

Novel deep micro-well MAPD with super high pixel density and their applications

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Matrix Geiger-Mode Avalanche Micro-Pixel Photo Diodes
for Frontier Detector Systems, Prague 2010



Different producers and names of MAPD

- CPTA/Photnique (Moscow/Geneva)
- Zecotek (Canada/Singapore) in collaboration with JINR
- MEPhi/Pulsar (Moscow)
- Hamamatsu Photonics (Hamamatsu, Japan)
- SensL(Cork, Ireland)
- RMD (Boston)
- MPI Semiconductor Laboratory (Munich, Germany)
- FBK-irst(Trento, Italy)

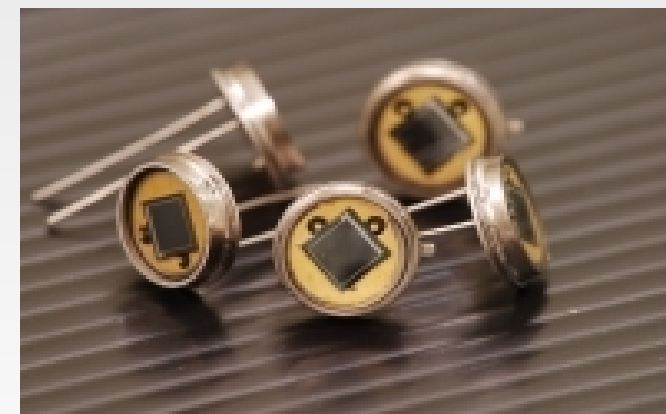
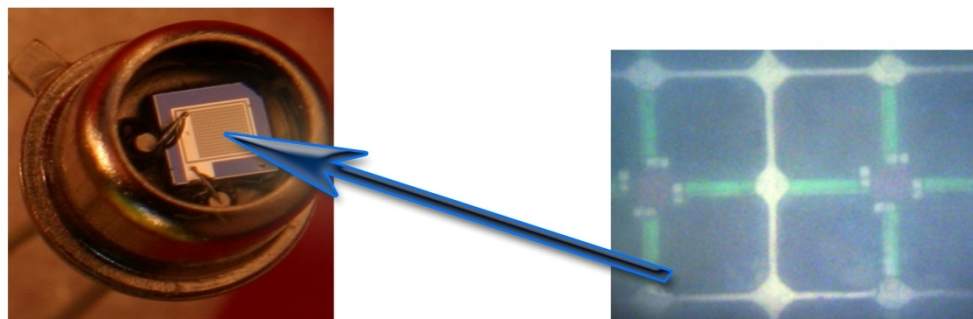
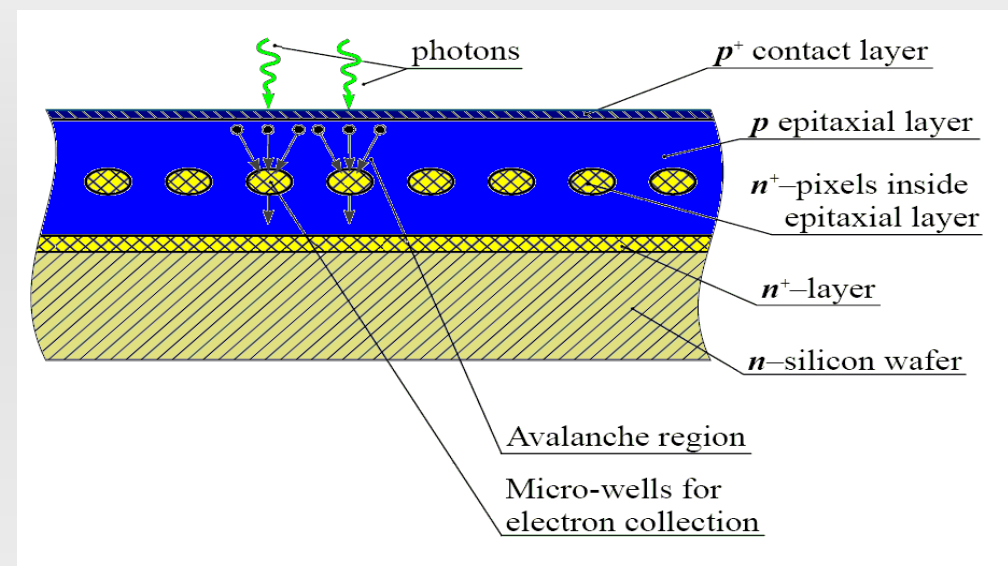
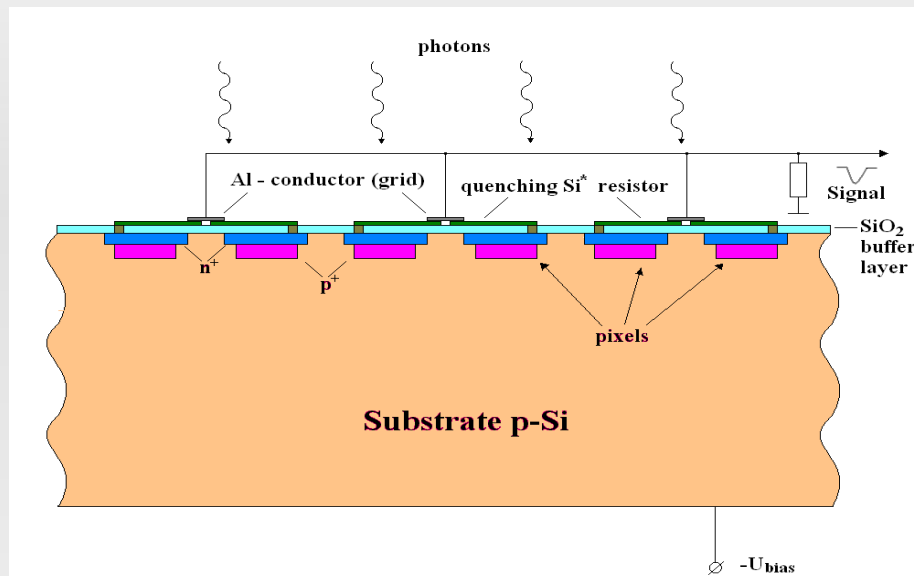
Different names of MAPD:

MRS APD, MAPD, SiPM, MPPC, SSPM, SPM, APDg, et al.

All these companies produce structures with surface pixels.

Deep micro-well technology is property of Zecotek only.

