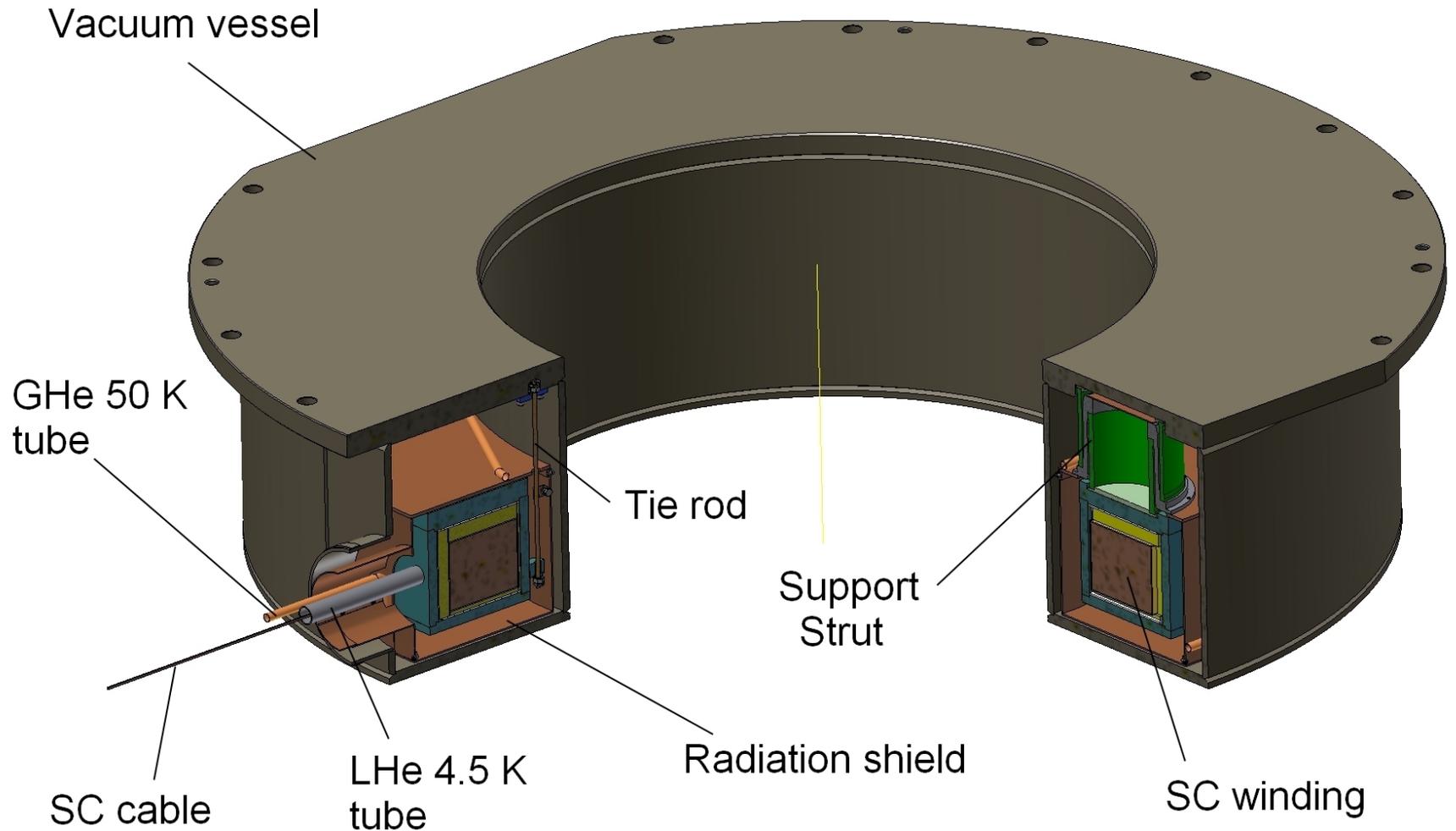


Proposal for new coil design the CBM magnet

Alexey Bragin, Sergey Pivovarov
Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, Novosibirsk,
Russia

