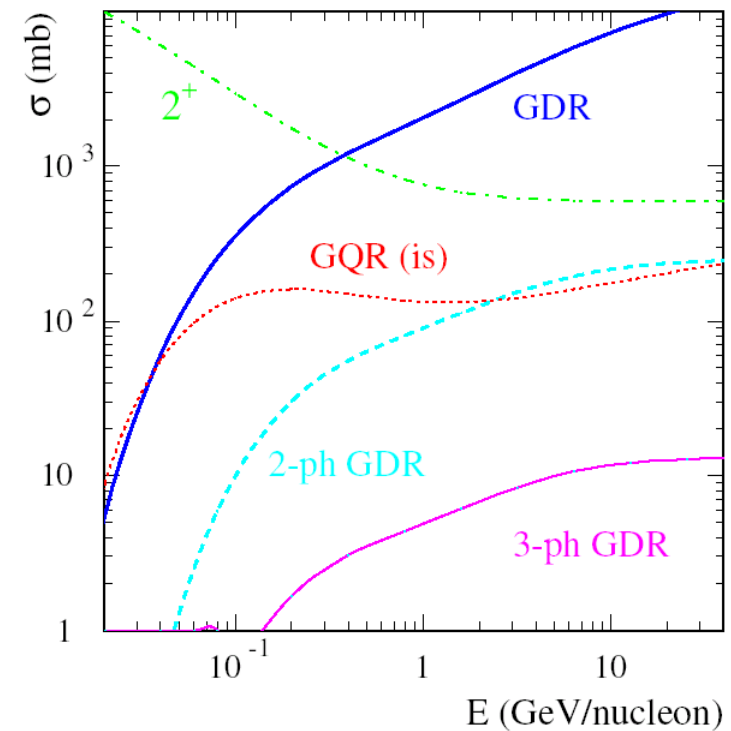
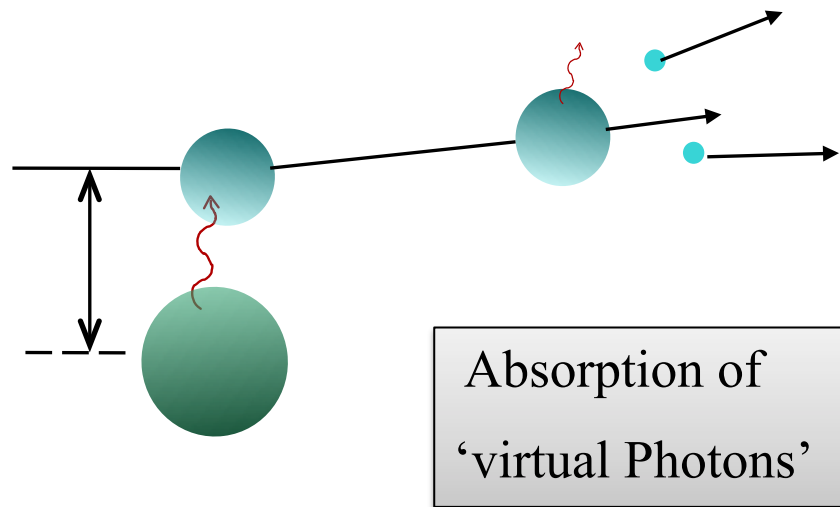
Experiments with ~~real~~ photons



