

Update on the $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \Xi\Xi$ Analysis

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Uppsala University
on behalf of the \bar{P} ANDA collaboration

\bar{P} ANDA collaboration meeting

November 05-09, 2018

GSI



Outline

- Feasibility studies of $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \Xi^+ \Xi^-$ at $p_{\text{beam}} = 7.0 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Spin observables extraction using spin density matrix formalism
- Will be presented on Thursday during plenary sessions

In this presentation

- Test effects on reconstruction efficiency when changing differential cross section
- Test feasibility of measuring spin observables of $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \Xi^+ \Xi^-$ at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$

Simulation parameters

Simulations are done with:

- Release dec17p2b.
- fairsoft_may16p1
- Fairroot v17.10b

Decay of Ξ handled by Geant4:

- Ensures propagation of Ξ in B -field
- Event sample: $\sim 8.5 \cdot 10^5$

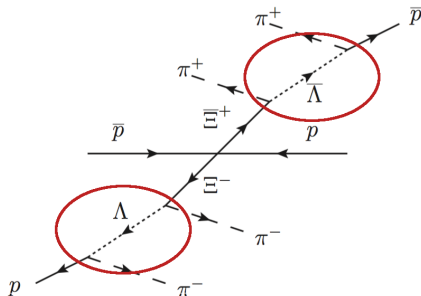
Parameters:

- Antiproton beam:
 $p_{\bar{p}} = 7.0 \text{ GeV}/c$
 $p_{\bar{p}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Full Detector Setup
- Ideal Mass Hypothesis for Kalman Filter
- Ideal Pattern Recognition
- Ideal Particle Identification

Preselection - first set

Preselection criteria:

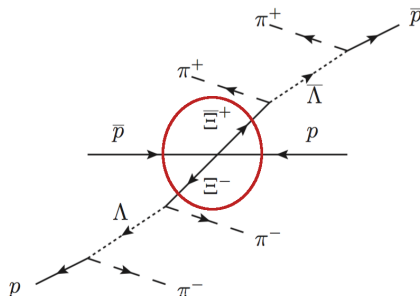
- Combine $p\pi^-$ to form Λ candidates
- Select $|m_\Lambda - M(p\pi^-)| < 50 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- Combine $\Lambda\pi^-$ to form Ξ^- candidates
- Select $|m_\Xi - M(\Lambda\pi^-)| < 50 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- DTF $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^- \rightarrow p\pi^-\pi^-$
- Repeat for Ξ^+ candidates
- Combine $\Xi^+\Xi^-$ to form $\bar{p}p$ system



Preselection - second set

Final selection criteria:

- Vertex fit $\Xi^+ \Xi^-$
To propagate variables from vertex to IP
- Select $\angle(\Xi^+ \Xi^-) > 3 \text{ rad}$
- Select $\Delta z = z(\Lambda) - z(\Xi) > 0 \text{ cm}$
- Four constraint fit $\Xi^+ \Xi^-$
- Choose $\Xi^+ \Xi^-$ pair with smallest 4C fit χ^2



Preselection 1st set at $p_{\text{beam}} = 7.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

Sample	True	False	T/F	ϵ
$\bar{\Lambda}$	4.72×10^5	4.75×10^5	0.90	55%
Λ	4.84×10^5	5.39×10^5	0.99	57%
Ξ^+	3.65×10^5	3.71×10^5	0.98	43%
Ξ^-	3.73×10^5	3.49×10^5	1.1	44%
$\Xi^+ \Xi^-$ 1st	8.9×10^4	1.2×10^4	7.6	10.4%

