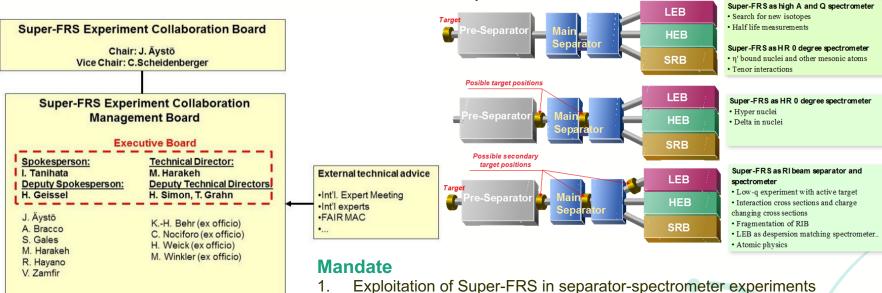
Super-FRS Experiment Collaboration: Day-1 configuration

Tuomas Grahn Helsinki Institute of Physics & University of Jyväskylä

On behalf of the Super-FRS Experiment Collaboration

ECE & ECSG meetings 5 November 2019

Super-FRS Experiment Collaboration



Super-FRS

Support development and construction of Super-FRS and its sub-systems

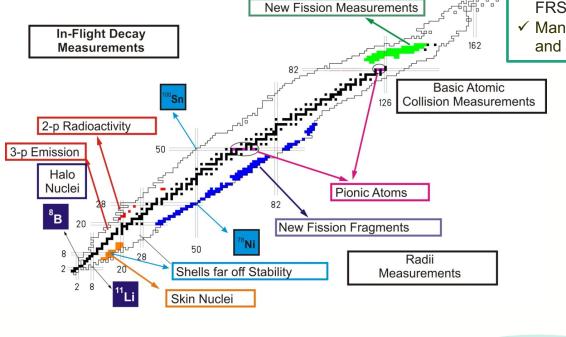
2.

Super-FRS Experiment Collaboration news



- ✓ Collaboration meeting was held in Walldorf on 17-19 June 2019
- Collaboration Agreement (CA) was circulated earlier among the participating universities/institutes
- ✓ So far 40 institutes have signed the agreement (82%) and therefore it is in force
- CA defines organisation structure, membership and best practises within the Collaboration
 T. Grahn | ECE & ECSG meetings | 4-5 Nov 2019

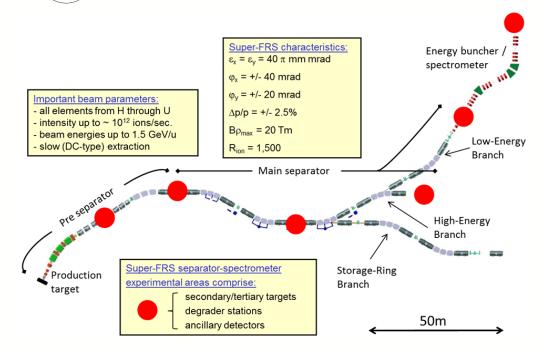
Landmarks from FRS Experiments 1990-2014



Super-FRS Experiment Collaboration

- Experimental programme emerges from the (pilot) separator-spectrometer experiments performed at FRS
- ✓ Mandate is to support the realisation of Super-FRS and pursue its experimental programme

I. Tanihata et al., GSI Report 2014-4 doi:10.15120/GR-2014-4



Super-FRS separator-spectrometer

- ✓ High-energy primary beams of FAIR, high momentum-resolution multiple-stage spectrometer with large acceptance and flexible ion-optical settings ⇒ rendering *unique science programme*
- ✓ Versatile, multiple-stage spectrometer experiments by different combinations of separator sections
- Large part of the physics programme can be carried out by using the standard Super-FRS detectors
- ✓ Appealing addition to the NUSTAR experiment portfolio

Science topics

✓ Super-FRS for high mass and charge resolution (early stage)

- 1. Rare isotope yields and limits of existence
- 2. Atomic collision studies at relativistic energies