- High selectivity to dipole excitations
- Well-known excitation mechanism

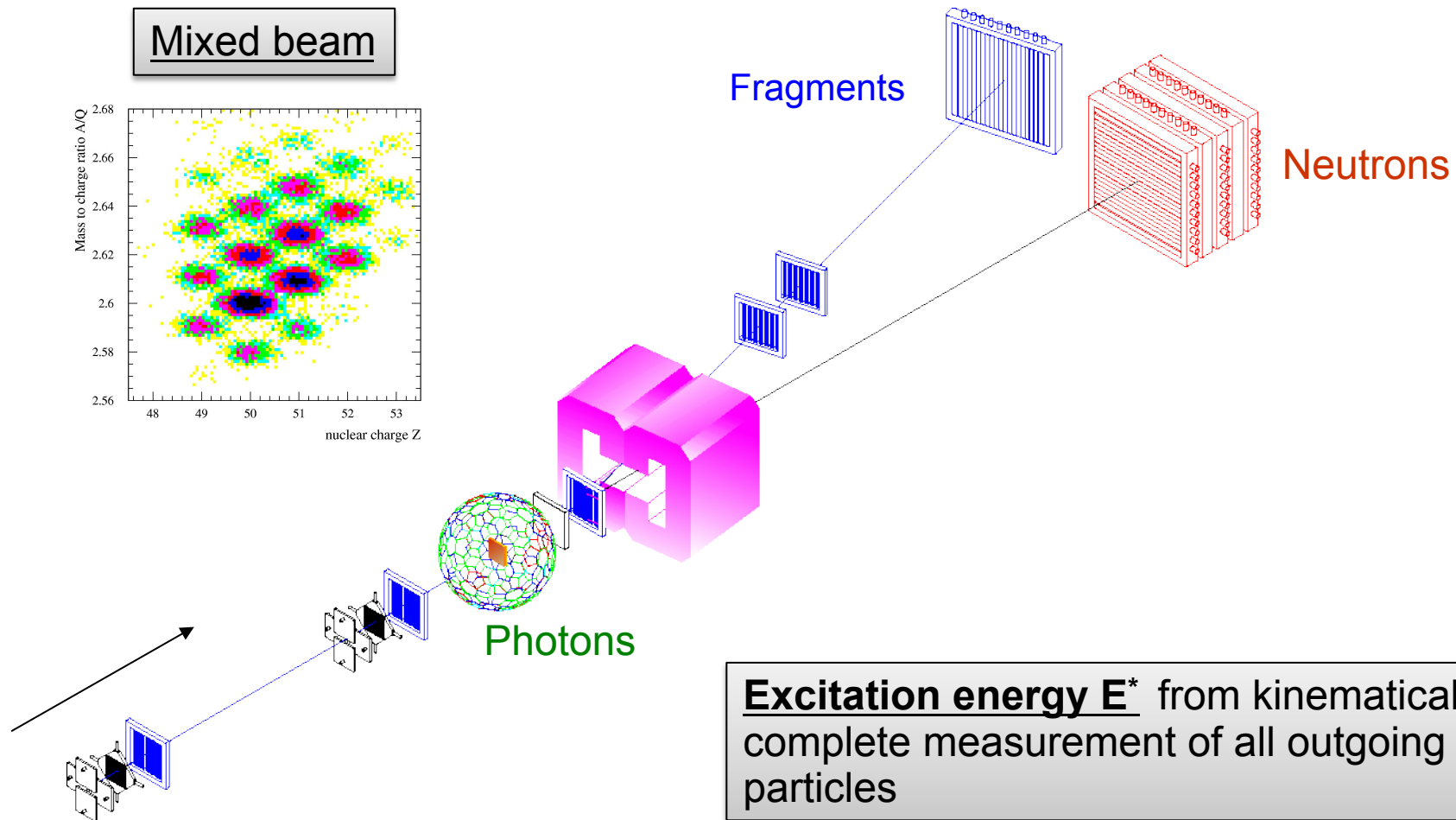


Coulomb excitation in inverse kinematics



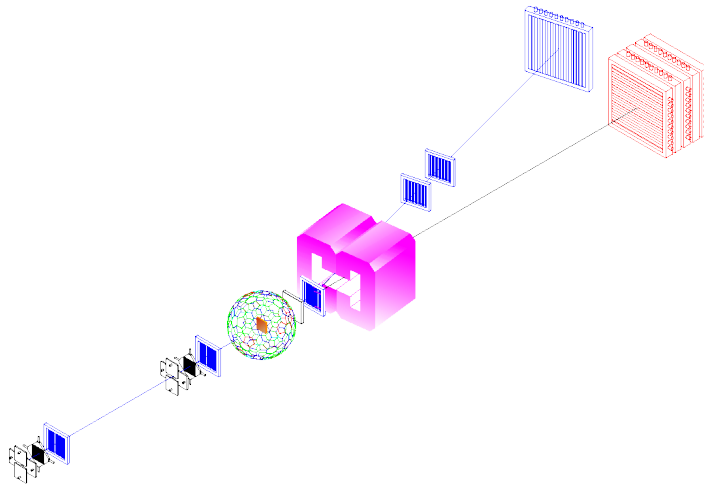
Excitation energy E^* from kinematically complete measurement of all outgoing particles

LAND reaction setup @GSI

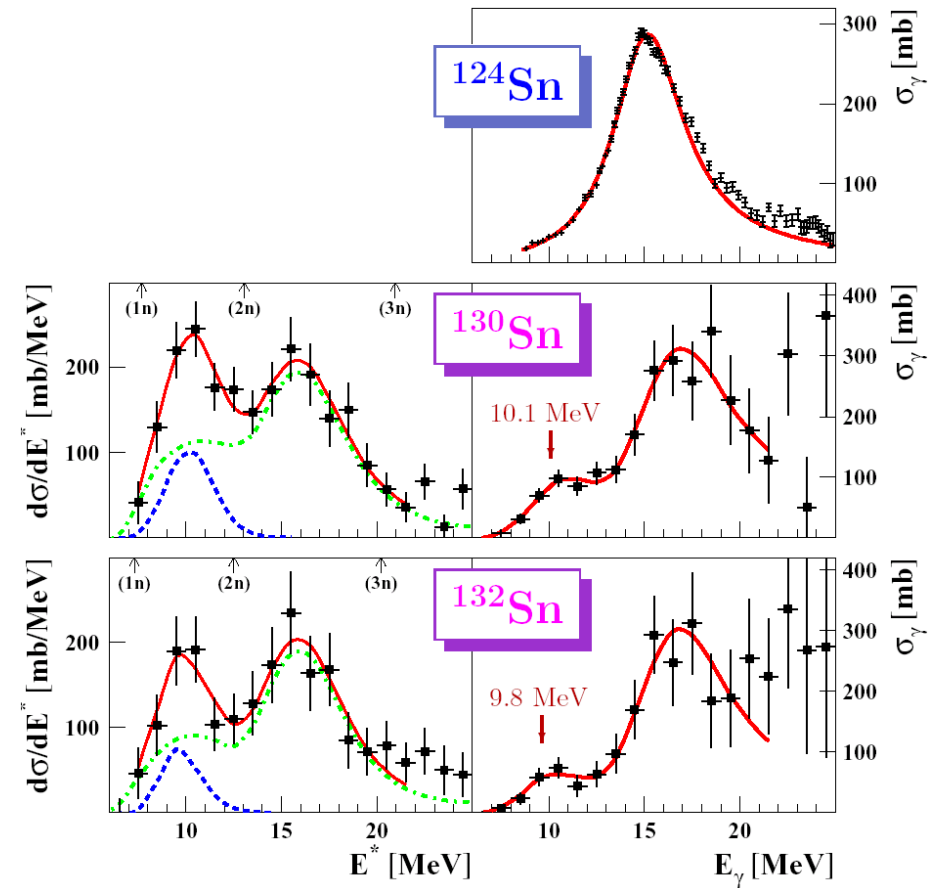


T. Aumann, Eur. Phys. Journal A **26** (2005) 441

PDR in ^{130}Sn and ^{132}Sn

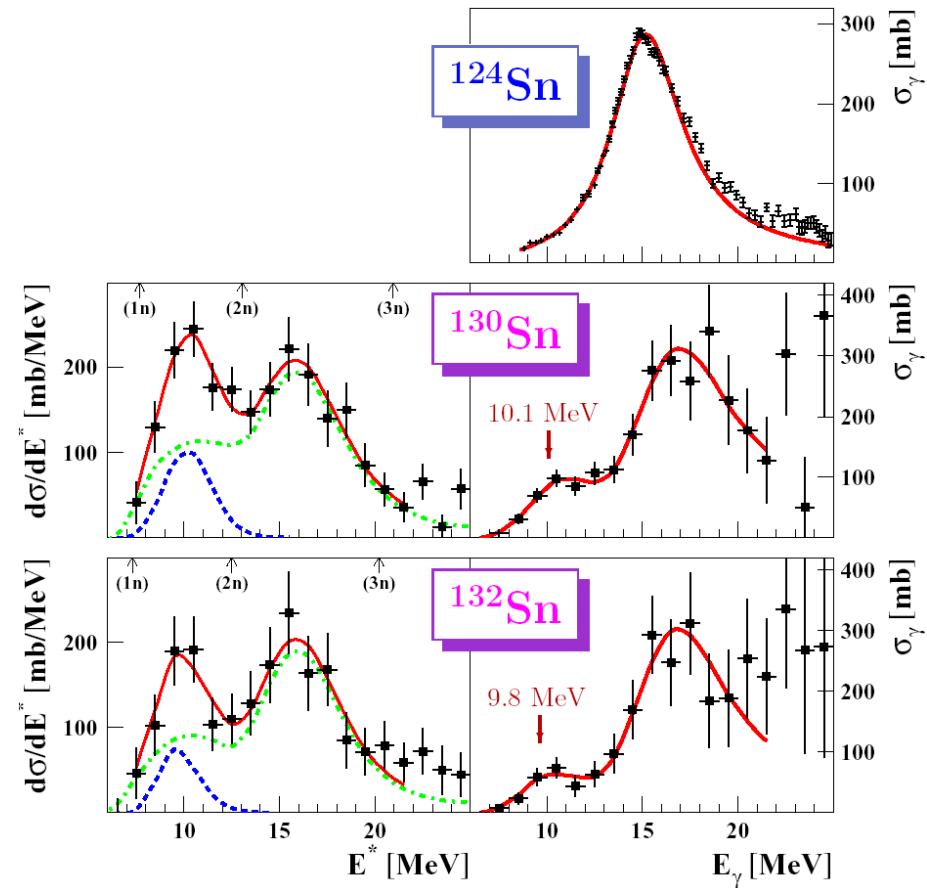
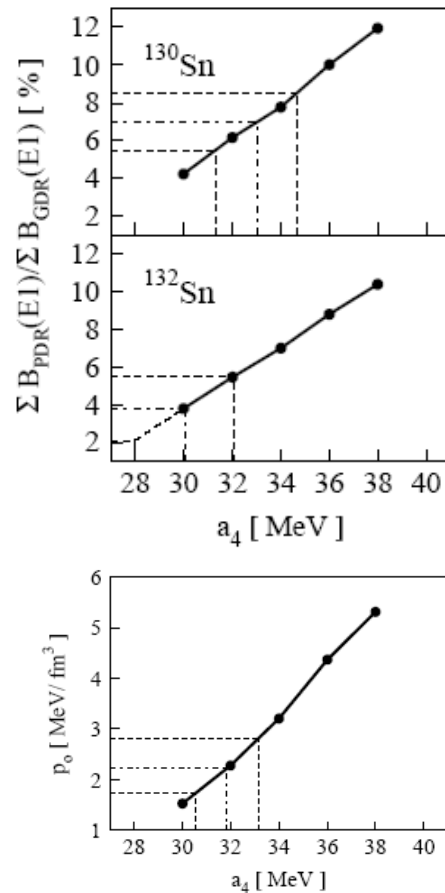


