



Abstract

Within the EU-funded project IFAST, the task REX (Resonance Extraction Improvement) was launched in 2021 as a Prototype Activity. The IFAST-REX consortium comprises hadron synchrotron facilities CERN and GSI, the European hadron therapy centers, as well as the companies Barthele HF-Technik and Bergoz Instrumentation. It deals with the crucial challenge of slow extraction concerning mitigating current fluctuations on the time scale of typically 0.01 to 10 ms, primarily caused by magnet power supplier ripples. Higher frequency ripples due to the properties of beam excitation methods are also considered. IFAST-REX is organized into four modules: Two modules execute the realization of a high dynamic range low-frequency current transformer and tailored high power amplifiers for beam excitation. The other two modules focus on developing simulation tools for accurate long-term slow extraction and developing diagnostics related to extracted particle detection and analysis. This contribution summarizes the status of the consortium by indicating to selected results. More details can be found on the contribution to this conference and previous publications.

Consortium Partners

- Barthele HF Technik:** M. Bathel
Bergoz Instrumentation: L. Depuy, F. Stulle, E. Touzain
CERN: P. Arrutia Suta, T. Bass, M. Cerqueira Bastos, Y. Dutheil, M. Fraser, W. Höfle, V. Kain, S. Mazzoni, I. Ortega, M. Pari, F. Roncarolo, F. Velotti
CNAO: P. Meliga, A. Mereghetti, M. Pullia
GSI: C. Cortes, P. Forck, B. Galnander, P. Niedermayer, D. Ondreka, R. Singh, S. Sorge, A. Stafiniak, J. Yang
HIT: E. Feldmeier, A. Peters
MedAustron: F. Kühnleubl, Ch. Kurfürst, D. Prokopovich, C. Schmitzer, A. Wastl
MIT: T. Blumenstein
SEEIIST: E. Benedetto, R. Taylor (also CERN)

Challenge: Micro-structure during Slow Extraction

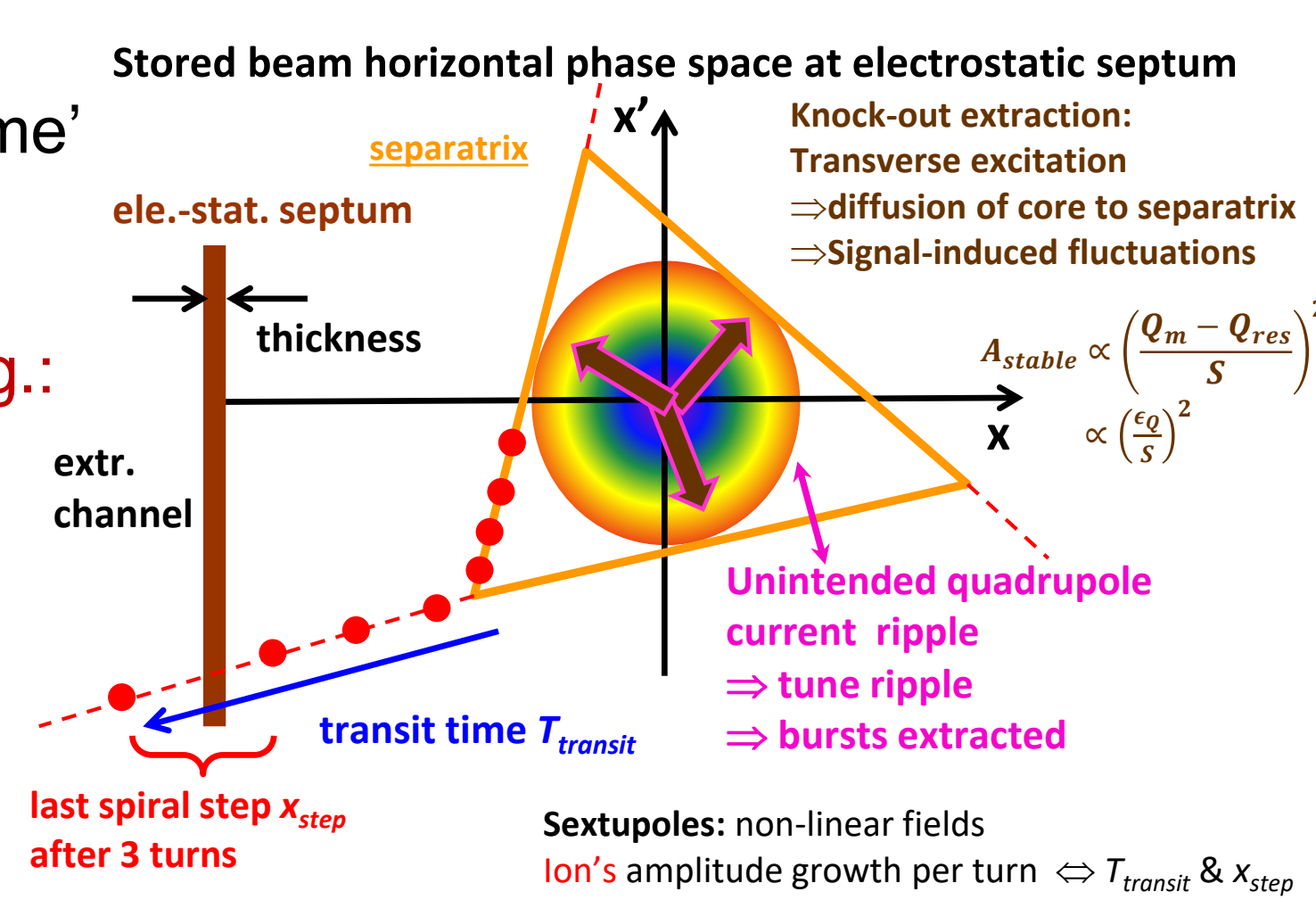
Slow extraction: Gentle beam excitation at third order resonance within 1...10 s

