



# Frontend Electronics for high-precision single photo-electron timing

Matteo Cardinali

on behalf of the PANDA Cherenkov Group

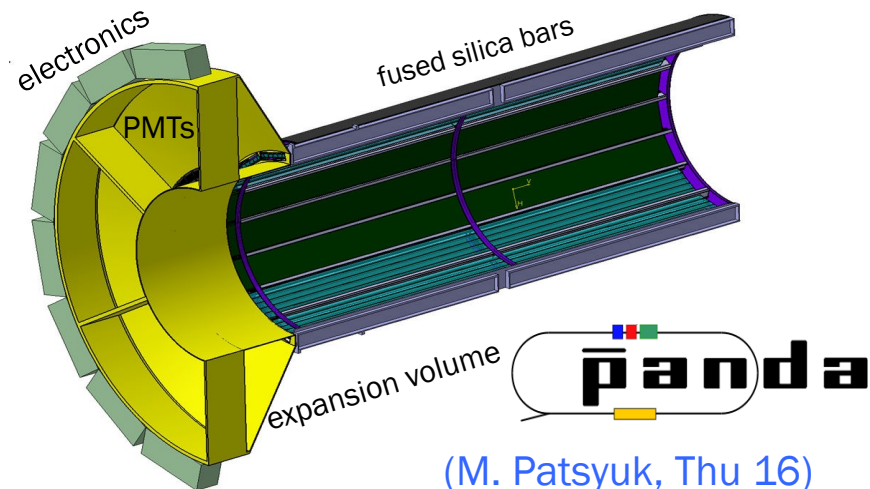
FAIR 2014, Worms 16/10/2014

# Three Wishes



Challenging electronics R&D for the  
**PANDA Barrel DIRC**

(Detection of Internally Reflected Cherenkov light)



- Keypoints:
- imaging & time of propagation
  - compact & low power consumption
  - high count rate per channel

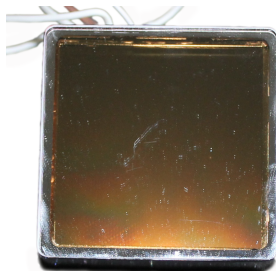
# Three Wishes



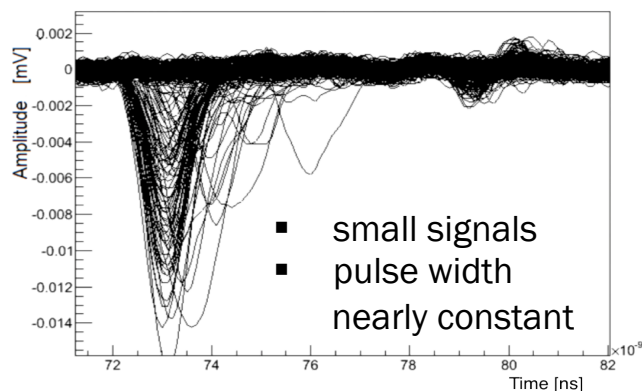
- 1) Large number of channels  
(15.000 ch)
- 2) Fast  
(50-100 kHz/ch, interaction rate  
up to 50 MHz)
- 3) High Resolution  
( $\sigma_{\text{Single Photo-Electron}} < 100 \text{ ps}$ )

# FEE Design

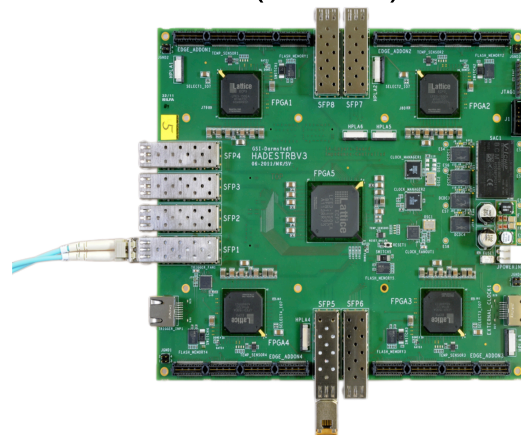
## ❖ Micro-Channel Plate PMTs (MCP)



- Photonis XP85012 (64 ch);
- typical gain  $6 \times 10^5$ ;
- rise time 0.6 ns;
- timing resolution  $\sim 40$  ps (SPE).