Observation of low-lying E1 strength in (unstable) neutron rich Sn nuclei



P. Adrich et al., PRL 95 (2005) 132501

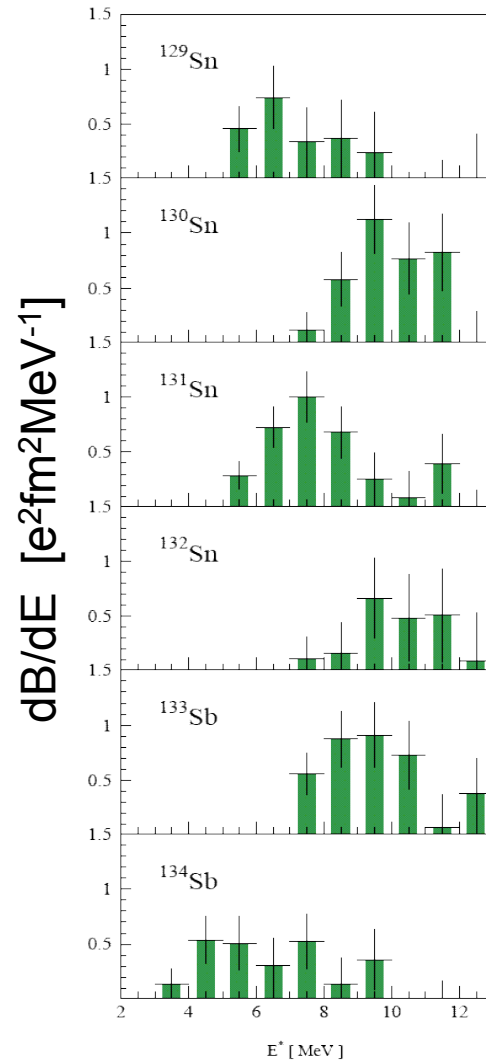
PDR in ^{130}Sn and ^{132}Sn



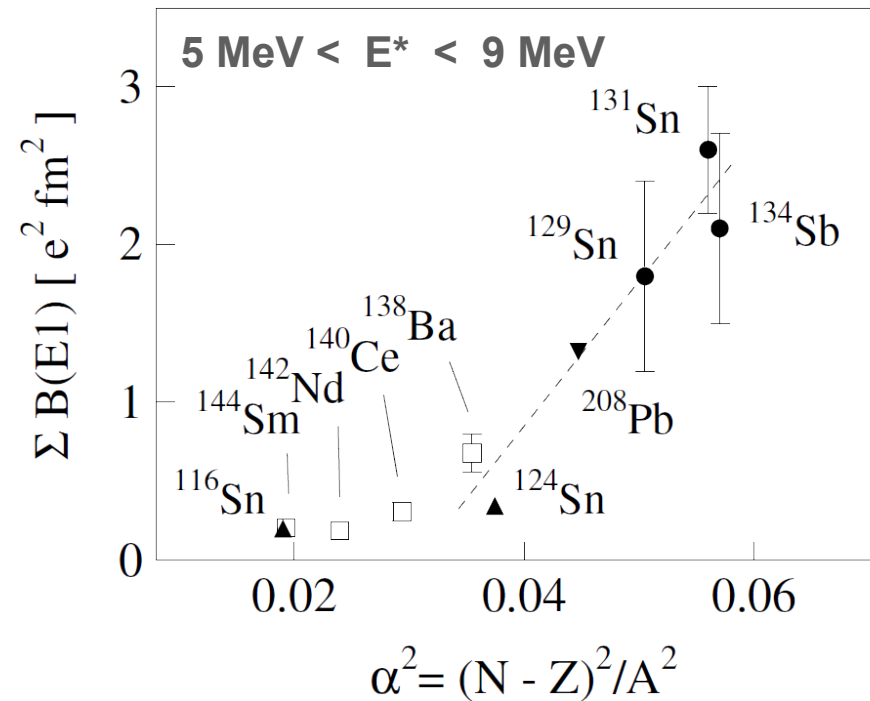
A. Klimkiewicz, N. Paar et al.,
PRC 76 (2007) 051603(R)

