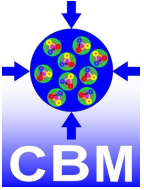


# Common Integration & Infrastructure Projects CBM-STS and BM@N-STS

within scope of:

German-Russian Roadmap &  
(CREMLIN+)



# German-Russian Roadmap (GRR)



## PREAMBLE

The Ministry of Education and Science of the Russian Federation (MON) and the Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung (BMBF) have agreed upon a co-operation in the "German-Russian Roadmap for Cooperation in Education, Science, Research, and Innovation", resting on 4 pillars:

I. Cooperation in the area of large research infrastructure development (Research infrastructure pillar)

II. Joint Research and vocational education projects in the fields of scientific and technological cooperation and education priorities by both countries (Priorities Pillar)

III. Organization of mutual beneficial developments of the scientific talent pool in both countries (Young Talents Pillar)

IV. Science and research to build bridges both in society and business and between both countries (Pillar of Innovation, Science and Society)

This Cooperation Agreement focuses within pillar I on the instrumentation and scientific exploitation of the Nuclotron-based Ion Collider (NICA) in terms of an international research facility. The collaboration described in this document is subject to the availability of funds from the respective ministries.

signed Jan.  
2020

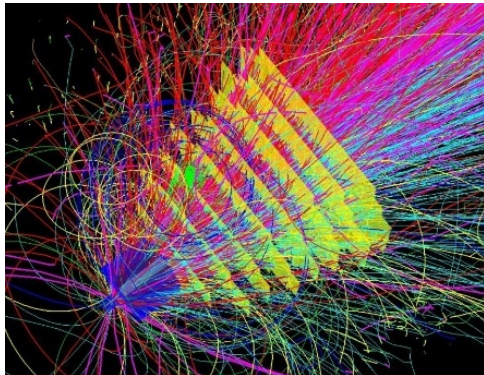


FAIR/CBM  
NICA/BM@N

## Science Cooperation between European Research Infrastructures and the Russian megascience projects (NICA, PIK, USSR, SCT and EXCELS)

**Proposal approved:** 4-year-project – starting 1.2.2020, **Total Budget: 25 M€**

**Consortium:** 35 participants from 12 countries - 25 European laboratories 10 Russian laboratories  
10 working packages (WPs), GSI/FAIR and JINR involvement in WP2 and WP7



**WP2: Collaboration with NICA** - Development of instrumentation for NICA and FAIR/CBM (WP leader: J. Eschke)

Engineering and construction of fast detectors,  
Development of high rate data acquisition chain and software packages for simulation and data analysis, PSD, beam pipe design

Budget 4.61 M€

**Participants:** JINR (9 FTE), FAIR (8.3 FTE), U Tübingen (1 FTE), WUT Warsaw (2 FTE), Wigner Budapest (2 FTE), MEPHI (4 FTE), INR Moscow (1 FTE), NPI Prague (2 FTE)

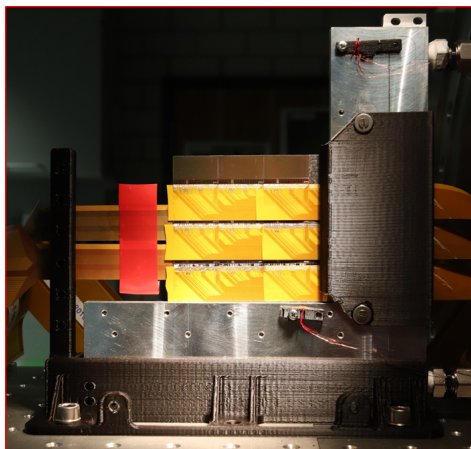
### **WP7: Joint development of detector technologies**

Develop a beyond state of the art CMOS pixel sensors (MAPS) for high-rate Silicon trackers for several particle physics and heavy-ion research communities in Europe and Russia for the potential upgrade of many experimental setups (WP leader: C. Schmidt)

Development of neutron detectors, detector school at BINP

Budget 1.8 M€ (~1.0 M€ for MAPS (CBM Institutes only))