CDR meeting, May 2017

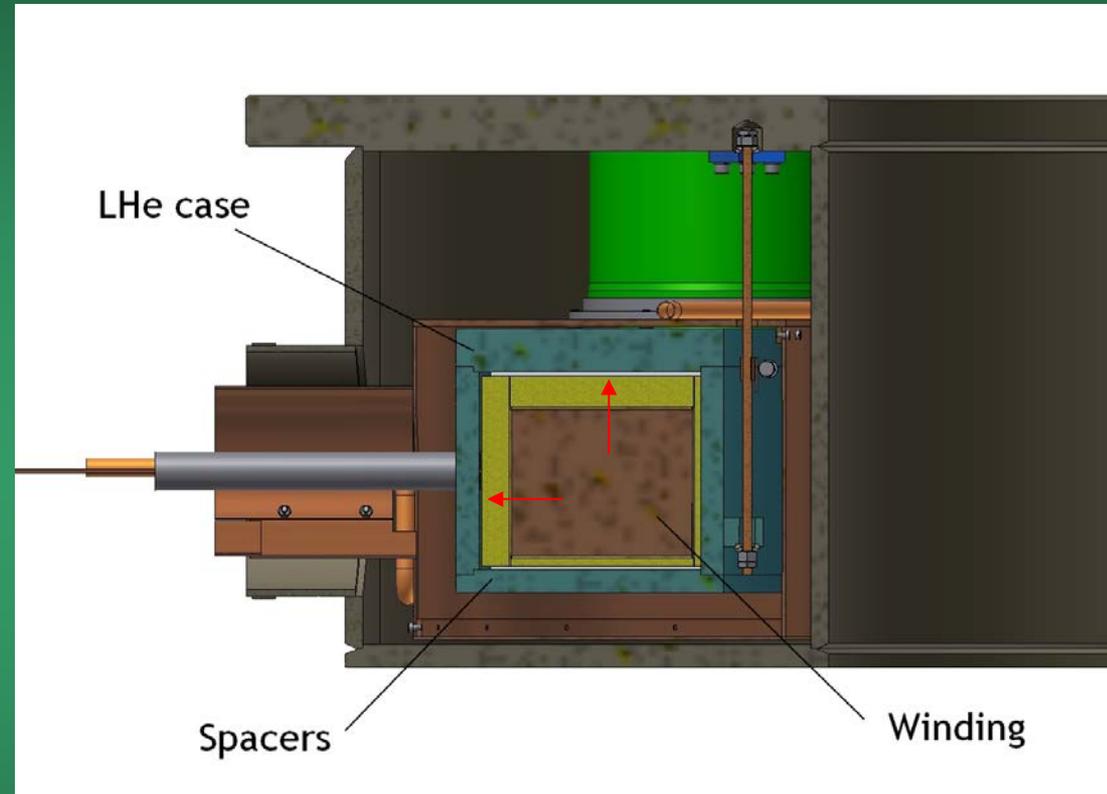
Coil design – current design



Coil design – current design

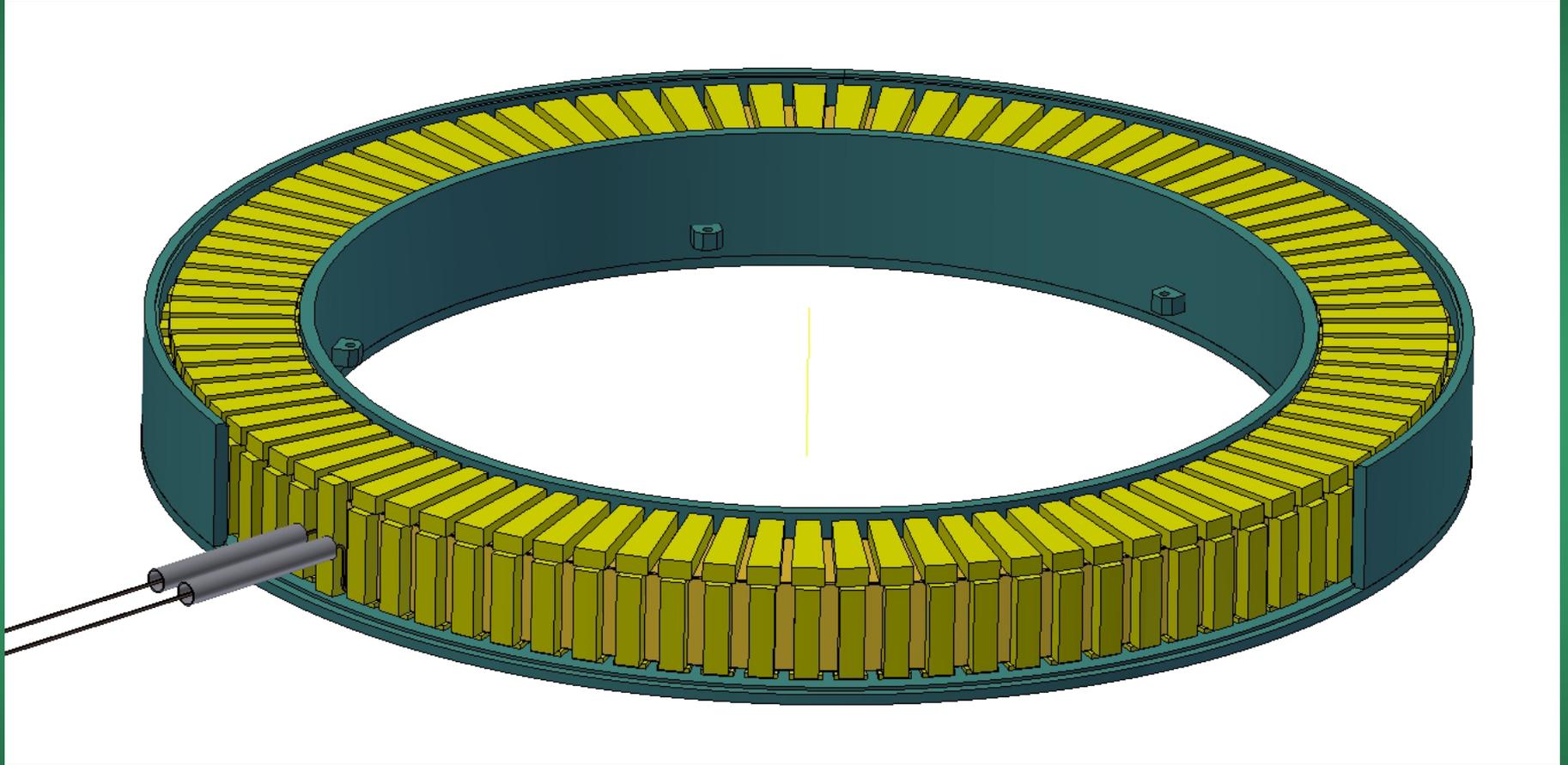
In the current design we have the following:

- the coil is immersed in helium bath, but the cooling is not optimal due to large thickness of insulation (G-10)
- the LHe case is not heated during a quench for the same reason
- G-10 spacers of 27 mm thickness are needed only for welding purpose
- they are not working for banding purpose due to low Young modulus value