P. Adrich et al., PRL 95 (2005) 132501

Systematics of the PDR



A. Klimkiewicz et al., PRC 76 (2007) 051603(R)

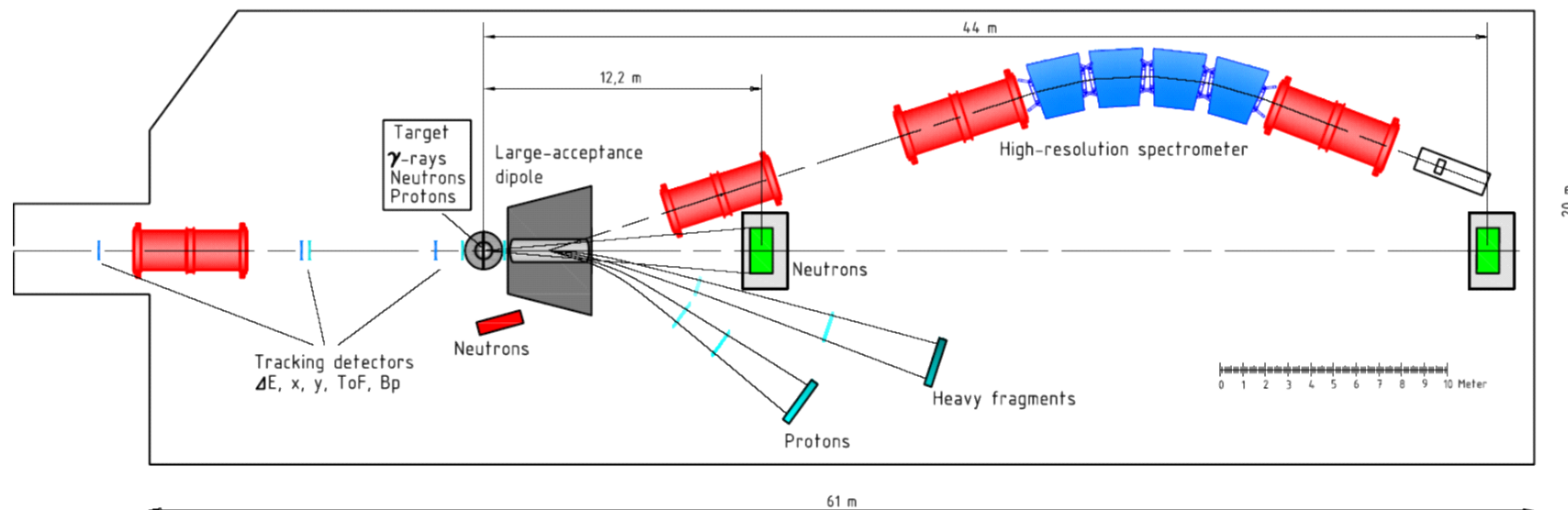


Different experimental limitations
⇒ consistent sets of data important

R³B setup at FAIR

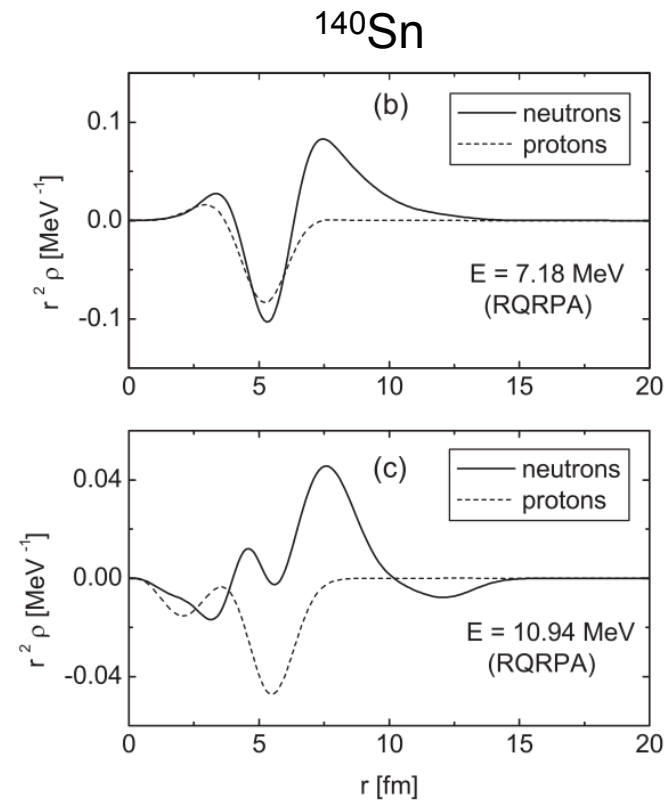
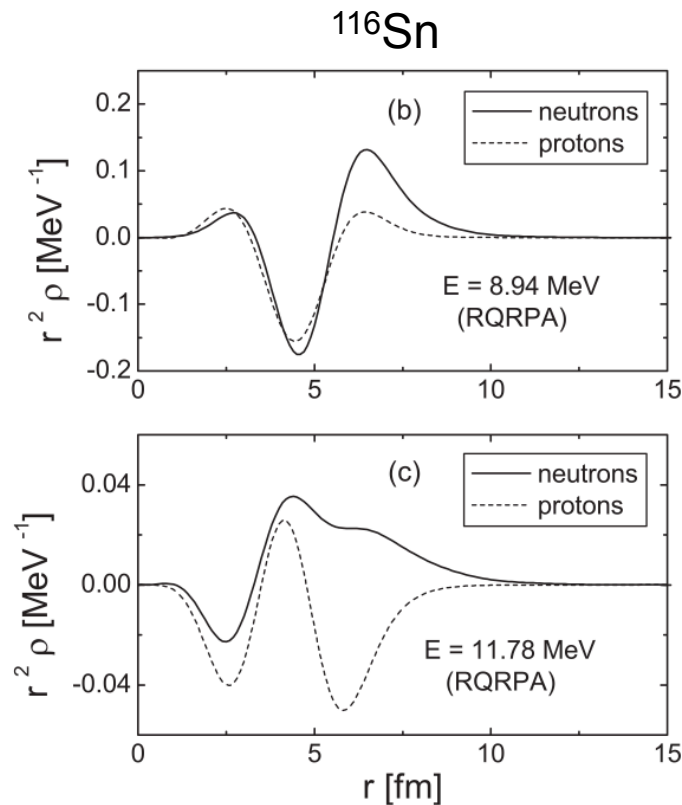


(**R**eactions with **R**elativistic **R**adioactive **B**eams)



- Kinematically complete measurements of reactions with high-energetic secondary beams
- Detection of all decay channels

Structure of low-lying E1 strength



E. Litvinova et al., Phys. Rev. C **79** (2009) 054312

Use of complementary probe sensitive to different combination of transition densities to investigate (sub)structures

Structure of low-lying E1 strength



Use of complementary probe sensitive to different combination of transition densities to investigate (sub)structures

Photon scattering:

- dominant **isovector** excitation (for E1)
- interaction with **whole nucleus** ($kR \ll 1$)

α scattering:

(hadronic interaction)

- dominant **isoscalar** excitation
- interaction **surface peaked**

⇒ Investigation of E1 strength in α scattering experiments

PDR in $(\alpha, \alpha'\gamma)$ coincidence experiments



Coincident γ -decay detection:

- Selection of decays to the ground state

⇒ Selectivity to E1

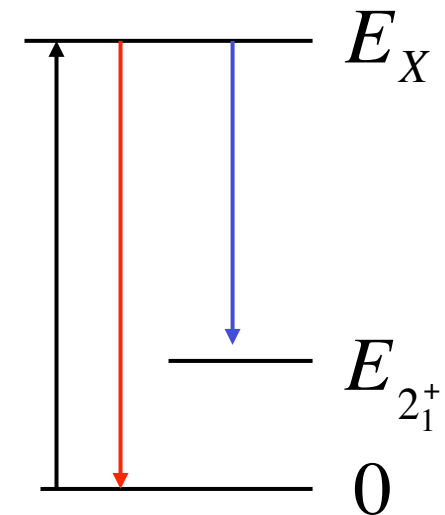
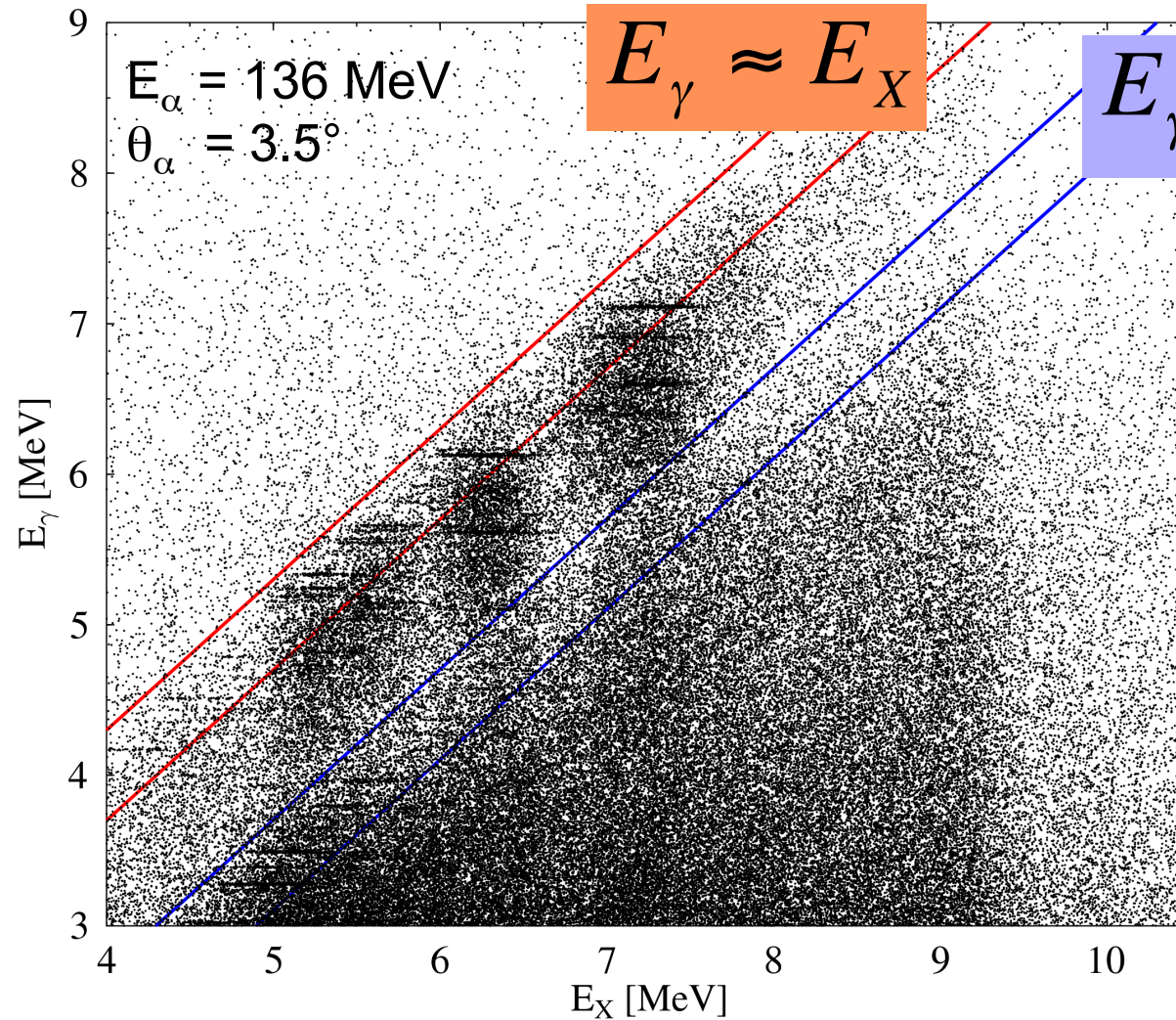
T.D. Poelheken et al., Phys. Lett. B **278** (1992) 423