$\checkmark~$ Super-FRS as high-energy and high-resolution spectrometer

- 3. Spectroscopy of meson-nucleus bound system (mesonic atoms)
- 4. Exotic hypernuclei and their properties
- 5. Effect of tensor forces in nuclear structure at high momentum transfer
- 6. Delta resonances probing nuclear structure

✓ Super-FRS as a multi-stage separator and spectrometer

- 7. Nuclear radii, skins and state-selective momentum distributions
- 8. In-flight radioactive decays and continuum spectroscopy by particle emission (EXPERT)
- 9. Low-*q* experiments with an active target
- 10. Reaction studies and synthesis of isotopes with low-energy RIBs

Readiness for Day-1

| PSP code | Description | Responsible person | TDR editor | phase | TDR via ECE | sub- mitted | TDR date | TDR number |
|------------------|--|--|-------------------------|---------|----------------|----------------|----------|---------------|
| 1.2.10 | Super-FRS Experiments | Isao Tanihata | | | | | | |
| 1.2.10.1 | Infrastructure, DAQ, ancillary systems | Stephane Pietri (GSI, Germany) | Stephane Pietri | Day one | Yes | 2019 | May 2019 | 2_39 |
| 1.2.10.2 | Cylindrical Detector System (CDS)* | Kenta Itahashi (RIKEN, Japan) | Take Saito | Phase 1 | Yes | 2024 | Jul 24 | 2_42 |
| 1.2.10.3 | Pion detection system* | Take Saito (GSI, Germany) | | Phase 0 | | | | |
| 1.2.10.4 | Liquid hydrogen target | Alexandre Obertelli (TU Darmstadt, Germany) | Alexandre Obertelli | Phase 1 | Yes | 2021 | Jul 21 | 2_40 |
| 1.2.10.5 | Tensor force detection system and chamber | Hooi Jin Ong & Takahiro Kawabata (Osaka) | Hooi Jin Ong & Takahiro | Day one | Yes | 2021 | Jul 21 | 2_41 |
| 1.2.10.6 | Ice target | Takahiro Kawabata & Hooi Jin Ong (Osaka) | Kawabata | Day one | 105 | 2021 | 50121 | 2_41 |
| 1.2.10.7 | EXPERT | Ivan Mukha (GSI, Germany) | Ivan Mukha | Phase 1 | yes | 2016 | Sep 16 | 2_38 |
| 1.2.10. 8 *** | CSC adaptation/application for physics Topic 10c of Super- FRS Experiment Collaboration** | Wolfgang Plaß (GSI/Giessen) | Wolfgang Plaß | Day one | yes | 2018 | Aug 18 | 2_02 |

WASA, Phase 0: For information only Not to be scrutinized.

Science topics

✓ Super-FRS for high mass and charge resolution (early stage)

- **1.** Rare isotope yields and limits of existence
- 2. Atomic collision studies at relativistic energies
- ✓ Super-FRS as high-energy and high-resolution spectrometer
 - 3. Spectroscopy of meson-nucleus bound system (mesonic atoms)
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 - 5. Effect of tensor forces in nuclear structure at high momentum transfer
 - 6. Delta resonances probing nuclear structure
- ✓ Super-FRS as a multi-stage separator and spectrometer
 - 7. Nuclear radii, skins and state-selective momentum distributions
 - 8. In-flight radioactive decays and continuum spectroscopy by particle emission (EXPERT)
 - 9. Low-q experiments with an active target
 - 10. Reaction studies and synthesis of isotopes with low-energy RIBs

Standard Super-FRS detectors/equipment

Large part of the equipment needed in the Super-FRS Experiment Collaboration Day-1 experiments are standard Super-FRS equipment:

- > Targets
- Degraders
- Beam profile/intensity monitors
- Detectors for particle identification

These are items in the ACC-CB and *already funded* by FAIR.

Additional equipment are and will be funded outside the FAIR budget.





Submitted TDRs vs. experiments/science topics



Infrastructure TDR

Describes the equipment needed in the most of the experiments.