→
Forces direction

Cold mass



New design of the coil - proposal

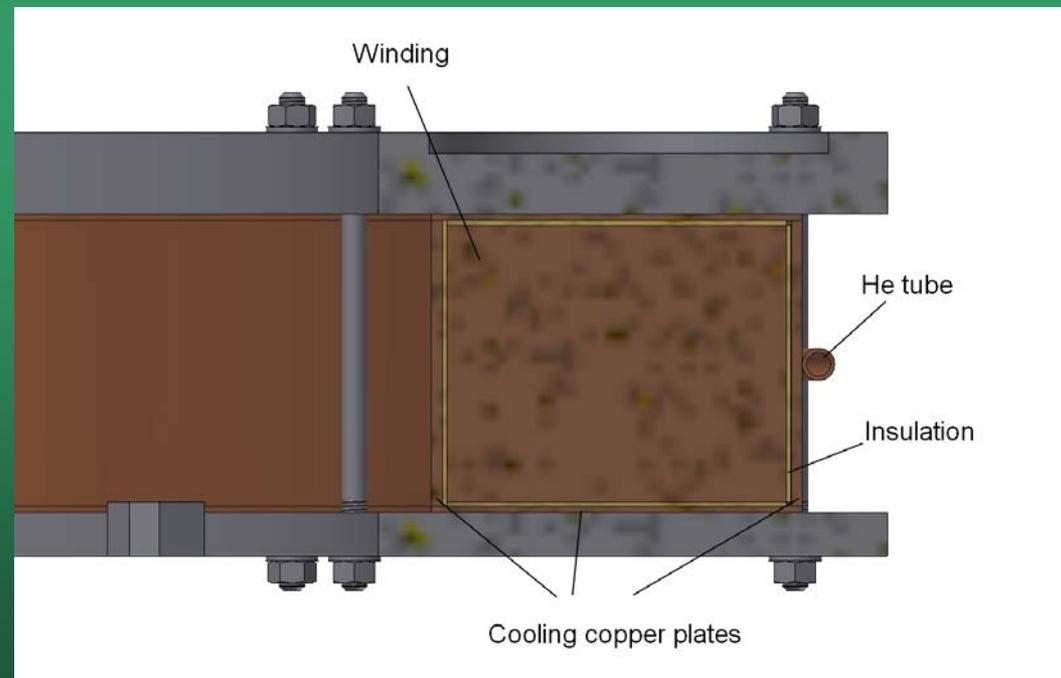
In the new design we have:

- much better cooling in stages of the magnet operation including quench behavior, quench recovery and cooling down of the magnet

- assembling is simplified

- external stainless steel (or titanium) wall may be inserted between the coil and the bolts

- high pressure rising after a quench is not a problem here



This is preliminary design!

External bolt will be much more.

Cooling tube

At inner diameter of 15 mm we have $\sim 0.24 \text{ m}^2$ of cooling area. At 7 W of heat power it will be

$q = 30 \text{ W/m}^2$ - very low heat flux, see Fig on left

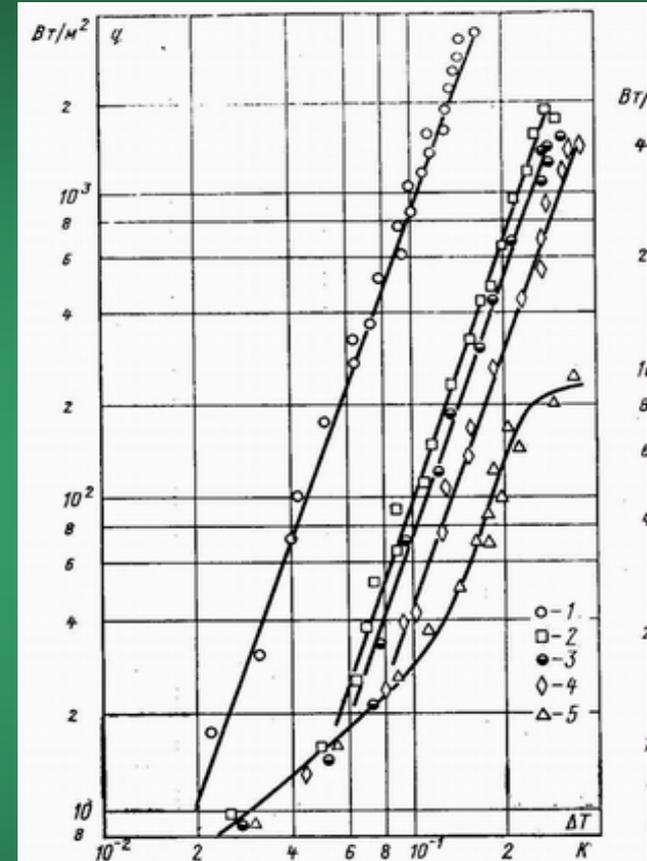


Рис. 1-26. Влияние теплофизических свойств материала поверхности нагрева на интенсивность теплоотдачи при пузырьковом кипении гелия в большом объеме (торец стержня $d=8 \text{ мм}$, $R_z=5\text{--}10 \text{ мкм}$, горизонтальная ориентация, $p=1 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Па}$, теплофизические свойства металлов см. в табл. 1-4).

Данные авторов: 1 — медь; 2 — бронза; 3 — никель; 4 — латунь; 5 — нержавеющая сталь.