**Participants:** JINR (0,75 FTE), FAIR (0,8 FTE), DESY (0,52 FTE), U Frankfurt ( 0,75 FTE), IPHC Strasbourg (1 FTE), KINR Kiev (0,75 FTE), ESS (0,75 FTE), PNPI (0,38 FTE), JINR (0,38 FTE), BINP

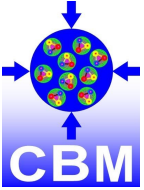


# Recruitment of Manpower

## CREMLIN+ funding of personnel for institutes

<b>CREMLINplus WP2: CBM-NICA</b>	<b>FAIR 7,5 FTE over 48months (360 PM)</b>	<b>JINR 9 FTE over 48months (432 PM)</b>	<b>EKUT Tübingen 1 FTE (48 PM)</b>	<b>WUT Warsaw 2 FTE (96 PM)</b>	<b>Mephi Moscow 4 FTE (192 PM)</b>	<b>Wigner Budapest 2 FTE (96 PM)</b>	<b>NPI Rez 2 FTE (96 PM)</b>	<b>INR Moscow1 FTE (48 PM)</b>
Task 2.1: Integration, installation, and test of Silicon trackers for NICA and CBM (FAIR, JINR, EKUT)	2	4	1					
Task 2.2: Developments for the data acquisition chain, for data preprocessing and computing (WUT, FAIR, JINR)	2	2		2				
Task 2.3: Development of common software packages for simulation and data analysis, participation in physics performance studies (MEPhI, FAIR, JINR, Wigner RCP)	2	<b>CREMLINplus WP2 kick-off meeting</b> <b>Wednesday Jul 1, 2020, 1:30 PM</b> <a href="https://indico.gsi.de/event/10807/">https://indico.gsi.de/event/10807/</a>						
Task 2.4: Development and construction of beam monitors, target chamber and beam pipe for NICA and CBM (FAIR, JINR)	1	1						
Task 2.5: Development and construction of Zero Degree Calorimeters for NICA and CBM (INR RAS, NPI CAS)							2	1
Coordination of joint activities	0.5							
<b>CREMLINplus WP7: MAPS</b>	<b>FAIR 0,8 FTE (38 PM)</b>	<b>GU Frankfurt 0,75 FTE (36 PM)</b>	<b>CNRS Straßbourg 1 FTE (48 PM)</b>	<b>KINR 0,75 FTE (36 PM)</b>	<b>JINR 0,75 FTE (36 PM)</b>			
Task 7.1 and 7.2: Development of CMOS technologies for high-rate Silicon trackers	0,8	0,75	1	0,75	0,75			