Data acquisition (NUSTAR DAQ):

- Some additional equipment needed (increased performance, closer location)
- In total 134 k€, Day-1 configuration 44 k€ (fully funded)

Other: vacuum components 6 k€, plastic scintillator 40 k€ (also funded)

| Element | Number | Cost per unit | Cost total | | |
|------------------|--------|---------------|------------------|--|--|
| Pendulum valve | 3 | 40 000 € | 120 000 € | | |
| Windows and pump | 3 | 2 000 € | 6 000 € | | |
| 60l dewar | 2 | 15 000 € | 30 000 € | | |
| LN2 piping | 20 m | 300 €/m | 6 000 € | | |
| Total | | | 162 000 € | | |

| | Super-FRS exp. collab. D2, E2, H2 | | | |
|------------------------|---|----------------|--|--|
| SEPs | | | | |
| | Units | Cost [kEUR] | | |
| VME | 9 | | | |
| VME crate | 3 | 18 | | |
| SLM VULOM-X | 12 | 48 | | |
| Opt. trans. x12 | 76 | 7.6 | | |
| Timing | | | | |
| BuTiS rec. | 0 | 0 | | |
| BuTiS ref. gen. | 0 | 0 | | |
| WR rec. | 3 | 3 | | |
| WR sw. | 3 | 7.5 | | |
| Network | | | | |
| Switch (48+4) | 4 | 8 | | |
| Optical trans. 40-4x10 | 1 | 5 | | |
| Optical trans. 10 | 4 | 6 | | |
| Computing | | | | |
| File server | .5 | 7.5 | | |
| Netw. card+cable | 2 | 1.5 | | |
| Racks | | | | |
| Racks | 15 | 22.5 | | |
| Sums | | 134.6 | | |
| Ine focal pla | îne | i.e. | | |

Infrastructure TDR

The funded part for the Day-1 configuration makes it possible to run experiments for the following topics:

- > Topic 1: New isotope search, cross section, reaction mechanism
- Topic 2: Atomic collisions

And if using the existing GSI MUSIC detectors, also

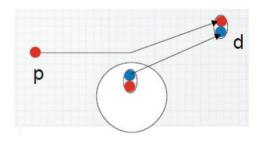
Topic 7: Radii and momentum distributions



Tensor force detection system and chamber & ice target TDRs

To be submitted in 2021. Addresses the equipment required for Topic 5: Effect of tensor forces in nuclear structure at high momentum transfer.

The Japanese and Chinese institutions have already equipment largely available. These existing detectors can be used for Day-1 experiments. New devices can be constructed when more funding becomes available.

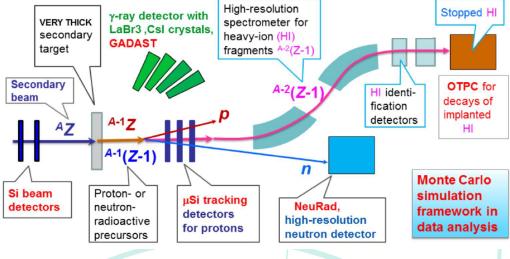




EXPERT TDR

Was submitted in 2016 and subsequently approved by ECE.

Part of the equipment exists already and therefore the EXPERT set up is ready for Day-1 experiments





Cryogenic Stopping Cell (CSC) for LEB of Super-FRS (MATS, LaSPEC)

- > TDR was submitted in 2018. The prototype exists and is in use for Phase-0.
- Will be used, together with MR-TOF-MS, for mass measurements (Topic 1)
- CSC will be adapted for Topic 10 (MNT reactions, beta-delayed neutron emission)



Conclusions

- Day-1 (funded by outside FAIR sources) configuration is defined by the previous TDRs
- Most important: Super-FRS Experiment Collaboration is in a position to carry out unique experiments at Day 1
- Complementarity and collaboration: Super-FRS Experiment Collaboration aims to complement NUSTAR science portfolio and collaborate with other NUSTAR sub-collaborations
 - ✓ This is already happening with DESPEC and Phase-0 experiments

Thank You.