Two basic constructions of MAPDs



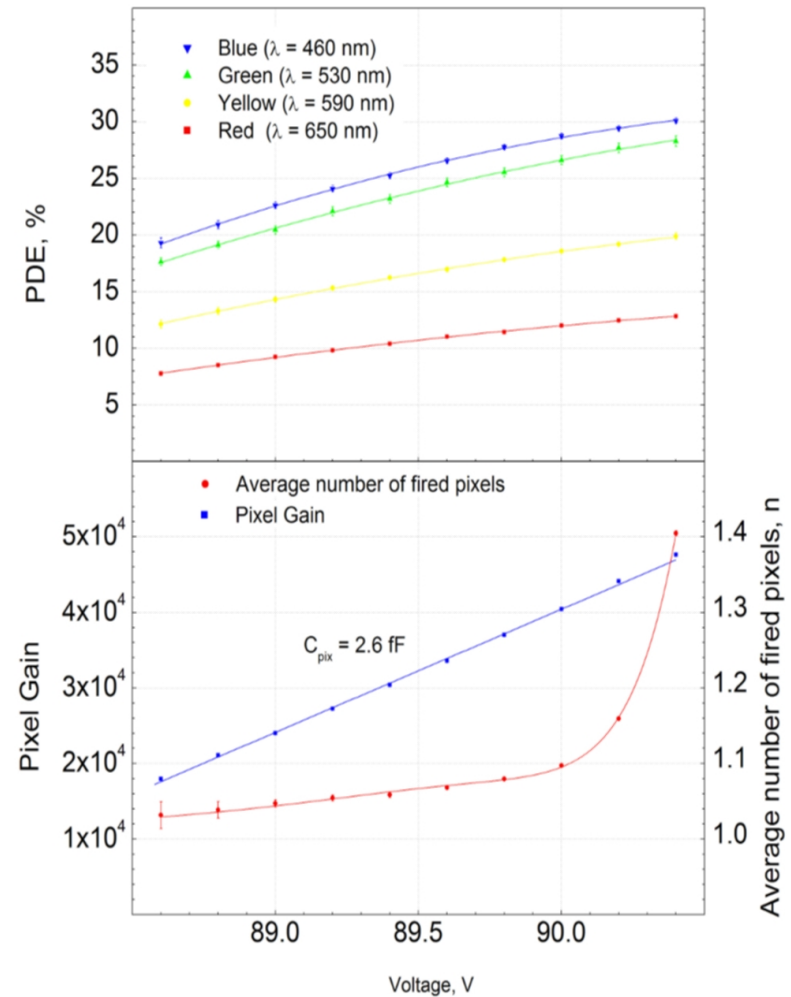
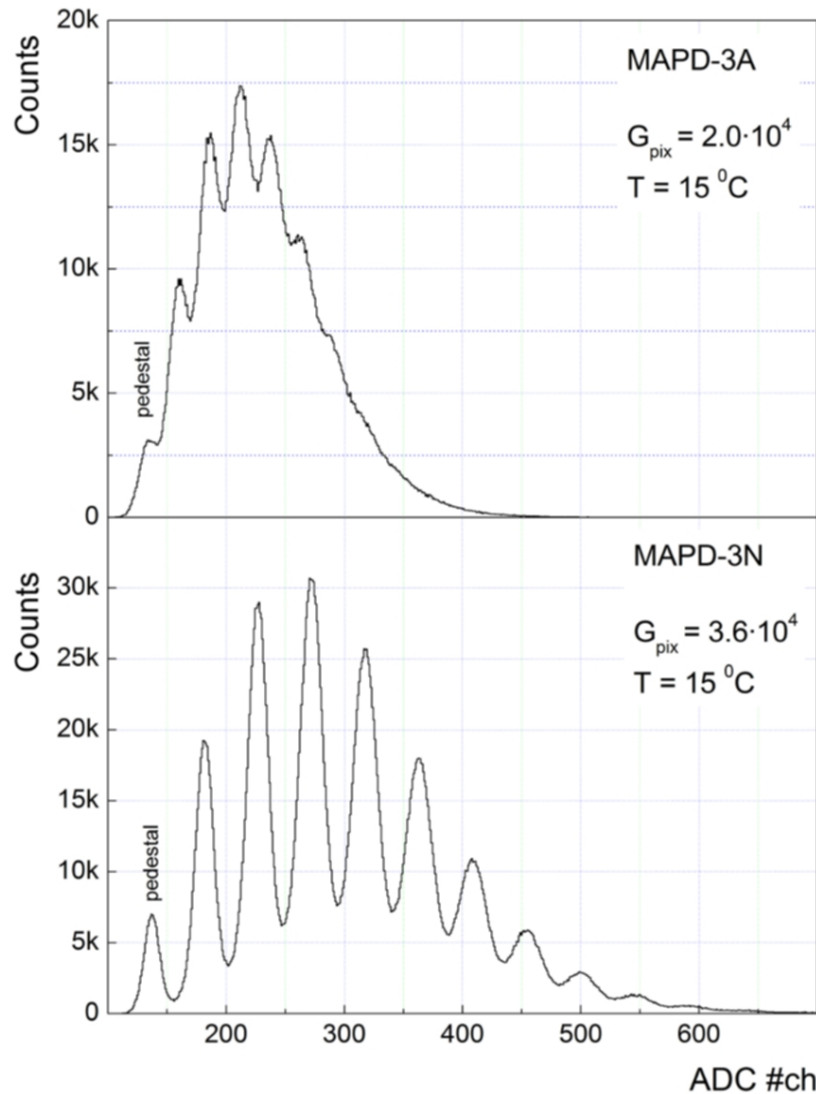
Main Features of DMW-MAPD:

- High Dynamic Range (pixel densities of up to 40000 mm²)
- Photon Detection Efficiency up to 30 %
- Gain up to 10⁵
- Better radiation hardness
- Insensitivity to magnetic field.
- Compact and rigid
- Low voltage supply (<100 V)

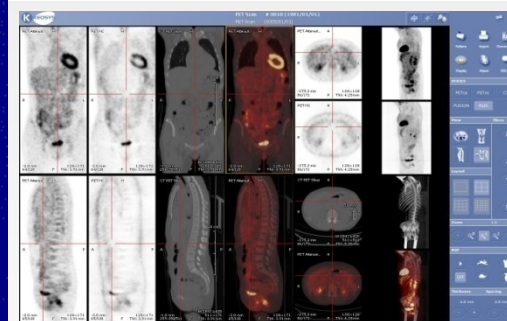
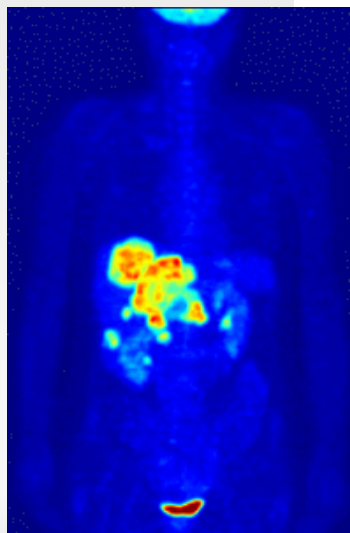
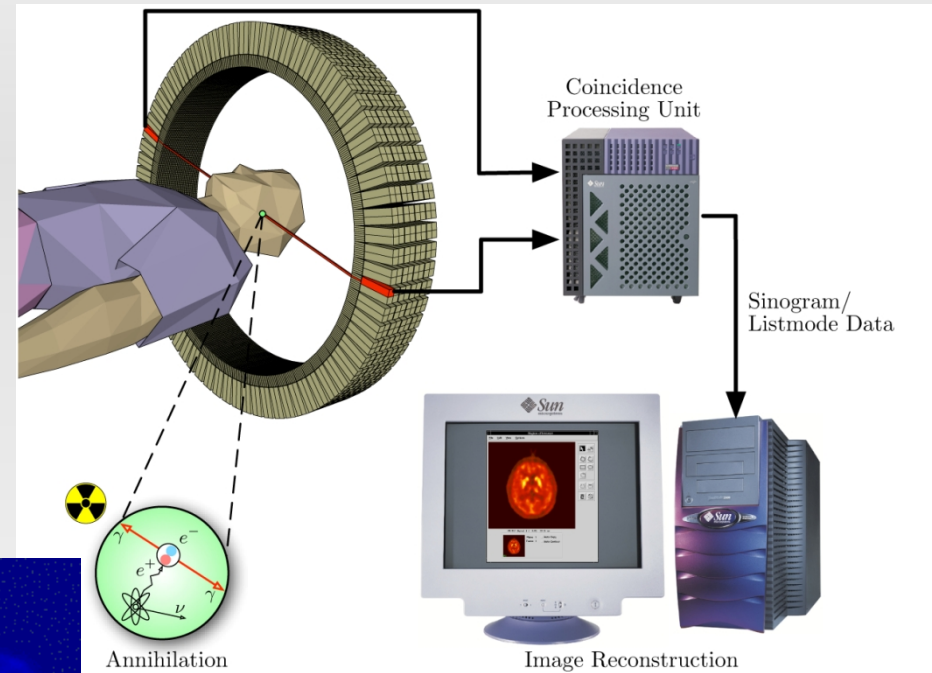
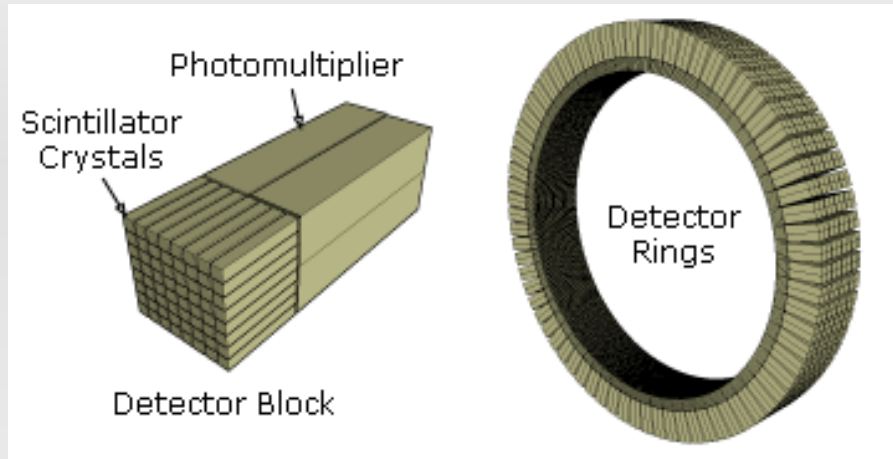
Drawbacks:

- Temperature dependence (a few %%/°C)
- High dark rate (> 0.5 MHz/mm²)
- Large Recovery time.