- Particle crosses separatrix sequentially
- Exp. amplitude growth during 'transit time' $\approx 50 \dots 1000$ turns to reach septum

Problem:

Sensitivity to unintended resonances, e.g.:

- Tune variation by quadrupole ripple
- Stochastic amplitude excitation for 'knock-out' extraction
- Varying beam conditions during spill, in particular for tune scan

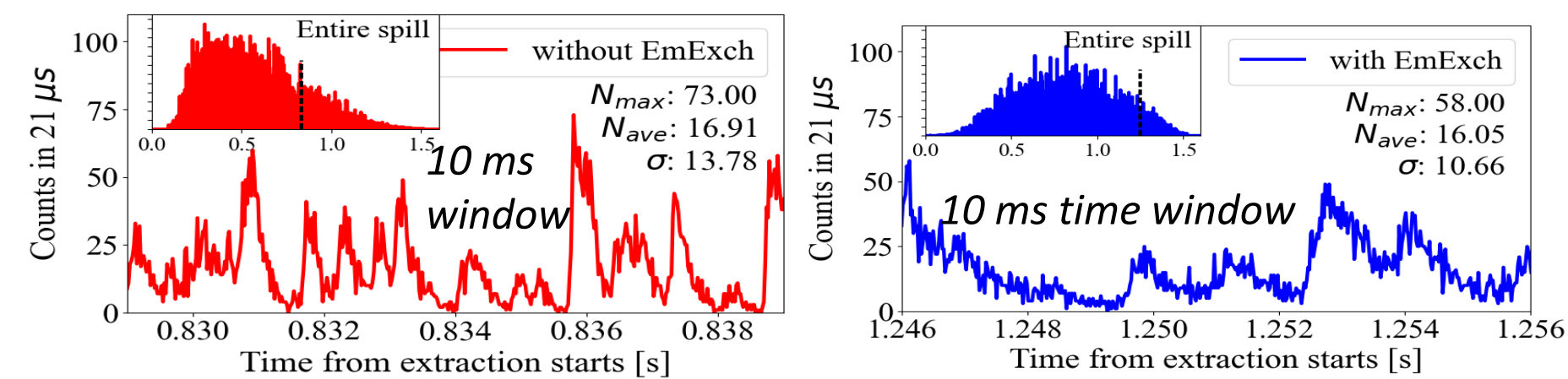


Example: Improvement by Emittance Exchange

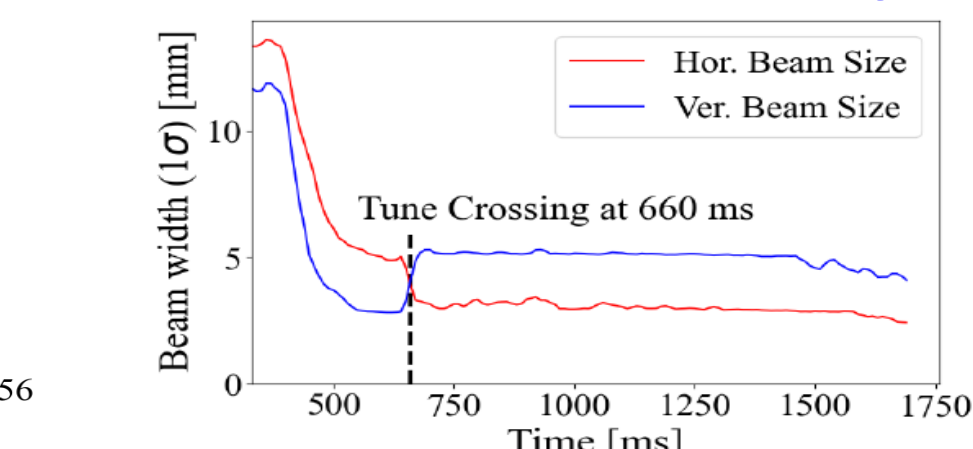
Possible mitigation of fluctuations performed at GSI for tune scan extraction:

Decrease of hor. emittance by crossing shortly a coupling resonance $Q_x = Q_y + 1$ \Rightarrow significant improvement

Spill fluctuations by single particle counting with scintillator:



Emittance of the stored beam by IPM:



See J. Yang (GSI) et al., IPAC'23 & IPAC'22