Existing equipment-EXPERT

| Responsible person: | A. Fomichev | Ins | stitute and fu | inding | |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| Estimated cost/value (k€) | Status | Responsible person | Institute | Country | Funding source |
| 5711 | ready 50%, expected to be ready completely in 2021 | V. Chudoba | Silesian Uni,Opawa | Czech | Silesian Univ. |
| /1511 | prototype tested, expected to be available and ready in 2025 | A. Fomichev | Flevov Institute | Russia | JINR Dubna |
| 220 | - | M. Pfutzner | Warsaw University | Poland | Warsaw Univ. |
| | ready 100%, new version will be available and ready in 2021 | A. Fomichev | Flevov Institute | Russia | JINR Dubna |
| 300 | ready 25%, new electronics will be available and ready in 2021 | A. Fomichev | Flevov Institute | Russia | JINR Dubna |
| bU | expected to be available and ready in 2025 | A. Fomichev | Flevov Institute | Russia | JINR Dubna |
| 50 | expected to be available and ready in 2020 | L. Grigorenko | Flevov Institute | Russia | JINR Dubna |
| | Estimated cost/value (k€) 370 450 220 540 300 60 | Estimated cost/value (k€)Status370ready 50%, expected to be ready completely in 2021450prototype tested, expected to be available and ready in 2025220old version ready 100%, new version expected to be available and ready in 2025540ready 100%, new version will be available and ready in 2021300ready 25%, new electronics will be available and ready in 202160expected to be available and ready in 202550expected to be available and ready available and ready available and ready in 2021 | Estimated cost/value (k€)StatusResponsible person370ready 50%, expected to be ready completely in 2021V. Chudoba450prototype tested, expected to be available and ready in 2025A. Fomichev220old version ready 100%, new version expected to be available and ready in 2025M. Pfutzner540ready 100%, new version will be available and ready in 2025A. Fomichev300ready 25%, new electronics will be available and ready in 2021A. Fomichev60expected to be available and ready in 2025A. Fomichev50expected to be available and ready in 2025A. Fomichev | Estimated cost/value (k€)StatusResponsible personInstitute370ready 50%, expected to be ready completely in 2021V. ChudobaSilesian Uni,Opawa450prototype tested, expected to | Estimated cost/value (k€)StatusResponsible personInstituteCountry370ready 50%, expected to be ready completely in 2021V. ChudobaSilesian Uni,OpawaCzech450prototype tested, expected to be available and ready in 2025A. FomichevFlevov InstituteRussia220old version ready 100%, new version expected to be available and ready in 2025M. PfutznerWarsaw UniversityPoland540ready 100%, new version will be available and ready in 2021A. FomichevFlevov InstituteRussia300ready 25%, new electronics will be available and ready in 2021A. FomichevFlevov InstituteRussia60expected to be available and ready in 2025A. FomichevFlevov InstituteRussia60expected to be available and ready in 2025A. FomichevFlevov InstituteRussia |

Existing equipment–Tensor force studies

| Topic 5: Tensor force | | Responsible person: | Institute and funding | | | | |
|--|--|------------------------------|---|--------------------|---|---------|-------------------|
| Item name | Source | Estimated cost/value (k€) | Status | Responsible person | Institute | Country | Funding source |
| Detectors for protons and neutrons at backward angles (BAND) | Equipment will be used which is already existing at Collaborating Partner Institute or at GSI | 40 | One of the two detectors exists and has been tested; the other detector is under construction, funding is available | HJ. Ong | RCNP, Osaka | Japan | RCNP |
| Cryogenic H2O target | Equipment will be used which is already existing at Collaborating Partner Institute or at GSI | 20 | The existing device can be used; a new device will be constructed if funding becomes available | T. Kawabata | Departme nt of Physics, Osaka Univ. | Japan | Osaka Univ. |
| Active proton target | New, TDR will be prepared (2021) | 20 | Under development, expected to be available in 2025 | HJ. Ong | RCNP, Osaka | Japan | RCNP |
| Fiber scintillator detectors | New, TDR will be prepared (2021) | 210 | One of the two detectors exists; the other detector is under construction | S. Terashima | Beihang Univ. | China | Beihang Univ. |