Main Characteristics of DMW-MAPD:



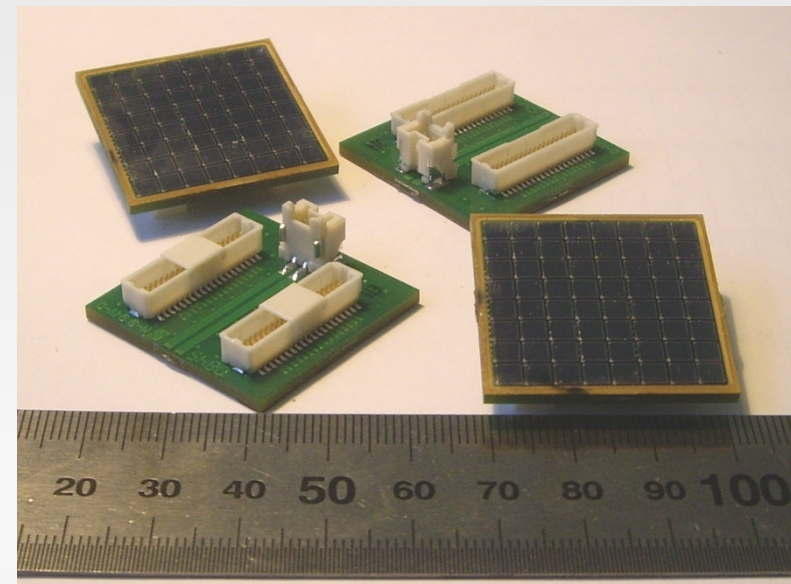
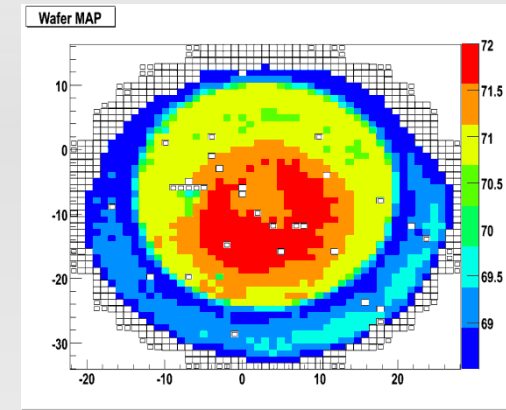
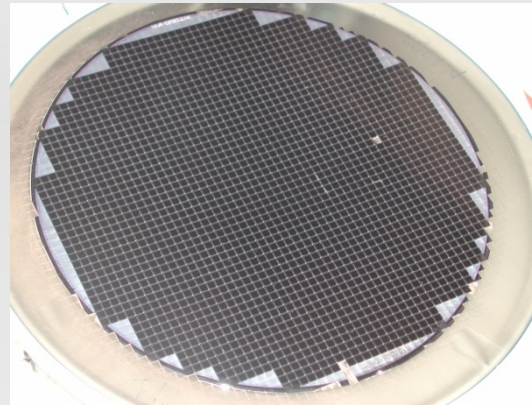
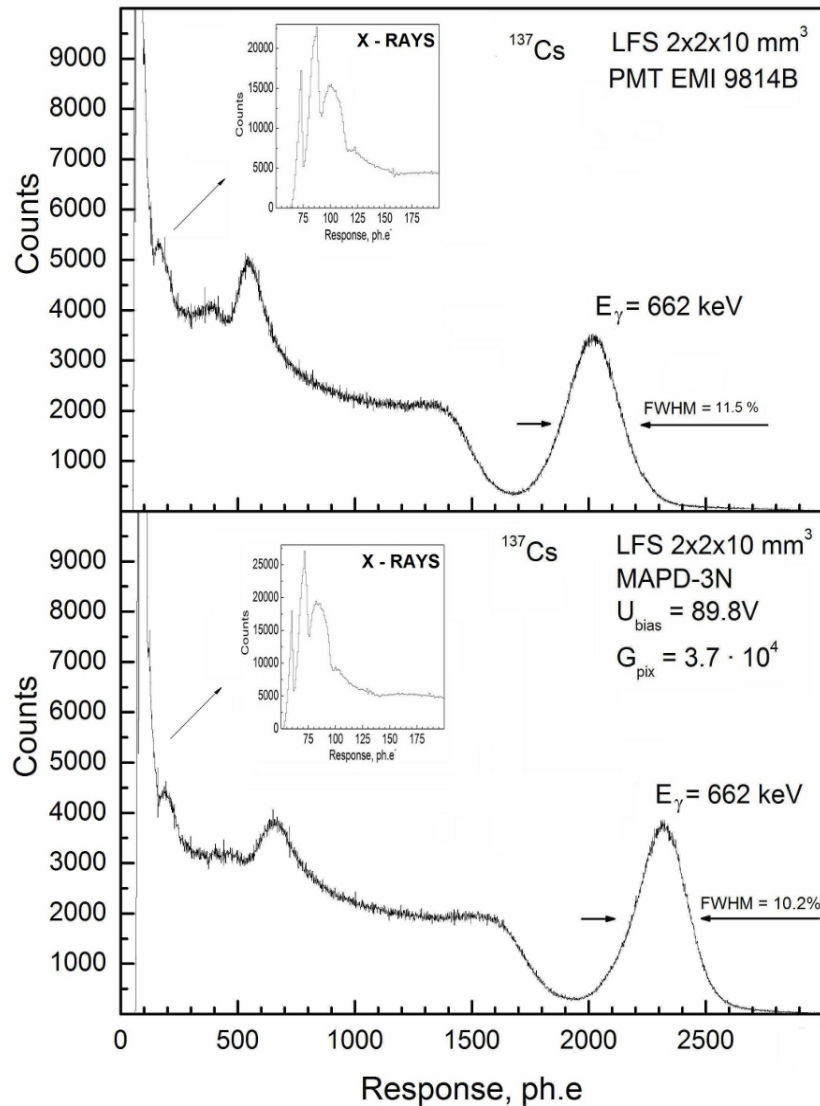
Positron Emission Tomography applications



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Positron Emission Tomography applications