Organization: IFAST and REX Structure

IFAST = Innovation Fostering in Accelerator Science and Technology

Accelerator physics & technology project funded by European Union Horizon 2020

Duration: 4 years from May 2021 to April 2025

REX = Resonance EXtraction Improvement as Prototyping Activity

Working Group 1: chaired by F. Stulle (Bergoz)

Development of high dynamic range AC current measurement device

Working Group 2: chaired by E. Feldmeier (HIT)

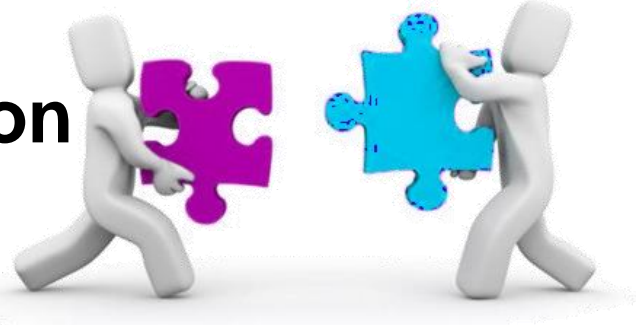
Knockout extraction signal generation, amplifier & matching network design

Working Group 3: chaired by F. Velotti (CERN)

Advanced slow extraction simulations & experimental verification

Working Group 4: chaired by P. Forck (GSI)

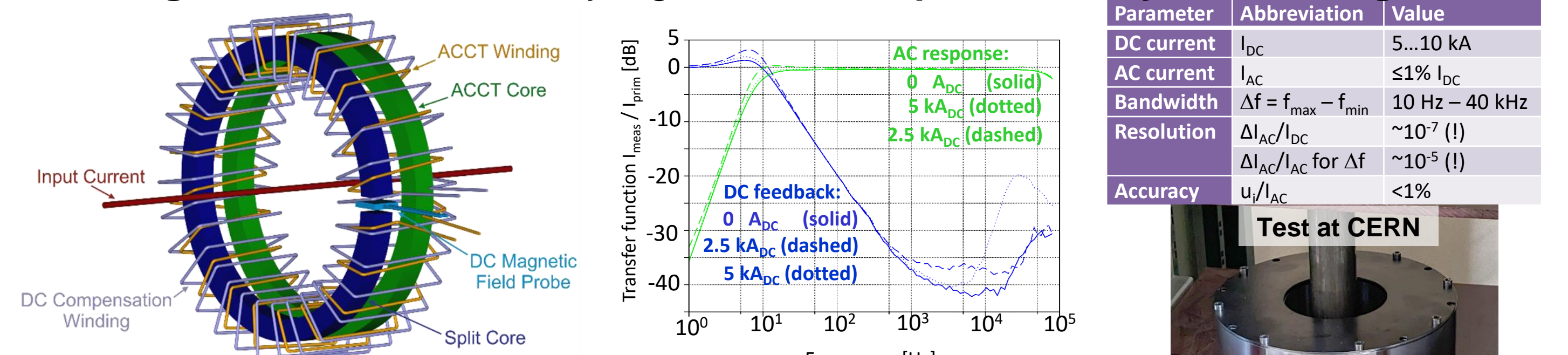
Spill detector development and experimental analysis