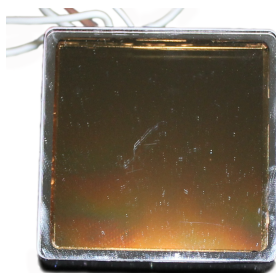
## ❖ TDC Readout Board v3 (TRB3)



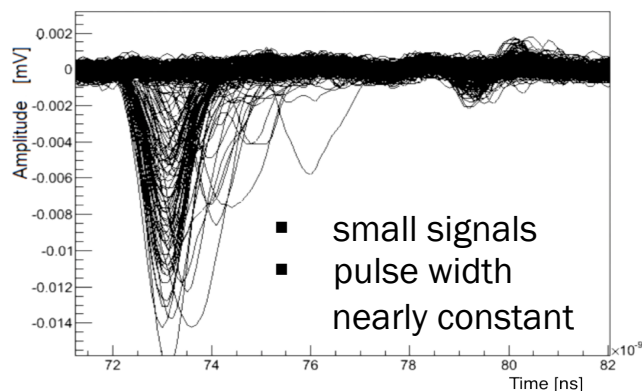
- developed in GSI;
- 4 FPGAs programmed as TDC (64 ch each);
- 10 ps RMS time precision;
- 700 kHz max data readout trigger rate;
- 67 MHz max hit rate;
- LVDS input.

# FEE Design

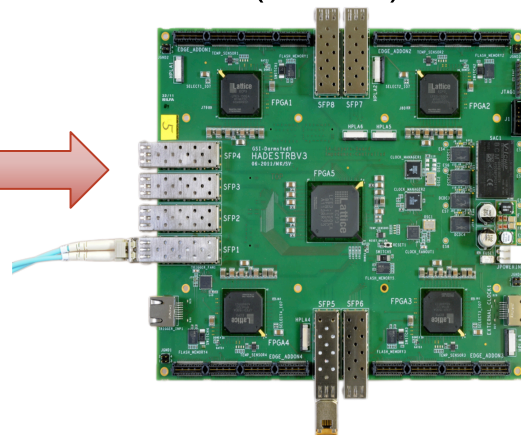
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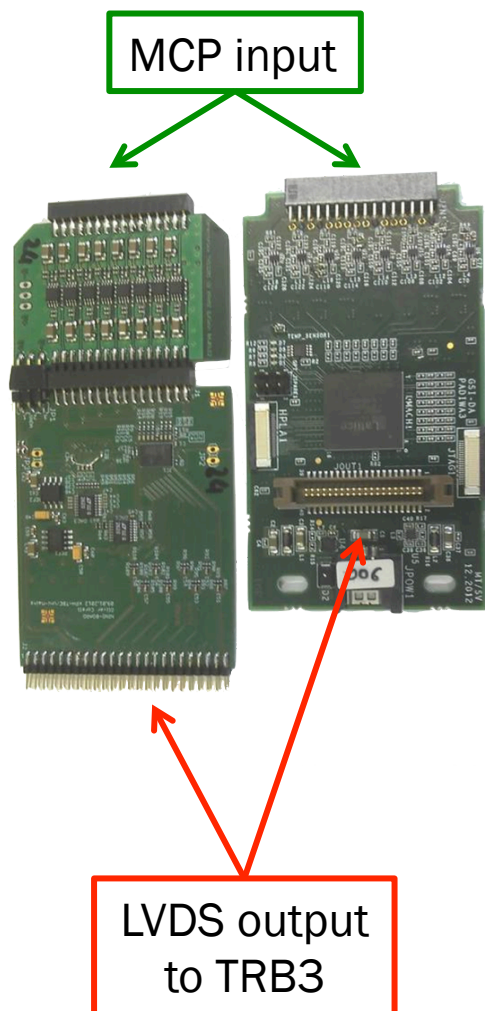
# FEE Design