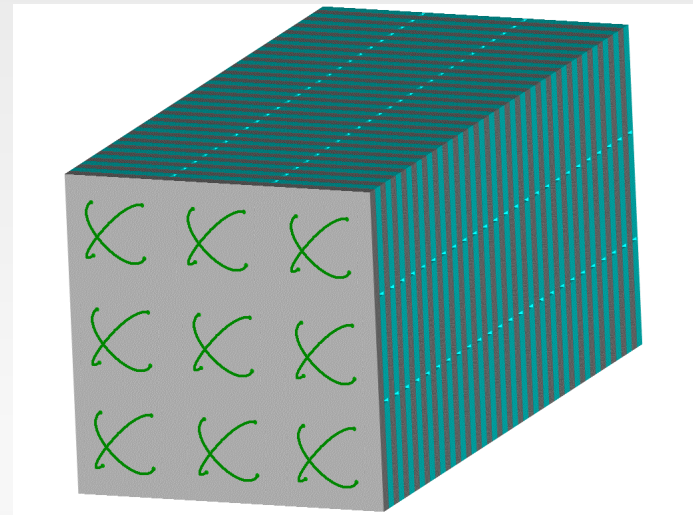
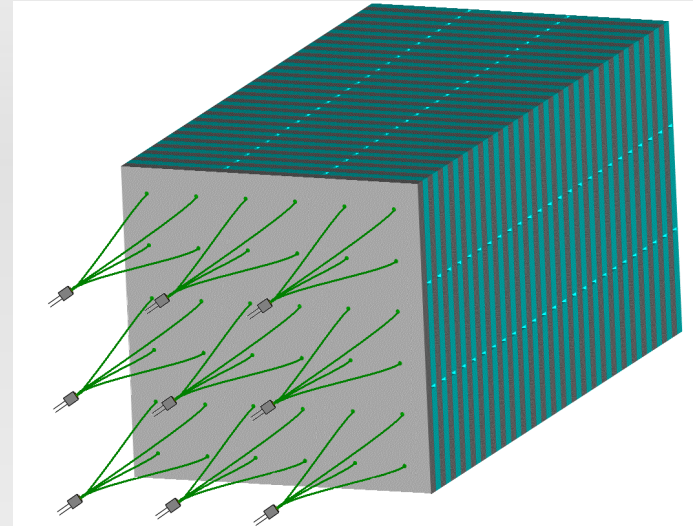
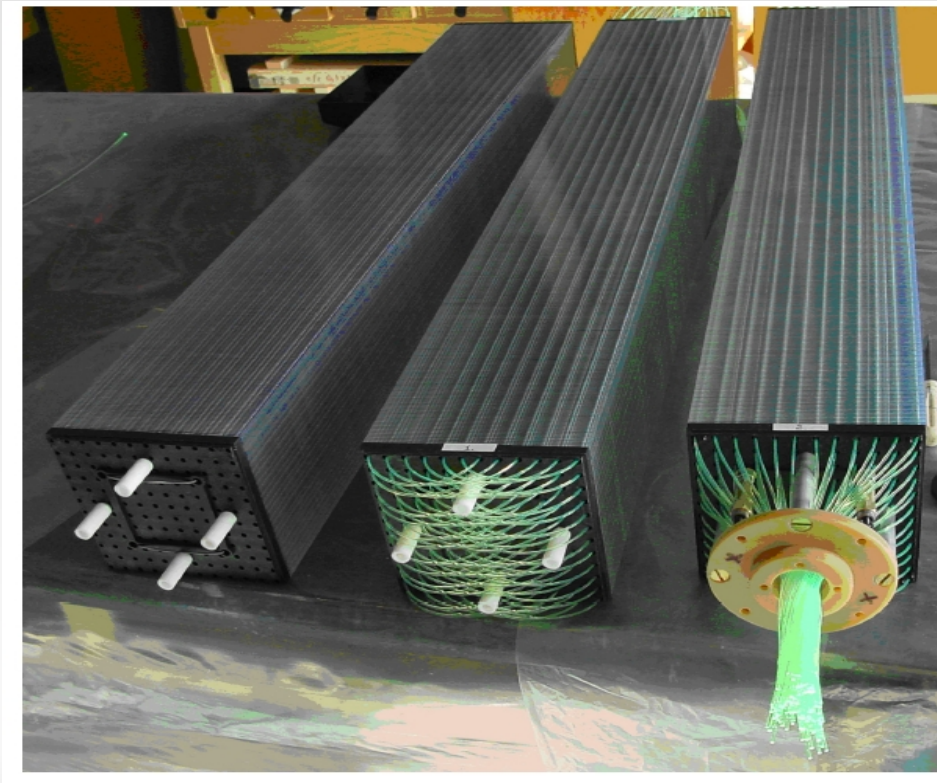


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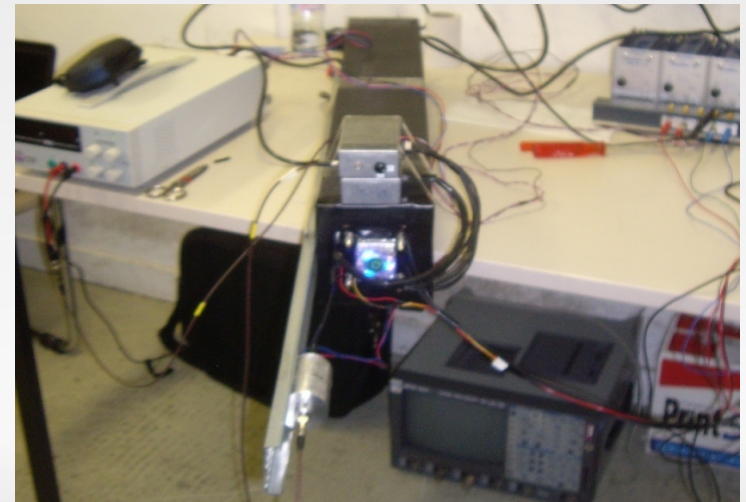
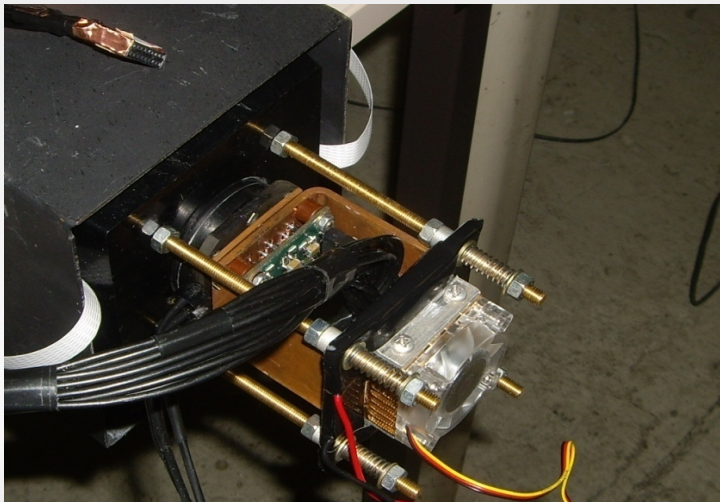
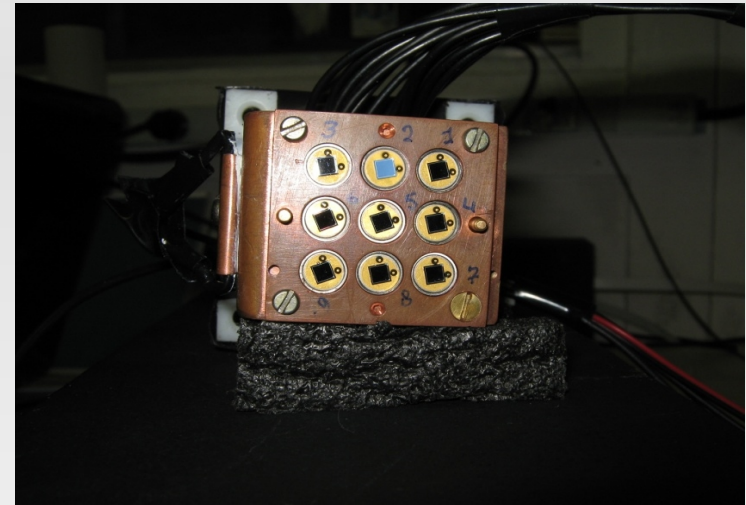
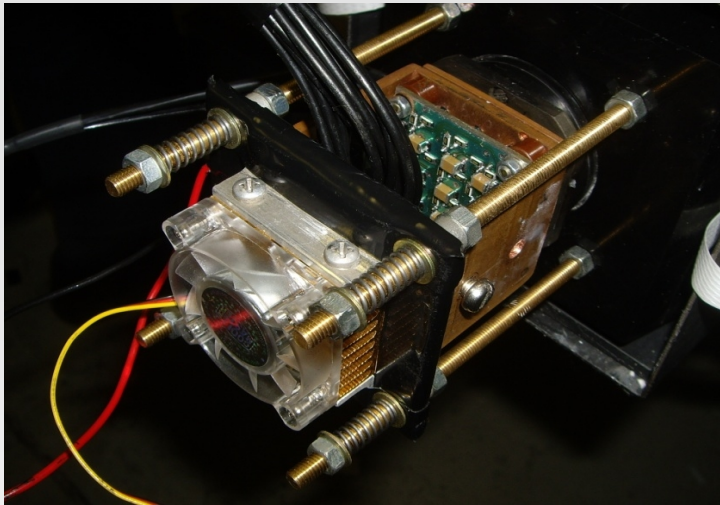
High energy physics applications: EM-calorimetry

- Insensitivity to magnetic field;
- High dynamic range $\sim 10^5$ ph.e.