- HPGe detectors

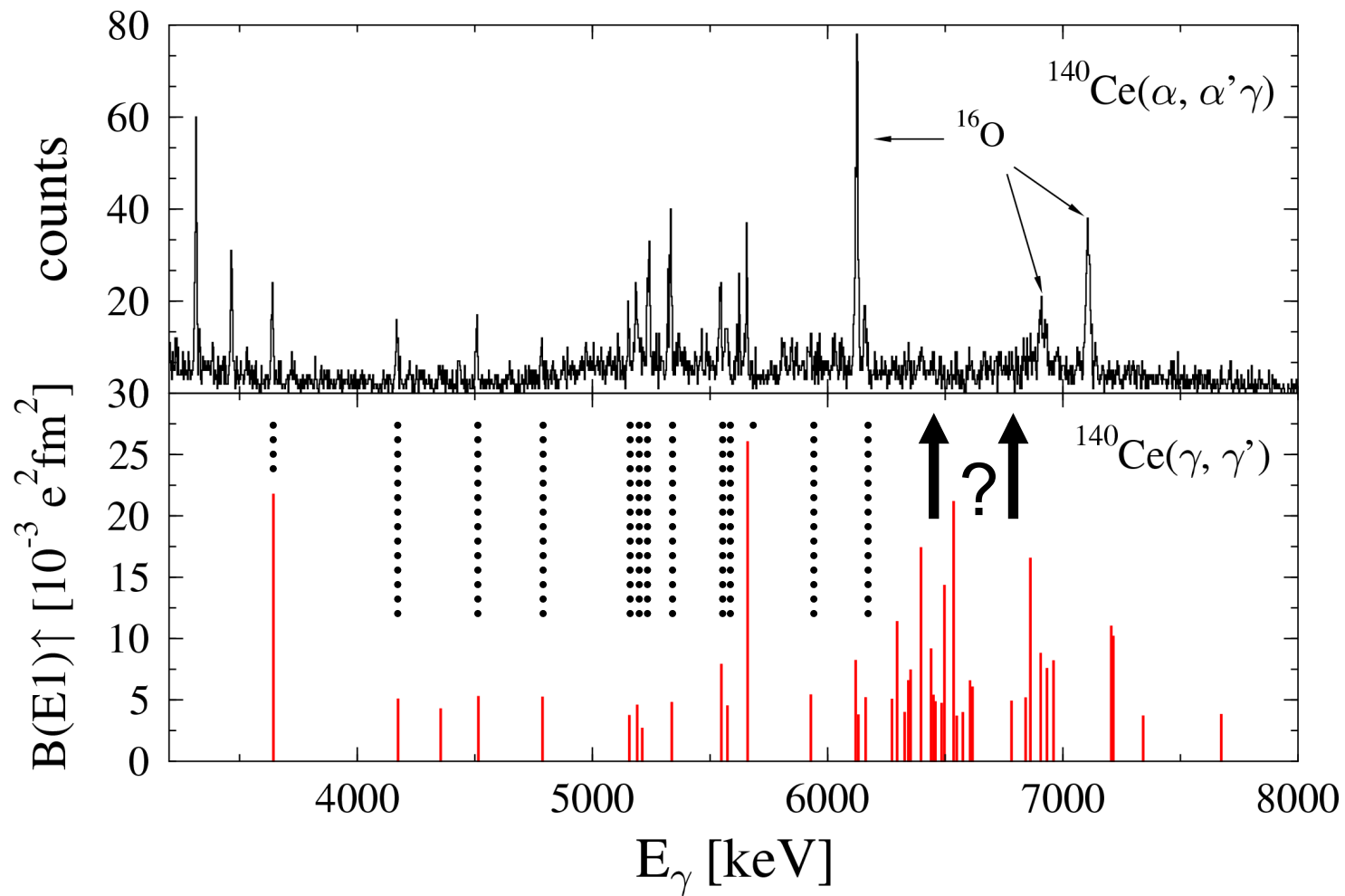
⇒ Very high energy resolution

D. Savran et al., Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A **564** (2006) 267

$^{140}\text{Ce}(\alpha, \alpha'\gamma)$ - coincidence matrix

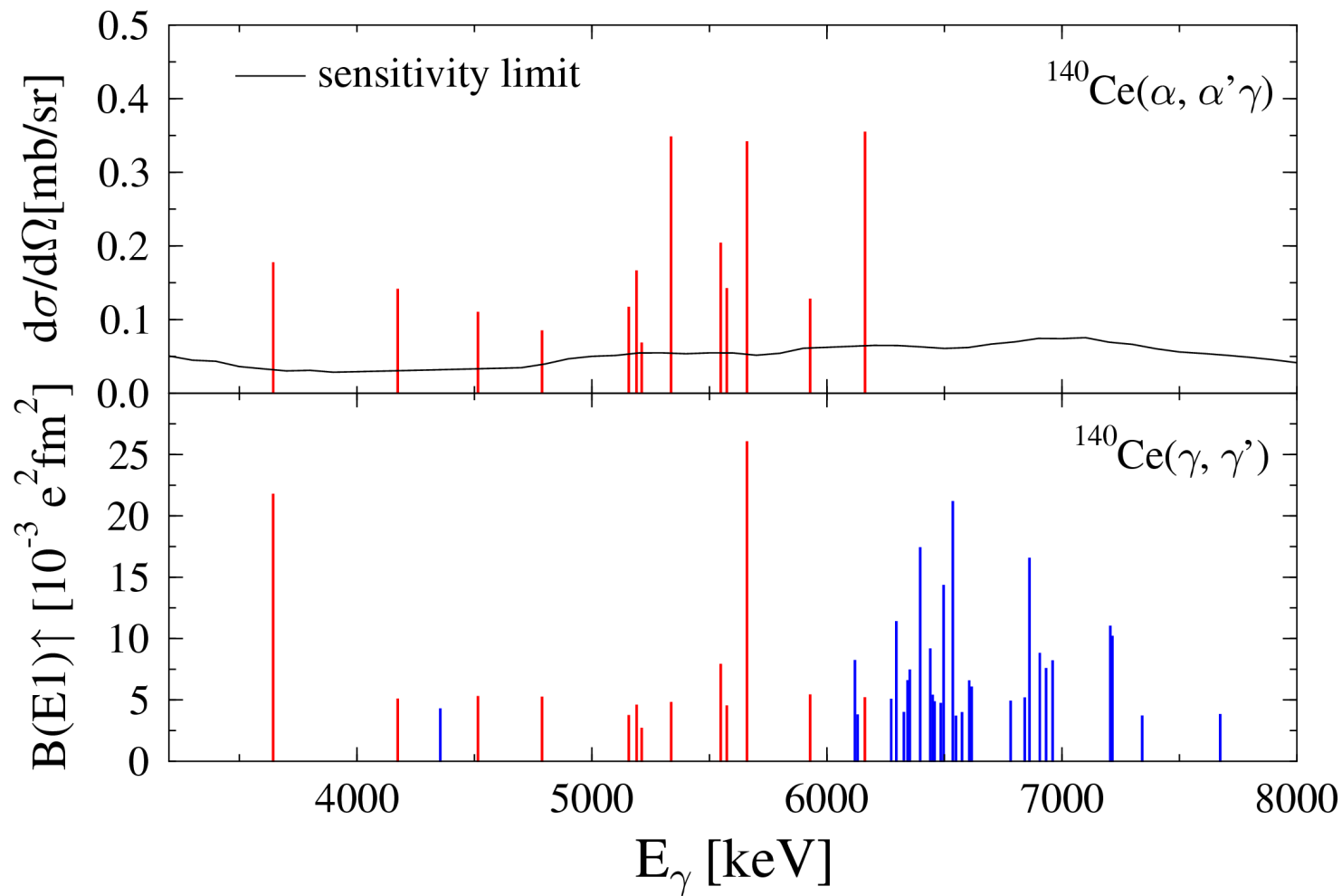


$^{140}\text{Ce}(\alpha, \alpha'\gamma)$ vs. $^{140}\text{Ce}(\gamma, \gamma')$



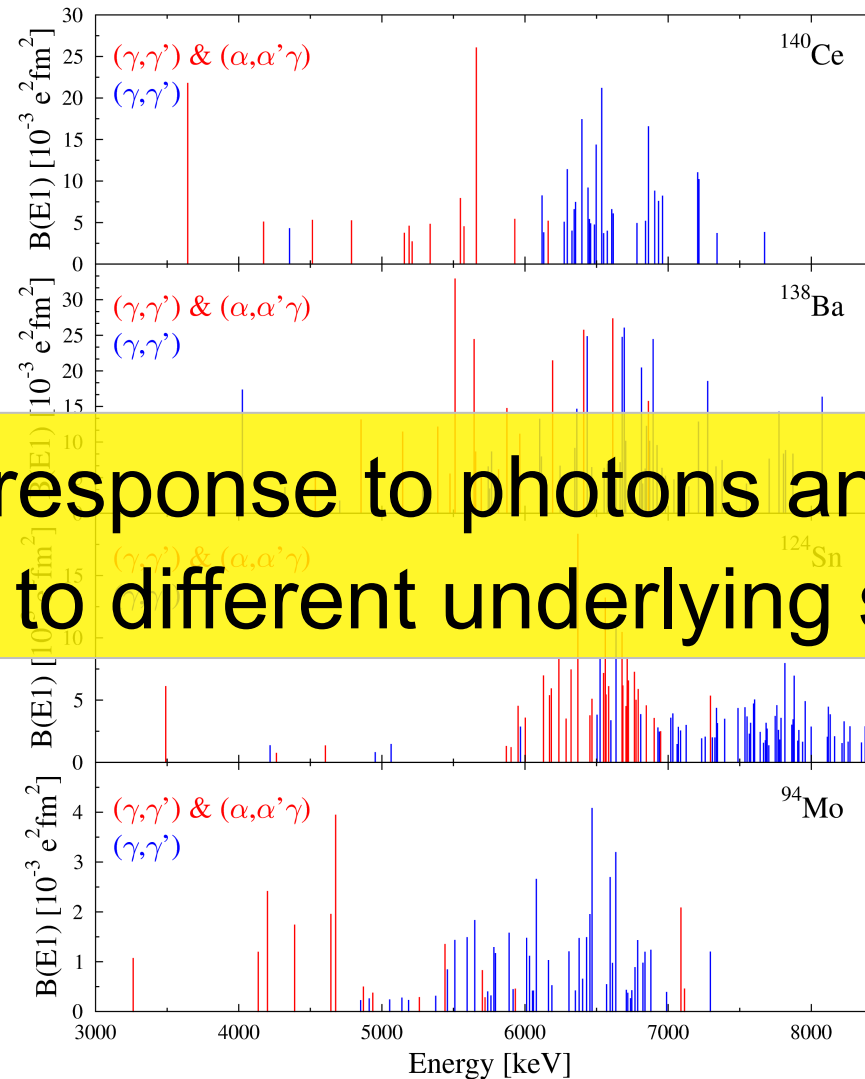
D.Savran et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **97** (2006) 172502

$^{140}\text{Ce}(\alpha, \alpha'\gamma)$ vs. $^{140}\text{Ce}(\gamma, \gamma')$



D.Savran et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **97** (2006) 172502

Splitting of the PDR



Different response to photons and α -particles
points to different underlying structures

Splitting of the PDR – Theory vs. Exp.

