

Recent Results from the BGS/FIONA at LBNL

Jennifer Pore

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

FIONA was designed to directly measure the mass-numbers of heavy (Z>92) and superheavy isotopes (Z>103). These isotopes are created in fusion-evaporation reactions, where it is not uncommon for neighboring isotopes to be created simultaneously. Mass-number measurements allow for the direct identification of individual isotopes from these reactions. FIONA has now been coupled to the Berkeley Gas-filled Separator at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory. FIONA has been successful in having performed the first-ever super heavy element mass-number measurements for isotopes of elements 113 and 115. More recently, FIONA has been used to study the properties of neutron-deficient mendelevium isotopes, including the direct-identification of the new isotope ²⁴⁴Md. A similar campaign of measurements is now underway aiming to identify the new isotope ²³⁹Es. FIONA has also proven to be a useful tool in studying the chemistry of heavy elements. An update on the status of these different measurements will be presented along with future experimental plans for FIONA.