

## Band Occupation and Optical properties of Warm Dense Gold

*Thursday, 30 January 2020 08:30 (25 minutes)*

Intense and short laser pulses can be used to create dense plasma or warm dense matter. States under these extreme conditions are very complex and new experimental methods as well theoretical approaches are required. After excitation with a laser pulse, electrons are driven out of thermodynamic equilibrium. They then relax on a few femtoseconds. However, there exists different types of nonequilibria which can relax on a different timescale. For gold excited with optical photons, two main bands are generally involved, namely the  $5d$ -valence band and the  $6sp$ -conduction band.

In this contribution, we focus on the case where a temperature has already been established within the electrons. Moreover, due to fast energy exchange between the bands, the electrons of both bands quickly reach a joint temperature. However, since particle exchange requires much longer time, the occupation of the bands stays much longer in nonequilibrium. We model electron dynamics in gold using a set of rate equations which trace the occupation numbers of the bands as well as the energy balance. These predictions are then used to calculate the optical properties, like the reflectivity and compared with time-resolved measurements.

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**Session Classification:** High-Intensity Lasers and Applications in HED Science III