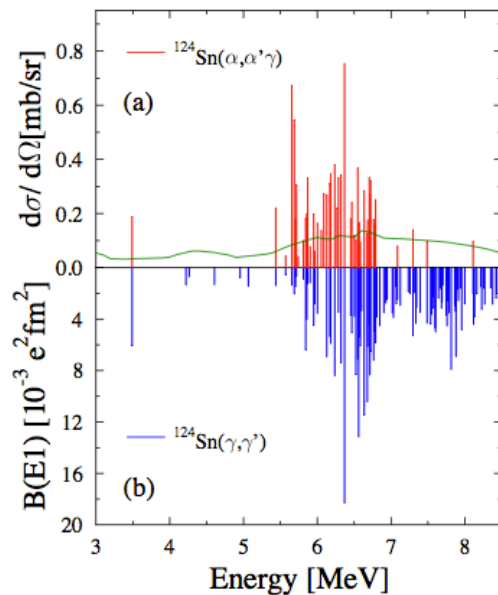


Calculate response to **isovector** (EM) and **isoscalar** E1 Operator

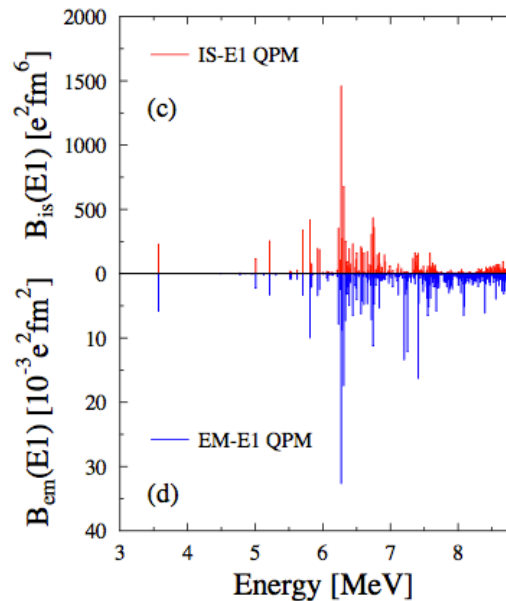
$$Q_{1M}^{IS} = \sum_{i=1}^A (r_i^3 - \eta r_i) Y_{1M}(\Omega_i)$$

$$Q_{1M}^{EM} = \frac{N}{A} \sum_{p=1}^Z r_p Y_{1M}(\Omega_p) - \frac{Z}{A} \sum_{n=1}^N r_n Y_{1M}(\Omega_n)$$

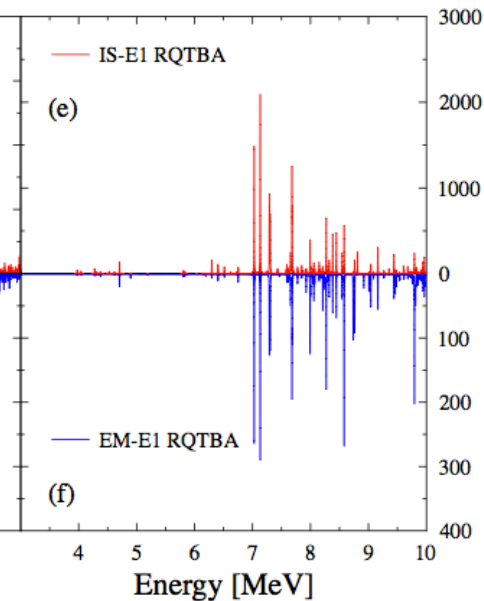
Experiment



QPM

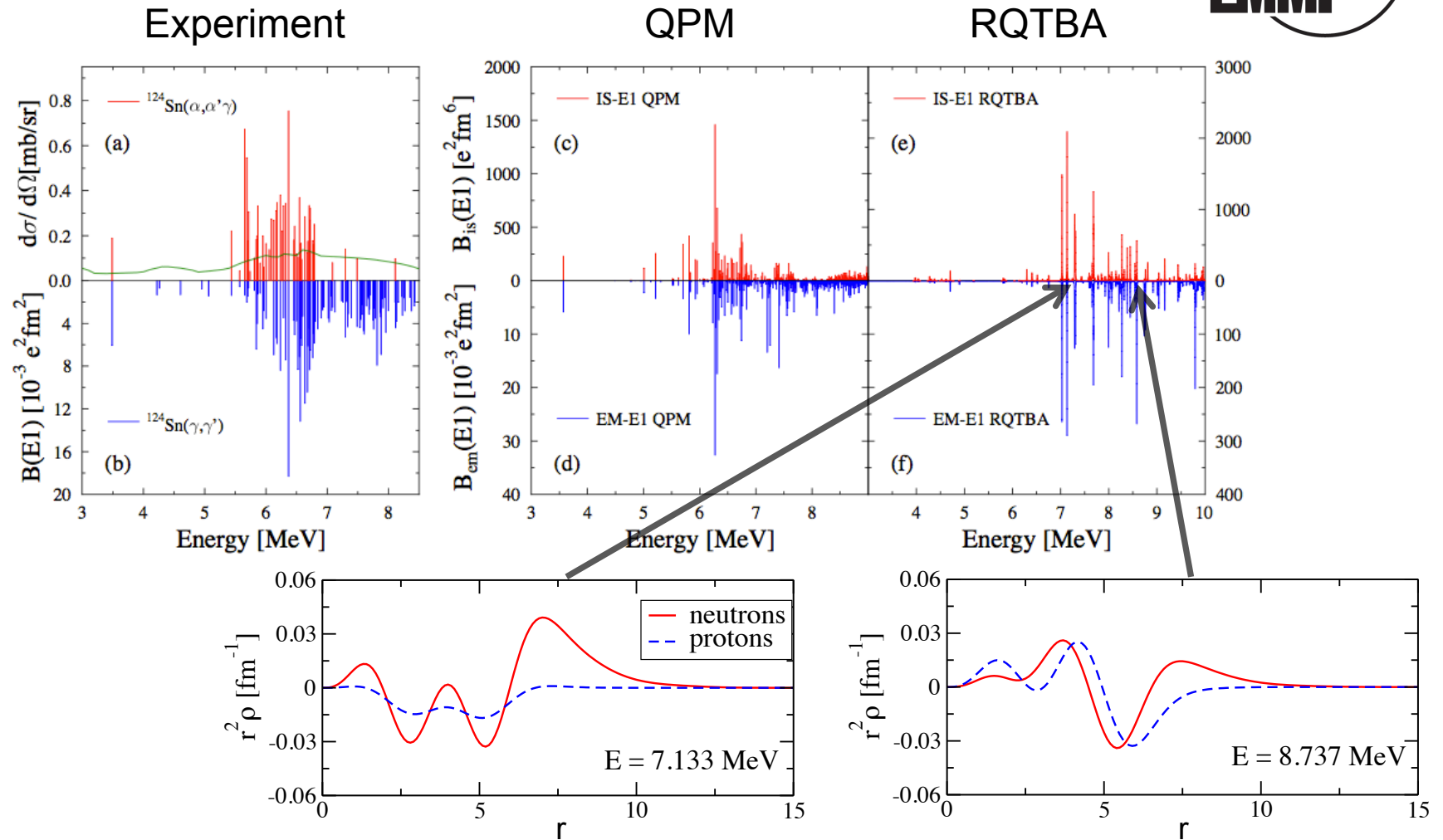


RQTBA



J. Endres, E. Litvinova, V. Ponomarev et al., Phys. Rev. Lett., in press

Splitting of the PDR – Theory vs. Exp.