## NINO card:

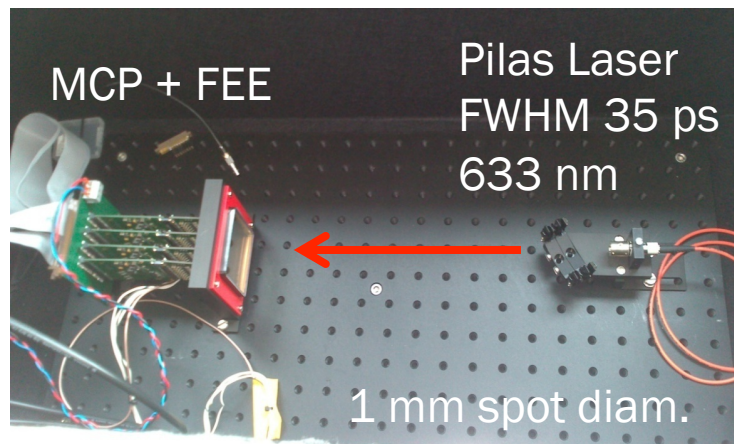
- ✧ modular design;
  - ✧ pre-amplifier card (x10, up to ~1.8 GHz);
  - ✧ discriminator card with NINO ASIC (from ALICE);
- ✧ 160 mW/ch;
- ✧ *Time over Threshold.*

## PADIWA card:

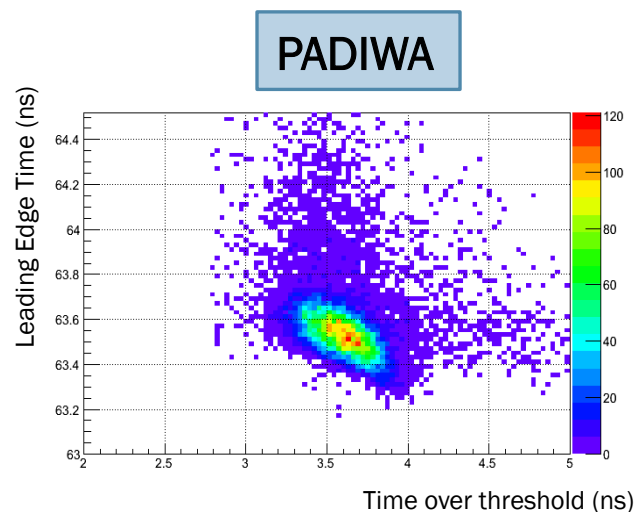
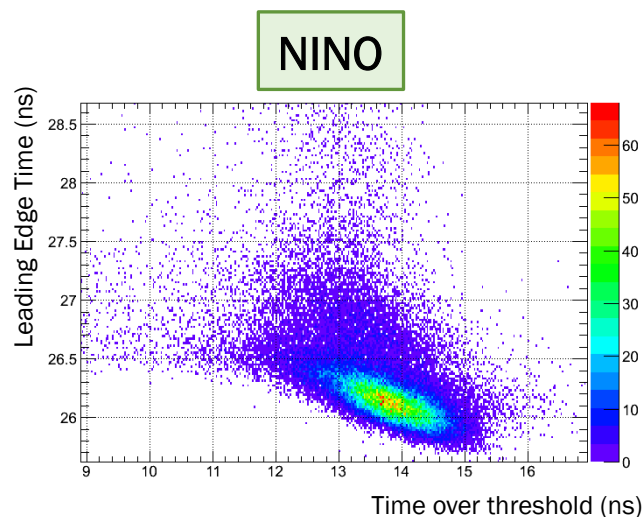
- ✧ pre-amplifiers (x10, up to ~2.2 GHz);
- ✧ FPGA discriminator (reprogrammable);
- ✧ 80 mW/ch;
- ✧ *Time over Threshold.*