Task WG1: AC Measurement in Presence of DC

Measure of power supplier fluctuations AC current by two transformers

Challenge: Saturation of core by high DC \Rightarrow Compensation by DC winding



Achievement: $\Delta I_{AC} / I_{AC} = 5 \times 10^{-5}$ & $\Delta I_{AC} / I_{DC} = 5 \times 10^{-7}$ for $I_{DC} = 5$ kA

See F. Stulle (Bergoz) et al., to be published

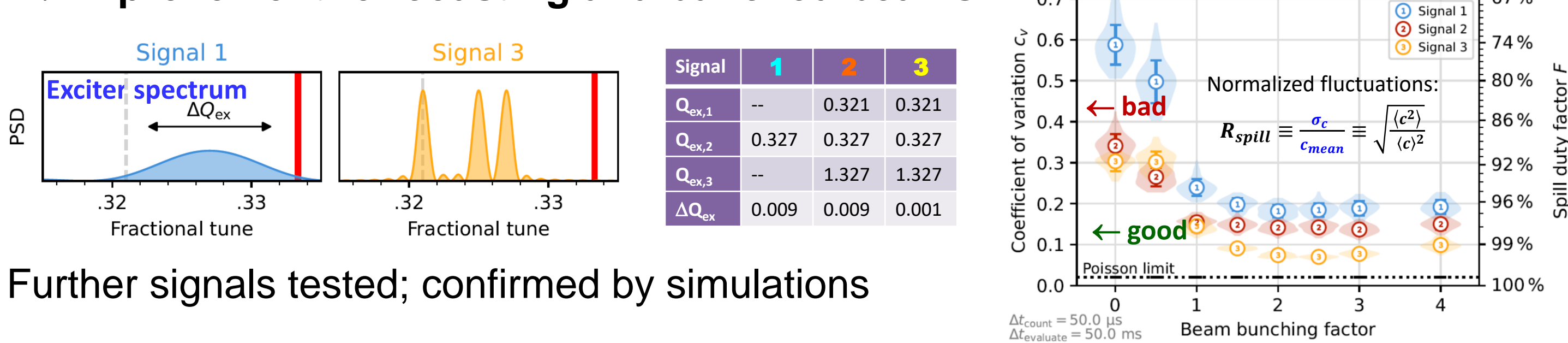


Task WG2: Beam based Test for Exciter Spectrum

Exciter spectrum dependence at HIT for knockout extraction:

Extension of harmonics of betatron frequency $f_{ex,i} = Q_{ex,i} \times f_{rev}$ (Random Phase Shift Keying with ΔQ_{ex})

\Rightarrow Improvement for coasting and bunched beams



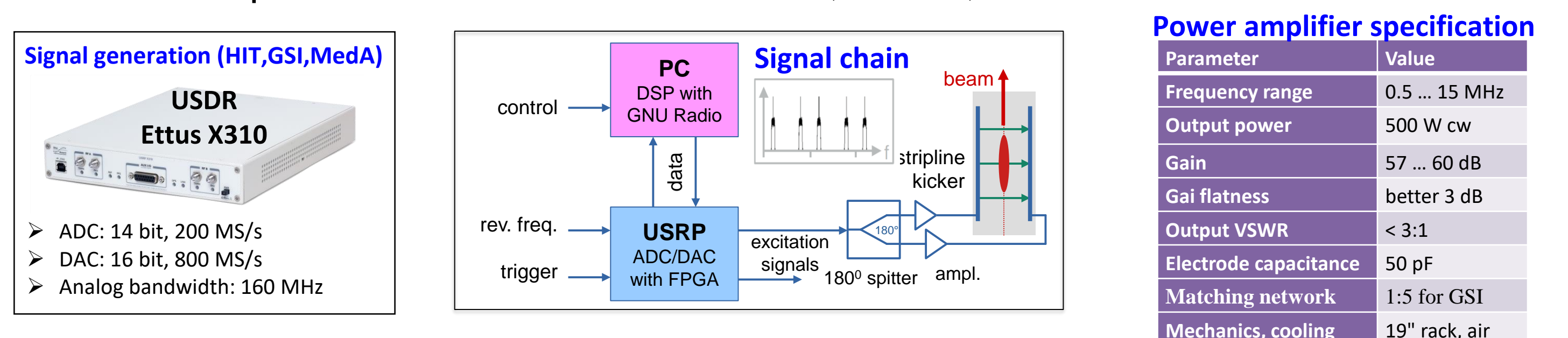
Further signals tested; confirmed by simulations