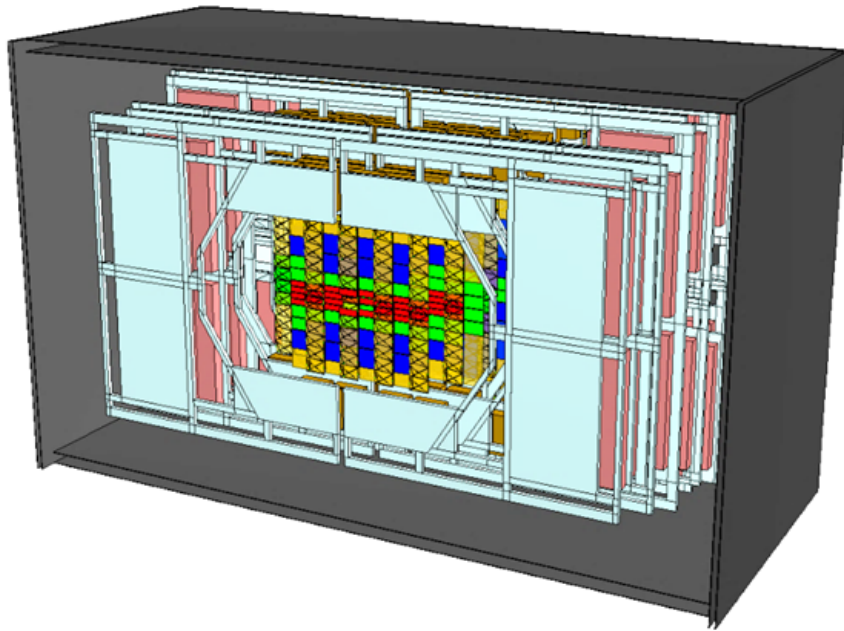


# Common integration/infrastructure Projects



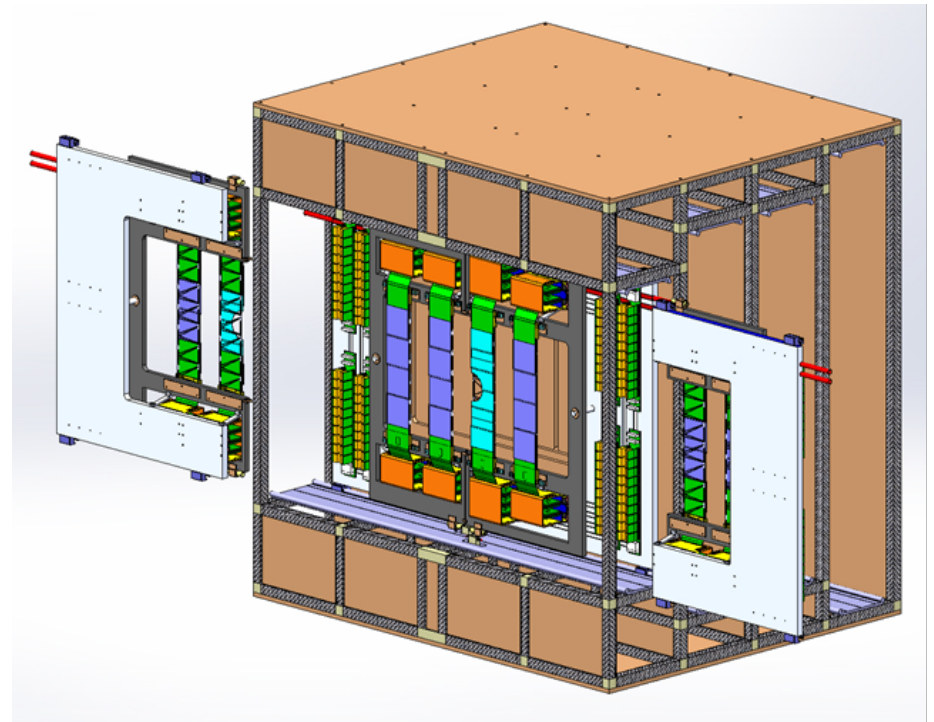
- silicon tracker mechanics (this meeting)
- gas drying and cooling, distribution
- controls (e.g. temperature, humidity sensors)
- mounting tools
- sensor/ladder QA
- metrology
- front-end electronics

CBM Mainframe (8 layers)

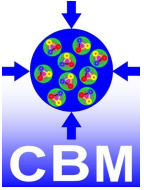


-> more in Oleg's presentation

BM@N Mainframe (4 layers)



-> more in Mikhail's presentation



# Gas Cooling CBM vs BM@N



## CBM

- environmental temperature -10 deg C
- additional cooling of inner sensors (radiation damage compensation) by gas stream (-40 deg C)
- gas flow 1200 l/min
- RH  $\ll$  1% @ 20 deg C (dew point  $<$  -40 deg C = T of liquid cooling - NOVEC)