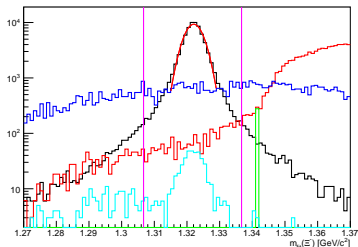
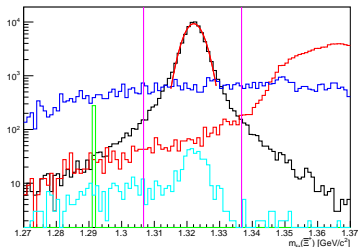
- Efficiency of 10.4% after first set of preselection
- Must impose further selection and choose one candidate per event
- Consider background channels

Final Selection - Ξ Invariant Mass at $p_{\text{beam}} = 7.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

- Gaussian fit: $m_{\text{fit}}(\Xi^+) = 1322.1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
and $\sigma_{\text{fit}}(\Xi^+) = 3.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- Gaussian fit: $m_{\text{fit}}(\Xi^-) = 1322.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
and $\sigma_{\text{fit}}(\Xi^-) = 3.0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

Select $|m_{\text{fit}}(\Xi) - m_{\text{pdg}}(\Xi)| < 15 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

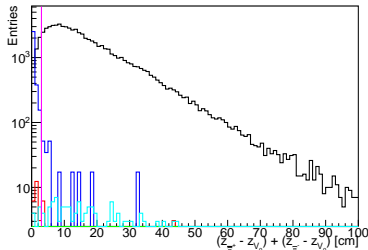
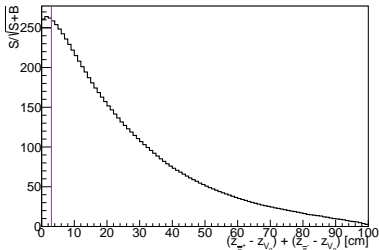
- Black - $\Xi^+ \Xi^-$
- Red - $\bar{\Sigma}^+(1385)$
- Blue - $\bar{\Lambda} \Lambda \pi^+ \pi^-$
- Green - $\bar{p} p 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$
- Cyan - Combi.



Final Selection - Displaced Vertex at $p_{\text{beam}} = 7.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

I.P reconstructed with vertex fit

- Ξ displaced from I.P
- Select
 $(z(\Xi^+) - z(V_0)) + (z(\Xi^-) - z(V_0)) > 3$
- Black - $\Xi^+ \Xi^-$
- Red - $\bar{\Sigma}^+(1385)$
- Blue - $\bar{\Lambda} \Lambda \pi^+ \pi^-$
- Green - $\bar{p} p 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$
- Cyan - Combi.



Final Efficiencies

Limits are 90% C.L.

Channel	$\Xi^+\Xi^-$	$\bar{\Sigma}(1385)^+\Sigma(1385)^-$	$\bar{\Lambda}\Lambda 2\pi^+2\pi^-$	$\bar{p}p 2\pi^+2\pi^-$	DPM
Sample	8.5×10^5	10×10^7	10×10^7	10×10^7	10×10^7
$\sigma_{\text{eff}} [\mu\text{b}]$	0.123	4.33	24.1	390	58 300
Weight factor	1	3.06	17.06	278	41 214
Preselection 2nd	7.83×10^4	3.15×10^4	3.51×10^3	1	14
Final selection	6.76×10^4	3	14	0	0
N weighted	6.76×10^4	9	239	0	0
S/B	420	7.4×10^3	283	> 106	> 0.7

- Final signal efficiency of $\epsilon = 7.9\%$
- High purity, $S/B > 100$ across relevant background channels

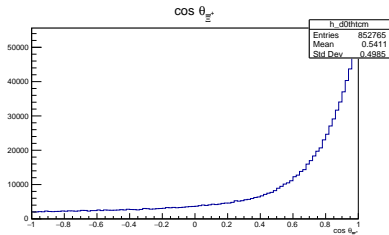
Differential cross section

Introduce forward-peaking distribution and
see change in final efficiency

Forward peaking distributions

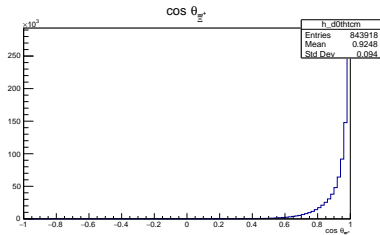
Angular distribution modeled with empirical function, t' reduced momentum transfer