See P. Niedermayer (GSI) et al., IPAC'23, F. Kühnleubl (MedA) et al., IPAC'23
 E.C. Cortes Garcia et al., IPAC'22, NIM A, 167137 (2022)

Task WG2: Technical Design of Knockout Exciter Chain

Beam-based specification for optimized signal chain after experiments:

- Control by Universal Software Defined Radio USDR operated by GNU Radio
- Power amplifier: broadband 0.5 ... 15 MHz, 500 W, manufacturer Bathel HF Technik



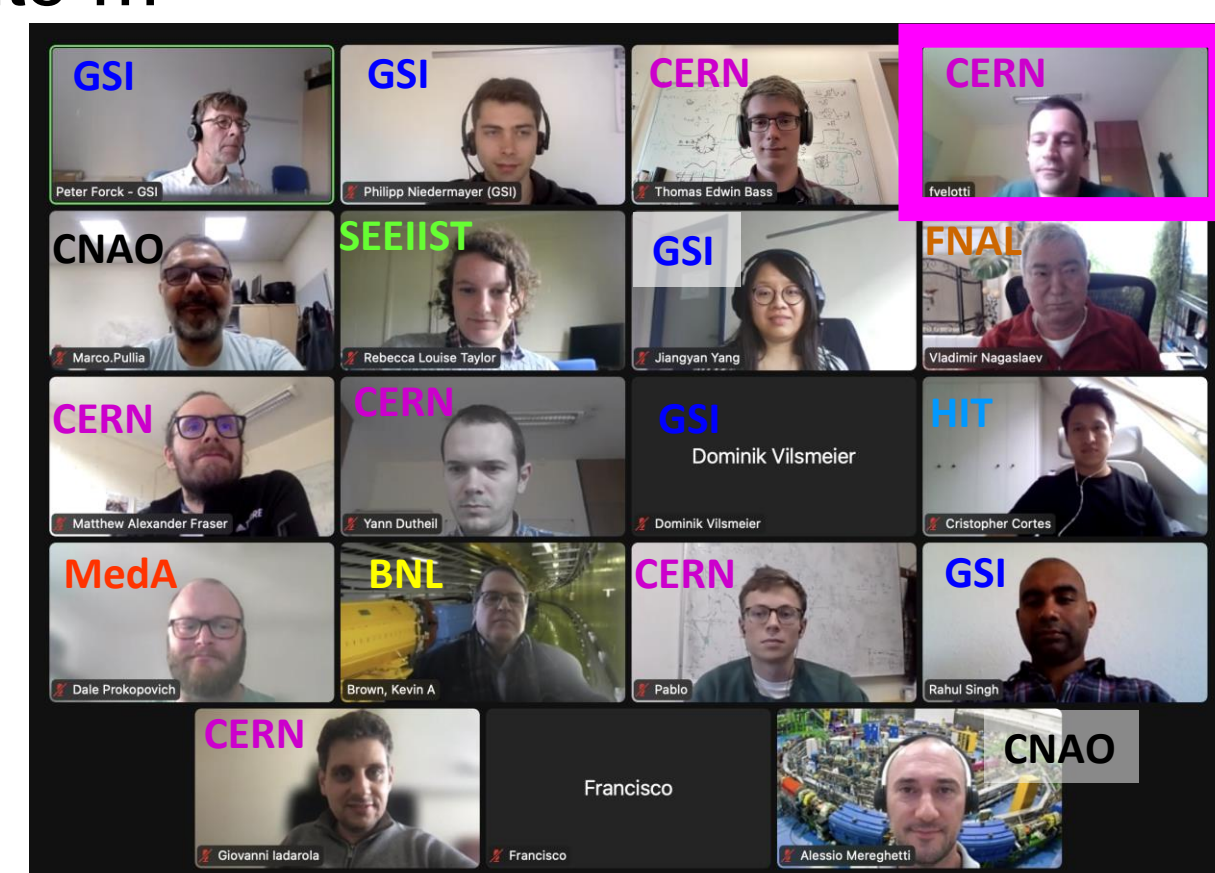
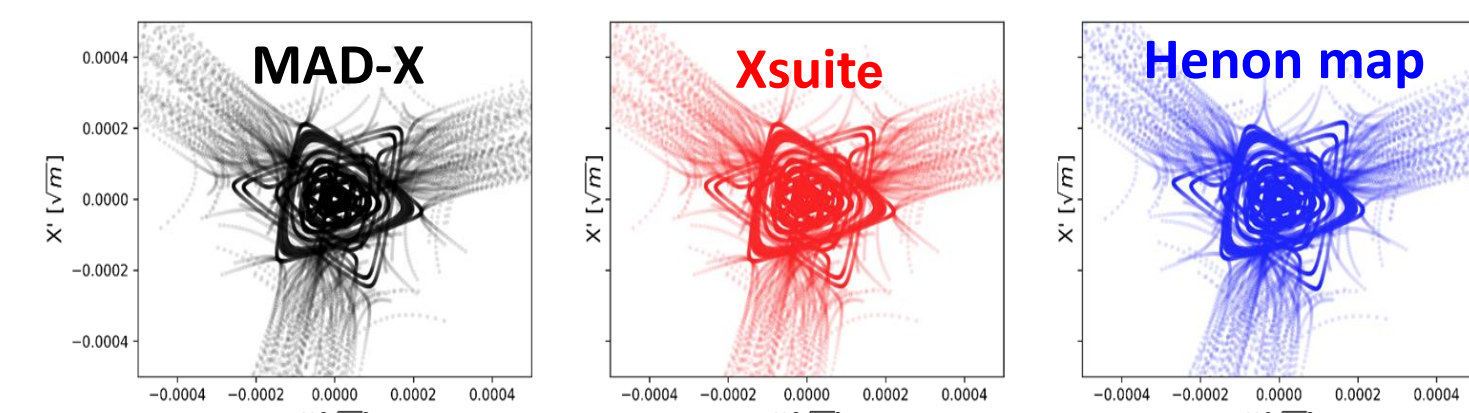
See P. Niedermayer (GSI) et al., IBIC'22, F. Kühnleubl et al., IPAC'23
 E. Feldmeier et al., IPAC'22, M. Barthele et al., to be published