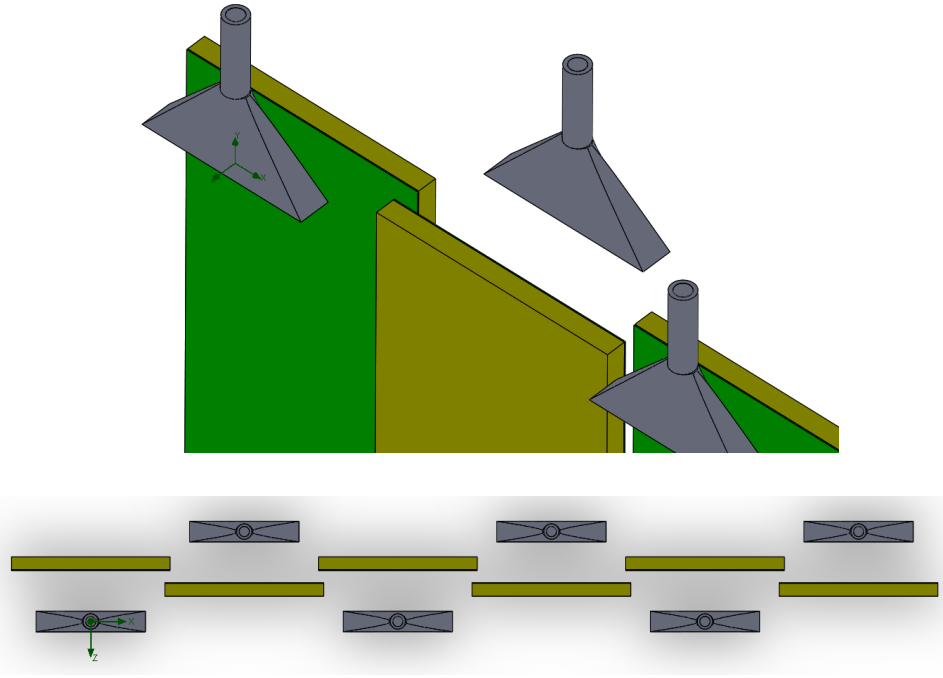
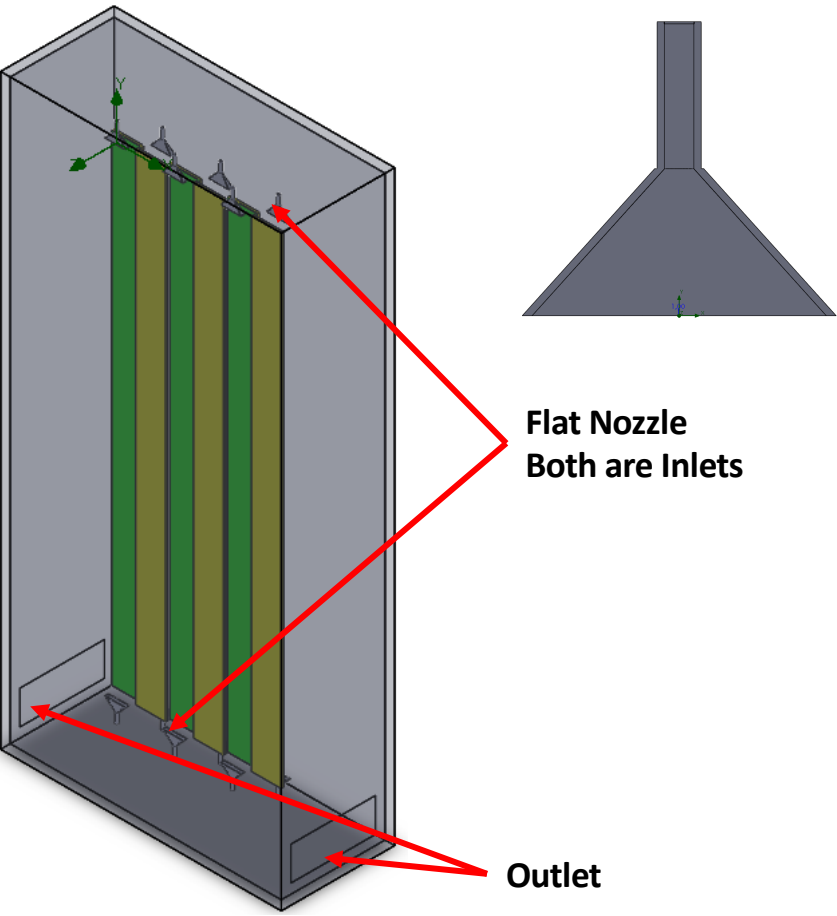
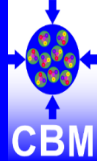
## BM@N