# Laser Characterisation

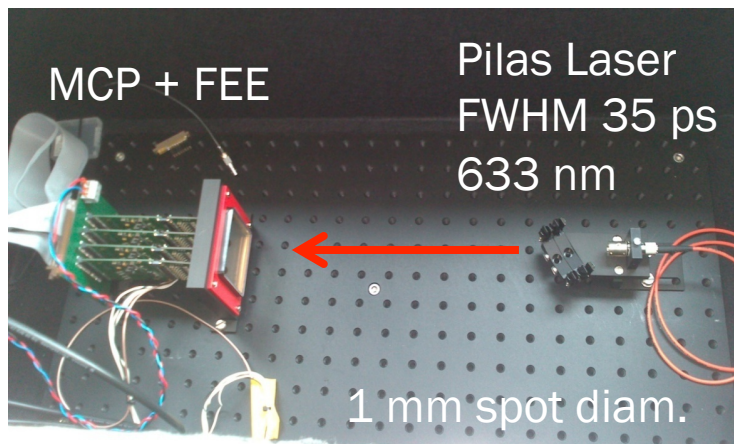


- Realistic condition ( $\sim 0.3$   $\gamma$ /event);
- threshold behaviour;
- time walk correction.



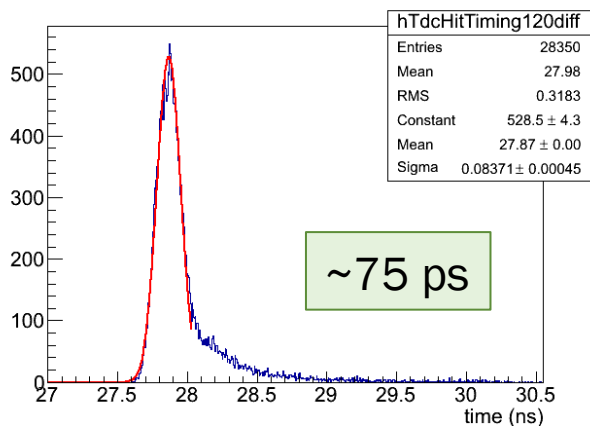
correction:  $t_{corr} = t_{meas} - m \cdot (\text{ToT}) + q$