High energy physics applications: EM-calorimetry

General view of detection block consisted of 9-MAPD and it's composition with EM-module



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High energy physics applications: EM-calorimetry

Parameters of the tested modules:

ECAL0 – 4 bundles

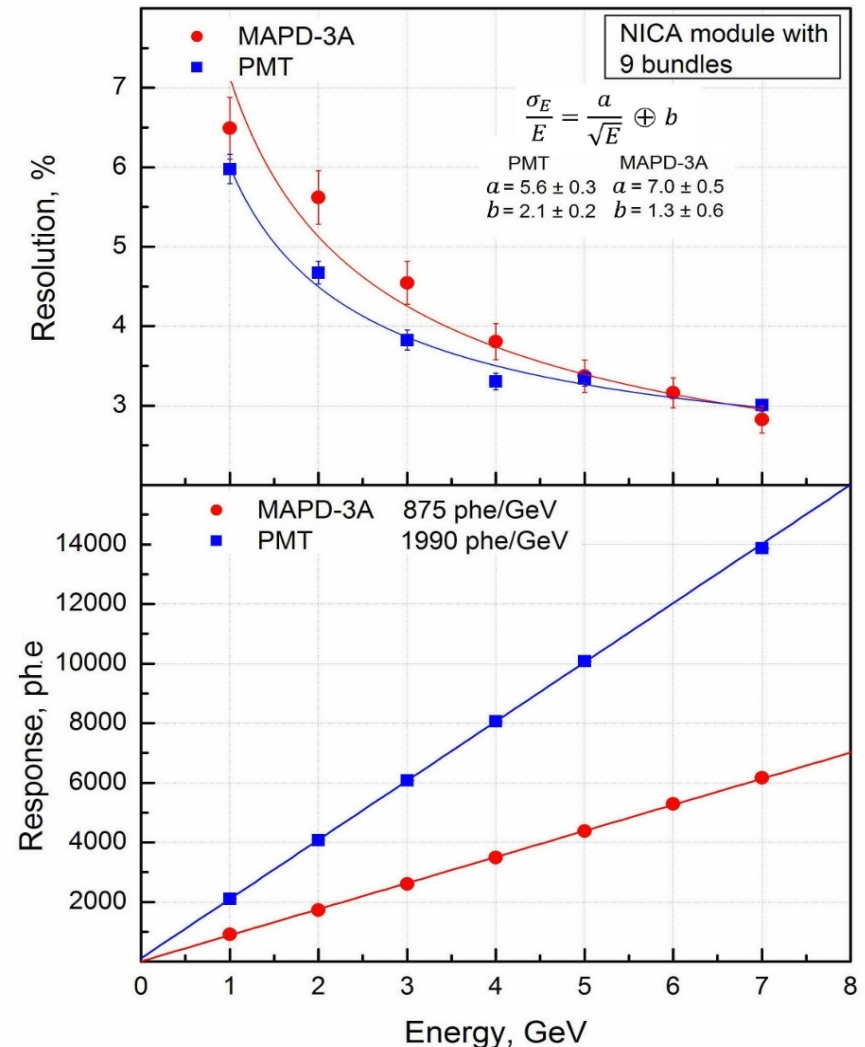
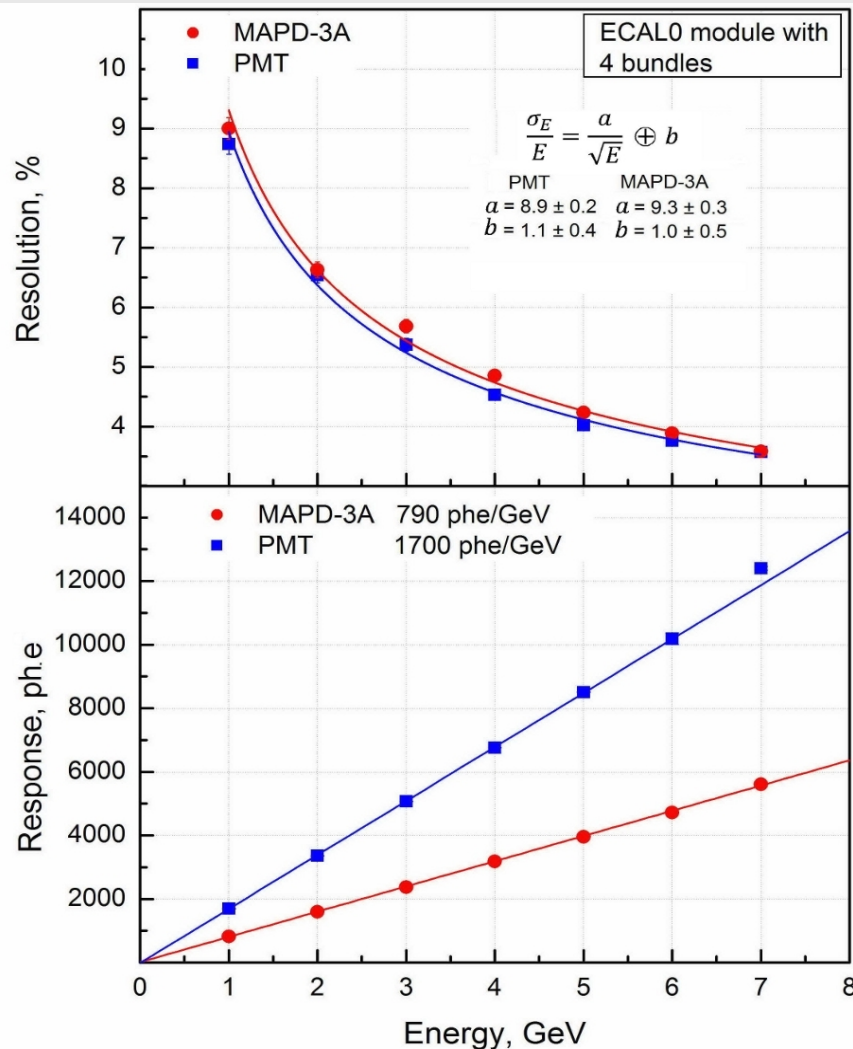
Scintillator – 4 mm
Lead - 2 mm
Distance between scintillators – 2.36 mm
Number of pair – 66 pcs.
Size of plates - 121.0×121.0 mm²
Radiation length – 16.4 mm
Total length – 420 mm (25 X₀)
Moliere radius – 35 mm
Number of fibers – 64 pcs
Number of bundles – 4 pcs
Diameter of fibers – 1.2 mm
Bundle diameter – 6.5 mm

NICA – 9 bundles

Scintillator - 1.5 mm
Lead - 0.275 mm
Distance between scintillators – 0.35 mm
Number of pair – 300 pcs.
Size of plates - 109.7×109.7 mm²
Radiation length, X₀ – 34.9 mm
Total length – 555 mm (15.9 X₀)
Moliere radius – 59. 8 mm
Number of fibers – 144 pcs
Number of bundles – 9 pcs
Diameter of fibers – 1 mm
Bundle diameter – 6 mm

