The Compressed Baryonic Matter Experiments





Outline:

Reminder: Physics caseStatus of experiments(HADES & CBM)Day-1 Setup(> 2024)FAIR Phase 0 program(2018 - 2024)

C.B.M. – Collaborations



CBM Collaboration: 436 members, 11 countries



HADES Collaboration: 139 members, 9 countries







Dense Baryonic Matter





Neutron stars

Temperature T < 10 MeV

Density $\rho < 10 \rho_0$ Lifetime

T ~ infinity



Neutron star merger

Temperature T < 50 MeV

Density $\rho < 2 - 6 \rho_0$

Reaction time (GW170817)T ~ 10 ms

Heavy ion collisions at SIS100



<u>Compressed Baryonic Matter</u>

Temperature T < 120 MeV

Density ρ < 8ρ₀

Reaction time $t \sim 10^{-23} s$

Isospin symmetric matter

Neutron star merger





CBM – Goals





Mission:

Systematically explore QCD matter at large baryon densities with high accuracy and rare probes.

Fundamental questions:

Equation of State of QCD matter at neutron star densities Phase structure of QCD matter Chiral symmetry restoration at large densities Bound states with strangeness Charm in dense baryonic matter

Baryon densities in central Au+Au collisions





CBM physics and observables

QCD equation-of-state

- collective flow of identified particles
- particle production at threshold energies

Phase transition

- excitation function of hyperons
- excitation function of LM lepton pairs

Critical point

event-by-event fluctuations of conserved quantities

Chiral symmetry restoration at large ρ_B

- in-medium modifications of hadrons
- dileptons at intermediate invariant masses

Strange matter

- (double-) lambda hypernuclei
- Search for meta-stable objects (e.g. strange dibaryons)

Heavy flavour in cold and dense matter

excitation function of charm production







CBM – experimental efforts





CBM's unique feature: Comprehensive high statistics measurement of rare probes

CBM data processing system





Reaction rate Au + Au:

10⁷ collisions per second

Data rate:

~ 1 TB/s





Main features:

- radiation tolerant detectors and front-end electronics
- free streaming (triggerless) data with time stamps,
- software based event selection

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CBM experimental setup (day-1)





- Tracking acceptance: $2^{\circ} < \theta_{lab} < 25^{\circ}$
- Free streaming DAQ
- R_{int} = 10 MHz (Au+Au)

R_{int} ≈ 0.5 MHz full bandwith: Det. – Entry nodes reduced bandwidth Entry nodes – Comp. farm

with R_{int} (MVD)=0.1 MHz

 Software based event selection

Day-1 setup funding: ~ 90% secured

Day-1 setup = MSV (Phase-1) setup - Compute Performance - ECAL

Physics potential of Day-1 configuration



Unique, unprecedented measurements in SIS100 energy range

- excitation function of dilepton yields (e^+e^- , $\mu^+\mu^-$)
- excitation function of multi strange hyperon production



CBM & HADES physics programs are endorsed by JSC.

CBM Technical Design Reports



#	Project	TDR Status
1	Magnet	approved 2013
2	STS	approved 2013
3	RICH	approved 2014
4	TOF	approved 2015
5	MuCh	approved 2015
6	PSD	approved 2015
7	TRD	approved 2018
8	MVD	submission 2019
9a	Online Systems: DAQ	submission 2019
9b	Online Systems: FLES	submission 2020
10	ECAL	submission t.b.d.



December 2017

FAIR / CBM schedule



as presented in ECE 26.7.2017



- Dec '21 to Jul '22
- Dec '22
- Dec '22 to Jun '24
- Mar '23
- Jun '24 to Mar '25

1st installation window Building acceptance Installation & commissioning w/o beam Cryo: DB2 cold; cool down CBM Magnet Commissioning beam from SIS100

*Rebaselining of project planned for end 2018 !

Progress in developments



Magnet

GSI Darmstadt, BINP Novosibirsk, JINR Dubna



PDR in Apr. 19



2 modules ready for mCBM

MVD IKF Frankfurt,

IPHC Strasbourg, Pusan Nat'l Univ.



TDR in 2019

TOF

THU Beijing, NIPNE Bucharest, GSI Darmstadt, TU Darmstadt, USTC Hefei, Univ. Heidelberg, ITEP Moscow, HZDR Rossendorf, CCNU Wuhan



STS

GSI Darmstadt, JINR Dubna, KIT Karlsruhe, JU Crakow, AGH Crakov, KINR Kiev, Univ. Tübingen, Warsaw UT



Full 2sided ro demostrated, sensor contracting started

PSD INR Moscow, TU Darmstadt, CTU Prague, NPI Rez



Preproduction and tests Response studies at CERN Data sync. within Confirmed TDR performance subsys. demonstrated pr

RICH

Univ. Giessen, Univ. Wuppertal, PNPI Gatchina, GSI Darmstadt



MAPMT ready for HADES beam.

DAQ GSI Darmstadt KIT Karlsruhe Warsaw UT IRI Frankfurt



TRD NIPNE Bucharest, Univ. Frankfurt, Univ. Heidelberg,

Univ. Münster

2 chambers operational for mCBM beam.