# Laser Characterisation

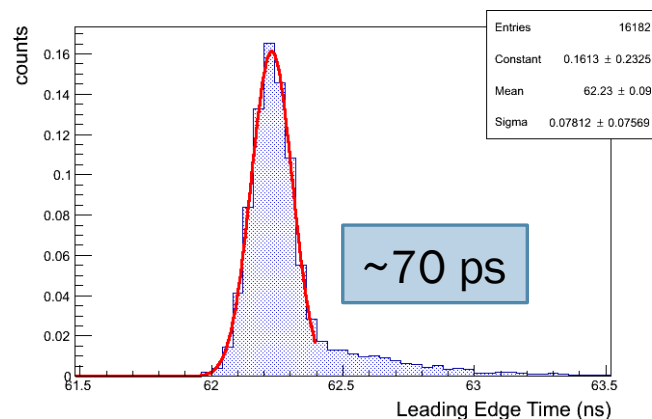


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NINO



PADIWA

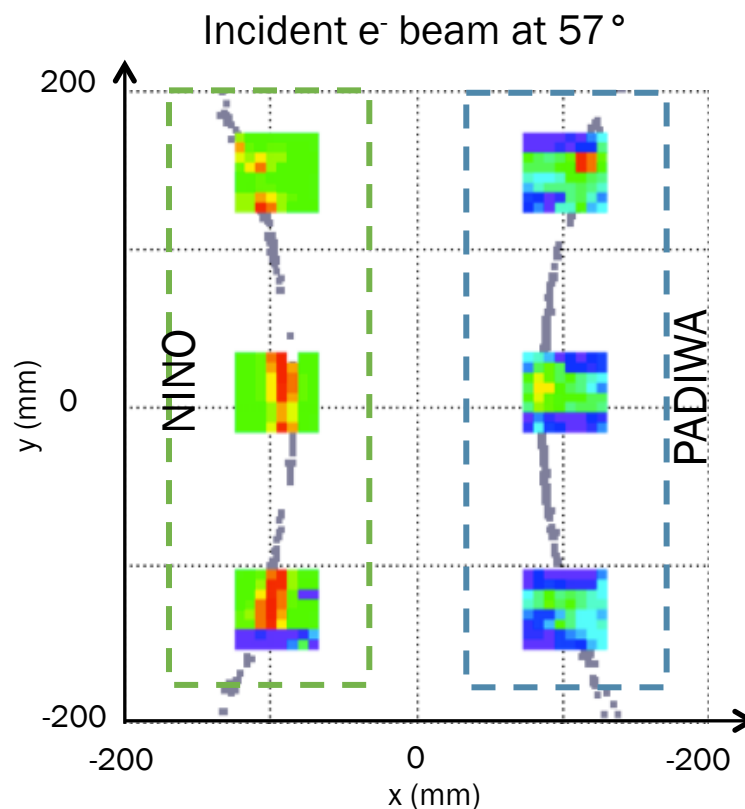
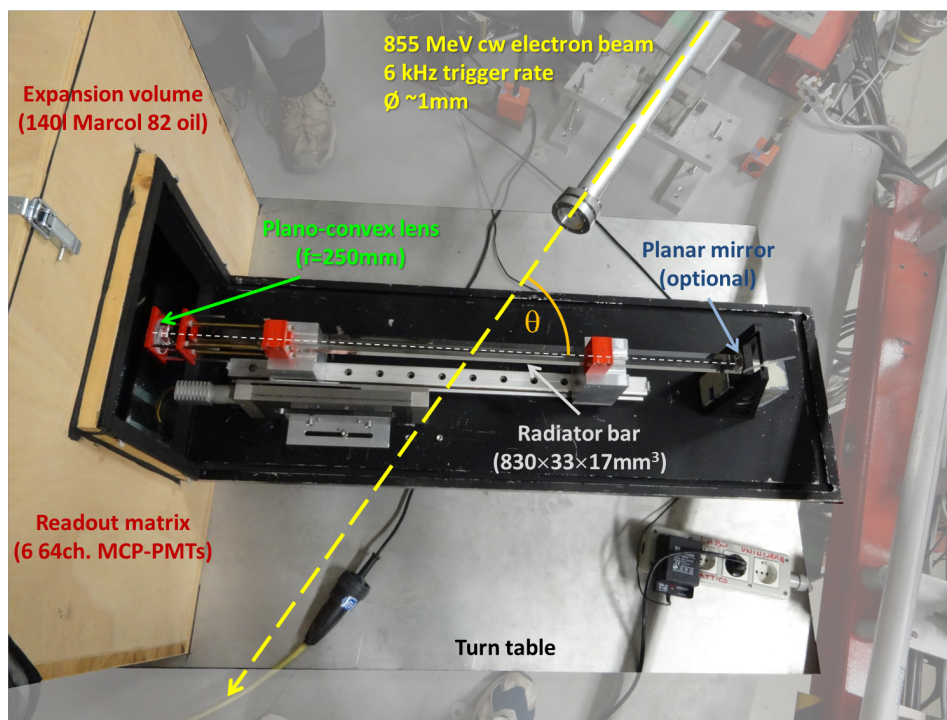


correction:  $t_{corr} = t_{meas} - m \cdot (\text{ToT}) + q$

# Test Experiment

2013, MAMI, 855 MeV  $e^-$  beam

- NINO & PADIWA;
- up to 6 MCPs;
- 384 readout channels;
- 2-3 detected photons per event.



- Clear Cherenkov pattern (especially for NINO FEE);
- Padiwa issue (now solved).