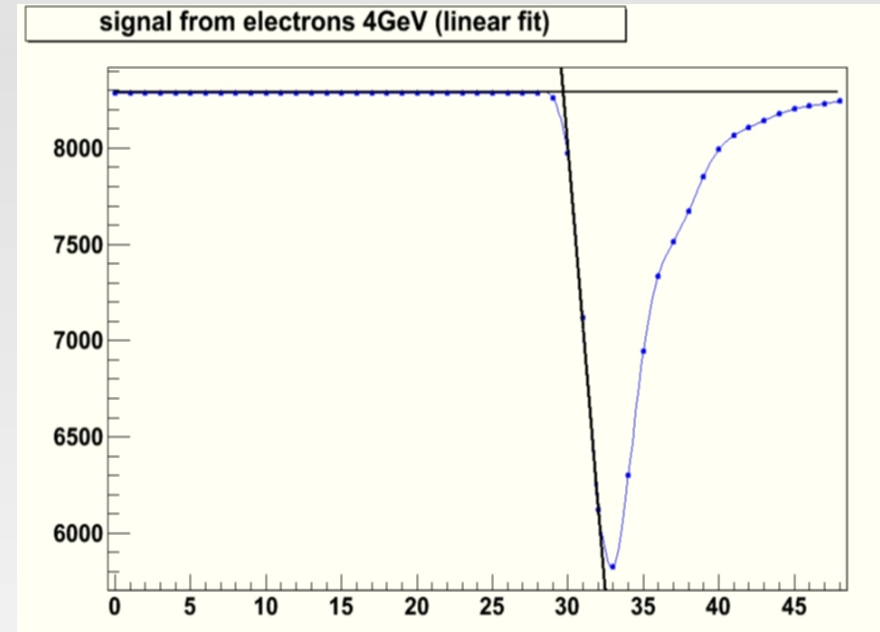
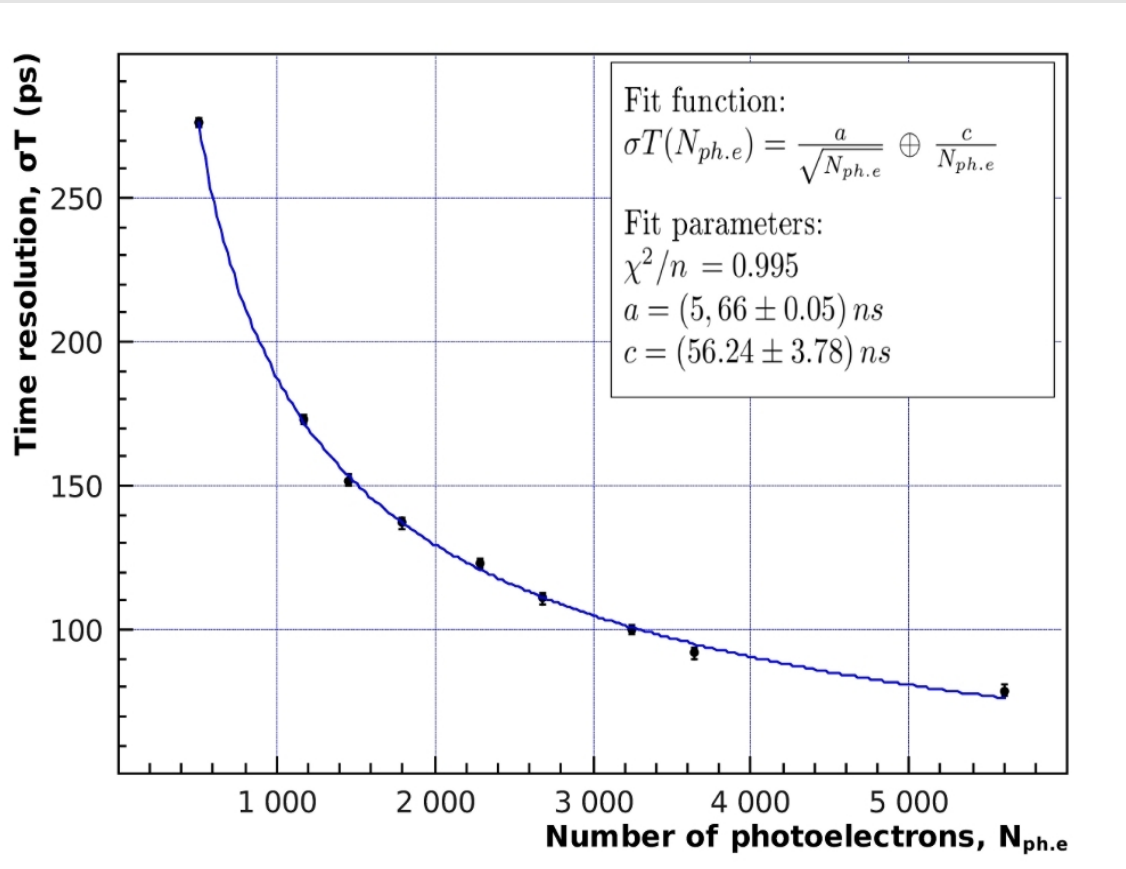
High energy physics applications: EM-calorimetry

Energy resolutions for two different modules
MAPD readout in comparison with PMT readout



High energy physics applications: EM-calorimetry

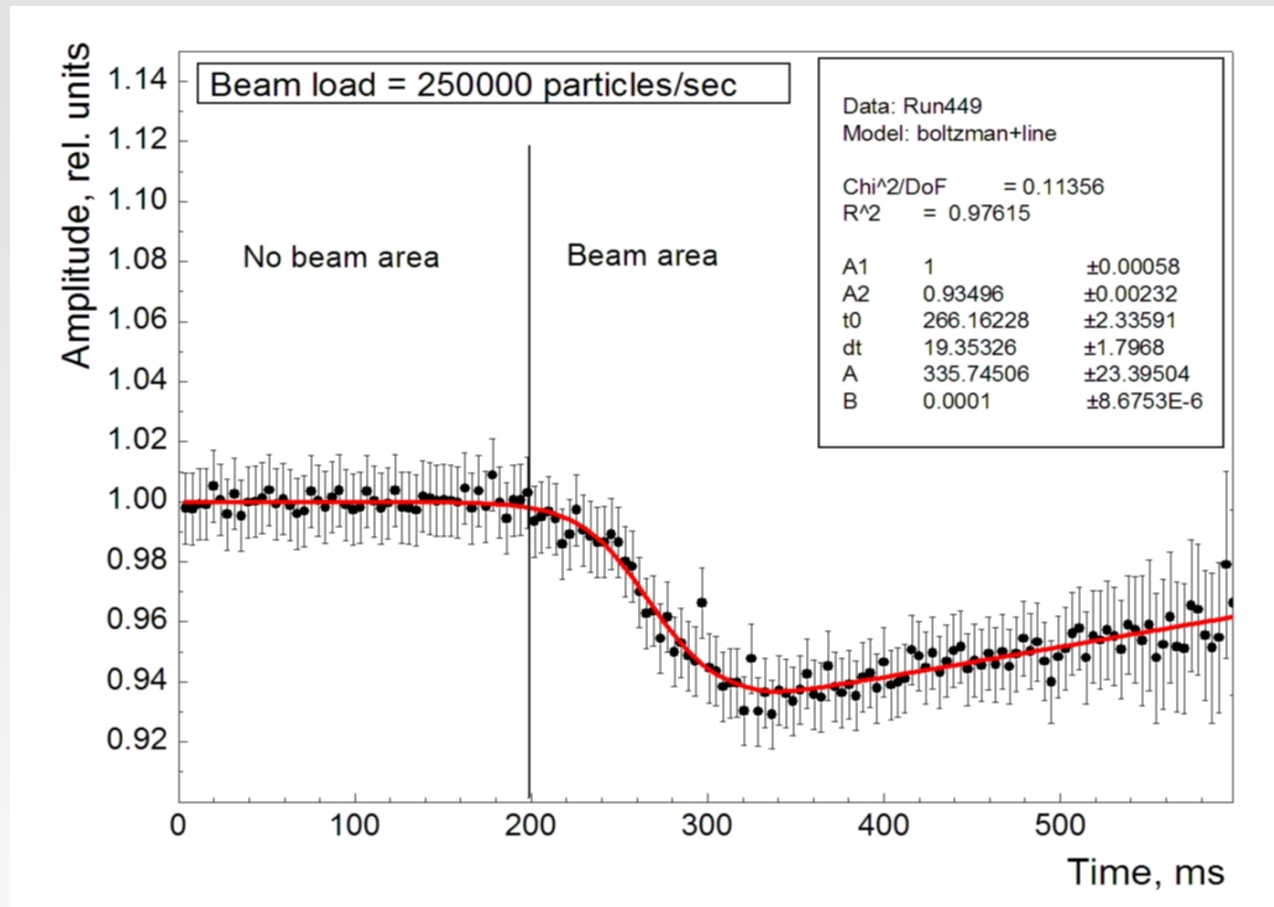
Time resolution of one channel (bundle) MAPD-3N



