



Contribution ID: 54

Type: Poster

Rapidity decorrelation from hydrodynamic fluctuations in high energy nuclear collisions

Monday, 21 May 2018 18:30 (0 minutes)

Fluctuations have been playing an important role in understanding observables in high-energy nuclear collisions.

Higher harmonics of azimuthal angle distributions, for example, can be attributed to initial fluctuations of transverse profile from event to event.

In this presentation, we focus on thermal fluctuations during hydrodynamic evolution (i.e. hydrodynamic fluctuations)

of the QGP fluids in the intermediate stage and investigate the effects of them on several observables in high energy nuclear collisions.

We employ an integrated dynamical model [2,3] which combines full three-dimensional relativistic fluctuating hydrodynamics with Monte-Carlo version of the Glauber model for event-by-event initialization

and the hadronic cascade model in the late rescattering stage.

By using this model, we first adjust initial parameters and transport coefficients to reproduce $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ and centrality dependence of integrated v_2 in Pb+Pb collisions at the LHC energy.

We next analyze observables for longitudinal flow correlations of the n -th order higher harmonics $R_{n,n|n;n}(\eta)$ [4]

for separation of the flow magnitude fluctuations from the event-plane twist along the rapidity.

From this analysis, we see how hydrodynamic fluctuations break longitudinal correlations of the magnitude and the event-plane angle of anisotropic flow parameters.

References

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[4] Jiangyong Jia et al., “ Observables for longitudinal flow correlations in heavy-ion collisions”, arXiv:1701.02183 [nucl-th].

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Session Classification: Poster Session