$$I \propto abe^{-bt'} + cde^{-dt'}$$



More lenient case

$$\epsilon = 7.5\%$$



Extreme case, parameters similar to

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}^0 \Lambda \text{ at } p_{\text{beam}} = 6.0 \text{ GeV}/c$$

$$\epsilon = 5.0\%$$

Spin Observables at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$

Feasibility of measuring spin observables at
 $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$

Preselection 1st set at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$

Sample	True	False	T/F	ϵ
$\bar{\Lambda}$	5.14×10^5	5.43×10^5	0.95	60%
Λ	5.25×10^5	6.15×10^5	0.85	62%
Ξ^+	3.87×10^5	4.07×10^5	0.95	46%
Ξ^-	3.95×10^5	4.41×10^5	0.90	46%
$\Xi^+ \Xi^-$ 1st	9.7×10^4	8.9×10^3	11	11.4%

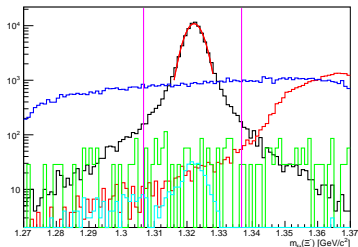
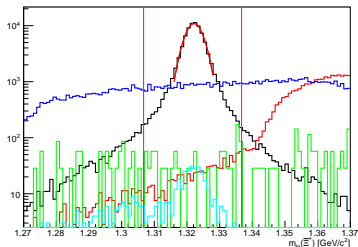
- Efficiency of 11.4% after first set of preselection
- Must impose further selection and choose one candidate per event
- Consider background channels

Final Selection - Ξ Invariant Mass at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$

- Gaussian fit: $m_{\text{fit}}(\Xi^-) = 1322.2 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
and $\sigma_{\text{fit}}(\Xi^-) = 2.8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- Gaussian fit: $m_{\text{fit}}(\Xi^+) = 1322.2 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
and $\sigma_{\text{fit}}(\Xi^+) = 2.8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

Select $|m_{\text{fit}}(\Xi) - m_{\text{pdg}}(\Xi)| < 15 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

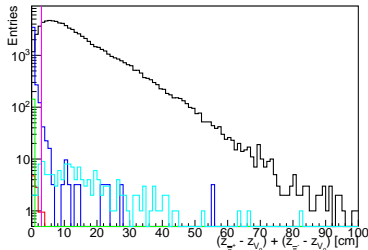
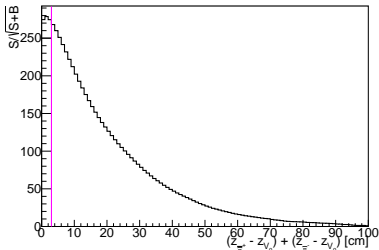
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Final Selection - Displaced Vertex at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$

I.P reconstructed with vertex fit

- Ξ displaced from I.P
- Select $(z(\Xi^+) - z(V_0)) + (z(\Xi^-) - z(V_0)) > 3$
- Black - $\Xi^+ \Xi^-$
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Final Efficiencies at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$