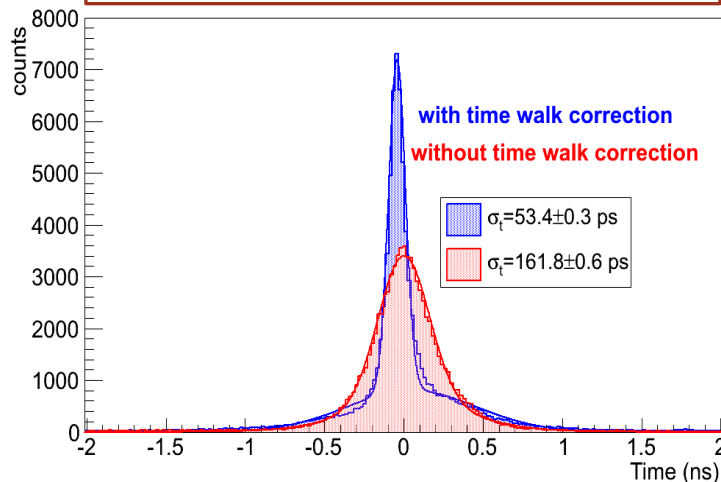
# FEE Timing Resolution

- Studies performed for NINO cards;
- charge sharing between neighbouring pixels (single photo-electron);
- time walk correction validated;

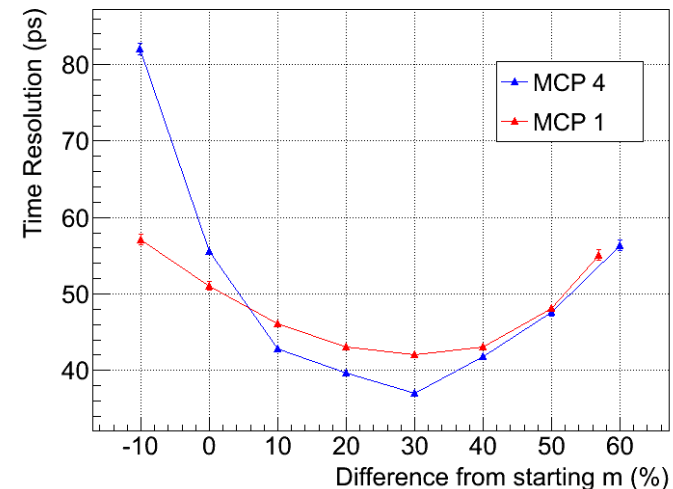


$$t_{corr} = t_{meas} - \boxed{m} \cdot (\text{ToT}) + q$$

Coefficient from laser characterisation



Optimisation of parameters



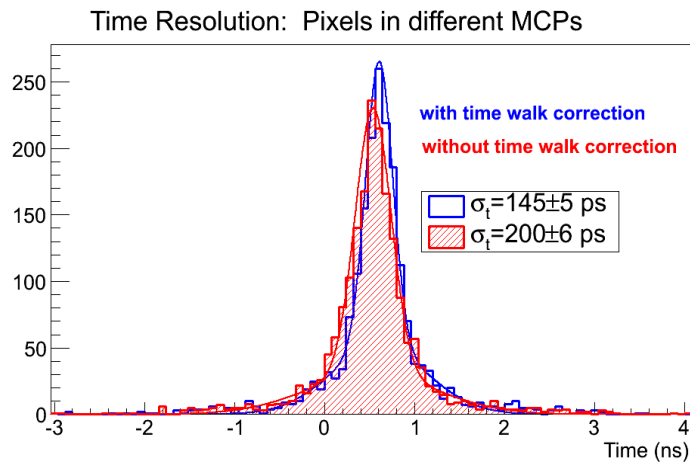
- timing resolution (*NINO card* + *TRB3*) ~ 40 ps.

# Timing Resolution

- Timing resolution of the entire prototype:



- optimised walk correction;



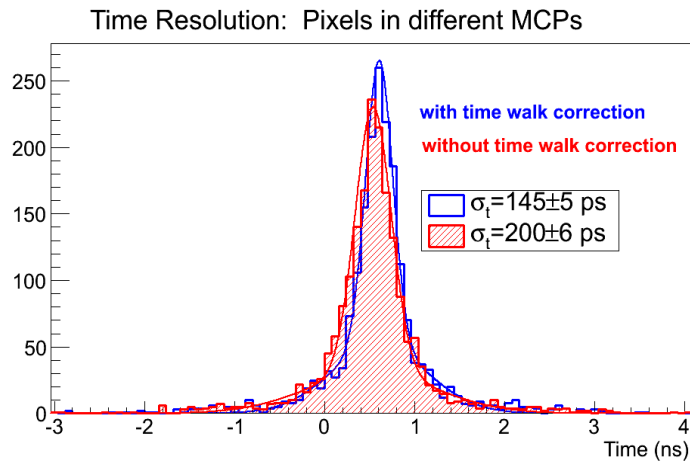
$$\sigma_{total} = \frac{\sigma_{fit}}{\sqrt{2}} \approx 100 \text{ ps}$$