Task WG3: Simulation and Experiments

Simulations are key elements for understanding the complex dependencies

- Used codes: elegant, MAD-X, Maptrack, Xsuite ...
- Particle tracking due for non-linear process
- Xsuite as novel & frequently used code
- Knowledge transfer between participants \rightarrow Network via quarterly Zoom meeting

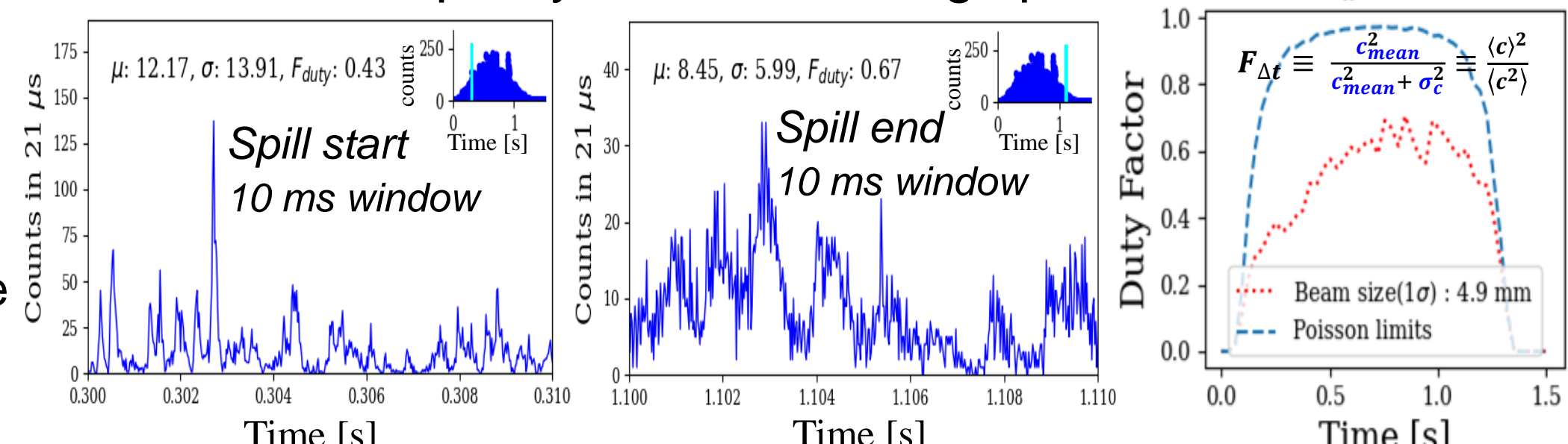
Example: Phase space comparison from codes:



Example: Tune scan simulation for GSI (50Hz-harm.+ noise)

Advantage of Xsuite:

- Open source
- Usable from Python
- Input from other codes
- Operated on GPUs
- Adding modules possible



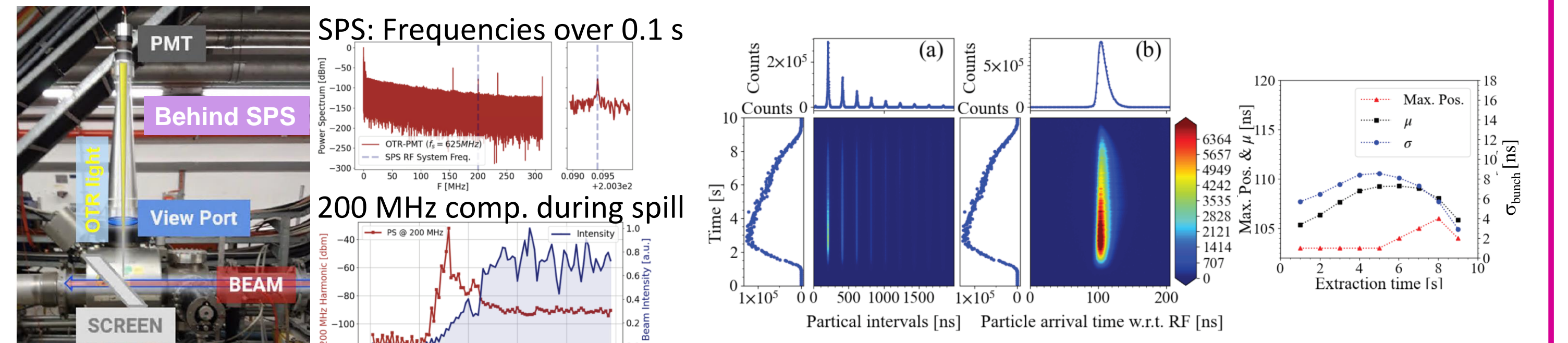
See posters at IPAC'23: P. Arrutia Sota (CERN) et al., F. Kühnleubl (MedA) et al., P. Niedermayer (GSI) et al., R. Taylor (CERN & SEEIIST) et al., J. Yang (GSI) et al.

Task WG4: Detectors with high temporal Resolution

Example for particle counters for characterization of fluctuation mitigation:

Detector at CERN: OTR screen read by PMT
 bandwidth DC...300 MHz ;OTR is prompt process

DAQ at GSI: Single-particle arrival time by TDC
 for bunched beams, resolution 100 ps



See F. Roncarolo et al., IBIC'22, J. Yang (GSI) et al., IBIC'22

Summary & Acknowledgment

European Union funding increases knowledge transfer within this Prototyping Activity:

- Several mitigations strategies developed with the network of participants
- WG1: Technical design of power supplier AC current transformer uses novel methods
- WG2: Technical design of knockout amplifier and its control using SDR at several facilities
- WG3: Intensive collaboration for simulation work with contributions of all partners
- WG4: Development of detectors and data acquisition with high temporal resolution

The valuable contributions by all collaboration partners is warmly acknowledged

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