- environmental temperature +15 deg C
- temperature homogenization in box by gas stream (+15 deg C)
- gas flow ?
- RH  $<$  50% @ 20 deg C (dew point  $<$  10 deg C = T of liquid cooling – H<sub>2</sub>O)

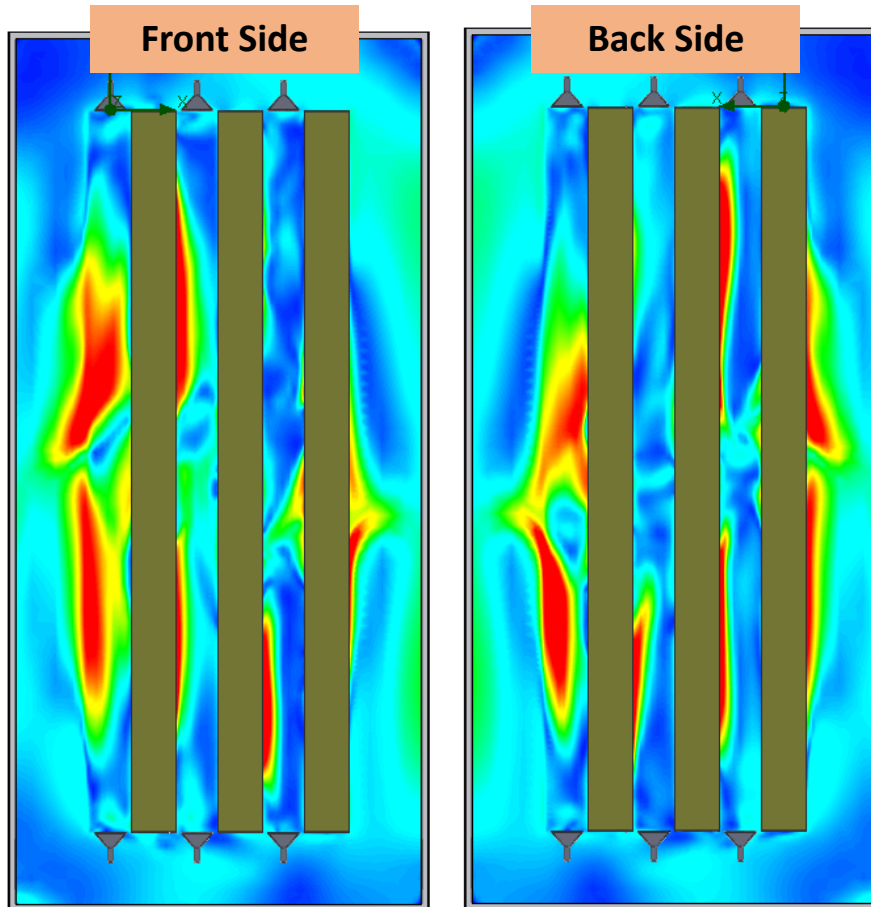
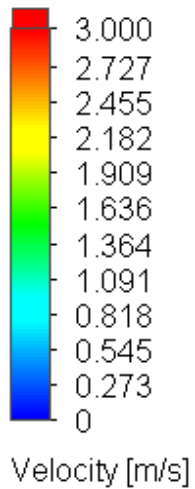
Both experiments need (though with different operational parameters):

- gas cooler/heat exchanger
- gas drying plant
- gas distribution system

# CBM: Gas Distribution by Nozzles (K. Agarwal)



Nozzles placed as such that it faces the exposed surface of the silicon sensors (shown in green); microcables are shown in yellow



**Power Dissipation:** 6 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>  
**Area per Ladder:** 100 x 6.2 cm<sup>2</sup>  
**Initial Temp. in the box:** -10°C

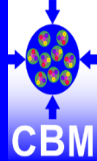
**Flow rate per nozzle:** 40 litre/min  
**Flow rate per ladder:** 80 litre/min