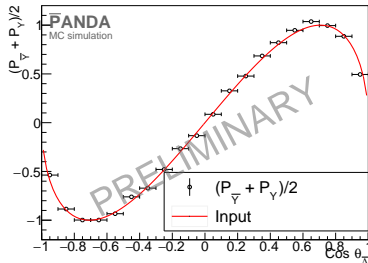
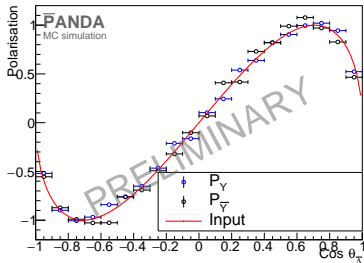
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Sample	8.5×10^5	10×10^7	10×10^7	10×10^7	10×10^7
$\sigma_{\text{eff}} [\mu\text{b}]$	0.41	4.33	14.7	130	68 800
Weight factor	1	0.946	3.21	28.6	15 087
Preselection 2nd	8.65×10^4	3.29×10^4	2.61×10^4	105	5
Final selection	7.23×10^4	1	39	0	0
N weighted	7.23×10^4	0.9	125	0	0
S/B	527	7.63×10^4	576	$> 1.1 \times 10^3$	> 2.1

- Final signal efficiency of $\epsilon = 8.5\%$, higher than $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$ case
- High purity, $S/B > 500$ across relevant background channels, purer than $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$ case

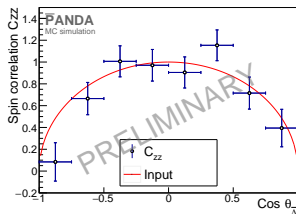
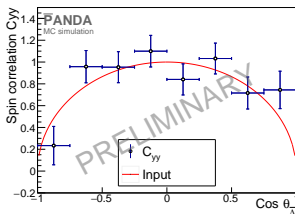
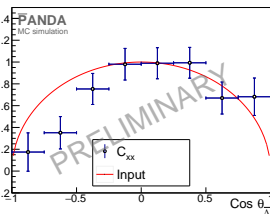
Polarisation P_y at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$

- Simulate sample of 10^7 signal events to construct acceptance correction matrices
- Acceptance correct and extract spin observables with method of moments



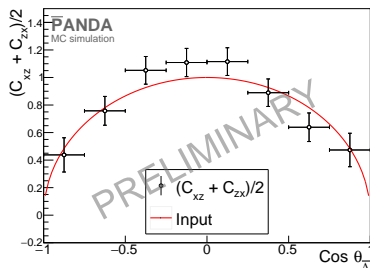
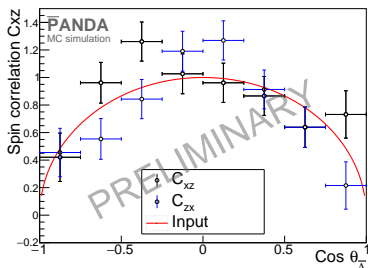
Spin Correlation C_{ii} at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$

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Spin Correlation C_{ij} at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$

- Simulate sample of 10^7 signal events to construct acceptance correction matrices
- Acceptance correct and extract spin observables with method of moments



Summary & Outlook

- Analysis at $p_{\text{beam}} = 7.0 \text{ GeV}/c$ yields a signal efficiency of $\epsilon = 7.9\%$
- Testing two forward peaking distributions yield $\epsilon = 7.5\%$ and $\epsilon = 5.0\%$
- Spin observables analysis also tested at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - Signal efficiency of $\epsilon = 8.5\%$
 - Spin observables can be extracted

Summary & Outlook

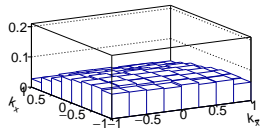
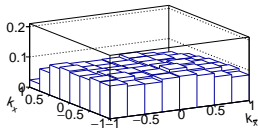
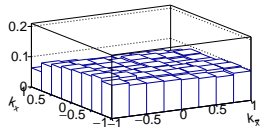
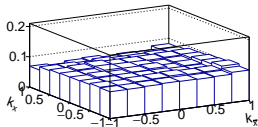
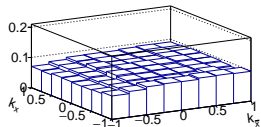
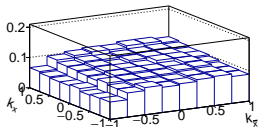
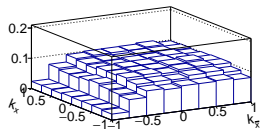
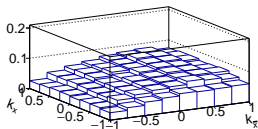
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- Testing two forward peaking distributions yield $\epsilon = 7.5\%$ and $\epsilon = 5.0\%$
- Spin observables analysis also tested at $p_{\text{beam}} = 4.6 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - Signal efficiency of $\epsilon = 8.5\%$
 - Spin observables can be extracted

Thank you for your attention!