FLES FIAS Frankfurt Univ. Frankfurt





Concept. Design done, prototype FLESnet running

14



	Component/ Sub-System	TDR	Cost [k€ 2005]	Funding	Construction	Construction completed	Test/ Commissioning
Day-1	Micro Vertex Detector (MVD)		914			09/2023	
	Silicon Tracking System (STS)		9504			02/2024	
	Ring Image Cherenkov Detector (RICH)		3697			07/2023	
	Muon Detector (MUCH)		6138			03/2024	
	Transition Radiation Detector (TRD)		2544			01/2024	
	Time of Flight System (TOF)		5857			12/2023	
	Projectile Spectator Detector (PSD)		944			11/2021	
	Dipol Magnet		3758			09/2022	
	Online Systems (DAQ and FLES)		1896			06/2023	
	Infrastructure		2273			01/2023	
		86% value weighted	37525	87%	10%		
				secured	value weighted		
Phase-0 (SIS18) & Day-1 (SIS100)	HADES upgrade		2453			03/2023	

CBM organisation





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8th RRB Meeting, GSI, Nov. 26 - 27, 2018

CBM – FAIR Phase 0 projects (2018 – 2024)



- 1. Install, commission and use 430 out of 1100 CBM RICH multi-anode photo-multipliers (MAPMT) including FEE in HADES RICH photon detector
- 2. Install, commission and use 10% of the CBM TOF modules including read-out chain at STAR/RHIC (BES II 2019/2020)
- Upgrade BM@N experiment with 4 Silicon stations of CBM/STS design in the BM@N experiment at the Nuclotron JINR/Dubna (Au-beams in late 2020)
- 4. Install, commission and use the Project Spectator Detector at the BM@N experiment
- 5. mini CBM (mCBM@SIS18) demonstrator for full CBM data taking and analysis chain





Phase-0: Ag+Ag, 1.65A GeV @ SIS18



Expected dielectron invariant mass spectrum



Access for the first time at this collision energies intermediate mass range

Participating CBM groups: Univ. Wuppertal Univ. Giessen **GSI** Darmstadt Univ. Frankfurt **TU Darmstadt**



 4.5×10^9 events

10 kHz trigger rate

for Feb/Mar 2019



(Multi)-Strangeness in Ag+Ag. Understanding of the Ξ^- excess.



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HADES upgrades



HADES Spectrometer



RICH Upgrade



✓ RICH (HADES/CBM phase 0 project) – finished, ready for beam

- Gain in lepton pair detection efficiency (x 3)
- Improved background/noise rejection:
 - Better conversion pair rejection
 - Precise time information (down to 300ps precision)
- Joint (CBM/PANDA/HADES) development of read-out system based on TRB3 platform.

✓ Electromagnetic Calorimeter – 4 sectors ready for beam in 2019

- π0 and η decays into γγ channel
- Electromagnetic decays of baryonic resonances
- Improved e/π separation: important for di-electron spectroscopy
- Proven technology: lead glass modules read out with Hamamatsu PMTs
- ✓ MDC readout upgrade Installation in 2020
 - Multi-hit TDC (TRB based) essential for high rate experiments
 - Read-out trigger rate increase from 50 kHz to 200 kHz
- ✓ Forward Detector (HADES/PANDA phase 0 project) installation in 2019
 - Enhance HADES capabilities for exclusive channels forward region
 - Hyperon production and EM decays
 - PID via TOF, dE/dx(straw tube) no magnetic field

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6th FAIR/GSI Joint Scientific Council, Darmstadt, Nov.8,2018

HADES Calorimeter



MDC readout upgrade

Installation in 2020





π Beam experiments with HADES at GSIHADES



2.0

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eTOF & HPC software in STAR at RHIC (BNL)





USTC Hefei

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CCNU Wuhan

Transfer of modules to FAIR (2022/23)

CBM-STAR eTOF: module production & test in HD



CBM-STAR eTOF: status



Nov. 23, 2018: all eTOF modules installed and functional, SW integration ongoing.

24-1

1-8

15-1

Phase-0: STS & PSD in BM@N (JINR)





BM@N timeline: NICA white paper

(Eur. Phys. J. A (2016) 213

- 2018 Installation of PSD detector (MoU signed)
- 2020 Au beams from Nuclotron
- 2020 Installation of 4 Si Tracking Stations (MoU signed)

Participating CBM groups: GSI Darmstadt, Univ. Tübingen, JINR Dubna, INR Moscow



PSD calorimeter (synergies with usage in NA61/shine)





CBM Phase-0: mCBM





Common effort of all CBM groups!

8th RRB Meeting, GSI, Nov. 26 - 27, 2018

granted by G-PAC

mCBM (Nov. 2018)

mSTS

mMUCH

mTRD

mTOF

0

diamond target

mCBM program: Q1 2019 detector & daq commisioning Q1 2020 high rate demonstrator Q1 2021 physics benchmark (Λ – prod) Q1 2022 physics: Λ – excitation function

Summary / Conclusion

CBM scientific program at SIS100 is unique

explore QCD matter at neutron star core densities employ high statistics capibility

> to achieve high-precision of multi-differential observables to enable rare processes as sensitive probes

CBM day-1 setup allows start of program with significant discovery potential

excitation function of hyperons production excitation function of di-lepton production study of light hypernuclei

CBM Phase 0 activities targeted towards usage and understanding of major components & production of physics results with CBM devices

CBM – RICH sensors & readout CBM – TOF and HPC software CBM – PSD and CBM - STS Integration of all subsystems & FLES in HADES at SIS18 in STAR at RHIC/BNL in BM@N at Nuclotron/JINR in mCBM at SIS18

CBM collaboration is open for contributions from additional groups.

CBM needs the sustained support of all funding agencies for HW and SW projects.

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