

# Hans Feldmeier and some personal recollections on the occasion of his 70<sup>th</sup> birthday

- 1948 May 31, born in Rothenkirchen, Germany
- 1966 Begin of study in mathematics and physics at TH Darmstadt
- 1971 Diploma in physics  
Thesis: "Influence of non-central forces on the spectrum of  $^{24}\text{Mg}$ "
- 1974 Dr. rer. nat.  
Thesis: "Effective interactions for nuclei at the beginning of the sd-shell"

### Effektive Wechselwirkungen für Kerne der sd-Schale

M. Conze, H. Feldmeier, P. Manakos, T. Wolff (Inst. f. Kernphysik Technische Hochschule Darmstadt)

Bei Schalenmodellrechnungen im  $(sd)^n$ -Konfigurationsraum erhält man für Kerne am Anfang der sd-Schale mit den von T. T. S. Kuo und G. E. Brown hergeleiteten effektiven Wechselwirkungen im wesentlichen eine gute Reproduktion der experimentellen Daten. Bei Kernen, die ein niedrigliegendes zweites Rotationsband aufweisen, (ab Massenzahl  $A=21$ ) zeigt sich jedoch ein signifikantes Abweichen der berechneten von den experimentellen Spektren. Das angeregte Rotationsband liegt in allen Fällen zu tief, während die Niveauabstände innerhalb der Bänder richtig beschrieben werden. Es zeigt sich, daß durch Variation eines speziellen nichtzentralen Anteils, des ALS-Teils, der effektiven Wechselwirkung dieser Mangel behoben werden kann. Unter Berücksichtigung dieses ALS-Teils läßt sich durch Anpassung an experimentelle Daten eine effektive Wechselwirkung finden, die nicht nur die Lage der Rotationsbänder richtig beschreibt, sondern auch die Energiespektren und übrigen Observablen für Kerne in der ersten Hälfte der sd-Schale insgesamt wesentlich besser reproduziert.

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Thesis: "Influence of non-central forces on the spectrum of  $^{24}\text{Mg}$ "
- 1974 Dr. rer. nat.  
Thesis: "Effective interactions for nuclei at the beginning of the sd-shell"
- 1975 Postdoc at Oak Ridge National Laboratory, U.S.A.
- 1976 Research Associate at Institut für Kernphysik, TH Darmstadt
- 1978–2017 Co-organizer of the International Hirschegg Workshops on  
"Gross Properties of Nuclei and Nuclear Excitations"
- 1981 Habilitation  
Thesis: "Interacting fermion systems of small particle numbers"
- 1981–1986 Heisenberg fellow at MPI Heidelberg/TU and GSI Darmstadt
- 1986–2013 Staff scientist at GSI
- 1990 Professorship at TH (now TU) Darmstadt
- 2009–2013 Head of the Theory Group "Nuclear Structure and Nuclear Astrophysics"  
at GSI

# Hans Feldmeier's Fields of Research

- Theoretical Nuclear Physics
  - Nuclear structure
    - Short range correlations in nuclei
  - Nuclear reactions
- Nuclear Astrophysics
- Dissipative Phenomena in Quantum Mechanics
- Cold Fermions in Traps

→ Some selected examples



# Research activities

- SU(3) Shell model and effective interactions

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# Allowed $\beta$ -Transitions, Weak Magnetism and Nuclear Structure in Light Nuclei\*

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**STUDY OF ELECTRIC MONOPOLE TRANSITIONS  
BETWEEN THE GROUND STATE AND THE FIRST EXCITED  $0^+$  STATE  
IN  $^{40, 42, 44, 48}\text{Ca}$  WITH HIGH RESOLUTION INELASTIC ELECTRON  
SCATTERING <sup>†</sup>**

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# Research activities

- SU(3) Shell model and effective interactions
- TDHF → Dissipation in small isolated Fermi systems → Dissipative HI collisions



**Time-dependent Hartree-Fock calculations for  $^{16}\text{O} + ^{16}\text{O}$  and  $^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{40}\text{Ca}$  reactions\***S. E. Koonin<sup>†</sup>*Kellogg Radiation Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California 91125*K. T. R. Davies, V. Maruhn-Rezwani, H. Feldmeier,<sup>‡</sup> and S. J. Krieger<sup>§</sup>*Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37830*J. W. Negele<sup>¶</sup>*Laboratory for Nuclear Science and Department of Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02135*

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## STRONGLY DAMPED COLLISIONS IN THE $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{40}\text{Ca}$ SYSTEM

P. WASTYN, H. FELDMEIER, F. BECK, M. DWORZECKA <sup>†</sup>, H. GENZ, M. MUTTERER,  
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*Short Note*

**Comment on Fusion Cross Sections in the  $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{40}\text{Ca}$  and  $^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{40}\text{Ca}$   
Systems\***

J. Carter, H. Feldmeier, A. Richter, G. Schrieder, and P. Wastyn  
Institut für Kernphysik, Technische Hochschule Darmstadt, D-6100 Darmstadt,  
Federal Republic of Germany

## **On the Fusion Dynamics of $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{40}\text{Ca}$ – Fusion-Fission and Fusion-Evaporation\***

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# Research activities

- SU(3) Shell model and effective interactions
- TDHF → Dissipation in small isolated Fermi systems → Dissipative HI collisions
- Short range repulsion between nucleons, Unitary Correlation Operator Method (UCOM), applications to nuclear structure and reactions, dynamics is treated by the method of Fermionic Molecular Dynamics (FMD)





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# A unitary correlation operator method

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# Molecular dynamics for fermions

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The time-dependent variational principle for many-body trial states is used to discuss the relation between the approaches of different molecular-dynamics models that describe indistinguishable fermions. Early attempts to include effects of the Pauli principle by means of nonlocal potentials, as well as more recent models that work with antisymmetrized many-body states, are reviewed under these premises.



2000





2006

# Research activities

- SU(3) Shell model and effective interactions
- TDHF → Dissipation in small isolated Fermi systems → Dissipative HI collisions
- Short range repulsion between nucleons, Unitary Correlation Operator Method (UCOM), applications to nuclear structure and reactions, dynamics is treated by the method of Fermionic Molecular Dynamics (FMD)
- Nuclear astrophysics



## Structure of the Hoyle State in $^{12}\text{C}$

M. Chernykh,<sup>1</sup> H. Feldmeier,<sup>2</sup> T. Neff,<sup>3</sup> P. von Neumann-Cosel,<sup>1</sup> and A. Richter<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Institut für Kernphysik, Technische Universität Darmstadt, D-64289 Darmstadt, Germany*

<sup>2</sup>*Gesellschaft für Schwerionenforschung, D-64291 Darmstadt, Germany*

<sup>3</sup>*National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory, Michigan State University, East Lansing, Michigan 48824, USA*

## Pair Decay Width of the Hoyle State and its Role for Stellar Carbon Production

M. Chernykh,<sup>1</sup> H. Feldmeier,<sup>2,3</sup> T. Neff,<sup>2</sup> P. von Neumann-Cosel,<sup>1,\*</sup> and A. Richter<sup>1,4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Institut für Kernphysik, Technische Universität Darmstadt, D-64289 Darmstadt, Germany*

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### Review

## Towards microscopic ab initio calculations of astrophysical S-factors

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Hearthy congratulations and all the best for  
you and your growing family in the years  
to come!