### OPEN CHANNEL FLOW (NOZZLE)

- Inconsistent flow along the ladder
- Pressure differential isn't high enough to ensure a smooth flow



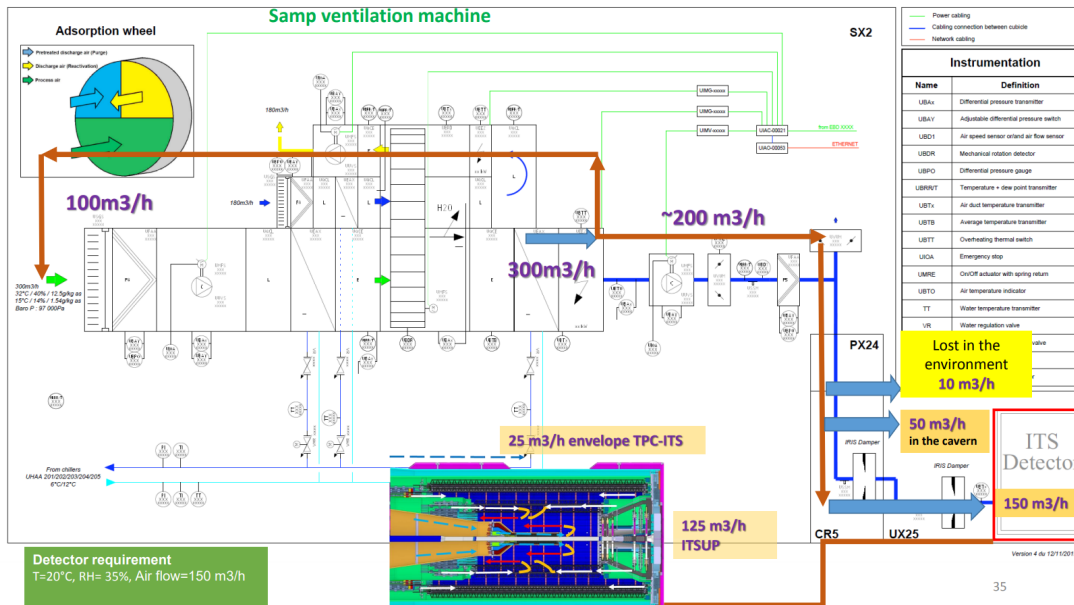
# NITROGEN DRYING PLANT – OPTION 1 (K. Agarwal)



ALICE ITS has (mostly) similar requirements:

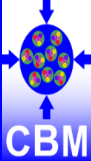
- Total nitrogen volume rate = 150 m<sup>3</sup>/h
- Temperature = 16°C
- Dew Point ≤ -15°C (1 g/Kg)
- Manufactured by SAMP S.p.A. (Italy) (adsorption dehumidification)

- First contact (20.11.18) with SAMP is positive!
- Installing a plant with our requirements needs a 'suitable room' – perfectly insulated



More Info: [ALICE Case Study Doc by SAMP](#)  
[ALICE Cooling PRR](#)

# NITROGEN DRYING PLANT – OPTION 2 (K. Agarwal)



## Atlas Copco Kompressoren und Drucklufttechnik GmbH

- Range of products available for nitrogen generation and drying stage
- Temperature Regulation has to be checked
- Dryers also recommended by LHCb colleagues



Desiccant air dryer range



Refrigerated air dryer range



Membrane air dryer range



NGM/NGM+ membrane nitrogen generator

Our nitrogen generators with membrane technology. Simple and compact on site nitrogen production. Purities: 95 - 99.5%  
Flows: 3.2 - 250 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h



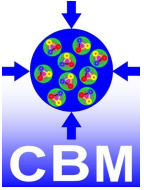
NGP PSA nitrogen generator

Our industrial nitrogen generator with PSA technology. Reliable and cost efficient on-site nitrogen production. Purities: 95 - 99.999% Flows: 2 - 2650 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h