Sampling ADC 100 Mhz
1.6V/14-bit

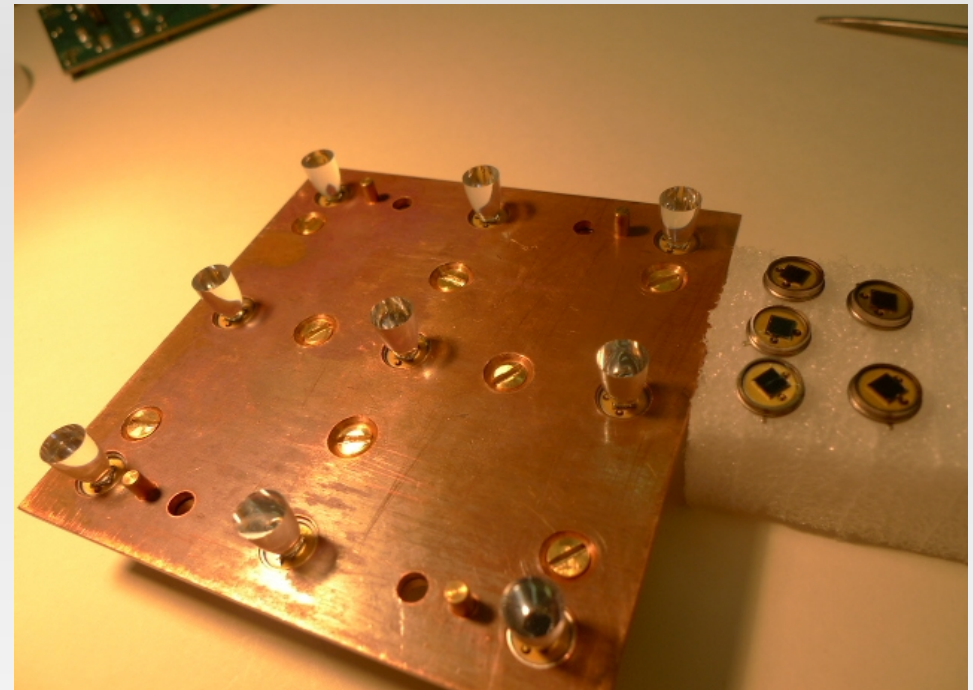
High energy physics applications: EM-calorimetry

Effect of beam load (MAPD-3A)



High energy physics applications: EM-calorimetry

Winston's cones allow
gather more light



Increasing of
MAPD sensitive area

High energy physics applications: EM-calorimetry

ECAL0 (MAPD-3B) - 9 towers

Scintillator – 4 mm

Lead - 2 mm

Distance between scintillators – 2.36 mm

Number of pair – 40 pcs.

Size of lead plates - 121.0×121.0 mm²

Size of scint. plates – 40x40 mm²

Radiation length – 16.4 mm

Total length – 254.5 mm (15.5 X₀)