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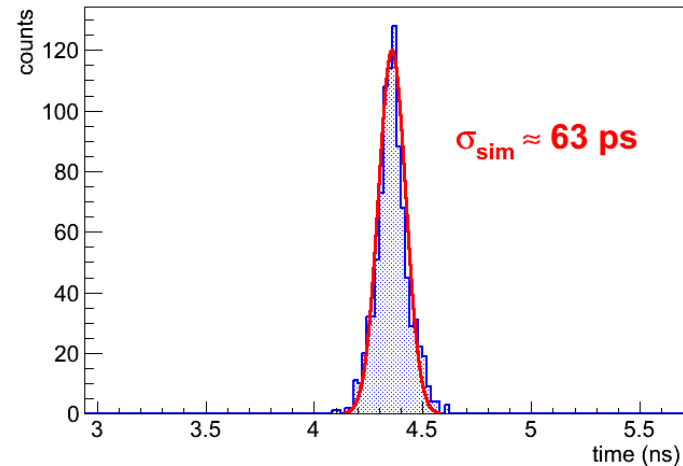


- optimised walk correction;



$$\sigma_{total} = \frac{\sigma_{fit}}{\sqrt{2}} \approx 100 \text{ ps}$$

- Simulation of propagation time;



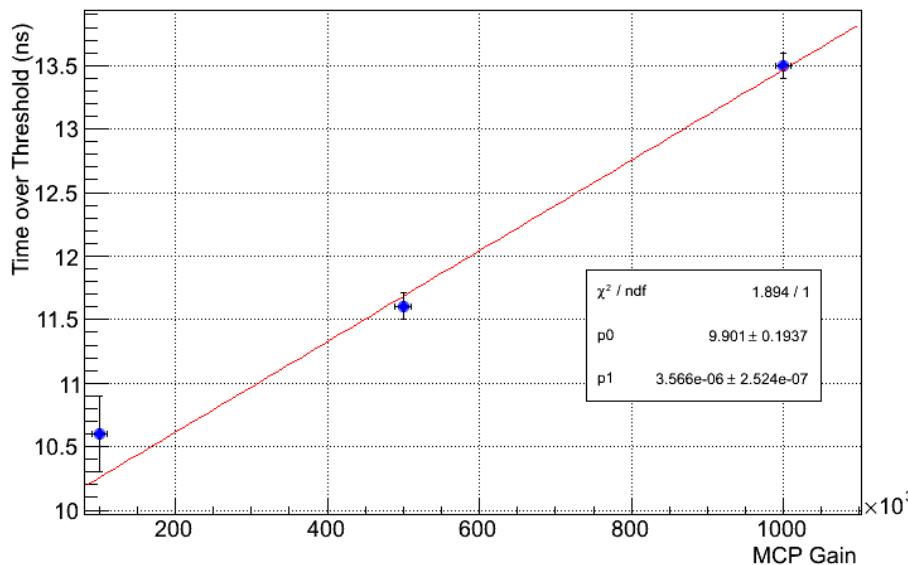
$$\sigma_{prop} \sim \sqrt{\sigma_{total}^2 - (40 \text{ ps})_{FEE}^2 - (40 \text{ ps})_{MCP}^2}$$

$$\sigma_{prop} \sim 82 \text{ ps}$$

- around  $\sqrt{82^2 - 63^2} \approx 50 \text{ ps}$  from the sync. time of TRBs.

# Global performances – gain studies

- $1 \times 10^6$  has been used for the test experiment;
- can we use a smaller gain?