NGP+ PSA nitrogen generator

Our premium nitrogen generator with PSA technology. Fully automated on-site nitrogen production at the lowest total cost, due to a supreme energy efficiency. Purities: 95 - 99.999% Flows: 2 - 2870 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h



# Sensors and Controls

## Example: Humidity & Temperature Sensors



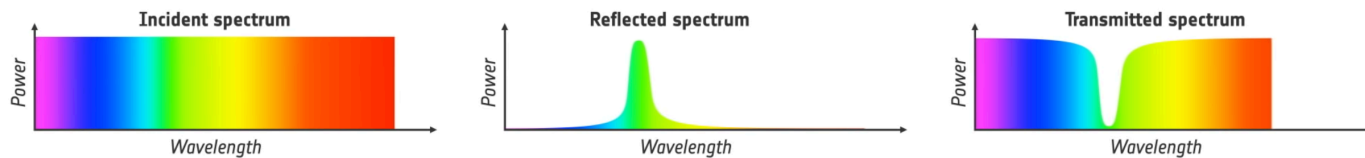
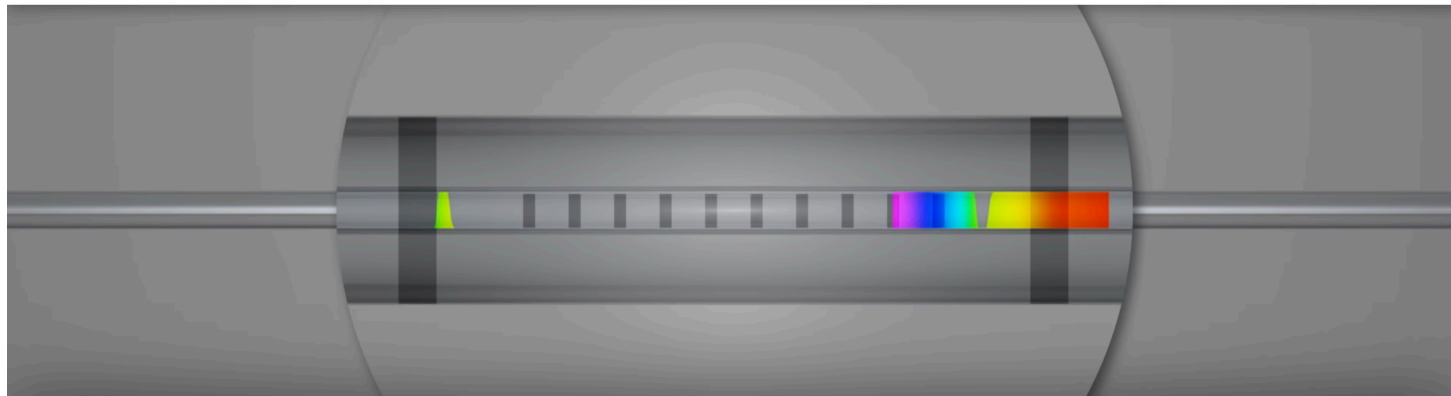
### CBM:

- distributed system of humidity sensors (>100)
- radiation hardness
- high precision
- working at very low RH ( $\ll 1\%$  at 20 deg C)

### BM@N:

- distributed system of humidity sensors (>50)
- good precision
- working at “normal” RH (50% at 20 Deg c)

Principle of humidity sensitivity:



Water molecules absorbed by the hygroscopic coating



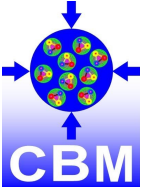
Coating expansion ("Swelling effect")



Strain induced on the FBG



Bragg wavelength shift ( $\Delta\lambda_B$ )



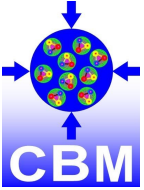
# FBG Interrogator



commercially available: [HYPERION Optical Sensing Instrument](#)  
PhD student at GSI (Marcel Bjadel) already working on FBR-RH sensors







# Conclusion



- define details of common GRR projects
- find people (engineers, postdocs, postdocs) to work on projects both at GSI and JINR