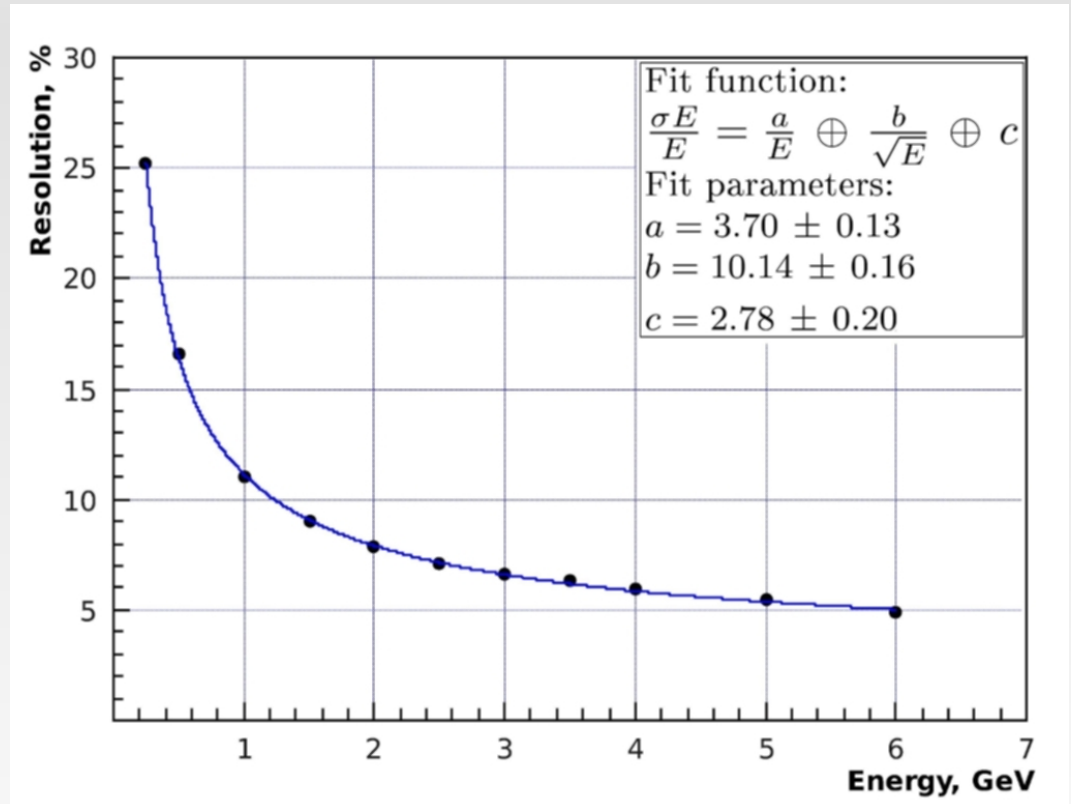
Moliere radius – 35 mm

Number of fibers – 144 pcs

Number of bundles – 9 pcs

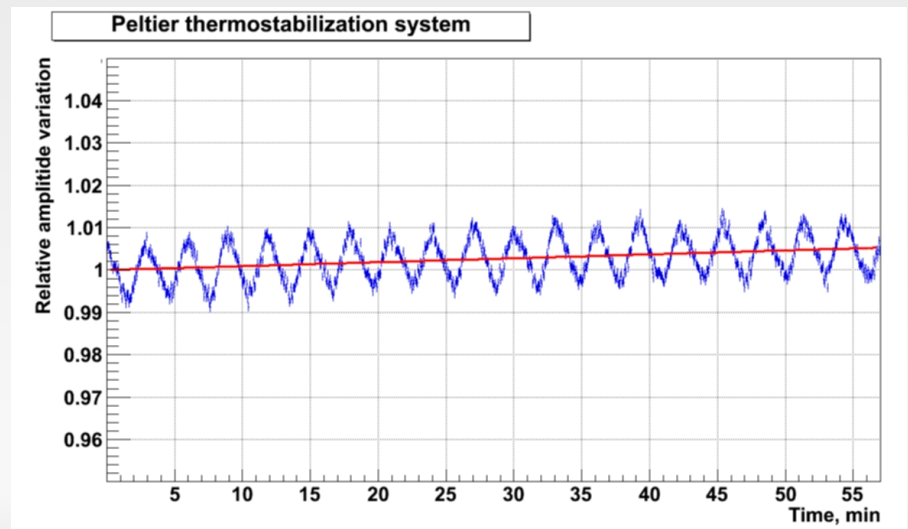
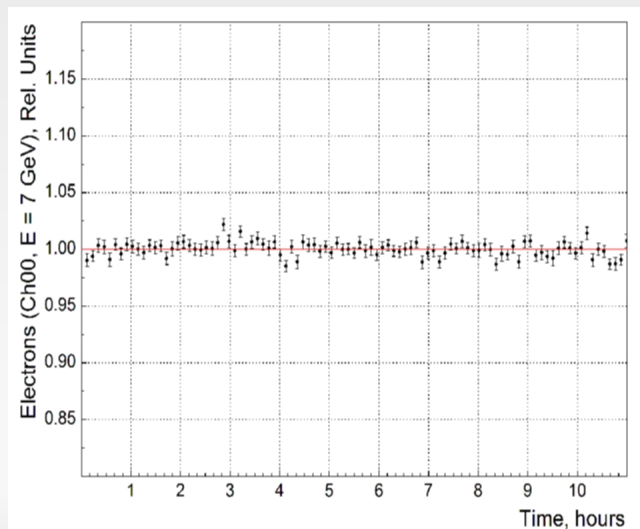
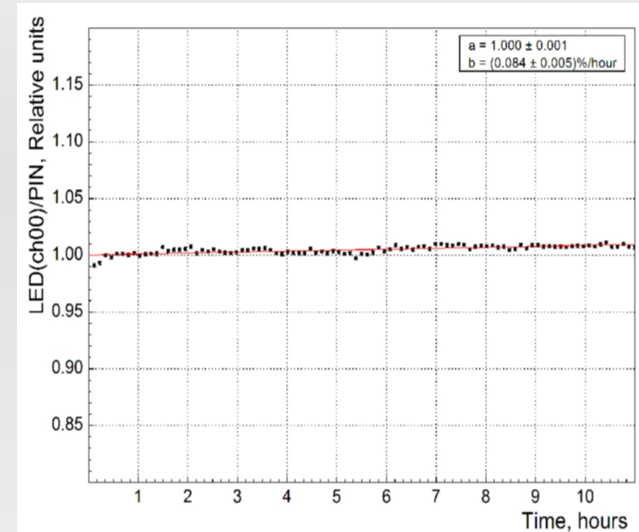
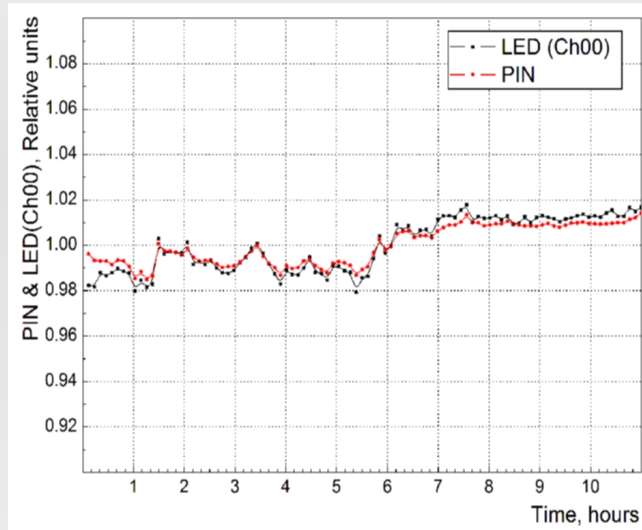
Diameter of fibers – 1.2 mm

Bundle diameter – 6.5 mm



High energy physics applications: EM-calorimetry

Thermostabilization system



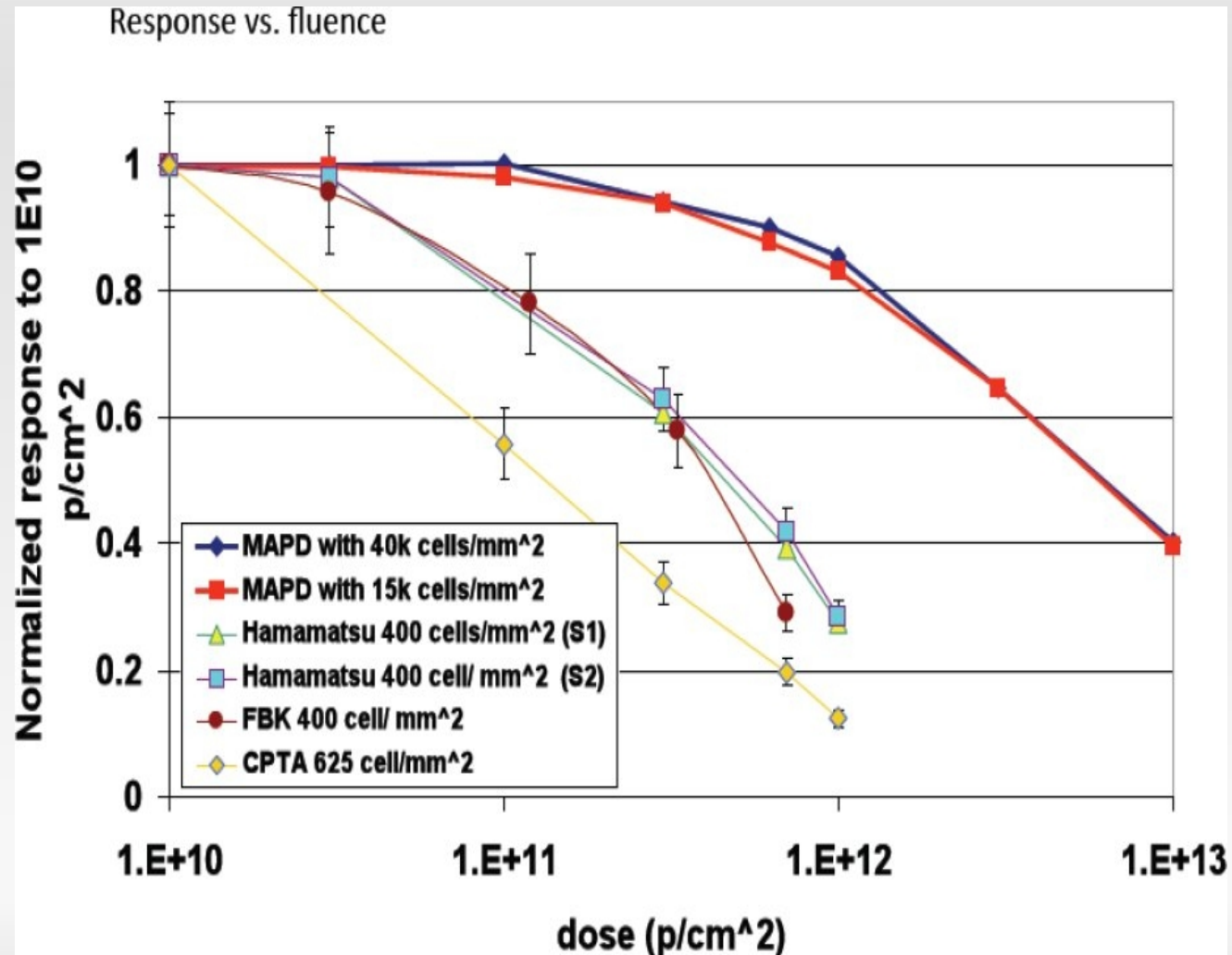
Thank you for your attention!!!

Questions???

Additional materials

Radiation Hardness (Measured by Yu. Musienko)

Irradiation by
neutrons



Additional materials

Energy spectra (comparison 9-MAPD & PMT)