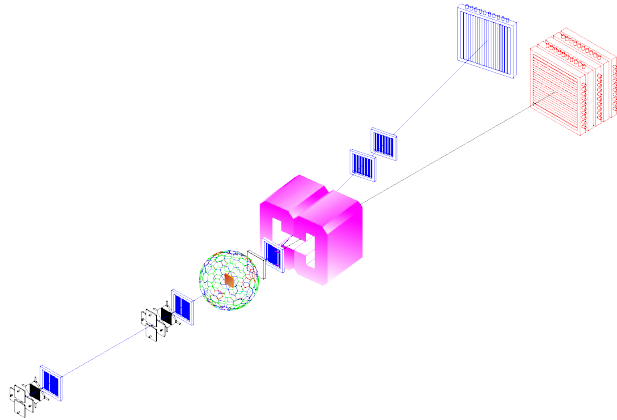


J. Endres, E. Litvinova, V. Ponomarev et al., Phys. Rev. Lett., in press

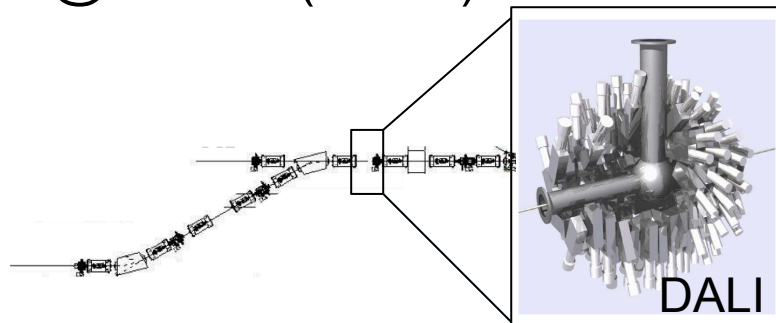
Experiments on unstable nuclei



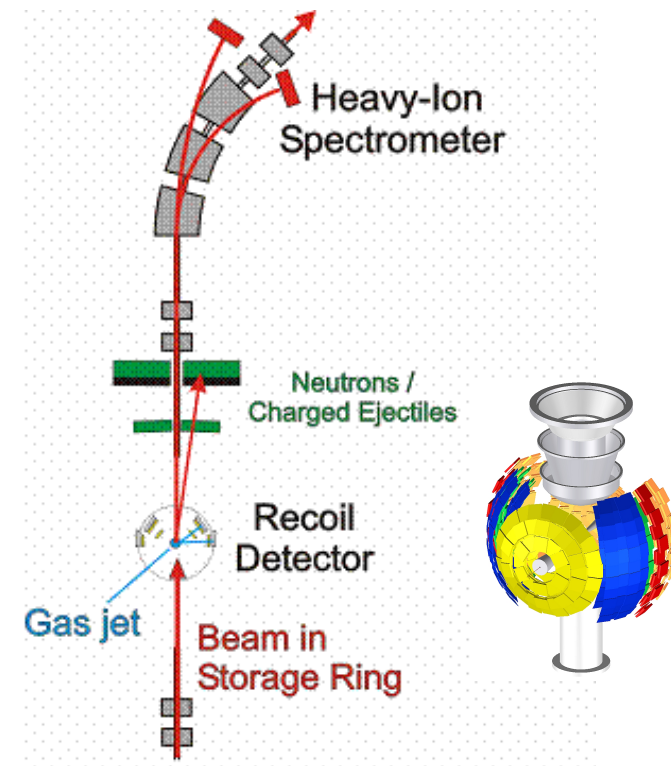
LAND @ GSI (2011)



ZeroDegree Spectrometer
@ RIKEN (2011?)



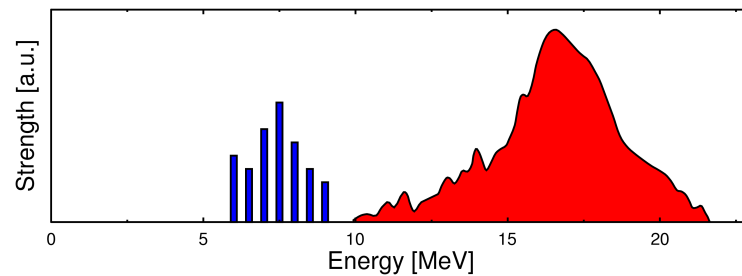
EXL @ FAIR



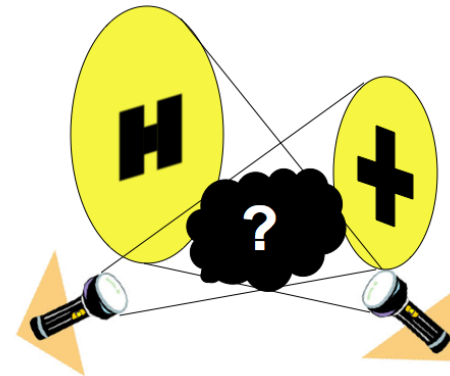
Summary



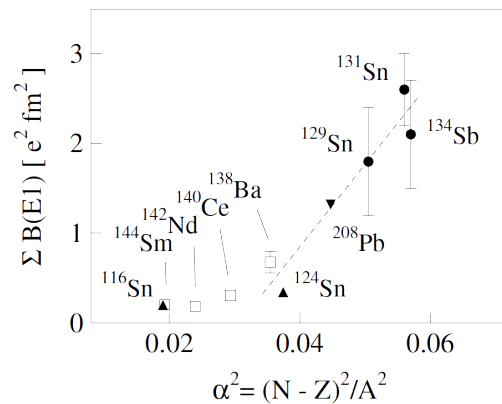
E1 strength as a key to nuclear properties



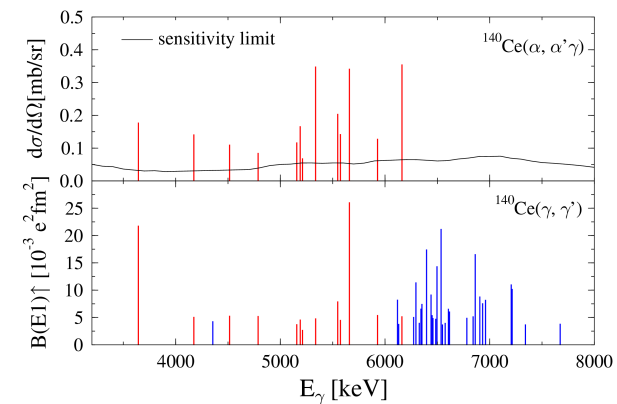
Experimental approaches



Systematics of E1 strength



Structure of E1 strength



Collaboration



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