Backup

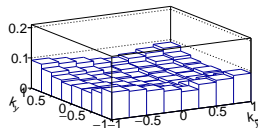
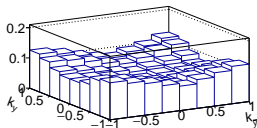
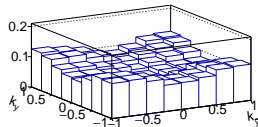
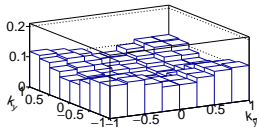
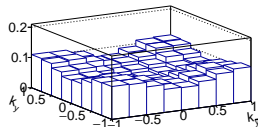
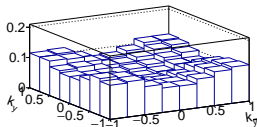
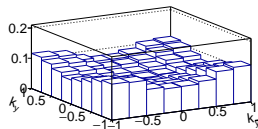
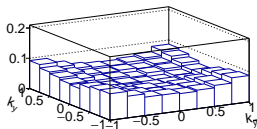
Acceptance functions

Acceptance used for
 C_{xx}



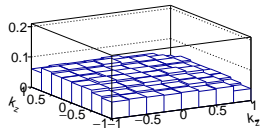
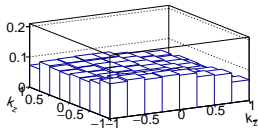
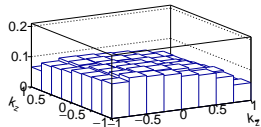
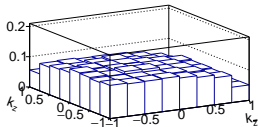
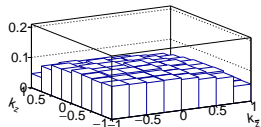
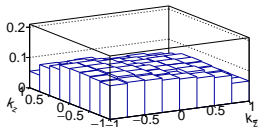
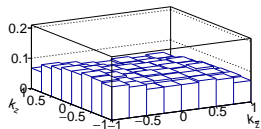
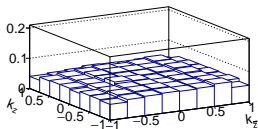
Acceptance functions

Acceptance used for
 C_{yy}



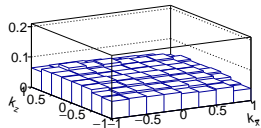
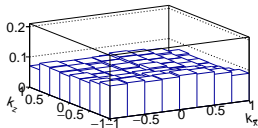
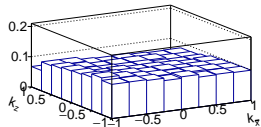
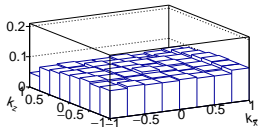
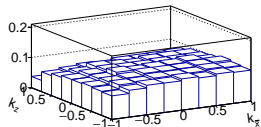
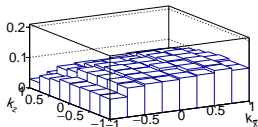
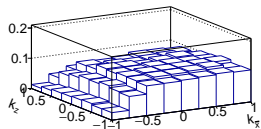
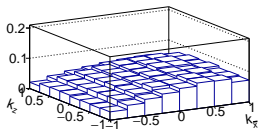
Acceptance functions

Acceptance used for
 C_{zz}



Acceptance functions

Acceptance used for
 C_{xz}



Acceptance functions

Acceptance used for
 C_{zx}