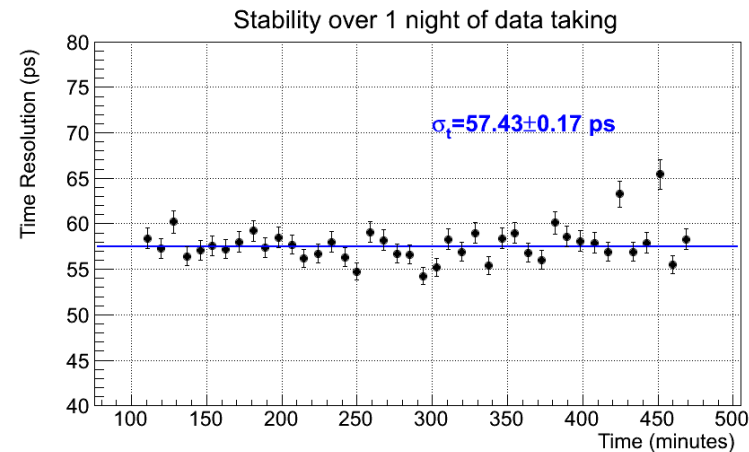


Gain	Timing Resolution	
	not corrected	corrected
$1 \times 10^5$	~190 ps	~180 ps
$5 \times 10^5$	~175 ps	~130 ps
$1 \times 10^6$	~161 ps	~40 ps

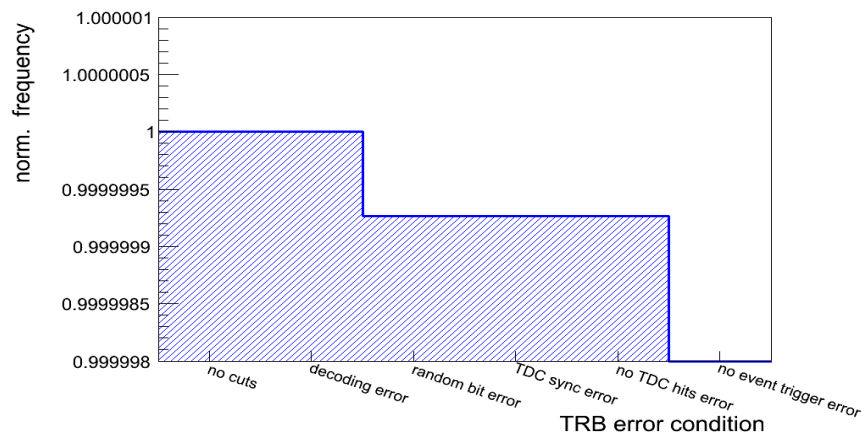
- Clear correlation between gain and time over threshold;
- the corrected timing resolution gets significantly worse (walk correction needs to be adapted).

# Global performances – stability

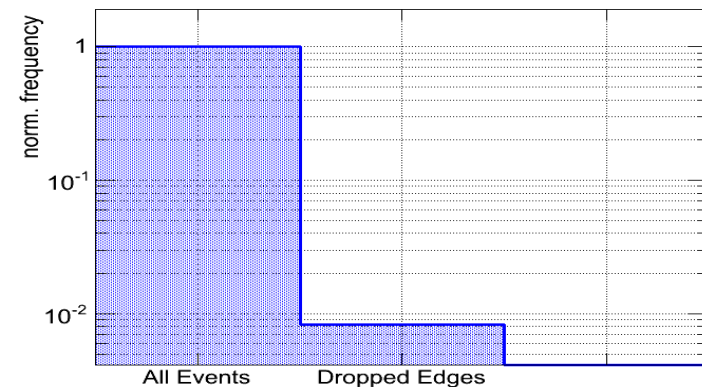
- ❖ Timing performances stable over extended period;



- ❖ less than 1 in a million events lost by TRB;



- ❖ lost hits in less than 1% of the events;



# Wishes Fulfilled



- ✓ TRB3 provides a stable DAQ system and high precision TDC;
- ✓ time-over-threshold is sufficient for walk correction;
- ✓ excellent timing ( $\sigma_t < 100$  ps);
- ✓ both FEE cards meet PANDA requirements.

# What's next?



- Test experiment at GSI of novel designs for DIRC (summer 2014);
  - PADIWA readout
  - large TRB3 readout
  - analysis ongoing
- Systematic gain studies;
- Fast start counter development
  - systematic studies of sync. time